

116TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 7516

To advance innovation in and deployment of zero-emission electricity technology, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

July 9, 2020

Ms. Degette (for herself, Mr. Huffman, and Mr. Peters) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committees on Science, Space, and Technology, Ways and Means, Transportation and Infrastructure, and Education and Labor, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To advance innovation in and deployment of zero-emission electricity technology, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Clean Energy Innovation and Deployment Act of 2020".
- 6 (b) Table of Contents for
- 7 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

TITLE I—INVESTMENT IN CLEAN ENERGY TECHNOLOGY INNOVATION

Sec. 100. Purpose.

Subtitle A—Clean Energy Deployment Administration

- Sec. 101. Definitions.
- Sec. 102. Energy technology deployment goals.
- Sec. 103. Clean Energy Deployment Administration.
- Sec. 104. Administration functions.
- Sec. 105. Improvements to existing clean energy investment programs.
- Sec. 106. Federal credit authority.
- Sec. 107. General provisions.

Subtitle B—Beneficial Electrification

- Sec. 111. Innovation in electric vehicles through the advanced technology manufacturing incentive program.
- Sec. 112. Deployment of electric vehicles through tax credits.
- Sec. 113. Deployment of electric vehicle charging infrastructure through supply equipment programs.
- Sec. 114. Deployment of energy efficient buildings through tax credits.
- Sec. 115. Deployment of energy efficient buildings through grants.

Subtitle C—Zero-Emission Electricity Generation Technology

- Sec. 121. Deployment of solar and wind technology through tax credits.
- Sec. 122. Energy tax credit monetization.
- Sec. 123. Innovation in energy storage through research, development, and demonstration.
- Sec. 124. Deployment of energy storage through tax credits.
- Sec. 125. Normalization opt-out for utilities.
- Sec. 126. Deployment of carbon capture utilization and storage through tax credits.
- Sec. 127. Innovation in advanced nuclear technology through demonstration.
- Sec. 128. Innovation in carbon removal, utilization, and storage through research, development, and demonstration.
- Sec. 129. Deployment of electric grid modernization through grants.
- Sec. 130. Prize competition for electricity-related technologies for remote communities.
- Sec. 131. Report to Congress.

Subtitle D—Davis-Bacon Compliance

Sec. 141. Davis-Bacon compliance.

TITLE II—ZERO-EMISSION ELECTRICITY STANDARD

Sec. 200. Purpose.

Subtitle A—Zero-Emission Electricity Standard

- Sec. 201. Definitions.
- Sec. 202. Zero-emission electricity requirement.
- Sec. 203. Zero-emission electricity credit trading program.
- Sec. 204. Determination and issuance of quantity of zero-emission electricity credits.

- Sec. 205. Carbon Mitigation Fund.
- Sec. 206. State programs.
- Sec. 207. Report to Congress.
- Sec. 208. Information collection.
- Sec. 209. Civil penalties.
- Sec. 210. Regulations.

Subtitle B—Methane Regulation

Sec. 211. Methane regulation.

TITLE III—INCENTIVES FOR THE ACCELERATED DEPLOYMENT OF 100-PERCENT ZERO-EMISSION ELECTRICITY SYSTEM

- Sec. 300. Purpose.
- Sec. 301. Zero-emission electricity acceleration investment tax credit.
- Sec. 302. Zero-emission electricity acceleration grants.

TITLE IV—LOW-INCOME RATE-PAYER PROTECTION

- Sec. 400. Purpose.
- Sec. 401. Weatherization assistance program.
- Sec. 402. LIHEAP authorization.

TITLE V—ENERGY WORKFORCE TRANSITION AND TRAINING

Sec. 500. Purposes.

Subtitle A—State Energy Plans

- Sec. 501. State energy plans.
- Sec. 502. Authorization of appropriations.

Subtitle B—Energy Workforce Transition

- Sec. 511. Definitions.
- Sec. 512. Energy Workforce Transition Office and Advisory Committee.
- Sec. 513. Energy workforce transition plans and reemployment of affected workers.

Subtitle C—Modern Energy Workforce Development

- Sec. 521. Definitions.
- Sec. 522. Modern energy workforce development.
- Sec. 523. Zero-emission economy workforce pilot program.
- Sec. 524. University Zero-Emission Energy Leadership Program.
- Sec. 525. Climate Resiliency Corps.
- Sec. 526. Authorization of appropriations.

TITLE I—INVESTMENT IN CLEAN

2 ENERGY TECHNOLOGY INNO-

3 VATION

4	SEC.	100.	PURPOSE.	
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- 5 The purpose of this title is to employ a wide range
- 6 of measures to bring promising clean energy technologies
- 7 to the point of commercial-availability, including through
- 8 the activities of a Clean Energy Deployment Administra-
- 9 tion.

10 Subtitle A—Clean Energy

11 Deployment Administration

- 12 SEC. 101. DEFINITIONS.
- In this subtitle:
- 14 (1) Administration.—The term "Administra-
- tion" means the Clean Energy Deployment Adminis-
- tration established by section 103.
- 17 (2) Administrator.—The term "Adminis-
- trator" means the Administrator of the Administra-
- 19 tion.
- 20 (3) Advisory Council.—The term "Advisory
- 21 Council" means the Energy Technology Advisory
- 22 Council of the Administration.
- 23 (4) Breakthrough technology.—The term
- 24 "breakthrough technology" means a clean energy
- 25 technology that—

1	(A) presents a significant opportunity to
2	advance the goals developed by the Secretary
3	under section 102, as assessed under the meth-
4	odology established by the Advisory Council;
5	and
6	(B) has not been determined by the Sec-
7	retary to be commercially ready.
8	(5) CLEAN ENERGY TECHNOLOGY.—The term
9	"clean energy technology" means a technology re-
10	lated to the production, use, transmission, storage,
11	control, or conservation of energy that will con-
12	tribute to the stabilization of the climate by reducing
13	greenhouse gas emissions or sequestering or utilizing
14	carbon dioxide and—
15	(A) reduce the need for additional energy
16	supplies by using existing energy supplies with
17	greater efficiency;
18	(B) transmit, distribute, or transport en-
19	ergy with greater effectiveness through the in-
20	frastructure of the United States; or
21	(C) increase and diversify the sources of
22	energy in the United States in a way that will
23	reduce risk to human health, safety, and wel-
24	fare and the environment and create energy se-
25	curity.

1	(6) Cost.—The term "cost" has the meaning
2	given the term in section 502 of the Federal Credit
3	Reform Act of 1990 (2 U.S.C. 661a).
4	(7) DIRECT LOAN.—The term "direct loan" has
5	the meaning given the term in section 502 of the
6	Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990 (2 U.S.C. 661a).
7	(8) Energy transition community.—The
8	term "energy transition community" has the mean-
9	ing given such term in section 511 of this Act.
10	(9) FINANCIAL INSTITUTION.—The term "fi-
11	nancial institution" means—
12	(A) an insured bank (as defined in section
13	3(h) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12
14	U.S.C. 1813(h)));
15	(B) a commercial bank or trust company;
16	(C) a private banker;
17	(D) an agency or branch of a foreign bank
18	in the United States;
19	(E) any credit union;
20	(F) a thrift institution;
21	(G) a broker or dealer registered with the
22	Securities and Exchange Commission under the
23	Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C.
24	78a et seq.);

1	(H) a broker or dealer in securities or
2	commodities;
3	(I) an investment banker or investment
4	company;
5	(J) an insurance company; and
6	(K) a loan or finance company.
7	(10) Fund.—The term "Fund" means the
8	Clean Energy Investment Fund established by sec-
9	tion 105(a).
10	(11) LOAN GUARANTEE.—The term "loan guar-
11	antee" has the meaning given the term in section
12	502 of the Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990 (2
13	U.S.C. 661a).
14	(12) National Laboratory.—The term "Na-
15	tional Laboratory" has the meaning given the term
16	in section 2 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42
17	U.S.C. 15801).
18	(13) Secretary.—The term "Secretary"
19	means the Secretary of Energy.
20	(14) Security.—The term "security" has the
21	meaning given the term in section 2 of the Securities
22	Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 77b).
23	(15) Small Business.—The term "small busi-
24	ness" means a business which is independently
25	owned and operated and which is not dominant in

1	its field of operation. The term "small business"
2	may be further defined by the Administrator by the
3	number of employees, dollar volume of business, net
4	worth, net income, or other factors.
5	(16) State.—The term "State" means—
6	(A) a State;
7	(B) the District of Columbia;
8	(C) the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico;
9	and
10	(D) any other territory or possession of the
11	United States.
12	SEC. 102. ENERGY TECHNOLOGY DEPLOYMENT GOALS.
13	(a) Goals.—Not later than 1 year after the date of
14	enactment of this Act, the Secretary, in consultation with
15	the Advisory Council, shall develop and publish for review
16	and comment in the Federal Register near-, medium-, and
17	long-term goals (including numerical performance targets
18	at appropriate intervals to measure progress toward those
19	goals) for the deployment of clean energy technologies
20	through the credit support programs established by this
21	subtitle to promote—
22	(1) the deployment, by not later than 2050, of
23	electric generating capacity with net-zero greenhouse
24	gas emissions, that is sufficient to reliably meet the

- projected energy demand of the United States in 2050;
 - (2) clean energy technologies in vehicles and fuels that will substantially reduce the reliance of the United States on foreign sources of energy and insulate consumers from the volatility of global energy markets;
 - (3) a domestic commercialization and manufacturing capacity that will establish the United States as a world leader in clean energy technologies across multiple sectors;
 - (4) the installation of electricity transmission infrastructure with the capacity to provide the cost-effective deployment of zero-emission electricity technologies appropriate to each region of the United States;
 - (5) the transformation of the building stock of the United States to net zero energy consumption;
 - (6) the recovery, use, and prevention of waste energy;
 - (7) domestic manufacturing of clean energy technologies on a scale that is sufficient to achieve price parity with conventional energy sources;
- 24 (8) domestic production of commodities and 25 materials, including steel, chemicals, polymers, and

- cement, through the use of clean energy technologies that will establish the United States as a world leader in the environmentally-sustainable production of such commodities and materials;
 - (9) a robust, efficient, and interactive electricity transmission grid that will allow for the incorporation of clean energy technologies, distributed generation, smart grid functions, and demand-response in each regional electric grid;
 - (10) a variety of financial products intended to allow owners and users of residential, retail, commercial, and industrial buildings to make energy efficiency and distributed generation technology investments with reasonable payback periods; and
- 15 (11) such other goals as the Secretary, in con-16 sultation with the Advisory Council, determines to be 17 consistent with this subtitle.
- 18 (b) REVISIONS.—The Secretary shall revise the goals
 19 established under subsection (a), from time to time as ap20 propriate, to account for advances in technology and infra21 structure.
- 22 SEC. 103. CLEAN ENERGY DEPLOYMENT ADMINISTRATION.
- 23 (a) Establishment.—
- 24 (1) IN GENERAL.—There is established in the 25 Department of Energy an administration, to be

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1 known as the Clean Energy Deployment Administra-2 tion. There shall be at the head of the Administra-3 tion an Administrator and a Board of Directors, 4 who shall be appointed by the President with the ad-5 vice and consent of the Senate. 6 (2) Status.— 7 (A) IN GENERAL.—The Administration 8 (including officers, employees, and agents of the 9 Administration) shall not be responsible to, or subject to the authority, direction, or control of, 10 11 any other officer, employee, or agent of the De-12 partment of Energy other than the Secretary, 13 acting through the Administrator. 14 (B) EXEMPTION FROM REORGANIZA-15 TION.—The Administration shall be exempt 16 from the reorganization authority provided 17 under section 643 of the Department of Energy 18 Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7253). 19 (C) Inspector general.—Section 12 of 20 the Inspector General Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. 21 App.) is amended— 22 (i) in paragraph (1), by inserting "the 23 Administrator of the Clean Energy Deploy-24 ment Administration;" after "Export-Im-25 port Bank;"; and

1	(ii) in paragraph (2), by inserting
2	"the Clean Energy Deployment Adminis-
3	tration," after "Export-Import Bank,".
4	(3) Offices.—
5	(A) Principal office.—The Administra-
6	tion shall—
7	(i) maintain the principal office of the
8	Administration in the District of Columbia;
9	and
10	(ii) for purposes of venue in civil ac-
11	tions, be considered to be a resident of the
12	District of Columbia.
13	(B) OTHER OFFICES.—The Administration
14	may establish other offices in such other places
15	as the Administration considers necessary or
16	appropriate for the conduct of the business of
17	the Administration.
18	(b) Administrator.—
19	(1) In General.—The Administrator shall
20	be—
21	(A) appointed by the President, with the
22	advice and consent of the Senate, for a 5-year
23	term; and
24	(B) compensated at the annual rate of
25	basic pay prescribed for level II of the Execu-

1	tive Schedule under section 5313 of title 5,
2	United States Code.
3	(2) Duties.—The Administrator shall—
4	(A) serve as—
5	(i) the Chief Executive Officer of the
6	Administration; and
7	(ii) the Chairman of the Board of Di-
8	rectors;
9	(B) consult with the Secretary of Agri-
10	culture, the Secretary of the Interior, the Ad-
11	ministrator of the Environmental Protection
12	Agency, and the heads of other agencies as ap-
13	propriate, in carrying out the duties described
14	in this paragraph;
15	(C) ensure that—
16	(i) the Administration operates in a
17	safe and sound manner, including mainte-
18	nance of adequate capital and internal con-
19	trols (consistent with section 404 of the
20	Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (15 U.S.C.
21	7262));
22	(ii) the operations and activities of the
23	Administration foster liquid, efficient, com-
24	petitive, and resilient energy and energy ef-
25	ficiency finance markets;

1	(iii) the Administration carries out
2	this subtitle only through activities that
3	are authorized under and consistent with
4	this subtitle; and
5	(iv) the activities of the Administra-
6	tion and the manner in which the Adminis-
7	tration is operated are consistent with the
8	public interest;
9	(D) develop policies and procedures for the
10	Administration that will—
11	(i) promote a self-sustaining portfolio
12	of investments that will maximize the value
13	of investments to effectively promote clean
14	energy technologies;
15	(ii) promote transparency and open-
16	ness in Administration operations;
17	(iii) afford the Administration with
18	sufficient flexibility to carry out this sub-
19	title;
20	(iv) provide for the efficient proc-
21	essing of applications;
22	(v) promote the participation of pri-
23	vate financial institutions and other
24	sources of private capital in investments,

1	on commercially reasonable terms, if and
2	to the extent the capital is available; and
3	(vi) promote the availability of finan-
4	cial products to small business by working
5	with entities that have appropriate exper-
6	tise in extending credit or other relevant fi-
7	nancial services to small businesses that
8	are developing clean energy technologies;
9	(E) ensure, to the maximum extent prac-
10	ticable and to the extent of available resources,
11	that on the request of any energy transition
12	community or Indian Tribe, such energy transi-
13	tion community or Indian Tribe shall have
14	available scientific and technical information
15	and expertise for use in the regulation, develop-
16	ment, and management of clean energy tech-
17	nologies, either—
18	(i) directly, acting through Federal of-
19	ficials within the Administration; or
20	(ii) indirectly, by providing financial
21	assistance to an energy transition commu-
22	nity or an Indian Tribe to secure inde-
23	pendent assistance in the regulation, devel-
24	opment, and management of clean energy
25	technologies; and

1	(F) with the concurrence of the Board of
2	Directors, establish expected loss reserves for
3	the support provided by the Administration con-
4	sistent with section 104(a).
5	(c) Board of Directors.—
6	(1) In general.—The Board of Directors of
7	the Administration shall consist of—
8	(A) the Secretary or the designee of the
9	Secretary, who shall serve as an ex-officio vot-
10	ing member of the Board of Directors;
11	(B) the Administrator, who shall serve as
12	the Chairman of the Board of Directors; and
13	(C) 7 additional members who shall—
14	(i) be appointed by the President,
15	with the advice and consent of the Senate,
16	for staggered 5-year terms; and
17	(ii) have experience in banking or fi-
18	nancial services relevant to the operations
19	of the Administration, including individuals
20	with substantial experience in the develop-
21	ment of energy projects, the electricity
22	generation sector, the transportation sec-
23	tor, the manufacturing sector, and the en-
24	ergy efficiency sector.
25	(2) Duries —The Board of Directors shall—

1	(A) oversee the operations of the Adminis-
2	tration and ensure industry best practices are
3	followed in all financial transactions involving
4	the Administration;
5	(B) consult with the Administrator on the
6	general policies and procedures of the Adminis-
7	tration to ensure that the interests of the tax-
8	payers are protected;
9	(C) ensure that the portfolio of invest-
10	ments of the Administration are consistent with
11	this subtitle and with the long-term financial
12	stability of the Administration;
13	(D) ensure that the operations and activi-
14	ties of the Administration are consistent with
15	the development of a robust private sector that
16	can provide commercial loans or financing prod-
17	ucts for clean energy technologies; and
18	(E) not serve on a full-time basis, except
19	that the Board of Directors shall meet at least
20	quarterly to review, as appropriate, applications
21	for credit support and set policies and proce-
22	dures as necessary.
23	(3) Removal.—An appointed member of the
24	Board of Directors may be removed from office by

the President for good cause.

1	(4) Vacancies.—An appointed seat on the
2	Board of Directors that becomes vacant shall be
3	filled by appointment by the President, but only for
4	the unexpired portion of the term of the vacating
5	member.
6	(5) Compensation of members.—An ap-
7	pointed member of the Board of Directors shall be
8	compensated at a rate equal to the daily equivalent
9	of the annual rate of basic pay prescribed for level
10	III of the Executive Schedule under section 5314 of
11	title 5, United States Code, for each day (including
12	travel time) during which the member is engaged in
13	the performance of the duties of the Board of Direc-
14	tors.
15	(d) Energy Technology Advisory Council.—
16	(1) In General.—The Administration shall
17	have an Energy Technology Advisory Council con-
18	sisting of—
19	(A) 6 members selected by the Secretary;
20	and
21	(B) 3 members selected by the Board of
22	Directors of the Administration.
23	(2) QUALIFICATIONS.—The members of the Ad-
24	visory Council shall—
25	(A) have relevant scientific expertise; and

1	(B) in the case of the members selected by
2	the Secretary under paragraph (1)(A), include
3	representatives of—
4	(i) the academic community;
5	(ii) the private research community;
6	(iii) National Laboratories;
7	(iv) the technology or project develop-
8	ment community;
9	(v) the commercial energy financing
10	and operations sector; and
11	(vi) the electric generation sector, in-
12	cluding at least one person who is knowl-
13	edgeable of the electric cooperative sector.
14	(3) Duties.—
15	(A) Advice.—The Advisory Council shall
16	provide advice to the Administration regarding
17	the technological approaches that should be
18	supported by the Administration to meet the
19	goals developed by the Secretary under section
20	102.
21	(B) Methodology for assessment.—
22	The Advisory Council shall develop and publish
23	for comment in the Federal Register a method-
24	ology for the assessment of clean energy tech-
25	nologies. Such methodology shall—

1	(i) allow the Administration to evalu-
2	ate projects based on the progress likely to
3	be achieved per-dollar invested in clean en-
4	ergy technology; and
5	(ii) take into account the extent to
6	which support for a clean energy tech-
7	nology is likely to accrue benefits that are
8	attributable to commercial-scale deploy-
9	ment taking place earlier than that which
10	otherwise would have occurred without the
11	support.
12	(4) TERM.—
13	(A) In general.—Members of the Advi-
14	sory Council shall have 5-year staggered terms,
15	as determined by the Secretary and the Admin-
16	istrator.
17	(B) REAPPOINTMENT.—A member of the
18	Advisory Council may be reappointed.
19	(5) Compensation.—A member of the Advi-
20	sory Council, who is not otherwise compensated as
21	a Federal employee, shall be compensated at a rate
22	equal to the daily equivalent of the annual rate of
23	basic pay prescribed for level IV of the Executive
24	Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United

States Code, for each day (including travel time)

1	during which the member is engaged in the perform-
2	ance of the duties of the Advisory Council.
3	(e) Staff.—
4	(1) In General.—The Administrator, in con-
5	sultation with the Board of Directors, may—
6	(A) appoint and terminate such officers,
7	attorneys, employees, and agents as are nec-
8	essary to carry out this subtitle; and
9	(B) vest those personnel with such powers
10	and duties as the Administrator determines to
11	be necessary.
12	(2) Direct hire authority.—
13	(A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding sec-
14	tion 3304 and sections 3309 through 3318 of
15	title 5, United States Code, the Administrator
16	may, on a determination that there is a severe
17	shortage of candidates or a critical hiring need
18	for particular positions, recruit and directly ap-
19	point highly qualified critical personnel with
20	specialized knowledge important to the function
21	of the Administration into the competitive serv-
22	ice.
23	(B) Exception.—The authority granted
24	under subparagraph (A) shall not apply to posi-

1	tions in the excepted service or the Senior Exec-
2	utive Service.
3	
	(C) REQUIREMENTS.—In exercising the
4	authority granted under subparagraph (A), the
5	Administrator shall ensure that any action
6	taken by the Administrator—
7	(i) is consistent with the merit prin-
8	ciples of section 2301 of title 5, United
9	States Code; and
10	(ii) complies with the public notice re-
11	quirements of section 3327 of title 5,
12	United States Code.
13	(D) TERMINATION OF EFFECTIVENESS.—
14	The authority provided by this paragraph ter-
15	minates effective on the date that is 3 years
16	after the date of enactment of this Act.
17	(3) Critical Pay Authority.—
18	(A) In General.—Notwithstanding sec-
19	tion 5377 of title 5, United States Code, and
20	without regard to the provisions of that title
21	governing appointments in the competitive serv-
22	ice or the Senior Executive Service and chap-
23	ters 51 and 53 of that title (relating to classi-
24	fication and pay rates), the Administrator may
25	establish, fix the compensation of, and appoint

1	individuals to critical positions needed to carry
2	out the functions of the Administration, if the
3	Administrator certifies that—
4	(i) the positions require expertise of
5	an extremely high level in a financial, tech-
6	nical, or scientific field;
7	(ii) the Administration would not suc-
8	cessfully accomplish an important mission
9	without such an individual; and
10	(iii) exercise of the authority is nec-
11	essary to recruit an individual who is ex-
12	ceptionally well qualified for the position.
13	(B) Limitations.—The authority granted
14	under subparagraph (A) shall be subject to the
15	following conditions:
16	(i) The number of critical positions
17	authorized by subparagraph (A) may not
18	exceed 20 at any given time in the Admin-
19	istration.
20	(ii) The term of an appointment
21	under subparagraph (A) may not exceed 4
22	years.
23	(iii) An individual appointed under
24	subparagraph (A) may not have been an
25	Administration employee at any time dur-

1	ing the 2-year period preceding the date of
2	appointment.
3	(iv) Total annual compensation for
4	any individual appointed under subpara-
5	graph (A) may not exceed the highest total
6	annual compensation payable at the rate
7	determined under section 104 of title 3,
8	United States Code.
9	(v) An individual appointed under
10	subparagraph (A) may not be considered
11	to be an employee for purposes of sub-
12	chapter II of chapter 75 of title 5, United
13	States Code.
14	(C) NOTIFICATION.—Each year, the Ad-
15	ministrator shall submit to Congress a notifica-
16	tion that lists each individual appointed under
17	this paragraph.
18	SEC. 104. ADMINISTRATION FUNCTIONS.
19	(a) Direct Support.—
20	(1) In General.—The Administration may
21	issue direct loans, letters of credit, loan guarantees,
22	insurance products, or such other credit support (in-
23	cluding through participation as a co-lender or a
24	lending member of a syndication) as the Adminis-
25	trator considers appropriate to deploy clean energy

1	technologies if the Administrator has determined
2	that deployment of the technologies would benefit or
3	be accelerated by the support.
4	(2) Eligibility Criteria.—In carrying out
5	this subsection and awarding credit support to
6	projects, the Administrator shall account for—
7	(A) how the technology rates based on an
8	evaluation methodology established by the Advi-
9	sory Council;
10	(B) how the project fits with the goals de-
11	veloped by the Secretary under section 102; and
12	(C) the potential for the applicant to suc-
13	cessfully complete the project.
14	(3) Risk.—
15	(A) Technology risk.—In this para-
16	graph, the term "technology risk"—
17	(i) means risk during construction or
18	operation associated with the design, devel-
19	opment, or deployment of a clean energy
20	technology from the perspective of com-
21	mercial lenders, that may be increased as
22	a result of the absence of adequate histor-
23	ical construction, operating, or perform-
24	ance data from commercial applications of
25	the technology; and

1	(ii) includes risk associated with the
2	cost, schedule, performance, reliability,
3	maintenance, and the perception of risk.
4	(B) Expected loan loss reserve.—
5	The Administrator shall establish an expected
6	loan loss reserve to account for estimated losses
7	attributable to activities under this section that
8	is consistent with the purposes of—
9	(i) developing breakthrough tech-
10	nologies to the point at which the associ-
11	ated technology risk is largely mitigated;
12	(ii) achieving widespread deployment
13	and advancing the commercial viability of
14	clean energy technologies; and
15	(iii) advancing the goals developed by
16	the Secretary under section 102.
17	(C) Initial expected loan loss re-
18	SERVE.—Until such time as the Administrator
19	determines sufficient data exist to establish an
20	expected loan loss reserve that is appropriate,
21	the Administrator shall consider establishing an
22	initial rate of 10 percent for the portfolio of in-
23	vestments under this subtitle.
24	(D) PORTFOLIO INVESTMENT AP-
25	PROACH —The Administration shall—

1	(i) use a portfolio investment ap-
2	proach to mitigate risk and diversify in-
3	vestments across technologies;
4	(ii) to the maximum extent practicable
5	and consistent with long-term self-suffi-
6	ciency, weigh the portfolio of investments
7	in projects to advance goals developed by
8	the Secretary under section 102; and
9	(iii) consistent with the expected loan
10	loss reserve established under this para-
11	graph, provide the maximum practicable
12	percentage of support to promote break-
13	through technologies.
14	(E) Loss rate review.—
15	(i) IN GENERAL.—The Board of Di-
16	rectors shall review on an annual basis the
17	loss rates of the portfolio to determine the
18	adequacy of the reserves.
19	(ii) Report.—Not later than 90 days
20	after the date of the initiation of each re-
21	view under clause (i), the Administrator
22	shall submit to the Committee on Energy
23	and Commerce of the House of Represent-
24	atives and the Committee on Energy and

Natural Resources of the Senate a report

1	describing the results of the review and
2	any recommended policy changes.
3	(4) Application review.—
4	(A) In general.—To the maximum ex-
5	tent practicable and consistent with sound busi-
6	ness practices, the Administration shall seek to
7	consolidate reviews of applications for credit
8	support under this subtitle such that final deci-
9	sions on applications can be issued not later
10	than 180 days after the date of submission of
11	a completed application.
12	(B) Environmental review.—In car-
13	rying out this subtitle, the Administration shall,
14	to the maximum extent practicable—
15	(i) avoid duplicating efforts that have
16	already been undertaken by other agencies,
17	including State agencies acting under Fed-
18	eral programs; and
19	(ii) with the advice of the Council on
20	Environmental Quality and any other ap-
21	plicable agencies, use the administrative
22	records of similar reviews conducted
23	throughout the executive branch to develop
24	the most expeditious review process prac-
25	ticable.

1 (5) Wage rate requirements.—With respect 2 to the labor standards specified in this section, the 3 Secretary of Labor shall have the authority and 4 functions set forth in Reorganization Plan Numbered 14 of 1950 (64 Stat. 1267; 5 U.S.C. App.) 5 6 and section 3145 of title 40, United States Code. 7 (b) Indirect Support.— 8 (1) In General.—The Administration shall 9 work to develop financial products and arrangements 10 to promote widespread deployment of, and private 11 sector support of, clean energy technologies by facili-12 tating aggregation of small projects and by pro-13 viding indirect credit support, including credit en-14 hancement. 15 (2) FINANCIAL PRODUCTS.—The Administration— 16 17 (A) in cooperation with Federal, State, 18 local, and private sector entities, shall develop 19 debt instruments that directly aggregate, or 20 provide for the aggregation of, projects for the 21 deployment of clean energy technology on a 22 scale appropriate for residential or commercial

(B) may insure, purchase, and make commitments to purchase, any debt instrument as-

applications; and

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sociated with the deployment of a clean energy technology (including instruments secured by liens or other collateral related to the funding of clean energy technology) for the purposes of enhancing the availability of private financing for deployment of clean energy technology.

(3) DISPOSITION OF DEBT OR INTEREST.—The Administration may acquire, hold, and sell or otherwise dispose of, pursuant to commitments or otherwise, any debt associated with the deployment of clean energy technologies or interest in the debt.

(4) Pricing.—

- (A) In general.—The Administrator may establish requirements, and impose charges or fees, which may be regarded as elements of pricing, for different classes of sellers, servicers, or services.
- (B) CLASSIFICATION OF SELLERS AND SERVICERS.—For the purpose of subparagraph (A), the Administrator may classify sellers and servicers as necessary to promote transparency and liquidity and to properly characterize the risk of default.
- (5) Eligibility.—The Administrator shall establish—

1	(A) eligibility criteria for loan originators,
2	sellers, and servicers seeking support for port-
3	folios of financial obligations relating to clean
4	energy technologies to ensure the capability of
5	the loan originators, sellers, and servicers to
6	perform the functions required to maintain the
7	expected performance of the portfolios; and
8	(B) such criteria, standards, guidelines,
9	and mechanisms such that, to the maximum ex-
10	tent practicable, loan originators and sellers will
11	be able to determine the eligibility of loans for
12	resale at the time of initial lending.
13	(6) Secondary Market Support.—
14	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administration
15	may lend on the security of, and make commit-
16	ments to lend on the security of, any debt that
17	the Administration has issued or is authorized
18	to purchase under this section.
19	(B) AUTHORIZED ACTIONS.—On such
20	terms and conditions as the Administrator may
21	prescribe, the Administration may, based on the
22	debt and with the concurrence of the Board of
23	Directors—
24	(i) give security or guarantee;
25	(ii) pay interest or other return; and

1	(iii) issue notes, debentures, bonds, or
2	other obligations or securities.
3	(7) Lending activities.—
4	(A) In General.—The Administrator
5	shall determine—
6	(i) the volume of the lending activities
7	of the Administration; and
8	(ii) the types of loan ratios, risk pro-
9	files, interest rates, maturities, and
10	charges or fees in the secondary market
11	operations of the Administration.
12	(B) Objectives.—Determinations under
13	subparagraph (A) shall be consistent with the
14	objectives of—
15	(i) providing an attractive investment
16	environment for clean energy technologies;
17	(ii) making the operations of the Ad-
18	ministration self-supporting over the long
19	term; and
20	(iii) advancing the goals developed by
21	the Secretary under section 102.
22	SEC. 105. IMPROVEMENTS TO EXISTING CLEAN ENERGY IN-
23	VESTMENT PROGRAMS.
24	(a) Clean Energy Investment Fund.—

1	(1) Establishment.—There is established in
2	the Treasury of the United States a revolving fund,
3	to be known as the Clean Energy Investment Fund,
4	consisting of—
5	(A) such amounts as are deposited in the
6	Fund under this subtitle and amendments made
7	by this subtitle; and
8	(B) such sums as may be appropriated to
9	the Fund.
10	(2) Expenditures from fund.—
11	(A) In general.—Amounts in the Fund
12	shall be available to the Secretary for obligation
13	without fiscal year limitation, to remain avail-
14	able until expended.
15	(B) Administrative expenses.—
16	(i) Fees.—Fees collected by the Sec-
17	retary of the Treasury for expenses related
18	to the administrative needs of the Fund
19	shall be available without limitation to
20	cover applicable expenses.
21	(ii) Fund.—To the extent that ad-
22	ministrative expenses are not reimbursed
23	through fees, an amount not to exceed 1.5
24	percent of the amounts in the Fund as of
25	the beginning of each fiscal year shall be

1	available to pay the administrative ex-
2	penses for the fiscal year necessary to
3	carry out title XVII of the Energy Policy
4	Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16511 et seq.).
5	(3) Transfers of amounts.—
6	(A) In general.—The amounts required
7	to be transferred to the Fund under this sub-
8	section shall be transferred at least monthly
9	from the general fund of the Treasury to the
10	Fund on the basis of estimates made by the
11	Secretary of the Treasury.
12	(B) Cash flows.—Cash flows associated
13	with costs of the Fund described in section
14	502(5)(B) of the Federal Credit Reform Act of
15	1990 (2 U.S.C. $661a(5)(B)$) shall be trans-
16	ferred to appropriate credit accounts.
17	(C) Adjustments.—Proper adjustment
18	shall be made in amounts subsequently trans-
19	ferred to the extent prior estimates were in ex-
20	cess of or less than the amounts required to be
21	transferred.
22	(b) REVISIONS TO LOAN GUARANTEE PROGRAM AU-
23	THORITY.—
24	(1) Definition of commercial tech-
25	NOLOGY.—Section 1701(1) of the Energy Policy Act

1	of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16511(1)) is amended by strik-
2	ing subparagraph (B) and inserting the following:
3	"(B) Exclusion.—The term 'commercial
4	technology' does not include a technology if the
5	sole use of the technology is in connection
6	with—
7	"(i) any demonstration project; or
8	"(ii) a project for which the Secretary
9	approved a guarantee.".
10	(2) Specific appropriation or contribu-
11	TION.—Section 1702 of the Energy Policy Act of
12	2005 (42 U.S.C. 16512) is amended by striking sub-
13	section (b) and inserting the following:
14	"(b) Specific Appropriation or Contribu-
15	TION.—
16	"(1) In general.—No guarantee shall be
17	made unless sufficient amounts to account for the
18	cost are available—
19	"(A) in unobligated balances within the
20	Clean Energy Investment Fund established
21	under section 105(a) of the Clean Energy Inno-
22	vation and Deployment Act of 2020;
23	"(B) as a payment from the borrower and
24	the payment is deposited in the Clean Energy
25	Investment Fund; or

1	"(C) in any combination of balances and
2	payments described in subparagraphs (A) and
3	(B), respectively.
4	"(2) Limitation.—The source of payments re-
5	ceived from a borrower under paragraph (1)(B) shall
6	not be a loan or other debt obligation that is made
7	or guaranteed by the Federal Government.
8	"(3) Relation to other laws.—Section
9	$504(\mathrm{b})$ of the Federal Credit Reform Act of $1990~(2$
10	U.S.C. 661c(b)) shall not apply to a guarantee
11	under this section.".
12	(3) Subrogation.—Section 1702(g)(2) of the
13	Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. $16512(g)(2)$)
14	is amended by striking subparagraphs (B) and (C)
15	and inserting the following:
16	"(B) Superiority of rights.—Except as
17	provided in subparagraph (C), the rights of the
18	Secretary, with respect to any property ac-
19	quired pursuant to a guarantee or related
20	agreements, shall be superior to the rights of
21	any other person with respect to the property.
22	"(C) Terms and conditions.—A guar-
23	antee agreement shall include such detailed
24	terms and conditions as the Secretary deter-
25	mines appropriate to—

1	"(i) protect the interests of the United
2	States in the case of default;
3	"(ii) have available all the patents and
4	technology necessary for any person se-
5	lected, including the Secretary, to complete
6	and operate the project;
7	"(iii) provide for sharing the proceeds
8	received from the sale of project assets
9	with other creditors or control the disposi-
10	tion of project assets if necessary to pro-
11	tect the interests of the United States in
12	the case of default; and
13	"(iv) provide such lien priority in
14	project assets as necessary to protect the
15	interests of the United States in the case
16	of a default.".
17	(4) Fees.—Section 1702(h) of the Energy Pol-
18	icy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16512(h)) is amended by
19	striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following:
20	"(2) Availability.—Fees collected under this
21	subsection shall—
22	"(A) be deposited by the Secretary in the
23	Clean Energy Investment Fund established
24	under section 105(a) of Clean Energy Innova-
25	tion and Deployment Act of 2020; and

- "(B) remain available to the Secretary for expenditure, without further appropriation or fiscal year limitation, for administrative expenses incurred in carrying out this title.
 - "(3) Adjustment.—The Secretary may adjust the amount or manner of collection of fees under this subsection as the Secretary determines is necessary to deploy, to the maximum extent practicable, eligible projects under this title.
 - "(4) Excess fees.—Of the amount of a fee imposed on an applicant at the conditional commitment stage, 75 percent of the amount shall be refundable to the applicant if there is no financial close on the application, unless the Secretary determines that the administrative costs of the Department have exceeded the amount retained.
 - "(5) CREDIT REPORT.—If, in the opinion of the Secretary, the credit rating of an applicant is not relevant to the determination of whether or not support will be provided and the applicant agrees to accept the credit rating assigned to the applicant by the Secretary, the Secretary may waive any requirement to provide a third-party credit report."

1	(5) Processing.—Section 1702 of the Energy
2	Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16512) is amended
3	by adding at the end the following:
4	"(l) Accelerated Reviews.—To the maximum ex-
5	tent practicable and consistent with sound business prac-
6	tices, the Secretary shall seek to conduct necessary reviews
7	concurrently of an application for a guarantee under this
8	title such that decisions as to whether to enter into a com-
9	mitment on the application can be issued not later than
10	180 days after the date of submission of a completed ap-
11	plication.".
12	SEC. 106. FEDERAL CREDIT AUTHORITY.
13	(a) Transfer of Functions and Authority.—
14	(1) In general.—
15	(A) Deadline.—Subject to paragraph (2),
16	on a finding by the Secretary and the Adminis-
17	trator that the Administration is sufficiently
18	ready to assume the functions, and that appli-
19	cants to those programs will not be unduly ad-
20	versely affected, but in no case later than 18
21	months after the date of enactment of this Act,
22	the functions and authority of the Secretary de-
23	scribed in subparagraph (B) shall be trans-
24	ferred to the Administration

1	(B) Functions and authority.—The
2	functions and authority of the Secretary de-
3	scribed in this subparagraph are functions and
4	authority under—
5	(i) subsection title XVII of the Energy
6	Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16511 et
7	seq.);
8	(ii) section 2602(c) of the Energy Pol-
9	icy Act of 1992 (25 U.S.C. 3502(c)); and
10	(iii) financial services and program
11	management for grant, loan, and other
12	credit enhancement programs authorized
13	to be administered by the Secretary under
14	any other provision of law, as the Sec-
15	retary determines appropriate.
16	(2) Failure to transfer functions.—If the
17	functions and authorities are not transferred to the
18	Administration in accordance with paragraph (1),
19	the Secretary and the Administrator shall submit to
20	Congress a report on the reasons for delay and an
21	expected timetable for transfer of the functions and
22	authorities to the Administration not later than 2
23	years after the enactment of this title and every year
24	thereafter until the functions and authorities are
25	transferred to the Administration.

1 (3) EFFECT ON EXISTING RIGHTS AND OBLIGA2 TIONS.—The transfer of functions and authority
3 under this subsection shall not affect the rights and
4 obligations of any party that arise under a prede5 cessor program or authority prior to the transfer
6 under this subsection.

(4) Transfer of fund authority.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—On transfer of functions pursuant to paragraph (1), the Administration shall have all authorities to make use of the Fund reserved for the Secretary before the transfer.
- (B) Administrative expenses.—Effective beginning on the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator may make use of up to 1.5 percent of the amounts in the Fund as of the beginning of each fiscal year to pay administrative expenses for that fiscal year to carry out this subtitle.

(5) USE.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Amounts in the Fund shall be available for discharge of liabilities and all other expenses of the Administration, including subsequent transfer to the respective credit accounts.

1	(B) Liability.—All activities of the Ad-
2	ministration that could result in a liability for
3	the United States shall be transparently ac-
4	counted for and no obligation or liability may
5	be incurred unless—
6	(i) the appropriate amounts are trans-
7	ferred to credit accounts for activities pur-
8	suant to the Federal Credit Reform Act of
9	1990 (2 U.S.C. 661a); or
10	(ii) sufficient amounts are reserved
11	within the Fund to account for such liabil-
12	ities.
13	(6) Initial investment.—
14	(A) IN GENERAL.—On transfer of func-
15	tions pursuant to paragraph (1), out of any
16	funds in the Treasury not otherwise appro-
17	priated, the Secretary of the Treasury shall
18	transfer to the Fund to carry out this subtitle
19	\$10,000,000,000, to remain available until ex-
20	pended.
21	(B) RECEIPT AND ACCEPTANCE.—The
22	Fund shall be entitled to receive and shall ac-
23	cept, and shall be used to carry out this sub-

title, the funds transferred to the Fund under

- subparagraph (A), without further appropriation.
- 3 (7) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—In
 4 addition to funds made available by paragraphs (1)
 5 through (6), there are authorized to be appropriated
 6 to the Fund such sums as are necessary to carry out
 7 this subtitle.
- 8 (b) Payments of Liabilities.—Any payment to 9 discharge liabilities arising from agreements under this 10 subtitle shall be made exclusively out of the Fund or the 11 associated credit account, as appropriate.
- 12 (c) Fees.—

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- 13 (1) In General.—Consistent with carrying out
 14 this subtitle, the Administrator shall charge fees or
 15 collect compensation generally in accordance with
 16 commercial rates.
 - (2) AVAILABILITY OF FEES.—All fees collected by the Administration may be retained by the Administration and placed in the Fund and may remain available to the Administration, without further appropriation or fiscal year limitation, for use in carrying out this subtitle.
- 23 (3) Breakthrough technologies.—The Ad-24 ministration shall charge the minimum amount in 25 fees or compensation practicable for breakthrough

- 1 technologies, consistent with the long-term viability
- 2 of the Administration, unless the Administration
- 3 first determines that a higher charge will not impede
- 4 the development of the technology.
- 5 (4) ALTERNATIVE FEE ARRANGEMENTS.—The
- 6 Administration may use such alternative arrange-
- 7 ments (such as profit participation, contingent fees,
- 8 and other valuable contingent interests) as the Ad-
- 9 ministration considers appropriate to compensate the
- Administration for the expenses of the Administra-
- tion and the risk inherent in the support of the Ad-
- ministration.
- 13 (d) Cost Transfer Authority.—Amounts col-
- 14 lected by the Administration for the cost of a loan or loan
- 15 guarantee shall be transferred by the Administration to
- 16 the respective credit program accounts.
- 17 (e) Supplemental Borrowing Authority.—In
- 18 order to maintain sufficient liquidity for activities author-
- 19 ized under section 104(b), the Administration may issue
- 20 notes, debentures, bonds, or other obligations for purchase
- 21 by the Secretary of the Treasury.
- 22 (f) Public Debt Transactions.—For the purpose
- 23 of subsection (e)—
- 24 (1) the Secretary of the Treasury may use as
- a public debt transaction the proceeds of the sale of

- 1 any securities issued under chapter 31 of title 31,
- 2 United States Code; and
- 3 (2) the purposes for which securities may be
- 4 issued under that chapter are extended to include
- 5 any purchase under this subsection.
- 6 (g) Maximum Outstanding Holding.—The Sec-
- 7 retary of the Treasury shall purchase instruments issued
- 8 under subsection (e) to the extent that the purchase would
- 9 not increase the aggregate principal amount of the out-
- 10 standing holdings of obligations under subsection (e) by
- 11 the Secretary of the Treasury to an amount that is greater
- 12 than \$2,000,000,000.
- 13 (h) RATE OF RETURN.—Each purchase of obligations
- 14 by the Secretary of the Treasury under this section shall
- 15 be on terms and conditions established to yield a rate of
- 16 return determined by the Secretary of the Treasury to be
- 17 appropriate, taking into account the current average rate
- 18 on outstanding marketable obligations of the United
- 19 States as of the last day of the month preceding the pur-
- 20 chase.
- 21 (i) SALE OF OBLIGATIONS.—The Secretary of the
- 22 Treasury may at any time sell, on terms and conditions
- 23 and at prices determined by the Secretary of the Treasury,
- 24 any of the obligations acquired by the Secretary of the
- 25 Treasury under this section.

1	(j) Public Debt Transactions.—All redemptions,
2	purchases, and sales by the Secretary of the Treasury of
3	obligations under this section shall be treated as public
4	debt transactions of the United States.
5	SEC. 107. GENERAL PROVISIONS.
6	(a) Immunity From Impairment, Limitation, or
7	RESTRICTION.—
8	(1) IN GENERAL.—All rights and remedies of
9	the Administration (including any rights and rem-
10	edies of the Administration on, under, or with re-
11	spect to any mortgage or any obligation secured by
12	a mortgage) shall be immune from impairment, limi-
13	tation, or restriction by or under—
14	(A) any law (other than a law enacted by
15	Congress expressly in limitation of this para-
16	graph) that becomes effective after the acquisi-
17	tion by the Administration of the subject or
18	property on, under, or with respect to which the
19	right or remedy arises or exists or would so
20	arise or exist in the absence of the law; or
21	(B) any administrative or other action that
22	becomes effective after the acquisition.
23	(2) State law.—The Administrator may con-
24	duct the business of the Administration without re-

- 1 gard to any qualification or law of any State relating 2 to incorporation. 3 (b) Use of Other Agencies.—With the consent of a department, establishment, or instrumentality (including 5 any field office), the Administration may— 6 (1) use and act through any department, estab-7 lishment, or instrumentality; or 8 (2) use, and pay compensation for, information, 9 services, facilities, and personnel of the department, 10 establishment, or instrumentality. 11 (c) PROCUREMENT.—The Administrator shall be the senior procurement officer for the Administration for pur-12 poses of section 1702 of title 41, United States Code. 13 14 (d) FINANCIAL MATTERS.— 15 (1) Investments.—Funds of the Administra-16 tion may be invested in such investments as the 17 Board of Directors may prescribe. 18 FISCAL AGENTS.—Any Federal reserve 19 bank or any bank for which, at the time of designa-
- bank or any bank for which, at the time of designation by the Administrator there is outstanding a designation by the Secretary of the Treasury as a general or other depository of public money, may be designated by the Administrator as a depositary or custodian or as a fiscal or other agent of the Administration.

1	(e) Jurisdiction.—Notwithstanding section 1349 of
2	title 28, United States Code, or any other provision of
3	law—
4	(1) the Administration shall be considered a
5	corporation covered by sections 1345 and 1442 of
6	title 28, United States Code;
7	(2) all civil actions to which the Administration
8	is a party shall be considered to arise under the laws
9	of the United States, and the district courts of the
10	United States shall have original jurisdiction of all
11	such actions, without regard to amount or value, ex-
12	cept that the courts of appeals shall have jurisdic-
13	tion over civil actions pertaining to section
14	103(a)(3); and
15	(3) any civil or other action, case or controversy
16	in a court of a State, or in any court other than a
17	district court of the United States, to which the Ad-
18	ministration is a party may at any time before trial
19	be removed by the Administration, without the giv-
20	ing of any bond or security and by following any
21	procedure for removal of causes in effect at the time
22	of the removal—
23	(A) to the district court of the United
24	States for the district and division embracing
25	the place in which the same is pending; or

1	(B) if there is no such district court, to the
2	district court of the United States for the dis-
3	trict in which the principal office of the Admin-
4	istration is located.
5	(f) Periodic Reports.—Not later than 1 year after
6	commencement of operation of the Administration and at
7	least biannually thereafter, the Administrator shall submit
8	to the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House
9	of Representatives and the Committee on Energy and
10	Natural Resources of the Senate a report that includes
11	a description of—
12	(1) the technologies supported by activities of
13	the Administration; and
14	(2) the performance of the Administration on
15	meeting the goals developed by the Secretary under
16	section 102.
17	(g) Audits by the Comptroller General.—
18	(1) In general.—The programs, activities, re-
19	ceipts, expenditures, and financial transactions of
20	the Administration shall be subject to audit by the
21	Comptroller General of the United States under
22	such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by
23	the Comptroller General.
24	(2) Access.—The representatives of the Gov-
25	ernment Accountability Office shall—

1	(A) have access to the personnel and to all
2	books, accounts, documents, records (including
3	electronic records), reports, files, and all other
4	papers, automated data, things, or property be-
5	longing to, under the control of, or in use by
6	the Administration, or any agent, representa-
7	tive, attorney, advisor, or consultant retained by
8	the Administration, and necessary to facilitate
9	the audit;
10	(B) be afforded full facilities for verifying
11	transactions with the balances or securities held
12	by depositories, fiscal agents, and custodians;
13	(C) be authorized to obtain and duplicate
14	any such books, accounts, documents, records
15	working papers, automated data and files, or
16	other information relevant to the audit without
17	cost to the Comptroller General; and
18	(D) have the right of access of the Comp-
19	troller General to such information under sec-
20	tion 716(c) of title 31, United States Code.
21	(3) Assistance and cost.—
22	(A) In general.—For the purpose of con-
23	ducting an audit under this subsection, the
24	Comptroller General may, in the discretion of

the Comptroller General, employ by contract,

1	without regard to section 6101 of title 41,
2	United States Code, professional services of
3	firms and organizations of certified public ac-
4	countants for temporary periods or for special
5	purposes.
6	(B) Reimbursement.—
7	(i) In general.—On the request of
8	the Comptroller General, the Administra-
9	tion shall reimburse the General Account-
10	ability Office for the full cost of any audit
11	conducted by the Comptroller General
12	under this subsection.
13	(ii) Crediting.—Such reimburse-
14	ments shall—
15	(I) be credited to the appropria-
16	tion account entitled "Salaries and
17	Expenses, Government Accountability
18	Office" at the time at which the pay-
19	ment is received; and
20	(II) remain available until ex-
21	pended.
22	(h) Annual Independent Audits.—
23	(1) In General.—The Administrator shall—
24	(A) have an annual independent audit
25	made of the financial statements of the Admin.

1	istration by an independent public accountant
2	in accordance with generally accepted auditing
3	standards; and
4	(B) submit to the Secretary the results of
5	the audit.
6	(2) Content.—In conducting an audit under
7	this subsection, the independent public accountant
8	shall determine and report on whether the financial
9	statements of the Administration—
10	(A) are presented fairly in accordance with
11	generally accepted accounting principles; and
12	(B) comply with any disclosure require-
13	ments imposed under this subtitle.
14	(i) Financial Reports.—
15	(1) In general.—The Administrator shall
16	submit to the Secretary annual and quarterly re-
17	ports of the financial condition and operations of the
18	Administration, which shall be in such form, contain
19	such information, and be submitted on such dates as
20	the Secretary shall require.
21	(2) Contents of annual reports.—Each
22	annual report shall include—
23	(A) financial statements prepared in ac-
24	cordance with generally accepted accounting
25	principles;

1	(B) any supplemental information or alter-
2	native presentation that the Secretary may re-
3	quire; and
4	(C) an assessment (as of the end of the
5	most recent fiscal year of the Administration),
6	signed by the chief executive officer and chief
7	accounting or financial officer of the Adminis-
8	tration, of—
9	(i) the effectiveness of the internal
10	control structure and procedures of the
11	Administration; and
12	(ii) the compliance of the Administra-
13	tion with applicable safety and soundness
14	laws.
15	(3) Special reports.—The Secretary may re-
16	quire the Administrator to submit other reports on
17	the condition (including financial condition), man-
18	agement, activities, or operations of the Administra-
19	tion, as the Secretary considers appropriate.
20	(4) Accuracy.—Each report of financial condi-
21	tion shall contain a declaration by the Administrator
22	or any other officer designated by the Board of Di-
23	rectors of the Administration to make the declara-
24	tion, that the report is true and correct to the best

of the knowledge and belief of the officer.

1	(5) Availability of reports.—Reports re-
2	quired under this section shall be published and
3	made publicly available as soon as is practicable
4	after receipt by the Secretary.
5	(j) Scope and Termination of Authority.—
6	(1) New obligations.—The Administrator
7	shall not initiate any new obligations under this sub-
8	title on or after January 1, 2039.
9	(2) REVERSION TO SECRETARY.—The authori-
10	ties and obligations of the Administration shall re-
11	vert to the Secretary on January 1, 2039.
12	Subtitle B—Beneficial
13	Electrification
13 14	Electrification SEC. 111. INNOVATION IN ELECTRIC VEHICLES THROUGH
14	SEC. 111. INNOVATION IN ELECTRIC VEHICLES THROUGH
14 15	SEC. 111. INNOVATION IN ELECTRIC VEHICLES THROUGH THE ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY MANUFAC-
14 15 16	SEC. 111. INNOVATION IN ELECTRIC VEHICLES THROUGH THE ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY MANUFACTURING INCENTIVE PROGRAM.
14 15 16 17	SEC. 111. INNOVATION IN ELECTRIC VEHICLES THROUGH THE ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY MANUFAC- TURING INCENTIVE PROGRAM. (a) IN GENERAL.—
14 15 16 17	SEC. 111. INNOVATION IN ELECTRIC VEHICLES THROUGH THE ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY MANUFACTURING INCENTIVE PROGRAM. (a) IN GENERAL.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 136(c) of the En-
114 115 116 117 118	SEC. 111. INNOVATION IN ELECTRIC VEHICLES THROUGH THE ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY MANUFAC- TURING INCENTIVE PROGRAM. (a) IN GENERAL.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 136(c) of the Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007 (42)
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 111. INNOVATION IN ELECTRIC VEHICLES THROUGH THE ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY MANUFACTURING INCENTIVE PROGRAM. (a) IN GENERAL.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 136(c) of the Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007 (42 U.S.C. 17013(c)) is amended by striking "December
114 115 116 117 118 119 220 221	SEC. 111. INNOVATION IN ELECTRIC VEHICLES THROUGH THE ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY MANUFAC- TURING INCENTIVE PROGRAM. (a) IN GENERAL.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 136(c) of the Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007 (42 U.S.C. 17013(c)) is amended by striking "December 30, 2020" each place it appears and inserting "De-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 111. INNOVATION IN ELECTRIC VEHICLES THROUGH THE ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY MANUFACTURING INCENTIVE PROGRAM. (a) IN GENERAL.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 136(c) of the Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007 (42 U.S.C. 17013(c)) is amended by striking "December 30, 2020" each place it appears and inserting "December 31, 2030".

1	(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—Section
2	136(i) of the Energy Independence and Security Act of
3	2007 (42 U.S.C. 17013(i)) is amended by striking "2008
4	through 2012" and inserting "2021 through 2030".
5	SEC. 112. DEPLOYMENT OF ELECTRIC VEHICLES THROUGH
6	TAX CREDITS.
7	(a) New Phaseout Rules Added to Qualified
8	PLUG-IN ELECTRIC VEHICLE TAX CREDIT.—Subsection
9	(e) of section 30D of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
10	is amended to read as follows:
11	"(e) Limitation on Number of New Qualified
12	Plug-In Electric Drive Motor Vehicles Eligible
13	for Credit.—
14	"(1) IN GENERAL.—In the case of any new
15	qualified plug-in electric drive motor vehicle sold
16	after the date of the enactment of the Clean Energy
17	Innovation and Deployment Act of 2020—
18	"(A) if such vehicle is sold during the tran-
19	sition period, the amount determined under
20	subsection (b)(2) shall be reduced by \$500, and
21	"(B) if such vehicle is sold during the
22	phaseout period, only the applicable percentage
23	of the credit otherwise allowable under sub-
24	section (a) shall be allowed.

"(2) Transition period.—For purposes of 1 2 this subsection, the transition period subsequent to 3 the first date on which the number of new qualified 4 plug-in electric drive motor vehicles manufactured by 5 the manufacturer of the vehicle referred to in para-6 graph (1) sold for use in the United States after De-7 cember 31, 2009, is at least 200,000. "(3) Phaseout period.— 8 "(A) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of this 9 subsection, the phaseout period is the period be-10 11 ginning with the second calendar quarter fol-12 lowing the calendar quarter which includes the 13 first date on which the number of new qualified 14 plug-in electric drive motor vehicles manufac-15 tured by the manufacturer of the vehicle re-16 ferred to in paragraph (1) sold for use in the 17 United States after December 31, 2009, is at 18 least 600,000. 19 "(B) APPLICABLE PERCENTAGE.—For 20 purposes of paragraph (1)(B), the applicable 21 percentage is— 22 "(i) 50 percent for the first calendar 23 quarter of the phaseout period, and 24 "(ii) 0 percent for each calendar quar-25 ter thereafter.

1	"(C) Exclusion of sale of certain ve-
2	HICLES.—
3	"(i) In general.—For purposes of
4	subparagraph (A), any new qualified plug-
5	in electric drive motor vehicle manufac-
6	tured by the manufacturer of the vehicle
7	referred to in paragraph (1) which was
8	sold during the exclusion period shall not
9	be included for purposes of determining
10	the number of such vehicles sold.
11	"(ii) Exclusion period.—For pur-
12	poses of this subparagraph, the exclusion
13	period is the period—
14	"(I) beginning on the first date
15	on which the number of new qualified
16	plug-in electric drive motor vehicles
17	manufactured by the manufacturer of
18	the vehicle referred to in paragraph
19	(1) sold for use in the United States
20	after December 31, 2009, is at least
21	200,000, and
22	"(II) ending on the date of the
23	enactment of the Clean Energy Inno-
24	vation and Deployment Act of 2020.

1	"(4) Controlled Groups.—Rules similar to
2	the rules of section 30B(f)(4) shall apply for pur-
3	poses of this subsection.".
4	(b) Extension of Credit for New Qualified
5	FUEL CELL MOTOR VEHICLES.—Section 30B(k)(1) of
6	the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking
7	"December 31, 2020" and inserting "December 31,
8	2028".
9	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
10	this section shall apply to property purchased after the
11	date of the enactment of this Act.
12	SEC. 113. DEPLOYMENT OF ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING
13	INFRASTRUCTURE THROUGH SUPPLY EQUIP-
13 14	INFRASTRUCTURE THROUGH SUPPLY EQUIP- MENT PROGRAMS.
14	MENT PROGRAMS.
14 15	MENT PROGRAMS. (a) Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment Co- Ordination.—Not later than 90 days after the date of
14 15 16 17	MENT PROGRAMS. (a) Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment Co- Ordination.—Not later than 90 days after the date of
14 15 16 17	MENT PROGRAMS. (a) ELECTRIC VEHICLE SUPPLY EQUIPMENT CO- ORDINATION.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Energy, acting
14 15 16 17	MENT PROGRAMS. (a) ELECTRIC VEHICLE SUPPLY EQUIPMENT CO- ORDINATION.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Energy, acting through the Assistant Secretary of the Office of Elec-
14 15 16 17 18	MENT PROGRAMS. (a) ELECTRIC VEHICLE SUPPLY EQUIPMENT CO- ORDINATION.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Energy, acting through the Assistant Secretary of the Office of Elec- tricity, shall convene a group to assess progress in the de-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	MENT PROGRAMS. (a) ELECTRIC VEHICLE SUPPLY EQUIPMENT CO- ORDINATION.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Energy, acting through the Assistant Secretary of the Office of Elec- tricity, shall convene a group to assess progress in the de- velopment of standards necessary to—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	MENT PROGRAMS. (a) ELECTRIC VEHICLE SUPPLY EQUIPMENT CO- ORDINATION.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Energy, acting through the Assistant Secretary of the Office of Elec- tricity, shall convene a group to assess progress in the de- velopment of standards necessary to— (1) support the expanded deployment of electric
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	MENT PROGRAMS. (a) ELECTRIC VEHICLE SUPPLY EQUIPMENT CO- ORDINATION.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Energy, acting through the Assistant Secretary of the Office of Elec- tricity, shall convene a group to assess progress in the de- velopment of standards necessary to— (1) support the expanded deployment of electric vehicle supply equipment;

1	(3) ensure the development of such network will
2	not compromise the stability and reliability of the
3	electric grid.
4	(b) UTILITY ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING PRO-
5	GRAMS.—
6	(1) Consideration and determination re-
7	SPECTING CERTAIN RATEMAKING STANDARDS.—Sec-
8	tion 111(d) of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies
9	Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2621(d)) is amended by
10	adding at the end the following:
11	"(20) Utility electric vehicle charging
12	PROGRAMS.—
13	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Each State shall con-
14	sider authorizing each electric utility of the
15	State to establish rates sufficient to recover
16	from ratepayers any capital, operating expendi-
17	ture, or other costs of the electric utility relat-
18	ing to the deployment of electric vehicle supply
19	equipment designed to provide vehicle charging
20	or load management.
21	"(B) Definition.—For purposes of this
22	paragraph, the term 'electric vehicle supply
23	equipment' means the conductors, including the
24	ungrounded, grounded, and equipment ground-
25	ing conductors, the electric vehicle connectors,

1	attachment plugs, and all other fittings, devices,
2	power outlets, or apparatuses installed specifi-
3	cally for the purpose of delivering energy to an
4	electric vehicle.".

- (2) Obligations to consider and determine.—
 - (A) TIME LIMITATIONS.—Section 112(b) of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2622(b)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(7)(A) Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this paragraph, each State regulatory authority (with respect to each electric utility for which it has ratemaking authority) and each non-regulated electric utility shall commence the consideration referred to in section 111, or set a hearing date for consideration, with respect to the standard established by paragraph (20) of section 111(d).

"(B) Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this paragraph, each State regulatory authority (with respect to each electric utility for which it has ratemaking authority) and each nonregulated electric utility shall complete the consideration, and shall make the determination, re-

1	ferred to in section 111 with respect to the standard
2	established by paragraph (20) of section 111(d).".
3	(B) Failure to comply.—Section 112(c)
4	of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of
5	1978 (16 U.S.C. 2622(c)) is amended—
6	(i) by striking "subsection (b)(2)" and
7	inserting "subsection (b)"; and
8	(ii) by striking "(19)" and inserting
9	"(20)".
10	(C) Prior state actions.—Section 112
11	of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of
12	1978 (16 U.S.C. 2622) is amended by adding
13	at the end the following:
14	"(g) Prior State Actions.—Subsections (b) and
15	(c) of this section shall not apply to the standard estab-
16	lished by paragraph (20) of section 111(d) in the case of
17	any electric utility in a State if, before the enactment of
18	this subsection—
19	"(1) the State has implemented for such utility
20	the standard concerned (or a comparable standard);
21	"(2) the State regulatory authority for such
22	State or relevant nonregulated electric utility has
23	conducted a proceeding to consider implementation
24	of the standard concerned (or a comparable stand-
25	ard) for such utility; or

1	"(3) the State legislature has voted on the im-
2	plementation of such standard (or a comparable
3	standard) for such utility.".
4	(c) Model Building Code for Electric Vehicle
5	SUPPLY EQUIPMENT.—
6	(1) Development.—The Secretary of Energy
7	shall develop a proposal to establish or update, as
8	appropriate, model building codes for—
9	(A) integrating electric vehicle supply
10	equipment into residential and commercial
11	buildings that include space for individual vehi-
12	cle or fleet vehicle parking; and
13	(B) integrating onsite renewable power
14	equipment and electric storage equipment (in-
15	cluding electric vehicle batteries to be used for
16	electric storage) in residential and commercial
17	buildings.
18	(2) Consultation.—In developing the pro-
19	posal under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall con-
20	sult with stakeholders representing the building con-
21	struction industry, manufacturers of electric vehicles
22	and electric vehicle supply equipment, State and
23	local governments, and any other persons with rel-
24	evant expertise or interests.

1 (3) DEADLINE.—Not later than 1 year after 2 the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary 3 shall submit the proposal developed under paragraph 4 (1) to the American Society of Heating, Refrig-5 erating, and Air Conditioning Engineers and the 6 International Code Council for consideration. 7 SEC. 114. DEPLOYMENT OF ENERGY EFFICIENT BUILDINGS 8 THROUGH TAX CREDITS. 9 (a) Credit Dates Extended.—Subsection (g) of section 25D of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is 10 11 amended— 12 (1) in paragraph (1), by striking "January 1, 13 2020" and inserting "January 1, 2025"; (2) in paragraph (2), by striking "after Decem-14 15 ber 31, 2019, and before January 1, 2021" and in-16 serting "after December 31, 2024, and before Janu-17 ary 1, 2026"; and 18 (3) in paragraph (3), by striking "after Decem-19 ber 31, 2020, and before January 1, 2022" and in-20 serting "after December 31, 2025, and before Janu-21 ary 1, 2027". 22 (b) TERMINATION DATE EXTENDED.—Subsection 23 (h) of section 25D of such Code is amended by striking

"December 31, 2021" and inserting "December 31,

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2026".

1	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
2	this section shall apply to property placed in service after
3	December 31, 2019.
4	SEC. 115. DEPLOYMENT OF ENERGY EFFICIENT BUILDINGS
5	THROUGH GRANTS.
6	(a) Energy Efficient Public Buildings.—Sec-
7	tion 125(c) of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C.
8	15822(c)) is amended by striking "\$30,000,000 for each
9	of fiscal years 2006 through 2010" and inserting
10	"\$100,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through
11	2026".
12	(b) Energy Efficiency and Conservation
13	BLOCK GRANT PROGRAM.—
14	(1) Purpose.—Section 542(b)(1) of the En-
15	ergy Independence and Security Act of 2007 (42
16	U.S.C. 17152(b)(1)) is amended—
17	(A) in subparagraph (A), by striking ";
18	and" and inserting a semicolon;
19	(B) in subparagraph (B), by striking the
20	semicolon and inserting "; and"; and
21	(C) by adding at the end the following:
22	"(C) diversifies energy supplies, including
23	by facilitating and promoting the use of alter-
24	native fuels;".

1	(2) Use of funds.—Section 544(9) of the En-
2	ergy Independence and Security Act of 2007 (42
3	U.S.C. 17154(9)) is amended to read as follows:
4	"(9) deployment of energy distribution tech-
5	nologies that significantly increase energy efficiency
6	or expand access to alternative fuels, including—
7	"(A) distributed resources;
8	"(B) district heating and cooling systems;
9	and
10	"(C) infrastructure for delivering alter-
11	native fuels;".
12	(3) Competitive grants.—Section 546(c)(2)
13	of the Energy Independence and Security Act of
14	2007 (42 U.S.C. 17156(c)(2)) is amended by insert-
15	ing ", including projects to expand the use of alter-
16	native fuels" before the period at the end.
17	(4) Funding.—Section 548(a) of the Energy
18	Independence and Security Act of 2007 (42 U.S.C.
19	17158(a)) is amended to read as follows:
20	"(a) Authorization of Appropriations.—
21	"(1) Grants.—There is authorized to be ap-
22	propriated to the Secretary for the provision of
23	grants under the program \$3,500,000,000 for each
24	of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.

1	"(2) Administrative costs.—There is au-
2	thorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for ad-
3	ministrative expenses of the program \$35,000,000
4	for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.".
5	(5) Technical amendments.—Section 543 of
6	the Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007
7	(42 U.S.C. 17153) is amended—
8	(A) in subsection (c), by striking "sub-
9	section (a)(2)" and inserting "subsection
10	(a)(3)"; and
11	(B) in subsection (d), by striking "sub-
12	section (a)(3)" and inserting "subsection
13	(a)(4)".
14	(c) Smart Federal Building Program.—
15	(1) Definitions.—In this subsection:
16	(A) Secretary.—The term "Secretary"
17	means the Secretary of Energy.
18	(B) SMART BUILDING.—The term "smart
19	building" means a building, or collection of
20	buildings, with an energy system that—
21	(i) is flexible and automated;
22	(ii) has extensive operational moni-
23	toring and communication connectivity, al-
24	lowing remote monitoring and analysis of
25	all building functions;

1	(iii) takes a systems-based approach
2	in integrating the overall building oper-
3	ations for control of energy generation,
4	consumption, and storage;
5	(iv) communicates with utilities and
6	other third-party commercial entities, if
7	appropriate;
8	(v) protects the health and safety of
9	occupants and workers; and
10	(vi) is cybersecure.
11	(2) Establishment.—Not later than 1 year
12	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
13	retary shall, in consultation with the Administrator
14	of General Services, establish a program, to be
15	known as the Federal Smart Building Program—
16	(A) to implement smart building tech-
17	nology; and
18	(B) to demonstrate the costs and benefits
19	of smart buildings.
20	(3) Selection.—
21	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall co-
22	ordinate the selection of not fewer than 1 build-
23	ing from among each of several key Federal
24	agencies, as described in paragraph (5), to com-
25	pose an appropriately diverse set of smart

1	buildings based on size, type, and geographic lo-
2	cation.
3	(B) Inclusion of commercially oper-
4	ATED BUILDINGS.—In making selections under
5	subparagraph (A), the Secretary may include
6	buildings that are owned by the Federal Gov-
7	ernment but are commercially operated.
8	(4) Targets.—Not later than 18 months after
9	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary
10	shall establish targets for the number of smart
11	buildings to be commissioned and evaluated by key
12	Federal agencies described in paragraph (5) by 3
13	years and 6 years after the date of enactment of this
14	Act.
15	(5) Federal agency described.—The key
16	Federal agencies described in this subsection shall
17	include buildings operated by—
18	(A) the Department of the Army;
19	(B) the Department of the Navy;
20	(C) the Department of the Air Force;
21	(D) the Department of Energy;
22	(E) the Department of the Interior;
23	(F) the Department of Veterans Affairs;
24	and
25	(G) the General Services Administration.

1	(6) Requirement.—In implementing the pro-
2	gram established under paragraph (2), the Secretary
3	shall leverage existing financing mechanisms includ-
4	ing energy savings performance contracts, utility en-
5	ergy service contracts, and annual appropriations.
6	(7) EVALUATION.—Using the guidelines of the
7	Federal Energy Management Program relating to
8	whole-building evaluation, measurement, and
9	verification, the Secretary shall evaluate the costs
10	and benefits of the buildings selected under para-
11	graph (3), including an identification of—
12	(A) which advanced building tech-
13	nologies—
14	(i) are most cost-effective; and
15	(ii) show the most promise for—
16	(I) increasing energy savings;
17	(II) increasing service perform-
18	ance to building occupants;
19	(III) reducing environmental im-
20	pacts; and
21	(IV) establishing cybersecurity;
22	and
23	(B) any other information the Secretary
24	determines to be appropriate.

1	(8) AWARDS.—The Secretary may expand
2	awards made under the Federal Energy Manage-
3	ment Program and the Better Building Challenge to
4	recognize specific agency achievements in accel-
5	erating the adoption of smart building technologies.
6	Subtitle C—Zero-Emission
7	Electricity Generation Technology
8	SEC. 121. DEPLOYMENT OF SOLAR AND WIND TECHNOLOGY
9	THROUGH TAX CREDITS.
10	(a) Energy Credit for Qualified Offshore
11	WIND FACILITIES.—
12	(1) In general.—Subsection (a) of section 48
13	of the Internal Revenue Code is amended—
14	(A) in paragraph (2)(A)(i)—
15	(i) in subclause (III), by striking
16	"and" at the end; and
17	(ii) by adding at the end the following
18	new subclause:
19	"(V) qualified offshore wind property,
20	and"; and
21	(B) in paragraph (3)(A)—
22	(i) in clause (vi), by striking "or" at
23	the end;
24	(ii) in clause (vii), by adding "or" at
25	the end: and

1	(iii) by adding at the end the fol-
2	lowing new clause:
3	"(viii) qualified offshore wind prop-
4	erty, but only with respect to property the
5	construction of which begins before Janu-
6	ary 1, 2028,".
7	(2) Qualified offshore wind property.—
8	Subsection (c) of section 48 of such Code is amend-
9	ed by adding at the end the following new para-
10	graph:
11	"(5) Qualified offshore wind property.—
12	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualified
13	offshore wind property' means an offshore facil-
14	ity using wind to produce electricity.
15	"(B) Offshore facility.—The term
16	'offshore facility' means any facility located in
17	the inland navigable waters of the United
18	States, including the Great Lakes, or in the
19	coastal waters of the United States, including
20	the territorial seas of the United States, the ex-
21	clusive economic zone of the United States, and
22	the outer Continental Shelf of the United
23	States.
24	"(C) EXCEPTION FOR QUALIFIED SMALL
25	WIND ENERGY PROPERTY.—The term 'qualified

1	offshore wind property' shall not include any
2	property described in paragraph (4).
3	"(D) Special rule.—In the case of any
4	property described in subparagraph (A) which
5	was placed in service after December 31, 2016,
6	and for which a credit under this section was
7	allowed by reason of subsection (a)(5) in any
8	taxable year which ends before or includes the
9	date of the enactment of the Clean Energy In-
10	novation and Deployment Act of 2020, notwith-
11	standing any election under such subsection
12	(a)(5), such property may be treated at the
13	election of the taxpayer as qualified offshore
14	wind property (and not as qualified property
15	which is part of a qualified investment credit
16	facility) for—
17	"(i) taxable years beginning on or
18	after such date of enactment, and
19	"(ii) any taxable years ending before
20	such date of enactment, including by filing
21	an amended return.
22	Notwithstanding section 6501, an amended re-
23	turn may be filed for purposes of clause (ii) for
24	any taxable year described in such clause.".

1	(3) Effective date.—The amendments made
2	by this section shall take effect on the date of the
3	enactment of this Act.
4	(b) Extension and Phaseout of Investment
5	Tax Credit.—
6	(1) Extension of investment tax cred-
7	IT.—Section 48 of the Internal Revenue Code of
8	1986 is amended—
9	(A) in subsection (a)—
10	(i) in paragraph $(2)(A)(i)(II)$, by
11	striking "January 1, 2022" and inserting
12	"January 1, 2028";
13	(ii) in paragraph (3)(A)—
14	(I) in clause (ii), by striking
15	"January 1, 2022" and inserting
16	"January 1, 2028"; and
17	(II) in clause (vii), by striking
18	"January 1, 2022" and inserting
19	"January 1, 2028"; and
20	(iii) in paragraph (5)(C)—
21	(I) in clause (i)—
22	(aa) by striking " (2) , (3) ,
23	(4), (6), (7),"; and
24	(bb) by inserting "and which
25	is placed in service after 2008

1	and the construction of which be-
2	gins before January 1, 2028"
3	after "section 45(d)"; and
4	(II) in clause (ii), by inserting at
5	the beginning of the clause "which is
6	a qualified facility (within the mean-
7	ing of section 45) described in para-
8	graph (2), (3), (4), (6), and (7) and";
9	and
10	(B) in subsection (e)—
11	(i) in paragraph (1)(D), by striking
12	"January 1, 2022" and inserting "Janu-
13	ary 1, 2028";
14	(ii) in paragraph (2)(D), by striking
15	"January 1, 2022" and inserting "Janu-
16	ary 1, 2028";
17	(iii) in paragraph (3)(A)(iv), by strik-
18	ing "January 1, 2022" and inserting
19	"January 1, 2028"; and
20	(iv) in paragraph (4)(C), by striking
21	"January 1, 2022" and inserting "Janu-
22	ary 1, 2028".
23	(2) Credit transferability for solar in-
24	VESTMENT TAX CREDIT.—Section 48 of such Code

1	is further amended by adding at the end the fol-
2	lowing new subsections:
3	"(e) Transferability.—If a taxpayer elects to
4	transfer all (or any portion specified in the election) of
5	the credit determined under this section for an energy
6	property described in subsection (a)(5) or (a)(6) for any
7	taxable year to an eligible project partner for a specified
8	period, then the eligible project partner specified in such
9	election (and not the taxpayer) shall be treated for pur-
10	poses of this title with respect to such credit (or such por-
11	tion thereof) as the person entitled to such credit (or por-
12	tion thereof).
13	"(f) Eligible Project Partner.—
14	"(1) In general.—For purposes of this para-
15	graph, the term 'eligible project partner' means,
16	with respect to any energy property described in
17	subsection (a)(5) or (a)(6), any person who—
18	"(A) has an ownership interest in such en-
19	ergy property,
20	"(B) provided equipment for or services in
21	the construction of such energy property,
22	"(C) provides electric transmission or dis-
23	tribution services for such energy property,
24	"(D) purchases electricity from such en-
25	ergy property pursuant to a contract, or

1	"(E) provides financing for such energy
2	property.
3	"(2) Special rule.—For purposes of para-
4	graph (1)(E), any amount paid as consideration for
5	a transfer described in subsection (e) shall not be
6	treated as financing of a qualified facility.
7	"(g) Taxable Year in Which Credit Taken Into
8	ACCOUNT.—In the case of any credit (or portion thereof)
9	with respect to which an election is made under subsection
10	(e), such credit shall be taken into account in the first
11	taxable year of the eligible project partner ending with,
12	or after, the electing taxpayer's taxable year with respect
13	to which the credit was determined.
14	"(h) Limitations on Election.—
15	"(1) Time for election.—An election under
16	subsection (e) to transfer any portion of the credit
17	allowed under this section shall be made not later
18	than the due date for the return of tax for the elect-
19	ing taxpayer's taxable year with respect to which the
20	credit was determined.
21	"(2) No further transfers.—No election
22	may be made under subsection (e) by a taxpayer
23	with respect to any portion of the credit allowed
	with respect to any portion of the credit anowed

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ferred to such taxpayer.

1	"(3) Treatment of transfer under pri-
2	VATE USE RULES.—For purposes of section
3	141(b)(1), any benefit derived by an eligible project
4	partner in connection with an election under sub-
5	section (e) shall not be taken into account as a pri-
6	vate business use.
7	"(4) Additional election requirements.—
8	The Secretary may prescribe such regulations as
9	may be appropriate to carry out the purposes of this
10	section, including—
11	"(A) rules for determining which persons
12	are eligible project partners with respect to any
13	energy property, and
14	"(B) requiring information to be included
15	in an election under subparagraph (A) or im-
16	posing additional reporting requirements.
17	"(i) Special Rules.—
18	"(1) In the case of a taxpayer making an elec-
19	tion under this section, the credit subject to such an
20	election shall be determined notwithstanding—
21	"(A) section $50(b)(3)$; and
22	"(B) section 50(b)(4) for an entity de-
23	scribed in $50(b)(4)(A)(i)$.
24	"(2) In the case of a mutual or cooperative
25	electric company described in this paragraph or an

1	organization described in section 1381(a)(2), income
2	received or accrued in connection with the transfer
3	of credit under this section shall be treated as an
4	amount collected from members for the sole purpose
5	of meeting losses and expenses.
6	"(j) Termination.—This section shall apply to tax-
7	able years ending before January 1, 2050.".
8	(3) Phaseouts.—
9	(A) Solar energy property.—Section
10	48(a)(6) of such Code is amended—
11	(i) in subparagraph (A)—
12	(I) by striking "January 1, 2022,
13	the energy percentage" and inserting
14	"January 1, 2028, the energy per-
15	centage";
16	(II) in clause (i), by striking
17	"after December 31, 2019, and before
18	January 1, 2021" and inserting
19	"after December 31, 2020, and before
20	January 1, 2027"; and
21	(III) in clause (ii), by striking
22	"after December 31, 2020, and before
23	January 1, 2022" and inserting
24	"after December 31, 2021, and before
25	January 1, 2027'': and

1	(ii) in subparagraph (B), by striking
2	"begins before January 1, 2022, and which
3	is not placed in service before January 1,
4	2024" and inserting "begins before Janu-
5	ary 1, 2028, and which is not placed in
6	service before January 1, 2030".
7	(B) Fiber-optic solar, qualified fuel
8	CELL, AND QUALIFIED SMALL WIND ENERGY
9	PROPERTY.—Section 48(a)(7) of such Code is
10	amended—
11	(i) in subparagraph (A)—
12	(I) in clause (i), by striking
13	"after December 31, 2019, and before
14	January 1, 2021" and inserting
15	"after December 31, 2020, and before
16	January 1, 2027"; and
17	(II) in clause (ii), by striking
18	"after December 31, 2020, and before
19	January 1, 2022" and inserting
20	"after December 31, 2021, and before
21	January 1, 2027"; and
22	(ii) in subparagraph (B), by striking
23	"January 1, 2024" and inserting "Janu-
24	ary 1, 2030".
25	(c) Extension of Production Tax Credit.—

- 1 (1) WIND.—Section 45(d)(1) of the Internal 2 Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking "Jan-3 uary 1, 2021" and inserting "January 1, 2028".
- 4 (2) Hydropower, Marine and 5 Hydrokinetic.—Section 45(d)(9)(a)(i) and (ii) and 6 Section 45(d)(11)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking "January 1, 2021" 8 and inserting "January 1, 2028".
- 9 (3) APPLICATION OF PHASEOUT PERCENT-10 AGE.—Section 45(b)(5)(D) of the Internal Revenue 11 Code of 1986 is amended by striking "January 1, 12 2021" and inserting "January 1, 2028".
- 13 (4) TREATMENT AS ENERGY PROPERTY.—Sec-14 tion 48(a)(5)(E) of the Internal Revenue Code of 15 1986 is amended by striking "January 1, 2021" and 16 inserting "January 1, 2028".
- 17 (5) CREDIT TRANSFERABILITY FOR WIND PRO-18 DUCTION TAX CREDIT.—Section 45 of the Internal 19 Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by adding at the 20 end the following:
- "(f) Transferability.—If the taxpayer elects to transfer all (or any portion specified in the election) of the credit determined under this section for any taxable year with respect to any qualified facility as defined in subsection (d)(1) to an eligible project partner for a speci-

1	fied period, then, the eligible project partner specified in
2	such election (and not the taxpayer) shall be treated for
3	purposes of this title with respect to such credit (or such
4	portion thereof) as the person producing and selling the
5	electricity to which such credit (or portion thereof) relates.
6	"(g) Eligible Project Partner.—
7	"(1) In general.—For purposes of this sec-
8	tion, the term 'eligible project partner' means, with
9	respect to any qualified facility as defined in sub-
10	section (d)(1), any person who—
11	"(A) has an ownership interest in such
12	qualified facility,
13	"(B) provided equipment for or services in
14	the construction of such qualified facility,
15	"(C) provides electric transmission or dis-
16	tribution services for such qualified facility,
17	"(D) purchases electricity from such quali-
18	fied facility pursuant to a contract, or
19	"(E) provides financing for such qualified
20	facility.
21	"(2) Special rule.—For purposes of para-
22	graph (1)(E), any amount paid as consideration for
23	a transfer described in subsection (f) shall not be
24	treated as financing of a qualified facility.

- 1 "(h) Taxable Year in Which Credit Taken Into
- 2 ACCOUNT.—In the case of any credit (or portion thereof)
- 3 with respect to which an election is made under subsection
- 4 (f), such credit shall be taken into account in the first
- 5 taxable year of the eligible project partner ending with,
- 6 or after, the electing taxpayer's taxable year with respect
- 7 to which the credit was determined.
- 8 "(i) Limitations on Election.—
- 9 "(1) Time for election.—An election under
- subsection (f) to transfer any portion of the credit
- allowed under this section shall be made not later
- than the due date for the return of tax for the elect-
- ing taxpayer's taxable year with respect to which the
- 14 credit was determined.
- 15 "(2) NO FURTHER TRANSFERS.—No election
- may be made under subsection (f) by a taxpayer
- with respect to any portion of the credit allowed
- under this section which has been previously trans-
- 19 ferred to such taxpayer under this paragraph.
- 20 "(3) Treatment of transfer under pri-
- VATE USE RULES.—For purposes of section
- 22 141(b)(1), any benefit derived by an eligible project
- partner in connection with an election under this
- section shall not be taken into account as a private
- business use.

1	"(4) Additional election requirements.—
2	The Secretary may prescribe such regulations as
3	may be appropriate to carry out the purposes of this
4	section, including—
5	"(A) rules for determining which persons
6	are eligible project partners with respect to any
7	energy property, and
8	"(B) requiring information to be included
9	in an election under subsection (f) or imposing
10	additional reporting requirements.
11	"(j) Termination.—This section shall apply to tax-
12	able years ending before January 1, 2050.".
13	(d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
14	this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after
15	December 31, 2020.
16	SEC. 122. ENERGY TAX CREDIT MONETIZATION.
17	(a) In General.—Subchapter B of chapter 65 of the
18	Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by adding at
19	the end the following new section:
20	"SEC. 6431. ELECTIVE PAYMENT FOR ENERGY PROPERTY
21	AND ELECTRICITY PRODUCED FROM CER-
22	TAIN RENEWABLE RESOURCES, ETC.
23	"(a) Energy Property.—In the case of a taxpayer
24	making an election (at such time and in such manner as

- 1 the Secretary may provide) under this section with respect
- 2 to—
- 3 "(1) any portion of an energy credit which
- 4 would (without regard to this section) be determined
- 5 under section 48 with respect to property originally
- 6 placed in service after December 31, 2019 and be-
- 7 fore January 1, 2025,
- 8 "(2) any portion of a renewable electricity pro-
- 9 duction credit which would (without regard to this
- section) be determined under section 45 with respect
- to property originally placed in service after Decem-
- 12 ber 31, 2019 and before January 1, 2025, or
- "(3) any portion of a credit carryforward to the
- extent attributable to section 48 or section 45 that
- is allowed under section 38(a)(1) (determined with-
- out regard to section 38(c)) for taxable years ending
- after December 31, 2019 and before January 1,
- 18 2025,
- 19 such taxpayer shall be treated as making a payment
- 20 against the tax imposed by subtitle A for the taxable year
- 21 equal to 85 percent of such amount.
- 22 "(b) TIMING.—The payment described in subsection
- 23 (a) shall be treated as made on the later of the due date
- 24 of the return of tax (determined without extensions) for
- 25 such taxable year or the date on which such return is filed.

1	"(c) Exclusion From Gross Income.—Gross in-
2	come of the taxpayer shall be determined without regard
3	to this section.
4	"(d) Denial of Double Benefit.—Solely for pur-
5	poses of section 38, in the case of a taxpayer making an
6	election under this section, the energy credit determined
7	under section 48 or the renewable electricity production
8	credit determined under section 45 shall be reduced by
9	the amount of the portion of such credit with respect to
10	which the taxpayer makes such election.
11	"(e) Special Rules.—
12	"(1) In the case of a taxpayer making an elec-
13	tion under this section, the credit subject to such an
14	election shall be determined notwithstanding—
15	"(A) section $50(b)(3)$; and
16	"(B) section 50(b)(4) for an entity de-
17	scribed in $50(b)(4)(A)(i)$.
18	"(2) In the case of a mutual or cooperative
19	electric company described in this paragraph or an
20	organization described in section 1381(a)(2), income
21	received or accrued in connection with the refunding
22	or direct payment of credit under this section shall
23	be treated as an amount collected from members for
24	the sole purpose of meeting losses and expenses.".

1	(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
2	for subchapter B of chapter 65 of such Code is amended
3	by adding at the end the following new item:
	"Sec. 6431. Elective payment for energy property and electricity produced from certain renewable resources, etc.".
4	(e) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
5	this section shall apply to taxable years ending after the
6	date of the enactment of this Act.
7	SEC. 123. INNOVATION IN ENERGY STORAGE THROUGH RE-
8	SEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, AND DEMONSTRA-
9	TION.
10	(a) In General.—The United States Energy Stor-
11	age Competitiveness Act of 2007 (42 U.S.C. 17231) is
12	amended—
13	(1) by redesignating subsections (l) through (p)
14	as subsections (m) through (q), respectively; and
15	(2) by inserting after subsection (k) the fol-
16	lowing:
17	"(1) GRID-SCALE ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM RE-
18	SEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, AND DEMONSTRATION PRO-
19	GRAM.—
20	"(1) Definitions.—In this subsection:
21	"(A) Energy storage system.—The
22	term 'energy storage system' means a system,
23	equipment facility or technology that—

1	"(i) is capable of absorbing energy,
2	storing that energy for a period of time,
3	and dispatching the stored energy; and
4	"(ii)(I) uses a mechanical, electrical,
5	chemical, electrochemical, or thermal proc-
6	ess to store energy that—
7	"(aa) was generated at an earlier
8	time for use at a later time; or
9	"(bb) was generated from a me-
10	chanical process, and would otherwise
11	be wasted, for delivery at a later time;
12	or
13	"(II) stores thermal energy for direct
14	use for heating or cooling at a later time
15	in a manner that avoids the need to use
16	electricity at that later time, in the same
17	manner as the storage and use offered by
18	a grid-enabled water heater.
19	"(B) Program.—The term 'program'
20	means the research, development, and dem-
21	onstration program established under para-
22	graph $(2)(A)$.
23	"(2) Establishment.—
24	"(A) In General.—Not later than 180
25	days after the date of enactment of this Act,

1	the Secretary shall establish within the Office of
2	Electricity of the Department of Energy a re-
3	search, development, and demonstration pro-
4	gram of grid-scale energy storage systems, in
5	accordance with this subsection.
6	"(B) Goals, priorities, cost tar-
7	GETS.—Not later than 180 days after the date
8	of enactment of this Act, The Secretary shall
9	develop goals, priorities, and cost targets for
10	the program.
11	"(3) Strategic plan.—
12	"(A) In General.—Not later than 180
13	days after the date of enactment of this Act,
14	the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on
15	Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate
16	and the Committee on Science, Space, and
17	Technology of the House of Representatives a
18	10-year strategic plan for the program.
19	"(B) Contents.—The strategic plan sub-
20	mitted under subparagraph (A) shall—
21	"(i) identify Department of Energy
22	programs that support—
23	"(I) the research and develop-
24	ment activities described in paragraph

1	(4) and the demonstration projects
2	under paragraph (6); and
3	"(II) activities or projects not de-
4	scribed in subclause (I) that are im-
5	portant to the development of grid-
6	scale energy storage systems and the
7	mission of the Office of Electricity of
8	the Department of Energy, as deter-
9	mined by the Secretary; and
10	"(ii) include expected timelines for—
11	"(I) the accomplishment of rel-
12	evant objectives under current pro-
13	grams of the Department of Energy
14	relating to grid-scale energy storage
15	systems; and
16	"(II) the commencement of any
17	new initiatives within the Department
18	of Energy relating to grid-scale energy
19	storage systems to accomplish those
20	objectives.
21	"(C) UPDATES TO PLAN.—Not less fre-
22	quently than once every 2 years, the Secretary
23	shall submit to the Committee on Energy and
24	Natural Resources of the Senate and the Com-
25	mittee on Science, Space, and Technology of

1	the House of Representatives an updated stra-
2	tegic plan for the same 10-year period as the
3	plan under subparagraph (A), which shall iden-
4	tify, and provide a justification for, any major
5	deviation from a previous strategic plan sub-
6	mitted under this paragraph.
7	"(4) Research and Development.—In car-
8	rying out the program, the Secretary shall focus re-
9	search and development activities on developing cost-
10	effective energy storage systems that—
11	"(A)(i) to balance day-scale needs, are ca-
12	pable of highly flexible power output for not
13	less than 6 hours; and
14	"(ii) have a lifetime of—
15	"(I) not less than 8,000 cycles of dis-
16	charge at full output; and
17	"(II) 20 years of useful-life operation;
18	"(B)(i) can provide power to the electric
19	grid for durations of approximately 6 to 100
20	hours; and
21	"(ii) have a lifetime of—
22	"(I) not less than 1,500 cycles of dis-
23	charge at full output; and
24	"(II) 20 years of operation; and

1	"(C) can store energy over several months
2	and address seasonal scale variations in supply
3	and demand.
4	"(5) Cost targets.—
5	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Cost targets developed
6	by the Secretary under paragraph (2)(B)
7	shall—
8	"(i) be for energy storage costs across
9	all types of energy storage technology; and
10	"(ii) include technology costs, installa-
11	tion costs, balance of services costs, and
12	soft costs.
13	"(B) Target updates; subtargets.—
14	Not less frequently than once every 5 years
15	during the 10-year period beginning on the date
16	of enactment of the Act, the Secretary shall—
17	"(i) revise the cost targets developed
18	under paragraph (2)(B) based on—
19	"(I) a technology-neutral ap-
20	proach that considers all types of en-
21	ergy storage deployment scenarios, in-
22	cluding individual technologies, tech-
23	nology combination use profiles, and
24	integrated control system applications;

1	"(II) input from a variety of
2	stakeholders;
3	"(III) the inclusion and use of
4	existing infrastructure; and
5	"(IV) the ability to optimize the
6	integration of intermittent renewable
7	energy generation technology and dis-
8	tributed energy resources; and
9	"(ii) establish cost subtargets for
10	technologies and applications relating to
11	the energy storage systems described in
12	paragraph (4), taking into consideration—
13	"(I) electricity market prices; and
14	"(II) the goal of being cost-com-
15	petitive in specific markets for electric
16	grid products and services.
17	"(6) Demonstration projects.—
18	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than Sep-
19	tember 30, 2023, under the program, the Sec-
20	retary shall, to the maximum extent practicable,
21	enter into agreements to carry out not more
22	than 5 grid-scale energy storage system dem-
23	onstration projects, including at least one in
24	which an electric cooperative is a participant
25	and at least one in which a retail electricity

1 supplier that is a State, or any political subdivi-2 sion of a State is a participant. 3 "(B) OBJECTIVE.—Each demonstration 4 project carried out under subparagraph (A) 5 shall be designed to further the development of 6 the energy storage systems described in para-7 graph (4). 8 "(C) NO OWNERSHIP INTEREST.—The 9 Federal Government shall not hold any equity 10 or other ownership interest in any grid-scale en-11 ergy storage system that is part of a dem-12 onstration project under this paragraph. 13 "(7) Testing and Validation.—The Sec-14 retary shall accelerate the standardized testing and 15 validation of grid-scale energy storage systems under 16 the program through collaboration with one or more 17 National Laboratories (as defined in section 2 of the

20 odologies for—

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"(A) standardized grid performance testing for energy storage systems, materials, and technologies during each stage of development, beginning with the research stage and ending with the deployment stage, including performance

Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 15801)), in-

cluding by developing testing and evaluation meth-

1	testing with charge and discharge protocols to
2	evaluate power capability, energy output, and
3	degradation during cycling and calendar aging
4	on earliest stage commercially viable prototypes
5	(commonly less than 100 kilowatts); and
6	"(B) accelerated life testing protocols to
7	predict estimated lifetime metrics with accu-
8	racy.
9	"(8) COORDINATION.—To accelerate the devel-
10	opment of grid-scale energy storage systems under
11	the program the Secretary shall coordinate with—
12	"(A) offices within the Department of En-
13	ergy conducting energy storage research, such
14	as the Advanced Research Projects Agency–En-
15	ergy, the Office of Science, and the Office of
16	Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy;
17	"(B) Federal agencies that are carrying
18	out initiatives to increase energy security or re-
19	liability, such as the Department of Defense,
20	the National Science Foundation, the Federal
21	Energy Regulatory Commission, and the De-
22	partment of Homeland Security;
23	"(C) program offices that aim to increase
24	domestic manufacturing and production, such
25	as the Office of Advanced Manufacturing in the

1	Department of Energy and the National Insti-
2	tute of Standards and Technology in the De-
3	partment of Commerce; and
4	"(D) members of private industry to ad-
5	vance the development of commercially viable
6	grid-scale energy storage systems.".
7	(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—The
8	United States Energy Storage Competitiveness Act of
9	2007 (42 U.S.C. 17231) is amended, in subsection (q) (as
10	redesignated by subsection (a)(1))—
11	(1) in paragraph (5), by striking "and" at the
12	end;
13	(2) in paragraph (6), by striking the period at
14	the end and inserting "; and; and
15	(3) by adding at the end the following:
16	"(7) the research, development, and demonstra-
17	tion program of grid-scale energy storage systems
18	under subsection (l) \$60,000,000 for each of fiscal
19	years 2021 through 2024.".
20	SEC. 124. DEPLOYMENT OF ENERGY STORAGE THROUGH
21	TAX CREDITS.
22	(a) Energy Credit for Energy Storage Tech-
23	NOLOGIES.—
24	(1) In General.—Subclause (II) of section
25	48(a)(2)(A)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986

1	is amended by striking "paragraph (3)(A)(i)" and
2	inserting "clause (i) or (ix) of paragraph (3)(A)".
3	(2) Energy storage technologies.—Sub-
4	paragraph (A) of section 48(a)(3) of the Internal
5	Revenue Code of 1986, as amended by section 121,
6	is amended by striking "or" at the end of clause
7	(vii), by adding "or" at the end of clause (viii), and
8	by adding at the end the following new clause:
9	"(ix) equipment which receives, stores,
10	and delivers energy using batteries, com-
11	pressed air, pumped hydropower, hydrogen
12	storage (including hydrolysis), thermal en-
13	ergy storage, regenerative fuel cells,
14	flywheels, capacitors, superconducting
15	magnets, or other technologies identified
16	by the Secretary in consultation with the
17	Secretary of Energy, and which has a ca-
18	pacity of not less than 5 kilowatt hours,".
19	(3) Phaseout of Credit.—Paragraph (6) of
20	section 48(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
21	is amended—
22	(A) by striking "ENERGY" in the heading
23	and inserting "AND ENERGY STORAGE": and

1	(B) by striking "paragraph (3)(A)(i)" both
2	places it appears and inserting "clause (i) or
3	(ix) of paragraph (3)(A)".
4	(4) Effective date.—The amendments made
5	by this subsection shall apply to property placed in
6	service after December 31, 2019.
7	(b) Residential Energy Efficient Property
8	CREDIT FOR BATTERY STORAGE TECHNOLOGY.—
9	(1) In general.—Subsection (a) of section
10	25D of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is
11	amended by striking "and" at the end of paragraph
12	(4), by inserting "and" after the comma at the end
13	of paragraph (5), and by inserting after paragraph
14	(5) the following new paragraph:
15	"(6) the qualified battery storage technology ex-
16	penditures,".
17	(2) Qualified battery storage tech-
18	NOLOGY EXPENDITURE.—Subsection (d) of section
19	25D of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is
20	amended by adding at the end the following new
21	paragraph:
22	"(6) Qualified battery storage tech-
23	NOLOGY EXPENDITURE.—The term 'qualified bat-
24	tery storage technology expenditure' means an ex-
25	penditure for battery storage technology which—

1	"(A) is installed on or in connection with
2	a dwelling unit located in the United States and
3	used as a residence by the taxpayer, and
4	"(B) has a capacity of not less than 3 kilo-
5	watt hours.".
6	(3) Effective date.—The amendments made
7	by this subsection shall apply to expenditures paid
8	or incurred in taxable years beginning after Decem-
9	ber 31, 2018.
10	SEC. 125. NORMALIZATION OPT-OUT FOR UTILITIES.
11	Paragraph (2) of section 50(d) of the Internal Rev-
12	enue Code of 1986 is amended by adding after the first
13	sentence the following: "At the election of a taxpayer, this
14	paragraph shall not apply to energy property described in
15	clause (i) or (ix) of section $48(a)(3)(A)$ that is placed in
16	service by the taxpayer after December 31, 2019, pro-
17	vided—
18	"(A) no election under this paragraph shall
19	be permitted if the making of such election is
20	prohibited by, or required by, a State or polit-
21	ical subdivision thereof, by any agency or in-
22	strumentality of the United States, or by a pub-
23	lic service or public utility commission or other
24	similar body of any State or political subdivi-

1	sion that regulates public utilities as described
2	in section $7701(a)(33)(A)$, and
3	"(B) an election under this paragraph
4	shall be made separately with respect to each
5	energy property by the due date (including ex-
6	tensions) of the Federal tax return for the tax-
7	able year in which such property is placed in
8	service by the taxpayer, and once made, may be
9	revoked only with the consent of the Sec-
10	retary.".
11	SEC. 126. DEPLOYMENT OF CARBON CAPTURE UTILIZATION
12	AND STORAGE THROUGH TAX CREDITS.
13	Section 45Q(d)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of
14	1986 is amended by striking "January 1, 2024" and in-
15	serting "December 31, 2029".
16	SEC. 127. INNOVATION IN ADVANCED NUCLEAR TECH-
17	NOLOGY THROUGH DEMONSTRATION.
18	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
19	(1) the national security nuclear enterprise,
20	which supports the nuclear weapons stockpile stew-
21	ardship and naval reactors functions of the National
22	Nuclear Security Administration, requires a domes-
23	tic source of low- and high-enriched uranium due to
24	legal restrictions regarding foreign obligations relat-
25	ing to the beginning stage of the nuclear fuel cycle;

1	(2) many domestic advanced nuclear power in-
2	dustry participants require access to high-assay, low-
3	enriched uranium fuel for—
4	(A) operation of demonstration reactors;
5	and
6	(B) initial fuel testing;
7	(C) commercial operation of advanced nu-
8	clear reactors;
9	(3) as of the date of enactment of this Act, no
10	domestic uranium enrichment or fuel fabrication ca-
11	pability exists for uranium fuel enriched to greater
12	than 5 weight percent of the uranium-235 isotope;
13	(4) a healthy commercial nuclear fuel cycle ca-
14	pable of providing higher levels of enriched uranium
15	would benefit—
16	(A) the relevant national security functions
17	of the National Nuclear Security Administra-
18	tion; and
19	(B) the domestic advanced nuclear indus-
20	try of the United States; and
21	(5) making limited quantities of high-assay,
22	low-enriched uranium available from Department of
23	Energy stockpiles of uranium would allow for initial
24	fuel testing and demonstration of advanced nuclear
25	reactor concepts, accelerating—

1	(A) the path to market of those concepts;
2	and
3	(B) the development of—
4	(i) a market for advanced nuclear re-
5	actors; and
6	(ii) a resulting growing commercial
7	nuclear fuel cycle capability.
8	(b) Nuclear Reactor Demonstration
9	Project.—
10	(1) In general.—Subtitle E of title IX of the
11	Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16271 et
12	seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:
13	"SEC. 959A. ADVANCED NUCLEAR REACTOR RESEARCH
13 14	"SEC. 959A. ADVANCED NUCLEAR REACTOR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT GOALS.
14	AND DEVELOPMENT GOALS.
14 15	AND DEVELOPMENT GOALS. "(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
141516	AND DEVELOPMENT GOALS. "(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: "(1) ADVANCED NUCLEAR REACTOR.—The
14 15 16 17	AND DEVELOPMENT GOALS. "(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: "(1) ADVANCED NUCLEAR REACTOR.—The term 'advanced nuclear reactor' means—
14 15 16 17 18	**(a) Definitions.—In this section: "(1) Advanced nuclear reactor' means— "(A) a nuclear fission reactor, including a
14 15 16 17 18	"(a) Definitions.—In this section: "(1) Advanced nuclear reactor' means— "(A) a nuclear fission reactor, including a prototype plant (as defined in sections 50.2 and
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	"(a) Definitions.—In this section: "(1) Advanced nuclear reactor' means— "(A) a nuclear fission reactor, including a prototype plant (as defined in sections 50.2 and 52.1 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	"(a) Definitions.—In this section: "(1) Advanced nuclear reactor' means— "(A) a nuclear fission reactor, including a prototype plant (as defined in sections 50.2 and 52.1 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations (or successor regulations)), with significant im-

1	"(i) additional inherent safety fea-
2	tures;
3	"(ii) lower waste yields;
4	"(iii) improved fuel performance;
5	"(iv) increased tolerance to loss of
6	fuel cooling;
7	"(v) enhanced reliability;
8	"(vi) increased proliferation resist-
9	ance;
10	"(vii) increased thermal efficiency;
11	"(viii) reduced consumption of cooling
12	water;
13	"(ix) the ability to integrate into elec-
14	tric applications and nonelectric applica-
15	tions;
16	"(x) modular sizes to allow for deploy-
17	ment that corresponds with the demand
18	for electricity; and
19	"(xi) operational flexibility to respond
20	to changes in demand for electricity and to
21	complement integration with intermittent
22	renewable energy; or
23	"(B) a nuclear fusion reactor.

1	"(2) Demonstration project.—The term
2	'demonstration project' means an advanced nuclear
3	reactor operated—
4	"(A) as part of the power generation facili-
5	ties of an electric utility system; or
6	"(B) in any other manner for the purpose
7	of demonstrating the suitability for commercial
8	application of the advanced nuclear reactor for
9	the generation of electricity or other useful en-
10	ergy output.
11	"(b) Purpose.—The purpose of this section is to di-
12	rect the Secretary, as soon as practicable after the date
13	of enactment of this section, to advance the research and
14	development of domestic advanced, affordable, and clean
15	nuclear energy by—
16	"(1) demonstrating different advanced nuclear
17	reactor technologies that could be used by the elec-
18	tric power sector to produce—
19	"(A) emission-free power at a levelized cost
20	of electricity of \$60 per megawatt-hour or less;
21	"(B) heat for community heating, indus-
22	trial purposes, or synthetic fuel production;
23	"(C) remote or off-grid energy supply; or
24	"(D) backup or mission-critical power sup-
25	plies;

1	"(2) developing subgoals for nuclear energy re-
2	search programs that would accomplish the goals of
3	the demonstration projects carried out under sub-
4	section (c);
5	"(3) identifying research areas that the electric
6	power sector is unable or unwilling to undertake due
7	to the cost of, or risks associated with, the research;
8	and
9	"(4) facilitating the access of the electric power
10	sector—
11	"(A) to Federal research facilities and per-
12	sonnel; and
13	"(B) to the results of research relating to
14	civil nuclear technology funded by the Federal
15	Government.
16	"(c) Demonstration Projects.—
17	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall, to the
18	maximum extent practicable—
19	"(A) complete not fewer than two ad-
20	vanced nuclear reactor demonstration projects
21	by not later than December 31, 2030; and
22	"(B) establish a program to demonstrate
23	not fewer than two, and not more than five, ad-
24	ditional operational advanced reactor designs by
25	not later than December 31, 2035.

1	"(2) Requirements.—In carrying out dem-
2	onstration projects under paragraph (1), the Sec-
3	retary shall—
4	"(A) include diversity in designs for the
5	advanced nuclear reactors demonstrated under
6	this section, including designs using various—
7	"(i) primary coolants;
8	"(ii) fuel types and compositions; and
9	"(iii) neutron spectra;
10	"(B) seek to ensure that—
11	"(i) the long-term cost of electricity or
12	heat for each design to be demonstrated
13	under this subsection has the capability of
14	being cost-competitive in the applicable
15	market; and
16	"(ii) the selected projects can meet
17	the deadline established in paragraph (1)
18	to demonstrate first-of-a-kind advanced
19	nuclear reactor technologies, for which ad-
20	ditional information shall be considered, in-
21	cluding—
22	"(I) the readiness level of a pro-
23	posed advanced nuclear reactor tech-
24	nology;

1	"(II) the technical abilities and
2	qualifications of teams desiring to
3	partner with the Department to dem-
4	onstrate a proposed advanced nuclear
5	reactor technology; and
6	"(III) the capacity to meet cost-
7	share requirements of the Depart-
8	ment;
9	"(C) ensure that each evaluation of can-
10	didate technologies for the demonstration
11	projects is completed through an external re-
12	view of proposed designs, which review shall—
13	"(i) be conducted by a panel that in-
14	cludes not fewer than 1 representative of
15	each of—
16	"(I) an electric utility; and
17	"(II) an entity that uses high-
18	temperature process heat for manu-
19	facturing or industrial processing,
20	such as a petrochemical company, a
21	manufacturer of metals, or a manu-
22	facturer of concrete; and
23	"(ii) include a review of cost-competi-
24	tiveness and other value streams, together
25	with the technology readiness level, of each

1	design to be demonstrated under this sub-
2	section;
3	"(D) enter into cost-sharing agreements
4	with partners in accordance with section 988
5	for the conduct of activities relating to the re-
6	search, development, and demonstration of pri-
7	vate-sector advanced nuclear reactor designs
8	under the program;
9	"(E) work with electric power sector part-
10	ners to identify potential sites, including De-
11	partment-owned sites, for demonstrations, as
12	appropriate; and
13	"(F) align specific activities carried out
14	under demonstration projects carried out under
15	this subsection with priorities identified through
16	direct consultations between—
17	"(i) the Department;
18	"(ii) National Laboratories;
19	"(iii) institutions of higher education;
20	"(iv) traditional end-users (such as
21	electric utilities);
22	"(v) potential end-users of new tech-
23	nologies (such as users of high-tempera-
24	ture process heat for manufacturing proc-
25	essing, including petrochemical companies,

1	manufacturers of metals, or manufacturers
2	of concrete); and
3	"(vi) developers of advanced nuclear
4	reactor technology.
5	"(3) Additional requirements.—In car-
6	rying out demonstration projects under paragraph
7	(1), the Secretary shall—
8	"(A) identify candidate technologies that—
9	"(i) are not developed sufficiently for
10	demonstration within the initial required
11	timeframe described in paragraph (1)(A);
12	but
13	"(ii) could be demonstrated within the
14	timeframe described in paragraph (1)(B);
15	"(B) identify technical challenges to the
16	candidate technologies identified in subpara-
17	graph (A);
18	"(C) support near-term research and devel-
19	opment to address the highest-risk technical
20	challenges to the successful demonstration of a
21	selected advanced reactor technology, in accord-
22	ance with—
23	"(i) subparagraph (B); and
24	"(ii) the research and development ac-
25	tivities under section 958; and

1	"(D) establish such technology advisory
2	working groups as the Secretary determines to
3	be appropriate to advise the Secretary regard-
4	ing the technical challenges identified under
5	subparagraph (B) and the scope of research
6	and development programs to address the chal-
7	lenges, in accordance with subparagraph (C), to
8	be comprised of—
9	"(i) private-sector advanced nuclear
10	reactor technology developers;
11	"(ii) technical experts with respect to
12	the relevant technologies at institutions of
13	higher education; and
14	"(iii) technical experts at the National
15	Laboratories.
16	"(d) Goals.—
17	"(1) In general.—The Secretary shall estab-
18	lish goals for research relating to advanced nuclear
19	reactors facilitated by the Department that support
20	the objectives of the program for demonstration
21	projects established under subsection (c).
22	"(2) Coordination.—In developing the goals
23	under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall coordinate,
24	on an ongoing basis, with members of private indus-

1	try to advance the demonstration of various designs
2	of advanced nuclear reactors.
3	"(3) REQUIREMENTS.—In developing the goals
4	under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall ensure
5	that—
6	"(A) research activities facilitated by the
7	Department to meet the goals developed under
8	this subsection are focused on key areas of nu-
9	clear research and deployment ranging from
10	basic science to full-design development, safety
11	evaluation, and licensing;
12	"(B) research programs designed to meet
13	the goals emphasize—
14	"(i) resolving materials challenges re-
15	lating to extreme environments, including
16	extremely high levels of—
17	"(I) radiation fluence;
18	"(II) temperature;
19	"(III) pressure; and
20	"(IV) corrosion; and
21	"(ii) qualification of advanced fuels;
22	"(C) activities are carried out that address
23	near-term challenges in modeling and simula-
24	tion to enable accelerated design and licensing;

1	"(D) related technologies, such as tech-
2	nologies to manage, reduce, or reuse nuclear
3	waste, are developed;
4	"(E) nuclear research infrastructure is
5	maintained or constructed, such as—
6	"(i) currently operational research re-
7	actors at the National Laboratories and in-
8	stitutions of higher education;
9	"(ii) hot cell research facilities;
10	"(iii) a versatile fast neutron source;
11	and
12	"(iv) a molten salt testing facility;
13	"(F) basic knowledge of non-light water
14	coolant physics and chemistry is improved;
15	"(G) advanced sensors and control systems
16	are developed; and
17	"(H) advanced manufacturing and ad-
18	vanced construction techniques and materials
19	are investigated to reduce the cost of advanced
20	nuclear reactors.
21	"(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
22	is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
23	\$300,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2021 through
24	2035.".

1	(2) Table of contents.—The table of con-
2	tents for the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (Public Law
3	109–58; 119 Stat. 594) is further amended by in-
4	serting after the item relating to section 959 the fol-
5	lowing:
	"Sec. 959A. Advanced nuclear reactor research and development goals.".
6	(3) Conforming Amendment.—Section
7	951(b)(1) of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42)
8	U.S.C. 16271(b)(1)) is amended by striking "The
9	term" and inserting "Except as provided in section
10	959A, the term".
11	(c) Long-Term Nuclear Power Purchase
12	AGREEMENT PILOT PROGRAM.—
13	(1) In general.—Subtitle B of title VI of the
14	Energy Policy Act of 2005 (Public Law 109–58) is
15	amended by adding at the end the following:
16	"SEC. 640. LONG-TERM NUCLEAR POWER PURCHASE
17	AGREEMENT PILOT PROGRAM.
18	"(a) Establishment.—The Secretary shall estab-
19	lish a pilot program for a long-term nuclear power pur-
20	chase agreement.
21	"(b) Requirements.—In developing the pilot pro-
22	gram under this section, the Secretary shall—
23	"(1) consult and coordinate with the heads of
24	other Federal departments and agencies that may

1	benefit from purchasing nuclear power for a period
2	of longer than 10 years, including—
3	"(A) the Secretary of Defense; and
4	"(B) the Secretary of Homeland Security;
5	and
6	"(2) not later than December 31, 2023, enter
7	into at least 1 agreement to purchase power from a
8	commercial nuclear reactor that receives the first li-
9	cense for that reactor from the Nuclear Regulatory
10	Commission after January 1, 2021.
11	"(c) Factors for Consideration.—
12	"(1) In general.—In carrying out this sec-
13	tion, the Secretary shall give special consideration to
14	power purchase agreements for first-of-a-kind or
15	early deployment nuclear technologies that can pro-
16	vide reliable and resilient power to high-value assets
17	for national security purposes or other purposes as
18	the Secretary determines to be in the national inter-
19	est, especially in remote off-grid scenarios or grid-
20	connected scenarios that can provide capabilities
21	commonly known as 'islanding power capabilities'
22	during an emergency scenario.
23	"(2) Effect on rates.—An agreement to
24	purchase power under this section may be at a rate
25	that is higher than the average market rate, if the

1	agreement fulfills an applicable consideration de-
2	scribed in paragraph (1).".
3	(2) Table of contents.—The table of con-
4	tents for the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (Public Law
5	109–58; 119 Stat. 594) is further amended by in-
6	serting after the item relating to section 639 the fol-
7	lowing:
	"Sec. 640. Long-term nuclear power purchase agreement pilot program.".
8	(d) Nuclear Strategic Plan.—
9	(1) In general.—Subtitle E of title IX of the
10	Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16271 et
11	seq.) is further amended by adding at the end the
12	following:
13	"SEC. 959B. NUCLEAR ENERGY STRATEGIC PLAN.
14	"(a) In General.—Not later than 180 days after
15	the date of enactment of this section, the Secretary shall
16	submit to the Committees on Energy and Commerce and
17	Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Rep-
18	resentatives and the Committee on Energy and Natural
19	Resources of the Senate a 10-year strategic plan for the
20	Office of Nuclear Energy of the Department, in accord-
21	ance with this section.
22	"(b) Requirements.—
23	"(1) Components.—The strategic plan under
24	this section shall designate—

1	"(A) programs that support the planned
2	accomplishment of—
3	"(i) the goals established under sec-
4	tion 959A; and
5	"(ii) the demonstration programs
6	identified under subsection (c) of that sec-
7	tion; and
8	"(B) programs that—
9	"(i) do not support the planned ac-
10	complishment of demonstration programs,
11	or the goals, referred to in subparagraph
12	(A); but
13	"(ii) are important to the mission of
14	the Office of Nuclear Energy, as deter-
15	mined by the Secretary.
16	"(2) Program Planning.—In developing the
17	strategic plan under this section, the Secretary shall
18	specify expected timelines for, as applicable—
19	"(A) the accomplishment of relevant objec-
20	tives under current programs of the Depart-
21	ment; or
22	"(B) the commencement of new programs
23	to accomplish those objectives.
24	"(c) UPDATES.—Not less frequently than once every
25	2 years, the Secretary shall submit to the Committees on

- 1 Energy and Commerce and Science, Space, and Tech-
- 2 nology of the House of Representatives and the Committee
- 3 on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate an up-
- 4 dated strategic plan in accordance with subsection (b),
- 5 which shall identify, and provide a justification for, any
- 6 major deviation from a previous strategic plan submitted
- 7 under this section.".
- 8 (2) Table of contents.—The table of con-
- 9 tents for the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (Public Law
- 10 109–58; 119 Stat. 594) is further amended by in-
- serting after the item relating to section 959A the
- 12 following:

"Sec. 959B. Nuclear energy strategic plan.".

- 13 SEC. 128. INNOVATION IN CARBON REMOVAL, UTILIZATION,
- 14 AND STORAGE THROUGH RESEARCH, DEVEL-
- 15 OPMENT, AND DEMONSTRATION.
- 16 (a) Carbon Removal.—
- 17 (1) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle F of title IX of the
- 18 Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16291 et
- seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- 20 "SEC. 969. CARBON REMOVAL.
- 21 "(a) Establishment.—The Secretary, in coordina-
- 22 tion with the Secretary of Agriculture, and in consultation
- 23 with the Secretary of the Interior and the Administrator
- 24 of the Environmental Protection Agency, shall establish
- 25 a research, development, and demonstration program (re-

1	ferred to in this section as the 'program') to test, validate,
2	or improve technologies and strategies to remove carbon
3	dioxide from the atmosphere on a large scale.
4	"(b) Cross-Cutting Direction.—The Secretary
5	shall ensure that the program—
6	"(1) is cross-cutting in nature; and
7	"(2) includes the coordinated participation of
8	the Office of Fossil Energy, the Office of Science,
9	and the Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable
10	Energy.
11	"(c) Program Activities.—The program may in-
12	clude research, development, and demonstration activities
13	relating to—
14	"(1) direct air capture and storage technologies;
15	"(2) bioenergy with carbon capture and seques-
16	tration;
17	"(3) enhanced geological weathering;
18	"(4) agricultural and grazing practices;
19	"(5) forest management and afforestation;
20	"(6) conservation and restoration of tidal
21	marshes, mangroves, and seagrasses; and
22	"(7) planning and management of other types
23	of natural and artificial carbon sinks.

1	"(d) REQUIREMENTS.—In developing and identifying
2	carbon removal technologies and strategies under the pro-
3	gram, the Secretary shall consider—
4	"(1) the potential for carbon removal or reduc-
5	tion on a gigaton scale;
6	"(2) the extent to which the carbon storage can
7	be made permanent;
8	"(3) net greenhouse gas emissions;
9	"(4) ocean acidification;
10	"(5) land use changes, including impacts on
11	natural and managed ecosystems;
12	"(6) other potential impacts to human health
13	and safety and the environment;
14	"(7) commercial viability;
15	"(8) economic co-benefits; and
16	"(9) the impacts described in paragraphs (1)
17	through (8) in both the near-term and the long-
18	term.".
19	(2) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of
20	contents for the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (Public
21	Law 109–58; 119 Stat. 600) is amended by adding
22	at the end of the items relating to subtitle F of title
23	IX the following:
	"Sec. 969. Carbon removal.".
24	(b) Fossil Energy.—Section 961(a) of the Energy
25	Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16291(a)) is amended—

1	(1) in paragraph (6), by inserting ", including
2	technology development to reduce emissions of car-
3	bon dioxide and associated emissions of heavy metals
4	and other toxic substances within coal combustion
5	residues and gas streams resulting from fossil fuel
6	use and production" before the period at the end;
7	and
8	(2) by striking paragraph (7) and inserting the
9	following:
10	"(7) Increasing the export of fossil energy-re-
11	lated equipment, technology, including carbon re-
12	moval and utilization technologies, and services from
13	the United States.
14	"(8) Developing carbon removal and utilization
15	technologies, products, and methods that result in
16	net reductions in greenhouse gas emissions, includ-
17	ing direct air capture and storage, and carbon use
18	and reuse for commercial application.
19	"(9) Improving the conversion, use, and storage
20	of carbon dioxide produced from fossil fuels.".
21	(c) Carbon Removal Technology Prize Com-
22	PETITION.—
23	(1) Definitions.—In this subsection:
24	(A) DILUTE MEDIA.—The term "dilute
25	media" means media in which the concentration

1	of carbon dioxide is less than 1 percent by vol-
2	ume.
3	(B) Prize competition.—The term
4	"prize competition" means the competitive tech-
5	nology prize competition established under
6	paragraph (2).
7	(C) Secretary.—The term "Secretary"
8	means the Secretary of Energy.
9	(2) Establishment.—Not later than 1 year
10	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
11	retary, in consultation with the Administrator of the
12	Environmental Protection Agency, shall establish a
13	competitive technology prize competition to award
14	prizes for carbon dioxide capture from dilute media.
15	(3) Requirements.—In carrying out this sub-
16	section, the Secretary, in accordance with section 24
17	of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act
18	of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3719), shall develop require-
19	ments for—
20	(A) the prize competition process; and
21	(B) monitoring and verification procedures
22	for projects selected to receive a prize under the
23	prize competition.

1	(4) ELIGIBLE PROJECTS.—To be eligible for a
2	prize awarded through the prize competition, a
3	project shall—
4	(A) meet minimum performance standards
5	set by the Secretary;
6	(B) meet minimum levels set by the Sec-
7	retary for the capture of carbon dioxide from
8	dilute media; and
9	(C) demonstrate in the application of the
10	project for a prize—
11	(i) a design for a promising carbon
12	capture technology that will—
13	(I) be operated on a demonstra-
14	tion scale; and
15	(II) have the potential to achieve
16	significant reduction in the concentra-
17	tion of carbon dioxide in the atmos-
18	phere;
19	(ii) a successful bench-scale dem-
20	onstration of a carbon capture technology;
21	or
22	(iii) an operational carbon capture
23	technology on a commercial scale.
24	(d) Carbon Utilization.—

1	(1) In general.—Subtitle F of title IX of the
2	Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16291 et
3	seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:
4	"SEC. 969A. CARBON UTILIZATION PROGRAM.
5	"The Secretary shall establish a program of research,
6	development, and demonstration for carbon utilization—
7	"(1) to assess and monitor—
8	"(A) potential changes in lifecycle carbon
9	dioxide and other greenhouse gas emissions;
10	and
11	"(B) other environmental safety indicators
12	of new technologies, practices, processes, or
13	methods used in enhanced hydrocarbon recovery
14	as part of the activities authorized under sec-
15	tion 963;
16	"(2) to identify and assess novel uses for car-
17	bon, including the conversion of carbon oxides for
18	commercial and industrial products, such as—
19	"(A) chemicals;
20	"(B) plastics;
21	"(C) building materials;
22	"(D) fuels;
23	"(E) cement;
24	"(F) products of coal use in power systems
25	or other applications; or

1	"(G) other products with demonstrated
2	market value;
3	"(3) to identify and assess carbon capture tech-
4	nologies for industrial systems; and
5	"(4) to identify and assess alternative uses for
6	coal that do not result in the release of carbon diox-
7	ide into the atmosphere, including as inputs for
8	products derived from carbon engineering, carbon
9	fiber, and coal conversion methods.".
10	(2) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of
11	contents for the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (Public
12	Law 109–58; 119 Stat. 600) is amended by adding
13	at the end of the items relating to subtitle F of title
14	IX the following:
	"Sec. 969A. Carbon utilization program.".
15	(e) Demonstrating Carbon Capture and Se-
16	QUESTRATION TECHNOLOGIES FOR ELECTRIC GENER-
17	ATING FACILITIES.—
18	(1) In general.—Subtitle F of title IX of the
19	Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16291 et
20	seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following
21	new section:

1	"SEC. 969B. DEMONSTRATING CARBON CAPTURE AND SE-
2	QUESTRATION TECHNOLOGIES FOR ELEC-
3	TRIC GENERATING FACILITIES.
4	"(a) In General.—The Secretary shall establish a
5	program for developing and demonstrating carbon capture
6	and sequestration technologies for reducing the carbon di-
7	oxide emissions from new and existing facilities that burn
8	coal or natural gas to generate electricity. The primary
9	objective of this demonstration program shall be to deploy
10	large scale pilot projects and demonstration projects that
11	will accelerate the development, deployment, and commer-
12	cialization of advanced new technologies for the capture
13	and sequestration of carbon dioxide emissions from coal
14	fired and natural gas-fired electric generating facilities.
15	"(b) Deployment of Pilot and Demonstration
16	Projects.—The Secretary shall provide Federal financial
17	assistance to eligible project developers to support the de-
18	ployment of the following:
19	"(1) Pilot projects.—Large scale pilot
20	projects that test the effectiveness and performance
21	of carbon capture and sequestration technologies
22	under representative operating conditions at coal-
23	and natural gas-fired electric power systems with a
24	generating capacity of up to 200 megawatts.
25	"(2) Demonstration projects.—Demonstra-
26	tion projects that deploy carbon capture and seques-

	120
1	tration technologies that have completed pilot scale
2	testing or the equivalent, as determined by the Sec-
3	retary, for demonstrating such technologies on coal
4	and natural gas fired electric generating facilities
5	that are greater than 200 megawatts.
6	"(c) Project Criteria.—To be eligible to receive
7	Federal financial assistance under this section, each large-
8	scale pilot project and demonstration project shall meet
9	specific criteria that the Secretary may establish by rule
10	or guidance for—
11	"(1) evaluating the performance, reliability, ef-
12	ficiency, and cost competitiveness of the technology
13	for reducing carbon dioxide emissions and limiting
14	other environmental impacts from the coal fired or
15	natural gas fired electric generating facilities; and
16	"(2) gaining the operating data needed to un-
17	derstand the technical and performance risks of the
18	technology under a wide range of representative op-
19	erating conditions before the application of the tech-
20	nology at full commercial scale.
21	"(d) Cost-Sharing.—Each project shall be fund-
22	ed—
23	"(1) through a cost-share arrangement that the

Secretary may establish between the Department of Energy and the developer of the project, as author-

24

1	ized under section 988(b) for large-scale pilot
2	projects and section 988(c) for demonstration
3	projects; or
4	"(2) under subtitle A of title I of the Clean En-
5	ergy Innovation and Deployment Act of 2020.
6	"(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
7	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
8	such sums as are necessary for each of the fiscal years
9	2021 through 2050.".
10	(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of con-
11	tents for the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (Public Law
12	109–58; 119 Stat. 600) is amended by adding at the
13	end of the items relating to subtitle F of title IX the
14	following:
	"Sec. 969B. Demonstrating carbon capture and sequestration technologies for electric generating facilities.".
15	SEC. 129. DEPLOYMENT OF ELECTRIC GRID MODERNIZA-
16	TION THROUGH GRANTS.
17	(a) Deployment of Grid Modernization
18	PROJECTS THROUGH GRANTS.—The Secretary of Energy
19	shall establish a program to provide financial assistance
20	to eligible partnerships to carry out projects related to the
21	modernization of the electric grid, including—
22	(1) projects for the deployment of technologies

to improve monitoring of, advanced controls for, and

1	prediction of performance of, the electricity distribu-
2	tion system; and
3	(2) projects related to transmission system
4	interconnections, and other transmission system
5	issues.
6	(b) Eligible Projects.—Projects for which an eli-
7	gible partnership may receive financial assistance under
8	subsection (a) shall—
9	(1) be designed to—
10	(A) improve the siting, construction, resil-
11	iency, performance, or efficiency of the electric
12	grid, while ensuring the continued provision of
13	safe, secure, reliable, and affordable power; or
14	(B) deploy a new product or technology
15	that could be used by or for the benefit of cus-
16	tomers of an electric utility; and
17	(2) demonstrate—
18	(A) secure integration and management of
19	energy resources, including through distributed
20	energy generation, combined heat and power,
21	microgrids, energy storage, electric vehicles,
22	smart buildings, energy efficiency, or demand
23	response; or

1	(B) secure integration and interoperability
2	of communications and information technologies
3	related to the electric grid.
4	(c) Cybersecurity Plan.—Each project carried
5	out with financial assistance provided under subsection (a)
6	shall include the development of a cybersecurity plan writ-
7	ten in accordance with guidelines developed by the Sec-
8	retary of Energy.
9	(d) Privacy Effects Analysis.—Each project car-
10	ried out with financial assistance provided under sub-
11	section (a) shall include a privacy effects analysis that
12	evaluates the project in accordance with the Voluntary
13	Code of Conduct of the Department of Energy, commonly
14	known as the "DataGuard Energy Data Privacy Pro-
15	gram", or the most recent revisions to the privacy pro-
16	gram of the Department.
17	(e) Definitions.—In this section:
18	(1) Eligible partnership.—The term "eligi-
19	ble partnership" means a partnership consisting of
20	two or more entities, which—
21	(A) may include—
22	(i) any institution of higher education;
23	(ii) a National Laboratory;

1	(iii) a State or a local government or
2	other public body created by or pursuant
3	to State law;
4	(iv) an Indian Tribe;
5	(v) a Federal power marketing admin-
6	istration; or
7	(vi) a private entity that develops and
8	provides grid modernization technology;
9	and
10	(B) shall include at least one of any of—
11	(i) an electric utility;
12	(ii) a Regional Transmission Organi-
13	zation; or
14	(iii) an Independent System Operator.
15	(2) Electric utility.—The term "electric
16	utility" has the meaning given that term in section
17	3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C.
18	796(22)), except that such term does not include an
19	entity described in subparagraph (B) of such sec-
20	tion.
21	(3) Federal power marketing administra-
22	TION.—The term "Federal power marketing admin-
23	istration" means the Bonneville Power Administra-
24	tion, the Southeastern Power Administration, the

1	Southwestern Power Administration, or the Western
2	Area Power Administration.
3	(4) Independent system operator; re-
4	GIONAL TRANSMISSION ORGANIZATION.—The terms
5	"Independent System Operator" and "Regional
6	Transmission Organization" have the meanings
7	given those terms in section 3 of the Federal Power
8	Act (16 U.S.C. 796).
9	(5) Institution of higher education.—The
10	term "institution of higher education" has the
11	meaning given that term in section 101(a) of the
12	Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001(a))
13	(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
14	authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
15	$\$200,\!000,\!000$ for each of fiscal years 2021 through 2025
16	to remain available until expended.
17	SEC. 130. PRIZE COMPETITION FOR ELECTRICITY-RELATED
18	TECHNOLOGIES FOR REMOTE COMMUNITIES
19	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
20	(1) Prize.—The term "prize" means a prize
21	awarded under the prize competition.
22	(2) Prize competition.—The term "prize
23	competition" means the competition established
24	under subsection (b)

1	(3) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
2	the Secretary of Energy.
3	(b) Establishment.—Not later than 1 year after
4	the date of enactment of this section, the Secretary, in
5	consultation with the Secretary of Defense, shall establish
6	a competition to award prizes for technologies that effi-
7	ciently generate or utilize electricity for use by homes,
8	businesses, communities, or military installations that are
9	in remote locations or are not connected to a regional or
10	national electric grid.
11	(c) Requirements.—In carrying out this sub-
12	section, the Secretary, in accordance with section 24 of
13	the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980
14	(15 U.S.C. 3719), shall develop requirements for—
15	(1) the prize competition process; and
16	(2) monitoring and verification procedures for
17	projects selected to receive a prize.
18	(d) ELIGIBLE TECHNOLOGIES.—The technologies eli-
19	gible to awarded a prize shall include—
20	(1) technologies that generate electricity and
21	can be used without connection to the electric grid;
22	(2) technologies that store energy; and
23	(3) appliances that are highly-efficient in their
24	use of electricity, including—
25	(A) lights;

1	(B) mobile telephone chargers;
2	(C) computers;
3	(D) fans;
4	(E) refrigerators; and
5	(F) stoves and ovens.
6	(e) Criteria.—The Secretary shall only award a
7	prize to a technology determined by the Secretary to-
8	(1) function properly;
9	(2) generate no net emissions, or a minimal
10	amount of net emissions, of greenhouse gases
11	throughout its life cycle;
12	(3) be affordable, reliable, durable, safe, and
13	protective of human health and the environment;
14	(4) be compatible with other technologies rel-
15	evant to its functioning, including those which have
16	been or are being awarded prizes under this section;
17	and
18	(5) be available for deployment at commercial-
19	scale in every State, district, commonwealth, terri-
20	tory, and possession of the United States.
21	(f) Marketing.—Entities that have been awarded a
22	prize may publish this fact in marketing the technology
23	that has been awarded the prize.

1 (g) ANNUAL COMPETITION.—The Secretary shall award 1 or more prizes within 2 years of the date of enact-3 ment of this section and every year thereafter. 4 SEC. 131. REPORT TO CONGRESS. 5 (a) Definition.—In this section, the term "critical 6 technologies" means the technologies identified in sections 7 111 through 128 of subtitles B and C of this title, includ-8 ing technologies related to— 9 (1) electric vehicles; 10 (2) energy efficient buildings; 11 (3) solar and wind energy; 12 (4) energy storage; 13 (5) nuclear power; 14 (6) carbon removal, utilization, and storage; 15 (7) electric grid modernization; and 16 (8) any other technologies whose deployment 17 the Secretary may advance through the implementa-18 tion of this title and the amendments made by this 19 title. 20 (b) Report.—Not later than 2 years after the date 21 of enactment of this Act, and every 5 years thereafter, the Secretary of Energy, in consultation with, as appropriate, the heads of other relevant Federal agencies, State agencies, and relevant stakeholders, shall prepare, submit to Congress, and make publicly available a report that—

1	(1) identifies the major risks and benefits asso-
2	ciated with the deployment of critical technologies;
3	(2) recommends measures for managing the
4	risks identified in paragraph (1);
5	(3) analyzes barriers to deployment of critical
6	technologies, including—
7	(A) the state of existing research, develop-
8	ment, demonstration, and deployment;
9	(B) a detailed identification of the foresee-
10	able technical milestones of the research, devel-
11	opment, demonstration, and deployment de-
12	scribed in paragraph (A);
13	(C) the projected likelihood of viability at
14	commercial scale;
15	(D) access to capital;
16	(E) adverse environmental impacts;
17	(F) materials challenges relating to ex-
18	treme environments, including—
19	(i) temperature;
20	(ii) pressure;
21	(iii) corrosion;
22	(iv) seasonality; and
23	(v) weather events;
24	(G) geographic barriers; and

1	(H) economic and other challenges par-
2	ticular to different regions of the United States;
3	(4) estimates the amount and form of any fi-
4	nancial assistance, compensation, or incentives need-
5	ed for wide-scale deployment of critical technologies;
6	(5) recommends additional nonregulatory strat-
7	egies that could increase the deployment of critical
8	technologies;
9	(6) identifies appropriate Federal agencies with
10	capabilities to support State and local efforts to-
11	wards deployment of the critical technologies;
12	(7) identifies all Federal financial assistance
13	programs relevant to the deployment of the critical
14	technologies and analyzes the extent to which such
15	programs overlap or are duplicative; and
16	(8) evaluates the current architecture of re-
17	gional electric grids (including international trans-
18	mission connections of such grids) that together
19	comprise the Nation's electric grid, with respect to—
20	(A) potential growth in renewable energy
21	generation, including energy generation from
22	offshore wind;
23	(B) potential growth in electricity demand;
24	(C) retirement of existing electricity gen-
25	eration assets; and

1	(D) the range of benefits that interregional
2	transmission provides.
3	Subtitle D—Davis-Bacon
4	Compliance
5	SEC. 141. DAVIS-BACON COMPLIANCE.
6	(a) In General.—All laborers and mechanics em-
7	ployed on projects funded directly, or assisted in whole or
8	in part, by this Act shall be paid wages at rates not less
9	than those prevailing on projects of a character similar
10	in the locality as determined by the Secretary of Labor
11	in accordance with subchapter IV of chapter 31 of part
12	A of subtitle II of title 40, United States Code (commonly
13	referred to as the "Davis-Bacon Act").
14	(b) Authority.—With respect to the labor stand-
15	ards specified in this section, the Secretary of Labor shall
16	have the authority and functions set forth in Reorganiza-
17	tion Plan Numbered 14 of 1950 (64 Stat. 1267; 5 U.S.C.
18	App.) and section 3145 of title 40, United States Code.
19	TITLE II—ZERO-EMISSION
20	ELECTRICITY STANDARD
21	SEC. 200. PURPOSE.
22	The purpose of this title is to accelerate the deploy-
23	ment of zero-emission electricity technology sufficient to
24	allow the United States to achieve an affordable, reliable,
25	net-zero-emission electricity sector by no later than 2050.

Subtitle A—Zero-Emission Electricity Standard

2	SEC	901	DEFINITIONS
•	SEC.	ZO I .	DEFINITIONS

4 In this subtitle:

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- 5 (1) AFFILIATE.—The term "affiliate" has the 6 meaning given such term in section 1262 of the En-7 ergy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16451).
- 8 (2) ASSOCIATE COMPANY.—The term "associate 9 company" has the meaning given such term in sec-10 tion 1262 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 11 U.S.C. 16451).
 - (3) Behind-the-meter generation system.—The term "behind-the-meter generation system" means a system of generation of electric energy that operates on the electric consumer side of the applicable utility meter.
 - REDUCTION.—The term "beneficial electrification-related reduction" means the net reduction of the aggregate greenhouse gas emissions of a retail electricity supplier and an electric consumer as the result of the replacement of a power source of the electric consumer that is not electric energy with electric energy provided by the retail electricity supplier, in-

- cluding for the purpose of transportation, space heating, water heating, or industrial processes.
 - (5) CARBON DIOXIDE EQUIVALENT.—The term "carbon dioxide equivalent" means the number of metric tons of carbon dioxide emissions with the same global warming potential over a 20-year period as 1 metric ton of another greenhouse gas, including the effects of climate-carbon feedbacks for both carbon dioxide and the other greenhouse gas, as determined in accordance with the Fifth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change. For methane, the global warming potential shall include the effect of carbon dioxide from methane oxidation in the atmosphere.
 - (6) CARBON INTENSITY.—The term "carbon intensity" means the carbon dioxide equivalent emissions associated with the generation of 1 megawatthour of electric energy, as determined by the Secretary under section 204.
 - (7) ELECTRIC CONSUMER.—The term "electric consumer" has the meaning given such term in section 3 of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2602).
- 24 (8) Federal Power Marketing administra-25 Tion.—The term "Federal Power Marketing Admin-

1	istration" means the Bonneville Power Administra-
2	tion, the Southeastern Power Administration, the
3	Southwestern Power Administration, or the Western
4	Area Power Administration.
5	(9) Generating unit.—The term "generating
6	unit" means a unit or system of units that—
7	(A) generates electric energy that is con-
8	sumed in the United States;
9	(B) generates not fewer than 20 megawatt-
10	hours of electric energy per calendar year; and
11	(C)(i) delivers electric energy to the elec-
12	trie grid; or
13	(ii) in the case of a behind-the-meter gen-
14	eration system—
15	(I) delivers electric energy to the elec-
16	tric grid; or
17	(II) generates electric energy that is
18	consumed onsite for a useful purpose other
19	than for generating electric energy.
20	(10) GENERATOR.—The term "generator"
21	means the owner or operator of a generating unit.
22	(11) Greenhouse gas.—The term "green-
23	house gas" includes each of the following:
24	(A) Carbon dioxide.
25	(B) Methane.

1	(C) Nitrous oxide.
2	(D) Sulfur hexafluoride.
3	(E) Any hydrofluorocarbon.
4	(F) Any perfluorocarbon.
5	(G) Nitrogen trifluoride.
6	(H) Any fully fluorinated linear, branched,
7	or eyelic—
8	(i) alkane;
9	(ii) ether;
10	(iii) tertiary amine; or
11	(iv) aminoether.
12	(I) Any perfluoropolyether.
13	(J) Any hydrofluoropolyether.
14	(K) Any other fluorocarbon, except for a
15	fluorocarbon with a vapor pressure of less than
16	1 mm of Hg absolute at 25 degrees Celsius.
17	(12) Qualified combined heat and power
18	SYSTEM.—The term "qualified combined heat and
19	power system" means a system that—
20	(A) uses the same energy source for the si-
21	multaneous or sequential generation of electric
22	energy and thermal energy;
23	(B) produces at least—

1	(i) 20 percent of the useful energy of
2	the system in the form of electric energy;
3	and
4	(ii) 20 percent of the useful energy of
5	the system in the form of useful thermal
6	energy;
7	(C) to the extent that the system uses bio-
8	mass, uses only qualified renewable biomass;
9	and
10	(D) operates with an energy efficiency per-
11	centage, as determined in accordance with sec-
12	tion $48(c)(3)(C)(i)$ of the Internal Revenue
13	Code of 1986, of greater than 60 percent on a
14	year-round basis.
15	(13) Qualified electricity generation.—
16	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "qualified
17	electricity generation" means the number of
18	megawatt-hours of electric energy that a gener-
19	ator generates using a generating unit and—
20	(i) sells directly or indirectly for use
21	by electric consumers for purposes other
22	than resale; or
23	(ii) that is consumed onsite for a use-
24	ful purpose other than for generating elec-
25	tric energy.

1	(B) Affiliate sales.—For purposes of
2	calculating the quantity of electric energy sold
3	by a retail electricity supplier under this para-
4	graph, the quantity of electric energy sold—
5	(i) by an affiliate of the retail elec-
6	tricity supplier, or an associate company of
7	the retail electricity supplier, to an electric
8	consumer (other than to a lessee or tenant
9	of the affiliate or associate company) shall
10	be treated as sold by the retail electricity
11	supplier; and
12	(ii) by such retail electricity supplier
13	to an affiliate, lessee, or tenant of the re-
14	tail electricity supplier shall not be consid-
15	ered to be a sale to an electric consumer.
16	(14) Qualified low-carbon fuel.—
17	(A) In general.—The term "qualified
18	low-carbon fuel" means a fuel that—
19	(i) is produced through any process
20	that significantly limits or avoids green-
21	house gas emissions; and
22	(ii) does not release greenhouse gas
23	emissions during combustion.

1	(B) Inclusion.—The term "qualified low-
2	carbon fuel" includes, subject to subparagraph
3	(A)—
4	(i) ammonia; and
5	(ii) hydrogen.
6	(15) Qualified renewable biomass.—
7	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "qualified re-
8	newable biomass" means—
9	(i) any crop byproduct, or crop res-
10	idue, harvested from actively managed, or
11	fallow, agricultural land that was cleared
12	before January 1, 2020, if the harvesting
13	of the byproduct or residue does not lead
14	to a net decline in soil organic matter for
15	the applicable land;
16	(ii) any cellulose, hemicellulose, or
17	lignin that is derived from a plant that is
18	planted for the purpose of being used to
19	produce energy on land that was, as of
20	January 1, 2020—
21	(I) cropland, including fallow
22	land or other land with a cropping
23	history;
24	(II) a brownfield site (as defined
25	in section 101(39) of the Comprehen-

1	sive Environmental Response, Com-
2	pensation, and Liability Act of 1980
3	(42 U.S.C. 9601(39))); or
4	(III) an abandoned mine site;
5	(iii) nonhazardous algal or other
6	micro-crop matter; and
7	(iv) waste—
8	(I) that is burned in a qualified
9	combined heat and power system; and
10	(II) that is—
11	(aa) methane captured from
12	a landfill, an animal production
13	facility, or a sewage treatment
14	operation;
15	(bb) nonhazardous land-
16	scape or right-of-way trimmings;
17	(cc) vegetative matter re-
18	moved from an area located not
19	more than 200 yards from a
20	building, residence, or camp-
21	ground for the purpose of pro-
22	tecting structures from wildfire;
23	(dd) any byproduct of a
24	wood mill or paper mill oper-
25	ation, including lignin in spent

1	pulping liquors, that is dem-
2	onstrated to otherwise be burned
3	for energy onsite;
4	(ee) plant material removed
5	for the purposes of invasive or
6	noxious plant species control; or
7	(ff) downed wood from ex-
8	treme weather events.
9	(B) Limit of inclusion of invasive
10	SPECIES.—Except as provided in subparagraph
11	(A)(iv)(II)(ee), the term "qualified renewable
12	biomass" does not include any matter that the
13	Secretary of Agriculture, in consultation with
14	other Federal or State departments and agen-
15	cies the Secretary determines appropriate, de-
16	termines is derived from—
17	(i) a plant that is invasive or noxious;
18	or
19	(ii) a species or varieties of plants
20	that are potentially invasive.
21	(16) QUALIFIED WASTE-TO-ENERGY.—The
22	term "qualified waste-to-energy" means electric en-
23	ergy generated—
24	(A) from the combustion of—

1	(i) post-recycled municipal solid waste,
2	provided such combustion does not result
3	in emissions of—
4	(I) an air pollutant for which air
5	quality criteria has been issued under
6	section 108 of the Clean Air Act; or
7	(II) a hazardous air pollutant
8	listed pursuant to section 112(b) of
9	the Clean Air Act;
10	(ii) gas produced from the gasification
11	or pyrolization of post-recycled municipal
12	solid waste;
13	(iii) biogas;
14	(iv) landfill methane;
15	(v) animal waste or animal byprod-
16	ucts;
17	(vi) food waste;
18	(vii) if diverted from or separated
19	from other waste out of a municipal waste
20	stream—
21	(I) paper products that are not
22	commonly recyclable;
23	(II) vegetation;
24	(III) tree trimmings;

1	(IV) solid-wood yard waste, pal-
2	lets, or crates; or
3	(V) manufacturing and construc-
4	tion debris; or
5	(viii) any byproduct of a wood or
6	paper mill operation, including lignin in
7	spent pulping liquors; and
8	(B) at a facility that the Secretary has cer-
9	tified, within the past 3 years, is in compliance
10	with all applicable Federal and State environ-
11	mental permits.
12	(17) RETAIL ELECTRICITY SUPPLIER.—The
13	term "retail electricity supplier", as determined for
14	each calendar year, means an entity in the United
15	States that sold not fewer than 20 megawatt-hours
16	of electric energy to electric consumers for purposes
17	other than resale during the preceding calendar
18	year.
19	(18) SALE.—The term "sale", when used with
20	respect to electric energy, has the meaning given
21	such term in section 3(13) of the Public Utility Reg-
22	ulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2602(13)).
23	(19) Secretary.—The term "Secretary"
24	means the Secretary of Energy.

1	(20) State.—Except as otherwise provided in
2	this title, the term "State" means a State of the
3	United States and any district, commonwealth, terri-
4	tory, or possession of the United States.
5	(21) Zero-emission electricity.—The term
6	"zero-emission electricity" means the fraction of the
7	electric energy generated by a given generating unit
8	whose generation is not associated with the release
9	of greenhouse gases to the atmosphere. The number
10	of megawatt-hours of zero-emission electricity of a
11	given generating unit is equal to the product ob-
12	tained by multiplying—
13	(A) the qualified electricity generation of
14	the generating unit; by
15	(B) the extent to which the operation of
16	the generating unit results in fewer greenhouse
17	gas emissions than an efficient coal-burning
18	power plant, which is the number that equals—
19	(i) 1.0; less
20	(ii) the quotient obtained by divid-
21	ing—
22	(I) the carbon intensity of the
23	generating unit; by
24	(II) the carbon intensity of an ef-
25	ficient coal-burning power plant

1	(which is 0.82 metric tons of carbon
2	dioxide per megawatt-hour).
3	(22) Zero-emission electricity credit.—
4	The term "zero-emission electricity credit" means a
5	credit issued pursuant to section 204.
6	SEC. 202. ZERO-EMISSION ELECTRICITY REQUIREMENT.
7	(a) Zero-Emission Electricity Requirement.—
8	(1) Credit submission requirement.—Ex-
9	cept as otherwise provided in this section, effective
10	beginning with calendar year 2022, for each cal-
11	endar year, not later than June 1 of the following
12	calendar year, each retail electricity supplier shall
13	submit to the Secretary a quantity of zero-emission
14	electricity credits that is equal to—
15	(A) for each of calendar years 2022 and
16	2023, the quantity of zero-emission electricity
17	credits determined under paragraph (3) for the
18	retail electricity supplier for such calendar year;
19	and
20	(B) for calendar year 2024 and each cal-
21	endar year thereafter, the average of the quan-
22	tity of zero-emission electricity credits deter-
23	mined under paragraph (3) for the retail elec-
24	tricity supplier for such calendar year and the
25	two prior calendar years.

1	(2) Voluntary assignment of compliance
2	OBLIGATION BY PUBLIC POWER UTILITIES AND
3	ELECTRIC COOPERATIVES.—Any retail electricity
4	supplier that is an electric cooperative, a State, or
5	any political subdivision of a State, may elect to
6	enter into an agreement with another political sub-
7	division of a State, an electric cooperative that has
8	an obligation to serve such retail electricity supplier,
9	or a generator to assign any reporting or compliance
10	obligation under this title to such other political sub-
11	division of a State, electric cooperative, or generator.
12	An assignment made under this paragraph shall be
13	established through a binding agreement executed
14	among the relevant parties.
15	(3) Quantity of Zero-Emission electricity
16	CREDITS.—
17	(A) IN GENERAL.—For each calendar year,
18	the Secretary shall determine a quantity of
19	zero-emission electricity credits for a retail elec-
20	tricity supplier that is equal to the product ob-
21	tained by multiplying—
22	(i) the total quantity of electric en-
23	ergy, in megawatt-hours, consumed by
24	electric consumers of the retail electricity

supplier during the calendar year, that is

1	provided by the retail electricity supplier or
2	by a behind-the-meter generation system,
3	as reported under subsection (b); by
4	(ii) the minimum percentage of zero-
5	emission electricity for the calendar year.
6	(B) DEDUCTION FOR BENEFICIAL ELEC-
7	TRIFICATION.—
8	(i) REDUCTION.—In calculating the
9	total quantity of electric energy consumed
10	by electric consumers of a retail electricity
11	supplier under subparagraph (A)(i), the
12	Secretary shall deduct a quantity, in mega-
13	watt-hours, determined in accordance with
14	clause (ii) to account for beneficial elec-
15	trification-related reductions.
16	(ii) Determination.—The Secretary
17	shall make a determination of the quantity
18	of electric energy, in megawatt-hours, asso-
19	ciated with beneficial electrification-related
20	reductions for a retail electricity supplier
21	for a calendar year. Such determination
22	shall be made on the basis of—
23	(I) the carbon intensity of the
24	electric energy sold by the retail elec-
25	tricity supplier that results in such

1	beneficial electrification-related reduc-
2	tions; and

(II) the greenhouse gas emissions of power sources that are not electric energy that were replaced with electric energy provided by the retail electricity supplier which results in such beneficial electrification-related reductions.

(C) System support resource.—For any calendar year in which a generating unit that is owned by a retail electricity supplier has been designated a System Support Resource by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission and is thereby required, by an Independent System Operator or Regional Transmission Organization, or under a State-regulated resource planning process, to remain in operation because retirement of the generating unit would harm the reliability of the electric energy transmission system, in calculating the total quantity of electric energy consumed by electric consumers of the retail electricity supplier under subparagraph (A)(i), the Secretary shall deduct the quantity of megawatt-hours of electricity

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1	generated by such generating unit during such
2	calendar year.
3	(4) Average credit prices.—For each cal-
4	endar year, the Secretary shall—
5	(A) analyze the market for zero-emission
6	electricity credits in order to determine the av-
7	erage annual price of zero-emission electricity
8	credits for the calendar year;
9	(B) determine whether the average annual
10	price of a zero-emission electricity credit deter-
11	mined under subparagraph (A) is less than half
12	of the alternative compliance payment under
13	subsection (c) for the calendar year; and
14	(C) publish the determinations made under
15	subparagraphs (A) and (B) by not later than
16	January 31 of the year following the calendar
17	year.
18	(5) Definitions.—In this subsection:
19	(A) ANNUAL PERCENTAGE INCREASE.—
20	(i) Except as provided in clause (ii),
21	the term "annual percentage increase"
22	means, with respect to a retail electricity
23	supplier, the product obtained by multi-
24	plying—

1	(I) the difference between 100
2	percent and the baseline zero-emission
3	electricity percentage; by—
4	(II) $\frac{1}{27}$.
5	(ii) Notwithstanding clause (i), begin-
6	ning with calendar year 2025, if the Sec-
7	retary determines under paragraph (4)
8	that the average annual price of a zero-
9	emission electricity credit for each of the 3
10	calendar years prior to a calendar year (in
11	this clause referred to as "the applicable
12	calendar year") is less than one half of the
13	respective alternative compliance payment
14	for each of the 3 such prior calendar years,
15	the annual percentage increase for the 1
16	calendar year that begins 4 years after the
17	end of the applicable calendar year shall be
18	twice the percentage described in clause
19	(i).
20	(B) Baseline Zero-Emission elec-
21	TRICITY PERCENTAGE.—
22	(i) IN GENERAL.—The term "baseline
23	zero-emission electricity percentage"
24	means, with respect to a retail electricity
25	supplier, the average percentage of the

1	electric energy consumed by all electric
2	consumers of the retail electricity supplier
3	that is zero-emission electricity during cal-
4	endar years 2017, 2018, and 2019.
5	(ii) Election.—For any retail elec-
6	tricity supplier served by an Independent
7	System Operator or a Regional Trans-
8	mission Organization, or participating in a
9	joint unit commitment and centralized eco-
10	nomic dispatch system regulated by the
11	Federal Energy Regulatory Commission,
12	the retail electricity supplier may elect to
13	set its baseline zero-emission electricity
14	percentage under clause (i) on the basis of
15	the zero-emission electricity and electric
16	energy consumed by either—
17	(I) all electric consumers of the
18	retail electricity supplier; or
19	(II) all electric consumers served
20	by the Independent System Operator,
21	Regional Transmission Organization,
22	or the applicable joint unit commit-
23	ment and centralized economic dis-
24	patch system that serves the retail
25	electricity supplier.

1	(iii) Notification of election.—A
2	retail electricity supplier shall inform the
3	Secretary of its election under clause (ii)
4	not later than 180 days after the date of
5	enactment of this Act.
6	(C) MINIMUM PERCENTAGE OF ZERO-EMIS-
7	SION ELECTRICITY.—The term "minimum per-
8	centage of zero-emission electricity" means,
9	with respect to a retail electricity supplier—
10	(i) for each of calendar years 2022
11	and 2023, the baseline zero-emission elec-
12	tricity percentage;
13	(ii) for each of calendar years 2024
14	through 2050, the amount, not to exceed
15	100 percent, obtained by adding—
16	(I) the minimum percentage of
17	zero-emission electricity for the pre-
18	vious calendar year; and
19	(II) the annual percentage in-
20	crease; and
21	(iii) for each calendar year after 2050,
22	100 percent.
23	(b) Reporting on Behind-the-Meter Genera-
24	TION SYSTEMS.—Effective beginning in calendar year
25	2022, each retail electricity supplier serving one or more

- 1 behind-the-meter generation systems may, not later than
- 2 January 1 of each calendar year, submit to the Sec-
- 3 retary—
- 4 (1) verification of the carbon intensity of be-
- 5 hind-the-meter generation systems connected to the
- 6 retail electricity supplier; and
- 7 (2) the quantity of electric energy generated by 8 each such behind-the-meter generation system that 9 is consumed for a useful purpose by electric con-
- sumers served by the retail electricity supplier.
- 11 (c) Alternative Compliance Payments.—A re-
- 12 tail electricity supplier may satisfy the requirements of
- 13 subsection (a) with respect to a calendar year, in whole
- 14 or in part, by submitting to the Secretary, in lieu of each
- 15 zero-emission electricity credit that would otherwise be
- 16 due, an alternative compliance payment equal to the
- 17 amount determined for such calendar year in accordance
- 18 with the following table, adjusted for inflation:

Calendar year	Alternative compliance payment
2022	\$20.00
2023	\$21.50
2024	\$23.00
2025	\$24.50
2026	\$26.00
2027	\$27.50
2028	\$29.00
2029	\$30.50
2030	\$32.00
2031	\$33.50
2032	\$35.00
2033	\$36.50

Calendar year	Alternative compliance payment
2034	\$38.00
2035	\$39.50
2036	\$41.00
2037	\$42.50
2038	\$44.00
2039	\$45.50
2040	\$47.00
2041	\$48.50
2042	\$50.00
2043	\$51.50
2044	\$53.00
2045	\$54.50
2046	\$56.00
2047	\$57.50
2048	\$59.00
2049	\$60.50
2050 and each calendar year thereafter	\$62.00

- 1 (d) Determination of Inadequate Availability
- 2 of Zero-Emission Electricity Technology.—
 - (1) Petition for Determination.—A retail electricity supplier (referred to in this subsection as the "petitioner") may submit to the Secretary a petition for the Secretary to make a determination of inadequate availability of technology relating to zero-emission electricity with respect to a calendar year.
 - (2) CONDITIONS.—The Secretary shall make an affirmative determination under paragraph (1) (referred to in this title as a "determination of inadequate availability of technology") for a calendar year only if—
- 14 (A) a petition is submitted to the Secretary 15 by January 31 of the following calendar year;

1	(B) the average annual price of zero-emis-
2	sion electricity credits is equal to or greater
3	than the alternative compliance payment under
4	subsection (c) for such calendar year;
5	(C) the Secretary determines the number
6	of megawatt-hours of zero-emission electricity
7	that could have been generated or purchased by
8	the petitioner using technology that was avail-
9	able during such calendar year—
10	(i) at or below the cost per megawatt-
11	hour of the technology used to generate
12	the electricity sold by the petitioner in the
13	previous calendar year; and
14	(ii) while enabling the petitioner to
15	operate its system at an adequate level of
16	reliability; and
17	(D) the number of megawatt-hours deter-
18	mined under subparagraph (C) is less than the
19	number of zero-emission electricity credits the
20	petitioner would be required to submit under
21	subsection (a).
22	(3) Credit Submission.—Notwithstanding
23	subsection (a)(1), if the Secretary makes a deter-
24	mination of inadequate availability of technology for
25	a petitioner for a calendar year, as described under

- this subsection, the petitioner shall not be required to submit for such calendar year more than the number of zero-emission electricity credits equal to the number of megawatt-hours determined under paragraph (2)(C).
 - (4) Carbon mitigation awards.—For the calendar year identified under paragraph (3), if the Secretary makes one or more determinations of inadequate availability of technology under this subsection, the Secretary shall award under section 205(b) an amount of money equal to the sum of—
 - (A) the total amount paid by retail electricity suppliers as alternative compliance payments; and
 - (B) the total amount of the alternative compliance payments that would have been made by the petitioner or petitioners but for the determination of inadequate availability of technology made under paragraph (2).
- (e) EXEMPTIONS.—(1) A qualified zero-emission electricity taxpayer that receives a zero-emission electricity acceleration investment credit for a calendar year under section 45U of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as added by section 301 of this Act, shall not be subject to the requirements to submit zero-emission electricity credits

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1	under this section for such calendar year and every cal-
2	endar year thereafter.
3	(2) An eligible electricity provider that is awarded a
4	grant under section 302 of this Act for a calendar year
5	shall not be subject to the requirements to submit zero-
6	emission electricity credits under this section for such cal-
7	endar year and every calendar year thereafter, as long as
8	the condition described under section 302(a)(1) continues
9	to be met.
10	SEC. 203. ZERO-EMISSION ELECTRICITY CREDIT TRADING
11	PROGRAM.
12	(a) Establishment.—Not later than 1 year after
13	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall es-
14	tablish a zero-emission electricity credit trading program
15	under which—
16	(1) the Secretary shall record, track, auction,
17	and transfer zero-emission electricity credits; and
18	(2) a generator to whom such zero-emission
19	electricity credits are issued may sell or otherwise
20	transfer those credits, as provided or allowed by ap-
21	plicable contracts, through—
22	(A) any auction established under the zero-
23	emission electricity credit trading program;
24	(B) direct sales; or

1	(C) other transactional arrangements that
2	sell electric energy or generating capacity either
3	separately or combined with the transfer of
4	zero-emission electricity credits, including trans-
5	actions that pair zero-emission electricity cred-
6	its with the demand of the retail electricity sup-
7	plier.
8	(b) Administration.—In carrying out the program
9	under this section, the Secretary shall ensure that a zero-
10	emission electricity credit may be—
11	(1) submitted only once under section 202(a);
12	and
13	(2) only purchased by, transferred to, or other-
14	wise secured by a retail electricity supplier.
15	(e) Delegation of Market Function.—
16	(1) In general.—In carrying out the program
17	under this section, the Secretary may delegate, to
18	one or more appropriate entities—
19	(A) the administration of a transparent
20	national market for the sale or trade of zero-
21	emission electricity credits; and
22	(B) the tracking of dispatch of zero-emis-
23	sion electricity generation.
24	(2) Administration.—In making a delegation
25	under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall ensure that

1	the tracking and reporting of information concerning
2	the dispatch of zero-emission electricity generation is
3	transparent, verifiable, and independent of any in-
4	terests subject to an obligation under this title.
5	(d) Banking of Zero-Emission Electricity
6	CREDITS.—A zero-emission electricity credit may be used
7	for compliance with the requirements of section 202 for—
8	(1) the calendar year for which the zero-emis-
9	sion electricity credit is issued (in this subsection re-
10	ferred to as "the applicable calendar year"); and
11	(2)(A) any of the 5 calendar years following the
12	applicable calendar year, if the Secretary determines
13	under section 202(a)(4) that the average annual
14	price of a zero-emission electricity credit is equal to
15	or less than one half of the alternative compliance
16	payment for each of the 3 calendar years prior to
17	the applicable calendar year; or
18	(B) if the Secretary has not made the deter-
19	mination described under subparagraph (A)—
20	(i) any of the 5 calendar years following
21	the applicable calendar year, if the applicable
22	calendar year is any of calendar years 2022
23	through 2029;
24	(ii) any of the 4 calendar years following
25	the applicable calendar year, if the applicable

1	calendar year is any of calendar years 2030
2	through 2034;
3	(iii) any of the 3 calendar years following
4	the applicable calendar year, if the applicable
5	calendar year is any of calendar years 2035
6	through 2039; and
7	(iv) any of the 2 calendar years following
8	the applicable calendar year, if the applicable
9	calendar year is 2040 or any calendar year
10	thereafter.
11	SEC. 204. DETERMINATION AND ISSUANCE OF QUANTITY
12	OF ZERO-EMISSION ELECTRICITY CREDITS.
12 13	OF ZERO-EMISSION ELECTRICITY CREDITS. (a) ISSUANCE OF ZERO-EMISSION ELECTRICITY
13	
13 14	(a) Issuance of Zero-Emission Electricity
13 14 15	(a) Issuance of Zero-Emission Electricity Credits.—The Secretary shall issue to each generator a
13 14 15 16	(a) Issuance of Zero-Emission Electricity Credits.—The Secretary shall issue to each generator a quantity of zero-emission electricity credits determined in
13 14 15 16 17	(a) Issuance of Zero-Emission Electricity Credits.—The Secretary shall issue to each generator a quantity of zero-emission electricity credits determined in accordance with this section, not later than March 1 of
13 14 15 16 17	(a) Issuance of Zero-Emission Electricity Credits.—The Secretary shall issue to each generator a quantity of zero-emission electricity credits determined in accordance with this section, not later than March 1 of the calendar year after the calendar year for which the
13 14 15 16 17 18	(a) Issuance of Zero-Emission Electricity Credits.—The Secretary shall issue to each generator a quantity of zero-emission electricity credits determined in accordance with this section, not later than March 1 of the calendar year after the calendar year for which the zero-emission electricity credits are issued.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) Issuance of Zero-Emission Electricity Credits.—The Secretary shall issue to each generator a quantity of zero-emission electricity credits determined in accordance with this section, not later than March 1 of the calendar year after the calendar year for which the zero-emission electricity credits are issued. (b) General Rules on Credit Issuance.—Except
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) Issuance of Zero-Emission Electricity Credits.—The Secretary shall issue to each generator a quantity of zero-emission electricity credits determined in accordance with this section, not later than March 1 of the calendar year after the calendar year for which the zero-emission electricity credits are issued. (b) General Rules on Credit Issuance.—Except as otherwise provided in this section, the Secretary shall
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	(a) Issuance of Zero-Emission Electricity CREDITS.—The Secretary shall issue to each generator a quantity of zero-emission electricity credits determined in accordance with this section, not later than March 1 of the calendar year after the calendar year for which the zero-emission electricity credits are issued. (b) General Rules on Credit Issuance.—Except as otherwise provided in this section, the Secretary shall issue to a generator generating zero-emission electricity

1	(1) the qualified electricity generation of the
2	generator during such calendar year; by
3	(2) the number that equals—
4	(A) 1.0; less
5	(B) the quotient obtained by dividing—
6	(i) the average carbon intensity of the
7	generating units of such generator for such
8	calendar year, as determined in accordance
9	with subsection (e); by
10	(ii) 0.82.
11	(c) General Rules on Determining Carbon In-
12	TENSITY.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this
13	section, the Secretary shall determine the carbon intensity
14	of each generating unit of a generator. Such determination
15	shall be made—
16	(1) using data and methods from the Air Emis-
17	sion Measurement Center of the Environmental Pro-
18	tection Agency for emission testing and monitoring,
19	including—
20	(A) continuous emission monitoring sys-
21	tems; and
22	(B) predictive emission monitoring sys-
23	tems; and
24	(2) with respect to a determination of the car-
25	bon intensity of any generating unit using qualified

1	renewable biomass or qualified low-carbon fuel, or
2	generating qualified waste-to-energy, in consultation
3	with—
4	(A) the Secretary of Agriculture; and
5	(B) the Secretary of the Interior.
6	(d) Carbon Intensity for Certain Categories
7	of Generating Units.—
8	(1) Generating units utilizing tech-
9	NOLOGIES WITHOUT DIRECT EMISSIONS.—The Sec-
10	retary shall assign a carbon intensity of zero for any
11	generating unit of a generator that does not produce
12	direct emissions of any greenhouse gas in generating
13	electric energy, including any generating unit that
14	generates electric energy only through the use of
15	solar, wind, ocean, current, wave, tidal, geothermal,
16	nuclear energy, or hydropower technology (except as
17	described under paragraph (3)).
18	(2) Generating units utilizing tech-
19	NOLOGIES UTILIZING FOSSIL FUELS.—
20	(A) ACCOUNTING FOR UPSTREAM GREEN-
21	HOUSE GAS EMISSIONS.—In determining the
22	carbon intensity of each generating unit using
23	fossil fuel, the Secretary shall utilize the best
24	available science, including with respect to the
25	measurement of low-frequency high-emission

1	events, including data from the detection of
2	natural gas flaring from the satellite observa-
3	tions of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric
4	Administration, to account for—
5	(i) the carbon dioxide emissions of the
6	generating unit; and
7	(ii)(I) the average amounts of carbon
8	dioxide and methane emissions, in terms of
9	carbon dioxide equivalent, that occur dur-
10	ing extraction, flaring, processing, and
11	transportation in the United States of the
12	fossil fuel consumed by the generator; or
13	(II) with respect to a generator that
14	the Secretary determines under subpara-
15	graph (B) has demonstrated that the fossil
16	fuel consumed by such generator is associ-
17	ated with the release of smaller amounts of
18	carbon dioxide and methane emissions
19	than the amounts described in subclause
20	(I), such smaller amounts.
21	(B) Determination.—
22	(i) In general.—The Secretary may
23	determine that a generator has dem-
24	onstrated that the fossil fuel consumed by
25	such generator is associated with the re-

1	lease of smaller amounts of carbon dioxide
2	and methane emissions than the amounts
3	described in subparagraph (A)(ii)(I) if the
4	generator—
5	(I) accounts for low-frequency,
6	high-emission events; and
7	(II) uses direct measurements of
8	the applicable facilities, which may in-
9	clude measurements made in the
10	course of participation in a voluntary
11	program or public disclosure of the
12	quantified methane emission intensity
13	of the applicable facilities.
14	(ii) Public availability.—The in-
15	formation provided to the Secretary by a
16	generator to make a determination under
17	this subparagraph shall be available to the
18	public upon such determination.
19	(C) STANDARDS.—The Secretary shall pro-
20	mulgate the standards for measurement nec-
21	essary to implement subparagraph (A) not less
22	than 2 years after the date of enactment of this
23	title and shall update such standards every 5
24	years thereafter, based on the best available
25	science.

1	(3) Hydropower utilizing a new res-
2	ERVOIR.—In determining the carbon intensity of
3	each generating unit using hydropower associated
4	with a reservoir constructed after the date of enact-
5	ment of this Act, the Secretary shall account for the
6	greenhouse gas emissions that can be attributed to
7	the hydropower facility, including the applicable new
8	reservoir.
9	(e) QUANTITY OF CREDITS ISSUED FOR CERTAIN
10	CATEGORIES OF GENERATING UNITS.—
11	(1) QUALIFIED COMBINED HEAT AND POWER
12	SYSTEMS.—
13	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall
14	issue to a generator generating zero-emission
15	electricity during a calendar year using a gener-
16	ating unit that is a qualified combined heat and
17	power system a quantity of zero-emission elec-
18	tricity credits for such generation that is equal
19	to—
20	(i) the product obtained by multi-
21	plying—
22	(I) the number of megawatt-
23	hours of electric energy generated by
24	the qualified combined heat and power
25	system during such calendar year; by

1	(II) the number that equals—
2	(aa) 1.0; less
3	(bb) the quotient obtained
4	by dividing—
5	(AA) the carbon inten-
6	sity of the qualified com-
7	bined heat and power sys-
8	tem; by
9	(BB) 0.82; less
10	(ii) the product obtained by multi-
11	plying—
12	(I) the number of megawatt-
13	hours of electric energy generated by
14	the qualified combined heat and power
15	system that are consumed onsite dur-
16	ing such calendar year; by
17	(II) the average of the minimum
18	percentage of zero-emission electricity
19	(as defined in section 202(a)(5)) for
20	the calendar year for retail electricity
21	suppliers in the region of the gener-
22	ator, as determined by the Secretary.
23	(B) Additional credits.—In addition to
24	zero-emission electricity credits issued under
25	subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall issue to

1	a generator described in subparagraph (A) zero-
2	emission electricity credits for greenhouse gas
3	emissions avoided as a result of the use of the
4	applicable qualified combined heat and power
5	system, rather than a separate thermal source,
6	to meet the thermal needs of the generator or
7	one or more additional entities.
8	(C) Applicability.—This paragraph shall
9	not apply with respect to a qualified combined
10	heat and power system using qualified renew-
11	able biomass.
12	(2) Qualified renewable biomass.—The
13	Secretary shall issue to a generator generating zero-
14	emission electricity during a calendar year using
15	qualified renewable biomass a quantity of zero-emis-
16	sion electricity credits for such generation that is
17	equal to the product obtained by multiplying—
18	(A) the qualified electricity generation of
19	the generator using qualified renewable biomass
20	during such calendar year; by
21	(B) the average carbon intensity of the
22	generating units of the generator that use
23	qualified renewable biomass.
24	(3) Qualified waste-to-energy.—The Sec-

retary shall issue to a generator generating zero-

1	emission electricity during a calendar year that is
2	qualified waste-to-energy a quantity of zero-emission
3	electricity credits for such generation that is equal
4	to the product obtained by multiplying—
5	(A) the qualified waste-to-energy of the
6	generator that is qualified electricity generation
7	during such calendar year; by
8	(B) the average carbon intensity of the
9	generating units of the generator used to gen-
10	erate qualified waste-to-energy.
11	(4) Qualified low-carbon fuels.—
12	(A) In general.—Except as provided in
13	subparagraph (C), the Secretary shall issue to
14	a generator generating zero-emission electricity
15	during a calendar year using qualified low-car-
16	bon fuels a quantity of zero-emission electricity
17	credits for such generation that is equal to the
18	product obtained by multiplying—
19	(i) the qualified electricity generation
20	of the generator using qualified low-car-
21	bon-fuels during such calendar year; by
22	(ii) the average carbon intensity of the
23	generating units of the generator that use
24	qualified low-carbon fuels.

ENT FOR PRODUCTION.—In
bon intensity of each gener-
qualified low-carbon fuel, the
ount for the greenhouse gas
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arbon fuel.
BLE-COUNTING.—The Sec-
sue zero-emission electricity
energy generated using a
fuel that is generated from
which a generator is issued
ectricity credit under this
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utilization of qualified carbon oxide from a

1	waste stream of the generator that is equal to
2	the product obtained by multiplying—
3	(i) the qualified electricity generation
4	of the generator during such calendar year;
5	by
6	(ii) the difference between—
7	(I) 1.0; and
8	(II) the quotient obtained by di-
9	viding—
10	(aa) the carbon intensity of
11	the generator; by
12	(bb) 0.82.
13	(6) Direct air capture of carbon diox-
14	IDE.—
15	(A) QUANTITY OF CREDITS.—The Sec-
16	retary shall issue to an entity that captures car-
17	bon dioxide from the atmosphere and stores or
18	utilizes such carbon dioxide 1 zero-emission
19	electricity credit for every 0.82 metric tons of
20	carbon dioxide equivalent that is captured and
21	stored or utilized.
22	(B) Special rules.—
23	(i) Regulations.—Subject to clause
24	(ii), not later than 1 year after the date of

1	enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall
2	promulgate regulations establishing—
3	(I) the conditions under which
4	carbon dioxide may be safely and per-
5	manently stored for purposes of
6	issuing zero-emission electricity cred-
7	its under this paragraph;
8	(II) the methods and processes
9	by which carbon dioxide may be uti-
10	lized in a manner that ensures the re-
11	moval of the carbon dioxide safely and
12	permanently from the atmosphere, in-
13	cluding utilization in the production of
14	substances, such as plastics and
15	chemicals; and
16	(III) requirements to account, in
17	issuing zero-emission electricity cred-
18	its under this section, for the risk that
19	some fraction of the carbon dioxide in-
20	tended for permanent storage or utili-
21	zation may nevertheless be emitted
22	into the atmosphere.
23	(ii) Existing requirements.—In
24	promulgating regulations pursuant to this
25	subparagraph, the Secretary shall incor-

1	porate any existing requirements for the
2	permanent geologic storage of carbon diox-
3	ide, including any requirements promul-
4	gated under section 45Q of the Internal
5	Revenue Code of 1986.
6	(f) Maximum Quantity of Credits.—Except as
7	provided under subsection (e)(1), the total quantity of
8	zero-emission electricity credits issued under this section
9	to a generator for a calendar year shall not exceed the
10	number of megawatt-hours of the qualified electricity gen-
11	eration of the generator for the calendar year.
12	(g) No Negative Credits.—Notwithstanding any
13	other provision of this title, the Secretary shall not issue
14	a negative quantity of zero-emission electricity credits to
15	any generator.
16	(h) Facilities Outside the United States.—
17	With respect to electricity generated by a facility or gener-
18	ating unit that is located outside of the United States
19	a zero-emission electricity credit may be issued only with
20	respect to electricity that is sold for resale in the United
21	States.
22	(i) Contracts.—A zero-emission electricity credit
23	issued for electricity that is—

(1) sold for resale under a contract in effect on

the date of enactment of this title shall be issued to

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- 1 the purchasing retail electricity supplier in propor-
- 2 tion to the zero-emission electricity purchased by
- 3 such retail electricity supplier under the contract,
- 4 unless otherwise provided by the contract; and
- 5 (2) sold for resale under a contract in which a
- 6 generating unit is not specified, shall be issued to
- 7 the purchasing retail electricity supplier in propor-
- 8 tion to the ratio of zero-emission electricity genera-
- 9 tion from the generator making such sale for resale.
- 10 (j) Federal Power Marketing Administra-
- 11 Tion.—A zero-emission electricity credit issued for elec-
- 12 tricity that is generated by a Federal Power Marketing
- 13 Administration shall be conveyed to the retail electricity
- 14 supplier that is purchasing the electricity.
- 15 (k) Recipients of Acceleration Investment
- 16 Credits.—A qualified zero-emission electricity taxpayer
- 17 that receives a zero-emission electricity acceleration invest-
- 18 ment credit for a calendar year under section 45U of the
- 19 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as added by section 301
- 20 of this Act, shall not be issued any zero-emission elec-
- 21 tricity credits under this section after such calendar year.
- 22 (1) RECIPIENTS OF ACCELERATION GRANTS.—An eli-
- 23 gible electricity provider that receives a grant during a cal-
- 24 endar year under section 302 of this Act shall not be

1	issued any zero-emission electricity credits under this sec-
2	tion after such calendar year.
3	SEC. 205. CARBON MITIGATION FUND.
4	(a) Carbon Mitigation Fund.—
5	(1) Creation of fund.—There is hereby es-
6	tablished a trust fund, to be known as the "Carbon
7	Mitigation Fund", consisting of such amounts as
8	may be appropriated to such fund as provided in
9	this section.
10	(2) Administration.—The Carbon Mitigation
11	Fund shall be administered by the Secretary.
12	(3) Transfers to trust fund.—There are
13	hereby appropriated to the Carbon Mitigation Fund
14	each year amounts equal to the sum of the amounts
15	that are—
16	(A) attributable to alternative compliance
17	payments made pursuant to section 202(c);
18	(B) the alternative compliance payments
19	that would have been made by any petitioners
20	under section 202(d) but for a determination of
21	inadequate availability of technology made by
22	the Secretary under section 202(d); and
23	(C) collected as a civil penalty under sec-
24	tion 209.

1	(4) Expenditures.—Amounts in the Carbon
2	Mitigation Fund shall be available without further
3	appropriation or fiscal year limitation to carry out
4	the program under subsection (b).
5	(b) Program.—
6	(1) In general.—The Secretary shall carry
7	out a program to award funds to entities to carry
8	out activities in States that avoid emissions of green-
9	house gases or remove carbon dioxide from the at-
10	mosphere.
11	(2) Activities.—Activities for which the Sec-
12	retary may award funds under the program carried
13	out pursuant to this subsection include—
14	(A) improvement to the energy efficiency
15	of existing facilities and devices;
16	(B) the replacement of natural gas space
17	heaters, natural gas water heaters, and natural
18	gas stoves, with electric appliances;
19	(C) the replacement of fossil fuel-powered
20	vehicles owned by State and local agencies with
21	electric vehicles or other low-carbon fuel vehi-
22	${ m cles};$
23	(D) the replacement of fossil fuel-powered
24	ground airport and seaport vehicles with electric
25	vehicles or other low-carbon fuel vehicles;

1	(E) installation of fast charging stations
2	for electric vehicles along highways and other
3	public roads in urban areas and rural areas;
4	(F) beneficial electrification-related reduc-
5	tions not otherwise identified in this paragraph;
6	(G) direct air capture and permanent se-
7	questration or utilization of carbon dioxide; and
8	(H) any activity that is endorsed by a gen-
9	erator or a retail electricity supplier that avoids
10	emissions of greenhouse gases or removes car-
11	bon dioxide from the atmosphere.
12	(3) Exclusions.—The Secretary may not
13	award funds to an entity under the program carried
14	out pursuant to this subsection for any activity for
15	which the entity has been issued a zero-emission
16	electricity credit or received a deduction of mega-
17	watt-hours in the calculation under 202(a)(3) to ac-
18	count for beneficial electrification-related reductions.
19	(4) Criteria.—The Secretary may only award
20	funds under the program carried out pursuant to
21	this subsection for an activity for which the Sec-
22	retary determines that—
23	(A) the amount of carbon dioxide emis-
24	sions avoided or removed from the atmosphere

1	by the activity will be adequately confirmed
2	through monitoring, reporting and verification;
3	(B) the risk that some amount of the car-
4	bon dioxide that is removed from the atmos-
5	phere by the activity may reenter the atmos-
6	phere at a later date is adequately reflected
7	through a discounting of the amount described
8	in paragraph (5)(C)(ii);
9	(C) the risk that some amount of the
10	greenhouse gases, the emission of which is
11	avoided by the activity, may enter the atmos-
12	phere at a later date is adequately reflected
13	through a discounting of the amount described
14	in paragraph (5)(C)(i);
15	(D) the risk that the activity may directly
16	or indirectly increase the release of greenhouse
17	gases from another location has been ade-
18	quately addressed;
19	(E) the activity is not required, or being
20	fully supported financially by, a Federal, State,
21	or local law, program, or activity; and
22	(F) if the activity involves land use, the ac-
23	tivity aligns with the Sustainable Development
24	Goals of the United Nations, including being
25	consistent with the conservation of biological di-

1	versity and natural ecosystems (including for-
2	ests and grasslands), and shall maintain eco-
3	system services and enhance other social and
4	environmental benefits.
5	(5) Proposals.—In order to qualify for an
6	award of funds under this subsection, an entity shall
7	submit to the Secretary a proposal that—
8	(A) describes the activity to be carried out
9	with the award of funds in a manner specified
10	by the Secretary;
11	(B) identifies the amount of money for
12	which the entity is applying;
13	(C) identifies the amount, to be measured
14	in one-year increments, of—
15	(i) greenhouse gas emissions to be
16	avoided by the activity, measured in terms
17	of carbon dioxide equivalent; or
18	(ii) carbon dioxide to be removed from
19	the atmosphere by the activity, measured
20	in metric tons;
21	(D) identifies the bid amount, expressed as
22	dollars per metric ton, which shall be the
23	quotient obtained by dividing the amount iden-
24	tified under subparagraph (B) by the amount
25	identified under subparagraph (C);

1	(E) provides any information required by
2	the Secretary in order to make a determination
3	described in paragraph (4); and
4	(F) provides any other certifications the
5	Secretary determines appropriate.
6	(6) Deadlines.—
7	(A) Solicitation.—Not later than Feb-
8	ruary 1, 2024, and each February 1 thereafter,
9	the Secretary shall solicit proposals for activi-
10	ties described in paragraph (1) for which the
11	Secretary may award funds under the program
12	carried out pursuant to this subsection.
13	(B) IDENTIFICATION.—Not later than
14	June 1, 2024, and each June 1 thereafter, the
15	Secretary shall identify proposals that have
16	been submitted by March 1 of such calendar
17	year for activities described in paragraph (1)
18	that qualify for an award of funds under the
19	program carried out pursuant to this sub-
20	section.
21	(C) AWARD OF FUNDS.—Not later than
22	August 1, 2024, and each August 1 thereafter,
23	the Secretary shall award to entities funds
24	available in the Carbon Mitigation Fund estab-

lished under section 9512 of the Internal Rev-

1	enue Code of 1986 for activities described in
2	proposals identified under subparagraph (B).
3	(7) Awards to most cost-effective activi-
4	TIES.—The Secretary shall award funds to entities
5	for activities described in proposals identified under
6	paragraph (6)(B)—
7	(A) beginning by awarding funds to the
8	entity submitting such a proposal with the low-
9	est bid amount identified pursuant to para-
10	graph $(5)(D)$; and
11	(B) then awarding funds to entities se-
12	quentially by entity submitting such a proposal
13	with the next lowest bid amount so identified
14	until all funds are awarded.
15	(c) Consultation.—The Secretary shall consult
16	with the Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of Agri-
17	culture, and the Administrator of the Environment Pro-
18	tection Agency in promulgating regulations to measure,
19	monitor, and verify any natural sequestration activities
20	awarded under this section.
21	SEC. 206. STATE PROGRAMS.
22	(a) Savings Provision.—
23	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
24	graph (2) and subject to subsection (b), nothing in
25	this title affects the authority of a State or a polit-

1	ical subdivision of a State to adopt or enforce any
2	law or regulation relating to—
3	(A) clean energy or renewable energy; or
4	(B) the regulation of a retail electricity
5	supplier.
6	(2) Federal Law.—Except as otherwise pro-
7	vided in this section, no law or regulation of a State
8	or a political subdivision of a State may relieve a re-
9	tail electricity supplier from compliance with an ap-
10	plicable requirement of this title.
11	(b) Coordination.—The Secretary, in consultation
12	with States that have clean energy programs or renewable
13	energy programs in effect, shall facilitate, to the maximum
14	extent practicable, coordination between the implementa-
15	tion of this Act and the relevant State clean energy pro-
16	gram or renewable energy program.
17	(c) More Stringent State Clean Energy Pro-
18	GRAMS.—
19	(1) Determination.—
20	(A) In General.—The Secretary, in con-
21	sultation with States that have State clean en-
22	ergy programs or renewable energy programs in
23	effect, shall determine whether each such State
24	is implementing a more stringent State clean
25	energy program.

1	(B) Deadlines.—The Secretary shall
2	make a determination under subparagraph
3	(A)—
4	(i) not later than January 1, 2021,
5	with respect to a State clean energy or re-
6	newable energy program in effect on the
7	date of enactment of this Act, and every 5
8	years thereafter; and
9	(ii) not later than 6 months after the
10	date of the enactment by a State, after the
11	date of enactment of this Act, of a new or
12	modified existing clean energy or renewable
13	energy program, and every 5 years there-
14	after.
15	(C) Period.—A determination under this
16	paragraph shall be effective until the earlier
17	of—
18	(i) the date that is 5 years after the
19	date of the determination; or
20	(ii) the date on which the Secretary
21	makes a subsequent determination under
22	this paragraph with respect to the applica-
23	ble State program.
24	(2) Compliance.—If the Secretary determines,
25	under paragraph (1), that a State has a more strin-

- gent State clean energy program, a retail electricity
 supplier that is subject to and in compliance with
 such more stringent State clean energy program
 shall be deemed to be in compliance with the requirements of this title for the period during which
 the determination is effective.
- 7 (3)PROHIBITION AGAINST DOUBLE-COUNT-8 ING.—The Secretary, in consultation with States, 9 shall develop a protocol to ensure that a zero-emis-10 sion electricity credit may not be issued under this 11 title with respect to an amount of electric energy for 12 which one or more State clean energy credits are 13 issued under, and used for compliance with, a more 14 stringent State clean energy program.
- (d) QUALIFIED ELECTRICITY GENERATION ELIGI BLE IN BOTH STATE AND FEDERAL PROGRAMS.—
- 17 (1) Issuance of credit.—In a State that
 18 does not have a more stringent State clean energy
 19 program, 1 megawatt-hour of zero-emission elec20 tricity is eligible to be issued both a State clean en21 ergy credit and a zero-emission electricity credit pur22 suant to this title.
 - (2) Retirement of State credit for a compliance ment of a State clean energy credit for a compliance with a State law in a State that does not have a

23

24

- more stringent State clean energy program shall not prevent a retail electricity supplier from submitting a zero-emission electricity credit issued for the same megawatt-hour of zero-emission electricity for compliance with this title.
 - (3) Submission of Federal Credits.—Submission of a zero-emission electricity credit for compliance with this title shall not prevent a retail electricity supplier from retiring a State clean energy credit issued for the same megawatt-hour of qualified electricity generation for compliance with a State law.

(e) Definitions.—In this section:

- (1) STATE CLEAN ENERGY CREDIT.—The term "State clean energy credit" means a certificate corresponding to the electricity generated from renewable or other zero-emission electricity sources that is issued under a law enacted by a State.
- (2) More stringent state clean energy program" means a law of a State that—
- (A) is determined by the Secretary to require each retail electricity supplier in the State, during the period described under subsection (c)(1)(C), to—

1	(i) obtain State clean energy credits
2	representing an aggregate number of
3	megawatt-hours of zero-emission electricity
4	that is larger than the number of zero-
5	emission electricity credits the retail elec-
6	tricity supplier would otherwise be required
7	to submit under section 202; or
8	(ii) generate a percentage of zero-
9	emission electricity that is greater than the
10	percentage that would be required of the
11	retail electricity supplier under section
12	202; and
13	(B) includes compliance mechanisms, in-
14	cluding the imposition of penalties, that are at
15	least as effective in enforcing compliance as the
16	system of enforcement under this title.
17	SEC. 207. REPORT TO CONGRESS.
18	Not later than January 1, 2040, the Secretary shall
19	submit a report to Congress with an evaluation and a fore-
20	cast of the remaining barriers to achieving generation of
21	electric energy with no emissions of carbon dioxide by cal-
22	endar year 2050.
23	SEC. 208. INFORMATION COLLECTION.
24	The Secretary may require any retail electricity sup-
25	plier, generator, or other entity that the Secretary deter-

1	mines appropriate, to submit to the Secretary any infor-
2	mation the Secretary determines to be appropriate to
3	carry out this title.
4	SEC. 209. CIVIL PENALTIES.
5	(a) In General.—Subject to subsection (b)—
6	(1) a retail electricity supplier that fails to meet
7	the requirements of section 202 shall be subject to
8	a civil penalty in an amount equal to the product ob-
9	tained by multiplying—
10	(A) the aggregate quantity of zero-emis-
11	sion electricity credits that the retail electricity
12	supplier failed to submit for the calendar year
13	to comply with section 202; by
14	(B) 300 percent of the amount of alter-
15	native compliance payment for the calendar
16	year, as determined under section 202(c); and
17	(2) an entity required to submit information
18	pursuant to section 208 that violates such section by
19	failing to submit the information, or submitting false
20	or misleading information, shall be subject to a civil
21	penalty of \$25,000 for each day during which such
22	violation continues.
23	(b) Waivers and Mitigation.—
24	(1) Force majeure.—The Secretary may
25	mitigate or waive a civil penalty under subsection (a)

- 1 if the applicable retail electricity supplier or other
- 2 entity was unable to comply with an applicable re-
- 3 quirement for reasons outside of the reasonable con-
- 4 trol of the retail electricity supplier or other entity.
- 5 (2) REDUCTION FOR STATE PENALTIES.—The
- 6 Secretary shall reduce the amount of a penalty de-
- 7 termined under subsection (a) by the amount paid
- 8 by the applicable retail electricity supplier to a State
- 9 for failure to comply with the requirement of a State
- renewable energy program, if the State requirement
- is more stringent than the applicable requirement of
- this title.
- 13 (c) Procedure for Assessing Penalty.—The
- 14 Secretary shall assess a civil penalty under this section
- 15 in accordance with section 333(d) of the Energy Policy
- 16 and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6303(d)).
- 17 SEC. 210. REGULATIONS.
- 18 (a) IN GENERAL.—Except as otherwise provided in
- 19 this title, not later than 2 years after the date of enact-
- 20 ment of this title, the Secretary shall promulgate regula-
- 21 tions to implement this title.
- 22 (b) Consultation.—The Secretary shall consult
- 23 with the Administrator of the Environmental Protection
- 24 Agency in promulgating the regulations to implement this
- 25 title.

Subtitle B—Methane Regulation

2	SEC. 211. METHANE REGULATION.
3	(a) National Goal.—The goal of this section is to
4	reduce steadily the quantity of methane emissions from
5	the oil and natural gas sector such that the quantity of
6	methane emissions in calendar year 2030 from the oil and
7	natural gas sector is at least 90 percent below the quantity
8	of methane emissions in calendar year 2012 from such
9	sector.
10	(b) Maintaining Final NSPS Rule.—The Admin-
11	istrator may not repeal, replace, or amend the final rule
12	entitled "Oil and Natural Gas Sector: Emission Standards
13	for New, Reconstructed, and Modified Sources" as pub-
14	lished by the Environmental Protection Agency in the
15	Federal Register on June 3, 2016 (81 Fed. Reg. 35,824
16	et seq.), until regulations are promulgated pursuant to
17	subsection (e).
18	(c) REGULATIONS TO MEET THE NATIONAL GOAL.—
19	(1) MEETING THE NATIONAL GOAL.—
20	(A) DEADLINE.—Not later than December
21	31, 2022, the Administrator shall promulgate
22	final regulations under section 111 of the Clean
23	Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7411) to limit methane

emissions from the oil and natural gas sector to

1	achieve the national goal specified in subsection
2	(a).
3	(B) Contents.—The regulations required
4	by subparagraph (A) shall provide for the es-
5	tablishment, implementation, and enforcement
6	of standards of performance for limiting emis-
7	sions of methane from new sources under sec-
8	tion 111(b) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C.
9	7411(b)), and guidelines for States to establish
10	implement, and enforce standards of perform-
11	ance for existing sources under section 111(d)
12	of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7411(d)). Such
13	standards of performance shall—
14	(i) require the application of the best
15	system of emission reduction to include ap-
16	plication of the best system of venting and
17	leakage reduction for new and existing nat-
18	ural gas transmission and distribution
19	pipelines; and
20	(ii) apply to new sources, and existing
21	sources, including—
22	(I) new sources, and existing
23	sources, with equipment that handles
24	liquefied natural gas;

1	(II) new and existing offshore pe-
2	troleum and natural gas production
3	facilities; and
4	(III) other petroleum and natural
5	gas facilities, as determined by the
6	Administrator.
7	(2) Covered sources.—The regulations pro-
8	mulgated pursuant to this subsection shall apply to
9	new sources and existing sources of methane within
10	every segment of the oil and natural gas sector.
11	(d) Public Health and Welfare.—For purposes
12	of section 111 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7411),
13	methane emissions from the oil and gas sector are deemed
14	to reasonably be anticipated to endanger public health or
15	welfare.
16	(e) Definitions.—In this section:
17	(1) Administrator.—The term "Adminis-
18	trator" means the Administrator of the Environ-
19	mental Protection Agency.
20	(2) Existing source; new source; stand-
21	ARD OF PERFORMANCE.—The terms "existing
22	source", "new source", and "standard of perform-
23	ance", have the meaning given such terms in section
24	111(a) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7411(a)).

TITLE III—INCENTIVES FOR THE

- 2 ACCELERATED DEPLOYMENT
- 3 OF 100-PERCENT ZERO-EMIS-
- 4 SION ELECTRICITY SYSTEM
- 5 SEC. 300. PURPOSE.
- 6 The purpose of this title is to provide support for any
- 7 given power company to accelerate the deployment of a
- 8 100-percent zero-emission electricity generation system as
- 9 early as possible before 2050.
- 10 SEC. 301. ZERO-EMISSION ELECTRICITY ACCELERATION IN-
- 11 VESTMENT TAX CREDIT.
- 12 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart D of part IV of sub-
- 13 chapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of
- 14 1986 is amended by adding at the end the following new
- 15 section:
- 16 "SEC. 45U. ZERO-EMISSION ELECTRICITY ACCELERATION
- 17 **INVESTMENT CREDIT.**
- 18 "(a) In General.—For purposes of section 38, in
- 19 the case of a taxpayer who is a qualified zero-emission
- 20 electricity taxpayer, the zero-emission electricity accelera-
- 21 tion investment credit shall be the applicable percentage
- 22 of the cost of a qualified zero-emission electricity gener-
- 23 ating unit.
- 24 "(b) Definitions.—In this section;

1	"(1) APPLICABLE PERCENTAGE.—The term
2	'applicable percentage' means—
3	"(A) 50 percent in the case of a qualified
4	zero-emission electricity generating unit that
5	begins to generate electricity before December
6	31, 2025,
7	"(B) 40 percent in the case of a qualified
8	zero-emission electricity generating unit that
9	begins to generate electricity before December
10	31, 2030, and
11	"(C) 30 percent in the case of a qualified
12	zero-emission electricity generating unit that
13	begins to generate electricity before December
14	31, 2037.
15	"(2) Generating unit.—The term 'generating
16	unit' has the meaning given such term in section
17	201 of the Clean Energy Innovation and Deploy-
18	ment Act of 2020.
19	"(3) Qualified zero-emission electricity
20	GENERATING UNIT.—The term 'qualified zero-emis-
21	sion electricity generating unit' means a generating
22	unit—
23	"(A) that is placed into service after the
24	date of enactment of this section, and

1	"(B) the operation of which does not result
2	in the release of carbon dioxide into the atmos-
3	phere.
4	"(4) Qualified zero-emission electricity
5	TAXPAYER.—The term 'qualified zero-emission elec-
6	tricity taxpayer' means, for a taxable year, a tax-
7	payer who—
8	"(A) does not own a generating unit that
9	emits carbon dioxide at any point during such
10	taxable year, and
11	"(B) for such taxable year, owns non-emit-
12	ting electricity generating units with a gener-
13	ating capacity that is equal to or greater than
14	the annual average generating capacity of gen-
15	erating units owned by such taxpayer during
16	the 5-year period ending on the date of the en-
17	actment of this section.
18	"(c) Transferability.—
19	"(1) In general.—If the qualified zero-emis-
20	sion electricity taxpayer elects to transfer all (or any
21	portion specified in the election) of the credit deter-
22	mined under this section for any taxable year with
23	respect to any qualified facility to an eligible project
24	partner for a specified period, then, the eligible

project partner specified in such election (and not

1	the taxpayer) shall be treated for purposes of this
2	title with respect to such credit (or such portion
3	thereof) as the person producing and selling the elec-
4	tricity to which such credit (or portion thereof) re-
5	lates.
6	"(2) Deduction for payments in connec-
7	TION WITH TRANSFER.—There shall be allowed as ϵ
8	deduction under part VI of subchapter B an amount
9	equal to the amount paid by a taxpayer as consider-
10	ation for a transfer described in paragraph (1).
11	"(3) Eligible project partner.—
12	"(A) For purposes of this subsection, the
13	term 'eligible project partner' means, with re-
14	spect to any qualified facility, any person who—
15	"(i) has an ownership interest in such
16	qualified facility,
17	"(ii) provided equipment for or serv-
18	ices in the construction of such qualified
19	facility,
20	"(iii) provides electric transmission or
21	distribution services for such qualified fa-
22	cility,
23	"(iv) purchases electricity from such
24	qualified facility pursuant to a contract, or

1	"(v) provides financing for such quali-
2	fied facility.
3	"(B) For purposes of subparagraph (A)(v),
4	any amount paid as consideration for a transfer
5	described in paragraph (1) shall not be treated
6	as financing of a qualified facility.
7	"(4) Taxable year in which credit taken
8	INTO ACCOUNT.—In the case of any credit (or por-
9	tion thereof) with respect to which an election is
10	made under paragraph (1), such credit shall be
11	taken into account in the first taxable year of the el-
12	igible project partner ending with, or after, the elect-
13	ing taxpayer's taxable year with respect to which the
14	credit was determined.
15	"(5) Limitations on election.—
16	"(A) TIME FOR ELECTION.—An election
17	under this subsection to transfer any portion of
18	the credit allowed under this section shall be
19	made not later than the due date for the return
20	of tax for the electing taxpayer's taxable year
21	with respect to which the credit was deter-
22	mined.
23	"(B) No further transfers.—No elec-
24	tion may be made under this subsection by a
25	taxpayer with respect to any portion of the

1	credit allowed under this section which has been
2	previously transferred to such taxpayer under
3	this paragraph.
4	"(C) Treatment of transfer under
5	PRIVATE USE RULES.—For purposes of section
6	141(b)(1), any benefit derived by an eligible
7	project partner in connection with an election
8	under this subsection shall not be taken into ac-
9	count as a private business use.
10	"(D) Additional election require-
11	MENTS.—The Secretary may prescribe such
12	regulations as may be appropriate to carry out
13	the purposes of this subsection, including—
14	"(i) rules for determining which per-
15	sons are eligible project partners with re-
16	spect to any energy property, and
17	"(ii) requiring information to be in-
18	cluded in an election under paragraph (1)
19	or imposing additional reporting require-
20	ments.
21	"(E) QUALIFIED FACILITY.—For purposes
22	of this section, the term 'qualified facility' has
23	the meaning given in section 45(d).
24	"(d) Credit Recapture.—If a taxpayer who has
25	been allowed a credit under this section for any taxable

- 1 year ceases, in any subsequent taxable year, to be a quali-
- 2 fied zero-emission electricity taxpayer, such taxpayer's tax
- 3 under this chapter for such subsequent taxable year shall
- 4 be increased by the amount of any credit or credits pre-
- 5 viously allocated to such taxpayer under this section (and
- 6 not previously recaptured under this subsection).
- 7 "(e) Termination.—This section shall apply to tax-
- 8 able years ending before January 1, 2050.".
- 9 (b) Credit Made Part of General Business
- 10 Credit.—Subsection (b) of section 38 of the Internal
- 11 Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking "plus" at
- 12 the end of paragraph (32), by striking the period at the
- 13 end of paragraph (33) and inserting ", plus", and by add-
- 14 ing at the end the following new paragraph:
- 15 "(34) the zero-emission electricity acceleration
- investment credit determined under section 45U.".
- 17 (c) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections
- 18 for subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1
- 19 of such Code is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 20 lowing new item:
 - "Sec. 45U. Zero-emission electricity acceleration investment credit.".
- 21 (d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
- 22 this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after
- 23 the date of the enactment of this Act.

1	SEC. 302. ZERO-EMISSION ELECTRICITY ACCELERATION
2	GRANTS.
3	(a) In General.—Upon application, the Secretary
4	of Energy shall, subject to the requirements of this section
5	and the availability of appropriations for such purpose,
6	provide a grant in an amount specified under subsection
7	(b) to an eligible electricity provider that—
8	(1) permanently retires every existing carbon-
9	emitting generating unit owned by the eligible elec-
10	tricity provider as of the date that the applicable
11	percentage for the grant begins to apply under sub-
12	section $(b)(2)$; and
13	(2) places into service one or more qualified
14	zero-emission electricity generating units that re-
15	place the generation capacity of the carbon-emitting
16	generating units described in paragraph (1) in suffi-
17	cient amounts to satisfy the condition specified in
18	subsection (c).
19	(b) Grant Amount.—
20	(1) In general.—The amount of the grant
21	under subsection (a) with respect to any qualified
22	zero-emission electricity generating unit shall be the
23	applicable percentage of the cost of such qualified
24	zero-emission electricity generating unit.

1	(2) Applicable percentage.—For purposes
2	of paragraph (1), the term "applicable percentage"
3	means—
4	(A) 50 percent in the case of a qualified
5	zero-emission electricity generating unit that
6	begins to generate electricity before December
7	31, 2025;
8	(B) 40 percent in the case of a qualified
9	zero-emission electricity generating unit that
10	begins to generate electricity before December
11	31, 2030; and
12	(C) 30 percent in the case of a qualified
13	zero-emission electricity generating unit that
14	begins to generate electricity before December
15	31, 2037.
16	(e) Conditions for the Grant.—No grant shall
17	be made under this section unless the Secretary of Energy
18	determines that the eligible electricity provider, as of the
19	date that the applicable percentage for the grant begins
20	to apply under subsection (b)(2), owns generating units
21	that have an aggregate generation capacity that is not less
22	than the annualized amount of generation capacity that
23	is owned by such eligible electricity provider during the
24	5-year period ending on the date of the enactment of this
25	section.

1	(d) Time for Payment of Grant.—The Secretary
2	of Energy shall make payment of any grant under sub-
3	section (a) during the 60-day period beginning on the later
4	of—
5	(1) the date of the application for such grant;
6	or
7	(2) the date the qualified zero-emission elec-
8	tricity generating units described in subsection
9	(a)(2) for which the grant is being made are placed
10	into service.
11	(e) Application of Certain Rules.—In making
12	grants under this section, the Secretary of Energy shall
13	apply rules similar to the rules of section 50 of the Inter-
14	nal Revenue Code of 1986 with the exception of section
15	50(b)(3) and section $50(b)(4)$ for an entity described in
16	section $50(b)(4)(A)(i)$. In applying such rules, if an eligi-
17	ble electricity provider acquires a carbon-emitting gener-
18	ating unit after a grant is made to the eligible electricity
19	provider, the Secretary shall provide for the recapture of
20	the appropriate percentage of the grant amount in such
21	manner as the Secretary determines appropriate.
22	(f) Definitions.—For purposes of this section:
23	(1) Carbon-emitting generating unit.—
24	The term "carbon-emitting generating unit" means

1	a generating unit the operation of which results in
2	the release of carbon dioxide to the atmosphere.
3	(2) Eligible electricity provider.—The
4	term "eligible electricity provider" means an entity
5	in the United States that—
6	(A) owns one or more generating units
7	and
8	(B) sells the electricity generated by such
9	generating units.
10	(3) GENERATING UNIT.—The term "generating
11	unit" has the meaning given such term in section
12	201 of the Clean Energy Innovation and Deploy-
13	ment Act of 2020.
14	(4) Qualified zero-emission electricity
15	GENERATING UNIT.—The term "qualified zero-emis-
16	sion electricity generating unit" means a generating
17	unit—
18	(A) that is placed into service after the
19	date of enactment of this section; and
20	(B) the operation of which does not result
21	in the release of carbon dioxide into the atmos-
22	nhere

1 TITLE IV—LOW-INCOME RATE-2 PAYER PROTECTION

- 3 SEC. 400. PURPOSE.
- 4 The purpose of this title is to provide low-income resi-
- 5 dents technical and financial assistance to help reduce en-
- 6 ergy bills, including by making homes more energy effi-
- 7 cient.

8 SEC. 401. WEATHERIZATION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.

- 9 (a) Reauthorization of Weatherization As-
- 10 SISTANCE PROGRAM.—Section 422 of the Energy Con-
- 11 servation and Production Act (42 U.S.C. 6872) is amend-
- 12 ed by striking paragraphs (1) through (5) and inserting
- 13 the following:
- "(1) \$350,000,000 for fiscal year 2021;
- "(2) \$500,000,000 for fiscal year 2022;
- "(3) \$650,000,000 for fiscal year 2023;
- 17 (4) \$800,000,000 for fiscal year 2024; and
- 18 "(5) \$1,000,000,000 for each of fiscal years
- 19 2025 through 2030.".
- 20 (b) Modernizing the Definition of Weather-
- 21 IZATION MATERIALS.—Section 412(9)(J) of the Energy
- 22 Conservation and Production Act (42 U.S.C. 6862(9)(J))
- 23 is amended—

1	(1) by inserting ", including renewable energy
2	technologies and other advanced technologies," after
3	"devices or technologies"; and
4	(2) by striking ", after consulting with the Sec-
5	retary of Housing and Urban Development, the Sec-
6	retary of Agriculture, and the Director of the Com-
7	munity Services Administration".
8	(c) Consideration of Health Benefits.—Sec-
9	tion 413(b) of the Energy Conservation and Production
10	Act (42 U.S.C. 6863(b)) is amended—
11	(1) in paragraph (1), by striking "Health, Edu-
12	cation, and Welfare" and inserting "Health and
13	Human Services';
14	(2) in paragraph (2)(A), by striking "Health,
15	Education, and Welfare" and inserting "Health and
16	Human Services";
17	(3) in paragraph (3)—
18	(A) by striking "and with the Director of
19	the Community Services Administration";
20	(B) by inserting "and by" after "in car-
21	rying out this part,"; and
22	(C) by striking ", and the Director of the
23	Community Services Administration in carrying
24	out weatherization programs under section

1	222(a)(12) of the Economic Opportunity Act of
2	1964'';
3	(4) by redesignating paragraphs (4) through
4	(6) as paragraphs (5) through (7), respectively; and
5	(5) by inserting after paragraph (3), the fol-
6	lowing:
7	"(4) The Secretary may amend the regulations pre-
8	scribed under paragraph (1) to provide that the standards
9	described in paragraph (2)(A) take into consideration im-
10	provements in the health and safety of occupants of dwell-
11	ing units, and other nonenergy benefits, from weatheriza-
12	tion.".
13	(d) Contractor Optimization.—
14	(1) In General.—The Energy Conservation
14 15	(1) In General.—The Energy Conservation and Production Act is amended by inserting after
15	and Production Act is amended by inserting after
15 16	and Production Act is amended by inserting after section 414B (42 U.S.C. 6864b) the following:
15 16 17	and Production Act is amended by inserting after section 414B (42 U.S.C. 6864b) the following: "SEC. 414C. CONTRACTOR OPTIMIZATION.
15 16 17 18	and Production Act is amended by inserting after section 414B (42 U.S.C. 6864b) the following: "SEC. 414C. CONTRACTOR OPTIMIZATION. "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may request that
15 16 17 18	and Production Act is amended by inserting after section 414B (42 U.S.C. 6864b) the following: "SEC. 414C. CONTRACTOR OPTIMIZATION. "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may request that entities receiving funding from the Federal Government
15 16 17 18 19	and Production Act is amended by inserting after section 414B (42 U.S.C. 6864b) the following: "SEC. 414C. CONTRACTOR OPTIMIZATION. "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may request that entities receiving funding from the Federal Government or from a State through a weatherization assistance pro-
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	and Production Act is amended by inserting after section 414B (42 U.S.C. 6864b) the following: "SEC. 414C. CONTRACTOR OPTIMIZATION. "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may request that entities receiving funding from the Federal Government or from a State through a weatherization assistance program under section 413 or section 414 perform periodic

1	"(b) Use of Training Funds.—Entities described
2	in subsection (a) may use funding described in such sub-
3	section to train private, non-Federal entities that are con-
4	tracted to provide weatherization assistance under a
5	weatherization program, in accordance with rules deter-
6	mined by the Secretary.".
7	(2) Table of contents amendment.—The
8	table of contents for the Energy Conservation and
9	Production Act is amended by inserting after the
10	item relating to section 414B the following:
	"Sec. 414C. Contractor optimization.".
11	(e) Financial Assistance for WAP Enhance-
12	MENT AND INNOVATION.—
13	(1) In General.—The Energy Conservation
14	and Production Act is amended by inserting after
15	section 414C (as added by subsection (d) of this sec-
16	tion) the following:
17	"SEC. 414D. FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR WAP ENHANCE-
18	MENT AND INNOVATION.
19	"(a) Purposes.—The purposes of this section are—
20	"(1) to expand the number of dwelling units
21	that are occupied by low-income persons that receive
22	
	weatherization assistance by making such dwelling

1	"(2) to promote the deployment of zero-emis-
2	sion electric energy in dwelling units that are occu-
3	pied by low-income persons;
4	"(3) to ensure healthy indoor environments by
5	enhancing or expanding health and safety measures
6	and resources available to dwellings that are occu-
7	pied by low-income persons;
8	"(4) to disseminate new methods and best prac-
9	tices among entities providing weatherization assist-
10	ance; and
11	"(5) to encourage entities providing weatheriza-
12	tion assistance to hire and retain employees who are
13	individuals—
14	"(A) from the community in which the as-
15	sistance is provided; and
16	"(B) from communities or groups that are
17	underrepresented in the home energy perform-
18	ance workforce, including religious and ethnic
19	minorities, women, veterans, individuals with
20	disabilities, individuals who are socioeconomical-
21	ly disadvantaged, and energy transition workers
22	(as defined in section 511 of the Clean Energy
23	Innovation and Deployment Act of 2020).
24	"(b) FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary shall,
25	to the extent funds are made available award financial

1	assistance, on an annual basis, through a competitive
2	process to entities receiving funding from the Federal Gov-
3	ernment or from a State, tribal organization, or unit of
4	general purpose local government through a weatheriza-
5	tion program under section 413 or section 414, or to non-
6	profit entities, to be used by such an entity—
7	"(1) with respect to dwelling units that are oc-
8	cupied by low-income persons, to—
9	"(A) implement measures to make such
10	dwelling units weatherization-ready by address-
11	ing structural, plumbing, roofing, and electrical
12	issues, environmental hazards, or other meas-
13	ures that the Secretary determines to be appro-
14	priate;
15	"(B) install energy efficiency technologies,
16	including home energy management systems,
17	smart devices, technologies that have been
18	awarded a prize under section 128 of the Clean
19	Energy Innovation and Deployment Act of
20	2020, and other technologies the Secretary de-
21	termines to be appropriate;
22	"(C) install renewable energy systems (as
23	defined in section $415(c)(6)(A)$; and
24	"(D) implement measures to ensure
25	healthy indoor environments by improving in-

1	door air quality, accessibility, and other healthy
2	homes measures as determined by the Sec-
3	retary;
4	"(2) to improve the capability of the entity—
5	"(A) to significantly increase the number
6	of energy retrofits performed by such entity;
7	"(B) to replicate best practices for work
8	performed pursuant to this section on a larger
9	scale;
10	"(C) to leverage additional funds to sus-
11	tain the provision of weatherization assistance
12	and other work performed pursuant to this sec-
13	tion after financial assistance awarded under
14	this section is expended; and
15	"(D) to hire and retain employees who are
16	individuals described subsection (a)(5);
17	"(3) for innovative outreach and education re-
18	garding the benefits and availability of weatheriza-
19	tion assistance and other assistance available pursu-
20	ant to this section;
21	"(4) for quality control of work performed pur-
22	suant to this section;
23	"(5) for data collection, measurement, and
24	verification with respect to such work:

1	"(6) for program monitoring, oversight, evalua-
2	tion, and reporting regarding such work;
3	"(7) for labor, training, and technical assist-
4	ance relating to such work;
5	"(8) for planning, management, and adminis-
6	tration (up to a maximum of 15 percent of the as-
7	sistance provided); and
8	"(9) for such other activities as the Secretary
9	determines to be appropriate.
10	"(c) AWARD FACTORS.—In awarding financial assist-
11	ance under this section, the Secretary shall consider—
12	"(1) the applicant's record of constructing, ren-
13	ovating, repairing, or making energy efficient single-
14	family, multifamily, or manufactured homes that are
15	occupied by low-income persons, either directly or
16	through affiliates, chapters, or other partners (using
17	the most recent year for which data are available);
18	"(2) the number of dwelling units occupied by
19	low-income persons that the applicant has built, ren-
20	ovated, repaired, weatherized, or made more energy
21	efficient in the 5 years preceding the date of the ap-
22	plication;
23	"(3) the qualifications, experience, and past
24	performance of the applicant, including experience

1	successfully managing and administering Federal
2	funds;
3	"(4) the strength of an applicant's proposal to
4	achieve one or more of the purposes under sub-
5	section (a);
6	"(5) the extent to which such applicant will uti-
7	lize partnerships and regional coordination to
8	achieve one or more of the purposes under sub-
9	section (a);
10	"(6) regional and climate zone diversity;
11	"(7) urban, suburban, and rural localities; and
12	"(8) such other factors as the Secretary deter-
13	mines to be appropriate.
14	"(d) Applications.—
15	"(1) Administration.—To be eligible for an
16	award of financial assistance under this section, an
17	applicant shall submit to the Secretary an applica-
18	tion in such manner and containing such informa-
19	tion as the Secretary may require.
20	"(2) AWARDS.—Subject to the availability of
21	appropriations, not later than 270 days after the
22	date of enactment of this section, the Secretary shall
23	make a first award of financial assistance under this
24	section.
25	"(e) Maximum Amount and Term.—

1	"(1) In general.—The total amount of finan-
2	cial assistance awarded to an entity under this sec-
3	tion shall not exceed \$2,000,000.
4	"(2) Technical and training assistance.—
5	The total amount of financial assistance awarded to
6	an entity under this section shall be reduced by the
7	cost of any technical and training assistance pro-
8	vided by the Secretary that relates to such financial
9	assistance.
10	"(3) Term.—The term of an award of financial
11	assistance under this section shall not exceed 3
12	years.
13	"(4) Relationship to formula grants.—An
14	entity may use financial assistance awarded to such
15	entity under this section in conjunction with other
16	financial assistance provided to such entity under
17	this part.
18	"(f) REQUIREMENTS.—Not later than 90 days after
19	the date of enactment of this section, the Secretary shall
20	issue requirements to implement this section, including,
21	for entities receiving financial assistance under this sec-
22	tion—
23	"(1) standards for allowable expenditures;
24	"(2) a minimum saving-to-investment ratio; and
25	"(3) standards for—

1	"(A) training programs;
2	"(B) energy audits;
3	"(C) the provision of technical assistance;
4	"(D) monitoring activities carried out
5	using such financial assistance;
6	"(E) verification of energy and cost sav-
7	ings;
8	"(F) liability insurance requirements; and
9	"(G) recordkeeping and reporting require-
10	ments, which shall include reporting to the Of-
11	fice of Weatherization and Intergovernmental
12	Programs of the Department of Energy applica-
13	ble data on each dwelling unit retrofitted or
14	otherwise assisted pursuant to this section.
15	"(g) Compliance With State and Local Law.—
16	Nothing in this section supersedes or otherwise affects any
17	State or local law, to the extent that the State or local
18	law contains a requirement that is more stringent than
19	the applicable requirement of this section.
20	"(h) REVIEW AND EVALUATION.—The Secretary
21	shall review and evaluate the performance of each entity
22	that receives an award of financial assistance under this
23	section (which may include an audit)

1	"(i) Annual Report.—The Secretary shall submit
2	to Congress an annual report that provides a description
3	of—
4	"(1) actions taken under this section to achieve
5	the purposes of this section; and
6	"(2) accomplishments as a result of such ac-
7	tions, including energy and cost savings achieved.
8	"(j) Funding.—
9	"(1) Amounts.—
10	"(A) In general.—For each of fiscal
11	years 2021 through 2030, of the amount made
12	available under section 422 for such fiscal year
13	to carry out the weatherization program under
14	this part (not including any of such amount
15	made available for Department of Energy head-
16	quarters training or technical assistance), not
17	more than—
18	"(i) 2 percent of such amount (if such
19	amount is \$225,000,000 or more but less
20	than \$260,000,000) may be used to carry
21	out this section;
22	"(ii) 4 percent of such amount (if
23	such amount is \$260,000,000 or more but
24	less than \$300,000,000) may be used to
25	carry out this section; and

1	((/···)
1	"(iii) 6 percent of such amount (i
2	such amount is \$300,000,000 or more
3	may be used to carry out this section.
4	"(B) MINIMUM.—For each of fiscal years
5	2021 through 2030, if the amount made avail-
6	able under section 422 (not including any or
7	such amount made available for Department of
8	Energy headquarters training or technical as-
9	sistance) for such fiscal year is less than
10	\$225,000,000, no funds shall be made available
11	to carry out this section.
12	"(2) Limitation.—For any fiscal year, the
13	Secretary may not use more than \$25,000,000 or
14	the amount made available under section 422 to
15	carry out this section.".
16	(2) Table of contents.—The table of con-
17	tents for the Energy Conservation and Production
18	Act is amended by inserting after the item relating
19	to section 414C the following:
	"Sec. 414D. Financial assistance for WAP enhancement and innovation.".
20	(f) Hiring.—
21	(1) In General.—The Energy Conservation
22	and Production Act is amended by inserting after
23	section 414D (as added by subsection (e) of this sec-

tion) the following:

1 "SEC. 414E. HIRING.

- 2 "The Secretary may, as the Secretary determines ap-
- 3 propriate, encourage entities receiving funding from the
- 4 Federal Government or from a State through a weather-
- 5 ization program under section 413 or section 414, to
- 6 prioritize the hiring and retention of employees who are
- 7 individuals described in section 414D(a)(5).".
- 8 (2) Table of contents.—The table of con-
- 9 tents for the Energy Conservation and Production
- Act is amended by inserting after the item relating
- 11 to section 414D the following:
 - "Sec. 414E. Hiring.".
- 12 (g) Increase in Administrative Funds.—Section
- 13 415(a)(1) of the Energy Conservation and Production Act
- 14 (42 U.S.C. 6865(a)(1)) is amended by striking "10 per-
- 15 cent" and inserting "15 percent".
- 16 (h) Amending Reweatherization Date.—Para-
- 17 graph (2) of section 415(c) of the Energy Conservation
- 18 and Production Act (42 U.S.C. 6865(e)) is amended to
- 19 read as follows:
- 20 "(2) Dwelling units weatherized (including dwelling
- 21 units partially weatherized) under this part, or under
- 22 other Federal programs (in this paragraph referred to as
- 23 'previous weatherization'), may not receive further finan-
- 24 cial assistance for weatherization under this part until the
- 25 date that is 15 years after the date such previous weather-

- 1 ization was completed. This paragraph does not preclude
- 2 dwelling units that have received previous weatherization
- 3 from receiving assistance and services (including the provi-
- 4 sion of information and education to assist with energy
- 5 management and evaluation of the effectiveness of in-
- 6 stalled weatherization materials) other than weatheriza-
- 7 tion under this part or under other Federal programs, or
- 8 from receiving non-Federal assistance for weatheriza-
- 9 tion.".
- 10 (i) Annual Report.—Section 421 of the Energy
- 11 Conservation and Production Act (42 U.S.C. 6871) is
- 12 amended by inserting "the number of multifamily build-
- 13 ings in which individual dwelling units were weatherized
- 14 during the previous year, the number of individual dwell-
- 15 ing units in multifamily buildings weatherized during the
- 16 previous year," after "the average size of the dwellings
- 17 being weatherized,".
- 18 (j) Report on Waivers.—Not later than 180 days
- 19 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of
- 20 Energy shall submit to Congress a report on the status
- 21 of any request made after September 30, 2010, for a waiv-
- 22 er of any requirement under section 200.313 of title 2,
- 23 Code of Federal Regulations, as such requirement applies
- 24 with respect to the weatherization assistance program
- 25 under part A of title IV of the Energy Conservation and

1	Production Act (42 U.S.C. 6861 et seq.), including a de-
2	scription of any such waiver that has been granted and
3	any such request for a waiver that has been considered
4	but not granted.
5	SEC. 402. LIHEAP AUTHORIZATION.
6	Section 2602 of the Low-Income Home Energy As-
7	sistance Act of 1981 (42 U.S.C. 8621) is amended—
8	(1) in subsection (b), by striking "through
9	2007" and inserting "through 2030"; and
10	(2) in subsection (d)—
11	(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "through
12	2004" and inserting "through 2030"; and
13	(B) in paragraph (2), by striking "through
14	2004" and inserting "through 2030".
15	TITLE V—ENERGY WORKFORCE
16	TRANSITION AND TRAINING
17	SEC. 500. PURPOSES.
18	The purposes of this title are to provide for a transi-
19	tion to a modern energy system, including by ensuring
20	that—
21	(1) the United States has a workforce prepared
22	to address the needs of the modern energy system;
23	(2) workers in declining energy sectors and in
24	disenfranchised communities acquire well-paying
25	jobs in growing energy sectors; and

1	(3) communities, especially those that are dis-
2	proportionately vulnerable to the impacts of climate
3	change and other pollution, can be made resilient to
4	the impacts of climate change.
5	Subtitle A—State Energy Plans
6	SEC. 501. STATE ENERGY PLANS.
7	(a) In General.—Section 362(d) of the Energy Pol-
8	icy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6322(d)) is amend-
9	ed—
10	(1) in paragraph (16), by striking "; and" and
11	inserting a semicolon;
12	(2) by redesignating paragraph (17) as para-
13	graph (18); and
14	(3) by inserting after paragraph (16) the fol-
15	lowing:
16	"(17) a State energy plan developed in accord-
17	ance with section 367; and".
18	(b) State Energy Plans.—Part D of title III of
19	the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6321
20	et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:
21	"SEC. 367. STATE ENERGY PLANS.
22	"(a) In General.—The Secretary may provide fi-
23	nancial assistance to a State to develop a State energy
24	plan, for inclusion in a State energy conservation plan
25	under section 362(d), to provide for—

1	"(1) the elimination of net greenhouse gas
2	emissions;
3	"(2) improved air and water quality; and
4	"(3) conservation of natural resources.
5	"(b) Contents.—A State developing a State energy
6	plan under this section shall include in such plan, meas-
7	ures to—
8	"(1) ensure that the full social cost of carbon
9	pollution is factored into decision-making associated
10	with electricity generation and utility investments in
11	energy efficiency and electric vehicle infrastructure;
12	"(2) promote investments in a distribution sys-
13	tem that takes advantage of technology advancement
14	and supports reduced pollution, consumer choice,
15	and a resilient and reliable system;
16	"(3) address the need to site transmission lines
17	and new electricity generating units efficiently;
18	"(4) evaluate the role of existing resources as
19	part of utility planning to accelerate the transition
20	to low-cost carbon emissions reductions;
21	"(5) engage with regional partners to explore
22	the potential benefits of regional markets;
23	"(6) support utility leadership in its efforts to
24	transition to sources of electricity that result in net
25	zero greenhouse gas emissions;

1	"(7) support infrastructure upgrades and smart
2	grid investments to improve system-wide efficiency;
3	"(8) support building codes for new and retro-
4	fitted buildings that promote the energy efficiency of
5	buildings and the electric grid;
6	"(9) support improved appliance efficiency
7	standards;
8	"(10) support investments in electric vehicle in-
9	frastructure in ways that will ensure a more efficient
10	grid and greater adoption of electric vehicles, includ-
11	ing in rural areas;
12	"(11) support workforce and economic transi-
13	tion planning for communities impacted by a chang-
14	ing energy landscape, as informed by the Energy
15	Workforce Transition Plan developed under section
16	512 of the Clean Energy Innovation and Deploy-
17	ment Act of 2020, and the pilot program developed
18	under section 523 of such Act;
19	"(12) consider the human health and environ-
20	mental impacts of energy development and climate
21	change on low-income and underserved populations,
22	including rural communities, communities of color,
23	children the elderly and sick and

1	"(13) develop strategies to support local clean
2	energy goals facilitating utility-community coopera-
3	tion and private sector partnerships.
4	"(c) Coordination.—In developing a State energy
5	plan under this section, a State shall coordinate, as appro-
6	priate, with—
7	"(1) State regulatory authorities (as defined in
8	section 3 of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies
9	Act of 1978);
10	"(2) electric utilities;
11	"(3) Regional Transmission Organizations (as
12	defined in section 3 of the Federal Power Act) and
13	Independent System Operators (as defined in section
14	3 of the Federal Power Act);
15	"(4) private entities;
16	"(5) State agencies, metropolitan planning or-
17	ganizations, and local governments;
18	"(6) the Energy Workforce Transition Office
19	established by section 512 of the Clean Energy In-
20	novation and Deployment Act of 2020;
21	"(7) relevant public and private entities; and
22	"(8) labor organizations, such as those rep-
23	resenting workers in the construction, manufac-
24	turing, or energy sectors.

1	"(d) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—Upon request of the
2	Governor of a State, the Secretary shall provide informa-
3	tion and technical assistance in the development, imple-
4	mentation, or revision of a State energy plan.".
5	SEC. 502. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
6	(a) State Energy Conservation Plans.—Section
7	365(f) of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42
8	U.S.C. 6325(f)) is amended to read as follows:
9	"(f) Authorization of Appropriations.—
10	"(1) State energy conservation plans.—
11	For the purpose of carrying out this part, there is
12	authorized to be appropriated \$100,000,000 for each
13	of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.
14	"(2) State energy plans.—In addition to
15	the amounts authorized under paragraph (1), for the
16	purpose of carrying out section 367, there is author-
17	ized to be appropriated \$25,000,000 for each of fis-
18	cal years 2022 through 2026.".
19	(b) Transportation Electrification.—Section
20	131 of the Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007
21	(42 U.S.C. 17011) is amended—
22	(1) in subsection $(b)(6)$, by striking "2008
23	through 2012" and inserting "2022 through 2026";
24	and

1	(2) in subsection $(c)(4)$, by striking "2008
2	through 2013" and inserting "2022 through 2026".
3	Subtitle B—Energy Workforce
4	Transition
5	SEC. 511. DEFINITIONS.
6	In this subtitle:
7	(1) Advisory committee.—The term "Advi-
8	sory Committee" means the Energy Workforce
9	Transition Advisory Committee established by sec-
10	tion 512(d).
11	(2) Coal-related facility.—The term "coal-
12	related facility" includes a coal mine or a coal-fueled
13	electric generating facility.
14	(3) Coal-related industrial facility.—
15	The term "coal-related industrial facility" includes a
16	facility in the manufacturing and transportation
17	supply chains of a coal-related facility.
18	(4) Director.—The term "Director" means
19	the Director of the Office.
20	(5) DISPROPORTIONATELY IMPACTED COMMU-
21	NITY.—The term "disproportionately impacted com-
22	munity" means any community of color, low-to-mid-
23	dle income community, or indigenous community
24	that is or has been disproportionately impacted by
25	energy-related pollution.

- ENERGY TRANSITION COMMUNITY.—The term "energy transition community" means a mu-nicipality, county, region, or Indian Tribe that has been affected since calendar year 2008 or later, or that demonstrates it will be impacted in the next 36 months, by the loss of 50 or more jobs in total as a result of the closure of a coal-related facility, a coal-related industrial facility, or another type of en-ergy-related entity, as determined by the Office.
 - (7) Energy transition worker.—The term "energy transition worker" means a worker, including workers employed by contractors or subcontractors, terminated, laid off from employment, or whose work hours have been reduced, on or after the date of enactment of this Act, from a coal-related facility, coal-related industrial facility, or other energy-related entity.
 - (8) Energy Workforce Transition Plan.—
 The term "Energy Workforce Transition Plan"
 means the plan developed under section 512(d).
 - (9) LABOR ORGANIZATION.—The term "labor organization" has the meaning given such term in section 2 of the National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 152).

1	(10) Office.—The term "Office" means the
2	Energy Workforce Transition Office established by
3	section 512.
4	(11) Secretary.—The term "Secretary"
5	means the Secretary of Energy.
6	(12) Wage differential benefit.—The
7	term "wage differential benefit" means the dif-
8	ference between the wages and other benefits pro-
9	vided by—
10	(A) a worker's wages and benefits earned
11	in a coal-related facility, coal-related industrial-
12	facility, or other energy-related entity on the
13	day before the worker is terminated, laid off, or
14	given a reduction in work-hours; and
15	(B) the worker's current wages and bene-
16	fits, if any, after such a termination, lay-off, or
17	reduction in work-hours.
18	SEC. 512. ENERGY WORKFORCE TRANSITION OFFICE AND
19	ADVISORY COMMITTEE.
20	(a) Establishment.—There is hereby established
21	within the Department of Energy an office to be known
22	as the Energy Workforce Transition Office.
23	(b) Exemption From Reorganization.—The Of-
24	fice shall be exempt from the reorganization authority pro-

1	vided under section 643 of the Department of Energy Or-
2	ganization Act (42 U.S.C. 7253).
3	(c) DIRECTOR.—The Secretary shall appoint as the
4	head of the Office a Director, who shall manage the oper-
5	ations of the Office.
6	(d) Duties of the Office.—The duties of the Of-
7	fice shall be to—
8	(1) identify or estimate, to the extent prac-
9	ticable, with respect to the period that begins on the
10	date of enactment of this Act and ends on January
11	1, 2030—
12	(A) the timing and location of facility clo-
13	sures and job terminations or layoffs in coal-re-
14	lated facilities, coal-related industrial-facilities,
15	and other energy-related entities; and
16	(B) the impact of such terminations, lay-
17	offs, or reduced work-hours on affected workers
18	(including those employed by a contractor or
19	subcontractor), businesses, and energy transi-
20	tion communities; and
21	(2) provide administrative, logistical, research,
22	and policy support and recommendations to the Ad-
23	visory Committee.
24	(e) Energy Workforce Transition Advisory
25	COMMITTEE.—

1	(1) Establishment.—There is hereby estab-
2	lished an advisory committee, to be known as the
3	Energy Workforce Transition Advisory Committee.
4	(2) Energy workforce transition plan.—
5	(A) In General.—The Advisory Com-
6	mittee shall develop and finalize a plan, to be
7	known as the Energy Workforce Transition
8	Plan.
9	(B) Purpose.—The purpose of the En-
10	ergy Workforce Transition Plan is to identify
11	align, and streamline resources to assist work-
12	ers and communities impacted by the transition
13	to a clean energy economy.
14	(C) Public meetings.—In developing the
15	Energy Workforce Transition Plan, the Advi-
16	sory Committee shall hold no less than 4 public
17	meetings in energy-transition communities, with
18	opportunities for members of the public to pro-
19	vide input.
20	(D) Contents.—The Energy Workforce
21	Transition Plan shall include—
22	(i) a description of the challenges that
23	energy transition communities encounter
24	including challenges associated with eco-

1	nomic and employment transition, and
2	challenges particular to certain regions;
3	(ii) a description of benefits, grants,
4	and other sources of funding to address
5	the challenges described under clause (i)
6	that may be accessed from Federal, State,
7	local, and other sources without additional
8	legislative authority or approval;
9	(iii) a description of sources of fund-
10	ing to address the challenges described
11	under clause (i) that require additional leg-
12	islative authority or approval;
13	(iv) recommendations for aligning
14	local, State, Federal, and other resources
15	to invest in energy transition communities
16	and energy transition workers;
17	(v) recommendations for establishing
18	benefits for energy transition workers, in-
19	cluding consideration of—
20	(I) benefits similar in type,
21	amount, and duration to Federal ben-
22	efits that are not otherwise available
23	to all energy transition workers;
24	(II) wage differential benefits for
25	energy transition workers, including

1	consideration of eligibility and the du-
2	ration of the benefits; and
3	(III) collaboration with existing
4	or future employers of energy transi-
5	tion workers and relevant labor orga-
6	nizations, to inform energy transition
7	workers how to apply for wage dif-
8	ferential and other eligible benefits;
9	(vi) recommendations for grants and
10	other programmatic support for energy
11	transition communities and entities that
12	support energy transition communities, in-
13	cluding—
14	(I) counties, municipalities, cities,
15	or other political subdivisions of a
16	State;
17	(II) Indian Tribes;
18	(III) apprenticeships registered
19	under the Act of August 16, 1937
20	(commonly known as the "National
21	Apprenticeship Act"; 50 Stat. 664,
22	chapter 663; 29 U.S.C. 50 et seq.),
23	that meet the requirements of parts
24	29 and 30 of title 29, Code of Federal

1	Regulations, as in effect on December
2	30, 2019;
3	(IV) institutions of higher edu-
4	cation; and
5	(V) public or private nonprofit
6	organizations or associations;
7	(vii) recommendations for establishing
8	community transition resource centers in
9	energy transition communities, in order to
10	provide such communities a source of cur-
11	rent information regarding the resources
12	described in this subparagraph;
13	(viii) identification of the projected
14	short-term and long-term costs of each ac-
15	tivity recommended in the Energy Work-
16	force Transition Plan, including worker
17	benefits, grant programs, and other activi-
18	ties;
19	(ix) identification of the potential
20	sources for sustainable short-term and
21	long-term funding for implementing the ac-
22	tivities recommended in the Energy Work-
23	force Transition Plan;
24	(x) the potential advantages or dis-
25	advantages of extending activities rec-

1	ommended in the Energy Workforce Tran-
2	sition Plan to other sectors and industries
3	affected by similar economic disruptions;
4	and
5	(xi) recommendations, made in con-
6	sultation with relevant Federal agencies,
7	including the Department of Labor, and
8	relevant State authorities, for efficient im-
9	plementation of the activities recommended
10	in the Energy Workforce Transition Plan.
11	(E) Report to congress.—Not later
12	than January 1, 2023, the Advisory Committee
13	shall submit to Congress the Energy Workforce
14	Transition Plan, as well as any recommenda-
15	tions to be considered in order to better achieve
16	the plan.
17	(3) Membership.—The Advisory Committee
18	shall consist of the following members:
19	(A) Ex officio members as follows:
20	(i) A representative of the Depart-
21	ment of Labor.
22	(ii) A representative of the Economic
23	Development Administration of the De-
24	partment of Commerce.

1	(iii) A representative of the Executive
2	Office of the President.
3	(B) The following members appointed by
4	the Director:
5	(i) 4 representatives of energy transi-
6	tion workers, including at least one from a
7	union representing coal workers, one from
8	a building trades union, and one from a
9	union representing other energy transition
10	workers.
11	(ii) 3 representatives from energy
12	transition communities.
13	(iii) 2 representatives with profes-
14	sional economic development or workforce
15	retraining experience.
16	(iv) 2 representatives of disproportion-
17	ately impacted communities.
18	(v) 2 representatives of electric utili-
19	ties that, on the date of enactment of this
20	Act, operate a coal-related facility.
21	(4) Term.—Except as otherwise provided in
22	this section, the term of appointment or designation
23	of a member of the Advisory Committee shall end or
24	January 1, 2027.

1	(5) Expenses.—In accordance with section
2	5703 of title 5, United States Code, each member of
3	the Advisory Committee may receive payment of a
4	per diem and reimbursement for actual and nec-
5	essary expenses.

- (6) Chair.—The Advisory Committee shall elect a chair from among its members to serve for a term not to exceed 2 years, as determined appropriate by the Advisory Committee.
- 10 (7) Meetings.—The Advisory Committee shall meet at least once every quarter. The chair of the 12 Advisory Committee may call such additional meet-13 ings as are necessary for the Advisory Committee, 14 with the Secretary, to develop and submit the Con-15 gress the Energy Workforce Transition Plan.
 - (8) Engagement of others.—The Advisory Committee may engage additional nonvoting members or advisors to provide additional expertise as needed.
- SEC. 513. ENERGY WORKFORCE TRANSITION PLANS AND 21 REEMPLOYMENT OF AFFECTED WORKERS.
- 22 (a) Submission.—The owner or operator of an en-23 ergy-related facility shall to the extent practicable submit to the Director a workforce transition plan—

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1	(1) with respect to a coal-fueled electric gener-
2	ating facility with a capacity of more than 50
3	megawatts, 12 months before the closure of the fa-
4	cility;
5	(2) with respect to a coal mine with a capacity
6	of more than 4,000,000 short tons of coal per year,
7	12 months before the closure of the coal mine; and
8	(3) with respect to an energy-related facility not
9	described under paragraph (1) or (2), not later than
10	60 days before the closure of the facility.
11	(b) Contents.—To the extent practicable, a work-
12	force transition plan submitted under subsection (a) shall
13	include estimates of—
14	(1) the number of workers, including those em-
15	ployed by a contractor or subcontractor, employed
16	by the coal-related facility before the closure of the
17	
	facility;
18	facility; (2) the total number of such workers, including
18 19	
	(2) the total number of such workers, including
19	(2) the total number of such workers, including those employed by a contractor or subcontractor,
19 20	(2) the total number of such workers, including those employed by a contractor or subcontractor, whose employment, as a result of the closure of the
19 20 21	(2) the total number of such workers, including those employed by a contractor or subcontractor, whose employment, as a result of the closure of the coal-related facility, will—

1	(3) with respect to the workers, including those
2	employed by a contractor or subcontractor, whose
3	existing jobs will be eliminated as a result of the clo-
4	sure of the coal-related facility, the total number,
5	and the number by job classification, of workers—
6	(A) whose employment will end without
7	being offered other employment;
8	(B) who will retire as planned, be offered
9	early retirement, or leave on their own;
10	(C) who will be retained by being trans-
11	ferred to other activities under the employment
12	of the owner or operator; and
13	(D) who will be retained to continue to
14	work for the owner or operator in a new job
15	classification;
16	(4) with respect to the workers, including those
17	employed by a contractor or subcontractor, whose
18	existing jobs will be retained during the closure of
19	the coal-related facility, the total number, and the
20	number by job classification, of workers who will
21	work on the decommissioning and environmental re-
22	mediation of the facility; and
23	(5) if an owner or operator is replacing a coal-
24	related facility with a new electric generating facil-
25	ity, the number of—

1	(A) workers from the closed coal-related
2	facility who will be employed at the new electric
3	generating facility; and
4	(B) jobs at the new electric generating fa-
5	cility that will be outsourced to contractors or
6	subcontractors.
7	(e) Privacy.—A workforce transition plan submitted
8	under subsection (a) shall not include information that
9	violates privacy of workers or confidential business infor-
10	mation.
11	(d) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 1 year after the
12	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall promul-
13	gate regulations to implement this subtitle.
13 14	gate regulations to implement this subtitle. Subtitle C—Modern Energy
14	Subtitle C—Modern Energy
14 15	Subtitle C—Modern Energy Workforce Development
14 15 16	Subtitle C—Modern Energy Workforce Development SEC. 521. DEFINITIONS.
14 15 16 17	Subtitle C—Modern Energy Workforce Development SEC. 521. DEFINITIONS. In this subtitle:
14 15 16 17	Subtitle C—Modern Energy Workforce Development SEC. 521. DEFINITIONS. In this subtitle: (1) APPRENTICESHIP PROGRAM.—The term
14 15 16 17 18	Subtitle C—Modern Energy Workforce Development SEC. 521. DEFINITIONS. In this subtitle: (1) APPRENTICESHIP PROGRAM.—The term "apprenticeship program" means an apprenticeship
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Subtitle C—Modern Energy Workforce Development SEC. 521. DEFINITIONS. In this subtitle: (1) Apprenticeship program" program.—The term "apprenticeship program" means an apprenticeship registered under the Act of August 16, 1937 (29)
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Subtitle C—Modern Energy Workforce Development SEC. 521. DEFINITIONS. In this subtitle: (1) APPRENTICESHIP PROGRAM.—The term "apprenticeship program" means an apprenticeship registered under the Act of August 16, 1937 (29 U.S.C. 50 et seq.) (commonly known as the "Na-

- (2) Energy transition worker.—The term "energy transition worker" means a worker, includ-ing workers employed by contractors or subcontrac-tors, terminated, laid off from employment, or whose work-hours have been reduced, on or after the date of enactment of this Act, from a coal-related facility, coal-related industrial facility, or other energy-re-lated entity.
 - (3) Institution of Higher Education.—The term "institution of higher education" has the meaning given that term in section 101(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001(a)).
 - (4) LABOR ORGANIZATION.—The term "labor organization" has the meaning given the term in section 2 of the National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 152).
 - (5) Local educational agency" means a public board of education or other public authority legally constituted within a State for either administrative control or direction of, or to perform a service function for, public schools in a city, county, township, school district, or other political subdivision of a State, or for a combination of school districts or counties as are recognized in a State as an administrative agen-

1	cy for its public elementary schools or secondary
2	schools.
3	(6) Local workforce development
4	BOARD.—The term "local workforce development
5	board" has the meaning given that term in section
6	3122 of title 29, United States Code.
7	(7) Minority institution.—The term "mi-
8	nority institution" has the meaning given that term
9	in section 365(3) of the Higher Education Act of
10	1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067k(3)).
11	(8) Nonprofit organization.—The term
12	"nonprofit organization" means a group organized
13	for purposes other than generating profit and in
14	which no part of the organization's income is distrib-
15	uted to its members, directors, or officers.
16	(9) Pre-apprenticeship.—The term "pre-ap-
17	prenticeship" means, with respect to a program, an
18	initiative or set of strategies that—
19	(A) is designed to prepare participants to
20	enter an apprenticeship program;
21	(B) is carried out by an eligible sponsor
22	that has a documented partnership with one or
23	more sponsors of apprenticeship programs; and
24	(C) includes each of the following:

1	(i) Training (including a curriculum
2	for the training) aligned with industry
3	standards related to an apprenticeship pro-
4	gram and reviewed and approved annually
5	by sponsors of the apprenticeship program
6	within the documented partnership that
7	will prepare participants by teaching the
8	skills and competencies needed to enter
9	one or more apprenticeship programs.
10	(ii) Hands-on training and theoretical
11	education for participants that does not
12	displace a paid employee.
13	(iii) A formal agreement with a spon-
14	sor of an apprenticeship program that
15	would enable participants who successfully
16	complete the pre-apprenticeship program—
17	(I) to enter into the apprentice-
18	ship program if a place in the pro-
19	gram is available and if the partici-
20	pant meets the qualifications of the
21	apprenticeship program; and
22	(II) to earn credits towards the
23	apprenticeship program.

1 SEC. 522. MODERN ENERGY WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT.

2	(a) Establishment.—The Secretary of Energy, in
3	consultation with the Secretary of Labor, shall establish
4	and carry out a comprehensive and nationwide program
5	(referred to in this section as the "Program") to improve
6	education and training for jobs in energy-related indus-
7	tries (including manufacturing, engineering, construction,
8	and retrofitting jobs in energy-related industries) to in-
9	crease the number of skilled workers trained to work in
10	energy-related industries with existing or expected worker
11	shortages.
12	(b) Workforce Development.—
13	(1) In general.—In carrying out the Pro-
14	gram, the Secretary shall—
15	(A) offer available resources to energy
16	transition workers and underrepresented
17	groups, including religious and ethnic minori-
18	ties, women, veterans, individuals with disabil-
19	ities, and socioeconomically disadvantaged indi-
20	viduals, to enter into science, technology, engi-
21	neering, and mathematics fields;
22	(B) offer available resources to institutions
23	of higher education to equip students with the
24	skills, training, and technical expertise nec-
25	essary to fill existing or expected worker short-
26	ages in energy-related industries;

1	(C) provide internships, fellowships, and
2	traineeships at the Department of Energy, in-
3	cluding at National Laboratories;
4	(D) provide energy workforce-related re-
5	search grants and technical assistance to insti-
6	tutions of higher education, with priority given
7	to minority institutions;
8	(E) ensure that internships, fellowships
9	traineeships, apprenticeships, and pre-appren-
10	ticeships provide the necessary skills and certifi-
11	cations for employment in energy-related indus-
12	tries with existing or expected worker short-
13	ages;
14	(F) ensure that the Program is in align-
15	ment with the Minorities in Energy Initiative of
16	the Department of Energy;
17	(G) ensure alignment with other programs
18	that are carrying out the Minorities in Energy
19	Initiative of the Department of Energy;
20	(H) to the maximum extent practicable
21	collaborate with and support State workforce
22	development programs to maximize the effi-
23	ciency of the Program; and
24	(I) work with labor organizations and insti-
25	tutions of higher education to promote pre-ap-

1	prenticeship as a pathway to an energy-related
2	career through an apprenticeship program.
3	(2) Priority.—In carrying out the Program,
4	the Secretary shall—
5	(A) prioritize the education and training of
6	energy transition workers and underrepresented
7	groups, including religious and ethnic minori-
8	ties, women, veterans, individuals with disabil-
9	ities, and socioeconomically disadvantaged indi-
10	viduals for jobs in energy-related industries, es-
11	pecially construction; and
12	(B) partner with labor organizations that
13	have multi-year records of training and sup-
14	porting energy transition workers and under-
15	represented groups to successful completion of
16	pre-apprenticeship and apprenticeship pro-
17	grams.
18	(c) DIRECT ASSISTANCE.—
19	(1) In general.—In carrying out the Pro-
20	gram, the Secretary shall provide direct assistance
21	(including financial assistance awards, technical ex-
22	pertise, and guidance) to local educational agencies,
23	local workforce development boards, institutions of

higher education, nonprofit organizations, labor or-

1	ganizations, apprenticeship programs, and pre-ap-
2	prenticeship programs.
3	(2) Distribution.—The Secretary shall dis-
4	tribute direct assistance under paragraph (1) in a
5	manner that—
6	(A) is reflective of the needs of, and de-
7	mand for jobs in, an energy-related industry;
8	and
9	(B) is consistent with the information ob-
10	tained under subsections (e)(4) and (j).
11	(3) Restriction.—In providing financial as-
12	sistance awards under paragraph (1) for education
13	and training relating to construction, eligible entities
14	shall only include apprenticeship programs, and pre-
15	apprenticeship programs that have an articulation
16	agreement with one or more apprenticeship pro-
17	grams.
18	(d) RESOURCE CENTER.—The Secretary shall estab-
19	lish an online resource center—
20	(1) to maintain and update information and re-
21	sources on training programs for jobs in energy-re-
22	lated industries (including manufacturing, engineer-
23	ing, construction, and retrofitting jobs in energy-re-
24	lated industries): and

1	(2) to connect local educational agencies, State
2	educational agencies, institutions of higher edu-
3	cation, local workforce development boards, State
4	workforce development boards, nonprofit organiza-
5	tions, labor organizations, apprenticeship programs
6	and pre-apprenticeship programs that are working to
7	develop and implement training programs for the
8	jobs described in paragraph (1) to share resources,
9	approaches, and best practices.
10	(e) Collaboration and Report.—In carrying out
11	the Program, the Secretary shall—
12	(1) collaborate with local educational agencies,
13	institutions of higher education, local workforce de-
14	velopment boards, nonprofit organizations, labor or-
15	ganizations, apprenticeship programs and pre-ap-
16	prenticeship programs, and energy-related indus-
17	tries;
18	(2) facilitate the sharing of best practices and
19	approaches that best suit local, State, and national
20	needs;
21	(3) encourage and foster collaboration, mentor-
22	ship, and partnership between—
23	(A) industry partners, local workforce de-
24	velopment boards, nonprofit organizations,
25	labor organizations, apprenticeship and pre-ap-

1	prenticeship programs, that provide effective
2	training programs for jobs in energy-related in-
3	dustries; and
4	(B) local educational agencies, State edu-
5	cational agencies, and institutions of higher
6	education that seek to establish those programs;
7	and
8	(4) collaborate with the Secretary of Labor, the
9	Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor Statistics, the
10	Secretary of Commerce, the Director of the Bureau
11	of the Census, labor organizations, and energy-re-
12	lated industries—
13	(A) to develop a comprehensive and de-
14	tailed understanding of the workforce needs of,
15	and job opportunities in, energy-related indus-
16	tries, by State and by region; and
17	(B) to publish an annual report on job cre-
18	ation in the sectors of energy-related industries
19	identified under subsection (j).
20	(f) Best Practices for Educational Institu-
21	TIONS.—
22	(1) In general.—The Secretary, in collabora-
23	tion with the Secretary of Education, the Secretary
24	of Commerce, the Secretary of Labor, and the Direc-
25	tor of the National Science Foundation, shall de-

- velop and report best practices for providing students with skills necessary for jobs in energy-related
 industries (including manufacturing, engineering,
 construction, and retrofitting jobs in energy-related
 industries) to local educational agencies, institutions
 of higher education, and apprenticeship programs.
 - (2) Energy efficiency and community energy resiliency initiatives.—The Secretary shall develop and provide best practices for teaching students and the families of those students about energy efficiency and community energy resiliency.
 - (3) INPUT FROM INDUSTRY LABOR ORGANIZATIONS.—In carrying out paragraphs (1) and (2), the Secretary shall solicit input from energy-related industries and labor organizations, especially sectors with existing or expected worker shortages or expertise in energy efficiency.
 - (4) STEM EDUCATION.—In carrying out paragraphs (1) and (2), the Secretary shall promote education in science, technology, engineering, and mathematics.
- 22 (g) OUTREACH TO MINORITY INSTITUTIONS.—In 23 carrying out the Program, the Secretary shall—
- 24 (1) increase the Department of Energy's out-25 reach to minority institutions;

1	(2) work with minority institutions to increase
2	the number of skilled minorities and women quali-
3	fied for jobs in energy-related industries (including
4	manufacturing, engineering, construction, and retro-
5	fitting jobs in energy-related industries);
6	(3) work with energy-related industries to im-

- (3) work with energy-related industries to improve opportunities for students of minority institutions to participate in industry internships and cooperative work-study programs; and
- (4) work with the Directors of the National Laboratories to increase the participation of students from minority institutions in internships, fellowships, training programs, and employment at those laboratories.
- (h) Outreach to Energy Transition Work-16 Ers.—The Secretary shall—
 - (1) work with employers and job trainers, including apprenticeship and pre-apprenticeship programs, in preparing energy transition workers for emerging jobs in energy-related industries (including manufacturing, engineering, construction, and retrofitting jobs in energy-related industries);
 - (2) work with energy transition workers to increase the number of individuals trained for jobs in energy-related industries (including manufacturing,

- engineering, construction, and retrofitting jobs in energy-related industries); and
- 3 (3) work with labor organizations and energy4 related industry partners to improve opportunities
 5 for energy transition workers to participate in indus-
- 6 try internships, cooperative work-study programs,
- 7 apprenticeships, and pre-apprenticeships.
- 8 (i) Enrollment in Training and Apprentice-
- 9 SHIP AND PRE-APPRENTICESHIP PROGRAMS.—The Sec-
- 10 retary shall provide assistance to industry, local workforce
- 11 development boards, State workforce development boards,
- 12 nonprofit organizations, labor organizations, and appren-
- 13 ticeship programs in identifying students and other can-
- 14 didates, including energy transition workers and underrep-
- 15 resented groups, including religious and ethnic minorities,
- 16 women, veterans, individuals with disabilities, and socio-
- 17 economically disadvantaged individuals, to enroll in train-
- 18 ing and apprenticeship programs and pre-apprenticeship
- 19 programs for jobs in energy-related industries.
- 20 (j) Guidelines To Develop Skills for a Mod-
- 21 ERN ENERGY INDUSTRY WORKFORCE.—The Secretary
- 22 shall, in collaboration with energy-related industries and
- 23 labor organizations, identify the sectors within each en-
- 24 ergy-related industry that have the greatest demand for
- 25 workers and develop guidelines for the skills necessary to

1	work in those sectors. The Secretary shall identify the sec-
2	tors in consultation with a broad cross-section of the en-
3	ergy industry, including relevant energy industry organi-
4	zations, public and private employers, labor organizations,
5	postsecondary education institutions, and workforce devel-
6	opment boards.
7	(k) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
8	tion authorizes any department, agency, officer, or em-
9	ployee of the Federal Government to exercise any direc-
10	tion, supervision, or control over—
11	(1) the curriculum, program of instruction, or
12	instructional content of any State, local educational
13	agency, or school; or
14	(2) the selection of library resources, textbooks,
15	or other printed or published instructional materials
16	used by any State, local educational agency, or
17	school.
18	SEC. 523. ZERO-EMISSION ECONOMY WORKFORCE PILOT
19	PROGRAM.
20	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
21	(1) Eligible enti-
22	ty" means a National Laboratory, business, or labor
23	organization that demonstrates success in placing

graduates of pre-apprenticeship or apprenticeship

programs in jobs relevant to such programs and—

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1	(A) is directly involved with zero-emission
2	electricity technology, energy efficiency, or other
3	activity that results in a reduction in green-
4	house gas emissions, as determined by the Sec-
5	retary;
6	(B) works on behalf of a business or labor
7	organization that is directly involved with zero-
8	emission electricity technology, energy effi-
9	ciency, or other activity that results in a reduc-
10	tion in greenhouse gas emissions, as determined
11	by the Secretary;
12	(C) provides services related to—
13	(i) zero-emission electricity technology
14	deployment and maintenance and energy
15	efficiency;
16	(ii) grid modernization; or
17	(iii) reduction in greenhouse gas emis-
18	sions through the use of zero-emission en-
19	ergy technologies;
20	(D) has knowledge of technician workforce
21	needs of a National Laboratory or covered facil-
22	ity of the National Nuclear security Administra-
23	tion and the associated security requirements of
24	such laboratory or facility;

1	(E) demonstrates experience in imple-
2	menting and operating apprenticeship programs
3	or pre-apprenticeship programs that provide a
4	direct pathway to an energy-related career; or
5	(F) demonstrates success in placing grad-
6	uates of pre-apprenticeship or apprenticeship
7	programs in jobs relevant to such programs.
8	(2) National Laboratory.—The term "Na-
9	tional Laboratory" means any of the following lab-
10	oratories owned by the Department of Energy:
11	(A) Ames Laboratory.
12	(B) Argonne National Laboratory.
13	(C) Brookhaven National Laboratory.
14	(D) Fermi National Accelerator Labora-
15	tory.
16	(E) Idaho National Laboratory.
17	(F) Lawrence Berkeley National Labora-
18	tory.
19	(G) Lawrence Livermore National Labora-
20	tory.
21	(H) Los Alamos National Laboratory.
22	(I) National Energy Technology Labora-
23	tory.
24	(J) National Renewable Energy Labora-
25	tory.

1	(K) Oak Ridge National Laboratory.
2	(L) Pacific Northwest National Labora-
3	tory.
4	(M) Princeton Plasma Physics Laboratory.
5	(N) Sandia National Laboratories.
6	(O) Savannah River National Laboratory.
7	(P) Stanford Linear Accelerator Center.
8	(Q) Thomas Jefferson National Accel-
9	erator Facility.
10	(3) PILOT PROGRAM.—The term "pilot pro-
11	gram" means the pilot program established under
12	subsection (b).
13	(b) Establishment.—The Secretary of Energy, in
14	consultation with the Secretary of Labor, shall establish
15	a pilot program to provide competitively awarded cost-
16	shared grants to eligible entities to pay for on-the-job
17	training of a new or existing employee—
18	(1) to work in zero-emission electricity genera-
19	tion, energy efficiency, or grid modernization;
20	(2) to work otherwise on the reduction of green-
21	house gas emissions; or
22	(3) to participate in a pre-apprenticeship pro-
23	gram that provides a direct pathway to an energy-
24	related career in construction through one or more
25	apprenticeship programs.

1	(c) Grants.—
2	(1) In general.—An eligible entity desiring a
3	grant under the pilot program shall submit to the
4	Secretary of Energy an application at such time, in
5	such manner, and containing such information as
6	the Secretary of Energy may require.
7	(2) Priority for targeted communities.—
8	In providing grants under the pilot program, the
9	Secretary of Energy shall give priority to an eligible
10	entity that—
11	(A) recruits employees—
12	(i) from the one or more communities
13	that are served by the eligible entity; and
14	(ii) that are minorities, women, vet-
15	erans, individuals from Indian Tribes or
16	Tribal organizations, or energy transition
17	workers;
18	(B) provides trainees with the opportunity
19	to obtain real-world experience; or
20	(C) has fewer than 100 employees; and
21	(D) in the case of a pre-apprenticeship
22	program, demonstrates—
23	(i) a multi-year record of successfully
24	recruiting energy transition workers, mi-
25	norities, women, and veterans for training

1	and supporting such individuals to a suc-
2	cessful completion of a pre-apprenticeship
3	program; and
4	(ii) a successful multi-year record of
5	placing the majority of pre-apprenticeship
6	program graduates into apprenticeship
7	programs in the construction industry.
8	(3) Use of grant for federal share.—
9	(A) IN GENERAL.—An eligible entity shall
10	use a grant received under the pilot program
11	to—
12	(i) pay the Federal share of the cost
13	of providing on-the-job training for an em-
14	ployee, in accordance with subparagraph
15	(B); or
16	(ii) in the case of a pre-apprenticeship
17	program—
18	(I) recruiting minorities, women,
19	and veterans for training;
20	(II) supporting those individuals
21	in the successful completion of the
22	pre-apprenticeship program; and
23	(III) carrying out any other ac-
24	tivity of the pre-apprenticeship pro-
25	gram, as determined to be appropriate

1	by the Secretary of Labor, in con-
2	sultation with the Secretary.
3	(B) FEDERAL SHARE AMOUNT.—The Fed-
4	eral share described in subparagraph (A)(i)
5	shall not exceed—
6	(i) in the case of an eligible entity
7	with 20 or fewer employees, 45 percent of
8	the cost of on-the-job-training for an em-
9	ployee;
10	(ii) in the case of an eligible entity
11	with not fewer than 21 employees and not
12	more than 99 employees, 37.5 percent of
13	the cost of on-the-job-training for an em-
14	ployee;
15	(iii) in the case of an eligible entity
16	with not fewer than 100 employees, 25
17	percent of the cost of on-the-job-training
18	for an employee; and
19	(iv) in the case of an eligible entity
20	that administers a pre-apprenticeship pro-
21	gram, 75 percent of the cost of the pre-ap-
22	prenticeship program.
23	(4) Employer payment of non-federal
24	SHARE.—

1	(A) IN GENERAL.—The non-Federal share
2	of the cost of providing on-the-job training for
3	an employee under a grant received under the
4	pilot program shall be paid in cash or in kind
5	by the employer of the employee receiving the
6	training or by a nonprofit organization.
7	(B) Inclusions.—The non-Federal share
8	described in subparagraph (A) may include the
9	amount of wages paid by the employer to the
10	employee during the time that the employee is
11	receiving on-the-job training, as fairly evaluated
12	by the Secretary of Labor.
13	(5) Construction.—In providing grants under
14	the pilot program for training, recruitment, and sup-
15	port relating to construction, eligible entities shall
16	only include pre-apprenticeship programs that have
17	an articulation agreement with one or more appren-
18	ticeship programs.
19	(6) Grant amount.—An eligible entity may
20	not receive more than \$1,000,000 per fiscal year in
21	grant funds under the pilot program.
22	SEC. 524. UNIVERSITY ZERO-EMISSION ENERGY LEADER
23	SHIP PROGRAM.
24	(a) Establishment.—

1	(1) In general.—Subtitle E of title IX of the
2	Energy Policy Act of 2005 is further amended by
3	adding at the end the following:
4	"SEC. 959C. UNIVERSITY ZERO-EMISSION ENERGY LEADER-
5	SHIP PROGRAM.
6	"(a) Establishment.—The Secretary of Energy
7	shall establish a program, to be known as the 'University
8	Zero-Emission Energy Leadership Program'.
9	"(b) USE OF FUNDS.—Amounts made available to
10	carry out the University Zero-Emission Energy Leader-
11	ship Program—
12	"(1) shall be used to provide financial assist-
13	ance for scholarships, fellowships, and research and
14	development projects at institutions of higher edu-
15	cation in areas relevant to departmental missions in
16	research, development, demonstration, and deploy-
17	ment activities for zero-emission technologies;
18	"(2) may be used to provide financial assistance
19	to businesses to offset the costs of a partnership
20	with, or investments in, institutions of higher edu-
21	cation in areas relevant to departmental missions in
22	research, development, demonstration, and deploy-
23	ment activities for zero-emission technologies; and
24	"(3) may be used to provide financial assistance
25	for a scholarship, fellowship, or multiyear research

- and development project that does not align directly
 with a departmental mission, if the activity for
 which assistance is provided promotes a zero-emission energy transition.".
- 5 (2) Table of contents.—The table of con-6 tents for the Energy Policy Act of 2005 is further 7 amended by adding after the item relating to section 8 959B the following:

"Sec. 959C. University Zero-Emission Energy Leadership Program.".

9 (b) Repeal.—The Energy and Water Development 10 and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2009 is amend-11 ed by striking section 313.

12 SEC. 525. CLIMATE RESILIENCY CORPS.

- 13 (a) Definitions.—In this section:
- 14 (1) ENERGY TRANSITION WORKERS.—The term
 15 "energy transition workers" means workers, includ16 ing workers employed by contractors or subcontrac17 tors, terminated, laid off from employment, or whose
 18 work-hours have been reduced, on or after the date
 19 of enactment of this Act, from a coal-related facility,
 20 coal-related industry, or other energy-related entity.
 - (2) Members of the Reserve components of the Armed Forces.—The term "members of the reserve components of the Armed Forces" means members of the—

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1	(A) Army National Guard of the United
2	States;
3	(B) Army Reserve;
4	(C) Navy Reserve;
5	(D) Marine Corps Reserve;
6	(E) Air National Guard of the United
7	States;
8	(F) Air Force Reserve; and
9	(G) Coast Guard Reserve.
10	(3) Underemployed.—The term "under-
11	employed" means individuals who are employed at
12	less than full-time because they are unable to obtain
13	full time employment or who are employed at jobs
14	inadequate to their training or economic needs.
15	(4) Veterans of the armed forces.—The
16	term "veterans of the Armed Forces" means a per-
17	son who served in the active military, naval, or air
18	service and who was discharged or released under
19	conditions other than dishonorable.
20	(b) Establishment.—In order to relieve distress
21	and unemployment in the United States and to provide
22	for the restoration of depleted natural resources in the
23	United States and the advancement of an orderly program
24	of useful public works, the President shall establish and
25	operate a Climate Resiliency Corps to employ residents of

1	the United States, who are unemployed or underemployed,
2	in the construction, maintenance, and carrying out of
3	works of a public nature in connection with, but not lim-
4	ited to—
5	(1) coastal restoration, including—
6	(A) adaptive management;
7	(B) exposed element relocation, elevation,
8	or removal;
9	(C) flood and storm surge barrier;
10	(D) sea dikes;
11	(E) seawall or revetment;
12	(F) spatial planning and integrated coastal
13	zone management planning;
14	(G) temporary and demountable flood de-
15	fenses;
16	(H) rainwater harvesting;
17	(I) sustainable urban drainage systems;
18	and
19	(J) wet and dry proofing;
20	(2) resilient infrastructure, including—
21	(A) deployment and management of resil-
22	ient transportation and other infrastructure
23	systems;
24	(B) sustainable urban underground struc-
25	tures development; and

1	(C) earthquake resiliency and interaction
2	of above- and below-ground infrastructure;
3	(3) natural solutions, including—
4	(A) restoration of wetlands, mangroves,
5	marshes, seagrasses, and oyster reefs, and the
6	installation of living shorelines;
7	(B) green roofs;
8	(C) rain gardens;
9	(D) bioswales;
10	(E) urban tree canopies; and
11	(F) permeable pavements; and
12	(4) other activities that are deemed necessary
13	by the President, with guidance from the Secretary
14	of Energy, the Secretary of Agriculture, the Sec-
15	retary of the Interior, the Administrator of the Envi-
16	ronmental Protection Agency, or other relevant
17	agency leaders.
18	(c) Role of Federal Agencies.—To operate the
19	Climate Resiliency Corps, the President may utilize exist-
20	ing Federal departments and agencies, including the De-
21	partment of Labor, the Department of Defense, the Na-
22	tional Guard Bureau, the Department of the Interior, the
23	Department of Agriculture, the Army Corps of Engineers,
24	the Department of Transportation, the Department of En-

- 1 ergy, the Environmental Protection Agency, and Federal
- 2 governmental corporations.
- 3 (d) Contract Authority.—(1) For the purpose of
- 4 carrying out this section, the President may enter into
- 5 such contracts or agreements with States as may be nec-
- 6 essary, including provisions for utilization of existing State
- 7 administrative agencies.
- 8 (2) States entering into such contracts or agreements
- 9 shall provide written assurances to the President that all
- 10 laborers and mechanics employed by contractors or sub-
- 11 contractors in the performance of construction work fi-
- 12 nanced in whole or in part with assistance under this sec-
- 13 tion shall be paid wages at rates not less than those pre-
- 14 vailing on similar work in the locality as determined by
- 15 the Secretary of Labor in accordance with subchapter IV
- 16 of chapter 31 of title 40, United States Code.
- 17 (e) Acquisition of Real Property.—The Presi-
- 18 dent, or the head of any department or agency authorized
- 19 by the President to construct any project or to carry on
- 20 any public works under this Act, may acquire real prop-
- 21 erty for such project or public work by purchase, donation,
- 22 condemnation, or otherwise.
- 23 (f) Administration.—
- 24 (1) Employment preference.—If the Presi-
- dent determines that amounts appropriated to carry

1 out a Climate Resiliency Corps under this Act for a 2 fiscal year will be insufficient to employ all of the 3 citizens of the United States described in section (b) 4 who are seeking or likely to seek employment in the 5 Climate Resiliency Corps and continue the employ-6 ment of current employees who desire to remain in 7 the Climate Resiliency Corps, the President shall 8 give priority to the hiring of additional persons in 9 the Climate Resiliency Corps to— 10 (A) energy transition workers; 11 (B) unemployed veterans of the Armed 12 Forces and unemployed members of the reserve 13 components of the Armed Forces; 14 (C) unemployed citizens who have ex-15 hausted their entitlement to unemployment 16

- compensation;
- (D) unemployed citizens, who immediately before employment in the Climate Resiliency Corps, are eligible for unemployment compensation payable under any State law or Federal unemployment compensation law, including any additional compensation or extended compensation under such laws; and

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1	(E) other citizens from minority groups,
2	including, religious and ethnic minorities,
3	women, and individuals with disabilities.
4	(2) Housing and care of employees.—The
5	President may provide housing for persons employed
6	in the Climate Resiliency Corps and furnish them
7	with such subsistence, clothing, medical attendance
8	and hospitalization, and cash allowance, as may be
9	necessary, during the period they are so employed.
10	(3) Transportation.—The President may
11	provide for the transportation of persons employed
12	in the Climate Resiliency Corps to and from the
13	places of employment.
14	(4) Non-discrimination.—In employing citi-
15	zens for the Climate Resiliency Corps, no discrimina-
16	tion shall occur, in accordance with Federal employ-
17	ment law, except that no individual under conviction
18	for crime and serving sentence therefore shall be em-
19	ployed under the provisions of this Act.
20	(g) Use of Unobligated Funds Appropriated
21	FOR PUBLIC WORKS.—
22	(1) Use of existing funds.—The President
23	may use any moneys previously appropriated for
24	public works and unobligated as of the date of the

1	enactment of this Act to establish and operate a Cli-
2	mate Resiliency Corps under this section.
3	(2) Use to relieve unemployment.—Not
4	less than 80 percent of the funds utilized pursuant
5	to this subsection must be used to provide for the
6	employment of individuals under this section.
7	(3) Exceptions.—Paragraph (1) shall not
8	apply to—
9	(A) unobligated moneys appropriated for
10	public works on which actual construction has
11	been commenced as of the date of the enact-
12	ment of this Act or may be commenced within
13	90 days after that date; and
14	(B) maintenance funds for river and har-
15	bor improvements already allocated as of the
16	date of the enactment of this Act.
17	(h) TERMINATION.—The authority of the President
18	to establish and operate a Climate Resilience Corps under
19	this section expires on September 30, 2035.
20	SEC. 526. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
21	There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out
22	this subtitle such sums as may be necessary for each of
23	fiscal years 2021 through 2035