

Union Calendar No. 73

116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R. 2820

[Report No. 116-98]

To authorize the cancellation of removal and adjustment of status of certain individuals who are long-term United States residents and entered the United States as children, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

May 17, 2019

Ms. Roybal-Allard introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

May 30, 2019

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

[For text of introduced bill, see copy of bill as introduced on May 17, 2019]

A BILL

To authorize the cancellation of removal and adjustment of status of certain individuals who are long-term United States residents and entered the United States as children, and for other purposes.

1	Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2	tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
4	This Act may be cited as the "Dream Act of 2019".
5	TITLE I—TREATMENT OF CER-
6	TAIN LONG-TERM RESIDENTS
7	WHO ENTERED THE UNITED
8	STATES AS CHILDREN
9	SEC. 101. PERMANENT RESIDENT STATUS ON A CONDI-
10	TIONAL BASIS FOR CERTAIN LONG-TERM
11	RESIDENTS WHO ENTERED THE UNITED
12	STATES AS CHILDREN.
13	(a) Conditional Basis for Status.—Notwith-
14	standing any other provision of law, and except as provided
15	in section $103(c)(2)$, an alien shall be considered, at the
16	time of obtaining the status of an alien lawfully admitted
17	for permanent residence under this section, to have obtained
18	such status on a conditional basis subject to the provisions
19	of this Act.
20	(b) Requirements.—
21	(1) In General.—Notwithstanding any other
22	provision of law, the Secretary or the Attorney Gen-
23	eral shall cancel the removal of, and adjust to the sta-
24	tus of an alien lawfully admitted for permanent resi-
25	dence on a conditional basis, or without the condi-

1	tional basis as provided in section 103(c)(2), an alien
2	who is inadmissible or deportable from the United
3	States (or is under a grant of Deferred Enforced De-
4	parture or has temporary protected status under sec-
5	tion 244 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
6	U.S.C. 1254a)) if—
7	(A) the alien has been continuously phys-
8	ically present in the United States since the date
9	that is 4 years before the date of the enactment
10	$of\ this\ Act;$
11	(B) the alien was younger than 18 years of
12	age on the date on which the alien entered the
13	United States and has continuously resided in
14	the United States since such entry;
15	(C) the alien—
16	(i) subject to section 203(d), is not in-
17	$admissible \ under \ paragraph \ (1), \ (6)(E),$
18	(6)(G), (8), or (10) of section 212(a) of the
19	Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
20	1182(a));
21	(ii) has not ordered, incited, assisted,
22	or otherwise participated in the persecution
23	of any person on account of race, religion,
24	nationality, membership in a particular so-
25	cial group, or political opinion; and

1	(iii) is not barred from adjustment of
2	status under this Act based on the criminal
3	and national security grounds described
4	under subsection (c), subject to the provi-
5	sions of such subsection; and
6	(D) the alien—
7	(i) has been admitted to an institution
8	of higher education;
9	(ii) has been admitted to an area ca-
10	reer and technical education school at the
11	$postsecondary\ level;$
12	(iii) in the United States, has ob-
13	tained—
14	(I) a high school diploma or a
15	commensurate alternative award from
16	a public or private high school;
17	(II) a General Education Devel-
18	opment credential, a high school
19	equivalency diploma recognized under
20	State law, or another similar State-au-
21	$thorized\ credential;$
22	(III) a credential or certificate
23	from an area career and technical edu-
24	cation school at the secondary level; or

1	(IV) a recognized postsecondary
2	credential; or
3	(iv) is enrolled in secondary school or
4	in an education program assisting students
5	in—
6	(I) obtaining a high school di-
7	ploma or its recognized equivalent
8	under State law;
9	(II) passing the General Edu-
10	cation Development test, a high school
11	equivalence diploma examination, or
12	other similar State-authorized exam;
13	(III) obtaining a certificate or
14	credential from an area career and
15	technical education school providing
16	education at the secondary level; or
17	(IV) obtaining a recognized post-
18	secondary credential.
19	(2) Application fee.—
20	(A) In general.—The Secretary may, sub-
21	ject to an exemption under section 203(c), re-
22	quire an alien applying under this section to
23	pay a reasonable fee that is commensurate with
24	the cost of processing the application but does
25	not exceed \$495.00.

- 1 (B) Special procedure for applicants 2 WITH DACA.—The Secretary shall establish a 3 streamlined procedure for aliens who have been 4 granted DACA and who meet the requirements 5 for renewal (under the terms of the program in 6 effect on January 1, 2017) to apply for cancella-7 tion of removal and adjustment of status to that 8 of an alien lawfully admitted for permanent res-9 idence on a conditional basis under this section, or without the conditional basis as provided in 10 11 section 103(c)(2). Such procedure shall not in-12 clude a requirement that the applicant pay a fee, 13 except that the Secretary may require an appli-14 cant who meets the requirements for lawful per-15 manent residence without the conditional basis 16 under section 103(c)(2) to pay a fee that is com-17 mensurate with the cost of processing the appli-18 cation, subject to the exemption under section 19 203(c).
 - (3) Background Checks.—The Secretary may not grant an alien permanent resident status on a conditional basis under this section until the requirements of section 202 are satisfied.
 - (4) MILITARY SELECTIVE SERVICE.—An alien applying for permanent resident status on a condi-

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1	tional basis under this section, or without the condi-
2	tional basis as provided in section $103(c)(2)$, shall es-
3	tablish that the alien has registered under the Mili-
4	tary Selective Service Act (50 U.S.C. 3801 et seq.), if
5	the alien is subject to registration under such Act.
6	(c) Criminal and National Security Bars.—
7	(1) Grounds of ineligibility.—Except as pro-
8	vided in paragraph (2), an alien is ineligible for ad-
9	justment of status under this Act (whether on a condi-
10	tional basis or without the conditional basis as pro-
11	vided in section $103(c)(2)$) if any of the following
12	apply:
13	(A) The alien is inadmissible under para-
14	graph (2) or (3) of section 212(a) of the Immi-
15	gration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)).
16	(B) Excluding any offense under State law
17	for which an essential element is the alien's im-
18	migration status, and any minor traffic offense,
19	the alien has been convicted of—
20	(i) any felony offense;
21	(ii) 3 or more misdemeanor offenses
22	(excluding simple possession of cannabis or
23	cannabis-related paraphernalia, any offense
24	involving cannabis or cannabis-related par-
25	aphernalia which is no longer prosecutable

1	in the State in which the conviction was en-
2	tered, and any offense involving civil dis-
3	obedience without violence) not occurring on
4	the same date, and not arising out of the
5	same act, omission, or scheme of mis-
6	$conduct;\ or$
7	(iii) a misdemeanor offense of domestic
8	violence, unless the alien demonstrates that
9	such crime is related to the alien having
10	been—
11	(I) a victim of domestic violence,
12	sexual assault, stalking, child abuse or
13	neglect, abuse or neglect in later life, or
14	$human\ trafficking;$
15	(II) battered or subjected to ex-
16	treme cruelty; or
17	(III) a victim of criminal activity
18	described in section 101(a)(15)(U)(iii)
19	of the Immigration and Nationality
20	$Act \ (8 \ U.S.C. \ 1101(a)(15)(U)(iii)).$
21	(2) Waivers for certain misdemeanors.—
22	For humanitarian purposes, family unity, or if other-
23	wise in the public interest, the Secretary may—
24	(A) waive the grounds of inadmissibility
25	under subparagraphs (A), (C), and (D) of section

1	212(a)(2) of the Immigration and Nationality
2	Act (8 U.S.C. $1182(a)(2)$), unless the conviction
3	forming the basis for inadmissibility would oth-
4	erwise render the alien ineligible under para-
5	graph (1)(B) (subject to subparagraph (B)); and
6	(B) for purposes of clauses (ii) and (iii) of
7	paragraph (1)(B), waive consideration of—
8	(i) one misdemeanor offense if the alien
9	has not been convicted of any offense in the
10	5-year period preceding the date on which
11	the alien applies for adjustment of status
12	under this Act; or
13	(ii) up to two misdemeanor offenses if
14	the alien has not been convicted of any of-
15	fense in the 10-year period preceding the
16	date on which the alien applies for adjust-
17	ment of status under this Act.
18	(3) Authority to conduct secondary re-
19	VIEW.—
20	(A) In General.—Notwithstanding an
21	alien's eligibility for adjustment of status under
22	this Act, and subject to the procedures described
23	in this paragraph, the Secretary of Homeland
24	Security may, as a matter of non-delegable dis-
25	cretion, provisionally deny an application for

1	adjustment of status (whether on a conditional
2	basis or without the conditional basis as pro-
3	vided in $section$ $103(c)(2))$ if the $Secretary$,
4	based on clear and convincing evidence, which
5	shall include credible law enforcement informa-
6	tion, determines that the alien is described in
7	subparagraph (B) or (D).
8	(B) Public safety.—An alien is described
9	in this subparagraph if—
10	(i) excluding simple possession of can-
11	nabis or cannabis-related paraphernalia,
12	any offense involving cannabis or cannabis-
13	related paraphernalia which is no longer
14	prosecutable in the State in which the con-
15	viction was entered, any offense under State
16	law for which an essential element is the
17	alien's immigration status, any offense in-
18	volving civil disobedience without violence,
19	and any minor traffic offense, the alien—
20	(I) has been convicted of a mis-
21	demeanor offense punishable by a term
22	of imprisonment of more than 30 days;
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24	(II) has been adjudicated delin-
25	quent in a State or local juvenile court

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1	proceeding that resulted in a disposi-
2	tion ordering placement in a secure fa-
3	cility; and
4	(ii) the alien poses a significant and
5	continuing threat to public safety related to
6	such conviction or adjudication.
7	(C) Public safety determination.—For
8	purposes of subparagraph (B)(ii), the Secretary
9	shall consider the recency of the conviction or ad-
10	judication; the length of any imposed sentence or
11	placement; the nature and seriousness of the con-
12	viction or adjudication, including whether the
13	elements of the offense include the unlawful pos-
14	session or use of a deadly weapon to commit an
15	offense or other conduct intended to cause serious
16	bodily injury; and any mitigating factors per-
17	taining to the alien's role in the commission of
18	the offense.
19	(D) Gang participation.—An alien is de-
20	scribed in this subparagraph if the alien has,
21	within the 5 years immediately preceding the
22	date of the application, knowingly, willfully, and
23	voluntarily participated in offenses committed

by a criminal street gang (as described in sub-

sections (a) and (c) of section 521 of title 18,

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1	United States Code) with the intent to promote
2	or further the commission of such offenses.
3	(E) EVIDENTIARY LIMITATION.—For pur-
4	poses of subparagraph (D), allegations of gang
5	membership obtained from a State or Federal in-
6	house or local database, or a network of data-
7	bases used for the purpose of recording and shar-
8	ing activities of alleged gang members across law
9	enforcement agencies, shall not establish the par-
10	ticipation described in such paragraph.
11	(F) Notice.—
12	(i) In general.—Prior to rendering a
13	discretionary decision under this para-
14	graph, the Secretary of Homeland Security
15	shall provide written notice of the intent to
16	provisionally deny the application to the
17	alien (or the alien's counsel of record, if
18	any) by certified mail and, if an electronic
19	mail address is provided, by electronic mail
20	(or other form of electronic communication).
21	Such notice shall—
22	(I) articulate with specificity all
23	grounds for the preliminary deter-
24	mination, including the evidence relied

1	upon to support the determination;
2	and
3	(II) provide the alien with not
4	less than 90 days to respond.
5	(ii) Second notice.—Not more than
6	30 days after the issuance of the notice
7	under clause (i), the Secretary of Homeland
8	Security shall provide a second written no-
9	tice that meets the requirements of such
10	clause.
11	(iii) Notice not received.—Not-
12	withstanding any other provision of law, if
13	an applicant provides good cause for not
14	contesting a provisional denial under this
15	paragraph, including a failure to receive
16	notice as required under this subparagraph,
17	the Secretary of Homeland Security shall,
18	upon a motion filed by the alien, reopen an
19	application for adjustment of status under
20	this Act and allow the applicant an oppor-
21	tunity to respond, consistent with clause
22	(i)(II).
23	(G) Judicial review.—An alien is entitled
24	to judicial review of the Secretary's decision to
25	provisionally deny an application under this

1	paragraph in accordance with the procedures de-
2	scribed in section $206(c)$.

- (4) Definitions.—For purposes of this subsection—
 - (A) the term "felony offense" means an offense under Federal or State law that is punishable by a maximum term of imprisonment of more than 1 year;
 - (B) the term "misdemeanor offense" means an offense under Federal or State law that is punishable by a term of imprisonment of more than 5 days but not more than 1 year;
 - (C) the term "crime of domestic violence" means any offense that has as an element the use, attempted use, or threatened use of physical force against a person committed by a current or former spouse of the person, by an individual with whom the person shares a child in common, by an individual who is cohabiting with or has cohabited with the person as a spouse, by an individual similarly situated to a spouse of the person under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction where the offense occurs, or by any other individual against a person who is protected from that individual's acts under the

- 1 domestic or family violence laws of the United 2 States or any State, Indian tribal government, 3 or unit of local government; and
- (D) the term "convicted" or "conviction"

 does not include a judgment that has been expunged or set aside, that resulted in a rehabilitative disposition, or the equivalent.
- 8 (d) Limitation on Removal of Certain Alien Mi-9 Nors.—An alien who is under 18 years of age and meets 10 the requirements under subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C) 11 of subsection (b)(1) shall be provided a reasonable oppor-12 tunity to meet the educational requirements under subpara-13 graph (D) of such subsection. The Attorney General or the 14 Secretary may not commence or continue with removal pro-

ceedings against such an alien.

16 (e) WITHDRAWAL OF APPLICATION.—The Secretary of
17 Homeland Security shall, upon receipt of a request to with18 draw an application for adjustment of status under this
19 section, cease processing of the application, and close the
20 case. Withdrawal of the application under this subsection
21 shall not prejudice any future application filed by the ap22 plicant for any immigration benefit under this Act or under
23 the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et
24 seq.).

1	SEC. 102. TERMS OF PERMANENT RESIDENT STATUS ON A
2	CONDITIONAL BASIS.
3	(a) Period of Status.—Permanent resident status
4	on a conditional basis is—
5	(1) valid for a period of 10 years, unless such pe-
6	riod is extended by the Secretary; and
7	(2) subject to revocation under subsection (c).
8	(b) Notice of Requirements.—At the time an alien
9	obtains permanent resident status on a conditional basis,
10	the Secretary shall provide notice to the alien regarding the
11	provisions of this Act and the requirements to have the con-
12	ditional basis of such status removed.
13	(c) Revocation of Status.—The Secretary may re-
14	voke the permanent resident status on a conditional basis
15	of an alien only if the Secretary—
16	(1) determines that the alien ceases to meet the
17	requirements under section $101(b)(1)(C)$; and
18	(2) prior to the revocation, provides the alien—
19	(A) notice of the proposed revocation; and
20	(B) the opportunity for a hearing to pro-
21	vide evidence that the alien meets such require-
22	ments or otherwise to contest the proposed rev-
23	ocation.
24	(d) Return to Previous Immigration Status.—
25	An alien whose permanent resident status on a conditional
26	basis expires under subsection (a)(1) or is revoked under

1	subsection (c), shall return to the immigration status that
2	the alien had immediately before receiving permanent resi-
3	dent status on a conditional basis.
4	SEC. 103. REMOVAL OF CONDITIONAL BASIS OF PERMA-
5	NENT RESIDENT STATUS.
6	(a) Eligibility for Removal of Conditional
7	Basis.—
8	(1) In general.—Subject to paragraph (2), the
9	Secretary shall remove the conditional basis of an
10	alien's permanent resident status granted under this
11	Act and grant the alien status as an alien lawfully
12	admitted for permanent residence if the alien—
13	(A) is described in section $101(b)(1)(C)$;
14	(B) has not abandoned the alien's residence
15	in the United States during the period in which
16	the alien has permanent resident status on a
17	conditional basis; and
18	(C)(i) has obtained a degree from an insti-
19	tution of higher education, or has completed at
20	least 2 years, in good standing, of a program in
21	the United States leading to a bachelor's degree
22	or higher degree or a recognized postsecondary
23	credential from an area career and technical
24	education school providing education at the post-
25	secondaru level:

1	(ii) has served in the Uniformed Services
2	for at least 2 years and, if discharged, received
3	an honorable discharge; or
4	(iii) demonstrates earned income for periods
5	totaling at least 3 years and at least 75 percent
6	of the time that the alien has had a valid em-
7	ployment authorization, except that, in the case
8	of an alien who was enrolled in an institution
9	of higher education, an area career and technical
10	education school to obtain a recognized postsec-
11	ondary credential, or an education program de-
12	scribed in $section$ $101(b)(1)(D)(iii)$, the $Sec-$
13	retary shall reduce such total 3-year requirement
14	by the total of such periods of enrollment.
15	(2) Hardship exception.—The Secretary shall
16	remove the conditional basis of an alien's permanent
17	resident status and grant the alien status as an alien
18	lawfully admitted for permanent residence if the
19	alien—
20	(A) satisfies the requirements under sub-
21	paragraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (1);
22	(B) demonstrates compelling circumstances
23	for the inability to satisfy the requirements
24	under subparagraph (C) of such paragraph; and
25	(C) demonstrates that—

1	(i) the alien has a disability;
2	(ii) the alien is a full-time caregiver;
3	or
4	(iii) the removal of the alien from the
5	United States would result in hardship to
6	the alien or the alien's spouse, parent, or
7	child who is a national of the United States
8	or is lawfully admitted for permanent resi-
9	dence.
10	(3) Citizenship requirement.—
11	(A) In general.—Except as provided in
12	subparagraph (B), the conditional basis of an
13	alien's permanent resident status granted under
14	this Act may not be removed unless the alien
15	demonstrates that the alien satisfies the require-
16	ments under section 312(a) of the Immigration
17	and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1423(a)).
18	(B) Exception.—Subparagraph (A) shall
19	not apply to an alien who is unable to meet the
20	requirements under such section 312(a) due to
21	disability.
22	(4) Application fee.—The Secretary may, sub-
23	ject to an exemption under section 203(c), require
24	aliens applying for removal of the conditional basis
25	of an alien's permanent resident status under this sec-

1	tion to pay a reasonable fee that is commensurate
2	with the cost of processing the application.
3	(5) Background Check.—The Secretary may
4	not remove the conditional basis of an alien's perma-
5	nent resident status until the requirements of section
6	202 are satisfied.
7	(b) Treatment for Purposes of Naturaliza-
8	TION.—
9	(1) In general.—For purposes of title III of the
10	Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1401 et
11	seq.), an alien granted permanent resident status on
12	a conditional basis shall be considered to have been
13	admitted to the United States, and be present in the
14	United States, as an alien lawfully admitted for per-
15	manent residence.
16	(2) Limitation on application for natu-
17	RALIZATION.—An alien may not apply for natu-
18	ralization while the alien is in permanent resident
19	status on a conditional basis.
20	(c) Timing of Approval of Lawful Permanent
21	Resident Status.—
22	(1) In General.—An alien granted permanent
23	resident status on a conditional basis under this Acr

may apply to have such conditional basis removed at

1	any time after such alien has met the eligibility re-
2	quirements set forth in subsection (a).
3	(2) Approval with regard to initial appli-
4	CATIONS.—
5	(A) In general.—Notwithstanding any
6	other provision of law, the Secretary or the At-
7	torney General shall cancel the removal of, and
8	adjust to the status of an alien lawfully admitted
9	for permanent resident status without condi-
10	tional basis, any alien who—
11	(i) demonstrates eligibility for lawful
12	permanent residence status on a conditional
13	basis under section 101(b); and
14	(ii) subject to the exceptions described
15	in subsections $(a)(2)$ and $(a)(3)(B)$ of this
16	section, already has fulfilled the require-
17	ments of paragraphs (1) and (3) of sub-
18	section (a) of this section at the time such
19	alien first submits an application for bene-
20	fits under this Act.
21	(B) Background Checks.—Subsection
22	(a)(5) shall apply to an alien seeking lawful per-
23	manent resident status without conditional basis
24	in an initial application in the same manner as
25	it applies to an alien seeking removal of the con-

ditional basis of an alien's permanent resident
status. Section 101(b)(3) shall not be construed
to require the Secretary to conduct more than
one identical security or law enforcement background check on such an alien.

(C) APPLICATION FEES.—In the case of an alien seeking lawful permanent resident status without conditional basis in an initial application, the alien shall pay the fee required under subsection (a)(4), subject to the exemption allowed under section 203(c), but shall not be required to pay the application fee under section 101(b)(2).

14 TITLE II—GENERAL PROVISIONS

15 SEC. 201. DEFINITIONS.

16 In this Act:

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- 17 (1) In GENERAL.—Except as otherwise specifi-18 cally provided, any term used in this Act that is used 19 in the immigration laws shall have the meaning given 20 such term in the immigration laws.
- 21 (2) APPROPRIATE UNITED STATES DISTRICT
 22 COURT.—The term "appropriate United States dis23 trict court" mean the United States District Court for
 24 the District of Columbia or the United States district

- court with jurisdiction over the alien's principal
 place of residence.
- 3 (3) AREA CAREER AND TECHNICAL EDUCATION
 4 SCHOOL.—The term "area career and technical edu5 cation school" has the meaning given such term in
 6 section 3 of the Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical
 7 Education Act of 2006 (20 U.S.C. 2302).
 - (4) DACA.—The term "DACA" means deferred action granted to an alien pursuant to the Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals policy announced by the Secretary of Homeland Security on June 15, 2012.
 - (5) DISABILITY.—The term "disability" has the meaning given such term in section 3(1) of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12102(1)).
 - (6) FEDERAL POVERTY LINE.—The term "Federal poverty line" has the meaning given such term in section 213A(h) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1183a).
 - (7) High school; Secondary school.—The terms "high school" and "secondary school" have the meanings given such terms in section 8101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801).

1	(8) Immigration laws.—The term "immigra-
2	tion laws" has the meaning given such term in sec-
3	tion 101(a)(17) of the Immigration and Nationality
4	Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(17)).
5	(9) Institution of higher education.—The
6	term "institution of higher education"—
7	(A) except as provided in subparagraph
8	(B), has the meaning given such term in section
9	102 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20
10	U.S.C. 1002); and
11	(B) does not include an institution of high-
12	er education outside of the United States.
13	(10) Recognized postsecondary creden-
14	TIAL.—The term "recognized postsecondary creden-
15	tial" has the meaning given such term in section 3
16	of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29
17	U.S.C. 3102).
18	(11) Secretary.—Except as otherwise specifi-
19	cally provided, the term "Secretary" means the Sec-
20	retary of Homeland Security.
21	(12) Uniformed Services.—The term "Uni-
22	formed Services" has the meaning given the term
23	"uniformed services" in section 101(a) of title 10,
24	United States Code.

1 SEC. 202. SUBMISSION OF BIOMETRIC AND BIOGRAPHIC

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)	DATA: BACKGROUND	CHECKS
L	DATA: DAUNUMUUNU	Unruns.

- 3 (a) Submission of Biometric and Biographic
- 4 Data.—The Secretary may not grant an alien adjustment
- 5 of status under this Act, on either a conditional or perma-
- 6 nent basis, unless the alien submits biometric and bio-
- 7 graphic data, in accordance with procedures established by
- 8 the Secretary. The Secretary shall provide an alternative
- 9 procedure for aliens who are unable to provide such biomet-
- 10 ric or biographic data because of a physical impairment.
- 11 (b) Background Checks.—The Secretary shall use
- 12 biometric, biographic, and other data that the Secretary de-
- 13 termines appropriate to conduct security and law enforce-
- 14 ment background checks and to determine whether there is
- 15 any criminal, national security, or other factor that would
- 16 render the alien ineligible for adjustment of status under
- 17 this Act, on either a conditional or permanent basis. The
- 18 status of an alien may not be adjusted, on either a condi-
- 19 tional or permanent basis, unless security and law enforce-
- 20 ment background checks are completed to the satisfaction
- 21 of the Secretary.

1	SEC. 203. LIMITATION ON REMOVAL; APPLICATION AND FEE
2	EXEMPTION; WAIVER OF GROUNDS FOR INAD-
3	MISSIBILITY AND OTHER CONDITIONS ON EL-
4	IGIBLE INDIVIDUALS.
5	(a) Limitation on Removal.—An alien who appears
6	to be prima facie eligible for relief under this Act shall be
7	given a reasonable opportunity to apply for such relief and
8	may not be removed until, subject to section 206(c), a final
9	decision establishing ineligibility for relief is rendered.
10	(b) Application.—An alien present in the United
11	States who has been ordered removed or has been permitted
12	to depart voluntarily from the United States may, notwith-
13	standing such order or permission to depart, apply for ad-
14	justment of status under this Act. Such alien shall not be
15	required to file a separate motion to reopen, reconsider, or
16	vacate the order of removal. If the Secretary approves the
17	application, the Secretary shall cancel the order of removal.
18	If the Secretary renders a final administrative decision to
19	deny the application, the order of removal or permission
20	to depart shall be effective and enforceable to the same extent
21	as if the application had not been made, only after all
22	available administrative and judicial remedies have been
23	exhausted.
24	(c) Fee Exemption.—An applicant may be exempted
25	from paying an application fee required under this Act if
26	the applicant—

1	(1) is younger than 18 years of age;
2	(2) received total income, during the 12-month
3	period immediately preceding the date on which the
4	applicant files an application under this Act, that is
5	less than 150 percent of the Federal poverty line;
6	(3) is in foster care or otherwise lacks any pa-
7	rental or other familial support; or
8	(4) cannot care for himself or herself because of
9	a serious, chronic disability.
10	(d) Waiver of Grounds of Inadmissibility.—With
11	respect to any benefit under this Act, and in addition to
12	the waivers under section $101(c)(2)$, the Secretary may
13	waive the grounds of inadmissibility under paragraph (1),
14	(6)(E), $(6)(G)$, or $(10)(D)$ of section $212(a)$ of the Immigra-
15	tion and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)) for humani-
16	tarian purposes, for family unity, or because the waiver
17	is otherwise in the public interest.
18	(e) Advance Parole.—During the period beginning
19	on the date on which an alien applies for adjustment of
20	status under this Act and ending on the date on which the
21	Secretary makes a final decision regarding such applica-
22	tion, the alien shall be eligible to apply for advance parole.
23	Section 101(g) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8
24	U.S.C. 1101(g)) shall not apply to an alien granted ad-
25	vance parole under this section.

1	(f) Employment.—An alien whose removal is stayed
2	pursuant to this Act, who may not be placed in removal
3	proceedings pursuant to this Act, or who has pending an
4	application under this Act, shall, upon application to the
5	Secretary, be granted an employment authorization docu-
6	ment.
7	SEC. 204. DETERMINATION OF CONTINUOUS PRESENCE
8	AND RESIDENCE.
9	(a) Effect of Notice to Appear.—Any period of
10	continuous physical presence or continuous residence in the
11	United States of an alien who applies for permanent resi-
12	dent status under this Act (whether on a conditional basis
13	or without the conditional basis as provided in section
14	103(c)(2)) shall not terminate when the alien is served a
15	notice to appear under section 239(a) of the Immigration
16	and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1229(a)).
17	(b) Treatment of Certain Breaks in Presence
18	or Residence.—
19	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
20	graphs (2) and (3), an alien shall be considered to
21	have failed to maintain—
22	(A) continuous physical presence in the
23	United States under this Act if the alien has de-
24	parted from the United States for any period ex-

- 1 ceeding 90 days or for any periods, in the aggre-2 gate, exceeding 180 days; and
- 3 (B) continuous residence in the United 4 States under this Act if the alien has departed 5 from the United States for any period exceeding 6 180 days, unless the alien establishes to the satis-7 faction of the Secretary of Homeland Security 8 that the alien did not in fact abandon residence 9 in the United States during such period.
 - (2) Extensions for extendating circumstances.—The Secretary may extend the time periods described in paragraph (1) for an alien who demonstrates that the failure to timely return to the United States was due to extenuating circumstances beyond the alien's control, including the serious illness of the alien, or death or serious illness of a parent, grandparent, sibling, or child of the alien.
 - (3) Travel authorized by the Secretary.—
 Any period of travel outside of the United States by
 an alien that was authorized by the Secretary may
 not be counted toward any period of departure from
 the United States under paragraph (1).
- 23 (c) Waiver of Physical Presence.—With respect to 24 aliens who were removed or departed the United States on 25 or after January 20, 2017, and who were continuously

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- 1 physically present in the United States for at least 4 years
- 2 prior to such removal or departure, the Secretary may, as
- 3 a matter of discretion, waive the physical presence require-
- 4 ment under section 101(b)(1)(A) for humanitarian pur-
- 5 poses, for family unity, or because a waiver is otherwise
- 6 in the public interest. The Secretary, in consultation with
- 7 the Secretary of State, shall establish a procedure for such
- 8 aliens to apply for relief under section 101 from outside
- 9 the United States if they would have been eligible for relief
- 10 under such section, but for their removal or departure.

11 SEC. 205. EXEMPTION FROM NUMERICAL LIMITATIONS.

- Nothing in this Act or in any other law may be con-
- 13 strued to apply a numerical limitation on the number of
- 14 aliens who may be granted permanent resident status under
- 15 this Act (whether on a conditional basis, or without the con-
- 16 ditional basis as provided in section 103(c)(2)).

17 SEC. 206. AVAILABILITY OF ADMINISTRATIVE AND JUDICIAL

- 18 **REVIEW.**
- 19 (a) Administrative Review.—Not later than 30
- 20 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
- 21 retary shall provide to aliens who have applied for adjust-
- 22 ment of status under this Act a process by which an appli-
- 23 cant may seek administrative appellate review of a denial
- 24 of an application for adjustment of status, or a revocation
- 25 of such status.

- 1 (b) Judicial Review.—Except as provided in sub-2 section (c), and notwithstanding any other provision of law, 3 an alien may seek judicial review of a denial of an applica-4 tion for adjustment of status, or a revocation of such status,
- 5 under this Act in an appropriate United States district6 court.
- 7 (c) Judicial Review of a Provisional Denial.—
 - (1) In General.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if, after notice and the opportunity to respond under section 101(c)(3)(E), the Secretary provisionally denies an application for adjustment of status under this Act, the alien shall have 60 days from the date of the Secretary's determination to seek review of such determination in an appropriate United States district court.
 - (2) Scope of Review and Decision.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, review under paragraph (1) shall be de novo and based solely on the administrative record, except that the applicant shall be given the opportunity to supplement the administrative record and the Secretary shall be given the opportunity to rebut the evidence and arguments raised in such submission. Upon issuing its decision, the court shall remand the matter, with appropriate

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- instructions, to the Department of Homeland Security
 to render a final decision on the application.
 - other provision of law, an applicant seeking judicial review under paragraph (1) shall be represented by counsel. Upon the request of the applicant, counsel shall be appointed for the applicant, in accordance with procedures to be established by the Attorney General within 90 days of the date of the enactment of this Act, and shall be funded in accordance with fees collected and deposited in the Immigration Counsel Account under section 212.

(d) Stay of Removal.—

- (1) In General.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), an alien seeking administrative or judicial review under this Act may not be removed from the United States until a final decision is rendered establishing that the alien is ineligible for adjustment of status under this Act.
- (2) Exception.—The Secretary may remove an alien described in paragraph (1) pending judicial review if such removal is based on criminal or national security grounds described in this Act. Such removal shall not affect the alien's right to judicial review under this Act. The Secretary shall promptly return

1	a removed alien if a decision to deny an application
2	for adjustment of status under this Act, or to revoke
3	such status, is reversed.
4	SEC. 207. DOCUMENTATION REQUIREMENTS.
5	(a) Documents Establishing Identity.—An
6	alien's application for permanent resident status under this
7	Act (whether on a conditional basis, or without the condi-
8	tional basis as provided in section $103(c)(2)$) may include,
9	as evidence of identity, the following:
10	(1) A passport or national identity document
11	from the alien's country of origin that includes the
12	alien's name and the alien's photograph or finger-
13	print.
14	(2) The alien's birth certificate and an identity
15	card that includes the alien's name and photograph.
16	(3) A school identification card that includes the
17	alien's name and photograph, and school records
18	showing the alien's name and that the alien is or was
19	enrolled at the school.
20	(4) A Uniformed Services identification card
21	issued by the Department of Defense.
22	(5) Any immigration or other document issued
23	by the United States Government bearing the alien's

name and photograph.

1	(6) A State-issued identification card bearing the
2	alien's name and photograph.
3	(7) Any other evidence determined to be credible
4	by the Secretary.
5	(b) Documents Establishing Entry, Continuous
6	Physical Presence, Lack of Abandonment of Resi-
7	DENCE.—To establish that an alien was younger than 18
8	years of age on the date on which the alien entered the
9	United States, and has continuously resided in the United
10	States since such entry, as required under section
11	101(b)(1)(B), that an alien has been continuously phys-
12	ically present in the United States, as required under sec-
13	tion 101(b)(1)(A), or that an alien has not abandoned resi-
14	dence in the United States, as required under section
15	103(a)(1)(B), the alien may submit the following forms of
16	evidence:
17	(1) Passport entries, including admission stamps
18	on the alien's passport.
19	(2) Any document from the Department of Jus-
20	tice or the Department of Homeland Security noting
21	the alien's date of entry into the United States.
22	(3) Records from any educational institution the
23	alien has attended in the United States.

1	(4) Employment records of the alien that include
2	the employer's name and contact information, or
3	other records demonstrating earned income.
4	(5) Records of service from the Uniformed Serv-
5	ices.
6	(6) Official records from a religious entity con-
7	firming the alien's participation in a religious cere-
8	mony.
9	(7) A birth certificate for a child who was born
10	in the United States.
11	(8) Hospital or medical records showing medical
12	treatment or hospitalization, the name of the medical
13	facility or physician, and the date of the treatment or
14	hospitalization.
15	(9) Automobile license receipts or registration.
16	(10) Deeds, mortgages, or rental agreement con-
17	tracts.
18	(11) Rent receipts or utility bills bearing the
19	alien's name or the name of an immediate family
20	member of the alien, and the alien's address.
21	(12) Tax receipts.
22	(13) Insurance policies.
23	(14) Remittance records, including copies of
24	money order receipts sent in or out of the country.
25	(15) Travel records.

1	(16) Dated bank transactions.
2	(17) Two or more sworn affidavits from individ-
3	uals who are not related to the alien who have direct
4	knowledge of the alien's continuous physical presence
5	in the United States, that contain—
6	(A) the name, address, and telephone num-
7	ber of the affiant; and
8	(B) the nature and duration of the relation-
9	ship between the affiant and the alien.
10	(18) Any other evidence determined to be credible
11	by the Secretary.
12	(c) Documents Establishing Admission to an In-
13	STITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION.—To establish that an
14	alien has been admitted to an institution of higher edu-
15	cation, the alien may submit to the Secretary a document
16	from the institution of higher education certifying that the
17	alien—
18	(1) has been admitted to the institution; or
19	(2) is currently enrolled in the institution as a
20	student.
21	(d) Documents Establishing Receipt of a De-
22	GREE FROM AN INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION.—
23	To establish that an alien has acquired a degree from an
24	institution of higher education in the United States, the
25	alien may submit to the Secretary a diploma or other docu-

1	ment from the institution stating that the alien has received
2	such a degree.
3	(e) Documents Establishing Receipt of a High
4	School Diploma, General Educational Development
5	Credential, or a Recognized Equivalent.—To estab-
6	lish that in the United States an alien has earned a high
7	school diploma or a commensurate alternative award from
8	a public or private high school, has obtained the General
9	Education Development credential, or otherwise has satis-
10	fied section $101(b)(1)(D)(iii)$, the alien may submit to the
11	Secretary the following:
12	(1) A high school diploma, certificate of comple-
13	tion, or other alternate award.
14	(2) A high school equivalency diploma or certifi-
15	cate recognized under State law.
16	(3) Evidence that the alien passed a State-au-
17	thorized exam, including the General Education De-
18	velopment test, in the United States.
19	(4) Evidence that the alien successfully completed
20	an area career and technical education program, such
21	as a certification, certificate, or similar alternate
22	award.
23	(5) Evidence that the alien obtained a recognized
24	postsecondary credential.

1	(6) Any other evidence determined to be credible
2	by the Secretary.
3	(f) Documents Establishing Enrollment in an
4	Educational Program.—To establish that an alien is en-
5	rolled in any school or education program described in sec-
6	tion $101(b)(1)(D)(iv)$ or $103(a)(1)(C)$, the alien may submit
7	school records from the United States school that the alien
8	is currently attending that include—
9	(1) the name of the school; and
10	(2) the alien's name, periods of attendance, and
11	current grade or educational level.
12	(g) Documents Establishing Exemption From
13	Application Fees.—To establish that an alien is exempt
14	from an application fee under section 203(c), the alien may
15	submit to the Secretary the following relevant documents:
16	(1) Documents to establish age.—To estab-
17	lish that an alien meets an age requirement, the alien
18	may provide proof of identity, as described in sub-
19	section (a), that establishes that the alien is younger
20	than 18 years of age.
21	(2) Documents to establish income.—To es-
22	tablish the alien's income, the alien may provide—
23	(A) employment records or other records of
24	earned income, including records that have been
25	maintained by the Social Security Administra-

1	tion, the Internal Revenue Service, or any other
2	Federal, State, or local government agency;
3	(B) bank records; or
4	(C) at least 2 sworn affidavits from individ-
5	uals who are not related to the alien and who
6	have direct knowledge of the alien's work and in-
7	come that contain—
8	(i) the name, address, and telephone
9	number of the affiant; and
10	(ii) the nature and duration of the re-
11	lationship between the affiant and the alien.
12	(3) Documents to establish foster care,
13	LACK OF FAMILIAL SUPPORT, OR SERIOUS, CHRONIC
14	DISABILITY.—To establish that the alien is in foster
15	care, lacks parental or familial support, or has a seri-
16	ous, chronic disability, the alien may provide at least
17	2 sworn affidavits from individuals who are not re-
18	lated to the alien and who have direct knowledge of
19	the circumstances that contain—
20	(A) a statement that the alien is in foster
21	care, otherwise lacks any parental or other fa-
22	miliar support, or has a serious, chronic dis-
23	ability, as appropriate;
24	(B) the name, address, and telephone num-
25	ber of the affiant; and

1	(C) the nature and duration of the relation-
2	ship between the affiant and the alien.
3	(h) Documents Establishing Qualification for
4	Hardship Exemption.—To establish that an alien satis-
5	fies one of the criteria for the hardship exemption set forth
6	in section 103(a)(2)(C), the alien may submit to the Sec-
7	retary at least 2 sworn affidavits from individuals who are
8	not related to the alien and who have direct knowledge of
9	the circumstances that warrant the exemption, that con-
10	tain—
11	(1) the name, address, and telephone number of
12	the affiant; and
13	(2) the nature and duration of the relationship
14	between the affiant and the alien.
15	(i) Documents Establishing Service in the Uni-
16	FORMED SERVICES.—To establish that an alien has served
17	in the Uniformed Services for at least 2 years and, if dis-
18	charged, received an honorable discharge, the alien may
19	submit to the Secretary—
20	(1) a Department of Defense form DD-214;
21	(2) a National Guard Report of Separation and
22	Record of Service form 22;
23	(3) personnel records for such service from the
24	appropriate Uniformed Service; or

1	(4) health records from the appropriate Uni-
2	formed Service.
3	(j) Documents Establishing Earned Income.—
4	(1) In General.—An alien may satisfy the
5	earned income requirement under section
6	103(a)(1)(C)(iii) by submitting records that—
7	(A) establish compliance with such require-
8	ment; and
9	(B) have been maintained by the Social Se-
10	curity Administration, the Internal Revenue
11	Service, or any other Federal, State, or local gov-
12	ernment agency.
13	(2) Other documents.—An alien who is un-
14	able to submit the records described in paragraph (1)
15	may satisfy the earned income requirement by sub-
16	mitting at least 2 types of reliable documents that
17	provide evidence of employment or other forms of
18	earned income, including—
19	(A) bank records;
20	(B) business records;
21	(C) employer or contractor records;
22	(D) records of a labor union, day labor cen-
23	ter, or organization that assists workers in em-
24	ployment;

1	(E) sworn affidavits from individuals who
2	are not related to the alien and who have direct
3	knowledge of the alien's work, that contain—
4	(i) the name, address, and telephone
5	number of the affiant; and
6	(ii) the nature and duration of the re-
7	lationship between the affiant and the alien;
8	(F) remittance records; or
9	(G) any other evidence determined to be
10	credible by the Secretary.
11	(k) Authority to Prohibit Use of Certain Docu-
12	MENTS.—If the Secretary determines, after publication in
13	the Federal Register and an opportunity for public com-
14	ment, that any document or class of documents does not
15	reliably establish identity or that permanent resident status
16	under this Act (whether on a conditional basis, or without
17	the conditional basis as provided in section $103(c)(2)$) is
18	being obtained fraudulently to an unacceptable degree, the
19	Secretary may prohibit or restrict the use of such document
20	or class of documents.
21	SEC. 208. RULE MAKING.
22	(a) In General.—Not later than 90 days after the
23	date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall publish
24	in the Federal Register interim final rules implementing
25	this Act, which shall allow eligible individuals to imme-

- 1 diately apply for relief under section 101 or 103(c)(2). Not-
- 2 withstanding section 553 of title 5, United States Code, the
- 3 regulation shall be effective, on an interim basis, imme-
- 4 diately upon publication, but may be subject to change and
- 5 revision after public notice and opportunity for a period
- 6 of public comment. The Secretary shall finalize such rules
- 7 not later than 180 days after the date of publication.
- 8 (b) Paperwork Reduction Act.—The requirements
- 9 under chapter 35 of title 44, United States Code, (commonly
- 10 known as the "Paperwork Reduction Act") shall not apply
- 11 to any action to implement this Act.
- 12 SEC. 209. CONFIDENTIALITY OF INFORMATION.
- 13 (a) In General.—The Secretary may not disclose or
- 14 use information (including information provided during
- 15 administrative or judicial review) provided in applications
- 16 filed under this Act or in requests for DACA for the purpose
- 17 of immigration enforcement.
- 18 (b) Referrals Prohibited.—The Secretary, based
- 19 solely on information provided in an application for adjust-
- 20 ment of status under this Act (including information pro-
- 21 vided during administrative or judicial review) or an ap-
- 22 plication for DACA, may not refer an applicant to U.S.
- 23 Immigration and Customs Enforcement, U.S. Customs and
- 24 Border Protection, or any designee of either such entity.

1	(c) Limited Exception.—Notwithstanding sub-
2	sections (a) and (b), information provided in an applica-
3	tion for adjustment of status under this Act may be shared
4	with Federal security and law enforcement agencies—
5	(1) for assistance in the consideration of an ap-
6	plication for adjustment of status under this Act;
7	(2) to identify or prevent fraudulent claims;
8	(3) for national security purposes; or
9	(4) for the investigation or prosecution of any
10	felony offense not related to immigration status.
11	(d) Penalty.—Any person who knowingly uses, pub-
12	lishes, or permits information to be examined in violation
13	of this section shall be fined not more than \$10,000.
14	SEC. 210. GRANT PROGRAM TO ASSIST ELIGIBLE APPLI-
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15	CANTS.
15 16	CANTS. (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of Homeland
16 17	(a) Establishment.—The Secretary of Homeland
16 17 18	(a) Establishment.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall establish, within U.S. Citizenship and Immi-
16 17 18 19	(a) Establishment.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall establish, within U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services, a program to award grants, on a competi-
16 17 18 19 20	(a) Establishment.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall establish, within U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services, a program to award grants, on a competitive basis, to eligible nonprofit organizations that will use
16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) Establishment.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall establish, within U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services, a program to award grants, on a competitive basis, to eligible nonprofit organizations that will use the funding to assist eligible applicants under this Act by
16 17	(a) Establishment.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall establish, within U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services, a program to award grants, on a competitive basis, to eligible nonprofit organizations that will use the funding to assist eligible applicants under this Act by providing them with the services described in subsection (b).

1	(1) information to the public regarding the eligi-
2	bility and benefits of permanent resident status under
3	this Act (whether on a conditional basis, or without
4	the conditional basis as provided in section
5	103(c)(2)), particularly to individuals potentially eli-
6	gible for such status;
7	(2) assistance, within the scope of authorized
8	practice of immigration law, to individuals submit-
9	ting applications for adjustment of status under this
10	Act (whether on a conditional basis, or without the
11	conditional basis as provided in section $103(c)(2)$,
12	including—
13	(A) screening prospective applicants to as-
14	sess their eligibility for such status;
15	(B) completing applications and petitions,
16	including providing assistance in obtaining the
17	requisite documents and supporting evidence;
18	and
19	(C) providing any other assistance that the
20	Secretary or grantee considers useful or nec-
21	essary to apply for adjustment of status under
22	this Act (whether on a conditional basis, or with-
23	out the conditional basis as provided in section
24	103(c)(2)); and

1	(3) assistance, within the scope of authorized
2	practice of immigration law, and instruction, to indi-
3	viduals—
4	(A) on the rights and responsibilities of
5	$United\ States\ citizenship;$
6	(B) in civics and English as a second lan-
7	guage;
8	(C) in preparation for the General Edu-
9	cation Development test; and
10	(D) in applying for adjustment of status
11	and United States citizenship.
12	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—
13	(1) Amounts authorized.—There are author-
14	ized to be appropriated such sums as may be nec-
15	essary for each of the fiscal years 2020 through 2030
16	to carry out this section.
17	(2) AVAILABILITY.—Any amounts appropriated
18	pursuant to paragraph (1) shall remain available
19	until expended.
20	SEC. 211. PROVISIONS AFFECTING ELIGIBILITY FOR AD-
21	JUSTMENT OF STATUS.
22	An alien's eligibility to be lawfully admitted for per-
23	manent residence under this Act (whether on a conditional
24	basis, or without the conditional basis as provided in sec-
25	tion $103(c)(2)$) shall not preclude the alien from seeking any

- 1 status under any other provision of law for which the alien
- 2 may otherwise be eligible.
- 3 SEC. 212. SUPPLEMENTARY SURCHARGE FOR APPOINTED
- 4 COUNSEL.
- 5 (a) In General.—Except as provided in section 202
- 6 and in cases where the applicant is exempt from paying
- 7 a fee under section 203(c), in any case in which a fee is
- 8 charged pursuant to this Act, an additional surcharge of
- 9 \$25 shall be imposed and collected for the purpose of pro-
- 10 viding appointed counsel to applicants seeking judicial re-
- 11 view of the Secretary's decision to provisionally deny an
- 12 application under section 206(c)(3).
- 13 (b) Immigration Counsel Account.—There is estab-
- 14 lished in the general fund of the Treasury a separate ac-
- 15 count which shall be known as the "Immigration Counsel
- 16 Account". Fees collected under subsection (a) shall be depos-
- 17 ited into the Immigration Counsel Account and shall to re-
- 18 main available until expended for purposes of providing
- 19 appointed counsel as required under this Act.
- 20 (c) Report.—At the end of each 2-year period, begin-
- 21 ning with the establishment of this account, the Secretary
- 22 of Homeland Security shall submit a report to the Congress
- 23 concerning the status of the account, including any balances
- 24 therein, and recommend any adjustment in the prescribed
- 25 fee that may be required to ensure that the receipts collected

1	from the fee charged for the succeeding two years equal, as
2	closely as possible, the cost of providing appointed counsel
3	as required under this Act.
4	SEC. 213. ANNUAL REPORT ON PROVISIONAL DENIAL AU-
5	THORITY.
6	Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment
7	of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Secretary of Home-
8	land Security shall submit to the Congress a report detail-
9	ing the number of applicants that receive—
10	(1) a provisional denial under this Act;
11	(2) a final denial under this Act without seeking
12	judicial review;
13	(3) a final denial under this Act after seeking ju-
14	dicial review; and
15	(4) an approval under this Act after seeking ju-
16	dicial review.

Union Calendar No. 73

116TH CONGRESS H. R. 2820

[Report No. 116-98]

BILL

To authorize the cancellation of removal and adjustment of status of certain individuals who are long-term United States residents and entered the United States as children, and for other purposes.

May 30, 2019

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed