

117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 429

To limit the authority of States to tax certain income of employees for employment duties performed in other States.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

January 21, 2021

Mr. Steube introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To limit the authority of States to tax certain income of employees for employment duties performed in other States.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Mobile Workforce
- 5 State Income Tax Simplification Act of 2021".
- 6 SEC. 2. LIMITATIONS ON STATE WITHHOLDING AND TAX-
- 7 ATION OF EMPLOYEE INCOME.
- 8 (a) In General.—No part of the wages or other re-
- 9 muneration earned by an employee who performs employ-

- 1 ment duties in more than one State shall be subject to
- 2 income tax in any State other than—
- 3 (1) the State of the employee's residence; and
- 4 (2) the State within which the employee is
- 5 present and performing employment duties for more
- 6 than 30 days during the calendar year in which the
- 7 wages or other remuneration is earned.
- 8 (b) Wages or Other Remuneration.—Wages or
- 9 other remuneration earned in any calendar year shall not
- 10 be subject to State income tax withholding and reporting
- 11 requirements unless the employee is subject to income tax
- 12 in such State under subsection (a). Income tax with-
- 13 holding and reporting requirements under subsection
- 14 (a)(2) shall apply to wages or other remuneration earned
- 15 as of the commencement date of employment duties in the
- 16 State during the calendar year.
- 17 (c) Operating Rules.—For purposes of deter-
- 18 mining penalties related to an employer's State income tax
- 19 withholding and reporting requirements—
- 20 (1) an employer may rely on an employee's an-
- 21 nual determination of the time expected to be spent
- by such employee in the States in which the em-
- 23 ployee will perform duties absent—

1	(A) the employer's actual knowledge of
2	fraud by the employee in making the determina-
3	tion; or
4	(B) collusion between the employer and the
5	employee to evade tax;
6	(2) except as provided in paragraph (3), if
7	records are maintained by an employer in the reg-
8	ular course of business that record the location of an
9	employee, such records shall not preclude an employ-
10	er's ability to rely on an employee's determination
11	under paragraph (1); and
12	(3) notwithstanding paragraph (2), if an em-
13	ployer, at its sole discretion, maintains a time and
14	attendance system that tracks where the employee
15	performs duties on a daily basis, data from the time
16	and attendance system shall be used instead of the
17	employee's determination under paragraph (1).
18	(d) Definitions and Special Rules.—For pur-
19	poses of this Act:
20	(1) Day.—
21	(A) Except as provided in subparagraph
22	(B), an employee is considered present and per-
23	forming employment duties within a State for a
24	day if the employee performs more of the em-

- ployee's employment duties within such State than in any other State during a day.
 - (B) If an employee performs employment duties in a resident State and in only one non-resident State during one day, such employee shall be considered to have performed more of the employee's employment duties in the non-resident State than in the resident State for such day.
 - (C) For purposes of this paragraph, the portion of the day during which the employee is in transit shall not be considered in determining the location of an employee's performance of employment duties.
 - (2) EMPLOYEE.—The term "employee" has the same meaning given to it by the State in which the employment duties are performed, except that the term "employee" shall not include a professional athlete, professional entertainer, qualified production employee, or certain public figures.
 - (3) Professional athlete" means a person who performs services in a professional athletic event, provided that the wages or other remuneration are paid to

- such person for performing services in his or her capacity as a professional athlete.
 - (4) Professional entertainer" means a person of prominence who performs services in the professional performing arts for wages or other remuneration on a per-event basis, provided that the wages or other remuneration are paid to such person for performing services in his or her capacity as a professional entertainer.
 - (5) QUALIFIED PRODUCTION EMPLOYEE.—The term "qualified production employee" means a person who performs production services of any nature directly in connection with a State qualified, certified or approved film, television or other commercial video production for wages or other remuneration, provided that the wages or other remuneration paid to such person are qualified production costs or expenditures under such State's qualified, certified or approved film incentive program, and that such wages or other remuneration must be subject to withholding under such film incentive program as a condition to treating such wages or other remuneration as a qualified production cost or expenditure.

- CERTAIN PUBLIC FIGURES.—The term (6)"certain public figures" means persons of prominence who perform services for wages or other remu-neration on a per-event basis, provided that the wages or other remuneration are paid to such person for services provided at a discrete event, in the na-ture of a speech, public appearance, or similar event.
 - (7) EMPLOYER.—The term "employer" has the meaning given such term in section 3401(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. 3401(d)), unless such term is defined by the State in which the employee's employment duties are performed, in which case the State's definition shall prevail.
 - (8) STATE.—The term "State" means any of the several States.
 - (9) Time and attendance system.—The term "time and attendance system" means a system in which—
 - (A) the employee is required on a contemporaneous basis to record his work location for every day worked outside of the State in which the employee's employment duties are primarily performed; and
 - (B) the system is designed to allow the employer to allocate the employee's wages for in-

- come tax purposes among all States in which the employee performs employment duties for such employer.
- 4 (10) Wages or other remuneration.—The
 5 term "wages or other remuneration" may be limited
 6 by the State in which the employment duties are
 7 performed.

8 SEC. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICABILITY.

- 9 (a) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This Act shall take effect on 10 January 1 of the second calendar year that begins after 11 the date of the enactment of this Act.
- 12 (b) APPLICABILITY.—This Act shall not apply to any 13 tax obligation that accrues before the effective date of this 14 Act.

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