First Regular Session Seventy-third General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

REVISED

This Version Includes All Amendments Adopted on Second Reading in the Second House

LLS NO. 21-0386.01 Michael Dohr x4347

HOUSE BILL 21-1280

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A BILL FOR AN ACT

101	CONCERNING MEASURES TO ASSIST DEFENDANTS IN SECURING RELEASE
102	FROM JAIL THROUGH THE BONDING PROCESS, AND, IN
103	CONNECTION THEREWITH, MAKING AN APPROPRIATION.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

The bill requires a court to hold a bond setting hearing within 48 hours after an arrestee's arrival at a jail or holding center beginning on April 1, 2022.

Under current law, a person is allowed to post bond within 2 hours after the sheriff receives the bond information. The bill repeals that

SENATE nd Reading Unamended June 3, 2021

> HOUSE rd Reading Unamended May 20, 2021

HOUSE Amended 2nd Reading May 19, 2021

Shading denotes HOUSE amendment. Double underlining denotes SENATE amendment.

Capital letters or bold & italic numbers indicate new material to be added to existing statute.

Dashes through the words indicate deletions from existing statute.

requirement. The bill states a bond may be paid at a minimum by cash, money order, or cashier's check, and a judge, judicial officer, or bond hearing officer shall not require a monetary bond be paid in the defendant's name. The bill requires that a defendant who posts bond be released from custody within 6 hours after bond is set. If the custodian fails to release the defendant within 6 hours after the bond has been set, the custodian shall inform the defendant and any person posting bond on behalf of the defendant the reason for the delay and shall document the reason for delay in the defendant's file. The bill requires that after a bond has been paid, the defendant and surety, if any, receive a copy of the bond paperwork, a notice of rights related to bonding, and information regarding the defendant's next court date. The bill requires each jurisdiction to establish a way to pay bond online by January 1, 2022. The bill states that a bond is posted when the surety or defendant pays the bond as evidenced by the time stamp on the bond or bond receipt.

Each sheriff shall post a notice of rights related to bonding on the sheriff's website, including information about how to file a complaint for violations. The sheriff shall include the notice in the inmate handbook and must provide the notice free of charge to anyone requesting a copy. The sheriff shall post a notice that contains the bonding information in the common area of the jail in a location clearly visible to the inmates and clearly visible in the public portion of the jail where a person posts bond.

By October 1, 2021, each sheriff shall:

- Create written policies to comply with statutory bonding requirements;
- Review and update the sheriff's website, signage, paperwork, and forms related to bonding to reflect current law; and
- File a certificate of compliance with the statutory bonding provisions with the division of criminal justice in the department of public safety.

In the case of multiple documented failures to comply with the statutory bonding provisions, the state or any agency of the state may deny any funding request of the sheriff.

The bill creates the position of a bond hearing officer to conduct bond hearings on weekends and holidays throughout the state using audiovisual technology. The bond hearing officer conducts bond hearings throughout the state in the counties that request the service of the bond hearing officer. The public will be able to view the hearings. For each case heard by the bonding hearing officer, the arresting jurisdiction shall electronically transmit the arrest report, pretrial services information, and all other relevant information to the bonding hearing officer prior to the hearing.

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Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

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2 **SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 16-4-102, **amend** 3 (2)(a), (2)(b), and (2)(e); and **add** (2)(h), (2)(i), and (2)(j) as follows:

16-4-102. Right to bail - before conviction. (2) (a) (I) The chief judge of each judicial district shall develop, in conjunction with representatives from sheriffs' offices, public defenders' offices, district attorneys' offices, county commissioners, and any other agencies determined necessary by the chief judge, a plan for setting bond for all in-custody defendants within forty-eight hours of arrest. In developing the plan, the county commissioners, sheriffs, and district attorneys shall provide the chief judge cost estimates of feasibility as well as any potential savings from the proposal, including jail bed costs and savings. In developing the plan, the chief judge shall evaluate the potential of utilizing new or existing audiovisual conference technology. In areas where a lack of broadband coverage makes audiovisual conferencing impossible or unreliable, the chief judge may evaluate the potential of utilizing telephonic hearings. No later than November 1, 2019, the state court administrator's office shall report to the judiciary committees of the house of representatives and the senate, or any successor committees, the plans for all twenty-two judicial districts, not including the Denver county court. The report must include an estimate of resources necessary to implement this subsection (2)(a). THE ARRESTING JURISDICTION SHALL BRING AN IN-CUSTODY ARRESTEE BEFORE A COURT FOR BOND SETTING AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE, BUT NO LATER THAN FORTY-EIGHT HOURS AFTER AN ARRESTEE ARRIVES AT A JAIL OR HOLDING FACILITY. A JUDGE, MAGISTRATE, OR BOND HEARING OFFICER SHALL HOLD A HEARING WITH AN IN-CUSTODY ARRESTEE AT WHICH THE COURT SHALL ENTER AN

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1	INDIVIDUALIZED BOND ORDER AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE, BUT NO LATER
2	THAN FORTY-EIGHT HOURS AFTER AN ARRESTEE ARRIVES AT A JAIL OR
3	HOLDING FACILITY. NOTWITHSTANDING THE REQUIREMENT FOR BOND
4	SETTING WITHIN FORTY-EIGHT HOURS, IT IS NOT A VIOLATION OF THIS
5	SECTION IF A BOND HEARING IS NOT HELD WITHIN FORTY-EIGHT HOURS
6	WHEN THE DELAY IS CAUSED BY AN EMERGENCY THAT REQUIRES THE
7	COURT TO CLOSE OR CIRCUMSTANCES IN WHICH THE DEFENDANT REFUSES
8	TO ATTEND COURT, IS UNABLE TO ATTEND COURT DUE TO A DEBILITATING
9	PHYSICAL AILMENT, OR IS UNABLE TO PROCEED DUE TO DRUG OR ALCOHOL
10	USE OR MENTAL ILLNESS. USE OF AUDIOVISUAL CONFERENCING
11	TECHNOLOGY IS PERMISSIBLE TO EXPEDITE BOND SETTING HEARINGS,
12	INCLUDING PRIOR TO EXTRADITION OF THE DEFENDANT FROM ONE COUNTY
13	TO ANOTHER IN THE STATE OF COLORADO. WHEN HIGH-SPEED INTERNET
14	ACCESS IS UNAVAILABLE, MAKING AUDIOVISUAL CONFERENCING
15	IMPOSSIBLE, THE COURT MAY CONDUCT THE HEARING TELEPHONICALLY.
16	(II) This subsection (2)(a) applies only to the initial bond
17	SETTING BY A JUDGE.
18	(III) THIS SUBSECTION (2)(a) APPLIES TO AN ARRESTEE WHO WAS
19	ARRESTED ON OR AFTER APRIL 1, 2022.
20	(b) (I) Unless extraordinary circumstances exist, a defendant, a
21	surety on behalf of the defendant, or another third party on behalf of the
22	defendant must be allowed to post bond within two hours after the sheriff
23	receives the bond information from the court. A JUDGE, JUDICIAL OFFICER,
24	OR BOND HEARING OFFICER SHALL NOT REQUIRE A MONETARY BOND TO BE
25	PAID IN THE DEFENDANT'S NAME. BOND MAY BE PAID, AT A MINIMUM, BY
26	CASH, MONEY ORDER, OR CASHIER'S CHECK. IF BOND IS PAID BY MONEY
27	ORDER OR CASHIER'S CHECK, THE MONEY ORDER OR CASHIER'S CHECK MAY

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BE PAYABLE TO THE HOLDING COUNTY. BEFORE BOND IS POSTED, THE SHERIFF SHALL PROVIDE THE DEFENDANT AND SURETY, IF ANY, A COPY OF THE NOTICE DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (2)(h)(I) OF THIS SECTION. WHEN THE BOND IS POSTED, THE SHERIFF SHALL PROVIDE THE DEFENDANT AND SURETY, IF ANY, A COPY OF THE BOND PAPERWORK AND INFORMATION REGARDING THE DEFENDANT'S NEXT COURT DATE. THE INDIVIDUAL PROCESSING THE BOND SHALL CERTIFY, IN WRITING, THAT THE PAYOR RECEIVED A COPY OF THE BOND PAPERWORK, THE NOTICE DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (2)(h)(I) OF THIS SECTION, AND INFORMATION REGARDING THE DEFENDANT'S NEXT COURT DATE AND SHALL PLACE A COPY OF THE CERTIFICATION IN THE DEFENDANT'S FILE. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, a sheriff may allow an individual to choose to stay in jail overnight after release when extenuating circumstances exist, including inclement weather, lack of transportation, or lack of shelter.

(II) BY JANUARY 1, 2022, EACH JAIL SHALL ESTABLISH A MEANS TO PAY BOND ONLINE WITHOUT THE NEED FOR THE PAYOR TO GO TO THE JAIL IN PERSON TO PAY BOND.

(e) Unless extraordinary circumstances exist, the custodian of a jail shall release a defendant who is granted a personal Recognizance bond as soon as practicable but no later than four six hours after the defendant is physically present in the jail. and the defendant's bond has been posted. Unless extraordinary circumstances exist, the custodian of a jail shall release a defendant who is granted a cash bond as soon as practicable but no later than six hours after bond is set, after the defendant is physically present in the jail, and after the defendant or surety notifies the jail that the defendant or surety is prepared to post

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BOND. IF THE CUSTODIAN FAILS TO RELEASE THE DEFENDANT WITHIN
SIX HOURS, THE CUSTODIAN SHALL INFORM THE DEFENDANT AND ANY
PERSON POSTING BOND ON BEHALF OF THE DEFENDANT THE REASON FOR
THE DELAY AND SHALL DOCUMENT THE REASON FOR THE DELAY IN THE
DEFENDANT'S FILE. A supervisory condition of release does not serve as
a legal basis to continue to detain the defendant; except that, if the
defendant is ordered released upon condition of being subject to
electronic monitoring, the defendant may be held up to as long as
practicable but no longer than twenty-four hours after the defendant is
physically present in the jail and the defendant's bond has been posted, if
such delay is necessary to ensure the defendant is fitted with electronic
monitoring and the court has authorized the defendant to be held until the
electronic monitor is fitted. If the court orders electronic monitoring for
the protection of a specific individual, and the defendant is ordered to
have no contact with that specific individual, and the judge orders that the
defendant not be released without electronic monitoring based on finding
that the electronic monitoring is necessary for public safety, then the time
limits regarding release of the defendant in this subsection SUBSECTION
(2)(e) do not apply. However, if a defendant is held more than
twenty-four hours after posting bond awaiting electronic monitoring
fitting, the sheriff shall bring the defendant to the court the next day the
court is in session and explain the reason for the delay.
$\left(h \right) \left(I \right) \left(A \right) $ Each sheriff shall post the following notice of
RIGHTS ON THE SHERIFF'S WEBSITE AND INFORMATION ABOUT HOW TO FILE
A COMPLAINT ABOUT VIOLATIONS OF SUBSECTIONS (2)(b) TO (2)(g) OF
THIS SECTION:

LEGAL RIGHTS RELATED TO POSTING MONEY BOND

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1	PURSUANT TO SECTION 16-4-102, COLORADO REVISED STATUTES
2	1. BOND FEES, BOOKING FEES, AND OTHER FEES OR
3	DEBTS NEVER NEED TO BE PAID TO SECURE A PERSON'S
4	RELEASE ON MONEY BOND. A PAYOR NEED ONLY PAY THE
5	BOND AMOUNT IN ORDER TO SECURE RELEASE.
6	2. WHILE NEVER A BASIS TO HOLD A DEFENDANT IN
7	JAIL, THE FOLLOWING FEES ARE CHARGEABLE AS A DEBT TO
8	THE DEFENDANT AFTER RELEASE IF THE PAYOR CHOOSES
9	NOT TO PAY THE FEES AT THE TIME OF BONDING: A $$10$
10	BOND FEE AND A MAXIMUM 3.5% CREDIT CARD PAYMENT
11	FEE. NO OTHER BOND-RELATED FEES MAY BE CHARGED AT
12	ANY TIME, INCLUDING ANY KIOSK FEES OR FEES FOR
13	PAYMENT BY CASH, CHECK, OR MONEY ORDER.
14	3. Bond payments are to be made out to the
15	HOLDING COUNTY AND ARE NEVER TO BE MADE OUT IN THE
16	NAME OF THE INCARCERATED PERSON.
17	4. A SHERIFF MUST RELEASE A DEFENDANT WITHIN
18	SIX HOURS AFTER A PERSONAL RECOGNIZANCE BOND IS
19	SET AND THE DEFENDANT HAS RETURNED TO JAIL OR
20	WITHIN SIX HOURS AFTER A CASH BOND HAS BEEN SET
21	AND THE DEFENDANT HAS RETURNED TO JAIL AND THE
22	DEFENDANT OR SURETY NOTIFIED THE JAIL THAT BOND IS
23	PREPARED TO BE POSTED, UNLESS EXTRAORDINARY
24	CIRCUMSTANCES EXIST. IN THE EVENT OF A DELAY OF MORE
25	THAN SIX HOURS, A SURETY AND THE DEFENDANT HAVE A
26	RIGHT TO KNOW WHAT, IF ANY, EXTRAORDINARY
27	CIRCLIMSTANCE IS CALISING THE DELAY SUDERVISORY

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1	CONDITIONS OF RELEASE DO NOT JUSTIFY A DELAY IN
2	RELEASE; EXCEPT THAT A SHERIFF MAY HOLD A DEFENDANT
3	FOR UP TO 24 HOURS IF NECESSARY TO ENSURE A
4	DEFENDANT IS FITTED WITH REQUIRED ELECTRONIC
5	MONITORING.
6	5. ANYONE WHO POSTS A MONEY BOND HAS THE RIGHT
7	TO RECEIVE A COPY OF THE BOND PAPERWORK, INCLUDING
8	DOCUMENTATION OF THE NEXT UPCOMING COURT DATE.
9	6. A SURETY MAY NEVER BE ASKED TO USE POSTED
10	BOND MONEY TO PAY A DEFENDANT'S DEBTS. ONLY WHEN
11	DEFENDANTS HAVE POSTED THEIR OWN MONEY BOND MAY
12	THEY BE ASKED IF THEY WOULD LIKE TO VOLUNTARILY
13	RELINQUISH BOND MONEY TO PAY THEIR DEBTS.
14	RELINQUISHMENT OF BOND MONEY BY A DEFENDANT TO
15	PAY A DEBT IS NEVER REQUIRED AND IS ENTIRELY A
16	VOLUNTARY CHOICE BY THE DEFENDANT.
17	(B) The notice described in this subsection $(2)(h)(I)$ must
18	INCLUDE INFORMATION ABOUT HOW TO FILE A COMPLAINT ABOUT
19	VIOLATIONS OF THESE PROVISIONS.
20	(II) THE SHERIFF SHALL INCLUDE THE NOTICE DESCRIBED IN
21	SUBSECTION $(2)(h)(I)$ of this section in the inmate handbook. The
22	NOTICE MUST ALSO BE AVAILABLE AT THE BONDING COUNTER AND
23	PROVIDED TO ANY INDIVIDUAL, INCLUDING A DEFENDANT, INQUIRING
24	ABOUT POSTING BOND.
25	(i) EACH SHERIFF SHALL POST A NOTICE BOTH IN THE COMMON
26	AREA OF THE JAIL IN A LOCATION CLEARLY VISIBLE TO THE INMATES AND
27	IN THE PUBLIC PORTION OF THE JAIL WHERE A PERSON POSTS BOND,

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1	CLEARLY VISIBLE TO A PERSON POSTING BOND, THAT CONTAINS THE
2	FOLLOWING INFORMATION:
3	(I) BOND FEES, BOOKING FEES, AND OTHER FEES OR DEBTS NEVER
4	NEED TO BE PAID TO SECURE A PERSON'S RELEASE ON MONEY BOND. A
5	PAYOR NEED ONLY PAY THE BOND AMOUNT IN ORDER TO SECURE RELEASE.
6	(II) THE SHERIFF SHALL RELEASE A DEFENDANT WITHIN SIX HOURS
7	AFTER A PERSONAL RECOGNIZANCE BOND IS SET AND THE DEFENDANT HAS
8	RETURNED TO JAIL OR WITHIN SIX HOURS AFTER A CASH BOND HAS BEEN
9	SET AND THE DEFENDANT HAS RETURNED TO JAIL AND THE DEFENDANT OR
10	SURETY NOTIFIED THE JAIL THAT BOND IS PREPARED TO BE POSTED, UNLESS
11	EXTRAORDINARY CIRCUMSTANCES EXIST. HOWEVER, A SHERIFF MAY HOLD
12	A DEFENDANT FOR UP TO TWENTY-FOUR HOURS IF NECESSARY TO ENSURE
13	A DEFENDANT IS FITTED WITH REQUIRED ELECTRONIC MONITORING.
14	(III) HOW TO FILE A COMPLAINT ABOUT VIOLATIONS OF
15	SUBSECTIONS $(2)(i)(I)$ AND $(2)(i)(II)$ OF THIS SECTION.
16	(j)(I) Each sheriff shall create written policies to comply
17	WITH THIS SUBSECTION (2) BY OCTOBER 1, 2021. THE SHERIFF SHALL POST
18	THE POLICIES ON THE SHERIFF'S WEBSITE AND DISTRIBUTE THEM TO ALL
19	STAFF. THE SHERIFF SHALL TRAIN ALL STAFF WHO PROCESS BONDS OR
20	INTERACT WITH INMATES ON THE POLICIES.
21	(II) EACH SHERIFF SHALL REVIEW AND UPDATE THE SHERIFF'S
22	WEBSITE, SIGNAGE, PAPERWORK, AND FORMS RELATED TO BONDING TO
23	REFLECT CURRENT LAW BY OCTOBER 1, 2021, AND UPDATE THE SHERIFF'S
24	WEBSITE, SIGNAGE, PAPERWORK, AND FORMS RELATED TO BONDING AS
25	NECESSARY THEREAFTER.
26	(III) EACH SHERIFF SHALL FILE A CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE
27	WITH THIS SUBSECTION (2), A COPY OF THE WRITTEN POLICIES REQUIRED

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1	By subsection (2)(j)(I) of this section, and the notices required by
2	SUBSECTIONS (2)(h)(I)(A) AND (2)(i) OF THIS SECTION WITH THE DIVISION
3	OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY, BY
4	OCTOBER 1, 2021, AND EACH OCTOBER 1 THEREAFTER. COPIES OF THE
5	POLICIES AND NOTICES ONLY HAVE TO BE PROVIDED WHEN UPDATED. THE
6	SHERIFF SHALL USE THE CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE FORM DEVELOPED
7	BY THE DIVISION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC
8	SAFETY PURSUANT TO SECTION 24-33.5-503 (1)(bb).
9	
10	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 16-4-104, add (5),
11	(6), (7), and (8) as follows:
12	16-4-104. Types of bond set by the court. (5) At the initial
13	HEARING, THE PERSON HAS THE RIGHT TO BE REPRESENTED BY AN
14	ATTORNEY AND THE COURT SHALL ADVISE THE PERSON OF THE POSSIBLE
15	CHARGES, PENALTIES, AND THE PERSON'S RIGHTS AS SPECIFIED IN RULE 5
16	OF THE COLORADO RULES OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE, UNLESS WAIVED BY
17	THE PERSON. THE COURT SHALL NOTIFY THE PUBLIC DEFENDER OF EACH
18	PERSON IN CUSTODY BEFORE THE INITIAL HEARING, AND EACH PERSON IN
19	CUSTODY HAS THE RIGHT TO BE REPRESENTED BY A PUBLIC DEFENDER AT
20	THE HEARING. THE COURT SHALL PROVIDE THE PERSON'S ATTORNEY
21	SUFFICIENT TIME TO PREPARE FOR AND PRESENT AN INDIVIDUALIZED
22	ARGUMENT REGARDING THE TYPE OF BOND AND CONDITIONS OF RELEASE
23	AT THE INITIAL HEARING, CONSISTENT WITH THE COURT'S DOCKET AND
24	SCHEDULING PRIORITIES.
25	(6) THE PROSECUTING ATTORNEY HAS THE RIGHT TO BE NOTIFIED
26	OF EACH PERSON SET FOR INITIAL HEARING, TO APPEAR AT ALL INITIAL
27	HEARINGS TO PROVIDE HIS OR HER POSITION REGARDING THE TYPE OF

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l	BOND AND CONDITIONS OF RELEASE, AND SHALL BE PROVIDED SUFFICIENT
2	TIME BY THE COURT TO PREPARE FOR AND PRESENT ANY RELEVANT
3	ARGUMENT, CONSISTENT WITH THE COURT'S DOCKET AND SCHEDULING
4	PRIORITIES.
5	(7) Prior to the initial hearing, any pretrial services
6	AGENCY OPERATING IN THAT COUNTY, OR ANY OTHER AGENCY THAT
7	REPORTS TO THE COURT, THAT HAS CONDUCTED A PRETRIAL RELEASE
8	ASSESSMENT OR GATHERED INFORMATION FOR THE COURT'S
9	CONSIDERATION AT THE INITIAL HEARING SHALL PROVIDE TO THE
10	PROSECUTION AND THE PERSON'S ATTORNEY ALL INFORMATION PROVIDED
11	TO THE COURT REGARDING THE PERSON IN CUSTODY, WHICH SHALL
12	INCLUDE, IF PROVIDED, THE ARREST WARRANT, THE PROBABLE CAUSE
13	STATEMENT, AND THE PERSON'S CRIMINAL HISTORY.
14	(8) THE SHERIFF'S OFFICE AND JAIL PERSONNEL SHALL PROVIDE THE
15	PUBLIC DEFENDER'S OFFICE OR PRIVATE COUNSEL ACCESS TO THE PERSON
16	WHO WILL BE APPEARING AT THE HEARING AND SHALL ALLOW SUFFICIENT
17	TIME WITH THE PERSON PRIOR TO THE HEARING IN ORDER TO PREPARE FOR
18	THE INITIAL HEARING.
19	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, add 16-4-116 and
20	16-4-117 as follows:
21	16-4-116. Bond hearing officer. (1) (a) THERE IS CREATED IN
22	THE STATE COURT ADMINISTRATOR'S OFFICE THE POSITION OF BOND
23	HEARING OFFICER. A BOND HEARING OFFICER IS A MAGISTRATE APPOINTED
24	BY THE CHIEF JUSTICE OF THE COLORADO SUPREME COURT OR HIS OR HER
25	DESIGNEE AND MUST BE A QUALIFIED ATTORNEY-AT-LAW ADMITTED TO
26	PRACTICE IN THIS STATE AND IN GOOD STANDING.
27	(b) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the

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1	CONTRARY, A BOND HEARING OFFICER HAS THE AUTHORITY TO CONDUCT
2	BOND HEARINGS FOR ANY JURISDICTION IN THE STATE. A BOND HEARING
3	OFFICER SHALL CONDUCT BOND HEARINGS ON WEEKENDS AND HOLIDAYS
4	USING AN INTERACTIVE AUDIOVISUAL DEVICE THAT PROVIDES THE PUBLIC
5	WITH THE OPPORTUNITY TO VIEW THE HEARING AND THE CRIME VICTIM, IF
6	ANY, WITH AN OPPORTUNITY TO PARTICIPATE IN THE HEARING IF DESIRED.
7	(2) (a) (I) EACH JUDICIAL DISTRICT THAT CONTAINS A COUNTY
8	THAT IS DESIGNATED AS A HIGH PRIORITY OR ELIGIBLE COUNTY BY THE
9	UNDERFUNDED COURTHOUSE FACILITY CASH FUND COMMISSION, CREATED
10	IN SECTION 13-1-303, HAS THE RIGHT TO HAVE A BOND HEARING OFFICER
11	CONDUCT WEEKEND AND HOLIDAY BOND HEARINGS. THE CHIEF JUDGE OF
12	THE JUDICIAL DISTRICT SHALL NOTIFY THE STATE COURT ADMINISTRATOR
13	IF THE JUDICIAL DISTRICT WANTS TO HAVE A BOND HEARING OFFICER
14	CONDUCT BOND HEARINGS ON A WEEKEND OR HOLIDAY.
15	(II) IF ANY OTHER JUDICIAL DISTRICT WANTS TO HAVE A BOND
16	HEARING OFFICER CONDUCT BOND HEARINGS, THE CHIEF JUDGE OF THE
17	JUDICIAL DISTRICT SHALL NOTIFY THE STATE COURT ADMINISTRATOR. THE
18	STATE COURT ADMINISTRATOR SHALL DETERMINE WHICH JUDICIAL
19	DISTRICTS NOT SUBJECT TO SUBSECTION $(2)(a)(I)$ of this section the
20	BOND HEARING OFFICER CAN SERVE WITHIN AVAILABLE RESOURCES.
21	(b) THE STATE COURT ADMINISTRATOR SHALL POST A SCHEDULE
22	FOR THE BOND HEARINGS TO BE HELD BY A BOND HEARING OFFICER ON ITS
23	WEBSITE.
24	(3) FOR EACH CASE HEARD BY A BOND HEARING OFFICER, THE
25	ARRESTING JURISDICTION SHALL ELECTRONICALLY TRANSMIT THE ARREST
26	REPORT, PRETRIAL SERVICES INFORMATION, AND ALL OTHER RELEVANT

INFORMATION TO THE BONDING HEARING OFFICER PRIOR TO THE HEARING.

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1	16-4-117. District attorney assistance for bond hearings grant
2	program - created - cash fund - rules - repeal. (1) ALL COSTS AND
3	EXPENSES RELATED TO A DISTRICT ATTORNEYS' OFFICE'S ABILITY TO
4	COMPLY WITH THE BOND HEARING REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 16-4-102
5	(2)(a) ARE REASONABLE AND NECESSARY EXPENSES REQUIRED TO FULLY
6	DISCHARGE THE OFFICIAL DUTIES OF THE OFFICE.
7	(2) There is hereby created in the Colorado district
8	ATTORNEYS' COUNCIL THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY ASSISTANCE FOR BOND
9	HEARINGS GRANT PROGRAM TO PROVIDE GRANTS TO ASSIST DISTRICT
10	ATTORNEYS IN COMPLYING WITH SECTION 16-4-102 (2)(a).
11	(3) GRANT RECIPIENTS SHALL USE THE MONEY TO PAY FOR ANY
12	REASONABLE COST OR EXPENSE DIRECTLY RELATED TO COMPLIANCE WITH
13	SECTION 16-4-102 (2)(a), INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO PERSONNEL,
14	EQUIPMENT, AND TRAVEL.
15	(4) The Colorado district attorneys' council shall
16	ADMINISTER THE GRANT PROGRAM AND, SUBJECT TO AVAILABLE
17	APPROPRIATIONS, SHALL AWARD GRANTS. SUBJECT TO AVAILABLE
18	APPROPRIATIONS, GRANTS SHALL BE PAID OUT OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY
19	ASSISTANCE FOR BOND HEARINGS CASH FUND CREATED IN SUBSECTION (9)
20	OF THIS SECTION.
21	(5) The Colorado district attorneys' council shall
22	PROMULGATE SUCH RULES AS MAY BE NECESSARY TO IMPLEMENT THE
23	GRANT PROGRAM. AT A MINIMUM, THE RULES MUST SPECIFY THE TIME
24	FRAMES FOR APPLYING FOR GRANTS, THE FORM OF THE GRANT PROGRAM
25	APPLICATION, AND THE TIME FRAMES FOR DISTRIBUTING GRANT MONEY.
26	(6) TO RECEIVE A GRANT, A DISTRICT ATTORNEY MUST SUBMIT AN
2.7	APPLICATION TO THE COLORADO DISTRICT ATTORNEYS' COUNCIL IN

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1	ACCORDANCE WITH RULES PROMULGATED BY THE COLORADO DISTRICT
2	ATTORNEYS' COUNCIL.
3	(7) THE COLORADO DISTRICT ATTORNEYS' COUNCIL EXECUTIVE
4	COMMITTEE SHALL REVIEW ALL APPLICATIONS RECEIVED PURSUANT TO
5	THIS SECTION AND SHALL PRIORITIZE AWARDING AT LEAST SEVENTY-FIVE
6	PERCENT OF ALL AVAILABLE GRANT MONEY TO DISTRICT ATTORNEYS
7	OFFICES LOCATED IN A JUDICIAL DISTRICT WITH A POPULATION BASE OF
8	TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND PEOPLE OR FEWER TO COMPLY WITH SECTION
9	16-4-102 (2)(a).
10	(8) SUBJECT TO AVAILABLE APPROPRIATIONS, ON OR BEFORE
11	OCTOBER 1 EACH YEAR OF THE GRANT PROGRAM, THE COLORADO
12	DISTRICT ATTORNEYS' COUNCIL SHALL AWARD GRANTS.
13	(9) (a) THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY ASSISTANCE FOR BOND HEARINGS
14	CASH FUND, REFERRED TO IN THIS SUBSECTION (9) AS THE "FUND", IS
15	HEREBY CREATED IN THE STATE TREASURY. THE FUND CONSISTS OF
16	MONEY THAT THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY MAY APPROPRIATE OR TRANSFER
17	TO THE FUND. THE DEPARTMENT OF LAW SHALL ADMINISTER THE FUND.
18	(b) The state treasurer shall credit all interest and
19	INCOME DERIVED FROM THE DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENT OF MONEY IN THE
20	FUND TO THE FUND.
21	(c) ANY UNEXPENDED AND UNENCUMBERED MONEY REMAINING
22	IN THE FUND AT THE END OF A FISCAL YEAR MUST REMAIN IN THE FUND
23	AND MAY BE SPENT IN FUTURE FISCAL YEARS.
24	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 20-1-111, add (4)(d)
25	as follows:
26	20-1-111. District attorneys may cooperate or contract -
27	contents - appropriation - repeal. (4) (d) The General assembly

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1	SHALL ANNUALLY APPROPRIATE NECESSARY FUNDS TO THE DEPARTMENT
2	OF LAW FOR ALLOCATION TO THE COLORADO DISTRICT ATTORNEYS'
3	COUNCIL, OR ITS SUCCESSOR, FOR THE PUBLIC PURPOSE OF PROVIDING
4	GRANTS TO LOCAL DISTRICT ATTORNEYS' OFFICES TO COVER COSTS AND
5	EXPENSES RELATED TO COMPLYING WITH THE BOND HEARING
6	REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 16-4-102 (2)(a). BY NOVEMBER 1 OF EACH
7	YEAR, THE COLORADO DISTRICT ATTORNEYS' COUNCIL SHALL SUBMIT A
8	REQUEST TO THE JOINT BUDGET COMMITTEE FOR NECESSARY FUNDS
9	CONSISTENT WITH THIS SUBSECTION $(4)(d)$.
10	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-33.5-503, amend
11	(1)(z); and add (1)(bb) and (1)(cc) as follows:
12	24-33.5-503. Duties of division. (1) The division has the
13	following duties:
14	(z) To provide training on the Colorado risk assessment scale and
15	the administrative release guideline instrument as required by section
16	17-22.5-404 (2)(c); C.R.S.; and
17	(bb) TO DEVELOP THE CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY
18	SECTION 16-4-102 (2)(j)(III) THAT INCLUDES SPECIFIC CERTIFICATIONS
19	FOR:
20	(I) Posting the notices required by section 16-4-102
21	(2)(h)(I)(A) AND (2)(i) FOR INMATES AND THE PUBLIC TO SEE;
22	(II) CREATION AND PROVISION OF THE NOTICE REQUIRED BY
23	SECTION 16-4-102 (2)(h);
24	(III) CREATION AND TRAINING ON THE WRITTEN POLICIES
25	REQUIRED BY SECTION 16-4-102 (2)(j)(I); AND
26	(IV) TIMELY UPDATES REQUIRED BY SECTION 16-4-102 (2)(j)(II);
27	AND

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1	(cc) Maintain a publicly accessible database of the
2	CERTIFICATES OF COMPLIANCE, POLICIES, AND NOTICES FILED BY A SHERIFF
3	PURSUANT TO SECTION 16-4-102 (2)(j)(III).
4	SECTION 6. Appropriation. (1) For the 2021-22 state fiscal
5	year, \$412,816 is appropriated to the judicial department for use by courts
6	administration. This appropriation consists of \$318,184 from the general
7	fund and \$94,632 from the judicial department information technology
8	cash fund created in section 13-32-114 (1), C.R.S. To implement this act,
9	the department may use this appropriation as follows:
10	(a) \$115,332, which consists of \$47,100 from the general fund
11	and \$68,232 from the judicial department information technology cash
12	fund created in section 13-32-114 (1), C.R.S., for general courts
13	administration, which amount is based on an assumption that the
14	department will require an additional 1.0 FTE;
15	(b) \$92,218, which consists of \$65,818 from the general fund and
16	\$26,400 from the judicial department information technology cash fund
17	created in section 13-32-114 (1), C.R.S., for capital outlay; and
18	(c) \$205,266 from the general fund for trial court programs, which
19	amount is based on an assumption that the department will require an
20	additional 2.2 FTE.
21	(2) For the 2021-22 state fiscal year, \$67,136 is appropriated to
22	the judicial department for use by the office of the state public defender.
23	This appropriation is from the general fund. To implement this act, the
24	office may use this appropriation as follows:
25	(a) \$27,836 for personal services;
26	(b) \$38,000 for capital outlay; and
27	(c) \$1,300 for operating expenses.

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(3) For the 2021-22 state fiscal year, \$19,500 is appropriated t
the department of public safety for use by the division of criminal justice
This appropriation is from the general fund. To implement this act, th
division may use this appropriation for DCJ administrative services.

- (4) For the 2021-22 state fiscal year, \$150,000 is appropriated to the district attorney assistance for bond hearings cash fund created in section 16-4-117 (9)(a), C.R.S. This appropriation is from the general fund. The department of law is responsible for the accounting related to this appropriation.
- (5) For the 2021-22 state fiscal year, \$150,000 is appropriated to the department of law. This appropriation is from reappropriated funds in the district attorney assistance for bond hearings cash fund under subsection (4) of this section. To implement this act, the department may use the appropriation for the district attorney assistance for bond hearings grant program.

SECTION 7. Act subject to petition - effective date. This act takes effect at 12:01 a.m. on the day following the expiration of the ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly; except that, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this act within such period, then the act, item, section, or part will not take effect unless approved by the people at the general election to be held in November 2022 and, in such case, will take effect on the date of the official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.

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