

117TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H.R.7289

AN ACT

To provide for the National Academies to study and report on a Federal research agenda to advance the understanding of PFAS, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- ${\it 2\ tives\ of\ the\ United\ States\ of\ America\ in\ Congress\ assembled},$

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- This Act may be cited as the "Federal PFAS Re-
- 3 search Evaluation Act".
- 4 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 5 Congress finds the following:
- 6 (1) Perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl sub-
- 7 stances (PFAS) are a group of man-made chemicals
- 8 that have been used in a wide range of products
- 9 since the 1940s including firefighting foam, car-
- peting, packaging, and cookware. There are more
- than 5,000 types of registered PFAS compounds.
- 12 This chemical class is not currently regulated at the
- Federal level.
- 14 (2) PFAS have been detected in air, water, soil,
- food, biosolids, and more. They can accumulate and
- remain in the body for a long time, and potentially
- lead to serious health effects including cancer, low
- infant birthweight, liver and kidney issues, reproduc-
- tive and developmental problems, and more.
- 20 (3) There remains much unknown about PFAS
- 21 toxicity, human and environmental health effects, ex-
- posure pathways, as well as effective removal, treat-
- 23 ment, and destruction methods, and safe alternatives
- to PFAS.
- 25 (4) Federal research efforts have been frag-
- 26 mented at various agencies and struggled to effec-

- tively address the full scope of challenges presentedby PFAS.
- 3 (5) Regulatory action and cleanup depend on 4 scientific analysis of toxicity data, decision making 5 on how best to deal with PFAS, and understanding 6 the significance of the many exposure pathways that 7 exist. A consensus study by the National Academies 8 would help inform decisions by Federal and State 9 Governments, industry, and other stakeholders on 10 how to best address PFAS.

11 SEC. 3. NATIONAL ACADEMIES REPORTS.

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- (a) Research Assessments of PFAS.—
- 13 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after 14 the date on which amounts are appropriated for fis-15 cal year 2023 to carry out this section, the Adminis-16 trator of the Environmental Protection Agency, in 17 consultation with the Director of the National 18 Science Foundation, the Secretary of Defense, the 19 Director of the National Institutes of Health, and 20 other Federal agencies with expertise relevant to un-21 derstanding PFAS exposure, behavior, and toxicity, 22 shall enter into an agreement with the National 23 Academies to conduct a study and submit a report 24 in accordance with this subsection to further address 25 research and knowledge gaps identified by the Fed-

1	eral Government Human Health PFAS Research
2	Workshop held on October 26 and 27, 2020, and
3	identify research and development needed to iden-
4	tify, categorize, evaluate, and address individual or
5	total PFAS.
6	(2) Study and report on human exposure
7	ESTIMATION.—
8	(A) In general.—The study required to
9	be conducted under paragraph (1) shall, at a
10	minimum—
11	(i) consider life-cycle information on
12	the manufacture, use, and disposal of
13	PFAS-containing products to identify po-
14	tential human exposure sources, including
15	occupational exposures, and potential expo-
16	sure pathways for the public;
17	(ii) evaluate the fate and transport of
18	PFAS and their breakdown products;
19	(iii) if feasible, estimate human expo-
20	sure to individual or total PFAS to deter-
21	mine relative source contributions for var-
22	ious exposure pathways (such as air,
23	water, soil, or food);
24	(iv) determine the range of solubility,
25	stability, and volatility of PFAS most like-

1	ly to be found in the environment and the
2	resulting prevalence in animals and hu-
3	mans;
4	(v) give consideration as to whether
5	chemical category-based approaches would
6	be appropriate for evaluating PFAS tox-
7	icity and exposure;
8	(vi) identify research needed to ad-
9	vance exposure estimation to individual or
10	total PFAS; and
11	(vii) identify research needed to ad-
12	vance toxicity and hazard assessment of in-
13	dividual or total PFAS.
14	(B) Report.—Not later than 540 days
15	after the date on which the agreement described
16	in paragraph (1) is finalized, the National
17	Academies shall submit to Congress a report
18	containing the findings and recommendations of
19	the study described in subparagraph (A) and
20	shall make such report available on a publicly
21	accessible website.
22	(b) Research Assessment of Management and
23	TREATMENT ALTERNATIVES FOR PFAS CONTAMINATION
24	IN THE ENVIRONMENT.—

1 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after 2 the date on which amounts are appropriated for fis-3 cal year 2023 to carry out this section, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency and the Director of the National Science Foundation, in 5 6 consultation with the Secretary of Defense and other Federal agencies with expertise relevant to the devel-7 8 opment of PFAS alternatives and the management 9 and treatment of PFAS, shall jointly enter into an 10 agreement with the National Academies to conduct 11 a study and submit a report in accordance with this 12 subsection to better understand the research and de-13 velopment needed to advance the understanding of 14 the extent and implications of human and environ-15 mental contamination by PFAS, how to manage and 16 treat such contamination, and the development of 17 safe alternatives.

- (2) Scope of study.—The study described in paragraph (1) shall, at a minimum, include the following:
- (A) An assessment of the best available strategies for PFAS treatment, site remediation, and safe disposal, including demonstration or pilot projects related to destruction

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- 1 methods and alternative materials or tools for 2 firefighters.
 - (B) A description of the research gaps relating to such issues, including consideration of emerging or future PFAS and potential classification methods.
 - (C) Recommendations on how the Federal Government can best address the research needs identified pursuant to subparagraph (B) through increased collaboration or coordination of existing and new programs.
 - (D) Recommendations on how research can best incorporate considerations of socioeconomic issues into the development of research proposals and the conduct of research.
 - (3) Report.—Not later than 540 days after the date on which the agreement described in paragraph (1) is finalized, the National Academies shall submit to Congress a report containing the findings and recommendations of the study described in paragraph (2) and shall make such report available on a publicly accessible website.
- 23 (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is 24 authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2023

- 1 \$3,000,000 to the Administrator of the Environmental
- 2 Protection Agency to carry out this section.

3 SEC. 4. IMPLEMENTATION PLAN.

- 4 Not later than 180 days after submission to Congress
- 5 of latest of the National Academies reports under section
- 6 3, the Director of the Office of Science and Technology
- 7 Policy, in coordination with all relevant Federal agencies,
- 8 shall submit to Congress an implementation plan for in-
- 9 creased collaboration and coordination of Federal PFAS
- 10 research, development, and demonstration activities. In
- 11 preparing such an implementation plan, the Director shall
- 12 take into consideration the recommendations included in
- 13 the reports in section 3.
- 14 SEC. 5. DEFINITIONS.
- 15 In this Act:
- 16 (1) National academies.—The term "Na-
- tional Academies" means the National Academies of
- Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine.

1 (2) PFAS.—The term "PFAS" means per- and 2 polyfluoroalkyl substances, including mixtures of 3 such substances. Passed the House of Representatives July 26, 2022. Attest:

Clerk.

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