

Evan J. Vickers proposes the following substitute bill:

Behavioral Health Modifications

2025 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Steve Eliason

Senate Sponsor: Evan J. Vickers

LONG TITLE

General Description:

This bill amends provisions relating to behavioral health.

Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- defines terms;
- requires a behavioral health receiving center to comply with licensing requirements from the Department of Health and Human Services;
- grants the Department of Health and Human Services authority to enact rules and assess and collect fees in relation to the licensing of behavioral health receiving centers;
- addresses Medicaid directed payments for the Utah State Hospital and the Huntsman Mental Health Institute;
- requires the Department of Public Safety to:
 - survey all law enforcement agencies in the state and publish a publicly searchable registry that will allow the public to see whether each law enforcement agency is or is not available to receive a voluntarily committed firearm in accordance with safe harbor provisions; and
 - subject to available funding, create and implement a marketing plan to educate law enforcement agencies and the public about safe harbor options for firearms; and
- makes technical and conforming changes.

Money Appropriated in this Bill:

This bill appropriates \$5,835,600 in operating and capital budgets for fiscal year 2026, including:

- \$4,899,000 from General Fund; and
- \$936,600 from various sources as detailed in this bill.

Other Special Clauses:

None

Utah Code Sections Affected:

AMENDS:

26B-2-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 240, 267, 307, and 438

53-5c-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 138, 448

ENACTS:

26B-2-135, Utah Code Annotated 1953

26B-5-383, Utah Code Annotated 1953

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section **26B-2-101** is amended to read:

26B-2-101 . Definitions.

As used in this part:

- (1) "Adoption services" means the same as that term is defined in Section 80-2-801.
- (2) "Adult day care" means nonresidential care and supervision:
 - (a) for three or more adults for at least four but less than 24 hours a day; and
 - (b) that meets the needs of functionally impaired adults through a comprehensive program that provides a variety of health, social, recreational, and related support services in a protective setting.
- (3) "Applicant" means a person that applies for an initial license or a license renewal under this part.
- (4)(a) "Associated with the licensee" means that an individual is:
 - (i) affiliated with a licensee as an owner, director, member of the governing body, employee, agent, provider of care, department contractor, or volunteer; or
 - (ii) applying to become affiliated with a licensee in a capacity described in Subsection (4)(a)(i).
- (b) "Associated with the licensee" does not include:
 - (i) service on the following bodies, unless that service includes direct access to a child or a vulnerable adult:
 - (A) a local mental health authority described in Section 17-43-301;
 - (B) a local substance abuse authority described in Section 17-43-201; or
 - (C) a board of an organization operating under a contract to provide mental health or substance use programs, or services for the local mental health authority or substance abuse authority; or

- (ii) a guest or visitor whose access to a child or a vulnerable adult is directly supervised at all times.

(5) "Behavioral health receiving center" means a 23-hour non-secure program or facility that is responsible for, and provides mental health crisis services to, an individual experiencing a mental health crisis.

[(5)] (6)(a) "Boarding school" means a private school that:

- (i) uses a regionally accredited education program;
- (ii) provides a residence to the school's students:
 - (A) for the purpose of enabling the school's students to attend classes at the school; and
 - (B) as an ancillary service to educating the students at the school;
- (iii) has the primary purpose of providing the school's students with an education, as defined in Subsection [(5)(b)(i)] (6)(b)(i); and
- (iv)(A) does not provide the treatment or services described in Subsection [(40)(a)] (41)(a); or
- (B) provides the treatment or services described in Subsection [(40)(a)] (41)(a) on a limited basis, as described in Subsection [(5)(b)(ii)] (6)(b)(ii).

(b)(i) For purposes of Subsection [(5)(a)(iii)] (6)(a)(iii), "education" means a course of study for one or more grades from kindergarten through grade 12.

- (ii) For purposes of Subsection [(5)(a)(iv)(B)] (6)(a)(iv)(B), a private school provides the treatment or services described in Subsection [(40)(a)] (41)(a) on a limited basis if:
 - (A) the treatment or services described in Subsection [(40)(a)] (41)(a) are provided only as an incidental service to a student; and
 - (B) the school does not:
 - (I) specifically solicit a student for the purpose of providing the treatment or services described in Subsection [(40)(a)] (41)(a); or
 - (II) have a primary purpose of providing the treatment or services described in Subsection [(40)(a)] (41)(a).

(c) "Boarding school" does not include a therapeutic school.

[(6)] (7) "Certification" means a less restrictive level of licensure issued by the department.

[(7)] (8) "Child" means an individual under 18 years old.

[(8)] (9) "Child placing" means receiving, accepting, or providing custody or care for any child, temporarily or permanently, for the purpose of:

- (a) finding a person to adopt the child;
- (b) placing the child in a home for adoption; or
- (c) foster home placement.

~~[(9)]~~ (10) "Child-placing agency" means a person that engages in child placing.

~~[(10)]~~ (11) "Client" means an individual who receives or has received services from a licensee.

~~[(11)]~~ (12)(a) "Congregate care program" means any of the following that provide services to a child:

- (i) an outdoor youth program;
- (ii) a residential support program;
- (iii) a residential treatment program; or
- (iv) a therapeutic school.

(b) "Congregate care program" does not include a human services program that:

- (i) is licensed to serve adults; and
- (ii) is approved by the office to service a child for a limited time.

~~[(12)]~~ (13) "Day treatment" means specialized treatment that is provided to:

- (a) a client less than 24 hours a day; and
- (b) four or more persons who:
 - (i) are unrelated to the owner or provider; and
 - (ii) have emotional, psychological, developmental, physical, or behavioral dysfunctions, impairments, or chemical dependencies.

~~[(13)]~~ (14) "Department contractor" means an individual who:

- (a) provides services under a contract with the department; and
- (b) due to the contract with the department, has or will likely have direct access to a child or vulnerable adult.

~~[(14)]~~ (15) "Direct access" means that an individual has, or likely will have:

- (a) contact with or access to a child or vulnerable adult that provides the individual with an opportunity for personal communication or touch; or
- (b) an opportunity to view medical, financial, or other confidential personal identifying information of the child, the child's parents or legal guardians, or the vulnerable adult.

~~[(15)]~~ (16) "Directly supervised" means that an individual is being supervised under the uninterrupted visual and auditory surveillance of another individual who has a current background check approval issued by the office.

~~[(16)]~~ (17) "Director" means the director of the office.

131 [(17)] (18) "Domestic violence" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-36-1.

132 [(18)] (19) "Domestic violence treatment program" means a nonresidential program
133 designed to provide psychological treatment and educational services to perpetrators and
134 victims of domestic violence.

135 [(19)] (20) "Elder adult" means a person 65 years old or older.

136 [(20)] (21) "Emergency safety intervention" means a tactic used to protect staff or a client
137 from being physically injured, utilized by an appropriately trained direct care staff and
138 only performed in accordance with a nationally or regionally recognized curriculum in
139 the least restrictive manner to restore staff or client safety.

140 [(21)] (22) "Foster home" means a residence that is licensed or certified by the office for the
141 full-time substitute care of a child.

142 [(22)] (23) "Health benefit plan" means the same as that term is defined in Section
143 31A-22-634.

144 [(23)] (24) "Health care provider" means the same as that term is defined in Section
145 78B-3-403.

146 [(24)] (25) "Health insurer" means the same as that term is defined in Section 31A-22-615.5.

147 [(25)] (26)(a) "Human services program" means:

- 148 (i) a foster home;
- 149 (ii) a therapeutic school;
- 150 (iii) a youth program;
- 151 (iv) an outdoor youth program;
- 152 (v) a residential treatment program;
- 153 (vi) a residential support program;
- 154 (vii) a resource family home;
- 155 (viii) a recovery residence;[-or]
- 156 (ix) a behavioral health receiving center; or

157 [(ix)] (x) a facility or program that provides:

- 158 (A) adult day care;
- 159 (B) day treatment;
- 160 (C) outpatient treatment;
- 161 (D) domestic violence treatment;
- 162 (E) child-placing services;
- 163 (F) social detoxification; or
- 164 (G) any other human services that are required by contract with the department to

- 165 be licensed with the department.
- 166 (b) "Human services program" does not include:
- 167 (i) a boarding school;
- 168 (ii) a residential, vocational and life skills program, as defined in Section 13-53-102;
- 169 or
- 170 (iii) a short-term relief care provider.
- 171 ~~[(26)]~~ (27) "Indian child" means the same as that term is defined in 25 U.S.C. Sec. 1903.
- 172 ~~[(27)]~~ (28) "Indian country" means the same as that term is defined in 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1151.
- 173 ~~[(28)]~~ (29) "Indian tribe" means the same as that term is defined in 25 U.S.C. Sec. 1903.
- 174 ~~[(29)]~~ (30) "Intermediate secure treatment" means 24-hour specialized residential treatment
- 175 or care for an individual who:
- 176 (a) cannot live independently or in a less restrictive environment; and
- 177 (b) requires, without the individual's consent or control, the use of locked doors to care
- 178 for the individual.
- 179 ~~[(30)]~~ (31) "Licensee" means an individual or a human services program licensed by the
- 180 office.
- 181 ~~[(31)]~~ (32) "Local government" means a city, town, or county.
- 182 ~~[(32)]~~ (33) "Minor" means child.
- 183 ~~[(33)]~~ (34) "Office" means the Office of Licensing within the department.
- 184 ~~[(34)]~~ (35) "Outdoor youth program" means a program that provides:
- 185 (a) services to a child that has:
- 186 (i) a chemical dependency; or
- 187 (ii) a dysfunction or impairment that is emotional, psychological, developmental,
- 188 physical, or behavioral;
- 189 (b) a 24-hour outdoor group living environment; and
- 190 (c)(i) regular therapy, including group, individual, or supportive family therapy; or
- 191 (ii) informal therapy or similar services, including wilderness therapy, adventure
- 192 therapy, or outdoor behavioral healthcare.
- 193 ~~[(35)]~~ (36) "Outpatient treatment" means individual, family, or group therapy or counseling
- 194 designed to improve and enhance social or psychological functioning for those whose
- 195 physical and emotional status allows them to continue functioning in their usual living
- 196 environment.
- 197 ~~[(36)]~~ (37) "Practice group" or "group practice" means two or more health care providers
- 198 legally organized as a partnership, professional corporation, or similar association, for

199 which:

200 (a) substantially all of the services of the health care providers who are members of the
201 group are provided through the group and are billed in the name of the group and
202 amounts received are treated as receipts of the group; and

203 (b) the overhead expenses of and the income from the practice are distributed in
204 accordance with methods previously determined by members of the group.

205 [(37)] (38) "Private-placement child" means a child whose parent or guardian enters into a
206 contract with a congregate care program for the child to receive services.

207 [(38)] (39)(a) "Recovery residence" means a home, residence, or facility that meets at
208 least two of the following requirements:

209 (i) provides a supervised living environment for individuals recovering from a
210 substance use disorder;

211 (ii) provides a living environment in which more than half of the individuals in the
212 residence are recovering from a substance use disorder;

213 (iii) provides or arranges for residents to receive services related to the resident's
214 recovery from a substance use disorder, either on or off site;

215 (iv) is held out as a living environment in which individuals recovering from
216 substance abuse disorders live together to encourage continued sobriety; or

217 (v)(A) receives public funding; or

218 (B) is run as a business venture, either for-profit or not-for-profit.

219 (b) "Recovery residence" does not mean:

220 (i) a residential treatment program;

221 (ii) residential support program; or

222 (iii) a home, residence, or facility, in which:

223 (A) residents, by a majority vote of the residents, establish, implement, and
224 enforce policies governing the living environment, including the manner in
225 which applications for residence are approved and the manner in which
226 residents are expelled;

227 (B) residents equitably share rent and housing-related expenses; and

228 (C) a landlord, owner, or operator does not receive compensation, other than fair
229 market rental income, for establishing, implementing, or enforcing policies
230 governing the living environment.

231 [(39)] (40) "Regular business hours" means:

232 (a) the hours during which services of any kind are provided to a client; or

(b) the hours during which a client is present at the facility of a licensee.

~~[(40)]~~ (41)(a) "Residential support program" means a program that arranges for or provides the necessities of life as a protective service to individuals or families who have a disability or who are experiencing a dislocation or emergency that prevents them from providing these services for themselves or their families.

(b) "Residential support program" includes a program that provides a supervised living environment for individuals with dysfunctions or impairments that are:

- (i) emotional;
- (ii) psychological;
- (iii) developmental; or
- (iv) behavioral.

(c) Treatment is not a necessary component of a residential support program.

(d) "Residential support program" does not include:

- (i) a recovery residence; or
- (ii) a program that provides residential services that are performed:
 - (A) exclusively under contract with the department and provided to individuals through the Division of Services for People with Disabilities; or
 - (B) in a facility that serves fewer than four individuals.

~~[(41)]~~ (42)(a) "Residential treatment" means a 24-hour group living environment for four or more individuals unrelated to the owner or provider that offers room or board and specialized treatment, behavior modification, rehabilitation, discipline, emotional growth, or habilitation services for persons with emotional, psychological, developmental, or behavioral dysfunctions, impairments, or chemical dependencies.

(b) "Residential treatment" does not include a:

- (i) boarding school;
- (ii) foster home; or
- (iii) recovery residence.

~~[(42)]~~ (43) "Residential treatment program" means a program or facility that provides:

- (a) residential treatment; or
- (b) intermediate secure treatment.

~~[(43)]~~ (44) "Seclusion" means the involuntary confinement of an individual in a room or an area:

- (a) away from the individual's peers; and
- (b) in a manner that physically prevents the individual from leaving the room or area.

267 [(44)] (45) "Short-term relief care provider" means an individual who:

- 268 (a) provides short-term and temporary relief care to a foster parent:
- 269 (i) for less than six consecutive nights; and
- 270 (ii) in the short-term relief care provider's home;
- 271 (b) is an immediate family member or relative, as those terms are defined in Section
- 272 80-3-102, of the foster parent;
- 273 (c) is direct access qualified, as that term is defined in Section 26B-2-120;
- 274 (d) has been approved to provide short-term relief care by the department;
- 275 (e) is not reimbursed by the department for the temporary relief care provided; and
- 276 (f) is not an immediate family member or relative, as those terms are defined in Section
- 277 80-3-102, of the foster child.

278 [(45)] (46) "Social detoxification" means short-term residential services for persons who are

279 experiencing or have recently experienced drug or alcohol intoxication, that are provided

280 outside of a health care facility licensed under Part 2, Health Care Facility Licensing and

281 Inspection, and that include:

- 282 (a) room and board for persons who are unrelated to the owner or manager of the facility;
- 283 (b) specialized rehabilitation to acquire sobriety; and
- 284 (c) aftercare services.

285 [(46)] (47) "Substance abuse disorder" or "substance use disorder" mean the same as

286 "substance use disorder" is defined in Section 26B-5-501.

287 [(47)] (48) "Substance abuse treatment program" or "substance use disorder treatment

288 program" means a program:

- 289 (a) designed to provide:
- 290 (i) specialized drug or alcohol treatment;
- 291 (ii) rehabilitation; or
- 292 (iii) habilitation services; and
- 293 (b) that provides the treatment or services described in Subsection [(47)(a)] (48)(a) to
- 294 persons with:
- 295 (i) a diagnosed substance use disorder; or
- 296 (ii) chemical dependency disorder.

297 [(48)] (49) "Therapeutic school" means a residential group living facility:

- 298 (a) for four or more individuals that are not related to:
- 299 (i) the owner of the facility; or
- 300 (ii) the primary service provider of the facility;

(b) that serves students who have a history of failing to function:

(i) at home;

(ii) in a public school; or

(iii) in a nonresidential private school; and

(c) that offers:

(i) room and board; and

(ii) an academic education integrated with:

(A) specialized structure and supervision; or

(B) services or treatment related to:

(I) a disability;

(II) emotional development;

(III) behavioral development;

(IV) familial development; or

(V) social development.

~~[(49)]~~ (50) "Unrelated persons" means persons other than parents, legal guardians, grandparents, brothers, sisters, uncles, or aunts.

~~[(50)]~~ (51) "Vulnerable adult" means an elder adult or an adult who has a temporary or permanent mental or physical impairment that substantially affects the person's ability to:

(a) provide personal protection;

(b) provide necessities such as food, shelter, clothing, or mental or other health care;

(c) obtain services necessary for health, safety, or welfare;

(d) carry out the activities of daily living;

(e) manage the adult's own resources; or

(f) comprehend the nature and consequences of remaining in a situation of abuse, neglect, or exploitation.

~~[(51)]~~ (52)(a) "Youth program" means a program designed to provide behavioral, substance use, or mental health services to minors that:

(i) serves adjudicated or nonadjudicated youth;

(ii) charges a fee for the program's services;

(iii) may provide host homes or other arrangements for overnight accommodation of the youth;

(iv) may provide all or part of the program's services in the outdoors;

(v) may limit or censor access to parents or guardians; and

(vi) prohibits or restricts a minor's ability to leave the program at any time of the

minor's own free will.

(b) "Youth program" does not include recreational programs such as Boy Scouts, Girl Scouts, 4-H, and other such organizations.

[(52)] (53)(a) "Youth transportation company" means any person that transports a child for payment to or from a congregate care program in Utah.

(b) "Youth transportation company" does not include:

(i) a relative of the child;

(ii) a state agency; or

(iii) a congregate care program's employee who transports the child from the congregate care program that employs the employee and returns the child to the same congregate care program.

Section 2. Section **26B-2-135** is enacted to read:

26B-2-135 . Licensing behavioral health receiving centers.

In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, and Section 63J-1-504, the office:

(1) shall adopt and enforce rules to establish the process for initial and renewal applications to operate a behavioral health receiving center;

(2) may assess and collect application and renewal fees for behavioral health receiving center licenses; and

(3) shall deposit any fees collected under Subsection (2) into the General Fund as a dedicated credit to be used solely to pay for or offset the office's costs incurred in performing the duties under this section.

Section 3. Section **26B-5-383** is enacted to read:

26B-5-383 . Directed payments.

(1) To preserve and improve access to behavioral health hospital services, the department shall incorporate into the local mental health authorities' Medicaid prepaid mental health plan contract rate structure calculation, consistent with the certified actuarial rate range, an amount equal to the difference between payments made by local mental health authorities for the Medicaid eligibility categories for Medicaid-eligible services covered in Utah based on submitted encounter data and the maximum amount that could be paid for those services to be used for directed payments to the Utah State Hospital and the Huntsman Mental Health Institute within the University of Utah for inpatient and outpatient behavioral health services.

(2) By June 30, 2025, the department shall submit to the Centers for Medicare and

369 Medicaid Services the necessary request and supporting documentation to seek approval
370 to make the Medicaid directed payments described in Subsection (1) with an effective
371 date of July 1, 2025.

- 372 (3) The department may implement directed payments for the Utah State Hospital when
373 operationally feasible.

374 Section 4. Section 53-5c-201 is amended to read:

375 **53-5c-201 . Voluntary commitment of a firearm by cohabitant -- Law**
376 **enforcement to hold firearm.**

- 377 (1)(a) A cohabitant or owner cohabitant may voluntarily commit a firearm to a law
378 enforcement agency or request that a law enforcement officer receive a firearm for
379 safekeeping if the owner cohabitant or cohabitant believes that the owner cohabitant
380 or another cohabitant with access to the firearm is an immediate threat to:

- 381 (i) a cohabitant;
382 (ii) the owner cohabitant; or
383 (iii) another individual.

- 384 (b) Except as provided in Subsection (2), if the owner of a firearm requests return of the
385 firearm in person at the law enforcement agency's office, the law enforcement agency:

- 386 (i) may not hold the firearm under this section; and
387 (ii) shall return the firearm to the owner.

- 388 (2) A law enforcement agency may not return a firearm to an owner under Subsection (1)(b)
389 if the owner of the firearm:

- 390 (a) is a restricted person under Section 76-10-503; or

- 391 (b)(i) has been arrested and booked into a county jail on a class A misdemeanor or
392 felony domestic violence offense;

- 393 (ii) has had a court:

- 394 (A) review the probable cause statement detailing the incident leading to the
395 owner's arrest; and

- 396 (B) determine that probable cause existed for the arrest; and

- 397 (iii) is subject to a jail release agreement or a jail release court order arising out of the
398 domestic violence offense.

- 399 (3) Unless a firearm is an illegal firearm subject to Section 53-5c-202, a law enforcement
400 agency that receives a firearm in accordance with this chapter shall:

- 401 (a) record:

- 402 (i) the owner cohabitant's name, address, and phone number;

- 403 (ii) the firearm serial number and the make and model of each firearm committed; and
404 (iii) the date that the firearm was voluntarily committed;
- 405 (b) require the cohabitant to sign a document attesting that the cohabitant resides in the
406 home;
- 407 (c) hold the firearm in safe custody:
- 408 (i) for 60 days after the day on which the firearm is voluntarily committed; or
409 (ii)(A) for an owner described in Subsection (2)(b), during the time the jail release
410 agreement or jail release court order is in effect; and
411 (B) for 60 days after the day on which the jail release agreement or jail release
412 court order expires; and
- 413 (d) upon proof of identification, return the firearm to:
- 414 (i)(A) the owner cohabitant after the expiration of the 60-day period; or
415 (B) if the owner cohabitant requests return of the firearm before the expiration of
416 the 60-day period, at the time of the request; or
417 (ii) an owner other than the owner cohabitant in accordance with Section 53-5c-202.
- 418 (4) The law enforcement agency shall hold the firearm for an additional 60 days:
- 419 (a) if the initial 60-day period expires; and
420 (b) the cohabitant or owner cohabitant requests that the law enforcement agency hold the
421 firearm for an additional 60 days.
- 422 (5) A law enforcement agency may not request or require that the owner cohabitant provide
423 the name or other information of the cohabitant who poses an immediate threat or any
424 other cohabitant.
- 425 (6) Notwithstanding an ordinance or policy to the contrary adopted in accordance with
426 Section 63G-2-701, a law enforcement agency shall destroy a record created under
427 Subsection (3), Subsection 53-5c-202(3)(b)(iii), or any other record created in the
428 application of this chapter immediately, if practicable, but no later than five days after
429 immediately upon the:
- 430 (a) return of a firearm in accordance with Subsection (3)(d); or
431 (b) disposal of the firearm in accordance with Section 53-5c-202.
- 432 (7) Unless otherwise provided, the provisions of Title 77, Chapter 11d, Lost or Mislaid
433 Property, do not apply to a firearm received by a law enforcement agency in accordance
434 with this chapter.
- 435 (8) A law enforcement agency shall adopt a policy for the safekeeping of a firearm held in
436 accordance with this chapter.

(9) The department shall:

(a) create a pamphlet to be distributed by a law enforcement officer under Section 77-36-2.1 that includes information about a cohabitant's or owner cohabitant's ability to have the owner cohabitant's firearm committed to a law enforcement agency for safekeeping in accordance with this section[.];

(b) survey all law enforcement agencies in the state and publish a publicly searchable registry that will allow the public to see whether each law enforcement agency is or is not available to receive a voluntarily committed firearm in accordance with this section; and

(c) subject to available funding, create and implement a marketing plan to educate law enforcement agencies and the public regarding the options available under this chapter.

Section 5. **FY 2026 Appropriations.**

The following sums of money are appropriated for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2025, and ending June 30, 2026. These are additions to amounts previously appropriated for fiscal year 2026.

Subsection 5(a). **Operating and Capital Budgets**

Under the terms and conditions of Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures Act, the Legislature appropriates the following sums of money from the funds or accounts indicated for the use and support of the government of the state of Utah.

ITEM 1 To Department of Health and Human Services - Integrated Health Care Services

From General Fund	3,868,500
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From General Fund, One-time	1,000,000
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Schedule of Programs:

Non-Medicaid Behavioral Health Treatment and	
Crisis Response	68,500
State Hospital	4,800,000

The Legislature intends that the Department of Health and Human Services use:

(1) \$18,500 ongoing appropriation for Utah's

statewide Live On suicide prevention campaign.

(2) \$50,000 ongoing appropriation for

community and clinical suicide prevention trainings,

community and continuum of care resources, and

471 educational materials.

472 (3) \$1,000,000 one-time appropriation, and

473 \$3,800,000 ongoing appropriation for operational cost

474 increases at the Utah State Hospital.

475 ITEM 2 To Department of Health and Human Services - Integrated Health Care Services

476 From General Fund 30,500

477 From Federal Funds 936,600

478 Schedule of Programs:

479 Medicaid Behavioral Health Services 967,100

480 The Legislature intends that the Department of

481 Health and Human Services use:

482 (1) \$24,000 ongoing appropriation to increase

483 Medicaid rates for peer support specialist services.

484 (3) \$6,500 ongoing appropriation to increase

485 Medicaid rates for mobile crisis outreach teams.

486 Section 6. **Effective Date.**

487 This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.