Karianne Lisonbee proposes the following substitute bill:

1

Criminal Justice Amendments

2025 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Karianne Lisonbee

Senate Sponsor: Brady Brammer

2

5

17

LONG TITLE

4 General Description:

This bill modifies statutory provisions related to criminal justice.

6 **Highlighted Provisions:**

- 7 This bill:
- 8 modifies provisions related to the release of individuals due to overcrowding of
- 9 correctional facilities;
- requires a county sheriff who permits probation to establish probations standards and
- 11 procedures adopted by the Utah Sheriffs' Association;
- 12 prohibits the use of state funds for a syringe exchange program;
- prohibits the Department of Corrections from housing inmates in a private correctional
- 14 facility, unless the purpose is federal immigration detention or civil detention;
- 15 adds "detention removal officer" to the definition of federal officers who have statewide
- law enforcement authority;
 - modifies contractual term requirements for the state court administrator in relation to
- 18 providing security;
- 19 modifies provisions related to the definition and calculation of the state daily
- 20 incarceration rate;
- ≥ modifies permitted uses for funds in the Adult Probation and Parole Employment
- 22 Incentive Program;
- 23 adds strangulation or choking as a criminal offense included with the crime of
- 24 commission of domestic violence in the presence of a child;
- 25 requires that the Department of Corrections may only contract with a county facility to
- 26 house state inmates in a county correctional facility;
- ≥ modifies the definition of habitual offender and makes conforming changes;
- requires a county sheriff to report statistics on releases due to overcrowding and pretrial

- 29 release;
- modifies provisions related to a county sheriff's release of individuals on their own
- 31 recognizance;
- prohibits a county jail official from fixing a financial condition for an individual with a
- 33 misdemeanor charge for certain domestic violence and driving under the influence
- 34 offenses;
- ▶ modifies provisions related to a magistrate's orders for pretrial release or detention;
- Frepeals the Subcommittee on County Correctional Facility Contracting and
- 37 Reimbursement; and
- makes technical and conforming changes.
- 39 Money Appropriated in this Bill:
- 40 None
- 41 Other Special Clauses:
- This bill provides a special effective date.
- 43 Utah Code Sections Affected:
- 44 AMENDS:
- 45 **17-22-5.5**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 419
- 46 **17-22-5.6**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 16
- 47 **26B-7-117**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 250
- 48 **53-13-106**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 153
- 49 **64-13d-103**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter 288
- 50 **64-13e-102**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 467
- 51 **64-13e-103**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 246
- 52 **64-13e-103.1**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 467
- 53 **64-13e-103.3**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 246
- **64-13g-102**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 208
- **76-5-114**, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 181
- 56 **77-18-102**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 245, 434
- 57 **77-18-103**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 187, 245 and 434
- 58 77-20-103, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Second Special Session,
- 59 Chapter 4
- 60 **77-20-203**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 16
- 61 **77-20-204**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 16
- 62 **77-20-402**, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Second Special Session,

	Chapter 4
E	NACTS:
	64-13-51 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
R	EPEALS:
	64-13e-105 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 467
	77-27-21.9 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 309
=	
Be	e it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 17-22-5.5 is amended to read:
	17-22-5.5. Sheriff's classification of jail facilities Maximum operating capacity
	jail facilities Transfer or release of prisoners Limitation Records regarding
	lease.
(1	(a) Except as provided in Subsection [(4)] (5), a county sheriff shall determine:
	(i) subject to Subsection (1)(b), the classification of each jail facility or section of a
	jail facility under the sheriff's control;
	(ii) the nature of each program conducted at a jail facility under the sheriff's control;
	and
	(iii) the internal operation of a jail facility under the sheriff's control.
	(b) A classification under Subsection (1)(a)(i) of a jail facility may not violate any
	applicable zoning ordinance or conditional use permit of the county or municipality.
(2	Except as provided in Subsection [(4)] (5), each county sheriff shall:
	(a) with the approval of the county legislative body, establish a maximum operating
	capacity for each jail facility under the sheriff's control, based on facility design and
	staffing; and
	(b) upon a jail facility reaching the jail facility's maximum operating capacity:
	(i) transfer prisoners to another appropriate facility:
	(A) under the sheriff's control; or
	(B) available to the sheriff by contract;
	(ii) subject to the requirements of Subsection (4), release prisoners:
	(A) to a supervised release program, according to release criteria established by
	the sheriff; or
	(B) to another alternative incarceration program developed by the sheriff; or
	(iii) admit prisoners in accordance with law and a uniform admissions policy
	imposed equally upon all entities using the county jail

97	(3)(a) The sheriff shall keep records of the release status and the type of release program
98	or alternative incarceration program for any prisoner released under Subsection
99	(2)(b)(ii).
100	(b) The sheriff shall make these records available upon request to the Department of
101	Corrections, the Judiciary, and the Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice.
102	(4) Before releasing an individual due to overcrowding, a sheriff shall, consistent with the
103	requirements of Subsection (5), contract with another county jail to house an individual
104	who:
105	(a) is arrested or convicted of a violent criminal offense as defined in Section
106	76-3-203.10;
107	(b) is arrested or convicted of a drug offense that is a felony;
108	(c) is arrested or convicted of possession of any composition or mixture, including pills,
109	that contains 100 grams or more of fentanyl or a fentanyl-related substance;
110	(d) is arrested or convicted of an offense of driving under the influence or driving with a
111	measurable controlled substance in the body, if the offense results in death or serious
112	bodily injury to an individual;
113	(e) has been arrested or convicted of another crime within the 30-day period
114	immediately preceding the date of the arrest or conviction; or
115	(f) has been previously booked into the same jail within the immediately preceding
116	12-month period;
117	(g) has an outstanding warrant for failing to appear in a case:
118	(i) involving any charge described in Subsections (4)(a) through (4)(d); or
119	(ii) where the individual classifies as a habitual offender as defined in Section
120	<u>77-18-102.</u>
121	[(4)] (5)(a) This section may not be construed to authorize a sheriff to modify provisions
122	of a contract with the Department of Corrections to house in a county jail an
123	individual sentenced to the Department of Corrections.
124	(b) A county contracting with another county to house an individual:
125	(i) shall contract with the nearest county that:
126	(A) has available capacity in its county jail; and
127	(B) contracts to house the individual;
128	(ii) may not house federal detainees; and
129	(iii) shall, subject to the agreement of the parties to the contract, pay to the county
130	contracting to receive the transferred individual a day per capita rate that does not

131	exceed the higher of:
132	(A) the current average cost of housing an individual in the transferring county
133	jail; or
134	(B) the daily incarceration rates described in Section 64-13e-103.1.
135	[(5)] (6) Regardless of whether a jail facility has reached the jail facility's maximum
136	operating capacity under Subsection (2), a sheriff may release an individual from a jail
137	facility in accordance with Section 77-20-203 or 77-20-204.
138	[(6)] (7) The sheriff of a county of the first class is encouraged to open and operate all
139	sections of a jail facility within the county that is not being used to full capacity.
140	Section 2. Section 17-22-5.6 is amended to read:
141	17-22-5.6 . Probation supervision Violation of probation Detention
142	Hearing.
143	(1) As used in this section:
144	(a) "Probationer" means an individual on probation under the supervision of the county
145	sheriff.
146	(b)(i) "Qualifying domestic violence offense" means the same as that term is defined
147	in Subsection 77-36-1.1(4).
148	(ii) "Qualifying domestic violence offense" does not include criminal mischief as
149	described in Section 76-6-106.
150	(c) "Violent felony" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-3-203.5.
151	(2) A county sheriff who permits an individual to be granted probation shall adopt
152	probation standards and practices that are established by the Utah Sheriffs' Association.
153	(3) A county sheriff shall ensure that the court is notified of violations of the terms and
154	conditions of a probationer's probation when the county sheriff determines that:
155	(a) incarceration is recommended as a sanction;
156	(b) a graduated and evidence-based response is not an appropriate response to the
157	offender's violation and recommends revocation of probation; or
158	(c) there is probable cause that the conduct that led to a violation of probation is:
159	(i) a violent felony; or
160	(ii) a qualifying domestic violence offense.
161	[(3)] (4) A county sheriff may take custody of, and detain, a probationer for a maximum of
162	72 hours, excluding weekends and holidays, if there is probable cause to believe that the
163	probationer has committed a violation of probation.
164	[(4)] (5) A county sheriff may not detain a probationer or parolee for longer than 72 hours

165	without obtaining a warrant issued by the court.
166	[(5)] (6) If the county sheriff detains a probationer under Subsection $[(3)]$ (4), the county
167	sheriff shall ensure the proper court is notified.
168	[(6)] (7) A written order from the county sheriff is sufficient authorization for a peace
169	officer to incarcerate a probationer if the county sheriff has determined that there is
170	probable cause to believe that the probationer has violated the conditions of probation.
171	[(7)] (8) If a probationer commits a violation outside of the jurisdiction of the county sheriff
172	supervising the probationer, the arresting law enforcement agency is not required to hold
173	or transport the probationer to the county sheriff.
174	[(8)] (9) This section does not require the county sheriff to release a probationer who is
175	being held for something other than a probation violation, including a warrant issued for
176	new criminal conduct or a new conviction where the individual is sentenced to
177	incarceration.
178	Section 3. Section 26B-7-117 is amended to read:
179	26B-7-117 . Syringe exchange and education.
180	(1) The following may operate a syringe exchange program in the state to prevent the
181	transmission of disease and reduce morbidity and mortality among individuals who
182	inject drugs, and those individuals' contacts:
183	(a) a government entity, including:
184	(i) the department;
185	(ii) a local health department; or
186	(iii) a local substance abuse authority, as defined in Section 26B-5-101;
187	(b) a nongovernment entity, including:
188	(i) a nonprofit organization; or
189	(ii) a for-profit organization; or
190	(c) any other entity that complies with Subsections (2) and (3).
191	(2) An entity operating a syringe exchange program in the state shall:
192	(a) facilitate the exchange of an individual's used syringe for one or more new syringes
193	in sealed sterile packages;
194	(b) ensure that a recipient of a new syringe is given verbal and written instruction on:
195	(i) methods for preventing the transmission of blood-borne diseases, including
196	hepatitis C and human immunodeficiency virus; and
197	(ii) options for obtaining:
198	(A) services for the treatment of a substance use disorder;

199	(B) testing for a blood-borne disease; and
200	(C) an opiate antagonist; and
201	(c) report annually to the department the following information about the program's
202	activities:
203	(i) the number of individuals who have exchanged syringes;
204	(ii) the number of used syringes exchanged for new syringes; and
205	(iii) the number of new syringes provided in exchange for used syringes.
206	(3) The department shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
207	Administrative Rulemaking Act, specifying how and when an entity operating a syringe
208	exchange program shall make the report required by Subsection (2)(c).
209	(4) The use of state funds to operate a syringe exchange program is prohibited. Nothing in
210	this section should be construed to prohibit the use or distribution of municipal, county,
211	or federal funds in operating or financing a syringe exchange program under this section.
212	Section 4. Section 53-13-106 is amended to read:
213	53-13-106. Federal officers State law enforcement authority.
214	(1)(a) "Federal agency" means:
215	(i) the United States Bureau of Land Management;
216	(ii) the United States Forest Service;
217	(iii) the National Park Service;
218	(iv) the United States Fish and Wildlife Service;
219	(v) the United States Bureau of Reclamation;
220	(vi) the United States Environmental Protection Agency;
221	(vii) the United States Army Corps of Engineers; and
222	(viii) the Department of Veterans Affairs.
223	(b) "Federal employee" means an employee of a federal agency.
224	(c) "Federal officer" includes:
225	(i) a special agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation;
226	(ii) a special agent of the United States Secret Service;
227	(iii) a special agent of the United States Department of Homeland Security, excluding
228	a customs inspector[-or-detention removal officer];
229	(iv) a special agent of the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms;
230	(v) a special agent of the Drug Enforcement Administration;
231	(vi) a United States marshal, deputy marshal, and special deputy United States
232	marshal:

233	(vii) a U.S. postal inspector of the United States Postal Inspection Service; and
234	(viii) a police officer of the Department of Veterans Affairs.
235	(d)(i) Federal officers listed in Subsection (1)(c) have statewide law enforcement
236	authority relating to felony offenses under the laws of this state. [-]This Subsection
237	(1)(d)(i) takes precedence over Subsection (2).
238	(ii) Federal agencies and federal employees may exercise law enforcement authority
239	related to misdemeanor and felony offenses under Utah law only as established by
240	an agreement as provided in Subsection (1)(d)(iii) and as provided in Section
241	53-13-106.9 or pursuant to Section 53-13-106.7. This Subsection (1)(d)(ii) takes
242	precedence over Subsection (2).
243	(iii) Consistent with Section 53-13-106.9, county sheriffs may enter into agreements
244	with federal agencies that allow concurrent authority to enforce federal laws and
245	state and local laws, provided that:
246	(A) the agreement is limited to a term of not more than two years; and
247	(B) the officers granted authority under the agreement have completed a 20-hour
248	training course that is focused on Utah criminal law and procedure and that is
249	approved by the director of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Division.
250	(e) The council may designate other federal peace officers, as necessary, if the officers:
251	(i) are persons employed full-time by the United States government as federally
252	recognized law enforcement officers primarily responsible for the investigation
253	and enforcement of the federal laws;
254	(ii) have successfully completed formal law enforcement training offered by an
255	agency of the federal government consisting of not less than 400 hours; and
256	(iii) maintain in-service training in accordance with the standards set forth in Section
257	53-13-103.
258	(2) Except as otherwise provided under Title 63L, Chapter 1, Federal Jurisdiction, and Title
259	77, Chapter 9, Uniform Act on Fresh Pursuit, a federal officer may exercise state law
260	enforcement authority only if:
261	(a) the state law enforcement agencies and county sheriffs with jurisdiction enter into an
262	agreement with the federal agency to be given authority; and
263	(b) except as provided in Subsection (3), each federal officer employed by the federal
264	agency meets the waiver requirements set forth in Section 53-6-206.
265	(3) A federal officer working as such in the state on or before July 1, 1995, may exercise
266	state law enforcement authority without meeting the waiver requirement.

267	(4) At any time, consistent with any contract with a federal agency, a state or local law	
268	enforcement authority may withdraw state law enforcement authority from any	
269	individual federal officer by sending written notice to the federal agency and to the	
270	division.	
271	(5) The authority of a federal officer under this section is limited to the jurisdiction of the	;
272	authorizing state or local agency, and may be further limited by the state or local agen	юу
273	to enforcing specific statutes, codes, or ordinances.	
274	Section 5. Section 64-13-51 is enacted to read:	
275	<u>64-13-51</u> . Sex offender assessment.	
276	(1) As used in this section:	
277	(a) "Dynamic factors" means a person's individual characteristics, issues, resources, or	<u>or</u>
278	circumstances that:	
279	(i) can change or be influenced; and	
280	(ii) affect the risk of recidivism or the risk of violating conditions of probation or	• -
281	parole.	
282	(b) "Multi-domain assessment" means an evaluation process or tool which reports in	
283	quantitative and qualitative terms an offender's condition, stability, needs, resource	es,
284	and dynamic factors affecting the offender's transition into the community and	
285	compliance with conditions of probation or parole, such as the following:	
286	(i) alcohol and other drug use;	
287	(ii) mental health status;	
288	(iii) physical health;	
289	(iv) criminal behavior;	
290	(v) education;	
291	(vi) emotional health and barriers;	
292	(vii) employment;	
293	(viii) family dynamics;	
294	(ix) housing;	
295	(x) physical health and nutrition;	
296	(xi) spirituality;	
297	(xii) social support systems;	
298	(xiii) special population needs, including:	
299	(A) co-existing disorders;	
300	(B) domestic violence;	

301	(C) drug of choice;
302	(D) gender, ethnic, and cultural considerations;
303	(E) other health issues;
304	(F) sexual abuse; and
305	(G) sexual orientation;
306	(xiv) transportation; and
307	(xv) treatment involvement.
308	(c) "Qualitative terms" means written summaries used to describe meaning, enrich, or
309	explain significant quantitative indicators or benchmarks within the areas defined in
310	Subsection (1)(b).
311	(d) "Quantitative terms" means numerical distinctions or benchmarks used to describe
312	conditions within the areas defined in Subsection (1)(b).
313	(2) The department shall issue a request for proposals to provide a periodic multi-domain
314	assessment tool, as defined in Subsection (1)(b) and implement the tool for a three-year
315	trial period in the management of sex offenders being supervised in the community in
316	the department's Region 3.
317	(3) The request for proposals shall include a requirement that the multi-domain assessment
318	tool be designed to be administered:
319	(a) every 16 weeks during the first year a sex offender is supervised in the community;
320	<u>and</u>
321	(b) every 12 to 26 weeks during the second and subsequent years a sex offender is
322	supervised in the community, as determined appropriate by the department's
323	supervisory personnel and the sex offender's treatment team.
324	(4) The department shall promptly make results of the multi-domain assessment available
325	<u>to:</u>
326	(a) the sex offender's treatment team; and
327	(b) the corrections personnel responsible for supervising the offender.
328	(5) The department shall provide to the legislative Law Enforcement and Criminal Justice
329	Interim Committee at the conclusion of the trial period a written report of the results of
330	the use of the multi-domain assessments, including:
331	(a) the impact on recidivism;
332	(b) other indicators of the effect of the use of the assessments;
333	(c) the number of assessments administered annually;
334	(d) the number of individuals who were assessed during the year; and

335	(e) any recommended legislative or policy changes.
336	Section 6. Section 64-13d-103 is amended to read:
337	64-13d-103. Private contracts Limitations on purpose Requirements before
338	entering into contract Required terms.
339	(1)(a) The department may contract with a contractor to finance, acquire, construct,
340	lease, or provide full or partial correctional services.
341	(b) A contractor may only house an inmate for federal immigration detention or civil
342	detention. The department may not contract with a contractor to house an inmate for
343	any other purpose.
344	(2) Before entering into a contract, the department shall:
345	(a) hold a public hearing within the county or municipality where the facility is to be
346	sited for the purpose of obtaining public comment;
347	(b) give consideration to the input received at the public hearing when making decisions
348	regarding the awarding of a contract and the contract process; and
349	(c) have received written notification from the legislative body of the municipality or
350	county where the proposed facility is to be sited, stating that the legislative body has
351	agreed to the establishment of the facility within its boundaries.
352	(3) Before entering into a contract, the department shall require that the contractor
353	proposing to provide the services demonstrate that it has:
354	(a) management personnel with the qualifications and experience necessary to carry out
355	the terms of the contract;
356	(b) sufficient financial resources to:
357	(i) complete and operate the facility;
358	(ii) provide indemnification for liability arising from the operation of the facility; and
359	(iii) provide reimbursement as required under Section 64-13d-105;
360	(c) the ability and resources to meet applicable court orders, correctional standards as
361	defined by the department, and constitutional requirements; and
362	(d) liability insurance adequate to protect the state, the political subdivision where the
363	facility is located, and the officers and employees of the facility from all claims and
364	losses incurred as a result of action or inaction by the contractor or its employees.
365	(4) A contract awarded for the operation of a facility shall be consistent with commonly
366	accepted correctional practices as defined by the department and shall include:
367	(a) adequate internal and perimeter security to protect the public, employees, and
368	inmates, based on the security level of the inmate population:

369	(b) work, training, educational, and treatment programs for inmates;
370	(c) a minimum correctional officer to inmate ratio;
371	(d) imposition of inmate discipline in accordance with applicable state law and
372	department policy; and
373	(e) adequate food, clothing, housing, and medical care for inmates.
374	Section 7. Section 64-13e-102 is amended to read:
375	64-13e-102 . Definitions.
376	As used in this chapter:
377	(1) "Alternative treatment program" means:
378	(a) an evidence-based cognitive behavioral therapy program; or
379	(b) a certificate-based program provided by:
380	(i) an institution of higher education described in Subsection 53B-1-102(1)(b); or
381	(ii) a degree-granting institution acting in the degree-granting institution's technical
382	education role described in Section 53B-2a-201.
383	(2) "Board" means the Board of Pardons and Parole.
384	(3) "Commission" means the State Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice, created in
385	Section 63M-7-201.
386	(4)(a) "Condition of probation day" means a day spent by a state probationary inmate in
387	a county correctional facility as a condition of probation.
388	(b) "Condition of probation day" includes a day spent by a state probationary inmate in a
389	county correctional facility:
390	(i) after the date of sentencing;
391	(ii) before the date of sentencing, if a court orders that the state probationary inmate
392	shall receive credit for time served in a county correctional facility before the date
393	of sentencing;
394	(iii) as a condition of an original order of probation; and
395	(iv) as a condition of a new order of probation after a prior revocation of probation.
396	(c) "Condition of probation day" does not include a day spent by a state probationary
397	inmate in a county correctional facility:
398	(i) as a probation sanction day;
399	(ii) after the state probationary inmate has spent 365 consecutive days in a county
400	correctional facility for a single order of probation;
401	(iii) as a condition of a plea in abeyance agreement if a conviction has not been
402	entered;

403	(iv) on a hold instituted by the federal Immigration and Customs Enforcement
404	Agency of the United States Department of Homeland Security; or
405	(v) after the termination of probation if the state probationary inmate is:
406	(A) sentenced to prison; or
407	(B) eligible for release.
408	(5) "Department" means the Department of Corrections, created in Section 64-13-2.
409	(6) "Division" means the Division of Finance, created in Section 63A-3-101.
410	(7)(a) "Eligible bed day" means a day spent by a state probationary inmate or a state
411	parole inmate in a county correctional facility that is eligible for reimbursement
412	under Section 64-13e-104.
413	(b) "Eligible bed day" includes:
414	(i) a condition of probation day;
415	(ii) a parole hold day;
416	(iii) a parole sanction day; and
417	(iv) a probation sanction day.
418	(8)(a) "Parole hold day" means a day spent in a county correctional facility by a state
419	parole inmate under Subsection 64-13-29(3) based on a suspected violation of the
420	state parole inmate's terms of parole.
421	(b) "Parole hold day" does not include a day spent in a county correctional facility by a
422	state parole inmate:
423	(i) after the state parole inmate has spent 72 hours, excluding weekends and holidays
424	for a single suspected violation of the state parole inmate's terms of parole; or
425	(ii) as a parole sanction day.
426	(9)(a) "Parole sanction day" means a day spent in a county correctional facility by a state
427	parole inmate as a sanction under Subsection 64-13-6(2) for a violation of the state
428	parole inmate's terms of parole.
429	(b) "Parole sanction day" includes not more than three consecutive days and not more
430	than a total of five days within a period of 30 days for each sanction.
431	(c) "Parole sanction day" does not include a parole hold day.
432	(10)(a) "Probation sanction day" means a day spent in a county correctional facility by a
433	state probationary inmate as a sanction under Subsection 64-13-6(2) based on a
434	violation of the state probationary inmate's terms of probation.
435	(b) "Probation sanction day" includes not more than three consecutive days and not more
436	than a total of five days within a period of 30 days for each sanction.

437	(c) "Probation sanction day" does not include:
438	(i) a condition of probation day; or
439	(ii) a day spent in a county correctional facility by a state probationary inmate under
440	Subsection 64-13-29(3) based on a suspected violation of the state probationary
441	inmate's terms of probation.
442	(11) "State daily incarceration rate" means the average daily incarceration rate[, calculated
443	by the department based on the previous three fiscal years,] that reflects the following
444	expenses incurred by the department for housing an inmate:
445	(a) executive overhead;
446	(b) administrative overhead;
447	(c) transportation overhead;
448	(d) division overhead; and
449	(e) motor pool expenses.
450	(12) "State inmate" means an individual, other than a state probationary inmate or state
451	parole inmate, who is committed to the custody of the department.
452	(13) "State parole inmate" means an individual who is:
453	(a) on parole, as defined in Section 77-27-1; and
454	(b) housed in a county correctional facility for a reason related to the individual's parole
455	(14) "State probationary inmate" means a felony probationer sentenced to time in a county
456	correctional facility under Subsection 77-18-105(6).
457	(15) "Treatment program" means:
458	(a) an alcohol treatment program;
459	(b) a substance abuse treatment program;
460	(c) a sex offender treatment program; or
461	(d) an alternative treatment program.
462	Section 8. Section 64-13e-103 is amended to read:
463	64-13e-103. County correctional facility contracting program for state inmates
464	Payments Reporting Contracts.
465	(1) Subject to Subsection [(6)] <u>(7)</u> , the department may <u>only</u> contract with a county to house
466	state inmates in a county correctional facility.
467	[(2) The department shall give preference for placement of state inmates, over private
468	entities, to county correctional facility bed spaces for which the department has
469	contracted under Subsection (1).]
470	[(3)] (2)(a) The compensation rate for housing state inmates pursuant to a contract

47 1	described in Subsection (1) shall be:
172	(i) except as provided in Subsection [(3)(a)(ii)] (2)(a)(ii), 84% of the state daily
173	incarceration rate for a county correctional facility bed space in a county that,
174	pursuant to the contract, is dedicated to a treatment program for state inmates, if
175	the treatment program is approved by the department under Subsection $[(3)(e)]$
1 76	(2)(c);
177	(ii) 75% of the state daily incarceration rate for a county correctional facility bed
1 78	space in a county that, pursuant to the contract, is dedicated to an alternative
179	treatment program for state inmates, if the alternative treatment program is
480	approved by the department under Subsection $[(3)(e)]$ $(2)(c)$; and
481	(iii) 70% of the state daily incarceration rate for a county correctional facility bed
182	space in a county other than the bed spaces described in Subsections $[(3)(a)(i)]$
183	(2)(a)(i) and (ii).
184	(b) The department shall:
485	(i) make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
486	Rulemaking Act, that establish standards that a treatment program is required to
187	meet before the treatment program is considered for approval for the purpose of a
488	county receiving payment based on the rate described in Subsection [(3)(a)(i)]
189	(2)(a)(i) or (ii); and
190	(ii) determine on an annual basis, based on appropriations made by the Legislature
191	for the contracts described in this section, whether to approve a treatment program
192	that meets the standards established under Subsection $[(3)(b)(i)]$ $(2)(b)(i)$, for the
193	purpose of a county receiving payment based on the rate described in Subsection [
194	$\frac{(3)(a)(i)}{(2)(a)(i)}$ or (ii).
195	(c) The department may not approve a treatment program for the purpose of a county
196	receiving payment based on the rate described in Subsection [(3)(a)(i)] (2)(a)(i) or (ii),
197	unless:
198	(i) the program meets the standards established under Subsection $[(3)(b)(i)]$ $(2)(b)(i)$;
199	and
500	(ii) the department determines that the treatment program is needed by the
501	department at the location where the treatment program will be provided.
502	(d)(i) The department shall annually:
503	(A) collect information from each county described in Subsection (1) regarding
504	the treatment programs for state inmates offered by the county;

505	(B) evaluate, review, and audit the results of each treatment program on state
506	inmate recidivism and other relevant metrics; and
507	(C) on or before November 30, report the results of the information described in
508	Subsection $[(3)(d)(i)(B)]$ (2)(d)(i)(B) to the Executive Offices and Criminal
509	Justice Appropriations Subcommittee.
510	(ii) The department may make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
511	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to implement the provisions of Subsection [
512	$\frac{(3)(d)(i)}{(2)(d)(i)}$.
513	[(4)] (3)(a) Compensation to a county for state inmates incarcerated under this section
514	shall be made by the department.
515	(b) Funds from the County Correctional Facility Contracting Reserve Program may be
516	used only once existing annual appropriated funds for the fiscal year have been
517	exhausted.
518	[(5)] (4) Counties that contract with the department under Subsection (1) shall, on or before
519	June 30 of each year, submit a report to the department that includes:
520	(a) the number of state inmates the county housed under this section;
521	(b) the total number of state inmate days of incarceration that were provided by the
522	county; and
523	(c) the information required under Subsection $[(3)(d)(i)(A)]$ $(2)(d)(i)(A)$.
524	[(6)] (5) Except as provided under Subsection $[(7)]$ (6), the department may not enter into a
525	contract with a county as described under Subsection (1), unless:
526	(a) beginning July 1, 2023, the county correctional facility within the county is in
527	compliance with the reporting requirements described in Subsection 17-22-32(2); and
528	(b) the Legislature has previously passed a joint resolution that includes the following
529	information regarding the proposed contract:
530	(i) the approximate number of beds to be contracted;
531	(ii) the approximate amount of the county's long-term debt; and
532	(iii) the repayment time of the debt for the facility where the inmates are to be housed
533	[(7)] (6) The department may enter into a contract with a county government to house
534	inmates without complying with the approval process described in Subsection [(6)] (5)
535	only if the county facility was under construction, or already in existence, on March 16,
536	2001.
537	[(8)] (7) Any resolution passed by the Legislature under Subsection [(6)] (5) does not bind or
538	obligate the Legislature or the department regarding the proposed contract.

539		Section 9. Section 64-13e-103.1 is amended to read:
540		64-13e-103.1 . Calculating the state incarceration rate.
541	(1)	[Before September 15 of each year, the department shall:]
542		[(a) ealculate the state daily incarceration rate; and]
		shall submit the rate to the Executive Appropriations Committee for purposes of setting the
		appropriation for the department's budget.
543		[(b) inform each county and the commission of the state daily incarceration rate.]
544		[(2) The state daily incarceration rate may not be less than the rate presented to the
545		Executive Appropriations Committee of the Legislature for purposes of setting the
546		appropriation for the department's budget.] For the fiscal year beginning on July 1, 2025
547		the state daily incarceration rate is \$120.75 and the department
548	<u>(2)</u>	For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2026, the increase in the state daily
549		incarceration rate may not exceed 5% from the previous fiscal year and the department
550		shall submit the rate to the Executive Appropriations Committee for purposes of setting
551		the appropriation for the department's budget.
552	<u>(3)</u>	For a fiscal year beginning on after July 1, 2028, the department shall compare the
553		calculated rate change in each of the past three years, and if the calculated rate change is
554		more than 5% in one or more of the past three years, shall subtract 5% from the
555		calculated rate change and apply any difference to the new state daily incarceration rate
556		in an amount sufficient to increase the calculated rate change to 5%, and shall submit the
557		rate to the Executive Appropriations Committee for purposes of setting the appropriation
558		for the department's budget.
559	<u>(4)</u>	Notwithstanding any other provision in this section, in a year where General Fund
560		revenue growth is not sufficient to fund the calculated rate change up to 5%, the state
561		daily incarceration rate shall stay the same as the previous year.
562		Section 10. Section 64-13e-103.3 is amended to read:
563		64-13e-103.3. Estimating the annual number of county correctional facility bed
564	spa	ces required for state inmates.
565	(1)	(a) Before September 15 of each year, the department shall estimate the total number
566		of annual county correctional facility bed spaces that are required for state inmates in
567		the upcoming fiscal year, including the annual number of bed spaces that shall be
568		dedicated to:
569		(i) a treatment program for state inmates under Subsection [64-13e-103(3)(a)(i)]
570		64-13e-103(2)(a)(i); and

571	(ii) an alternative treatment program for state inmates under Subsection [
572	64-13e-103(3)(a)(ii)] 64-13e-103(2)(a)(ii).
573	(b) The department's estimates described in Subsection (1)(a) shall be based upon:
574	(i) a review of the annual numbers of county correctional facility bed spaces used for
575	state inmates during the preceding years; and
576	(ii) any other information relevant to the department.
577	(2) The department shall inform each county of the estimates described in Subsection (1)(a).
578	Section 11. Section 64-13g-102 is amended to read:
579	64-13g-102. Adult Probation and Parole Employment Incentive Program.
580	(1) There is created the Adult Probation and Parole Employment Incentive Program.
581	(2) The department and the office shall implement the program in accordance with the
582	requirements of this chapter.
583	(3) Beginning July 2026, and each July after 2026, the department shall calculate and report
584	to the office, for the preceding fiscal year, for each region and statewide:
585	(a) the parole employment rate and the average length of employment of individuals on
586	parole;
587	(b) the probation employment rate and average length of employment of individuals on
588	felony probation;
589	(c) the recidivism percentage, using applicable recidivism metrics described in
590	Subsections 63M-7-102(1) and (3);
591	(d) the number and percentage of individuals who successfully complete parole or
592	felony probation;
593	(e) if the recidivism percentage described in Subsection (3)(c) represents a decrease in
594	the recidivism percentage when compared to the fiscal year immediately preceding
595	the fiscal year to which the recidivism percentage described in Subsection (3)(c)
596	relates, the estimated costs of incarceration savings to the state, based on the marginal
597	cost of incarceration;
598	(f) the number of individuals who successfully complete parole and, during the entire six
599	months before the day on which the individuals' parole ends, held eligible
600	employment; and
601	(g) the number of individuals who successfully complete felony probation and, during
602	the entire six months before the day on which the individuals' parole ended, held
603	eligible employment.
604	(4) In addition to the information described in Subsection (3), the department shall report,

605	for each region, the number and types of parole or probation programs that were created,
606	replaced, or discontinued during the preceding fiscal year.
607	(5) After receiving the information described in Subsections (3) and (4), the office, in
608	consultation with the department, shall, for each region:
609	(a) add the region's baseline parole employment rate and the region's baseline probation
610	employment rate;
611	(b) add the region's parole employment rate and the region's probation employment rate;
612	(c) subtract the sum described in Subsection (5)(a) from the sum described in Subsection
613	(5)(b); and
614	(d)(i) if the rate difference described in Subsection (5)(c) is zero or less than zero,
615	assign an employment incentive payment of zero to the region; or
616	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (7), if the rate difference described in
617	Subsection (5)(c) is greater than zero, assign an employment incentive payment to
618	the region by:
619	(A) multiplying the rate difference by the average daily population for that region
620	and
621	(B) multiplying the product of the calculation described in Subsection
622	(5)(d)(ii)(A) by \$2,500.
623	(6) In addition to the employment incentive payment described in Subsection (5), after
624	receiving the information described in Subsections (3) and (4), the office, in consultation
625	with the department, shall, for each region, multiply the sum of the numbers described in
626	Subsections (3)(f) and (g) for the region by \$2,500 to determine the end-of-supervision
627	employment incentive payment for the region.
628	(7) The employment incentive payment, or end-of-supervision employment supervision
629	payment, for a region is zero if the recidivism percentage for the region, described in
630	Subsection (3)(c), represents an increase in the recidivism percentage when compared to
631	the fiscal year immediately preceding the fiscal year to which the recidivism percentage
632	for the region, described in Subsection (3)(c), relates.
633	(8) Upon determining an employment incentive payment for a region in accordance with
634	Subsections (5)(d)(ii), (6), and (7), the office shall authorize distribution, from the
635	restricted account, of the incentive payment as follows:
636	(a) 15% of the payment may be used by the department for expenses related to
637	administering the program; and
638	(b) 85% of the payment shall be used by the region to improve and expand supervision

639	and rehabilitative services to individuals on parole or adult probation, including by:
640	(i) implementing and expanding evidence-based practices for risk and needs
641	assessments for individuals;
642	(ii) implementing and expanding intermediate sanctions, including mandatory
643	community service, home detention, day reporting, restorative justice programs,
644	and furlough programs;
645	(iii) expanding the availability of evidence-based practices for rehabilitation
646	programs, including drug and alcohol treatment, mental health treatment, anger
647	management, cognitive behavior programs, and job training and other
648	employment services;
649	(iv) hiring additional officers, contractors, or other personnel to implement
650	evidence-based practices for rehabilitative and vocational programing;
651	(v) purchasing and adopting new technologies or equipment that are relevant to, and
652	enhance, supervision, rehabilitation, or vocational training;
653	(vi) funding workforce development coordinators, bus passes, soft skills instructors,
654	job search technology in community correctional centers, or sector-specific
655	workforce development programs; or
656	[(vi)] (vii) evaluating the effectiveness of rehabilitation and supervision programs and
657	ensuring program fidelity.
658	(9)(a) The report described in Subsections (3) and (4) is a public record.
659	(b) The department shall maintain a complete and accurate accounting of the payment
660	and use of funds under this section.
661	(c) If the money in the restricted account is insufficient to make the full employment
662	incentive payments or the full end-of-supervision employment incentive payments,
663	the office shall authorize the payments on a prorated basis.
664	Section 12. Section 76-5-114 is amended to read:
665	76-5-114. Commission of domestic violence in the presence of a child.
666	(1)(a) As used in this section:
667	(i) "Cohabitant" means the same as that term is defined in Section 78B-7-102.
668	(ii) "Criminal homicide offense" means an offense listed in Subsection 76-5-201(2).
669	(iii) "Domestic violence" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-36-1.
670	(iv) "In the presence of a child" means:
671	(A) in the physical presence of a child; or
672	(B) having knowledge that a child is present and may see or hear an act of

673	domestic violence.
674	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
675	(2) An actor commits domestic violence in the presence of a child if the actor:
676	(a) commits or attempts to commit a criminal homicide offense against a cohabitant in
677	the presence of a child;
678	(b) intentionally causes serious bodily injury to a cohabitant or uses a dangerous weapon
679	or other means or force likely to produce death or serious bodily injury against a
680	cohabitant, in the presence of a child;[-or]
681	(c) intentionally or knowingly impedes the breathing or the circulation of blood of
682	another individual by the actor's use of unlawful force or violence by applying
683	pressure to the neck or throat of an individual or obstructing the nose, mouth, or
684	airway of an individual, in the presence of a child; or
685	[(e)] (d) under circumstances not amounting to a violation of Subsection (2)(a), [or (b)]
686	(2)(b), or (2)(c), commits an act of domestic violence in the presence of a child.
687	(3)(a) A violation of Subsection (2)(a), [or (b)] (2)(b), or (2)(c) is a third degree felony.
688	(b) A violation of Subsection $[(2)(e)]$ $(2)(d)$ is a class B misdemeanor.
689	(4)(a) A charge under this section is separate and distinct from, and is in addition to, a
690	charge of domestic violence in which the victim is the cohabitant.
691	(b) Either or both charges may be filed by the prosecutor.
692	(5) An actor who commits a violation of this section when more than one child is present is
693	guilty of one offense of domestic violence in the presence of a child regarding each child
694	present when the violation occurred.
695	Section 13. Section 77-18-102 is amended to read:
696	77-18-102 . Definitions.
697	As used in this chapter:
698	(1) "Assessment" means the same as the term "risk and needs assessment" in Section 77-1-3.
699	(2) "Board" means the Board of Pardons and Parole.
700	(3) "Civil accounts receivable" means the same as that term is defined in Section
701	77-32b-102.
702	(4) "Civil judgment of restitution" means the same as that term is defined in Section
703	77-32b-102.
704	(5) "Convicted" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-3-201.
705	(6) "Criminal accounts receivable" means the same as that term is defined in Section
706	77-32h-102

707	(7) "Default" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-32b-102.
708	(8) "Delinquent" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-32b-102.
709	(9) "Department" means the Department of Corrections created in Section 64-13-2.
710	(10) "Habitual offender" means an individual who[has been convicted in]:
711	(a)(i) has been convicted in at least [six] five previous cases for one or more felony
712	offenses in each case; and
713	[(b)] (ii) [each case described in Subsection (10)(a) within five years before] the
714	conviction for each case referred to in Subsection (10)(a)(i) occurred within the
715	five-year period immediately preceding the day on which the defendant is
716	convicted of the <u>new</u> felony offense before the court[-];
717	(b)(i) has been charged with one or more felony offenses in at least nine separate
718	cases; and
719	(ii) a felony charge in each case referred to in Subsection (10)(b)(i) was issued within
720	the five-year period immediately preceding the day on which the defendant is
721	convicted of the new felony offense before the court;
722	(c)(i) has been convicted in at least nine previous cases for one or more misdemeanor
723	offenses in each case; and
724	(ii) the conviction for each case referred to in Subsection (10)(c)(i) occurred within
725	the three-year period immediately preceding the day on which the defendant is
726	convicted of a new misdemeanor or felony offense before the court; or
727	(d)(i) has been charged with one or more misdemeanor offenses in at least 19
728	separate cases; and
729	(ii) a misdemeanor charge in each case referred to in Subsection (10)(d)(i) was issued
730	within the three-year period immediately preceding the day on which the
731	defendant is convicted of the new misdemeanor or felony offense before the court
732	(11) "Payment schedule" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-32b-102.
733	(12) "Restitution" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-38b-102.
734	(13) "Screening" means a tool or questionnaire that is designed to determine whether an
735	individual needs further assessment or any additional resource or referral for treatment.
736	(14) "Substance use disorder treatment" means treatment obtained through a substance use
737	disorder program that is licensed by the Office of Licensing within the Department of
738	Health and Human Services.
739	Section 14. Section 77-18-103 is amended to read:
740	77-18-103. Presentence investigation report Classification of presentence

747

748

749

764

765

766

767

768

769

770

771

711	• 4• 4•	4	T • 1	41 .	· •	4 4 •
//11	invactiontion	ranart	H WILDONGO OF	Athar I	ntarmatian	of contonoing
741	mvesuzauon	I CDUI L	12 VIUCIICE UI	OUICI I	IIIVI IIIAUVII	at sentencing.
–		P				

- 742 (1) Before the imposition of a sentence, the court may:
- 743 (a) upon agreement of the defendant, continue the date for the imposition of the sentence 744 for a reasonable period of time for the purpose of obtaining a presentence 745 investigation report from the department or a law enforcement agency, or information 746 from any other source about the defendant; and
 - (b) if the defendant is convicted of a felony or a class A misdemeanor, request that the department or a law enforcement agency prepare a presentence investigation report for the defendant.
- 750 (2)(a) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), if a defendant is convicted of [a felony] an 751 offense and the defendant is a habitual offender, the prosecuting attorney shall notify 752 the court that the defendant is a habitual offender.
- 753 (b) Upon a notification under Subsection (2)(a), the court may not impose a sentence for 754 the conviction without ordering and obtaining a presentence investigation report, 755 unless the court finds good cause to proceed with sentencing without the presentence 756 investigation report.
- 757 (3) If a presentence investigation report is required under Subsection (2) or the standards 758 established by the department described in Section 77-18-109, the presentence 759 investigation report under Subsection (1) shall include:
- 760 (a) any impact statement provided by a victim as described in Subsection 77-38b-203 (3)(c);
- (b) information on restitution as described in Subsections 77-38b-203(3)(a) and (b);
- 763 (c) recommendations for treatment for the defendant; and
 - (d) the number of days since the commission of the offense that the defendant has spent in the custody of the jail and the number of days, if any, the defendant was released to a supervised release program or an alternative incarceration program under Section 17-22-5.5.
 - (4) The department or law enforcement agency shall provide the presentence investigation report to the defendant's attorney, or the defendant if the defendant is not represented by counsel, the prosecuting attorney, and the court for review within three working days before the day on which the defendant is sentenced.
- (5)(a)(i) If there is an alleged inaccuracy in the presentence investigation report that
 is not resolved by the parties and the department or law enforcement agency
 before sentencing:

775	(A) the alleged inaccuracy shall be brought to the attention of the court at
776	sentencing; and
777	(B) the court may grant an additional 10 working days after the day on which the
778	alleged inaccuracy is brought to the court's attention to allow the parties and
779	the department to resolve the alleged inaccuracy in the presentence
780	investigation report.
781	(ii) If the court does not grant additional time under Subsection (5)(a)(i)(B), or the
782	alleged inaccuracy cannot be resolved after 10 working days, and if the court finds
783	that there is an inaccuracy in the presentence investigation report, the court shall:
784	(A) enter a written finding as to the relevance and accuracy of the challenged
785	portion of the presentence investigation report; and
786	(B) provide the written finding to the department or the law enforcement agency.
787	(b) The department shall attach the written finding to the presentence investigation
788	report as an addendum.
789	(c) If a party fails to challenge the accuracy of the presentence investigation report at the
790	time of sentencing, the matter shall be considered waived.
791	(6) The contents of the presentence investigation report are protected and not available
792	except by court order for purposes of sentencing as provided by rule of the Judicial
793	Council or for use by the department or law enforcement agency.
794	(7)(a) A presentence investigation report is classified as protected in accordance with
795	Title 63G, Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act.
796	(b) Notwithstanding Sections 63G-2-403 and 63G-2-404, the State Records Committee
797	may not order the disclosure of a presentence investigation report.
798	(8) Except for disclosure at the time of sentencing in accordance with this section, the
799	department or law enforcement agency may disclose a presentence investigation only
800	when:
801	(a) ordered by the court in accordance with Subsection 63G-2-202(7);
802	(b) requested by a law enforcement agency or other agency approved by the department
803	for purposes of supervision, confinement, and treatment of a defendant;
804	(c) requested by the board;
805	(d) requested by the subject of the presentence investigation report or the subject's
806	authorized representative;
807	(e) requested by the victim of the offense discussed in the presentence investigation
808	report, or the victim's authorized representative, if the disclosure is only information

809	relating to:
810	(i) statements or materials provided by the victim;
811	(ii) the circumstances of the offense, including statements by the defendant; or
812	(iii) the impact of the offense on the victim or the victim's household; or
813	(f) requested by a sex offender treatment provider:
814	(i) who is certified to provide treatment under the certification program established in
815	Subsection 64-13-25(2);
816	(ii) who is providing, at the time of the request, sex offender treatment to the offender
817	who is the subject of the presentence investigation report; and
818	(iii) who provides written assurance to the department that the report:
819	(A) is necessary for the treatment of the defendant;
820	(B) will be used solely for the treatment of the defendant; and
821	(C) will not be disclosed to an individual or entity other than the defendant.
822	(9)(a) At the time of sentence, the court shall receive any testimony, evidence, or
823	information that the defendant or the prosecuting attorney desires to present
824	concerning the appropriate sentence.
825	(b) Testimony, evidence, or information under Subsection (9)(a) shall be presented in
826	open court on record and in the presence of the defendant.
827	(10) The court may not rely solely on an algorithm or a risk assessment tool score in
828	determining the appropriate sentence for a defendant.
829	Section 15. Section 77-20-103 is amended to read:
830	77-20-103 . Release data requirements.
831	(1) The Administrative Office of the Courts shall submit the following data on cases
832	involving individuals for whom the Administrative Office of the Courts has a state
833	identification number broken down by judicial district to the Commission on Criminal
834	and Juvenile Justice before July 1 of each year:
835	(a) for the preceding calendar year:
836	(i) the number of individuals charged with a criminal offense who failed to appear at
837	a required court preceding while on pretrial release under each of the following
838	categories of release:
839	(A) the individual's own recognizance;
840	(B) a financial condition; and
841	(C) a release condition other than a financial condition;
842	(ii) the number of offenses that carry a potential penalty of incarceration an

843	individual committed while on pretrial release under each of the following
844	categories of release:
845	(A) the individual's own recognizance;
846	(B) a financial condition; and
847	(C) a release condition other than a financial condition; and
848	(iii) the total amount of fees and fines, including bond forfeiture, collected by the
849	court from an individual for the individual's failure to comply with a condition of
850	release under each of the following categories of release:
851	(A) an individual's own recognizance;
852	(B) a financial condition; and
853	(C) a release condition other than a financial condition; and
854	(b) at the end of the preceding calendar year:
855	(i) the total number of outstanding warrants of arrest for individuals who were
856	released from law enforcement custody on pretrial release under each of the
857	following categories of release:
858	(A) the individual's own recognizance;
859	(B) a financial condition; and
860	(C) a release condition other than a financial condition;
861	(ii) for each of the categories described in Subsection (1)(b)(i), the average length of
862	time that the outstanding warrants had been outstanding; and
863	(iii) for each of the categories described in Subsection (1)(b)(i), the number of
864	outstanding warrants for arrest for crimes of each of the following categories:
865	(A) a first degree felony;
866	(B) a second degree felony;
867	(C) a third degree felony;
868	(D) a class A misdemeanor;
869	(E) a class B misdemeanor; and
870	(F) a class C misdemeanor.
871	(2) Each county jail shall submit the following data, based on the preceding calendar year,
872	to the Commission of Criminal and Juvenile Justice before July 1 of each year:
873	(a) the number of individuals released upon payment of monetary bail before appearing
874	before a court;
875	(b) the number of individuals released on the individual's own recognizance before
876	appearing before a court;[-and]

877	(c) the amount of monetary bail, any fees, and any other money paid by or on behalf of
878	individuals collected by the county jail[-];
879	(d) the number of individuals released as a result of overcrowding; and
880	(e) the number of individuals released on pretrial release.
881	(3) The Commission on Criminal and Juvenile Justice shall compile the data collected
882	under this section and shall submit the compiled data in an electronic report to the Law
883	Enforcement and Criminal Justice Interim Committee before November 1 of each year.
884	Section 16. Section 77-20-203 is amended to read:
885	77-20-203. County sheriff authority to release an individual from jail on own
886	recognizance.
887	(1) As used in this section:
888	(a)(i) "Qualifying domestic violence offense" means the same as that term is defined
889	in Subsection 77-36-1.1(4).
890	(ii) "Qualifying domestic violence offense" does not include criminal mischief as
891	described in Section 76-6-106.
892	(b) "Qualifying offense" means the same as that term is defined in Section 78B-7-801.
893	(c) "Violent felony" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-3-203.5.
894	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a county jail official may release an individual
895	from a jail facility on the individual's own recognizance if:
896	(a) the individual was arrested without a warrant;
897	(b) the individual was not[-arrested for]:
898	(i) <u>arrested for a violent [felony]</u> offense as defined in Section 76-3-201.10;
899	(ii) <u>arrested for a qualifying offense;</u>
900	(iii) arrested for the offense of driving under the influence or driving with a
901	measurable controlled substance in the body if the offense results in death or
902	serious bodily injury to an individual;[-or]
903	(iv) <u>arrested for an offense described in Subsection 76-9-101(4);</u>
904	(v) arrested for possession of any composition or mixture, including pills, that
905	contains 100 grams or more of fentanyl or a fentanyl-related substance; or
906	(vi) previously booked into the same jail within the immediately preceding 12-month
907	period;
908	(c) law enforcement has not submitted a probable cause statement to a court or
909	magistrate;
910	(d) the individual agrees in writing to appear for any future criminal proceedings related

911	to the arrest; and
912	(e) the individual qualifies for release under the written policy described in Subsection
913	(4) for the county.
914	(3) A county jail official may not release an individual from a jail facility if the individual is
915	subject to a 72-hour hold placed on the individual by the Department of Corrections as
916	described in Section 64-13-29.
917	(4)(a) A county sheriff shall create and approve a written policy for the county that
918	governs the release of an individual on the individual's own recognizance.
919	(b) The written policy shall describe the criteria an individual shall meet to be released
920	on the individual's own recognizance.
921	(c) A county sheriff may include in the written policy the criteria for release relating to:
922	(i) criminal history;
923	(ii) prior instances of failing to appear for a mandatory court appearance;
924	(iii) current employment;
925	(iv) residency;
926	(v) ties to the community;
927	(vi) an offense for which the individual was arrested;
928	(vii) any potential criminal charges that have not yet been filed;
929	(viii) the individual's health condition;
930	(ix) any potential risks to a victim, a witness, or the public; and
931	(x) any other similar factor a sheriff determines is relevant.
932	(5)(a)(i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b)(ii), a jail facility shall detain an
933	individual for no less than eight hours and up to 24 hours from booking if[±]
934	[(i) the individual is on supervised probation or parole and that information is
935	reasonably available; and]
936	[(ii) the individual was arrested for:]
937	[(A) a violent felony; or]
938	[(B) a qualifying domestic violence offense] the individual is on supervised
939	probation or parole and that information is reasonably available.
940	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a)(i), an individual may be released earlier than
941	eight hours if:
942	(A) the entity supervising the person on probation or parole informs the jail that
943	they do not intend to place a hold on the individual; and
944	(B) a court or magistrate has ordered a release.

945	(b) [the] Before any release, a jail facility shall:
946	(i) notify the entity supervising the individual's probation or parole that the individual
947	is being detained and provide that entity an opportunity to place a hold on the
948	individual; and
949	(ii) only release the individual:
950	(A) to the Department of Corrections if the Department of Corrections supervises
951	the individual and requests the individual's release; or
952	(B) if a court or magistrate orders release.
953	(c) This Subsection (5) does not prohibit a jail facility from holding the individual in
954	accordance with this chapter for a new criminal offense.
955	(6) This section does not prohibit a court and a county from entering into an agreement
956	regarding release.
957	Section 17. Section 77-20-204 is amended to read:
958	77-20-204. County jail authority to release an individual from jail on monetary
959	bail.
960	(1) As used in this section, "eligible felony offense" means a third degree felony violation
961	under:
962	(a) Section 23A-4-501 or 23A-4-502;
963	(b) Section 23A-5-311;
964	(c) Section 23A-5-313;
965	(d) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 4, Theft;
966	(e) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 5, Fraud;
967	(f) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 6, Retail Theft;
968	(g) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 7, Utah Computer Crimes Act;
969	(h) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 8, Library Theft;
970	(i) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 9, Cultural Sites Protection;
971	(j) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 10, Mail Box Damage and Mail Theft;
972	(k) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 11, Identity Fraud Act;
973	(1) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 12, Utah Mortgage Fraud Act;
974	(m) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 13, Utah Automated Sales Suppression Device Act;
975	(n) Title 76, Chapter 6, Part 14, Regulation of Metal Dealers;
976	(o) Title 76, Chapter 6a, Pyramid Scheme Act;
977	(p) Title 76, Chapter 7, Offenses Against the Family;
978	(a) Title 76 Chapter 7a Abortion Prohibition:

979	(r) Title 76, Chapter 9, Part 2, Electronic Communication and Telephone Abuse;
980	(s) Title 76, Chapter 9, Part 3, Cruelty to Animals;
981	(t) Title 76, Chapter 9, Part 4, Offenses Against Privacy;
982	(u) Title 76, Chapter 9, Part 5, Libel; or
983	(v) Title 76, Chapter 9, Part 6, Offenses Against the Flag.
984	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(a), a county jail official may fix a financial
985	condition for an individual if:
986	(a)(i) the individual is ineligible to be released on the individual's own recognizance
987	under Section 77-20-203;
988	(ii) the individual is arrested for, or charged with:
989	(A) a misdemeanor offense under state law, excluding a misdemeanor offense:
990	(I) for domestic violence as defined in Section 77-36-1; or
991	(II) for driving under the influence under Title 41, Chapter 6, Part 5, Driving
992	Under the Influence and Reckless Driving, or Section 76-5-102.1; or
993	(B) a violation of a city or county ordinance that is classified as a class B or C
994	misdemeanor offense;
995	(iii) the individual agrees in writing to appear for any future criminal proceedings
996	related to the arrest; and
997	(iv) law enforcement has not submitted a probable cause statement to a magistrate; or
998	(b)(i) the individual is arrested for, or charged with, an eligible felony offense;
999	(ii) the individual is not on pretrial release for a separate criminal offense;
1000	(iii) the individual is not on probation or parole;
1001	(iv) the primary risk posed by the individual is the risk of failure to appear;
1002	(v) the individual agrees in writing to appear for any future criminal proceedings
1003	related to the arrest; and
1004	(vi) law enforcement has not submitted a probable cause statement to a magistrate.
1005	(3) A county jail official may not fix a financial condition at a monetary amount that
1006	exceeds:
1007	(a) \$5,000 for an eligible felony offense;
1008	(b) \$1,950 for a class A misdemeanor offense;
1009	(c) \$680 for a class B misdemeanor offense;
1010	(d) \$340 for a class C misdemeanor offense;
1011	(e) \$150 for a violation of a city or county ordinance that is classified as a class B
1012	misdemeanor; or

1013	(f) \$80 for a violation of a city or county ordinance that is classified as a class C
1014	misdemeanor.
1015	(4) If an individual is arrested for more than one offense, and the county jail official fixes a
1016	financial condition for release:
1017	(a) the county jail official shall fix the financial condition at a single monetary amount
1018	and
1019	(b) the single monetary amount may not exceed the monetary amount under Subsection
1020	(3) for the highest level of offense for which the individual is arrested.
1021	(5) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), an individual shall be released if the individual
1022	posts a financial condition fixed by a county jail official in accordance with this section
1023	(6) If a county jail official fixes a financial condition for an individual, law enforcement
1024	shall submit a probable cause statement in accordance with Rule 9 of the Utah Rules of
1025	Criminal Procedure after the county jail official fixes the financial condition.
1026	(7) Once a magistrate begins a review of an individual's case under Rule 9 of the Utah
1027	Rules of Criminal Procedure:
1028	(a) a county jail official may not fix or modify a financial condition for an individual;
1029	and
1030	(b) if a county jail official fixed a financial condition for the individual before the
1031	magistrate's review, the individual may no longer be released on the financial
1032	condition.
1033	(8) A jail facility may not release an individual subject to a 72-hour hold placed on the
1034	individual by the Department of Corrections as described in Section 64-13-29.
1035	(9) This section does not prohibit a court and a county from entering into an agreement
1036	regarding release.
1037	Section 18. Section 77-20-402 is amended to read:
1038	77-20-402 . Payment of monetary bail to court Specific payment methods
1039	Refund of monetary bail.
1040	(1) Subject to Subsection (2), a defendant may choose to post the amount of monetary bail
1041	imposed by a judge or magistrate by any of the following methods:
1042	(a) in cash;
1043	(b) by a bail bond with a surety; or
1044	[(e) by an unsecured bond, at the discretion of the judge or magistrate; or]
1045	[(d)] (c) by credit or debit card, at the discretion of the judge or magistrate.
1046	(2) A judge or magistrate may limit a defendant to a specific method of posting monetary

1080

1047	bail described in Subsection (1):
1048	(a) if, after charges are filed, the defendant fails to appear in the case on a bail bond and
1049	the case involves a violent offense;
1050	(b) in order to allow the defendant to voluntarily remit the fine in accordance with
1051	Section 77-7-21 and the offense with which the defendant is charged is listed in the
1052	shared master offense table as one for which an appearance is not mandatory;
1053	(c) if the defendant has failed to respond to a citation or summons and the offense with
1054	which the defendant is charged is listed in the shared master offense table as one for
1055	which an appearance is not mandatory;
1056	(d) if a warrant is issued for the defendant solely for failure to pay a criminal accounts
1057	receivable, as defined in Section 77-32b-102, and the defendant's monetary bail is
1058	limited to the amount owed; or
1059	(e) if a court has entered a judgment of bail bond forfeiture under Section 77-20-505 in
1060	any case involving the defendant.
1061	(3) Monetary bail may not be accepted without receiving in writing at the time the bail is
1062	posted the current mailing address, telephone number, and email address of the surety.
1063	(4) Monetary bail posted by debit or credit card, less the fee charged by the financial
1064	institution, shall be tendered to the courts.
1065	(5)(a) Monetary bail refunded by the court may be refunded by credit to the debit or
1066	credit card or in cash.
1067	(b) The amount refunded shall be the full amount received by the court under Subsection
1068	(4), which may be less than the full amount of the monetary bail set by the judge or
1069	magistrate.
1070	(c) Before refunding monetary bail that is posted by the defendant in cash, by credit
1071	card, or by debit card, the court may apply the amount posted toward a criminal
1072	accounts receivable, as defined in Section 77-32b-102, that is owed by the defendant
1073	in the priority set forth in Section 77-38b-304.
1074	Section 19. Repealer.
1075	This bill repeals:
1076	Section 64-13e-105, Subcommittee on County Correctional Facility Contracting and
1077	Reimbursement Purpose Responsibilities Membership.
1078	Section 77-27-21.9, Sex offender assessment.
1079	Section 20. Effective Date.

This bill takes effect on September 1, 2025.