

116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 2930

To protect consumers from usury.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

May 22, 2019

Ms. Ocasio-Cortez (for herself, Mr. Thompson of Mississippi, Ms. Pressley, Ms. Tlaib, Ms. Omar, Mr. Clay, Ms. Jackson Lee, and Ms. Velázquez) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Financial Services

A BILL

To protect consumers from usury.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Loan Shark Prevention
- 5 Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. INTEREST RATE REDUCTION.
- 7 (a) National Consumer Credit Usury Rate.—
- 8 Section 107 of the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1606)
- 9 is amended by adding at the end the following new sub-
- 10 section:
- 11 "(f) National Consumer Credit Usury Rate.—

"(1) Limitation established.—
"(A) In General.—Notwithstanding sub-
section (a) or any other provision of law, but
except as provided in paragraph (2), the annual
percentage rate applicable to any extension of
credit may not exceed the lesser of—
"(i) 15 percent on unpaid balances,
inclusive of all finance charges; or
"(ii) the maximum rate permitted by
the laws of the State in which the con-
sumer resides.
"(B) OTHER FEES.—Any fees that are not
considered finance charges under section 106(a)
may not be used to evade the limitations of this
paragraph, and the total sum of such fees may
not exceed the total amount of finance charges
assessed.
"(2) Exceptions.—
"(A) BOARD AUTHORITY.—The Board may
establish, after consultation with the appro-
priate committees of Congress, the Secretary of
the Treasury, and any other interested Federal
financial institution regulatory agency, an an-
nual percentage rate of interest ceiling exceed-

ing the 15 percent annual rate under paragraph

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1	(1) for periods of not to exceed 18 months,
2	upon a determination that—
3	"(i) money market interest rates have
4	risen over the preceding 6-month period;
5	and
6	"(ii) prevailing interest rate levels
7	threaten the safety and soundness of indi-
8	vidual lenders, as evidenced by adverse
9	trends in liquidity, capital, earnings, and
10	growth.
11	"(B) Treatment of credit unions.—
12	The limitation in paragraph (1) does not apply
13	with respect to any extension of credit by an in-
14	sured credit union, as that term is defined in
15	section 101 of the Federal Credit Union Act
16	(12 U.S.C. 1752).
17	"(3) Penalties for charging higher
18	RATES.—
19	"(A) VIOLATION.—The taking, receiving,
20	reserving, or charging of an annual percentage
21	rate or fee greater than that permitted by para-
22	graph (1), when knowingly done, shall be
23	deemed a violation of this title, and a forfeiture
24	of the entire interest which the note, bill, or

other evidence of the obligation carries with it, or which has been agreed to be paid thereon.

"(B) Refund of interest amounts.—If an annual percentage rate or fee greater than that permitted under paragraph (1) has been paid, the person by whom it has been paid, or the legal representative thereof, may, by bringing an action not later than 2 years after the date on which the usurious collection was last made, recover back from the lender in an action in the nature of an action of debt, the entire amount of interest, finance charges, or fees paid.

- "(4) CIVIL LIABILITY.—Any creditor who violates this subsection shall be subject to the provisions of section 130.
- "(g) Relation to State Law.—Nothing in this 18 section may be construed to preempt any provision of 19 State law that provides greater protection to consumers 20 than is provided in this section.".
- 21 (b) CIVIL LIABILITY CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—
 22 Section 130(a) of the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C.
 23 1640(a)) is amended by inserting "section 107(f)," before
 24 "this chapter".

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