HOUSE BILL 1019

J1 4lr1686

By: Delegates Alston, Bagnall, Fennell, S. Johnson, J. Long, Martinez, M. Morgan, Taveras, and Woods Woods, Pena-Melnyk, Cullison, Bhandari, Chisholm, Guzzone, Hill, Hutchinson, Kaiser, Kipke, Lopez, Reilly, Rosenberg, Szeliga, and White Holland

Introduced and read first time: February 5, 2024

Assigned to: Health and Government Operations and Judiciary

Committee Report: Favorable with amendments

House action: Adopted

Read second time: March 10, 2024

CHAPTER _____

1 AN ACT concerning

2

Mental Health Law - Petitions for Emergency Evaluation

- FOR the purpose of specifying that a petition for emergency evaluation is effective for a certain period of time; authorizing a court, on a certain motion and for good cause shown, to extend a petition for a certain period of time; requiring a court to include the date the petition expires on the petition; authorizing peace officers to use reasonable and necessary force when executing a petition; and generally relating to petitions for emergency evaluation.
- 9 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 10 Article Health General
- 11 Section 10–623 and 10–624(a)
- 12 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 13 (2023 Replacement Volume)
- 14 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
- 15 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

16 Article - Health - General

17 10-623.

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.

<u>Underlining</u> indicates amendments to bill.

Strike out indicates matter stricken from the bill by amendment or deleted from the law by amendment.



- 1 (a) If the petitioner under Part IV of this subtitle is not a physician, psychologist, 2 clinical social worker, licensed clinical professional counselor, clinical nurse specialist in 3 psychiatric and mental health nursing, psychiatric nurse practitioner, licensed clinical 4 marriage and family therapist, health officer or designee of a health officer, or peace officer, 5 the petitioner shall present the petition to the court for immediate review.
- 6 (b) After review of the petition, the court shall endorse the petition if the court 7 finds probable cause to believe that the emergency evaluee has shown the symptoms of a 8 mental disorder and that the individual presents a danger to the life or safety of the 9 individual or of others.
- 10 (c) If the court does not find probable cause, the court shall indicate that fact on the petition, and no further action may be taken under the petition.
- 12 (D) (1) SUBJECT TO PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION, THE PETITION
 13 SHALL BE EFFECTIVE FOR 5 DAYS AFTER BEING ENDORSED BY THE COURT UNDER
 14 SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION.
- 15 (2) (I) THE SUBJECT TO SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH,
 16 ON A MOTION, THE COURT MAY EXTEND THE PETITION FOR GOOD CAUSE SHOWN
 17 BASED ON THE PRESENTING BEHAVIOR OF THE INDIVIDUAL FOR AN ADDITIONAL UP
 18 TO 5 DAYS AT A TIME, BUT NOT TO EXCEED A TOTAL OF 30 DAYS.
- 19 <u>(II) 1. A MOTION UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS</u> 20 PARAGRAPH MUST BE MADE BY THE ORIGINAL PETITIONER.
- 21 <u>EACH EXTENSION SHALL BE BASED ON A SEPARATE</u> 22 MOTION.
- 23 (3) A PETITION ENDORSED OR EXTENDED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION
 24 SHALL BE SERVED EXPEDITIOUSLY.
- 25 **(E)** THE COURT SHALL INCLUDE ON THE PETITION THE DATE THE PETITION 26 EXPIRES.
- 27 10–624.
- 28 (a) (1) A peace officer shall take an emergency evaluee to the nearest 29 emergency facility if the peace officer has a petition under Part IV of this subtitle that:
- 30 (i) 1. Has been endorsed by a court [within the last 5 days]; AND
- **2. IS IN EFFECT**; or
- 32 (ii) Is signed and submitted by a physician, psychologist, clinical 33 social worker, licensed clinical professional counselor, clinical nurse specialist in

$\frac{1}{2}$	psychiatric and mental health nursing, psychiatric nurse practitioner, licensed clinical marriage and family therapist, health officer or designee of a health officer, or peace officer
3	(2) The petition required under paragraph (1) of this subsection may be:
4	(i) In the form of an electronic record; and
5	(ii) Transmitted and received electronically.
6 7 8	(3) A PEACE OFFICER MAY USE REASONABLE AND NECESSARY FORCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH § 3–524 OF THE PUBLIC SAFETY ARTICLE WHEN EXECUTING A PETITION.
9 10 11	[(3)] (4) To the extent practicable, a peace officer shall notify the emergency facility in advance that the peace officer is bringing an emergency evaluee to the emergency facility.
12 13 14 15	[(4)] (5) After a peace officer brings the emergency evaluee to are emergency facility, the peace officer need not stay unless, because the emergency evaluee is violent, emergency facility personnel ask the supervisor of the peace officer to have the peace officer stay.
16 17 18	[(5)] (6) A peace officer shall stay until the supervisor responds to the request for assistance. If the emergency evaluee is violent, the supervisor shall allow the peace officer to stay.
19 20	[(6)] (7) If emergency facility personnel ask that a peace officer stay, a physician shall examine the emergency evaluee as promptly as possible.
21 22	SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2024.
	Approved:
	Governor.
	Speaker of the House of Delegates.
	President of the Senate.