

115TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 977

To amend the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 to create a demonstration project to fund additional secondary school counselors in troubled title I schools to reduce the dropout rate.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

February 7, 2017

Ms. SÁNCHEZ (for herself, Mr. GARAMENDI, and Mr. LANGEVIN) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Education and the Workforce

A BILL

- To amend the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 to create a demonstration project to fund additional secondary school counselors in troubled title I schools to reduce the dropout rate.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
 - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
 - 4 This Act may be cited as the "Put School Counselors
 - 5 Where They're Needed Act".

1	SEC. 2. DEMONSTRATION PROJECT FOR ADDITIONAL SEC-
2	ONDARY SCHOOL COUNSELORS.
3	Part D of title I of the Elementary and Secondary
4	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6421 et seq.) is amend-
5	ed by adding at the end the following:
6	"Subpart 4—Demonstration Project for Additional
7	Secondary School Counselors
8	"SEC. 1441. FINDINGS.
9	"The Congress finds the following:
0	"(1) Nationally, only 70 percent of students
1	graduate from high school with a regular high school
2	diploma.
3	"(2) Every school day, 7,000 American high
4	school students become dropouts.
5	"(3) High school students living in low-income
6	families drop out of school at three times the rate
7	of their peers from high-income families.
8	"(4) Only about 55 percent of African Amer-
9	ican students and 52 percent of Hispanic students
20	graduate on time from high school with a regular di-
21	ploma, compared to 78 percent of white students.
22	"(5) The dropout rate for students with disabil-
23	ities is approximately twice that of general education
24	students.
25	"(6) High school is the final transition into
26	adulthood and the world of work as students begin

defining their independence and forging their own pathways. As our next generation of leaders, our youth, are deciding their futures, they are faced with many challenges, including peer pressure and bullying, high-stakes testing, the challenges of college admissions, the scholarship and financial aid application process, and entrance into an ever more competitive job market. Students need guidance and skills to help them navigate these complex decisions, which have serious and life changing consequences.

- "(7) School counseling programs are essential for students to achieve optimal personal growth, acquire positive social skills and values, set appropriate career goals, and realize full academic potential to become productive, contributing members of the world community.
- "(8) Professional secondary school counselors are highly qualified educators with a mental health perspective who understand and respond to the challenges presented by today's diverse student population.
- "(9) The professional secondary school counseling (or the substantial equivalent), and is

certified or licensed by the State in which the counselor works.

"(10) Professional secondary school counselors are integral to the total educational program. They provide proactive leadership that engages all stakeholders in the delivery of programs and services to help the student achieve success in school. Professional secondary school counselors align and work with the school's mission to support the academic achievement of all students as they prepare for the ever-changing world of the 21st century.

"(11) Professional secondary school counselors' opportunities to assist students are often hindered by extraordinarily high student-to-counselor ratios. Currently, the average student-to-counselor ratio in America's public schools is 471 to 1. The American School Counselor Association, the American Counseling Association, and the National Association for College Admissions Counseling all recommend a ratio of one school counselor to 250 students and a lower ratio for counselors working primarily with students at risk.

23 "SEC. 1442. DEMONSTRATION PROJECT.

24 "(a) IN GENERAL.—From amounts made available to 25 carry out this subpart, the Secretary shall carry out a

- 1 demonstration project under which the Secretary makes
- 2 grants on a competitive basis to secondary schools that
- 3 receive funds under this title and have a four-year ad-
- 4 justed cohort graduation rate of 60 percent or lower.
- 5 "(b) Grants.—A grant under this subpart shall be
- 6 for a period of 4 years and may be used—
- 7 "(1) to provide additional school counselors
- 8 during that period; and
- 9 "(2) to provide additional resources (such as
- professional development expenses or travel expenses
- for home visits, and any services and materials re-
- ferred to in subsection (d)) and to pay overhead ex-
- penses.
- 14 "(c) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
- 15 gress that a participating school should aim to provide,
- 16 under subsection (b)(1), one additional counselor per 250
- 17 students at risk.
- 18 "(d) Scope of Counseling.—The additional school
- 19 counselors shall identify students who are at risk of not
- 20 graduating in 4 years and shall provide counseling pri-
- 21 marily to those students. The counselors may identify such
- 22 students at any time, but shall strive to identify them be-
- 23 fore they enter grade 9. Services shall be provided as long
- 24 as necessary, including to the extent allowable and appro-

- 1 priate, after the student's cohort graduation date. The 2 counseling provided—
- "(1) may include a full panoply of services, including an individual graduation plan and other resources, such as appropriate course placement and supplemental services (to include not only supplemental educational services tutoring if available at the school site, but also other tutoring as necessary, along with supplemental books and materials); and
 - "(2) shall include meetings with each student so identified and with the teachers, tutors, supplemental educational services providers, and parents of the student, and may also include meetings with other relevant individuals, such as a probation officer, mentor, coach, or employer of the student.
- 16 "(e) Supplement Not Supplant.—Funds under this subpart shall be used to supplement, not supplant, funds from non-Federal sources. The additional school 18 19 counselors provided through funds under this subpart 20 must be in addition to any employees who work in the 21 secondary school guidance or counseling office, such as 22 counselors, college admissions specialists, career develop-23 ment specialists, guidance information specialists, or any other professional or paraprofessional.
- 25 "(f) Additional Grant Periods.—

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"(1) IN GENERAL.—A school that receives a 1 2 grant under this subpart and demonstrates adequate 3 improvement over the period of the grant is eligible to receive a second grant for a second period. If the 5 school again demonstrates adequate improvement 6 over that second period, the school is eligible to re-7 ceive a third grant for a third period. The third 8 grant shall provide amounts that decrease for each 9 year of the third period and require the school to 10 corresponding increases in non-Federal provide 11 funds.

- "(2) ADEQUATE IMPROVEMENT.—For purposes of paragraph (1), a school demonstrates adequate improvement over a grant period if the four-year adjusted cohort graduation rate increases (or is projected to increase) by 10 percent or more over that period.
- "(g) Selection.—The Secretary shall carry out the demonstration project in at least 10 schools. The first five schools selected to participate shall each be from a different State.

22 **"SEC. 1443. DEFINITION.**

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"(a) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of this subpart, the term 'regular high school diploma' means the standard high school diploma awarded to the preponderance of stu-

- 1 dents in the State that is fully aligned with State stand-
- 2 ards, or a higher diploma, and does not include GEDs,
- 3 certificates of attendance, or any lesser diploma award.
- 4 "(b) Special Rule.—For those students who have
- 5 significant cognitive disabilities and are assessed using an
- 6 alternate assessment aligned to alternate achievement
- 7 standards, receipt of a regular high school diploma or
- 8 State-defined alternate diploma aligned with completion of
- 9 their entitlement under the Individuals with Disabilities
- 10 Education Act shall be counted as graduates with a reg-
- 11 ular high school diploma for the purposes of this Act. No
- 12 more than 1 percent of students can be counted as grad-
- 13 uates with a regular high school diploma under this sub-
- 14 paragraph.

15 "SEC. 1444. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- 16 "There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out
- 17 this subpart \$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2018
- 18 through 2021.".

19 SEC. 3. CONFORMING AMENDMENT; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 20 (a) Conforming Amendment.—Section 1002(d) of
- 21 the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20
- 22 U.S.C. 6302(d)) is amended by inserting "(other than
- 23 subpart 4)" after "part D,".
- 24 (b) TOC.—The table of contents in section 2 of the
- 25 Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 is

- 1 amended by inserting after the item relating to section
- 2 1432 the following:

"Subpart 4—Demonstration Project for Additional Secondary School Counselors

"Sec. 1841. Findings.

"Sec. 1842. Demonstration project.

"Sec. 1843. Definition.

"Sec. 1844. Authorization of appropriations.".

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