1		AN ACT relating to leave from employment.			
2	Be i	t enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:			
3		→ Section 1. KRS 337.415 is amended to read as follows:			
4	<u>(1)</u>	As used in this section:			
5		(a) "Crime" means an offense designated by law as a felony or misdemeanor;			
6		(b) "Immediate family" means the parent, stepparent, child, stepchild, sibling,			
7		spouse, grandparent, or legal guardian of the victim or any person involved			
8		in an intimate relationship and residing in the same household with the			
9		victim; and			
10		(c) "Victim" means any person who suffers direct or threatened physical,			
11		emotional, psychological, or financial harm as a result of the commission			
12		or the attempted commission of a crime. "Victim" also includes the			
13		immediate family of any victim who is a minor or who is incompetent, or			
14		the immediate family of a homicide victim.			
15	<u>(2)</u>	No employer shall discharge an employee for taking time off, as required by law, to			
16		appear in any duly constituted local, state or federal court or duly constituted			
17		administrative tribunal or hearing[if such employee, prior to taking such time off,			
18		gives notice to the employer that he is required to serve by presenting a copy of the			
19		court or administrative certificate to said employer].			
20	<u>(3)</u>	An employer shall not discharge or in any manner discriminate or retaliate			
21		against an employee who is a victim of a crime because the employee takes leave			
22		from work to attend court or other legal or investigative proceedings associated			
23		with the prosecution of the crime.			
24	<u>(4)</u>	Before an employee may take leave from work pursuant to this section, the			
25		employee shall give the employer reasonable notice of intent to take leave by			
26		providing the employer with a copy of the notice of each scheduled hearing,			
27		conference, or meeting that is provided to the employee by the court or agency			

1		responsible for providing notice to the employee unless such prior notice is not
2		practicable, in which case the employee shall provide documentation to the
3		employer within two (2) business days after returning to work.
4	<u>(5)</u>	If an employee follows the provisions listed in subsection (4) of this section, it
5		shall be a violation of this section for an employer to deny leave to the employee.
6	<u>(6)</u>	An employee who takes leave from work pursuant to this section may elect to use,
7		or an employer may require the employee to use, the employee's accrued vacation
8		time, personal leave time, compensatory time, or sick leave time. An employer
9		shall have the discretion to determine whether to pay an employee for leave taken
10		from work pursuant to this section if the employee has no accrued paid leave
11		time.
12	<u>(7)</u>	An employer shall maintain the confidentiality of any verbal communication,
13		written document, or record submitted by an employee relative to the employee's
14		request for leave pursuant to this section.
15	<u>(8)</u>	Any employer who willfully and intentionally violates subsection (3) or subsection
16		(7) of this section shall, in addition to being assessed a civil penalty, give rise to a
17		private right of action for any reputational or actual damages suffered by the
18		employee.
19	<u>(9)</u>	The penalty for such unlawful discharge may include, but is not limited to,
20		reemployment, assessment of court costs, appropriate attorney fees, and back pay as
21		ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction.
22		→ Section 2. KRS 337.990 is amended to read as follows:
23	The	following civil penalties shall be imposed, in accordance with the provisions in KRS
24	336.	985, for violations of the provisions of this chapter:
25	(1)	Any firm, individual, partnership, or corporation that violates KRS 337.020 shall be
26		assessed a civil penalty of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than
27		one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each offense. Each failure to pay an employee the

1	wages when	due him u	nder KRS 3	337.020 shall	constitute a se	parate offense.
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- 2 (2) Any employer who violates KRS 337.050 shall be assessed a civil penalty of not
- less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
- 4 (3) Any employer who violates KRS 337.055 shall be assessed a civil penalty of not
- 5 less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000)
- for each offense and shall make full payment to the employee by reason of the
- 7 violation. Each failure to pay an employee the wages as required by KRS 337.055
- 8 shall constitute a separate offense.
- 9 (4) Any employer who violates KRS 337.060 shall be assessed a civil penalty of not
- less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000)
- and shall also be liable to the affected employee for the amount withheld, plus
- interest at the rate of ten percent (10%) per annum.
- 13 (5) Any employer who violates the provisions of KRS 337.065 shall be assessed a civil
- penalty of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand
- dollars (\$1,000) for each offense and shall make full payment to the employee by
- reason of the violation.
- 17 (6) Any person who fails to comply with KRS 337.070 shall be assessed a civil penalty
- of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars
- 19 (\$1,000) for each offense and each day that the failure continues shall be deemed a
- separate offense.
- 21 (7) Any employer who violates any provision of KRS 337.275 to 337.325, KRS
- 22 337.345, and KRS 337.385 to 337.405, or willfully hinders or delays the
- commissioner or the commissioner's authorized representative in the performance
- of his or her duties under KRS 337.295, or fails to keep and preserve any records as
- required under KRS 337.320 and 337.325, or falsifies any record, or refuses to
- 26 make any record or transcription thereof accessible to the commissioner or the
- commissioner's authorized representative shall be assessed a civil penalty of not less

1		than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000). A
2		civil penalty of not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) shall be assessed for any
3		subsequent violation of KRS 337.285(4) to (9) and each day the employer violates
4		KRS 337.285(4) to (9) shall constitute a separate offense and penalty.
5	(8)	Any employer who pays or agrees to pay wages at a rate less than the rate applicable
6		under KRS 337.275 and 337.285, or any wage order issued pursuant thereto shall be
7		assessed a civil penalty of not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than
8		one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
9	(9)	Any employer who discharges or in any other manner discriminates against any
10		employee because the employee has made any complaint to his or her employer, to
11		the commissioner, or to the commissioner's authorized representative that he or she
12		has not been paid wages in accordance with KRS 337.275 and 337.285 or
13		regulations issued thereunder, or because the employee has caused to be instituted
14		or is about to cause to be instituted any proceeding under or related to KRS
15		337.385, or because the employee has testified or is about to testify in any such
16		proceeding, shall be deemed in violation of KRS 337.275 to 337.325, KRS 337.345
17		and KRS 337.385 to 337.405 and shall be assessed a civil penalty of not less than
18		one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
19	(10)	Any employer who violates KRS 337.365 shall be assessed a civil penalty of no
20		less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000).
21	(11)	A person shall be assessed a civil penalty of not less than one hundred dollars
22		(\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) when that person discharges or
23		in any other manner discriminates against an employee because the employee has:
24		(a) Made any complaint to his or her employer, the commissioner, or any other
25		person; or
26		(b) Instituted, or caused to be instituted, any proceeding under or related to KRS
27		337.420 to 337.433; or

1	(c) Testified, or is about to testify, in any such proceedings.
2	(12) Any employer that violates Section 1 of this Act shall be assessed a civil penalty of
3	not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than one thousand dollars
1	(\$1,000) for each offense. Each day the employer fails to grant leave to an
· •	employee as required under subsection (5) of Section 1 of this Act shall constitute
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5	a separate offense.