

115TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 471

To establish minimum standards of disclosure by franchises whose franchisees use loans guaranteed by the Small Business Administration.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

January 12, 2017

Mr. Ellison (for himself, Mr. Huffman, Mr. Conyers, and Ms. McCollum) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

A BILL

To establish minimum standards of disclosure by franchises whose franchisees use loans guaranteed by the Small Business Administration.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Small Business Admin-
- 5 istration Franchise Loan Transparency Act of 2017".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.
- 7 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
- 8 ings:

- 1 (1) Franchise businesses represent a large and 2 growing segment of the retail and service businesses 3 of the United States and are rapidly replacing more 4 traditional forms of small business ownership in the 5 economy of the United States.
 - (2) The Small Business Administration ("SBA") guarantees much of the financing available in franchising.
 - (3) The SBA requires pro forma projections, including projected revenue, for the first year of operations of a franchise as part of the standard operating requirements for a franchise to qualify for financing.
 - (4) On July 13, 2011, the SBA Office of Inspector General published an audit (Report No. 11–16) on loans made under section 7(a) of the Small Business Act to Huntington Learning Center franchises where first year revenue projections were all significantly inflated.
 - (5) On July 2, 2013, the SBA Office of Inspector General published an audit evaluation (Report No. 13–17) showing that the SBA needed to improve the management of its 7(a) loan portfolio risk, specifically with certain franchise brands that had

- exceptionally high default rates that continued to receive guaranteed loans from the SBA.
- 3 (6) In September 2013, the Government Accountability Office published a study (GAO-13-759) 5 showing that over the 10-year period from 2003 to 6 2012, 28 percent of 7(a) loans to franchises required 7 a guarantee payment. The study was based on 8 32,323 loans totaling \$10.6 billion, which required 9 \$1.5 billion in guarantee payments. The report spe-10 cifically stated, "Potential franchisees should include 11 first-year revenue estimates in their SBA loan appli-12 cations. However, this information is not necessarily 13 available to potential franchisees in the franchise or-14 ganization's disclosure document.".
 - (7) Franchise companies most often collect royalties based on gross revenue; therefore, revenue data on each franchise outlet are readily available.
 - (8) While both the franchisor and the lender profit as a result of the SBA financing, only the franchisee bears the total liability for the loan.
 - (b) Purpose.—It is the purpose of this Act to—
- 22 (1) ensure transparency in the loan processes of 23 the Small Business Administration, so that the 24 franchisee borrower, the lender, and the Administra-

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1	tion all have access to information that is key to the
2	lending process;
3	(2) remove any hidden discussions between the
4	franchisor and the lender on financial data critical
5	to the loan approval process;
6	(3) lower the fees and rates charged to
7	franchisee borrowers; and
8	(4) help ensure lower default rates in order to
9	make more money available for loans.
10	SEC. 3. REQUIRED DISCLOSURES.
11	(a) In General.—A franchisor, except for a
12	franchisor of a franchise in the lodging industry, shall dis-
13	close in the required Federal Trade Commission disclosure
14	document, the following:
15	(1) The average first-year revenue for all fran-
16	chise locations for each of the preceding five years
17	of operation.
18	(2) The number of franchise locations that went
19	out of business or were sold by the franchisee during
20	the first year of operation for each of the preceding
21	five years.
22	(3) Average revenues for all locations of the
23	franchise for each of the preceding five years of op-
24	eration, aggregated to show the top 25 percent, mid-

- dle 50 percent, and the bottom 25 percent of rev-
- enue.
- 3 (b) Disclosure to Prospective Franchisee.—
- 4 Any financial information relating to the performance of
- 5 any location of a franchise that is provided by the
- 6 franchisor, or its representatives, to the lender for the pur-
- 7 pose of qualifying the loan, shall be disclosed to the pro-
- 8 spective franchisee borrower.

9 SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.

- 10 For purposes of this Act, the following definitions
- 11 apply:
- 12 (1) The term "disclosure document" means the
- disclosure statement required by the Federal Trade
- 14 Commission in Trade Regulation Rule 436 (16 Fed.
- 15 Reg. 436).
- 16 (2) The terms "franchise", "franchisee" and
- 17 "franchisor" have the meanings given such terms in
- section 436.1 of title 16 of the Code of Federal Reg-
- 19 ulations as in effect on July 1, 2007.

20 SEC. 5. SEVERABILITY.

- 21 If any provision of this Act or any application of this
- 22 Act to any person or circumstances is held invalid, the
- 23 remainder of this Act and its application to any person
- 24 or circumstance shall not be affected thereby.