1	STUDENT ASSESSMENT AND SCHOOL ACCOUNTABILITY
2	AMENDMENTS
3	2017 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: Ann Millner
6	House Sponsor:
7 8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill amends and enacts provisions related to assessments and accountability in the
11	public education system.
2	Highlighted Provisions:
3	This bill:
4	<ul><li>defines terms;</li></ul>
15	<ul> <li>repeals outdated references to the Utah Performance Assessment System for</li> </ul>
16	Students or "U-PASS";
17	<ul><li>amends provisions related to the administration of statewide assessments;</li></ul>
18	<ul><li>enacts provisions related to a high school assessment;</li></ul>
19	repeals and reenacts provisions related to:
20	<ul> <li>State Board of Education duties related to assessments; and</li> </ul>
21	• standards assessments;
22	<ul><li>amends other provisions related to assessments;</li></ul>
23	<ul><li>establishes a school accountability system;</li></ul>
24	<ul> <li>enacts provisions related to the school accountability system, including provisions</li> </ul>
25	related to:
26	• the indicators and calculation of points used to determine a school's rating under
27	the school accountability system;



28	<ul> <li>required rulemaking by the board; and</li> </ul>
29	<ul> <li>required reports;</li> </ul>
30	<ul> <li>repeals and reenacts, for technical purposes, provisions related to youth suicide</li> </ul>
31	prevention training; and
32	<ul><li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li></ul>
33	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
34	None
35	Other Special Clauses:
36	This bill provides a special effective date.
37	This bill provides revisor instructions.
38	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
39	AMENDS:
40	53A-1-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 348
41	53A-1-402.6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 415
42	53A-1-413, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 144
43	53A-1-601, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 219
44	53A-1-602, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 222 and 415
45	53A-1-603.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 147
46	53A-1-605, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 222
47	53A-1-607, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 299
48	53A-1-608, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1990, Chapter 267
49	53A-1-610, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1990, Chapter 267
50	53A-1-611, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 203
51	53A-1-613, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 161
52	53A-1-708, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 144 and 221
53	53A-1-1202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 241
54	53A-1-1203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 241
55	53A-1-1206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 241
56	53A-1-1207, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 241
57	53A-1-1209, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 331
58	53A-1a-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 315

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             53A-1a-504, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 213
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             53A-1a-510, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 449
             53A-17a-166, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 359
61
62
             53A-25b-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 291
63
     ENACTS:
             53A-1-611.5, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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             53A-1-1113.5, Utah Code Annotated 1953
             53A-15-1303, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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     REPEALS AND REENACTS:
             53A-1-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 203 and 221
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69
             53A-1-604, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 161
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             53A-1-1101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 417
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             53A-1-1102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 452
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             53A-1-1103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 415
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             53A-1-1104. as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 258 and 452
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             53A-1-1105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 478 and last amended by
75
     Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 478
76
             53A-1-1106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 478
77
             53A-1-1107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 403
             53A-1-1108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 403
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             53A-1-1109, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 417
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             53A-1-1110, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 349
81
             53A-1-1111, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 417
82
             53A-1-1112, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 478
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     REPEALS:
84
             53A-1-1104.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 403
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             53A-1-1107.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 452
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             53A-1-1113, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 417
87
             53A-3-601, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 219
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             53A-3-602.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 415
             53A-3-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 144
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	Utah Code Sections Affected by Revisor Instructions:
	53A-1-413, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 144
	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section <b>53A-1-301</b> is amended to read:
	53A-1-301. Appointment Qualifications Duties.
	(1) (a) The State Board of Education shall appoint a superintendent of public
	instruction, hereinafter called the state superintendent, who is the executive officer of the
	[board] State Board of Education and serves at the pleasure of the [board] State Board of
	Education.
	(b) The [board] State Board of Education shall appoint the state superintendent on the
	basis of outstanding professional qualifications.
	(c) The state superintendent shall administer all programs assigned to the State Board
	of Education in accordance with the policies and the standards established by the [board] $\underline{\text{State}}$
	Board of Education.
	(2) The State Board of Education shall, with the [appointed] state superintendent,
(	develop a statewide education strategy focusing on core academics, including the development
	of:
	(a) core standards for Utah public schools and graduation requirements;
	(b) a process to select model instructional materials that best correlate [to] with the
	core standards for Utah public schools and graduation requirements that are supported by
	generally accepted scientific standards of evidence;
	(c) professional development programs for teachers, superintendents, and principals;
	(d) model remediation programs;
	(e) a model method for creating individual student learning targets, and a method of
	measuring an individual student's performance toward those targets;
	(f) progress-based assessments for ongoing performance evaluations of school districts
	and schools;
	(g) incentives to achieve the desired outcome of individual student progress in core
	academics[ <del>, and which</del> ] that do not create disincentives for setting high goals for the students;
	(h) an annual report card for school and school district performance, measuring

121	learning and reporting progress-based assessments;
122	(i) a systematic method to encourage innovation in schools and school districts as [they
123	strive] each strives to achieve improvement in [their] performance; and
124	(j) a method for identifying and sharing best demonstrated practices across school
125	districts and schools.
126	(3) The <u>state</u> superintendent shall perform duties assigned by the [board] <u>State Board</u>
127	of Education, including [the following]:
128	(a) investigating all matters pertaining to the public schools;
129	(b) adopting and keeping an official seal to authenticate the state superintendent's
130	official acts;
131	(c) holding and conducting meetings, seminars, and conferences on educational topics;
132	(d) presenting to the governor and the Legislature each December a report of the public
133	school system for the preceding year [to include] that includes:
134	(i) data on the general condition of the schools with recommendations considered
135	desirable for specific programs;
136	(ii) a complete statement of fund balances;
137	(iii) a complete statement of revenues by fund and source;
138	(iv) a complete statement of adjusted expenditures by fund, the status of bonded
139	indebtedness, the cost of new school plants, and school levies;
140	(v) a complete statement of state funds allocated to each school district and charter
141	school by source, including supplemental appropriations, and a complete statement of
142	expenditures by each school district and charter school, including supplemental appropriations,
143	by function and object as outlined in the United States Department of Education publication
144	"Financial Accounting for Local and State School Systems";
145	(vi) a complete statement, by school district and charter school, of the amount of and
146	percentage increase or decrease in expenditures from the previous year attributed to:
147	(A) wage increases, with expenditure data for base salary adjustments identified
148	separately from step and lane expenditures;
149	(B) medical and dental premium cost adjustments; and
150	(C) adjustments in the number of teachers and other staff;
151	(vii) a statement that includes data on:

152	(A) fall enrollments;
153	(B) average membership;
154	(C) high school graduates;
155	(D) licensed and classified employees, including data reported by school districts on
156	educator ratings pursuant to Section 53A-8a-410;
157	(E) pupil-teacher ratios;
158	(F) average class sizes [calculated in accordance with State Board of Education rules
159	adopted under Subsection 53A-3-602.5(4)];
160	(G) average salaries;
161	(H) applicable private school data; and
162	(I) data from [standardized norm-referenced tests in grades 5, 8, and 11 on] statewide
163	assessments described in Section 53A-1-602 for each school and school district;
164	(viii) statistical information regarding incidents of delinquent activity in the schools or
165	at school-related activities with separate categories for:
166	(A) alcohol and drug abuse;
167	(B) weapon possession;
168	(C) assaults; and
169	(D) arson;
170	(ix) information about:
171	(A) the development and implementation of the strategy of focusing on core
172	academics;
173	(B) the development and implementation of competency-based education and
174	progress-based assessments; and
175	(C) the results being achieved under Subsections (3)(d)(ix)(A) and (B), as measured by
176	individual progress-based assessments and a comparison of Utah students' progress with the
177	progress of students in other states using standardized norm-referenced tests as benchmarks;
178	and
179	(x) other statistical and financial information about the school system [which] that the
180	state superintendent considers pertinent;
181	(e) collecting and organizing education data into an automated decision support system
182	to facilitate school district and school improvement planning, accountability reporting,

183	performance recognition, and the evaluation of educational policy and program effectiveness to
184	include:
185	(i) data that are:
186	(A) comparable across schools and school districts;
187	(B) appropriate for use in longitudinal studies; and
188	(C) comprehensive with regard to the data elements required under applicable state or
189	federal law or [state board] State Board of Education rule;
190	(ii) features that enable users, most particularly school administrators, teachers, and
191	parents, to:
192	(A) retrieve school and school district level data electronically;
193	(B) interpret the data visually; and
194	(C) draw conclusions that are statistically valid; and
195	(iii) procedures for the collection and management of education data that:
196	(A) require the state superintendent [of public instruction] to:
197	(I) collaborate with school districts in designing and implementing uniform data
198	standards and definitions;
199	(II) undertake or sponsor research to implement improved methods for analyzing
200	education data;
201	(III) provide for data security to prevent unauthorized access to or contamination of the
202	data; and
203	(IV) protect the confidentiality of data under state and federal privacy laws; and
204	(B) require all school districts and schools to comply with the data collection and
205	management procedures established under Subsection (3)(e);
206	(f) administering and implementing federal educational programs in accordance with
207	Title 53A, Chapter 1, Part 9, Implementing Federal or National Education Programs Act; and
208	(g) with the approval of the [board] State Board of Education, preparing and
209	submitting to the governor a budget for the [board] State Board of Education to be included in
210	the budget that the governor submits to the Legislature.
211	(4) The state superintendent shall distribute funds deposited in the Autism Awareness
212	Restricted Account created in Section 53A-1-304 in accordance with the requirements of
213	Section 53A-1-304.

(5) Upon leaving office, the state superintendent shall deliver to the state
superintendent's successor all books, records, documents, maps, reports, papers, and other
articles pertaining to the state superintendent's office.
(6) (a) For the [purposes] purposes of Subsection (3)(d)(vii):
(i) the pupil-teacher ratio for a school shall be calculated by dividing the number of
students enrolled in a school by the number of full-time equivalent teachers assigned to the
school, including regular classroom teachers, school-based specialists, and special education
teachers;
(ii) the pupil-teacher ratio for a school district shall be the median pupil-teacher ratio of
the schools within a school district;
(iii) the pupil-teacher ratio for charter schools aggregated shall be the median
pupil-teacher ratio of charter schools in the state; and
(iv) the pupil-teacher ratio for the state's public schools aggregated shall be the median
pupil-teacher ratio of public schools in the state.
(b) The printed copy of the report required by Subsection (3)(d) shall:
(i) include the pupil-teacher ratio for:
(A) each school district;
(B) the charter schools aggregated; and
(C) the state's public schools aggregated; and
(ii) [indicate the Internet] identify a website where pupil-teacher ratios for each school
in the state may be accessed.
Section 2. Section <b>53A-1-402.6</b> is amended to read:
53A-1-402.6. Core standards for Utah public schools.
(1) (a) In establishing minimum standards related to curriculum and instruction
requirements under Section 53A-1-402, the State Board of Education shall, in consultation
with local school boards, school superintendents, teachers, employers, and parents implement
core standards for Utah public schools that will enable students to, among other objectives:
(i) communicate effectively, both verbally and through written communication;
(ii) apply mathematics; and
(iii) access, analyze, and apply information.
(b) Except as provided in this title, the State Board of Education may recommend but

245 may not require a local school board or charter school governing board to use:

- (i) a particular curriculum or instructional material; or
- (ii) a model curriculum or instructional material.

- (2) The [board] <u>State Board of Education</u> shall, in establishing the core standards for Utah public schools:
- (a) identify the basic knowledge, skills, and competencies each student is expected to acquire or master as the student advances through the public education system; and
- (b) align <u>with each other</u> the core standards for Utah public schools and [tests administered under the Utah Performance Assessment System for Students (U-PASS) with each other.] the assessments described in Section 53A-1-604.
- (3) The basic knowledge, skills, and competencies identified pursuant to Subsection (2)(a) shall increase in depth and complexity from year to year and focus on consistent and continual progress within and between grade levels and courses in the basic academic areas of:
- (a) English, including explicit phonics, spelling, grammar, reading, writing, vocabulary, speech, and listening; and
  - (b) mathematics, including basic computational skills.
- (4) Before adopting core standards for Utah public schools, the State Board of Education shall:
- (a) publicize draft core standards for Utah public schools on the State Board of Education's website and the Utah Public Notice website created under Section 63F-1-701;
- (b) invite public comment on the draft core standards for Utah public schools for a period of not less than 90 days; and
- (c) conduct three public hearings that are held in different regions of the state on the draft core standards for Utah public schools.
- (5) Local school boards shall design their school programs, that are supported by generally accepted scientific standards of evidence, to focus on the core standards for Utah public schools with the expectation that each program will enhance or help achieve mastery of the core standards for Utah public schools.
- (6) Except as provided in Section 53A-13-101, each school may select instructional materials and methods of teaching, that are supported by generally accepted scientific standards of evidence, that [it] the school considers most appropriate to meet the core standards for Utah

276	public schools.
277	(7) The state may exit any agreement, contract, memorandum of understanding, or
278	consortium that cedes control of the core standards for Utah public schools to any other entity,
279	including a federal agency or consortium, for any reason, including:
280	(a) the cost of developing or implementing the core standards for Utah public schools;
281	(b) the proposed core standards for Utah public schools are inconsistent with
282	community values; or
283	(c) the agreement, contract, memorandum of understanding, or consortium:
284	(i) was entered into in violation of Part 9, Implementing Federal or National Education
285	Programs Act, or Title 63J, Chapter 5, Federal Funds Procedures Act;
286	(ii) conflicts with Utah law;
287	(iii) requires Utah student data to be included in a national or multi-state database;
288	(iv) requires records of teacher performance to be included in a national or multi-state
289	database; or
290	(v) imposes curriculum, assessment, or data tracking requirements on home school or
291	private school students.
292	(8) The State Board of Education shall annually report to the Education Interim
293	Committee on the development and implementation of the core standards for Utah public
294	schools, including the time line established for the review of the core standards for Utah public
295	schools by a standards review committee and the recommendations of a standards review
296	committee established under Section 53A-1-402.8.
297	Section 3. Section <b>53A-1-413</b> is amended to read:
298	53A-1-413. Student Achievement Backpack Utah Student Record Store.
299	(1) As used in this section:
300	(a) "Authorized LEA user" means a teacher or other person who is:
301	(i) employed by an LEA that provides instruction to a student; and
302	(ii) authorized to access data in a Student Achievement Backpack through the Utah
303	Student Record Store.
304	(b) "LEA" means a school district, charter school, or the Utah Schools for the Deaf and

(c) "Statewide assessment" means the same as that term is defined in Section

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the Blind.

307	<u>53A-1-602.</u>
308	[(e)] (d) "Student Achievement Backpack" means, for a student from kindergarten
309	through grade 12, a complete learner profile that:
310	(i) is in electronic format;
311	(ii) follows the student from grade to grade and school to school; and
312	(iii) is accessible by the student's parent or guardian or an authorized LEA user.
313	[(d) "U-PASS" means the Utah Performance Assessment System for Students
314	established in Part 6, Achievement Tests.]
315	(e) "Utah Student Record Store" means a repository of student data collected from
316	LEAs as part of the state's longitudinal data system that is:
317	(i) managed by the State Board of Education;
318	(ii) cloud-based; and
319	(iii) accessible via a web browser to authorized LEA users.
320	(2) (a) The State Board of Education shall use the State Board of Education's robust,
321	comprehensive data collection system, which collects longitudinal student transcript data from
322	LEAs and the unique student identifiers as described in Section 53A-1-603.5, to allow the
323	following to access a student's Student Achievement Backpack:
324	(i) the student's parent or guardian; and
325	(ii) each LEA that provides instruction to the student.
326	(b) The State Board of Education shall ensure that a Student Achievement Backpack:
327	(i) provides a uniform, transparent reporting mechanism for individual student
328	progress;
329	(ii) provides a complete learner history for postsecondary planning;
330	(iii) provides a teacher with visibility into a student's complete learner profile to better
331	inform instruction and personalize education;
332	(iv) assists a teacher or administrator in diagnosing a student's learning needs through
333	the use of data already collected by the State Board of Education;
334	(v) facilitates a student's parent or guardian taking an active role in the student's
335	education by simplifying access to the student's complete learner profile; and
336	(vi) serves as additional disaster mitigation for LEAs by using a cloud-based data
337	storage and collection system.

338	(3) Using existing information collected and stored in the State Board of Education's
339	data warehouse, the State Board of Education shall create the Utah Student Record Store where
340	an authorized LEA user may:
341	(a) access data in a Student Achievement Backpack relevant to the user's LEA or
342	school; or
343	(b) request student records to be transferred from one LEA to another.
344	(4) The State Board of Education shall implement security measures to ensure that:
345	(a) student data stored or transmitted to or from the Utah Student Record Store is
346	secure and confidential pursuant to the requirements of the Family Educational Rights and
347	Privacy Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232g; and
348	(b) an authorized LEA user may only access student data that is relevant to the user's
349	LEA or school.
350	(5) A student's parent or guardian may request the student's Student Achievement
351	Backpack from the LEA or the school in which the student is enrolled.
352	(6) [No later than June 30, 2014, an] An authorized LEA user [shall be able to] may
353	access student data in a Student Achievement Backpack, which shall include the following
354	data, or request that the data be transferred from one LEA to another:
355	(a) student demographics;
356	(b) course grades;
357	(c) course history; and
358	(d) results [for an] of a statewide assessment [administered under U-PASS].
359	(7) [No later than June 30, 2015, an] An authorized LEA user [shall be able to] may
360	access student data in a Student Achievement Backpack, which shall include the data listed in
361	Subsections (6)(a) through (d) and the following data, or request that the data be transferred
362	from one LEA to another:
363	(a) section attendance;
364	(b) the name of a student's teacher for classes or courses the student takes;
365	(c) teacher qualifications for a student's teacher, including years of experience, degree,
366	license, and endorsement;
367	(d) results of [formative, interim, and summative computer adaptive assessments
368	administered pursuant to Section 53A-1-603] statewide assessments;

369	[(e) detailed data demonstrating a student's mastery of the core standards for Utah
370	public schools and objectives as measured by computer adaptive assessments administered
371	pursuant to Section 53A-1-603;]
372	[(f)] (e) a student's writing sample that is written for [an online] a writing assessment
373	administered pursuant to Section [53A-1-603] 53A-1-604;
374	[(g)] (f) student growth scores [for U-PASS tests] on a statewide assessment, as
375	applicable;
376	[(h)] (g) a school's grade assigned pursuant to Part 11, School Grading Act;
377	[(i)] (h) results of benchmark assessments of reading administered pursuant to Section
378	53A-1-606.6; and
379	[ <del>(j)</del> ] <u>(i)</u> a student's reading level at the end of grade 3.
380	(8) No later than June 30, 2017, the State Board of Education shall ensure that data
381	collected in the Utah Student Record Store for a Student Achievement Backpack [shall be] is
382	integrated into each LEA's student information system and [shall be] is made available to a
383	student's parent or guardian and an authorized LEA user in an easily accessible viewing format
384	Section 4. Section <b>53A-1-601</b> is amended to read:
385	53A-1-601. Legislative intent.
386	(1) [It is the intent of the Legislature in] In enacting this part, the Legislature intends to
387	determine the effectiveness of school districts and schools in assisting students to master the
388	fundamental educational skills [towards] toward which instruction is directed.
389	(2) [(a) The Utah Performance Assessment System for Students enacted under this part
390	shall provide] The board shall ensure that a statewide assessment provides the public, the
391	Legislature, the [State Board of Education] board, school districts, public schools, and school
392	teachers with:
393	(a) evaluative information regarding the various levels of proficiency achieved by
394	students, so that they may have an additional tool to plan, measure, and evaluate the
395	effectiveness of programs in the public schools[-]; and
396	(b) [The] information [may also be used] to recognize excellence and to identify the
397	need for additional resources or to reallocate educational resources in a manner to [assure]
398	ensure educational opportunities for all students and to improve existing programs.
399	Section 5. Section <b>53A-1-602</b> is amended to read:

400	53A-1-602. Definitions.
401	As used in this part:
402	[(1) "Basic academic subject" means a subject that requires mastery of specific
403	functions, as defined under rules made by the State Board of Education, to include reading,
404	language arts, mathematics, science in grades 4 through 12, and effectiveness of written
405	expression.]
406	(1) "Board" means the State Board of Education.
407	(2) "Core standards for Utah public schools" means the standards [developed and
408	adopted by the State Board of Education that define the knowledge and skills students should
409	have in kindergarten through grade 12 to enable students to be prepared for college or
410	workforce training.] established by the board as described in Section 53A-1-402.6.
411	(3) "Individualized education program" or "IEP" means a written statement for a
412	student with a disability that is developed, reviewed, and revised in accordance with the
413	Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq.
414	[(4) "Utah Performance Assessment System for Students" or "U-PASS" means:]
415	[(a) as determined by the State Board of Education, criterion-referenced achievement
416	testing or online computer adaptive testing of students in grades 3 through 12 in basic academic
417	subjects;]
418	[(b) an online writing assessment in grades 5 and 8;]
419	(4) "Statewide assessment" means one or more of the following, as applicable:
420	(a) a standards assessment described in Section 53A-1-604;
421	(b) a high school assessment described in Section 53A-1-611.5;
422	(c) <u>a</u> college readiness [assessments as detailed] <u>assessment described</u> in Section
423	53A-1-611; [ <del>and</del> ] <u>or</u>
424	(d) [testing] an assessment of students in grade 3 to measure reading grade level
425	described in Section 53A-1-606.6.
426	Section 6. Section 53A-1-603 is repealed and reenacted to read:
427	53A-1-603. Statewide assessments Duties of State Board of Education.
428	(1) The board shall:
429	(a) require the state superintendent of public instruction to:
430	(i) submit and recommend statewide assessments to the board for adoption by the

431	board; and
432	(ii) distribute the statewide assessments adopted by the board to a school district or
433	charter school;
434	(b) provide for the state to participate in the National Assessment of Educational
435	Progress state-by-state comparison testing program; and
436	(c) require a school district or charter school to administer statewide assessments.
437	(2) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
438	board shall make rules for the administration of statewide assessments.
439	(3) The board shall ensure that statewide assessments are administered in compliance
440	with the requirements of Part 14, Student Data Protection Act, and Chapter 13, Part 3, Utah
441	Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act.
442	Section 7. Section <b>53A-1-603.5</b> is amended to read:
443	53A-1-603.5. Unique student identifier Coordination of higher education and
444	public education information technology systems.
445	(1) As used in this section, "unique student identifier" means an alphanumeric code
446	assigned to each public education student for identification purposes, which:
447	(a) is not assigned to any former or current student; and
448	(b) does not incorporate personal information, including a birth date or Social Security
449	number.
450	(2) The [State Board of Education] board, through the superintendent of public
451	instruction, shall assign each public education student a unique student identifier, which shall
452	be used to track individual student performance on achievement tests administered under this
453	part.
454	(3) The [State Board of Education] board and the State Board of Regents shall
455	coordinate public education and higher education information technology systems to allow
456	individual student academic achievement to be tracked through both education systems in
457	accordance with this section and Section 53B-1-109.
458	(4) The [State Board of Education] board and the State Board of Regents shall
459	coordinate access to the unique student identifier of a public education student who later
460	attends an institution within the state system of higher education.
461	Section 8. Section 53A-1-604 is repealed and reenacted to read:

462	53A-1-604. Utah standards assessments Administration Review committee.
463	(1) As used in this section, "computer adaptive assessment" means an assessment that
464	measures the range of a student's ability by adapting to the student's responses, selecting more
465	difficult or less difficult questions based on the student's responses.
466	(2) The board shall:
467	(a) adopt a standards assessment that:
468	(i) measures a student's proficiency in:
469	(A) mathematics for students in each of grades 3 through 8;
470	(B) English language arts for students in each of grades 3 through 8;
471	(C) science for students in each of grades 4 through 8; and
472	(D) writing for students in at least grades 5 and 8; and
473	(ii) except for the writing measurement described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(D), is a
474	computer adaptive assessment; and
475	(b) ensure that an assessment described in Subsection (2)(a) is:
476	(i) a criterion referenced assessment;
477	(ii) administered online;
478	(iii) aligned with the core standards for Utah public schools; and
479	(iv) adaptable to competency-based education as defined in Section 53A-15-1802.
480	(3) A school district or charter school shall annually administer the standards
481	assessment adopted by the board under Subsection (2) to all students in the subjects and grade
482	levels described in Subsection (2).
483	(4) A student's score on the standards assessment adopted under Subsection (2) may
484	not be considered in determining:
485	(a) the student's academic grade for a course; or
486	(b) whether the student may advance to the next grade level.
487	(5) (a) The board shall establish a committee consisting of 12 parents of Utah public
488	education students to review all standards assessment questions.
489	(b) The committee established in Subsection (5)(a) shall include the following parent
490	members:
491	(i) four members appointed by the chair of the board;
492	(ii) four members appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives or the

493	speaker's designee; and
494	(iii) four members appointed by the president of the Senate or the president's designee.
495	(c) The board shall provide staff support to the parent committee.
496	(d) The term of office of each member appointed in Subsection (5)(b) is four years.
497	(e) The chair of the board, the speaker of the House of Representatives, and the
498	president of the Senate shall adjust the length of terms to stagger the terms of committee
499	members so that approximately half of the committee members are appointed every two years.
500	(f) No member may receive compensation or benefits for the member's service on the
501	committee.
502	Section 9. Section <b>53A-1-605</b> is amended to read:
503	53A-1-605. Analysis of results Staff professional development.
504	(1) The [State Board of Education] board, through the state superintendent of public
505	instruction, shall develop [a plan] an online data reporting tool to analyze the results of [the
506	U-PASS scores for all grade levels and courses required under Section 53A-1-603.] statewide
507	assessments.
508	(2) The [plan] online data reporting tool shall include components designed to:
509	(a) assist school districts and individual schools to use the results of the analysis in
510	planning, evaluating, and enhancing programs; [and]
511	(b) identify schools not achieving state-established acceptable levels of student
512	performance in order to assist those schools in [raising their] improving student performance
513	levels[. (3) The plan shall include provisions]; and
514	(c) provide:
515	(i) for statistical reporting of [criterion-referenced or online computer adaptive test]
516	statewide assessment results at state, school district, school, and grade or course levels[;]; and
517	[shall include]
518	(ii) actual levels of performance on [tests] statewide assessments.
519	[(4) Each] (3) A local school board [and] or charter school governing board shall
520	provide for:
521	(a) evaluation of the [ <del>U-PASS test</del> ] statewide assessment results and use of the
522	evaluations in setting goals and establishing programs; and
523	(b) a professional development program that provides teachers, principals, and other

professional staff with the training required to successfully establish and maintain [<del>U-PASS</del>] statewide assessments.

Section 10. Section **53A-1-607** is amended to read:

## 53A-1-607. Scoring -- Reports of results.

- (1) [Each] For a statewide assessment that requires the use of a student answer sheet, a local school board [and] or charter school governing board shall submit all answer sheets [for the achievement tests administered under U-PASS] on a per-school and per-class basis to the state superintendent of public instruction for scoring unless the [test] assessment requires scoring by a national testing service.
- (2) The district, school, and class results of the [U-PASS testing program] statewide assessments, but not the score or relative position of individual students, shall be reported to each local school board or charter school governing board annually at a regularly scheduled meeting.
  - (3) [Each local board and] A local school board or charter school governing board:
- (a) shall make copies of the report available to the general public upon request[. (4) The board]; and
  - (b) may charge a fee for [the copying costs] the cost of copying the report.
  - [(5) The State Board of Education]
- (4) (a) The board shall annually provide to school districts and charter schools a comprehensive report for each of [their] the school district's and charter school's students showing the student's [U-PASS test] statewide assessment results for each year that the student took a [U-PASS test. School districts and charter schools] statewide assessment.
- (b) A school district or charter school shall give a copy of the comprehensive report to the student's parents and make the report available to school staff, as appropriate.
  - Section 11. Section **53A-1-608** is amended to read:

## 53A-1-608. Preparation for tests.

- (1) School district employees may not [earry on] conduct any specific instruction or preparation of students [which] that would be a breach of testing ethics, such as the teaching of specific test questions.
- 553 (2) School district employees who administer the test shall follow the standardization 554 procedures in the [publisher's] test administration manual <u>for an assessment</u> and any additional

222	specific instructions developed by the [State Board of Education] board.
556	(3) The [State Board of Education] board may revoke the certification of an individual
557	who violates this section.
558	Section 12. Section <b>53A-1-610</b> is amended to read:
559	53A-1-610. Grade specification change.
560	(1) [The State Board of Education may replace the grade] The board may change a
561	grade level specification for the administration of specific [tests] assessments under this part
562	[with a specification of age or time elapsed since the student entered school if the replacement]
563	to a different grade level specification or a competency-based specification if the specification
564	is more consistent with patterns of school organization.
565	(2) [The] (a) If the board changes a grade level specification described in Subsection
566	(1), the board shall submit a report to the Legislature explaining the reasons for [replacing]
567	changing the grade <u>level</u> specification.
568	(b) The board shall submit the report at least six months [prior to] before the
569	anticipated change.
570	Section 13. Section <b>53A-1-611</b> is amended to read:
571	53A-1-611. College readiness assessments.
572	(1) The Legislature recognizes the need for the [State Board of Education] board to
573	develop and implement standards and assessment processes to ensure that student progress is
574	measured and that school boards and school personnel are accountable.
575	[(2) In addition to its responsibilities under Sections 53A-1-603 through 53A-1-605;
576	the State Board of Education shall:
577	[(a) adopt college readiness assessments for secondary students; and]
578	[(b) require a school district or charter school to administer the college readiness
579	assessments adopted by the State Board of Education.]
580	[(3) A college readiness assessment adopted by the State Board of Education:]
581	[(a) shall include the college admissions test that includes an assessment of language
582	arts, mathematics, and science that is]
583	(2) The board shall adopt a college readiness assessment for secondary students that:
584	(a) is the college readiness assessment most commonly submitted to local universities;
585	and

586	(b) may include:
587	(i) the Armed Services Vocational Aptitude Battery; [and] or
588	(ii) a battery of assessments that are predictive of success in higher education.
589	[(4)] (3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection [(4)(b), the State Board of Education
590	shall require] (3)(b), a school district or charter school [to] shall annually administer [a test] the
591	<u>college readiness assessment</u> adopted under Subsection [(3)(a)] (2) to all students in grade 11.
592	(b) A student with an IEP may take an appropriate college readiness assessment other
593	than [a test] the assessment adopted by the [State Board of Education] board under Subsection
594	$[\frac{(3)(a)}{2}]$ , as determined by the student's IEP.
595	Section 14. Section <b>53A-1-611.5</b> is enacted to read:
596	53A-1-611.5. High school assessments.
597	(1) The board shall adopt a high school assessment that:
598	(a) is predictive of a student's college readiness as measured by the college readiness
599	assessment described in Section 53A-1-611; and
600	(b) provides a growth score for a student from grade 9 to 10.
601	(2) A school district or charter school shall annually administer the high school
602	assessment adopted by the board under Subsection (1) to all students in grades 9 and 10.
603	Section 15. Section <b>53A-1-613</b> is amended to read:
604	53A-1-613. Online test preparation program.
605	(1) The [State Board of Education] board shall contract with a provider, selected
606	through a request for proposals process, to provide an online [program to prepare students to
607	take the college admissions test that includes an assessment of language arts, mathematics, and
608	science] college readiness diagnostic tool that is aligned with the college readiness assessment
609	that is most commonly submitted to local universities.
610	(2) An online test preparation program described in Subsection (1):
611	(a) (i) shall allow a student to independently access online materials and learn at the
612	student's own pace; and
613	(ii) may be used to provide classroom and teacher-assisted instruction;
614	(b) shall provide online study materials, diagnostic exams, drills, and practice tests in
615	an approach that is engaging to high school students;
616	(c) shall enable electronic reporting of student progress to administrators, teachers,

61/	parents, and other facilitators;
618	(d) shall record a student's progress in an online dashboard that provides diagnostic
619	assessment of the content areas tested and identifies mastery of corresponding skill sets; and
620	(e) shall provide training and professional development to personnel in school districts
621	and charter schools on how to utilize the online test preparation program and provide
622	teacher-assisted instruction to students.
623	[(3) To be eligible to administer a college admissions test provided by the State Board
624	of Education from funds appropriated for college readiness assessments, a school district or
625	charter school shall:]
626	[(a) promote the use of the online test preparation program; and]
627	[(b) inform parents and students of the availability of, and how to access and use, the
628	online test preparation program. (4) The State Board of Education,]
629	(3) The board, school districts, and charter schools shall make the online test
630	preparation program available to a student:
631	(a) beginning in the 2013-14 school year; and
632	(b) for at least one full year[, except a student in grade 11 in the 2013-14 school year
633	shall have access to the online test preparation program as soon as the program can be made
634	operational].
635	Section 16. Section <b>53A-1-708</b> is amended to read:
636	53A-1-708. Grants for online delivery of statewide assessments.
637	(1) As used in this section:
638	(a) "Adaptive tests" means tests administered during the school year using an online
639	adaptive test system.
640	(b) "Core standards for Utah public schools" means the standards [developed and
641	adopted by the State Board of Education that define the knowledge and skills students should
642	have in kindergarten through grade 12 to enable students to be prepared for college or
643	workforce training.] established by the State Board of Education as described in Section
644	<u>53A-1-402.6.</u>
645	(c) "Statewide assessment" means the same as that term is defined in Section
646	<u>53A-1-602.</u>
647	[ <del>(c)</del> ] (d) "Summative tests" means tests administered near the end of a course to assess

648	overall achievement of course goals.
649	[(d)] (e) "Uniform online summative test system" means a single system for the online
650	delivery of summative tests required [under U-PASS] as statewide assessments that:
651	(i) is coordinated by the State Board of Education;
652	(ii) ensures the reliability and security of [U-PASS tests] statewide assessments; and
653	(iii) is selected through collaboration between the State Board of Education and school
654	district representatives with expertise in technology, assessment, and administration.
655	[(e) "U-PASS" means the Utah Performance Assessment System for Students.]
656	(2) The State Board of Education may award grants to school districts and charter
657	schools to implement [one or both of the following]:
658	(a) a uniform online summative test system to enable [parents of students and] school
659	staff and parents of students to review [U-PASS test] statewide assessment scores by the end of
660	the school year; or
661	(b) an online adaptive test system to enable parents of students and school staff to
662	measure and monitor a student's academic progress during a school year.
663	(3) (a) Grant money may be used to pay for any of the following, provided it is directly
664	related to implementing a uniform online summative test system, an online adaptive test
665	system, or both:
666	(i) computer equipment and peripherals, including electronic data capture devices
667	designed for electronic test administration and scoring;
668	(ii) software;
669	(iii) networking equipment;
670	(iv) upgrades of existing equipment or software;
671	(v) upgrades of existing physical plant facilities;
672	(vi) personnel to provide technical support or coordination and management; and
673	(vii) teacher professional development.
674	(b) Equipment purchased in compliance with Subsection (3)(a), when not in use for the
675	online delivery of summative tests or adaptive tests required [under U-PASS] as statewide
676	assessments, may be used for other purposes.
677	(4) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
678	Act, the State Board of Education shall make rules:

679	(a) establishing procedures for applying for and awarding grants;
680	(b) specifying how grant money [shall be] is allocated among school districts and
681	charter schools;
682	(c) requiring reporting of grant money expenditures and evidence showing that the
683	grant money has been used to implement a uniform online summative test system, an online
684	adaptive test system, or both;
685	(d) establishing technology standards for an online adaptive testing system;
686	(e) requiring a school district or charter school that receives a grant under this section
687	to implement, in compliance with [Chapter 1,] Part 14, Student Data Protection Act, and
688	Chapter 13, Part 3, Utah Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, an online adaptive test
689	system by the 2014-15 school year that:
690	(i) meets the technology standards established under Subsection (4)(d); and
691	(ii) is aligned with the core standards for Utah public schools;
692	(f) requiring a school district or charter school to provide matching funds to implement
693	a uniform online summative test system, an online adaptive test system, or both in an amount
694	that is greater than or equal to the amount of a grant received under this section; and
695	(g) ensuring that student identifiable data is not released to any person, except as
696	provided by [Chapter 1,] Part 14, Student Data Protection Act, Section 53A-13-301, and rules
697	of the State Board of Education adopted under that section.
698	(5) If a school district or charter school uses grant money for purposes other than those
699	stated in Subsection (3), the school district or charter school is liable for reimbursing the State
700	Board of Education in the amount of the grant money improperly used.
701	(6) A school district or charter school may not use federal funds to provide the
702	matching funds required to receive a grant under this section.
703	(7) A school district may not impose a tax rate above the certified tax rate for the
704	purpose of generating revenue to provide matching funds for a grant under this section.
705	Section 17. Section 53A-1-1101 is repealed and reenacted to read:
706	Part 11. School Accountability System

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**53A-1-1101.** Title.

This part is known as "School Accountability System."

Section 18. Section 53A-1-1102 is repealed and reenacted to read:

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710	<b>53A-1-1102.</b> Definitions.
711	As used in this part:
712	(1) "Board" means the State Board of Education.
713	(2) "Individualized education program" means a written statement for a student with a
714	disability that is developed, reviewed, and revised in accordance with the Individuals with
715	Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1400 et seq.
716	(3) "Lowest performing 25% of students" means the proportion of a school's students
717	who scored in the lowest 25% of students in the school on a statewide assessment based on the
718	current school year's scores.
719	(4) "Statewide assessment" means one or more of the following, as applicable:
720	(a) a standards assessment described in Section 53A-1-604;
721	(b) a high school assessment described in Section 53A-1-611.5;
722	(c) a college readiness assessment described in Section 53A-1-611; or
723	(d) an alternate assessment administered to a student with a disability.
724	Section 19. Section 53A-1-1103 is repealed and reenacted to read:
725	53A-1-1103. Statewide school accountability system State Board of Education
726	rulemaking.
727	(1) There is established a statewide school accountability system.
728	(2) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
729	board shall make rules to implement the school accountability system in accordance with this
730	part.
731	Section 20. Section 53A-1-1104 is repealed and reenacted to read:
732	53A-1-1104. Schools included in grading system Other indicators and point
733	distribution for a school that serves a special student population.
734	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), the board shall include all public schools in
735	the state in the school accountability system established under this part.
736	(2) The board shall exempt from the school accountability system:
737	(a) a school in which the number of students tested on a statewide assessment is lower
738	than the minimum sample size necessary, based on acceptable professional practice for
739	statistical reliability, or when release of the information would violate 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232h,
740	the prevention of the unlawful release of personally identifiable student data:

741	(b) a school in the school's first year of operations if the school's local school board or
742	charter school governing board requests the exemption; or
743	(c) a high school in the school's second year of operations if the school's local school
744	board or charter school governing board requests the exemption.
745	(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of this part, the board may use, to appropriately
746	assess the educational impact of a school that serves a special student population:
747	(a) other indicators in addition to the indicators described in Section 53A-1-1106 or
748	53A-1-1107; or
749	(b) different point distribution than the point distribution described in Section
750	<u>53A-1-1108.</u>
751	Section 21. Section 53A-1-1105 is repealed and reenacted to read:
752	53A-1-1105. Rating schools.
753	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), and in accordance with this part, the board
754	shall annually assign to each school an overall rating using an A through F letter grading scale
755	where, based on the school's performance level on the indicators described in Subsection (2):
756	(a) an A grade represents an exemplary school;
757	(b) a B grade represents a commendable school;
758	(c) a C grade represents a typical school;
759	(d) a D grade represents a developing school; and
760	(e) an F grade represents a critical needs school.
761	(2) A school's overall rating described in Subsection (1) shall be based on the school's
762	performance on the indicators described in:
763	(a) Section 53A-1-1106, for an elementary school or a middle school; or
764	(b) Section 53A-1-1107, for a high school.
765	(3) For a school year in which the board determines it is necessary to establish, due to a
766	transition to a new assessment, a new baseline to determine student growth described in
767	Section 53A-1-1111, the board is not required to assign an overall rating described in
768	Subsection (1) to a school to which the new baseline applies.
769	Section 22. Section 53A-1-1106 is repealed and reenacted to read:
770	53A-1-1106. Indicators for elementary and middle schools.
771	For an elementary school or a middle school, the board shall assign the school's overall

772	rating, in accordance with Section 53A-1-1108, based on the school's performance on the
773	following indicators:
774	(1) academic achievement as measured by performance on a statewide assessment of
775	English language arts, mathematics, and science;
776	(2) academic growth as measured by progress from year to year on a statewide
777	assessment of English language arts, mathematics, and science; and
778	(3) equitable educational opportunity as measured by:
779	(a) academic growth of the lowest performing 25% of students as measured by
780	progress of the lowest performing 25% of students on a statewide assessment of English
781	language arts, mathematics, and science; and
782	(b) except as provided in Section 53A-1-1110, English learner progress as measured by
783	performance on an English learner assessment established by the board.
784	Section 23. Section 53A-1-1107 is repealed and reenacted to read:
785	53A-1-1107. Indicators for high schools.
786	For a high school, in accordance with Section 53A-1-1108, the board shall assign the
787	school's overall rating based on the school's performance on the following indicators:
788	(1) academic achievement as measured by performance on a statewide assessment of
789	English language arts, mathematics, and science;
790	(2) academic growth as measured by progress from year to year on a statewide
791	assessment of English language arts, mathematics, and science;
792	(3) equitable educational opportunity as measured by:
793	(a) academic growth of the lowest performing 25% of students as measured by
794	progress of the lowest performing 25% of students on a statewide assessment of English
795	language arts, mathematics, and science; and
796	(b) except as provided in Section 53A-1-1110, English learner progress as measured by
797	performance on an English learner assessment established by the board; and
798	(4) postsecondary readiness as measured by:
799	(a) the school's graduation rate, as described in Section 53A-1-1108;
800	(b) student performance, as described in Section 53A-1-1108, on a college readiness
801	assessment described in Section 53A-1-611; and
802	(c) student achievement in advanced course work, as described in Section 53A-1-1108.

803	Section 24. Section 53A-1-1108 is repealed and reenacted to read:
804	53A-1-1108. Calculation of points.
805	(1) (a) The board shall award to a school points for academic achievement described in
806	Subsection 53A-1-1106(1) or 53A-1-1107(1) as follows:
807	(i) the board shall award a school points proportional to the percentage of the school's
808	students who, out of all the school's students who take a statewide assessment of English
809	language arts, score at or above the proficient level on the assessment;
810	(ii) the board shall award a school points proportional to the percentage of the school's
811	students who, out of all the school's students who take a statewide assessment of mathematics,
812	score at or above the proficient level on the assessment; and
813	(iii) the board shall award a school points proportional to the percentage of the school's
814	students who, out of all the school's students who take a statewide assessment of science, score
815	at or above the proficient level on the assessment.
816	(b) (i) The maximum number of total points possible for academic achievement
817	described in Subsection (1)(a) is 56 points.
818	(ii) The maximum number of points possible for a component listed in Subsection
819	(1)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii) is one-third of the number of points described in Subsection (1)(b)(i).
820	(2) (a) Subject to Subsection (2)(b), the board shall award to a school points for
821	academic growth described in Subsection 53A-1-1106(2) or 53A-1-1107(2) as follows:
822	(i) the board shall award a school points for growth of the school's students on a
823	statewide assessment of English language arts;
824	(ii) the board shall award a school points for growth of the school's students on a
825	statewide assessment of mathematics; and
826	(iii) the board shall award a school points for growth of the school's students on a
827	statewide assessment of science.
828	(b) The board shall determine points for growth awarded under Subsection (2)(a) by
829	indexing the points based on:
830	(i) whether a student's performance on a statewide assessment is equal to or exceeds
831	the student's academic growth target; and
832	(ii) the amount of a student's growth on a statewide assessment compared to other
833	students with similar prior assessment scores.

834	(c) (i) The maximum number of total points possible for academic growth described in
835	Subsection (2)(a) is 56 points.
836	(ii) The maximum number of points possible for a component listed in Subsection
837	(2)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii) is one-third of the number of points described in Subsection (2)(c)(i).
838	(3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b), the board shall award to a school points for
839	equitable educational opportunity described in Subsection 53A-1-1106(3) or 53A-1-1107(3) as
840	<u>follows:</u>
841	(i) the board shall award a school points for growth of the school's lowest performing
842	25% of students on a statewide assessment of English language arts;
843	(ii) the board shall award a school points for growth of the school's lowest performing
844	25% of students on a statewide assessment of mathematics;
845	(iii) the board shall award a school points for growth of the school's lowest performing
846	25% of students on a statewide assessment of science; and
847	(iv) except as provided in Section 53A-1-1110, the board shall award to a school points
848	proportional to the percentage of English learners who achieve adequate progress as
849	determined by the board on an English learner assessment established by the board.
850	(b) The board shall determine points for academic growth awarded under Subsection
851	(3)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii) by indexing the points based on the amount of a student's growth on a
852	statewide assessment compared to other students with similar prior assessment scores.
853	(c) (i) The maximum number of total points possible for equitable educational
854	opportunity described in Subsection (3)(a) is 38 points.
855	(ii) The maximum number of points possible for the components listed in Subsection
856	(3)(a)(i), (ii), and (iii), combined, is 25 points.
857	(iii) The maximum number of points possible for a component listed in Subsection
858	(3)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii) is one-third of the number of the combined points described in Subsection
859	(3)(c)(ii).
860	(iv) The maximum number of points possible for the component listed in Subsection
861	(3)(a)(iv) is 13 points.
862	(4) (a) The board shall award to a high school points for postsecondary readiness
863	described in Subsection 53A-1-1107(4) as follows:
864	(i) the board shall award to a high school points proportional to the percentage of the

365	school's students who, out of all the school's students who take a college readiness assessment
866	described in Section 53A-1-611, receive a composite score of at least 18 on the assessment;
867	(ii) the board shall award to a high school points proportional to the percentage of the
868	school's students who achieve at least one of the following:
369	(A) a C grade or better in an Advanced Placement course;
370	(B) a C grade or better in a concurrent enrollment course;
371	(C) a C grade or better in an International Baccalaureate course; or
372	(D) completion of a career and technical education pathway, as defined by the board;
373	<u>and</u>
374	(iii) in accordance with Subsection (4)(c), the board shall award to a high school points
375	proportional to the percentage of the school's students who graduate from the school.
376	(b) (i) The maximum number of total points possible for postsecondary readiness
377	described in Subsection (4)(a) is 75 points.
378	(ii) The maximum number of points possible for a component listed in Subsection
379	(4)(a)(i), (ii), or (iii) is one-third of the number of points described in Subsection (4)(b)(i).
880	(c) (i) In calculating the percentage of students who graduate described in Subsection
881	(4)(a)(iii), except as provided in Subsection (4)(c)(ii), the board shall award to a high school
382	points proportional to the percentage of the school's students who graduate from the school
383	within four years.
384	(ii) The board may award up to 10% of the points allocated for high school graduation
885	described in Subsection (4)(b)(ii) to a school for students who graduate from the school within
886	five years.
387	Section 25. Section 53A-1-1109 is repealed and reenacted to read:
888	53A-1-1109. Calculation of total points awarded Maximum number of total
889	points possible.
890	(1) Except as provided in Section 53A-1-1110, the board shall calculate the number of
891	total points awarded to a school by totaling the number of points the board awards to the school
392	in accordance with Section 53A-1-1108.
393	(2) The maximum number of total points possible under Subsection (1) is:
394	(a) for an elementary school or a middle school, 150 points; or
395	(b) for a high school, 225 points.

896	Section 26. Section 53A-1-1110 is repealed and reenacted to read:
897	53A-1-1110. Exclusion of English learner progress Calculation of total points
898	awarded for a school with fewer than 10 English learners.
899	(1) For a school that has fewer than 10 English learners, the board shall:
900	(a) exclude the use of English learner progress in determining the school's overall
901	rating by:
902	(i) awarding no points to the school for English learner progress described in
903	Subsection 53A-1-1108(3)(a)(iv); and
904	(ii) excluding the points described in Subsection 53A-1-1108(3)(c)(iv) from the
905	school's maximum points possible; and
906	(b) calculate the number of total points awarded to the school by totaling the number of
907	points the board awards to the school in accordance with Section 53A-1-1108 subject to the
908	exclusion described in Subsection (1)(a).
909	(2) The maximum number of total points possible under Subsection (1) is:
910	(a) for an elementary school or a middle school, 137 points; or
911	(b) for a high school, 212 points.
912	Section 27. Section 53A-1-1111 is repealed and reenacted to read:
913	53A-1-1111. State Board of Education duties Proficient level Student growth
914	English learner adequate progress.
915	(1) For the purpose of determining whether a student scores at or above the proficient
916	level on a statewide assessment, the board shall determine, for each statewide assessment, the
917	minimum level that demonstrates proficiency.
918	(2) (a) For the purpose of determining whether a student's performance on a statewide
919	assessment is equal to or exceeds the student's academic growth target, the board shall
920	calculate, for each individual student, the amount of growth necessary to achieve or maintain
921	proficiency by a future school year determined by the board.
922	(b) For the purpose of determining the amount of a student's growth on a statewide
923	assessment compared to other students with similar prior assessment scores, the board shall
924	calculate growth as a percentile for a student using appropriate statistical methods.
925	(3) For the purpose of determining whether an English learner achieves adequate
926	progress on an English learner assessment established by the board, the board shall determine

927	the minimum progress that demonstrates adequate progress.
928	Section 28. Section 53A-1-1112 is repealed and reenacted to read:
929	<b>53A-1-1112.</b> Reporting.
930	(1) The board shall annually publish on the board's website a report card that includes
931	for each school:
932	(a) the school's overall rating described in Subsection 53A-1-1105(1);
933	(b) the school's performance on each indicator described in:
934	(i) Section 53A-1-1106, for an elementary school or a middle school; or
935	(ii) Section 53A-1-1107, for a high school;
936	(c) information comparing the school's performance on each indicator described in
937	Subsection (1)(b) with:
938	(i) the average school performance; and
939	(ii) the school's performance in all previous years for which data is available;
940	(d) the percentage of students who participated in statewide assessments, disaggregated
941	according to student proficiency;
942	(e) for an elementary school, the percentage of students who read on grade level in
943	grades 1 through 3; and
944	(f) for a high school, performance on Advanced Placement exams.
945	(2) A school may include in the school's report card described in Subsection (1) up to
946	two self-reported school quality indicators that:
947	(a) are approved by the board for inclusion; and
948	(b) may include:
949	(i) student and parent engagement;
950	(ii) chronic absenteeism;
951	(iii) school climate;
952	(iv) supports for students at risk of academic failure; or
953	(v) extracurricular activities.
954	(3) (a) The board shall develop an individualized student achievement report that
955	<u>includes:</u>
956	(i) information on the student's level of proficiency as measured by a statewide
957	assessment; and

958	(ii) a comparison of the student's academic growth target and actual academic growth
959	as measured by a statewide assessment.
960	(b) The board shall, subject to the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, 20
961	U.S.C. Sec. 1232g, make the individualized student achievement report described in
962	Subsection (3)(a) available for a school district or charter school to access electronically.
963	(c) A school district or charter school shall distribute an individualized student
964	achievement report to the parent or guardian of the student to whom the report applies.
965	Section 29. Section <b>53A-1-1113.5</b> is enacted to read:
966	53A-1-1113.5. Overall rating based on student performance Establishment of
967	performance thresholds and criteria Report during interim.
968	(1) As used in this section, "statewide assessment" means one or more of the following
969	as applicable:
970	(a) a standards assessment described in Section 53A-1-604;
971	(b) a high school assessment described in Section 53A-1-611.5;
972	(c) a college readiness assessment described in Section 53A-1-611; or
973	(d) an alternate assessment administered to a student with a disability.
974	(2) (a) The board shall calculate a school's grade for the 2016-2017 school year in
975	accordance with Part 11, School Grading Act.
976	(b) The board shall assign a school an overall rating for the 2017-2018 school year or a
977	school year thereafter in accordance with Subsection (3).
978	(3) The board shall assign a school an overall rating using an A through F letter
979	grading scale where, based on the school's performance level on the indicators described in
980	Subsection (7):
981	(a) an A grade represents an exemplary school;
982	(b) a B grade represents a commendable school;
983	(c) a C grade represents a typical school;
984	(d) a D grade represents a developing school; and
985	(e) an F grade represents a critical needs school.
986	(4) (a) The board shall engage in a criteria setting process to establish:
987	(i) performance thresholds for the overall ratings described in Subsection (3); and
988	(ii) a system for assigning a school an overall rating based on evaluating the school's

989	performance against specific criteria.
990	(b) In establishing the performance thresholds described in Subsection (4)(a), the board
991	shall solicit and consider input from:
992	(i) legislators;
993	(ii) the governor;
994	(iii) representatives from local school boards;
995	(iv) other representatives from school districts;
996	(v) representatives from charter school governing boards; and
997	(vi) other representatives from charter schools.
998	(5) On or before the Education Interim Committee's September 2017 interim meeting,
999	the board shall report to the Education Interim Committee:
1000	(a) the performance thresholds and criteria described in Subsection (4), including
1001	rationale and documentation of the procedures used to develop the performance thresholds and
1002	criteria; and
1003	(b) a sample report card for a school, including a sample display of:
1004	(i) the school's overall rating described in Subsection (3);
1005	(ii) the school's performance on each indicator described in Subsection (7);
1006	(iii) information comparing the school's performance on each indicator described in
1007	Subsection (7) with:
1008	(A) the average school performance; and
1009	(B) the school's performance in all previous years for which data is available;
1010	(iv) the percentage of students who participated in statewide assessments,
1011	disaggregated according to student proficiency;
1012	(v) for an elementary school, the percentage of students who read on grade level in
1013	grades 1 through 3;
1014	(vi) for a high school, performance on Advanced Placement exams; and
1015	(vii) up to two school-reported school quality indicators that may include:
1016	(A) student and parent engagement;
1017	(B) chronic absenteeism;
1018	(C) school climate;
1019	(D) supports for students at risk of academic failure;

1020	(E) extracurricular activities; or
1021	(F) another indicator determined by the board.
1022	(6) On or before October 31, 2017, the Education Interim Committee shall make
1023	recommendations related to the board's report described in Subsection (5) to the Legislative
1024	Management Committee.
1025	(7) A school's overall rating described in Subsection (3) shall be based on the school's
1026	performance on the following indicators:
1027	(a) for a school:
1028	(i) academic achievement as measured by performance on a statewide assessment of
1029	English language arts, mathematics, and science;
1030	(ii) academic growth as measured by progress from year to year on a statewide
1031	assessment of English language arts, mathematics, and science; and
1032	(iii) equitable educational opportunity as measured by:
1033	(A) academic growth of the lowest performing 25% of students as measured by
1034	progress of the lowest performing 25% of students on a statewide assessment of English
1035	language arts, mathematics, and science; and
1036	(B) English learner progress as measured by performance on an English learner
1037	assessment established by the board; and
1038	(b) for a high school, in addition to the indicators described in Subsection (7)(a),
1039	postsecondary readiness as measured by:
1040	(i) the school's graduation rate;
1041	(ii) student performance on a college readiness assessment described in Section
1042	53A-1-611; and
1043	(iii) student achievement in advanced course work.
1044	Section 30. Section <b>53A-1-1202</b> is amended to read:
1045	<b>53A-1-1202.</b> Definitions.
1046	As used in this part:
1047	(1) "Board" means the State Board of Education.
1048	(2) "Charter school authorizer" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1049	53A-1a-501.3.
1050	(3) "District school" means a public school under the control of a local school board

1051 elected under Title 20A, Chapter 14, Nomination and Election of State and Local School 1052 Boards. 1053 (4) "Educator" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53A-6-103. 1054 (5) "Final remedial year" means the second school year following the initial remedial 1055 year. 1056 (6) "Initial remedial year" means the school year a district school or charter school is 1057 designated as a low performing school under Section 53A-1-1203. 1058 (7) "Low performing school" means a district school or charter school that has been 1059 designated as a low performing school by the board [because the school is: (a) in the lowest performing 3% of schools statewide according to the percentage of possible points earned 1060 1061 under the school grading system; and (b) a low performing school according to other 1062 outcome-based measures as may be defined in rules made by the board in accordance with Title 1063 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.] in accordance with Section 1064 53A-1-1203. (8) "School accountability system" means the school accountability system established 1065 1066 in Part 11, School Accountability System. 1067 [<del>(8)</del>] (9) "School grade" or "grade" means the letter grade assigned to a school as the 1068 school's overall rating under the school [grading] accountability system. 1069 [(9) "School grading system" means the system established under Part 11, School Grading Act, of assigning letter grades to schools. 1070 [(10) "Statewide assessment" means a test of student achievement in basic academic 1071 1072 subjects, including a test administered in a computer adaptive format that is administered 1073 statewide under Part 6, Achievement Tests.] 1074 Section 31. Section **53A-1-1203** is amended to read: 1075 53A-1-1203. State Board of Education to designate low performing schools. 1076 [On] (1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), on or before September 1, the board shall annually designate a school as a low performing school if the school is: 1077 [(1)] (a) in the lowest performing 3% of schools statewide according to the percentage 1078 1079 of possible points earned under the school [grading] accountability system; and

[(2)] (b) a low performing school according to other outcome-based measures as may

be defined in rules made by the board in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah

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1082	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
1083	(2) The board is not required to designate as a low performing school a school for
1084	which the board is not required to assign an overall rating in accordance with Section
1085	<u>53A-1-1105.</u>
1086	Section 32. Section <b>53A-1-1206</b> is amended to read:
1087	53A-1-1206. State Board of Education to identify independent school turnaround
1088	experts Review and approval of school turnaround plans Appeals process.
1089	(1) On or before August 30 each year, the board shall identify at least two [or more]
1090	approved independent school turnaround experts, through a request for proposals process, that
1091	a low performing school may select from to partner with to:
1092	(a) collect and analyze data on the low performing school's student achievement,
1093	personnel, culture, curriculum, assessments, instructional practices, governance, leadership,
1094	finances, and policies;
1095	(b) recommend changes [to the low performing school's culture, curriculum,
1096	assessments, instructional practices, governance, finances, policies, or other areas] based on
1097	data collected under Subsection (1)(a);
1098	(c) develop and implement, in partnership with the school turnaround committee, a
1099	school turnaround plan that meets the criteria described in Subsection 53A-1-1204(3);
1100	(d) monitor the effectiveness of a school turnaround plan through reliable means of
1101	evaluation, including on-site visits, observations, surveys, analysis of student achievement data,
1102	and interviews;
1103	(e) provide ongoing implementation support and project management for a school
1104	turnaround plan;
1105	(f) provide high-quality professional development personalized for school staff that is
1106	designed to build the:
1107	(i) leadership capacity of the school principal; and
1108	(ii) instructional capacity of school staff; and
1109	(g) leverage support from community partners to coordinate an efficient delivery of
1110	supports to students both inside and outside the classroom.
1111	(2) In identifying independent school turnaround experts under Subsection (1), the

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board shall identify experts that:

(a) have a credible track record of improving student academic achievement in public schools with various demographic characteristics, as measured by statewide assessments described in Section 53A-1-602;

- (b) have experience designing, implementing, and evaluating data-driven instructional systems in public schools;
- (c) have experience coaching public school administrators and teachers on designing data-driven school improvement plans;
- (d) have experience working with the various education entities that govern public schools;
- (e) have experience delivering high-quality professional development in instructional effectiveness to public school administrators and teachers;
- (f) are willing to be compensated for professional services based on performance as described in Subsection (3); and
- (g) are willing to partner with any low performing school in the state, regardless of location.
- (3) (a) When awarding a contract to an independent school turnaround expert selected by a local school board under Subsection 53A-1-1204(2) or by a charter school governing board under Subsection 53A-1-1205(4)(b), the board shall ensure that a contract between the board and the independent school turnaround expert specifies that the board will:
- (i) pay an independent school turnaround expert no more than 50% of the expert's professional fees at the beginning of the independent school turnaround expert's work for the low performing school; and
- (ii) pay the remainder of the independent school turnaround expert's professional fees upon completion of the independent school turnaround expert's work for the low performing school if:
  - (A) the independent school turnaround expert fulfills the terms of the contract; and
- (B) the low performing school's grade improves by at least one letter grade, as determined by the board under Subsection (3)(b).
- (b) The board shall determine whether a low performing school's grade has improved under Subsection (3)(a)(ii) by comparing the school's letter grade for the school year prior to the initial remedial year to the school's letter grade:

1144	(i) for the final remedial year; or
1145	(ii) for the last school year of the extension period if, as described in Section
1146	53A-1-1207:
1147	(A) a school is granted an extension; and
1148	(B) the board extends the contract of the school's independent school turnaround
1149	expert.
1150	(c) In negotiating a contract with an independent school turnaround expert, the board
1151	shall offer:
1152	(i) differentiated amounts of funding based on student enrollment; and
1153	(ii) a higher amount of funding for schools that are in the lowest performing 1% of
1154	schools statewide according to the percentage of possible points earned under the school
1155	[grading] accountability system.
1156	(4) The board shall:
1157	(a) review a school turnaround plan submitted for approval under Subsection
1158	53A-1-1204(5)(b) or under Subsection 53A-1-1205(7)(b) within 30 days of submission;
1159	(b) approve a school turnaround plan that:
1160	(i) is timely;
1161	(ii) is well-developed; and
1162	(iii) meets the criteria described in Subsection 53A-1-1204(3); and
1163	(c) subject to legislative appropriations, provide funding to a low performing school for
1164	interventions identified in an approved school turnaround plan if the local school board or
1165	charter school governing board provides matching funds or an in-kind contribution of goods or
1166	services in an amount equal to the funding the low performing school would receive from the
1167	board.
1168	(5) (a) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
1169	the board shall make rules to establish an appeals process for:
1170	(i) a low performing district school that is not granted approval from the district
1171	school's local school board under Subsection 53A-1-1204(5)(b);
1172	(ii) a low performing charter school that is not granted approval from the charter
1173	school's charter school governing board under Subsection 53A-1-1205(7)(b); and
1174	(iii) a local school board or charter school governing board that is not granted approval

from the board under Subsection (4)(b).

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- 1176 (b) The board shall ensure that rules made under Subsection (5)(a) require an appeals process described in:
  - (i) Subsections (5)(a)(i) and (ii) to be resolved on or before April 1 of the initial remedial year; and
- 1180 (ii) Subsection (5)(a)(iii) to be resolved on or before May 15 of the initial remedial year.
  - (6) (a) Subject to Subsection (6)(b), the board shall balance the need to prioritize funding appropriated by the Legislature to carry out the provisions of this part to contract with highly qualified independent school turnaround experts with the need to fund:
  - (i) interventions to facilitate the implementation of a school turnaround plan under Subsection (4)(c);
- 1187 (ii) the School Recognition and Reward Program created under Section 53A-1-1208; 1188 and
  - (iii) the School Leadership Development Program created under Section 53A-1-1209.
  - (b) The board may use up to 4% of the funds appropriated by the Legislature to carry out the provisions of this part for administration if the amount for administration is approved by the board in an open meeting.
  - Section 33. Section **53A-1-1207** is amended to read:
- 53A-1-1207. Consequences for failing to improve the school grade of a low performing school.
  - (1) As used in this section, "high performing charter school" means a charter school that:
    - (a) satisfies all requirements of state law and board rules;
- 1199 (b) meets or exceeds standards for student achievement established by the charter school's charter school authorizer; and
  - (c) has received at least a ["B"] B grade under the school [grading] accountability system in the previous two school years.
- 1203 (2) (a) A low performing school may petition the board for an extension to continue 1204 school improvement efforts for up to two years if the low performing school's grade does not 1205 improve by at least one letter grade, as determined by comparing the school's letter grade for

the school year prior to the initial remedial year to the school's letter grade for the final remedial year.

- (b) The board may only grant an extension under Subsection (2)(a) if the low performing school has increased the number of points awarded under the school [grading] accountability system by at least:
- (i) 25% for [a school that is not a high school; and] an elementary school or a middle school; or
  - (ii) 10% for a high school.

- (c) The board shall determine whether a low performing school has increased the number of points awarded under the school [grading] accountability system by the percentages described in Subsection (2)(b) by comparing the number of points awarded for the school year prior to the initial remedial year to the number of points awarded for the final remedial year.
- (d) The board may extend the contract of an independent school turnaround expert of a low performing school that is granted an extension under this Subsection (2).
- (e) A school that has been granted an extension under this Subsection (2) is eligible for:
  - (i) continued funding under Subsection 53A-1-1206(4)(c); and
    - (ii) the School Recognition and Reward Program under Section 53A-1-1208.
- (3) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the board shall make rules establishing consequences for a low performing school that:
- (a) (i) does not improve the school's grade by at least one letter grade, as determined by comparing the school's letter grade for the school year prior to the initial remedial year to the school's letter grade for the final remedial year; and
  - (ii) is not granted an extension under Subsection (2); or
  - (b) (i) is granted an extension under Subsection (2); and
- (ii) does not improve the school's grade by at least one letter grade, as determined by comparing the school's letter grade for the school year prior to the initial remedial year to the school's letter grade for the last school year of the extension period.
- (4) The board shall ensure that the rules established under Subsection (3) include a mechanism for:
- 1236 (a) restructuring a district school that may include:

1237	(i) contract management;
1238	(ii) conversion to a charter school; or
1239	(iii) state takeover; and
1240	(b) restructuring a charter school that may include:
1241	(i) termination of a school's charter;
1242	(ii) closure of a charter school; or
1243	(iii) transferring operation and control of the charter school to:
1244	(A) a high performing charter school; or
1245	(B) the school district in which the charter school is located.
1246	Section 34. Section <b>53A-1-1209</b> is amended to read:
1247	53A-1-1209. School Leadership Development Program.
1248	(1) As used in this section, "school leader" means a school principal or assistant
1249	principal.
1250	(2) There is created the School Leadership Development Program to increase the
1251	number of highly effective school leaders capable of:
1252	(a) initiating, achieving, and sustaining school improvement efforts; and
1253	(b) forming and sustaining community partnerships as described in Section 53A-4-303.
1254	(3) The board shall identify one or more providers, through a request for proposals
1255	process, to develop or provide leadership development training for school leaders that:
1256	(a) may provide in-depth training in proven strategies to turn around low performing
1257	schools;
1258	(b) may emphasize hands-on and job-embedded learning;
1259	(c) aligns with the state's leadership standards established by board rule;
1260	(d) reflects the needs of a school district or charter school where a school leader serves;
1261	(e) may include training on using student achievement data to drive decisions;
1262	(f) may develop skills in implementing and evaluating evidence-based instructional
1263	practices;
1264	(g) may develop skills in leading collaborative school improvement structures,
1265	including professional learning communities; and
1266	(h) includes instruction on forming and sustaining community partnerships as
1267	described in Section 53A-4-303.

1268 (4) Subject to legislative appropriations, the State Board of Education shall provide 1269 incentive pay to a school leader who: 1270 (a) completes leadership development training under this section; and 1271 (b) agrees to work, for at least five years, in a school that received an ["F"] F grade or 1272 ["D"] D grade under the school [grading] accountability system in the school year previous to 1273 the first year the school leader: 1274 (i) completes leadership development training; and 1275 (ii) begins to work, or continues to work, in a school described in this Subsection 1276 (4)(b). 1277 (5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 1278 board shall make rules specifying: 1279 (a) eligibility criteria for a school leader to participate in the School Leadership 1280 Development Program: 1281 (b) application procedures for the School Leadership Development Program; 1282 (c) criteria for selecting school leaders from the application pool; and 1283 (d) procedures for awarding incentive pay under Subsection (4). Section 35. Section **53A-1a-106** is amended to read: 1284 1285 53A-1a-106. School district and individual school powers -- Student 1286 education/occupation plan (SEOP) definition. 1287 (1) In order to acquire and develop the characteristics listed in Section 53A-1a-104. 1288 each school district and each public school within its respective district shall implement a 1289 comprehensive system of accountability in which students advance through public schools by 1290 demonstrating competency in [required skills and mastery of required knowledge] the core standards for Utah public schools through the use of diverse assessment instruments such as 1291 1292 authentic [and criterion referenced tests] assessments, projects, and portfolios. 1293 (2) (a) Each school district and public school shall: 1294 (i) develop and implement programs integrating technology into the curriculum, 1295 instruction, and student assessment; 1296 (ii) provide for teacher and parent involvement in policymaking at the school site; 1297 (iii) implement a public school choice program to give parents, students, and teachers 1298 greater flexibility in designing and choosing among programs with different focuses through

1299 schools within the same district and other districts, subject to space availability, demographics, 1300 and legal and performance criteria; 1301 (iv) establish strategic planning at both the district and school level and site-based 1302 decision making programs at the school level; 1303 (v) provide opportunities for each student to acquire and develop academic and 1304 occupational knowledge, skills, and abilities; 1305 (vi) participate in ongoing research and development projects primarily at the school 1306 level aimed at improving the quality of education within the system; and 1307 (vii) involve business and industry in the education process through the establishment 1308 of partnerships with the business community at the district and school level. 1309 (b) (i) As used in this title, "student education/occupation plan" or "SEOP" means a 1310 plan developed by a student and the student's parent or guardian, in consultation with school 1311 counselors, teachers, and administrators that: 1312 (A) is initiated at the beginning of grade 7; 1313 (B) identifies a student's skills and objectives; 1314 (C) maps out a strategy to guide a student's course selection; and (D) links a student to post-secondary options, including higher education and careers. 1315 1316 (ii) Each local school board, in consultation with school personnel, parents, and school 1317 community councils or similar entities shall establish policies to provide for the effective 1318 implementation of a personalized student education plan (SEP) or student 1319 education/occupation plan (SEOP) for each student at the school site. 1320 (iii) The policies shall include guidelines and expectations for: (A) recognizing the student's accomplishments, strengths, and progress [towards] 1321 1322 toward meeting student achievement standards as defined in [U-PASS] the core standards for 1323 Utah public schools; 1324 (B) planning, monitoring, and managing education and career development; and 1325 (C) involving students, parents, and school personnel in preparing and implementing 1326 SEPs and SEOPs.

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(iv) A parent may request conferences with school personnel in addition to SEP or

(v) Time spent during the school day to implement SEPs and SEOPs is considered part

SEOP conferences established by local school board policy.

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1330	of the school term referred to in Subsection 53A-1/a-103(4).
1331	(3) A school district or public school may submit proposals to modify or waive rules or
1332	policies of a supervisory authority within the public education system in order to acquire or
1333	develop the characteristics listed in Section 53A-1a-104.
1334	(4) (a) Each school district and public school shall make an annual report to its patrons
1335	on its activities under this section.
1336	(b) The reporting process shall involve participation from teachers, parents, and the
1337	community at large in determining how well the district or school is performing.
1338	Section 36. Section <b>53A-1a-504</b> is amended to read:
1339	53A-1a-504. Charter school application Applicants Contents.
1340	(1) (a) An application to establish a charter school may be submitted by:
1341	(i) an individual;
1342	(ii) a group of individuals; or
1343	(iii) a nonprofit legal entity organized under Utah law.
1344	(b) An authorized charter school may apply under this chapter for a charter from
1345	another charter school authorizer.
1346	(2) A charter school application shall include:
1347	(a) the purpose and mission of the school;
1348	(b) except for a charter school authorized by a local school board, a statement that,
1349	after entering into a charter agreement, the charter school will be organized and managed under
1350	Title 16, Chapter 6a, Utah Revised Nonprofit Corporation Act;
1351	(c) a description of the governance structure of the school, including:
1352	(i) a list of the governing board members that describes the qualifications of each
1353	member; and
1354	(ii) an assurance that the applicant shall, within 30 days of authorization, provide the
1355	authorizer with the results of a background check for each member;
1356	(d) a description of the target population of the school that includes:
1357	(i) the projected maximum number of students the school proposes to enroll;
1358	(ii) the projected school enrollment for each of the first three years of school operation;
1359	and
1360	(iii) the ages or grade levels the school proposes to serve;

1361	(e) academic goals;
1362	(f) qualifications and policies for school employees, including policies that:
1363	(i) comply with the criminal background check requirements described in Section
1364	53A-1a-512.5;
1365	(ii) require employee evaluations; and
1366	(iii) address employment of relatives within the charter school;
1367	(g) a description of how the charter school will provide, as required by state and federal
1368	law, special education and related services;
1369	(h) for a public school converting to charter status, arrangements for:
1370	(i) students who choose not to continue attending the charter school; and
1371	(ii) teachers who choose not to continue teaching at the charter school;
1372	(i) a statement that describes the charter school's plan for establishing the charter
1373	school's facilities, including:
1374	(i) whether the charter school intends to lease or purchase the charter school's facilities;
1375	and
1376	(ii) financing arrangements;
1377	(j) a market analysis of the community the school plans to serve;
1378	(k) a capital facility plan;
1379	(l) a business plan;
1380	(m) other major issues involving the establishment and operation of the charter school;
1381	and
1382	(n) the signatures of the governing board members of the charter school.
1383	(3) A charter school authorizer may require a charter school application to include:
1384	(a) the charter school's proposed:
1385	(i) curriculum;
1386	(ii) instructional program; or
1387	(iii) delivery methods;
1388	(b) a method for assessing whether students are reaching academic goals, including, at
1389	a minimum, [participation in the Utah Performance Assessment System for Students under
1390	Chapter 1, Part 6, Achievement Tests] administering the statewide assessments described in
1391	Section 53A-1-602:

1392	(c) a proposed calendar;
1393	(d) sample policies;
1394	(e) a description of opportunities for parental involvement;
1395	(f) a description of the school's administrative, supervisory, or other proposed services
1396	that may be obtained through service providers; or
1397	(g) other information that demonstrates an applicant's ability to establish and operate a
1398	charter school.
1399	Section 37. Section <b>53A-1a-510</b> is amended to read:
1400	53A-1a-510. Termination of a charter.
1401	(1) Subject to the requirements of Subsection (3), a charter school authorizer may
1402	terminate a school's charter for any of the following reasons:
1403	(a) failure of the charter school to meet the requirements stated in the charter;
1404	(b) failure to meet generally accepted standards of fiscal management;
1405	(c) subject to Subsection (8), failure to make adequate yearly progress under the No
1406	Child Left Behind Act of 2001, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 6301 et seq.;
1407	(d) (i) designation as a low performing school under Chapter 1, [Part 11, School
1408	Grading Act] Part 12, School Turnaround and Leadership Development Act; and
1409	(ii) failure to improve the school's grade under the conditions described in Chapter 1,
1410	Part 12, School Turnaround and Leadership Development Act;
1411	(e) violation of requirements under this part or another law; or
1412	(f) other good cause shown.
1413	(2) (a) The authorizer shall notify the following of the proposed termination in writing
1414	state the grounds for the termination, and stipulate that the governing board may request an
1415	informal hearing before the authorizer:
1416	(i) the governing board of the charter school; and
1417	(ii) if the charter school is a qualifying charter school with outstanding bonds issued in
1418	accordance with Chapter 20b, Part 2, Charter School Credit Enhancement Program, the Utah
1419	Charter School Finance Authority.
1420	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(e), the authorizer shall conduct the hearing in
1421	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act, within 30 days after
1422	receiving a written request under Subsection (2)(a).

(c) If the authorizer, by majority vote, approves a motion to terminate a charter school, the governing board of the charter school may appeal the decision to the State Board of Education.

- (d) (i) The State Board of Education shall hear an appeal of a termination made pursuant to Subsection (2)(c).
  - (ii) The State Board of Education's action is final action subject to judicial review.
- (e) (i) If the authorizer proposes to terminate the charter of a qualifying charter school with outstanding bonds issued in accordance with Chapter 20b, Part 2, Charter School Credit Enhancement Program, the authorizer shall conduct a hearing described in Subsection (2)(b) 120 days or more after notifying the following of the proposed termination:
  - (A) the governing board of the qualifying charter school; and
  - (B) the Utah Charter School Finance Authority.

- (ii) Prior to the hearing described in Subsection (2)(e)(i), the Utah Charter School Finance Authority shall meet with the authorizer to determine whether the deficiency may be remedied in lieu of termination of the qualifying charter school's charter.
- (3) An authorizer may not terminate the charter of a qualifying charter school with outstanding bonds issued in accordance with Chapter 20b, Part 2, Charter School Credit Enhancement Program, without mutual agreement of the Utah Charter School Finance Authority and the authorizer.
- (4) (a) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the State Board of Education shall make rules that require a charter school to report any threats to the health, safety, or welfare of its students to the State Charter School Board in a timely manner.
- (b) The rules under Subsection (4)(a) shall also require the charter school report to include what steps the charter school has taken to remedy the threat.
- (5) Subject to the requirements of Subsection (3), the authorizer may terminate a charter immediately if good cause has been shown or if the health, safety, or welfare of the students at the school is threatened.
- (6) If a charter is terminated during a school year, the following entities may apply to the charter school's authorizer to assume operation of the school:
  - (a) the school district where the charter school is located;

1454	(b) the governing board of another charter school; or
1455	(c) a private management company.
1456	(7) (a) If a charter is terminated, a student who attended the school may apply to and
1457	shall be enrolled in another public school under the enrollment provisions of Chapter 2, Part 2,
1458	District of Residency, subject to space availability.
1459	(b) Normal application deadlines shall be disregarded under Subsection (7)(a).
1460	(8) Subject to the requirements of Subsection (3), an authorizer may terminate a charter
1461	pursuant to Subsection (1)(c) under the same circumstances that local educational agencies are
1462	required to implement alternative governance arrangements under 20 U.S.C. Sec. 6316.
1463	Section 38. Section <b>53A-15-1303</b> is enacted to read:
1464	53A-15-1303. Youth suicide prevention training for employees.
1465	(1) A school district or charter school shall require a licensed employee to complete
1466	two hours of professional development training on youth suicide prevention within the
1467	employee's license cycle described in Section 53A-6-104.
1468	(2) The board shall:
1469	(a) develop or adopt sample materials to be used by a school district or charter school
1470	for professional development training on youth suicide prevention; and
1471	(b) in rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
1472	Rulemaking Act, incorporate the training described in Subsection (1) into professional
1473	development training described in Section 53A-6-104.
1474	Section 39. Section <b>53A-17a-166</b> is amended to read:
1475	53A-17a-166. Enhancement for At-Risk Students Program.
1476	(1) (a) Subject to the requirements of Subsection (1)(b), the State Board of Education
1477	shall distribute money appropriated for the Enhancement for At-Risk Students Program to
1478	school districts and charter schools according to a formula adopted by the State Board of
1479	Education, after consultation with school districts and charter schools.
1480	(b) (i) The State Board of Education shall appropriate \$1,200,000 from the
1481	appropriation for Enhancement for At-Risk Students for a gang prevention and intervention
1482	program designed to help students at-risk for gang involvement stay in school.
1483	(ii) Money for the gang prevention and intervention program shall be distributed to
1484	school districts and charter schools through a request for proposals process.

1485	(2) In establishing a distribution formula under Subsection (1)(a), the State Board of
1486	Education shall use the following criteria:
1487	(a) low performance on [U-PASS tests] statewide assessments described in Section
1488	<u>53A-1-602</u> ;
1489	(b) poverty;
1490	(c) mobility; and
1491	(d) limited English proficiency.
1492	(3) A school district or charter school shall use money distributed under this section to
1493	improve the academic achievement of students who are at risk of academic failure.
1494	(4) The State Board of Education shall develop performance criteria to measure the
1495	effectiveness of the Enhancement for At-Risk Students Program and make an annual report to
1496	the Public Education Appropriations Subcommittee on the effectiveness of the program.
1497	Section 40. Section <b>53A-25b-304</b> is amended to read:
1498	53A-25b-304. Administration of statewide assessments.
1499	The Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind shall annually administer, as applicable,
1500	the [ <del>U-PASS tests specified</del> ] statewide assessments described in Section 53A-1-602, except a
1501	student may take an alternative test in accordance with the student's IEP.
1502	Section 41. Repealer.
1503	This bill repeals:
1504	Section 53A-1-1104.5, Two school grades assigned to a combination school.
1505	Section 53A-1-1107.5, Growth target established to determine whether a student
1506	demonstrates sufficient growth in a subject.
1507	Section 53A-1-1113, Rules.
1508	Section 53A-3-601, Legislative findings.
1509	Section 53A-3-602.5, School performance report Components Annual filing.
1510	Section 53A-3-603, State board models, guidelines, and training.
1511	Section 42. Effective date.
1512	(1) Except as provided in Subsections (2) and (3), this bill takes effect on July 1, 2017.
1513	(2) The following sections take effect on November 1, 2017:
1514	(a) Section 53A-1-1101;
1515	(b) Section 53A-1-1102;

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1516
               (c) Section 53A-1-1103;
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               (d) Section 53A-1-1104;
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               (e) Section 53A-1-1105;
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               (f) Section 53A-1-1106;
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               (g) Section 53A-1-1107;
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               (h) Section 53A-1-1108;
               (i) Section 53A-1-1109;
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1523
               (j) Section 53A-1-1110;
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               (k) Section 53A-1-1111;
1525
               (1) Section 53A-1-1112;
1526
               (m) Section 53A-1-1202;
1527
               (n) Section 53A-1-1203;
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               (o) Section 53A-1-1206;
1529
               (p) Section 53A-1-1207;
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               (q) Section 53A-1-1209; and
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               (r) Section 53A-1a-510.
               (3) The following sections are repealed on November 1, 2017:
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1533
               (a) Section 53A-1-1104.5;
1534
               (b) Section 53A-1-1107.5;
1535
               (c) Section 53A-1-1113;
1536
               (d) Section 53A-1-1113.5;
1537
               (e) Section 53A-3-601;
               (f) Section 53A-3-602.5; and
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1539
               (g) Section 53A-3-603.
1540
               Section 43. Revisor instructions.
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               The Legislature intends that, on November 1, 2017, the Office of Legislative Research
        and General Counsel, in preparing the Utah Code database for publication, replace the
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        reference in Subsection 53A-1-413(7)(g) to "Part 11, School Grading Act" with "Part 11,
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        School Accountability System."
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Legislative Review Note Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel