

UTAH PERSONAL EXEMPTION AMENDMENTS

2021 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Lincoln Fillmore

House Sponsor: _____

LONG TITLE**General Description:**

This bill modifies provisions relating to the taxpayer tax credit.

Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- ▶ increases the value of the Utah personal exemption for purposes of the taxpayer tax credit; and
- ▶ makes technical and conforming changes.

Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None

Other Special Clauses:

This bill provides retrospective operation.

Utah Code Sections Affected:

AMENDS:

59-10-1018, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Second Special Session, Chapter 3

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section **59-10-1018** is amended to read:

59-10-1018. Definitions -- Nonrefundable taxpayer tax credits.

(1) As used in this section:

(a) "Head of household filing status" means a head of household, as defined in Section 2(b), Internal Revenue Code, who files a single federal individual income tax return for the



29 taxable year.

30 (b) "Joint filing status" means:

31 (i) spouses who file a single return jointly under this chapter for a taxable year; or

32 (ii) a surviving spouse, as defined in Section 2(a), Internal Revenue Code, who files a
33 single federal individual income tax return for the taxable year.

34 (c) "Qualifying dependent" means an individual with respect to whom the claimant is
35 allowed to claim a tax credit under Section 24, Internal Revenue Code, on the claimant's federal
36 individual income tax return for the taxable year.

37 (d) "Single filing status" means:

38 (i) a single individual who files a single federal individual income tax return for the
39 taxable year; or

40 (ii) a married individual who:

41 (A) does not file a single federal individual income tax return jointly with that married
42 individual's spouse for the taxable year; and

43 (B) files a single federal individual income tax return for the taxable year.

44 (e) "State or local income tax" means the lesser of:

45 (i) the amount of state or local income tax that the claimant:

46 (A) pays for the taxable year; and

47 (B) reports on the claimant's federal individual income tax return for the taxable year,
48 regardless of whether the claimant is allowed an itemized deduction on the claimant's federal
49 individual income tax return for the taxable year for the full amount of state or local income tax
50 paid; and

51 (ii) \$10,000.

52 (f) (i) "Utah itemized deduction" means the amount the claimant deducts as allowed as
53 an itemized deduction on the claimant's federal individual income tax return for that taxable year
54 minus any amount of state or local income tax for the taxable year.

55 (ii) "Utah itemized deduction" does not include any amount of qualified business income
56 that the claimant subtracts as allowed by Section 199A, Internal Revenue Code, on the claimant's
57 federal income tax return for that taxable year.

58 (g) "Utah personal exemption" means, subject to Subsection (6), [~~\$565~~] \$1,750
59 multiplied by the number of the claimant's qualifying dependents.

60 (2) Except as provided in Section 59-10-1002.2, and subject to Subsections (3) through

(5), a claimant may claim a nonrefundable tax credit against taxes otherwise due under this part equal to the sum of:

(a) (i) for a claimant that deducts the standard deduction on the claimant's federal individual income tax return for the taxable year, 6% of the amount the claimant deducts as allowed as the standard deduction on the claimant's federal individual income tax return for that taxable year; or

(ii) for a claimant that itemizes deductions on the claimant's federal individual income tax return for the taxable year, 6% of the amount of the claimant's Utah itemized deduction; and

(b) 6% of the claimant's Utah personal exemption.

(3) A claimant may not carry forward or carry back a tax credit under this section.

(4) The tax credit allowed by Subsection (2) shall be reduced by \$.013 for each dollar by which a claimant's state taxable income exceeds:

(a) for a claimant who has a single filing status, [~~\$12,000~~] \$14,879;

(b) for a claimant who has a head of household filing status, [~~\$18,000~~] \$22,318; or

(c) for a claimant who has a joint filing status, [~~\$24,000~~] \$29,758.

(5) (a) For a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, [~~2009~~] 2022, the commission shall increase or decrease annually the following dollar amounts by a percentage equal to the percentage difference between the consumer price index for the preceding calendar year and the consumer price index for calendar year [~~2007~~] 2020:

(i) the dollar amount listed in Subsection (4)(a); and

(ii) the dollar amount listed in Subsection (4)(b).

(b) After the commission increases or decreases the dollar amounts listed in Subsection (5)(a), the commission shall round those dollar amounts listed in Subsection (5)(a) to the nearest whole dollar.

(c) After the commission rounds the dollar amounts as required by Subsection (5)(b), the commission shall increase or decrease the dollar amount listed in Subsection (4)(c) so that the dollar amount listed in Subsection (4)(c) is equal to the product of:

(i) the dollar amount listed in Subsection (4)(a); and

(ii) two.

(d) For purposes of Subsection (5)(a), the commission shall calculate the consumer price index as provided in Sections 1(f)(4) and 1(f)(5), Internal Revenue Code.

(6) (a) For a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, [~~2019~~] 2022, the commission

shall increase annually the Utah personal exemption amount listed in Subsection (1)(g) by a percentage equal to the percentage by which the consumer price index for the preceding calendar year exceeds the consumer price index for calendar year ~~[2017]~~ 2020.

(b) After the commission increases the Utah personal exemption amount as described in Subsection (6)(a), the commission shall round the Utah personal exemption amount to the nearest whole dollar.

(c) For purposes of Subsection (6)(a), the commission shall calculate the consumer price index as provided in Sections 1(f)(4) and 1(f)(5), Internal Revenue Code.

Section 2. Retrospective operation.

This bill has retrospective operation for a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2021.