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ENACTS:

Douglas R. Welton proposes the following substitute bill:

Property Tax Code Recodification

2025 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Douglas R. Welton

Senate Sponsor: Daniel McCay 2 3 LONG TITLE 4 **General Description:** 5 This bill recodifies provisions related to relief granted through property tax. 6 **Highlighted Provisions:** 7 This bill: 8 recodifies: 9 • Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 12, Property Tax Relief; 10 • Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 18, Tax Deferral and Tax Abatement; and 11 • Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 19, Armed Forces Exemptions; 12 • creates a General Provisions part that clarifies the procedures and rights available for each 13 type of tax relief; and 14 makes technical and conforming changes. 15 **Money Appropriated in this Bill:** 16 None 17 **Other Special Clauses:** 18 This bill provides a special effective date. 19 **Utah Code Sections Affected:** 20 **AMENDS:** 21 **59-2-109.1**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 263 22 **59-2-1004.1**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 263 23 **59-2-1006**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 86 24 **59-2-1330**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 258 25 **59-2-1331**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 263 26 **59-2-1343**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 263 27 63G-2-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 234

63J-1-602.2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 241, 285, 425, and 467

- 30 **59-2a-111**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 31 **59-2a-201**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 32 **59-2a-302**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 33 **59-2a-601**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 34 **59-2a-702**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 35 **59-2a-802**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 36 **59-2a-902**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- **59-2a-903**, Utah Code Annotated 1953
- 38 RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:
- 39 **59-2a-101**, (Renumbered from 59-2-1202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,
- 40 Chapter 279)
- 41 **59-2a-102**, (Renumbered from 59-2-1203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021,
- 42 Chapter 391)
- 43 **59-2a-103**, (Renumbered from 59-2-1211, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001,
- 44 Chapters 221, 310)
- **59-2a-104**, (Renumbered from 59-2-1214, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001,
- 46 Chapters 221, 310)
- 47 **59-2a-105**, (Renumbered from 59-2-1215, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001,
- 48 Chapters 221, 310)
- **59-2a-106**, (Renumbered from 59-2-1217, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
- 50 Utah 1987, Chapter 4)
- 59-2a-107, (Renumbered from 59-2-1219, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001,
- 52 Chapters 221, 310)
- 53 **59-2a-108**, (Renumbered from 59-2-1220, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,
- 54 Chapter 279)
- 55 **59-2a-109**, (Renumbered from 59-2-1805, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter
- 56 453)
- 57 **59-2a-110**, (Renumbered from 59-2-1807, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter
- 58 471)
- 59 **59-2a-202**, (Renumbered from 59-2-1204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1998,
- 60 Chapter 309)
- 61 **59-2a-203**, (Renumbered from 59-2-1205, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
- 62 Utah 1987, Chapter 4)
- **59-2a-204.** (Renumbered from 59-2-1213, as renumbered and amended by Laws of

- 64 Utah 1987, Chapter 4)
- 65 **59-2a-205**, (Renumbered from 59-2-1209, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,
- 66 Chapter 272)
- 67 **59-2a-206**, (Renumbered from 59-2-1216, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1998,
- 68 Chapter 309)
- 69 **59-2a-301**, (Renumbered from 59-2-1201, as renumbered and amended by Laws of
- 70 Utah 1987, Chapter 4)
- 71 **59-2a-303**, (Renumbered from 59-2-1206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021,
- 72 Chapter 391)
- 73 **59-2a-304**, (Renumbered from 59-2-1207, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001,
- 74 Chapters 221, 310)
- 75 **59-2a-305**, (Renumbered from 59-2-1208, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021,
- 76 Chapter 391)
- **59-2a-401**, (Renumbered from 59-2-1803, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023,
- 78 Chapter 471)
- 79 **59-2a-402**, (Renumbered from 59-2-1804, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023,
- 80 Chapter 354)
- **59-2a-501**, (Renumbered from 59-2-1903, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023,
- 82 Chapter 44)
- 83 **59-2a-502**, (Renumbered from 59-2-1904, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023,
- 84 Chapter 483)
- 85 **59-2a-602**, (Renumbered from 59-2-1902, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter
- 86 453)
- **59-2a-701**, (Renumbered from 59-2-1802, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,
- 88 Chapter 241)
- **59-2a-801**, (Renumbered from 59-2-1802.1, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2024,
- 90 Chapter 263)
- 91 **59-2a-901**, (Renumbered from 59-2-1802.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024,
- 92 Chapter 241)
- 93 REPEALS:
- **59-2-1801**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 241, 263
- 95 **59-2-1806**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 354
- 96 **59-2-1901**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 329, 461
- 97 **59-2-1905**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 354

59-2-1906 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 471	
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:	
Section 1. Section 59-2-109.1 is amended to read:	
59-2-109.1 . Burden of proof for an appeal involving property eligible for	
deferral for 2023.	
(1) This section applies to an appeal to the county board of equalization or the commis	sion
involving the valuation or equalization of real property that is eligible for a deferral	
under Section [59-2-1802.1] 59-2a-801 for the calendar year that begins on January	1,
2023.	
(2)(a) The party carrying the burden of proof shall demonstrate:	
(i) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), substantial error in:	
(A) the adjusted value set by the county assessor in accordance with Section	n
59-2-303.3 in an appeal to the county board of equalization; or	
(B) the value set by the county board of equalization in an appeal to the	
commission; and	
(ii) a sound evidentiary basis to support the value the party requests.	
(b) The party carrying the burden of proof does not have to show substantial error	as
required by Subsection (2)(a)(i) if the party is requesting:	
(i) the adjusted value in an appeal to the county board of equalization; or	
(ii) the value set by the county board of equalization in an appeal to the commi	ssion.
(3) The following shall carry the burden of proof:	
(a) the county assessor or the county board of equalization that is a party to the app	eal
has the burden of proof to support the value the county assessor or the county b	oard
of equalization requests; and	
(b) the taxpayer that is a party to the appeal has the burden of proof to support the	value
the taxpayer requests.	
Section 2. Section 59-2-1004.1 is amended to read:	
59-2-1004.1 . Appeals of valuation or equalization of property eligible for	
deferral for 2023.	
(1)(a) Subject to Subsections (2) through (4) and for the calendar year that begins on	
January 1, 2023, a taxpayer may file an appeal to the commission of the valuation of	r
equalization of real property that is eligible for a deferral under Section [59-2-1802	.1]
59-2a-801 for the calendar year that begins on January 1, 2023, if:	

132	(i) the taxpayer filed an appeal of the valuation or equalization of the property with
133	the county board of equalization for the calendar year that begins on January 1,
134	2023;
135	(ii) the county board of equalization has issued a decision in accordance with Section
136	59-2-1004;
137	(iii) the parties have not entered a stipulation regarding the value of the property; and
138	(iv) the county board of equalization does not make an adjustment in accordance with
139	Subsection 59-2-303.3.
140	(b) A taxpayer shall file an appeal to the commission on or before June 30, 2025.
141	(c) This Subsection (1) does not allow more than one formal adjudicative proceeding by
142	the commission for the calendar year beginning on January 1, 2023.
143	(2)(a) For the calendar year that begins on January 1, 2023, a taxpayer may file an
144	appeal of the valuation or equalization of real property for which a county assessor
145	makes an adjustment under [Subsection] Subsection 59-2-303.3(3) for the calendar
146	year that begins on January 1, 2023, in accordance with this Subsection (2).
147	(b) A taxpayer shall make an appeal under this Subsection (2):
148	(i) to the county board of equalization; and
149	(ii) on or before June 30, 2025.
150	(c) If a taxpayer is dissatisfied with the decision of the county board of equalization, the
151	taxpayer may file an appeal with the commission as described in Section 59-2-1006.
152	(d) A taxpayer may file an appeal of the valuation or equalization of property under this
153	Subsection (2) regardless of whether:
154	(i) the taxpayer previously filed an appeal of the valuation or equalization of the
155	property for the calendar year that begins on January 1, 2023;
156	(ii) the county board of equalization has issued a decision on the appeal in
157	accordance with Section 59-2-1004;
158	(iii) the commission has issued a decision on the appeal in accordance with Section
159	59-2-1006;
160	(iv) the parties have entered a stipulation regarding the value of the property; or
161	(v) any appeal of the valuation or equalization of the property for the calendar year
162	that begins on January 1, 2023, has been closed.
163	(3) Except as specifically provided in this section:
164	(a) an appeal to the county board of equalization shall be filed in accordance with
165	Section 59-2-1004; and

166 (b) an appeal to the commission shall be filed in accordance with Section 59-2-1006. 167 (4) For each property eligible to receive a deferral under Section [59-2-1802.1] 59-2a-801, 168 this section may not be interpreted to require a taxpayer to refile: 169 (a) an application to appeal in accordance with Section 59-2-1004 if an appeal before the 170 county board of equalization is pending for the calendar year that begins on January 171 1, 2023; or 172 (b) a notice of appeal in accordance with Section 59-2-1006 if an appeal before the 173 commission is pending for the calendar year that begins on January 1, 2023. 174 Section 3. Section **59-2-1006** is amended to read: 175 59-2-1006. Appeal to commission -- Duties of auditor -- Decision by commission. 176 (1) Any person dissatisfied with the decision of the county board of equalization concerning 177 the assessment and equalization of any property, or the determination of any exemption 178 in which the person has an interest, or a tax relief decision made under designated 179 decision-making authority as described in Section 59-2-1101 or Chapter 2a, Tax Relief 180 Through Property Tax, may appeal that decision to the commission by: 181 (a) filing a notice of appeal specifying the grounds for the appeal with the county auditor 182 within 30 days after the final action of the county board or entity with designated 183 decision-making authority described in Section 59-2-1101 or Chapter 2a, Tax Relief 184 Through Property Tax; and 185 (b) if the county assessor valued the property in accordance with Section 59-2-301.8 and 186 the taxpayer intends to contest the value of personal property located in a 187 multi-tenant residential property, as that term is defined in Section 59-2-301.8, 188 submitting a signed statement of the personal property with the notice of appeal. (2) The auditor shall: 189 190 (a) file one notice with the commission; 191 (b) certify and transmit to the commission: 192 (i) the minutes of the proceedings of the county board of equalization or entity with 193 designated decision-making authority for the matter appealed; 194 (ii) all documentary evidence received in that proceeding; and 195 (iii) a transcript of any testimony taken at that proceeding that was preserved; 196 (c) if the appeal is from a hearing where an exemption was granted or denied, certify and 197 transmit to the commission the written decision of: (i) the board of equalization as required by Section 59-2-1102; or 198

(ii) the entity with designated decision-making authority; and

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- 200 (d) any signed statement submitted in accordance with Subsection (1)(b).
- 201 (3) In reviewing a decision described in Subsection (1), the commission may:
- 202 (a) admit additional evidence;
- 203 (b) issue orders that it considers to be just and proper; and
- (c) make any correction or change in the assessment or order of the county board of equalization or entity with decision-making authority.
- 206 (4) In reviewing evidence submitted to the commission to decide an appeal under this section, the commission shall consider and weigh:
 - (a) the accuracy, reliability, and comparability of the evidence presented;
- 209 (b) if submitted, the sales price of relevant property that was under contract for sale as of the lien date but sold after the lien date;
 - (c) if submitted, the sales offering price of property that was offered for sale as of the lien date but did not sell, including considering and weighing the amount of time for which, and manner in which, the property was offered for sale; and
- 214 (d) if submitted, other evidence that is relevant to determining the fair market value of the property.
- 216 (5) In reviewing a decision described in Subsection (1), the commission shall adjust 217 property valuations to reflect a value equalized with the assessed value of other 218 comparable properties if:
- 219 (a) the issue of equalization of property values is raised; and
 - (b) the commission determines that the property that is the subject of the appeal deviates in value plus or minus 5% from the assessed value of comparable properties.
- 222 (6) The commission shall decide all appeals taken pursuant to this section not later than
 223 March 1 of the following year for real property and within 90 days for personal property,
 224 and shall report its decision, order, or assessment to the county auditor, who shall make
 225 all changes necessary to comply with the decision, order, or assessment.
- Section 4. Section **59-2-1330** is amended to read:
- 59-2-1330. Payment of property taxes -- Payments to taxpayer by state or taxing entity -- Refund of penalties paid by taxpayer -- Refund of interest paid by taxpayer --Payment of interest to taxpayer -- Judgment levy -- Objections to assessments by the commission -- Time periods for making payments to taxpayer.
- 231 (1) Unless otherwise specifically provided by statute, property taxes shall be paid directly to the county treasurer:
- (a) on the date that the property taxes are due; and

234	(b) as provided in this chapter.
235	(2)(a) The county treasurer shall apply a payment that is insufficient to cover both a tax
236	or tax notice charge that is deferred in accordance with [Part 18, Tax Deferral and
237	Tax Abatement, Chapter 2a, Part 7, Discretionary Deferral, Chapter 2a, Part 8,
238	Nondiscretionary Deferral for Property with Qualifying Increase, or Chapter 2a, Part
239	9, Nondiscretionary Deferral for Elderly Property Owners, and a current year
240	property tax or tax notice charge to the current tax year property tax or tax notice
241	charge first.
242	(b) The county treasurer shall send notice to the property owner:
243	(i) that the payment was insufficient;
244	(ii) that the county applied the payment to the tax or tax notice charges for the current
245	tax year; and
246	(iii) of the amount of tax and tax notice charge that is outstanding.
247	(3) A taxpayer shall receive payment as provided in this section if a reduction in the amount
248	of any tax levied against any property for which the taxpayer paid a tax or any portion of
249	a tax under this chapter for a calendar year is required by a final and unappealable
250	judgment or order described in Subsection (4) issued by:
251	(a) a county board of equalization;
252	(b) the commission; or
253	(c) a court of competent jurisdiction.
254	(4)(a) For purposes of Subsection (3), the state or any taxing entity that has received
255	property taxes or any portion of property taxes from a taxpayer described in
256	Subsection (2) shall pay the taxpayer if:
257	(i) the taxes the taxpayer paid in accordance with Subsection (3) are collected by an
258	authorized officer of the:
259	(A) county; or
260	(B) state; and
261	(ii) the taxpayer obtains a final and unappealable judgment or order:
262	(A) from a county board of equalization, the commission, or a court of competent
263	jurisdiction;
264	(B) against:
265	(I) the taxing entity or an authorized officer of the taxing entity; or
266	(II) the state or an authorized officer of the state; and
267	(C) ordering a reduction in the amount of any tax levied against any property for

268	which a taxpayer paid a tax or any portion of a tax under this chapter for the
269	calendar year.
270	(b) The amount that the state or a taxing entity shall pay a taxpayer shall be determined
271	in accordance with Subsections (5) through (8).
272	(5) For purposes of Subsections (3) and (4), the amount the state shall pay to a taxpayer is
273	equal to the sum of:
274	(a) if the difference described in this Subsection (5)(a) is greater than \$0, the difference
275	between:
276	(i) the tax the taxpayer paid to the state in accordance with Subsection (3); and
277	(ii) the amount of the taxpayer's tax liability to the state after the reduction in the
278	amount of tax levied against the property in accordance with the final and
279	unappealable judgment or order described in Subsection (4);
280	(b) if the difference described in this Subsection (5)(b) is greater than \$0, the difference
281	between:
282	(i) any penalties the taxpayer paid to the state in accordance with Section 59-2-1331;
283	and
284	(ii) the amount of penalties the taxpayer is liable to pay to the state in accordance
285	with Section 59-2-1331 after the reduction in the amount of tax levied against the
286	property in accordance with the final and unappealable judgment or order
287	described in Subsection (4);
288	(c) as provided in Subsection (7)(a), interest the taxpayer paid in accordance with
289	Section 59-2-1331 on the amounts described in Subsections (5)(a) and (5)(b); and
290	(d) as provided in Subsection (7)(b), interest on the sum of the amounts described in
291	Subsections $(5)(a)$, $(5)(b)$, and $(5)(c)$.
292	(6) For purposes of Subsections (3) and (4), the amount a taxing entity shall pay to a
293	taxpayer is equal to the sum of:
294	(a) if the difference described in this Subsection (6)(a) is greater than \$0, the difference
295	between:
296	(i) the tax the taxpayer paid to the taxing entity in accordance with Subsection (3);
297	and
298	(ii) the amount of the taxpayer's tax liability to the taxing entity after the reduction in
299	the amount of tax levied against the property in accordance with the final and
300	unappealable judgment or order described in Subsection (4);
301	(b) if the difference described in this Subsection (6)(b) is greater than \$0, the difference

302	between:
303	(i) any penalties the taxpayer paid to the taxing entity in accordance with Section
304	59-2-1331; and
305	(ii) the amount of penalties the taxpayer is liable to pay to the taxing entity in
306	accordance with Section 59-2-1331 after the reduction in the amount of tax levied
307	against the property in accordance with the final and unappealable judgment or
308	order described in Subsection (4);
309	(c) as provided in Subsection (7)(a), interest the taxpayer paid in accordance with
310	Section 59-2-1331 on the amounts described in Subsections (6)(a) and (6)(b); and
311	(d) as provided in Subsection (7)(b), interest on the sum of the amounts described in
312	Subsections $(6)(a)$, $(6)(b)$, and $(6)(c)$.
313	(7) Except as provided in Subsection (8):
314	(a) interest shall be refunded to a taxpayer on the amount described in Subsection (5)(c)
315	or (6)(c) in an amount equal to the amount of interest the taxpayer paid in accordance
316	with Section 59-2-1331; and
317	(b) interest shall be paid to a taxpayer on the amount described in Subsection (5)(d) or
318	(6)(d):
319	(i) beginning on the later of:
320	(A) the day on which the taxpayer paid the tax in accordance with Subsection (3):
321	or
322	(B) January 1 of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year for
323	which the tax was due;
324	(ii) ending on the day on which the state or a taxing entity pays to the taxpayer the
325	amount required by Subsection (5) or (6); and
326	(iii) at the interest rate earned by the state treasurer on public funds transferred to the
327	Public Treasurers' Investment Fund as defined in Section 51-7-3.
328	(8)(a) The state may not pay or refund interest to a taxpayer under Subsection (7) on
329	any tax the taxpayer paid in accordance with Subsection (3) that exceeds the amount
330	of tax levied by the state for that calendar year as stated on the notice required by
331	Section 59-2-1317.
332	(b) A taxing entity may not pay or refund interest to a taxpayer under Subsection (7) on
333	any tax the taxpayer paid in accordance with Subsection (3) that exceeds the amount
334	of tax levied by the taxing entity for that calendar year as stated on the notice
335	required by Section 59-2-1317

336	(9)(a) Each taxing entity may levy a tax to pay the taxing entity's share of the final and
337	unappealable judgment or order described in Subsection (4) if:
338	(i) the final and unappealable judgment or order is issued no later than 15 days prior
339	to the date the certified tax rate is set under Section 59-2-924;
340	(ii) the following information is included on the notice under Section 59-2-919.1:
341	(A) the amount of the judgment levy; and
342	(B) the term of the judgment levy; and
343	(iii) the final and unappealable judgment or order is an eligible judgment, as defined
344	in Section 59-2-102.
345	(b) The levy under Subsection (9)(a) is in addition to, and exempt from, the maximum
346	levy established for the taxing entity.
347	(c) A taxing entity may divide a judgment levy under this Subsection (9) and impose the
348	judgment levy in more than one subsequent tax year.
349	(10)(a) A taxpayer that objects to the assessment of property assessed by the
350	commission shall pay, on or before the property tax due date established under
351	Subsection 59-2-1331(1) or Section 59-2-1332, the full amount of taxes stated on the
352	notice required by Section 59-2-1317 if:
353	(i) the taxpayer has applied to the commission for a hearing in accordance with
354	Section 59-2-1007 on the objection to the assessment; and
355	(ii) the commission has not issued a written decision on the objection to the
356	assessment in accordance with Section 59-2-1007.
357	(b) A taxpayer that pays the full amount of taxes due under Subsection (10)(a) is not
358	required to pay penalties or interest on an assessment described in Subsection (10)(a)
359	unless:
360	(i) a final and unappealable judgment or order establishing that the property
361	described in Subsection (10)(a) has a value greater than the value stated on the
362	notice required by Section 59-2-1317 is issued by:
363	(A) the commission; or
364	(B) a court of competent jurisdiction; and
365	(ii) the taxpayer fails to pay the additional tax liability resulting from the final and
366	unappealable judgment or order described in Subsection (10)(b)(i) within a 45-day
367	period after the county bills the taxpayer for the additional tax liability.
368	(11)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (11)(b), a payment that is required by this
369	section shall be paid to a taxpaver:

370	(i) within 120 days after the day on which the final and unappealable judgment or
371	order is issued in accordance with Subsection (4); or
372	(ii) if a judgment levy is imposed in accordance with Subsection (9):
373	(A) if the payment to the taxpayer required by this section is \$15,000 or more, no
374	later than December 31 of the first year in which the judgment levy is imposed
375	and
376	(B) if the payment to the taxpayer required by this section is less than \$15,000,
377	within 120 days after the date the final and unappealable judgment or order is
378	issued in accordance with Subsection (4).
379	(b) A taxpayer may enter into an agreement:
380	(i) that establishes a time period other than a time period described in Subsection
381	(11)(a) for making a payment to the taxpayer that is required by this section; and
382	(ii) with:
383	(A) an authorized officer of a taxing entity for a tax imposed by a taxing entity; or
384	(B) an authorized officer of the state for a tax imposed by the state.
385	Section 5. Section 59-2-1331 is amended to read:
386	59-2-1331 . Property tax due date Date tax is delinquent Penalty Interest
387	Payments Refund of prepayment.
388	(1)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b) and subject to Subsections (1)(c) and (d),
389	all property taxes, unless otherwise specifically provided for under Section 59-2-1332,
390	or other law, and any tax notice charges, are due on November 30 of each year
391	following the date of levy.
392	(b) If November 30 falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday:
393	(i) the date of the next following day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday shall
394	be substituted in Subsection (1)(a) and Subsection 59-2-1332(1) for November 30;
395	and
396	(ii) the date of the day occurring 30 days after the date under Subsection (1)(b)(i)
397	shall be substituted in Subsection 59-2-1332(1) for December 30.
398	(c) If a property tax is paid or postmarked after the due date described in this Subsection
399	(1) the property tax is delinquent.
400	(d) A county treasurer or other public official, public entity, or public employee may not
401	require the payment of a property tax before the due date described in this Subsection
402	(1).
403	(2)(a) Except as provided in Subsections (2)(e), (f), and (g)(i), for each parcel, all

404	delinquent taxes and tax notice charges on each separately assessed parcel are subject
405	to a penalty of 2.5% of the amount of the delinquent taxes and tax notice charges or
406	\$10, whichever is greater.
407	(b) Unless the delinquent taxes and tax notice charges, together with the penalty, are
408	paid on or before January 31, the amount of taxes and tax notice charges and penalty
409	shall bear interest on a per annum basis from the January 1 immediately following
410	the delinquency date.
411	(c) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(d), for purposes of Subsection (2)(b), the
412	interest rate is equal to the sum of:
413	(i) 6%; and
414	(ii) the federal funds rate target:
415	(A) established by the Federal Open [Markets] Market Committee; and
416	(B) that exists on the January 1 immediately following the date of delinquency.
417	(d) The interest rate described in Subsection (2)(c) may not be:
418	(i) less than 7%; or
419	(ii) more than 10%.
420	(e) The penalty described in Subsection (2)(a) is 1% of the amount of the delinquent
421	taxes and tax notice charges or \$10, whichever is greater, if all delinquent taxes, all
422	tax notice charges, and the penalty are paid on or before the January 31 immediately
423	following the delinquency date.
424	(f) This section does not apply to the costs, charges, and interest rate accruing on any tax
425	notice charge related to an assessment assessed in accordance with:
426	(i) Title 11, Chapter 42, Assessment Area Act; or
427	(ii) Title 11, Chapter 42a, Commercial Property Assessed Clean Energy Act.
428	(g)(i) The county shall waive any penalty or interest for a property granted a deferral
429	in accordance with Section [59-2-1802.1] 59-2a-801 from the day of the
430	delinquency through the end of the deferral period.
431	(ii) Penalties and interest accrue in accordance with this Subsection (2) on any tax or
432	tax notice charge that is delinquent after the deferral period ends.
433	(3)(a) If the delinquency exceeds one year, the amount of taxes, tax notice charges, and
434	penalties for that year and all succeeding years shall bear interest until settled in full
435	through redemption or tax sale.
436	(b) The interest rate to be applied shall be calculated for each year as established under

Subsection (2) and shall apply on each individual year's delinquency until paid.

438	(4) The county treasurer may accept and credit on account against taxes and tax notice
439	charges becoming due during the current year, at any time before or after the tax rates
440	are adopted, but not subsequent to the date of delinquency, either:
441	(a) payments in amounts of not less than \$10; or
442	(b) the full amount of the unpaid tax and tax notice charges.
443	(5)(a) At any time before the county treasurer provides the tax notice described in
444	Section 59-2-1317, the county treasurer may refund amounts accepted and credited
445	on account against taxes and tax notice charges becoming due during the current year.
446	(b) Upon recommendation by the county treasurer, the county legislative body shall
447	adopt rules or ordinances to implement the provisions of this Subsection (5).
448	Section 6. Section 59-2-1343 is amended to read:
449	59-2-1343 . Tax sale listing.
450	(1)(a) If any property is not redeemed by March 15 following the lapse of four years
451	from the date when any item in Subsection (1)(b) became delinquent, the county
452	treasurer shall immediately file a listing with the county auditor of all properties
453	whose redemption period is expiring in the nearest forthcoming tax sale to pay all
454	outstanding property taxes and tax notice charges.
455	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(c), a delinquency of any of the following
456	triggers the tax sale process described in Subsection (1)(a):
457	(i) property tax; or
458	(ii) a tax notice charge.
459	(c) A property tax or a tax notice charge that is deferred in accordance with Section [
460	59-2-1802.1] 59-2a-801 is delinquent only if full payment of the property tax and any
461	tax notice charges is not made before the end of the five-year deferral period.
462	(2) The listing is known as the "tax sale listing."
463	Section 7. Section 59-2a-101 , which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1202 is renumbered
464	and amended to read:
465	CHAPTER 2a. TAX RELIEF THROUGH PROPERTY TAX
466	Part 1. General Provisions
467	[59-2-1202] <u>59-2a-101</u> . Definitions.
468	As used in this [part] chapter:
469	(1) "Active component of the United States Armed Forces" means the same as that term is
470	defined in Section 59-10-1027.

471	(2) "Active duty claimant" means a member of an active component of the United States
472	Armed Forces or a reserve component of the United States Armed Forces who:
473	(a) performed qualifying active duty military service; and
474	(b) applies for an exemption described in Part 6, Active Duty Armed Forces Exemption.
475	(3) "Adjusted taxable value limit" means:
476	(a) for the calendar year that begins on January 1, 2023, \$479,504; or
477	(b) for each calendar year after the calendar year that begins on January 1, 2023, the
478	amount of the adjusted taxable value limit for the previous year plus an amount
479	calculated by multiplying the amount of the adjusted taxable value limit for the
480	previous year by the actual percent change in the consumer price index during the
481	previous calendar year.
482	(4) "Claim" means:
483	(a) a claim for tax abatement described in Subsection (21)(a) or a credit under Part 2,
484	Renter's Credit, or Part 3, Homeowner's Credit;
485	(b) an exemption under Part 5, Veteran Armed Forces Exemption, or Part 6, Active Duty
486	Armed Forces Exemption; or
487	(c) an application for an abatement under Part 4, Abatement for Indigent Individuals, or
488	a deferral under Part 7, Discretionary Deferral, Part 8, Nondiscretionary Deferral for
489	Property with Qualifying Increase, or Part 9, Nondiscretionary Deferral for Elderly
490	Property Owners.
491	[(1)] (5)(a) "Claimant" means a homeowner or renter who:
492	(i) files a claim under [this part] Part 2, Renter's Credit, or Part 3, Homeowner's Credit
493	for a residence;
494	(ii) is domiciled in this state for the entire calendar year for which a claim for relief is
495	filed[under this part]; and
496	(iii) on or before December 31 of the year for which a claim for relief is filed[-under
497	this part], is:
498	(A) 66 years old or older if the individual was born on or before December 31,
499	1959; or
500	(B) 67 years old or older if the individual was born on or after January 1, 1960.
501	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection $[(1)(a)]$ $(5)(a)$, "claimant" includes a surviving spouse:
502	(i) regardless of:
503	(A) the age of the surviving spouse; or
504	(B) the age of the deceased spouse at the time of death;

505	(ii) if the surviving spouse meets:
506	(A) the requirements [of this part except for the age requirement;] described in
507	Subsections (5)(a)(i) and (5)(a)(ii); and
508	(B) the income requirements described in Part 2, Renter's Credit, if the surviving
509	spouse is filing a claim for a renter's credit, or Part 3, Homeowner's Credit, if
510	the surviving spouse is filing a claim for a homeowner's credit;
511	(iii) if the surviving spouse is part of the same household of the deceased spouse at
512	the time of death of the deceased spouse; and
513	(iv) if the surviving spouse is unmarried at the time the surviving spouse files the
514	claim.
515	(c) If two or more individuals of a household are able to meet the qualifications for a
516	claimant, [they] the individuals may determine among them as to who the claimant
517	shall be, but if [they] the individuals are unable to agree, the matter shall be referred
518	to the county legislative body for a determination of the claimant of an owned
519	residence and to the commission for a determination of the claimant of a rented
520	residence.
521	[(2)] (6) "Consumer price index[-housing]" means:
522	(a) for Part 2, Renter's Credit, and Part 3, Homeowner's Credit, the Consumer Price
523	Index - All Urban Consumers, Housing United States Cities Average, published by
524	the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor[-]; and
525	(b) for the other parts of this chapter, the same as that term is described in Section
526	1(f)(4), Internal Revenue Code, and defined in Section 1(f)(5), Internal Revenue
527	Code.
528	(7) "Deceased veteran with a disability" means a deceased individual who was a veteran
529	with a disability at the time the individual died.
530	(8) "Deferral" means a postponement of a tax due date or a tax notice charge granted in
531	accordance with Section 59-2a-701, 59-2a-801, or 59-2a-901.
532	(9) "Eligible owner" means an owner of an attached or a detached single-family residence:
533	(a)(i) who is 75 years old or older on or before December 31 of the year in which the
534	individual applies for a deferral under this part;
535	(ii) whose household income does not exceed 200% of the maximum household
536	income certified to a homeowner's credit described in Section 59-2a-305; and
537	(iii) whose household liquid resources do not exceed 20 times the amount of property
538	taxes levied on the owner's residence for the preceding calendar year; or

539	(b) that is a trust described in Section 59-2a-109 if the grantor of the trust is an
540	individual described in Subsection (9)(a).
541	(10) "Eligible property" means property owned by a veteran claimant that is:
542	(a) the veteran claimant's primary residence, including a residence that the veteran
543	claimant does not reside in because the veteran claimant is admitted as an inpatient at
544	a health care facility as defined in Section 26B-4-501; or
545	(b) tangible personal property that:
546	(i) is held exclusively for personal use; and
547	(ii) is not used in a trade or business.
548	[(3)] (11)(a) "Gross rent" means rent actually paid in cash or [its] the cash equivalent
549	solely for the right of occupancy, at [arm's-length] arm's length, of a residence,
550	exclusive of charges for any utilities, services, furniture, furnishings, or personal
551	appliances furnished by the landlord as a part of the rental agreement.
552	(b) If a claimant occupies two or more residences in the year, "gross rent" means the
553	total rent paid for the residences during the one-year period for which the renter files
554	a claim under this part.
555	[(4)] <u>(12)</u> (a) "Homeowner" means:
556	(i) an individual whose name is listed on the deed of a residence; or
557	(ii) if a residence is owned in a qualifying trust, an individual who is a grantor,
558	trustor, or settlor or holds another similar role in the trust.
559	(b) "Homeowner" does not include:
560	(i) if a residence is owned by any type of entity other than a qualifying trust, an
561	individual who holds an ownership interest in that entity; or
562	(ii) an individual who is listed on a deed of a residence along with an entity other
563	than a qualifying trust.
564	[(5)] (13) "Homeowner's credit" means a credit against a claimant's property tax liability.
565	[(6)] (14) "Household" means the association of individuals who live in the same dwelling,
566	sharing the dwelling's furnishings, facilities, accommodations, and expenses.
567	[(7)] (15)(a) [Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), "household] "Household income"
568	means all income received by all members of a claimant's household in:
569	(i) for a claimant who owns a residence, the calendar year preceding the calendar
570	year in which property taxes are due; or
571	(ii) for a claimant who rents a residence, the year for which a claim is filed.
572	(b) "Household income" does not include income received by a member of a claimant's

573	household who is:
574	(i) under [the age of]18 years old; or
575	(ii) a parent or a grandparent, through blood, marriage, or adoption, of the claimant or
576	the claimant's spouse.
577	(16) "Household liquid resources" means the following resources that are not included in an
578	individual's household income and held by one or more members of the individual's
579	household:
580	(a) cash on hand;
581	(b) money in a checking or savings account;
582	(c) savings certificates; and
583	(d) stocks or bonds.
584	[(8)] (17) "Income" means the sum of:
585	(a) federal adjusted gross income as defined in Section 62, Internal Revenue Code; and
586	(b) nontaxable income.
587	(18) "Indigent individual" means a poor individual as described in Utah Constitution,
588	Article XIII, Section 3, Subsection (4), who:
589	(a)(i) is 65 years old or older; or
590	(ii) is less than 65 years old and:
591	(A) the county finds that extreme hardship would prevail on the individual if the
592	county does not defer or abate the individual's taxes; or
593	(B) the individual has a disability;
594	(b) has a total household income of less than the maximum household income certified
595	to a homeowner's credit described in Section 59-2a-305;
596	(c) resides for at least 10 months of the year in the residence that would be subject to the
597	requested abatement; and
598	(d) cannot pay the tax assessed on the individual's residence when the tax becomes due.
599	(19) "Military entity" means:
600	(a) the United States Department of Veterans Affairs;
601	(b) an active component of the United States Armed Forces; or
602	(c) a reserve component of the United States Armed Forces.
603	[(9)] (20)(a) "Nontaxable income" means amounts excluded from adjusted gross income
604	under the Internal Revenue Code, including:
605	(i) capital gains;
606	(ii) loss carry forwards claimed during the taxable year in which a claimant files for

607	relief under this [part or Part 18, Tax Deferral and Tax Abatement;] chapter;
608	(iii) depreciation claimed pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code by a claimant on the
609	residence for which the claimant files for relief under this [part or Part 18, Tax
610	Deferral and Tax Abatement;] chapter;
611	(iv) support money received;
612	(v) nontaxable strike benefits;
613	(vi) the gross amount of a pension or annuity, including benefits under the Railroad
614	Retirement Act of 1974, 45 U.S.C. Sec. 231 et seq., and veterans disability
615	pensions;
616	(vii) except for payments described in Subsection [(9)(b)(vi)] (20)(b)(vi), payments
617	received under the Social Security Act;
618	(viii) state unemployment insurance amounts;
619	(ix) nontaxable interest received from any source;
620	(x) workers' compensation;
621	(xi) the gross amount of "loss of time" insurance; and
622	(xii) voluntary contributions to a tax-deferred retirement plan.
623	(b) "Nontaxable income" does not include:
624	(i) public assistance;
625	(ii) aid, assistance, or contributions from a tax-exempt nongovernmental source;
626	(iii) surplus foods;
627	(iv) relief in kind supplied by a public or private agency;
628	(v) relief provided under this [part or Part 18, Tax Deferral and Tax Abatement;]
629	chapter;
630	(vi) Social Security Disability Income payments received under the Social Security
631	Act;
632	(vii) federal tax refunds;
633	(viii) federal child tax credits received under 26 U.S.C. Sec. 24;
634	(ix) federal earned income tax credits received under 26 U.S.C. Sec. 32;
635	(x) payments received under a reverse mortgage;
636	(xi) payments or reimbursements to senior program volunteers under 42 U.S.C. Sec.
637	5058; or
638	(xii) gifts or bequests.
639	[(10)] (21)(a) "Property taxes accrued" means property taxes, exclusive of special
640	assessments, delinquent interest, and charges for service, levied on 35% of the fair

641	market value, as reflected on the assessment roll, of a claimant's residence in this
642	state.
643	(b) For a mobile home, "property taxes accrued" includes taxes imposed on both the land
644	upon which the home is situated and on the structure of the home itself, whether
645	classified as real property or personal property taxes.
646	(c) The relief described in Subsection $[(10)(a)]$ (21)(a) constitutes:
647	(i) a tax abatement for the poor in accordance with Utah Constitution, Article XIII,
648	Section 3; and
649	(ii) the residential exemption provided for in Section 59-2-103.
650	(d) For purposes of this Subsection $[(10)]$ (21) , property taxes accrued are levied on the
651	lien date.
652	(e) When a household owns and occupies two or more different residences in this state
653	in the same calendar year, and neither residence is acquired or sold during the
654	calendar year for which relief is claimed under this part, property taxes accrued shall
655	relate only to the residence occupied on the lien date by the household as the
656	household's principal place of residence.
657	(f)(i) If a residence is an integral part of a large unit such as a farm or a multipurpose
658	or multidwelling building, property taxes accrued shall be calculated on the
659	percentage that the value of the residence is of the total value of the unit.
660	(ii) For purposes of this Subsection $[(10)(f)]$ $(21)(f)$, "unit" refers to the parcel of
661	property covered by a single tax statement of which the residence is a part.
662	(22) "Property taxes due" means:
663	(a) for a claimant:
664	(i) the taxes due for which the county or the commission grants a tax abatement for
665	the poor described in Subsection 59-2a-101(21) or a credit; and
666	(ii) for the calendar year for which the tax abatement for the poor or credit is granted:
667	(b) for an indigent individual:
668	(i) the taxes due for which a county granted an abatement under Section 59-2a-401;
669	<u>and</u>
670	(ii) for the calendar year for which the county grants the abatement;
671	(c) for an active duty claimant:
672	(i) the taxes due for which the county or the commission grants an exemption; and
673	(ii) for the calendar year for which the exemption is granted; or
674	(d) for a veteran claimant:

675	(i)(A) the taxes due for which the county or the commission grants an exemption;
676	<u>and</u>
677	(B) for the calendar year for which the exemption is granted; and
678	(ii) a uniform fee on tangible personal property described in Section 59-2-405 that is:
679	(A) owned by the veteran claimant; and
680	(B) assessed for the calendar year for which the county grants an exemption.
681	(23) "Property taxes paid" means an amount equal to the sum of:
682	(a) the amount of property taxes, and for a veteran claimant, uniform fee, paid for the
683	taxable year for which the individual applied for relief described in this chapter; and
684	(b) the amount of the relief the county grants under this chapter.
685	[(11)] (24) "Public assistance" means:
686	(a) medical assistance provided under Title 26B, Chapter 3, Health Care -
687	Administration and Assistance;
688	(b) SNAP benefits as defined in Section 35A-1-102;
689	(c) services or benefits provided under Title 35A, Chapter 3, Employment Support Act;
690	and
691	(d) foster care maintenance payments provided from the General Fund or under Title
692	IV-E of the Social Security Act.
693	(25) "Qualifying active duty military service" means at least 200 days, regardless of
694	whether consecutive, in any continuous 365-day period of active duty military service
695	outside the state in an active component of the United States Armed Forces or a reserve
696	component of the United States Armed Forces, if the days of active duty military service:
697	(a) were completed in the year before an individual applies for an exemption described
698	in Section 59-2a-601; and
699	(b) have not previously been counted as qualifying active duty military service for
700	purposes of qualifying for an exemption described in Section 59-2a-601 or applying
701	for the exemption as described in Section 59-2a-602.
702	(26) "Qualifying disabled veteran claimant" means a veteran claimant who has a 100%
703	service-connected disability rating by the Veterans Benefits Administration that is
704	permanent and total.
705	(27) "Qualifying increase" means a valuation that is equal to or more than 150% higher
706	than the previous year's valuation for property that:
707	(a) is county assessed; and
708	(b) on or after January 1 of the previous year and before January 1 of the current year

709	has not had:
710	(i) a physical improvement if the fair market value of the physical improvement
711	increases enough to result in the valuation increase solely as a result of the
712	physical improvement;
713	(ii) a zoning change if the fair market value of the real property increases enough to
714	result in the valuation increase solely as a result of the zoning change; or
715	(iii) a change in the legal description of the real property, if the fair market value of
716	the real property increases enough to result in the valuation increase solely as a
717	result of the change in the legal description of the real property.
718	[(12)] (28) "Qualifying trust" means a trust holding title to real or tangible personal property
719	for which an individual:
720	(a) makes a claim under this part;
721	(b) proves to the satisfaction of the county that title to the portion of the trust will revest
722	in the individual upon the exercise of a power:
723	(i) by:
724	(A) the individual as grantor, trustor, settlor, or in another similar role of the trust
725	(B) a nonadverse party; or
726	(C) both the individual and a nonadverse party; and
727	(ii) regardless of whether the power is a power:
728	(A) to revoke;
729	(B) to terminate;
730	(C) to alter;
731	(D) to amend; or
732	(E) to appoint; and
733	(c) is obligated to pay the taxes on that portion of the trust property beginning January 1
734	of the year the individual makes the claim.
735	(29) "Relative" means a spouse, child, parent, grandparent, grandchild, brother, sister,
736	parent-in-law, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, nephew, niece, aunt, uncle, first cousin, or a
737	spouse of any of these individuals.
738	[(13)] (30) $[(a)]$ "Rental assistance payment" means any payment that:
739	$\left[\frac{(i)}{a}\right]$ is made by a:
740	[(A)] (i) governmental entity;
741	[(B)] (ii) charitable organization; or
742	[(C)] <u>(iii)</u> religious organization; and

743	[(ii)] (b) is specifically designated for the payment of rent of a claimant:
744	[(A)] (i) for the calendar year for which the claimant seeks a renter's credit under this
745	part; and
746	[(B)] (ii) regardless of whether the payment is made to the claimant or the landlord.
747	[(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
748	commission may make rules defining the terms:]
749	[(i) "governmental entity";]
750	[(ii) "charitable organization"; or]
751	[(iii) "religious organization."]
752	(31) "Reserve component of the United States Armed Forces" means the same as that term
753	is defined in Section 59-10-1027.
754	[(14)] (32) (a)(i) "Residence" means [the] <u>a</u> dwelling in this state, whether owned or
755	rented, and so much of the land surrounding the dwelling, not exceeding one acre,
756	as is reasonably necessary for use of the dwelling as a home.
757	(ii) "Residence" includes a dwelling that is:
758	(A) a part of a multidwelling or multipurpose building and a part of the land upon
759	which the multidwelling or multipurpose building is built; and
760	(B) a mobile home, manufactured home, or houseboat.
761	(b) "Residence" does not include personal property such as furniture, furnishings, or
762	appliances.
763	(c) For purposes of this Subsection [(14)] (32), "owned" includes a vendee in possession
764	under a land contract or one or more joint tenants or tenants in common.
765	(33) "Statement of disability" means a document:
766	(a) issued by a military entity; and
767	(b) that lists the percentage of disability for the veteran with a disability or deceased
768	veteran with a disability.
769	(34) "Tax notice charge" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-2-1301.5.
770	(35) "Veteran claimant" means one of the following individuals who applies for an
771	exemption described in Section 59-2a-501:
772	(a) a veteran with a disability;
773	(b) the unmarried surviving spouse:
774	(i) of a deceased veteran with a disability; or
775	(ii) a veteran who was killed in action or died in the line of duty; or
776	(c) a minor orphan:

777	(i) of a deceased veteran with a disability; or
778	(ii) a veteran who was killed in action or died in the line of duty.
779	(36) "Veteran who was killed in action or died in the line of duty" means an individual who
780	was killed in action or died in the line of duty in an active component of the United
781	States Armed Forces or a reserve component of the United States Armed Forces,
782	regardless of whether that individual had a disability at the time that individual was
783	killed in action or died in the line of duty.
784	(37) "Veteran with a disability" means an individual with a disability who, during military
785	training or a military conflict, acquired a disability in the line of duty in an active
786	component of the United States Armed Forces or a reserve component of the United
787	States Armed Forces, as determined by a military entity.
788	Section 8. Section 59-2a-102 , which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1203 is renumbered
789	and amended to read:
790	[59-2-1203] <u>59-2a-102</u> . Right to file claim Death of claimant.
791	(1)(a) The right to file a claim under this part is personal to the [elaimant] individual
792	eligible to file the claim.
793	(b) The right to file a claim does not survive the [claimant's-]death of the individual
794	eligible to file the claim.
795	(c) The right to file a claim may be exercised on behalf of [a claimant] an individual
796	eligible to file the claim by:
797	(i) a legal guardian[-of the claimant]; or
798	(ii) an attorney-in-fact[of the claimant].
799	(2)(a) If [a claimant] an individual dies after having filed a timely claim, the county or
800	the commission shall disburse the amount of the claim [shall be disbursed-]to another
801	member of the household as determined by the commission by rule.
802	(b) If the [elaimant] individual described in Subsection (2)(a) was the only member of
803	the household, the county or the commission may pay the claim [may be paid-]to the
804	executor or administrator, except that if neither an executor or administrator is
805	appointed and qualified within two years of the filing of the claim, the amount of the
806	claim [shall escheat] escheats to the state.
807	(3) If the [elaimant] individual is the grantor, trustor, or settlor of or holds another similar
808	role in a qualifying trust and the [elaimant] individual meets the requirements of [this part]
809	one or more parts of this chapter, the [elaimant] individual may claim the portion of the
810	credit and be treated as the owner of that portion of the property held in trust.

811	(4) The relief described in Subsection $[59-2-1202(10)(a)]$ $\underline{59-2a-101(21)(a)}$ is in addition to
812	any other exemption or reduction for which a homeowner may be eligible, including the
813	homeowner's credit provided for in Section [59-2-1206] 59-2a-305.
814	Section 9. Section 59-2a-103 , which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1211 is renumbered
815	and amended to read:
816	[59-2-1211] 59-2a-103. Forms and instructions County legislative body
817a	authority to adopt
817	rules or ordinances.
818	(1) The commission shall [prescribe and]make available suitable forms and instructions for:
819	(2)(a) [elaimants] individuals filing claims; and
820	(b) counties.
821	[(2)] (3) A county is not required to use the forms and instructions [prescribed] made
822	available by the commission under Subsection (1) if the county prepares suitable forms
823	and instructions for [a claimant] an individual filing a claim consistent with:
824	(a) this chapter; and
825	(b) rules adopted by the commission.
826	[(3)] (4) The county legislative body may adopt rules or ordinances to:
827	(a) effectuate the property tax relief under this part; and
828	(b) designate one or more persons to perform the functions given the county under this
829	part.
830	Section 10. Section 59-2a-104, which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1214 is renumbered
831	and amended to read:
832	$[59-2-1214]$ $\underline{59-2a-104}$. Redetermination of claim by commission or county.
833	(1) If, on the audit of any claim filed under this [part] chapter, the commission or the county
834	determines the amount has been incorrectly determined, the commission or the county
835	shall:
836	(a) redetermine the claim; and
837	(b) notify the [elaimant] individual filing the claim of the redetermination and [its] the
838	reason for the redetermination.
839	(2) The redetermination provided in Subsection (1)(a) [shall be] is final unless appealed
840	within 30 days after the day on which the commission or the county provides the notice
841	required by Subsection (1)(b).
842	Section 11. Section 59-2a-105, which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1215 is renumbered
843	and amended to read:

844	[59-2-1215] <u>59-2a-105</u> . Fraudulently or negligently prepared claim Penalties
845a	and interest.
845	(1)(a) If the commission or the county determines that a claim is excessive and was
846	filed with fraudulent intent, the commission or the county shall:
847	(i) <u>disallow</u> the claim [shall be disallowed-]in full;
848	(ii) cancel the credit[-shall be cancelled]; and
849	(iii) recover the amount paid or claimed [shall be recovered]by assessment[; and]
850	with interest:
851	[(iv) the assessment provided for in Subsection (1)(a)(iii) shall bear interest:]
852	(A) from the date of the claim[;] until the claim is refunded or repaid; and
853	[(B) until refunded or paid; and]
854	[(C)] (B) at the rate of 1% per month.
855	(b) [The claimant, and any person who assists in the preparation or filing of an excessive
856	elaim or supplies information upon which an excessive claim was prepared, with
857	fraudulent intent, is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.]
858	(i) An individual who files an excessive claim, with fraudulent intent is guilty of a
859	class A misdemeanor.
860	(ii) An individual who assists in the preparation or filing of an excessive claim or
861	supplies information upon which an excessive claim was prepared, with
862	fraudulent intent, is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
863	(2) If the commission or the county determines that a claim is excessive and negligently
864	prepared, the commission or the county shall:
865	(a) <u>disallow</u> 10% of the corrected claim[-shall be disallowed]; <u>and</u>
866	(b) recover the proper portion of any amount paid [shall be similarly recovered]by
867	assessment[; and] with interest:
868	(i) from the date of the claim until the claim is refunded or repaid; and
869	(ii) at the rate of 1% per month.
870	[(e) the assessment provided for in Subsection (2)(b) shall bear interest at 1% per month
871	from the date of payment until refunded or paid.]
872	Section 12. Section 59-2a-106 , which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1217 is renumbered
873	and amended to read:
874	[59-2-1217] <u>59-2a-106</u> . Denial of relief Appeal.
875	Any person aggrieved by the denial in whole or in part of relief claimed under this [
876	part chapter, except when the denial is based upon late filing of claim for relief, may appeal

877	the denial to the commission by filing a [petition within 30 days after the denial] notice of
878	appeal in accordance with Section 59-2-1006.
879	Section 13. Section 59-2a-107, which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1219 is renumbered
880	and amended to read:
881	[59-2-1219] 59-2a-107. Claim disallowed if residence obtained for purpose of
882a	receiving
882	benefits.
883	A claim shall be disallowed if the commission or county finds that the claimant received
884	title to a residence primarily for the purpose of receiving benefits under this [part] chapter.
885	Section 14. Section 59-2a-108, which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1220 is renumbered
886	and amended to read:
887	$[59-2-1220]$ $\underline{59-2a-108}$. Extension of time for filing application Rulemaking
888a	authority
888	County authority to make refunds.
889	(1)(a) The commission or a county may extend the time for filing an application until
890	December 31 of the year the application is required to be filed if, subject to any rules
891	made by the commission under Subsection (1)(b), the commission or county finds
892	that good cause exists to extend the deadline.
893	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
894	commission may make rules to establish the circumstances under which the
895	commission or a county may, for good cause, extend the deadline for filing an
896	application under Subsection (1)(a).
897	(2)[(a) For purposes of this Subsection (2):]
898	[(i) "Abatement" means the amount of property taxes accrued that constitutes a tax
899	abatement for the poor in accordance with Subsection 59-2-1202(10).]
900	[(ii) "Credit" means a homeowner's credit or renter's credit authorized by this part.]
901	[(iii) "Property taxes due" means the taxes due on a claimant's property:]
902	[(A) for which the county or the commission grants an abatement or a credit; and]
903	[(B) for the calendar year for which the abatement or credit is granted.]
904	[(iv) "Property taxes paid" is an amount equal to the sum of:]
905	[(A) the amount of the property taxes paid for the taxable year for which the
906	claimant is applying for the abatement or credit; and]
907	[(B) the amount of the abatement or credit the county or the commission grants.]
908	[(b) A county or the commission granting an abatement or a credit to a claimant] A

909	county granting an abatement described in Subsection 59-2a-101(21) or to an
910	indigent individual, a homeowner's credit, or an exemption described in Part 5,
911	Veteran Armed Forces Exemption, or Part 6, Active Duty Armed Forces Exemption,
912	shall refund to [that claimant] the recipient of the abatement, homeowner's credit, or
913	exemption an amount equal to the amount by which the [elaimant's-]property taxes
914	paid exceed the [claimant's-]property taxes due, if that amount is \$1 or more.
915	Section 15. Section 59-2a-109, which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1805 is renumbered
916	and amended to read:
917	[59-2-1805] <u>59-2a-109</u> . Treatment of trusts.
918	If an applicant for a homeowner's credit, a deferral, or an abatement is the grantor of a
919	trust holding title to real or tangible personal property for which a homeowner's credit, a
920	deferral, or an abatement is claimed, a county may allow the applicant to claim a portion of
21a	the
921	homeowner's credit, deferral, or abatement and be treated as the owner of that portion of the
922	property held in trust, if the applicant proves to the satisfaction of the county that:
923	(1) title to the portion of the trust will revest in the applicant upon the exercise of a power
924	by:
925	(a) the claimant as grantor of the trust;
926	(b) a nonadverse party; or
927	(c) both the claimant and a nonadverse party;
928	(2) title will revest as described in Subsection (1), regardless of whether the power
929	described in Subsection (1) is a power to revoke, terminate, alter, amend, or appoint;
930	(3) the applicant is obligated to pay the taxes on that portion of the trust property beginning
931	January 1 of the year the claimant claims the homeowner's credit, deferral, or abatement;
932	and
933	(4) the claimant satisfies the requirements described in this [part] chapter for homeowner's
934	<u>credit</u> , deferral, or abatement.
935	Section 16. Section 59-2a-110 , which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1807 is renumbered
936	and amended to read:
937	$[59-2-1807]$ $\underline{59-2a-110}$. County legislative body authority to adopt rules or
38a	ordinances.
938	A county legislative body may adopt rules or ordinances to:
939	(1) effectuate [an abatement or exemption] a claim under this chapter, other than a claim
940	under Part 2, Renter's Credit; or

941	(2) designate one or more persons to perform the functions given to the county under this [
942	part] <u>chapter</u> .
943	Section 17. Section 59-2a-111 is enacted to read:
944	59-2a-111 . Application of Chapter 2, Property Tax Act.
945	(1) Unless otherwise provided by this chapter, the relief authorized under this chapter shall
946	be administered, enforced, and interpreted in accordance with Chapter 2, Property Tax
947	Act.
948	(2) If relief is granted, the county shall collect the tax due in accordance with the collection
949	procedures of Chapter 2, Property Tax Act.
950	Section 18. Section 59-2a-201 is enacted to read:
951	Part 2. Renter's Credit
952	<u>59-2a-201</u> . Purpose.
953	(1) The purpose of this part is to provide general tax relief for certain persons who rent their
954	places of residence through a system of tax credits, refunds, and appropriations from the
955	General Fund.
956	(2) The relief is to offset in part the general tax burden, a significant portion of which,
957	directly or indirectly, is represented by property tax.
958	(3)(a) Accordingly, the tax relief provided by this part is determined in part by reference
959	to the property tax assessment and collection mechanisms, but is not limited to
960	property tax relief nor is the tax relief formulated upon the Legislature's power to
961	relieve property taxes.
962	(b) The tax relief is for the general relief of all taxes.
963	Section 19. Section 59-2a-202 , which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1204 is renumbered
964	and amended to read:
965	[59-2-1204] <u>59-2a-202</u> . Renter's credits authorized No interest allowed.
966	(1) [If a claimant who owns a residence files an application for a homeowner's credit
967	under Section 59-2-1206 and meets the requirements of this part, the claimant's property
968	tax liability for the calendar year is equal to property taxes accrued.] A claimant who
969	rents a residence and meets the requirements of this part may receive a renter's credit.
970	(2)[(a)] A claimant [meeting] who meets the requirements of this part and Part 3,
971	Homeowner's Credit, may claim in any year [either-]a renter's credit under Section [
972	59-2-1209] 59-2a-205, a homeowner's credit as provided under [Section 59-2-1208]
973	Part 3, Homeowner's Credit, or both.
074	(h) If a claimant who owns a residence claims a credit under Subsection (2)(a) the

- 975 credit shall be applied against the claimant's property taxes accrued.]
- 976 (3) Interest is not allowed on any payment made to a [renter's or homeowner's credit]
 977 claimant under this part.
- 978 Section 20. Section **59-2a-203**, which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1205 is renumbered and amended to read:

[59-2-1205] $\underline{59-2a-203}$. Time for filing claim for renter's credit -- One claimant

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household per year.

- 982 (1) [No claim with respect to a renter's credit may be paid or allowed] The commission
 983 may not allow or pay a renter's credit unless the claim is actually filed with, and in the
 984 possession of, the commission on or before December 31 of each calendar year.
- 985 (2) Only one claimant per household per calendar year is entitled to payment under this part.
 986 Section 21. Section **59-2a-204**, which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1213 is renum
 - Section 21. Section **59-2a-204**, which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1213 is renumbered and amended to read:

[59-2-1213] <u>59-2a-204</u>. Statement required of renter claimant.

Every [renter claimant under this part] <u>claimant</u> shall supply to the commission, in support of the claim, a statement showing reasonable proof of rent paid, the name and address of the owner or managing agent of the property rented, and any changes of residence.

Section 22. Section **59-2a-205**, which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1209 is renumbered and amended to read:

[59-2-1209] 59-2a-205. Amount of renter's credit -- Cost-of-living adjustment --

995a **Prohibition**

on credit for rental assistance payment -- Calculation of credit when rent includes

996 utilities -- Limitation -- General Fund as source of credit -- Maximum credit.

(1)(a) Subject to Subsections (2) and (3), for a calendar year beginning on or after January 1, [
2021] 2024, a claimant may claim a renter's credit for the previous calendar year that does not exceed the following amounts:

If household income is	Percentage of gross rent allowed as a credit	
\$0 [\$11,785] <u>\$13,884</u>	9.5%	
[\$11,786 \$15,716] <u>\$13,885 \$18,515</u>	8.5%	
[\$15,717 \$19,643] <u>\$18,516 \$23,141</u>	7.0%	
[\$19,644 \$23,572] <u>\$23,142 \$27,770</u>	5.5%	
[\$ 23,573 \$27,503] <u>\$27,771 \$32,401</u>	4.0%	

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1007	[\$27,504 \$31,198] \$32,402 \$36,754	3.0%
1008	[\$31,199 \$34,666] <u>\$36,755 \$40,840</u>	2.5%
1009	(b) For a calendar year beginning on or after January	uary 1, [2022] <u>2025</u> , the commission

- (b) For a calendar year beginning on or after January 1, [2022] 2025, the commission shall increase or decrease the household income eligibility amounts under Subsection (1)(a) by a percentage equal to the percentage difference between the [Consumer Price Index housing] consumer price index for the preceding calendar year and the [Consumer Price Index housing] consumer price index for calendar year [2020] 2023.
- (2)(a) A claimant may claim a renter's credit under this part only for gross rent that does not constitute a rental assistance payment.
 - (b) For purposes of determining whether a claimant receives a rental assistance payment and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules defining the terms:
- (i) "governmental entity";
 - (ii) "charitable organization"; or
- 1021 (iii) "religious organization."
 - (3) For purposes of calculating gross rent when a claimant's rent includes electricity or natural gas and the utility amount is not itemized in the statement provided in accordance with Section [59-2-1213] 59-2a-204, the commission shall deduct from rent:
 - (a) 7% of rent if the rent includes electricity or natural gas but not both; or
- 1026 (b) 13% of rent if the rent includes both electricity and natural gas.
- 1027 (4) An individual may not receive the renter's credit under this section if the individual is:
- 1028 (a) claimed as a personal exemption on another individual's federal income tax return 1029 during any portion of a calendar year for which the individual seeks to claim the 1030 renter's credit under this section; or
 - (b) a dependent with respect to whom another individual claims a tax credit under Section 24(h)(4), Internal Revenue Code, during any portion of a calendar year for which the individual seeks to claim the renter's credit under this section.
- 1034 (5) A payment for a renter's credit allowed by this section, and [provided for in Section 1035 59-2-1204] authorized by Section 59-2a-202, shall be paid from the General Fund.
- 1036 (6) A credit under this section may not exceed the maximum amount allowed as a homeowner's credit for each income bracket under Section [59-2-1208] 59-2a-305.
- Section 23. Section **59-2a-206**, which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1216 is renumbered and amended to read:
- 1040 [59-2-1216] 59-2a-206. Determination of rent when not arm's-length transaction.

1041	If a homestead is rented by a person from another person under circumstances deemed
1042	by the commission to be not at [arm's-length] arm's length, the commission may determine rent
1043	as at [arm's-length] arm's length, and the determination [shall be] is final unless appealed within
1044	30 days after the day on which the commission determines the rent at arm's length.
1045	Section 24. Section 59-2a-301, which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1201 is renumbered
1046	and amended to read:
1047	Part 3. Homeowner's Credit
1048	[59-2-1201] <u>59-2a-301</u> . Purpose of part.
1049	(1) The purpose of this part is to provide general property tax relief for certain persons
1050	who own [or rent] their places of residence through a system of tax credits, refunds, and
1051	appropriations from the General Fund.
1052	(2) The relief is to offset in part the general tax burden, a significant portion of which,
1053	directly or indirectly, is represented by property tax.
1054	(3)(a) Accordingly, the tax relief provided by this part is determined in part by reference
1055	to the property tax assessment and collection mechanisms, but[, however,] is not
1056	limited to property tax relief nor is [it] the tax relief formulated upon the Legislature's
1057	power to relieve [those] property taxes.
1058	(b) [Ht] The tax relief is for the general relief of all taxes.
1059	Section 25. Section 59-2a-302 is enacted to read:
1060	59-2a-302. Homeowner's credit authorized No interest allowed.
1061	(1) If a claimant who owns a residence meets the requirements of this part, the claimant's
1062	property tax liability for the calendar year is equal to property taxes accrued.
1063	(2)(a) A claimant meeting the requirements of this part and Part 2, Renter's Credit, may
1064	claim in any year a renter's credit under Part 2, Renter's Credit, a homeowner's credit
1065	as provided under Section 59-2a-305, or both.
1066	(b) If a claimant who owns a residence claims a credit under Subsection (2)(a), the
1067	county shall apply the credit against the claimant's property taxes accrued.
1068	(3) Interest is not allowed on any payment made to a claimant under this part.
1069	Section 26. Section 59-2a-303 , which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1206 is renumbered
1070	and amended to read:
1071	[59-2-1206] $59-2a-303$. Application for homeowner's credit Time for filing
1072a	Obtaining
1072	payment from General Fund.
1073	(1)(a) A claimant (annlying for a homeowner's gradit shall file annually an application

1074	for the credit with the county in which the residence for which the claimant is seeking
1075	a homeowner's credit is located before September 1.
1076	(b) The application under this section shall:
1077	(i) be on forms provided by the county that meet the requirements of [Section
1078	59-2-1211] <u>Subsection 59-2a-103(3)</u> ; and
1079	(ii) include a household income statement signed by the claimant stating that:
1080	(A) the income statement is correct; and
1081	(B) the claimant qualifies for the credit.
1082	(c)(i) Subject to Subsection (1)(c)(ii), a county shall apply the credit in accordance
1083	with this section and Section [59-2-1207] 59-2a-304 for the year in which the
1084	claimant applies for a homeowner's credit if the claimant meets the criteria for
1085	obtaining a homeowner's credit as provided in this part.
1086	(ii) A homeowner's credit under this part may not exceed the claimant's property tax
1087	liability for the residence for the year in which the claimant applies for a
1088	homeowner's credit under this part.
1089	(d) A claimant may qualify for a homeowner's credit under this part regardless of
1090	whether the claimant owes delinquent property taxes.
1091	(2)(a)(i) The county shall compile a list of claimants and the homeowner's credits
1092	granted to the claimants for purposes of obtaining payment from the General Fund
1093	for the amount of credits granted.
1094	(ii) A county may not obtain payment from the General Fund for the amount
1095	described in Subsection [59-2-1202(10)] 59-2a-101(21).
1096	(b) Upon certification by the commission the payment for the credits under this
1097	Subsection (2) shall be made to the county on or before January 1 if the list of
1098	claimants and the credits granted are received by the commission on or before
1099	November 30 of the year in which the credits under this part are granted.
1100	(c) If the commission does not receive the list under this Subsection (2) on or before
1101	November 30, payment shall be made within 30 days of receipt of the list of
1102	claimants and credits from the county.
1103	Section 27. Section 59-2a-304, which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1207 is renumbered
1104	and amended to read:
1105	[59-2-1207] <u>59-2a-304</u> . Claim applied against tax liability One claimant per
1106a	household per
1106	year.

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- 1107 (1) A county shall apply as provided in Subsection [59-2-1206(1)(c)] 59-2-2004(1)(c) the 1108 amount of a credit under this part against:
 - (a) a claimant's property tax liability; or
 - (b) the property tax liability of a spouse who was a member of the claimant's household in the year in which the claimant applies for a homeowner's credit under this part.
- 1112 (2) Only one claimant per household per year is entitled to payment under this part.
- Section 28. Section **59-2a-305**, which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1208 is renumbered and amended to read:

1115 [59-2-1208] 59-2a-305. Amount of homeowner's credit -- Cost-of-living 1116a adjustment --

1116 Limitation -- General Fund as source of credit.

1117 (1)(a) Subject to [Subsections (2) and (4)] Subsection (2), for a calendar year beginning on or
1118 after January 1, [2021] 2024, a claimant may claim a homeowner's credit that does not exceed
1119 the following amounts:

If household income is	Homeowner's credit	
\$0 [\$11,785] <u>\$13,884</u>	[\$1,027] <u>\$1,259</u>	
[\$11,786 \$15,716] \$13,885 \$18,515	[\$896] <u>\$1,105</u>	
[\$15,717 \$19,643] \$18,516 \$23,141	[\$768] <u>\$954</u>	
[\$19,644 \$23,572] \$23,142 \$27,770	[\$575] <u>\$726</u>	
[\$23,573 \$27,503] \$27,771 \$32,401	[\$448] <u>\$577</u>	
[\$27,504 \$31,198] \$32,402 \$36,754	[\$256] <u>\$351</u>	
[\$ 31,199 \$34,666] <u>\$36,755</u>	[\$126] <u>\$197</u>	
\$40,840		

- (b) For a calendar year beginning on or after January 1, [2022] 2025, the commission shall increase or decrease the household income eligibility amounts and the credits under Subsection (1)(a) by a percentage equal to the percentage difference between the consumer price index [housing-]for the preceding calendar year and the consumer price index [housing-]for calendar year [2020] 2023.
- (2)(a) An individual may not receive the homeowner's credit under this section or the [tax relief] abatement described in Subsection [59-2-1202(10)(a)] 59-2a-101(21) on 20% of the fair market value of the residence if:
 - (i) the individual is claimed as a personal exemption on another individual's federal

1138	income tax return during any portion of a calendar year for which the individual
1139	seeks to claim the homeowner's credit under this section;
1140	(ii) the individual is a dependent with respect to whom another individual claims a
1141	tax credit under Section 24(h)(4), Internal Revenue Code, during any portion of a
1142	calendar year for which the individual seeks to claim the homeowner's credit
1143	under this section; or
1144	(iii) the individual did not own the residence for the entire calendar year for which
1145	the individual claims the homeowner's credit.
1146	(b) For a calendar year in which a residence is sold, the amount received as a
1147	homeowner's credit under this section or as [tax relief] an abatement described in
1148	Subsection [59-2-1202(10)(a)] 59-2a-101(21) on 20% of the fair market value of the
1149	residence shall be repaid to the county on or before the day on which the sale of the
1150	residence closes.
1151	(3) A payment for a homeowner's credit allowed by this section, and [provided for in
1152	Section 59-2-1204] authorized by Section 59-2a-302, shall be paid from the General
1153	Fund.
1154	(4) [For a calendar year that begins on or after January 1, 2018, after] After the commission
1155	has adjusted the homeowner credit amount under Subsection (1)(b), the commission
1156	shall increase each homeowner credit amount under Subsection (1) by [the following
1157	amounts:] <u>\$49.</u>
1158	[(a) for a calendar year that begins on January 1, 2018, \$14;]
1159	[(b) for a calendar year that begins on January 1, 2019, \$22;]
1160	[(e) for a calendar year that begins on January 1, 2020, \$31;]
1161	[(d) for a calendar year that begins on January 1, 2021, \$40; and]
1162	[(e) for a calendar year that begins on or after January 1, 2022, \$49.]
1163	Section 29. Section 59-2a-401, which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1803 is renumbered
1164	and amended to read:
1165	Part 4. Abatement for Indigent Individuals
1166	[59-2-1803] 59-2a-401 . Tax abatement for indigent individuals Maximum
1167a	amount.
1167	[(1)] In accordance with this part, a county may remit or abate the taxes of an indigent
1168	individual:
1169	[(a)] (1) if the indigent individual owned the property as of January 1 of the year for which
1170	the county remits or abates the tayes; and

1171	$\left[\frac{b}{2}\right]$ in an amount not more than the lesser of:
1172	[(i)] (a) the amount provided as a homeowner's credit for the lowest household income
1173	bracket as described in Section [59-2-1208] 59-2a-305 ; or
1174	[(ii)] (b) 50% of the total tax levied for the indigent individual for the current year.
1175	[(2) A county that grants an abatement to an indigent individual shall refund to the indigent
1176	individual an amount that is equal to the amount by which the indigent individual's
1177	property taxes paid exceed the indigent individual's property taxes due, if the amount is
1178	at least \$1.]
1179	Section 30. Section 59-2a-402, which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1804 is renumbered
1180	and amended to read:
1181	[59-2-1804] <u>59-2a-402</u> . Application Rulemaking .
1182	(1)(a) Except as provided in Section 59-2a-108 or Subsection [(1)(b) or](2), an
1183	applicant for [deferral or-]abatement for the current tax year shall annually file an
1184	application on or before September 1 with the county in which the applicant's
1185	property is located.
1186	[(b) If a county finds good cause exists, the county may extend until December 31 the
1187	deadline described in Subsection (1)(a).]
1188	[(e)] (b) An indigent individual may apply and potentially qualify for deferral under Part
1189	7, Discretionary Deferral, Part 8, Nondiscretionary Deferral for Property with
1190	Qualifying Increase, or Part 9, Nondiscretionary Abatement for Elderly Property
1191	Owners, abatement, or both.
1192	(2)[(a)] A county shall extend the [default] September 1 application deadline by one
1193	additional year if [the applicant had been approved for a deferral under this part in the
1194	prior year; or] the county determines that:
1195	[(b) the county determines that:]
1196	[(i)] (a) the applicant or a member of the applicant's immediate family had an illness or
1197	injury that prevented the applicant from filing the application on or before the [default]
1198	<u>September 1</u> application deadline;
1199	[(ii)] (b) a member of the applicant's immediate family died during the calendar year of
1200	the [default] September 1 application deadline;
1201	[(iii)] (c) the failure of the applicant to file the application on or before the [default]
1202	<u>September 1</u> application deadline was beyond the reasonable control of the applicant;
1203	or
1204	[(iv)] (d) denial of an application would be unjust or unreasonable.

1205	(3)[(a)] An applicant shall include in an application a signed statement that describes
1206	the eligibility of the applicant for [deferral or]abatement.
1207	[(b) For an application for a deferral under Section 59-2-1802.5, the requirements
1208	described in Subsection (3)(a) include:]
1209	[(i) proof that the applicant resides at the single-family residence for which the
1210	applicant seeks the deferral;]
1211	[(ii) proof of age; and]
1212	[(iii) proof of household income.]
1213	(4) Both spouses shall sign an application if the application seeks [a deferral or] an
1214	abatement on a residence:
1215	(a) in which both spouses reside; and
1216	(b) that the spouses own as joint tenants.
1217	[(5) If an applicant is dissatisfied with a county's decision on the applicant's application for
1218	deferral or abatement, the applicant may appeal the decision to the commission in
1219	accordance with Section 59-2-1006.]
1220	[(6)] (5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1221	commission may make rules to implement this section.
1222	Section 31. Section 59-2a-501 , which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1903 is renumbered
1223	and amended to read:
1224	Part 5. Veteran Armed Forces Exemption
1225	[59-2-1903] <u>59-2a-501</u> . Veteran armed forces exemption amount.
1226	[(1) As used in this section, "eligible property" means property owned by a veteran
1227	elaimant that is:]
1228	[(a) the veteran claimant's primary residence; or]
1229	[(b) tangible personal property that:]
1230	[(i) is held exclusively for personal use; and]
1231	[(ii) is not used in a trade or business.]
1232	[(2)] (1) In accordance with this part, the amount of taxable value of eligible property
1233	described in Subsection $[(3) \text{ or } (4)]$ $(2) \text{ or } (3)$ is exempt from taxation if the eligible
1234	property is owned by a veteran claimant.
1235	[(3)] (2)(a) Except as provided in Subsection [(4) and in accordance with this Subsection
1236	(3)] (3), the amount of taxable value of eligible property that is exempt under
1237	Subsection $[(2)]$ (1) is equal to the percentage of disability described in the statement
1238	of disability multiplied by the adjusted tayable value limit

1239	(b) The amount of an exemption calculated under Subsection $[(3)(a)]$ $(2)(a)$ may not
1240	exceed the taxable value of the eligible property.
1241	(c) A county shall consider a veteran with a disability to have a 100% disability,
1242	regardless of the percentage of disability described on the statement of disability, if
1243	the United States Department of Veterans Affairs certifies the veteran in the
1244	classification of individual unemployability.
1245	(d) A county may not allow an exemption claimed under this section if the percentage of
1246	disability listed on the statement of disability is less than 10%.
1247	[(4)] (3) The amount of taxable value of eligible property that is exempt under Subsection [
1248	(2)] (1) is equal to the total taxable value of the veteran claimant's eligible property if the
1249	property is owned by:
1250	(a) the unmarried surviving spouse of a veteran who was killed in action or died in the
1251	line of duty;
1252	(b) a minor orphan of a veteran who was killed in action or died in the line of duty; or
1253	(c) the unmarried surviving spouse or minor orphan of a deceased veteran with a
1254	disability:
1255	(i) who served in the military service of the United States or the state prior to January
1256	1, 1921; and
1257	(ii) whose percentage of disability described in the statement of disability is 10% or
1258	more.
1259	$[\underbrace{(5)}]$ $[\underbrace{4}]$ For purposes of this section and Section $[\underbrace{59-2-1904}]$ $\underbrace{59-2a-502}$, an individual who
1260	received an honorable or general discharge from military service of an active component
1261	of the United States Armed Forces or a reserve component of the United States Armed
1262	Forces:
1263	(a) is presumed to be a citizen of the United States; and
1264	(b) may not be required to provide additional proof of citizenship to establish that the
1265	individual is a citizen of the United States.
1266	[(6)] (5) The Department of Veterans and Military Affairs created in Section 71A-1-201
1267	shall, through an informal hearing held in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 4,
1268	Administrative Procedures Act, resolve each dispute arising under this section
1269	concerning an individual's status as a veteran with a disability.
1270	Section 32. Section 59-2a-502 , which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1904 is renumbered
1271	and amended to read:
1272	[59-2-1904] <u>59-2a-502</u> . Application Rulemaking authority.

1273	[(1) As used in this section:]
1274	[(a) "Default application deadline" means the application deadline described in
1275	Subsection (3)(a).]
1276	[(b) "Qualifying disabled veteran claimant" means a veteran claimant who has a 100%
1277	service-connected disability rating by the Veterans Benefits Administration that is
1278	permanent and total.]
1279	[(2)] (1) A veteran claimant may claim an exemption in accordance with Section [59-2-1903]
1280	59-2a-501 and this section if the veteran claimant owns the property eligible for the
1281	exemption at any time during the calendar year for which the veteran claimant claims
1282	the exemption.
1283	[(3)] (2)(a) Except as provided in Section 59-2a-108 or Subsection $[(4), (5), or (7)]$ (3) or
1284	(5), a veteran claimant shall file, on or before September 1 of the calendar year for
1285	which the veteran claimant is applying for the exemption, an application for an
1286	exemption described in Section [59-2-1903] 59-2a-501 with the county in which the
1287	veteran claimant resides on September 1 of that calendar year.
1288	(b) An application described in Subsection $[(3)(a)]$ (2)(a) shall include:
1289	(i) a copy of the veteran's certificate of discharge from military service or other
1290	satisfactory evidence of eligible military service; and
1291	(ii) for an application submitted under the circumstances described in Subsection [
1292	(5)(a)] $(4)(a)$, a statement, issued by a military entity, that gives the date on which
1293	the written decision described in Subsection $[(5)(a)]$ (4)(a) takes effect.
1294	(c) A veteran claimant who is claiming an exemption for a veteran with a disability or a
1295	deceased veteran with a disability[,] shall ensure that, as part of the application
1296	described in this Subsection [(3)] (2), the county has on file, for the veteran related to
1297	the exemption, a statement of disability[:] .
1298	[(i) issued by a military entity; and]
1299	[(ii) that lists the percentage of disability for the veteran with a disability or deceased
1300	veteran with a disability.]
1301	(d) If a veteran claimant is in compliance with Subsection $[(3)(c)]$ (2)(c), a county may
1302	not require the veteran claimant to file another statement of disability, except under
1303	the following circumstances:
1304	(i) the percentage of disability has changed for the veteran with a disability or the
1305	deceased veteran with a disability; or
1306	(ii) the veteran claimant is not the same individual who filed an application for the

1307	exemption for the calendar year immediately preceding the current calendar year.
1308	(e) A county that receives an application described in Subsection $[(3)(a)]$ (2)(a) shall,
1309	within 30 days after the day on which the county received the application, provide the
1310	veteran claimant with a receipt that states that the county received the veteran
1311	claimant's application.
1312	[(4) A county may extend the default application deadline for an initial or amended
1313	application until December 31 of the year for which the veteran claimant is applying for
1314	the exemption if the county finds that good cause exists to extend the default application
1315	deadline.]
1316	[(5)] (3) A county shall extend the [default] September 1 application deadline by one
1317	additional year if, on or after January 4, 2004:
1318	(a) a military entity issues a written decision that:
1319	(i)(A) for a potential claimant who is a living veteran, determines the veteran is a
1320	veteran with a disability; or
1321	(B) for a potential claimant who is the unmarried surviving spouse or minor
1322	orphan of a deceased veteran, determines the deceased veteran was a deceased
1323	veteran with a disability at the time the deceased veteran with a disability died
1324	and
1325	(ii) takes effect in a year before the current calendar year; or
1326	(b) the county legislative body determines that:
1327	(i) the veteran claimant or a member of the veteran claimant's immediate family had
1328	an illness or injury that prevented the veteran claimant from filing the application
1329	on or before the [default] September 1 application deadline;
1330	(ii) a member of the veteran claimant's immediate family died during the calendar
1331	year of the [default] September 1 application deadline;
1332	(iii) the veteran claimant was not physically present in the state for a time period of at
1333	least six consecutive months during the calendar year of the [default] September 1
1334	application deadline; or
1335	(iv) the failure of the veteran claimant to file the application on or before the [default]
1336	<u>September 1</u> application deadline:
1337	(A) would be against equity or good conscience; and
1338	(B) was beyond the reasonable control of the veteran claimant.
1339	[(6)] (4)(a) A county shall allow a veteran claimant to amend an application described in
1340	Subsection $[(3)(a)]$ $(2)(b)$ after the [default] application deadline if, on or after January

1341	4, 2004, a military entity issues a written decision:
1342	(i) that the percentage of disability has changed:
1343	(A) for a veteran with a disability, if the veteran with a disability is the veteran
1344	claimant; or
1345	(B) for a deceased veteran with a disability, if the claimant is the unmarried
1346	surviving spouse or minor orphan of a deceased veteran with a disability; and
1347	(ii) that takes effect in a year before the current calendar year.
1348	(b) A veteran claimant who files an amended application under Subsection $[(6)(a)]$ $(4)(a)$
1349	shall include a statement, issued by a military entity, that gives the date on which the
1350	written decision described in Subsection $[(6)(a)]$ $(4)(a)$ takes effect.
1351	[(7)] (5)(a) A qualifying disabled veteran claimant may submit an application described
1352	in Subsection [(3)(b)] (2)(b) before the qualifying disabled veteran claimant owns a
1353	residence if the qualifying disabled veteran claimant:
1354	(i) intends to purchase the residence as evidenced by a real estate purchase contract or
1355	similar documentation;
1356	(ii) files the application in the county where the residence that the qualifying disabled
1357	veteran claimant intends to purchase is located; and
1358	(iii) intends to use the residence as the qualifying disabled veteran claimant's primary
1359	residence.
1360	(b)(i) The county shall process the application and send the qualifying disabled
1361	veteran claimant a receipt, which shall also include documentation that:
1362	(A) the application is preliminarily approved or denied; and
1363	(B) if the application is preliminarily approved, the amount of the qualifying
1364	disabled veteran claimant's tax exemption calculated in accordance with
1365	Section [59-2-1903] <u>59-2a-501</u> .
1366	(ii) The county shall provide the receipt within 15 business days after the day on
1367	which the county received the application.
1368	[(8)] (6) After issuing the receipt described in Subsection [$(3)(e)$ or $(7)(b)$] $(2)(e)$ or $(5)(b)$, a
1369	county may not require a veteran claimant to file another application under Subsection [
1370	(3)(a) or $(7)(a)$] (2) or (5) , except under the following circumstances relating to the
1371	veteran claimant:
1372	(a) the veteran claimant applies all or a portion of an exemption to tangible personal
1373	property;
1374	(b) the percentage of disability changes for a veteran with a disability or a deceased

1375	veteran with a disability;
1376	(c) the veteran with a disability dies;
1377	(d) a change in the veteran claimant's ownership of the veteran claimant's primary
1378	residence;
1379	(e) a change in the veteran claimant's occupancy of the primary residence for which the
1380	veteran claims an exemption under this section; or
1381	(f) for an exemption relating to a deceased veteran with a disability or a veteran who was
1382	killed in action or died in the line of duty, the veteran claimant is not the same
1383	individual who filed an application for the exemption for the calendar year
1384	immediately preceding the current calendar year.
1385	[(9) If a veteran claimant is the grantor of a trust holding title to real or tangible personal
1386	property for which an exemption described in Section 59-2-1903 is claimed, a county
1387	may allow the veteran claimant to claim a portion of the exemption and be treated as the
1388	owner of that portion of the property held in trust, if the veteran claimant proves to the
1389	satisfaction of the county that:]
1390	[(a) title to the portion of the trust will revest in the veteran claimant upon the exercise
1391	of a power by:]
1392	[(i) the veteran claimant as grantor of the trust;]
1393	[(ii) a nonadverse party; or]
1394	[(iii) both the veteran claimant and a nonadverse party;]
1395	[(b) title will revest as described in Subsection (9)(a), regardless of whether the power
1396	described in Subsection (9)(a) is a power to revoke, terminate, alter, amend, or
1397	appoint; and]
1398	[(c) the veteran claimant satisfies the requirements described in this part for the
1399	exemption described in Section 59-2-1903.]
1400	[(10)] (7) A county may verify that real property for which a veteran claimant applies for an
1401	exemption is the veteran claimant's primary residence.
1402	[(11)] (8) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
1403	the commission may, by rule:
1404	(a) establish procedures and requirements for amending an application described in
1405	Subsection $[(3)(a)]$ (2) ;
1406	(b) for purposes of Subsection $[(5)(b)]$ (3)(b), define the terms:
1407	(i) "immediate family"; or
1408	(ii) "physically present";

1409	(c) for purposes of Subsection $[(5)(b)]$ $(3)(b)$, provide the circumstances under which the
1410	failure of a veteran claimant to file an application on or before the [default] September
1411	$\underline{1}$ application deadline:
1412	(i) would be against equity or good conscience; and
1413	(ii) is beyond the reasonable control of a veteran claimant; or
1414	(d) for purposes of Subsection $[(7)(a)]$ $(5)(a)$, establish the type of documentation that is
1415	evidence of intent to purchase.
1416	Section 33. Section 59-2a-601 is enacted to read:
1417	Part 6. Active Duty Armed Forces Exemption
1418	59-2a-601 . Active duty armed forces exemption amount.
1419	(1) The total taxable value of an active duty claimant's primary residence is exempt from
1420	taxation for the calendar year after the year in which the active duty claimant completed
1421	qualifying military service.
1422	(2) An active duty claimant may claim an exemption in accordance with this section if the
1423	active duty claimant owns the property eligible for the exemption at any time during the
1424	calendar year for which the active duty claimant claims the exemption.
1425	Section 34. Section 59-2a-602 , which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1902 is renumbered
1426	and amended to read:
1427	[59-2-1902] <u>59-2a-602</u> . Application Rulemaking authority.
1428	[(1) As used in this section, "default application deadline" means the application deadline
1429	described in Subsection (4)(a).]
1430	[(2)(a) The total taxable value of an active duty claimant's primary residence is exempt
1431	from taxation for the calendar year after the year in which the active duty claimant
1432	completed qualifying military service.]
1433	[(b) An active duty claimant may claim an exemption in accordance with this section if
1434	the active duty claimant owns the property eligible for the exemption at any time
1435	during the calendar year for which the active duty claimant claims the exemption.]
1436	[(3)] <u>(1)</u> An active duty claimant shall:
1437	(a) file an application as described in Subsection $[(4)]$ (2) in the year after the year during
1438	which the active duty claimant completes the qualifying active duty military service;
1439	and
1440	(b) if the active duty claimant meets the requirements of this section, claim one
1441	exemption only in the year the active duty claimant files the application.
1442	[(4)] (2)(a) Except as provided in Section 59-2a-108 or Subsection $[(5)$ or (6)] (3), an

1443	active duty claimant shall, on or before September 1 of the calendar year for which
1444	the active duty claimant is applying for the exemption, file an application for an
1445	exemption with the county in which the active duty claimant resides on September 1
1446	of that calendar year.
1447	(b) An application described in Subsection $[(4)(a)]$ (2)(a) shall include:
1448	(i) a completed travel voucher or other satisfactory evidence of eligible military
1449	service; and
1450	(ii) a statement that lists the dates on which the 200 days of qualifying active duty
1451	military service began and ended.
1452	(c) A county that receives an application described in Subsection [(4)(a)] (2)(a) shall,
1453	within 30 days after the day on which the county received the application, provide the
1454	active duty claimant with a receipt that states that the county received the active duty
1455	claimant's application.
1456	[(5) A county may extend the default application deadline for an application described in
1457	Subsection (4)(a) until December 31 of the year for which the active duty elaimant is
1458	applying for the exemption if the county finds that good cause exists to extend the
1459	default application deadline.]
1460	[(6)] (3) A county shall extend the [default] September 1 application deadline by one
1461	additional year if the county legislative body determines that:
1462	(a) the active duty claimant or a member of the active duty claimant's immediate family
1463	had an illness or injury that prevented the active duty claimant from filing the
1464	application on or before the [default] September 1 application deadline;
1465	(b) a member of the active duty claimant's immediate family died during the calendar
1466	year of the [default] September 1 application deadline;
1467	(c) the active duty claimant was not physically present in the state for a time period of at
1468	least six consecutive months during the calendar year of the [default] September 1
1469	application deadline; or
1470	(d) the failure of the active duty claimant to file the application on or before the [default]
1471	September 1 application deadline:
1472	(i) would be against equity or good conscience; and
1473	(ii) was beyond the reasonable control of the active duty claimant.
1474	[(7)] (4) After issuing the receipt described in Subsection $[(4)(e)]$ (2)(c), a county may not
1475	require an active duty claimant to file another application under Subsection [(4)(a)] (2)(a)
1476	except under the following circumstances:

1477	(a) a change in the active duty claimant's ownership of the active duty claimant's
1478	primary residence; or
1479	(b) a change in the active duty claimant's occupancy of the primary residence for which
1480	the active duty claimant claims an exemption under this section.
1481	[(8)] (5) A county may verify that real property for which an active duty claimant applies for
1482	an exemption is the active duty claimant's primary residence.
1483	[(9)] (6) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1484	commission may by rule:
1485	(a) establish procedures and requirements for amending an application described in
1486	Subsection $[(4)]$ (2) ;
1487	(b) for purposes of Subsection [(6)] (3), define the terms:
1488	(i) "immediate family"; or
1489	(ii) "physically present"; or
1490	(c) for purposes of Subsection [(6)(d)] (3)(d), prescribe the circumstances under which
1491	the failure of an active duty claimant to file an application on or before the [default]
1492	September 1 application deadline:
1493	(i) would be against equity or good conscience; and
1494	(ii) is beyond the reasonable control of an active duty claimant.
1495	Section 35. Section 59-2a-701, which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1802 is renumbered
1496	and amended to read:
1497	Part 7. Discretionary Deferral
1498	[59-2-1802] <u>59-2a-701</u> . Tax and tax notice charge deferral.
1499	(1)(a) In accordance with this part and after receiving an application and giving notice
1500	to the taxpayer, a county may grant a deferral on residential property.
1501	(b) In determining whether to grant an application for a deferral under this section, a
1502	county shall consider an asset transferred to a relative by an applicant for deferral, if
1503	the transfer took place during the three years before the day on which the applicant
1504	applied for deferral.
1505	(2) A county may grant a deferral described in Subsection (1) at any time:
1506	(a) after the holder of each mortgage or trust deed outstanding on the property gives
1507	written approval of the application; and
1508	(b) if the applicant is not the owner of income-producing assets that could be liquidated
1509	to pay the tax.
1510	(3)(a) Taxes and tax notice charges deferred under this part accumulate with interest

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1511	and applicable recording fees as a lien against the residential property.
1512	(b) A lien described in this Subsection (3) has the same legal status as a lien described in
1513	Section 59-2-1325.
1514	(c) To release the lien described in this Subsection (3), an owner shall pay the total
1515	amount subject to the lien:
1516	(i) upon the owner selling or otherwise disposing of the residential property; or
1517	(ii) when the residential property is no longer the owner's primary residence.
1518	(d)(i) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(c), an owner that receives a deferral does not
1519	have to pay the deferred taxes, deferred tax notice charges, or applicable recording
1520	fees when the residential property transfers:
1521	(A) to the owner's surviving spouse as a result of the owner's death; or
1522	(B) between the owner and a trust described in Section [59-2-1805] 59-2a-109 for
1523	which the owner is the grantor.
1524	(ii) After the residential property transfers to the owner's surviving spouse, the
1525	deferred taxes, deferred tax notice charges, and applicable recording fees are due:
1526	(A) upon the surviving spouse selling or otherwise disposing of the residential
1527	property; or
1528	(B) when the residential property is no longer the surviving spouse's primary
1529	residence.
1530	(e) When the deferral period ends:
1531	(i) the lien becomes due and subject to the collection procedures described in Section
1532	59-2-1331; and
1533	(ii) the date of levy is the date that the deferral period ends.
1534	(4)(a) If a county grants an owner more than one deferral for the same single-family
1535	residence, the county is not required to submit for recording more than one lien.
1536	(b) Each subsequent deferral relates back to the date of the initial lien filing.
1537	(5)(a) For each residential property for which the county grants a deferral, the county
1538	treasurer shall maintain a record that is an itemized account of the total amount of
1539	deferred property taxes and deferred tax notice charges subject to the lien.
1540	(b) The record described in this Subsection (5) is the official record of the amount of the
1541	lien.
1542	(6) Taxes and tax notice charges deferred under this part bear interest at a rate equal to 50%
1543	of the rate described in Subsections 59-2-1331(2)(c) and (d).

Section 36. Section **59-2a-702** is enacted to read:

1545	59-2a-702 . Application Rulemaking authority.
1546	(1)(a) Except as provided in Section 59-2a-108 or Subsection (2), an applicant for
1547	deferral for the current tax year shall annually file an application on or before
1548	September 1 with the county in which the applicant's property is located.
1549	(b) An indigent individual may apply and potentially qualify for deferral under this part,
1550	Part 8, Nondiscretionary Deferral for Property with Qualifying Increase, or Part 9,
1551	Nondiscretionary Deferral for Elderly Property Owners, an abatement, or both.
1552	(2) A county shall extend the September 1 application deadline by one additional year if:
1553	(a) the applicant had been approved for a deferral under this part in the prior year; or
1554	(b) the county determines that:
1555	(i) the applicant or a member of the applicant's immediate family had an illness or
1556	injury that prevented the applicant from filing the application on or before the
1557	September 1 application deadline;
1558	(ii) a member of the applicant's immediate family died during the calendar year of the
1559	September 1 application deadline;
1560	(iii) the failure of the applicant to file the application on or before the September 1
1561	application deadline was beyond the reasonable control of the applicant; or
1562	(iv) denial of an application would be unjust or unreasonable.
1563	(3) An applicant shall include in an application a signed statement that describes the
1564	eligibility of the applicant for deferral.
1565	(4) Both spouses shall sign an application if the application seeks a deferral or abatement on
1566	<u>a residence:</u>
1567	(a) in which both spouses reside; and
1568	(b) that the spouses own as joint tenants.
1569	(5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1570	commission may make rules to implement this section.
1571	Section 37. Section 59-2a-801, which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1802.1 is renumbered
1572	and amended to read:
1573	Part 8. Nondiscretionary Deferral for Property with Qualifying Increase
1574	[59-2-1802.1] <u>59-2a-801</u> . Nondiscretionary property tax and tax notice charge
1575a	deferral for property with
1575	a qualifying increase.
1576	(1)[(a)] A county shall grant a deferral for any real property if an owner of the property:
1577	[(i)] (a) applies for a property tax deferral on or before the date provided in [Subsection

1578	(1)(b)] Section 59-2a-802; and
1579	[(ii)] (b) has a qualifying increase for the calendar year that begins on January 1, 2023, or
1580	January 1, 2024.
1581	[(b) The owner of the property shall apply for a deferral on or before the later of:]
1582	[(i) June 30, 2025; or]
1583	[(ii) if an appeal of valuation or equalization of a property described in Subsection
1584	(1)(a) is filed with a county board of equalization, the commission, or a court of
1585	competent jurisdiction, 30 days after the day on which the county board of
1586	equalization, the commission, or a court of competent jurisdiction issues a final,
1587	unappealable judgment or order.]
1588	(2)(a) The period of deferral is five years.
1589	(b) The property owner shall pay 20% of the taxes and tax notice charges due during
1590	each year of the five-year deferral period.
1591	(c) A county shall grant a separate five-year deferral period if an owner has a qualifying
1592	increase for both the calendar year that begins on January 1, 2023, and the calendar
1593	year that begins on January 1, 2024.
1594	(3)(a) Taxes and tax notice charges deferred under this part accumulate as a lien against
1595	the [residential] real property.
1596	(b) A lien described in this Subsection (3) has the same legal status as a lien described in
1597	Section 59-2-1325.
1598	(c) To release the lien described in this Subsection (3), an owner shall pay the total
1599	amount subject to the lien on or before the earlier of:
1600	(i) the day on which the five-year deferral period ends; or
1601	(ii) the day the owner sells or otherwise disposes of the real property.
1602	(d) When the deferral period ends:
1603	(i) the lien becomes due and subject to the collection procedures described in Section
1604	59-2-1331; and
1605	(ii) the date of levy is the date that the deferral period ends.
1606	(4)(a) Notwithstanding Section 59-2-1331, a county may not impose a penalty or
1607	interest during the period of deferral.
1608	(b) If the property owner does not make all deferred payments before the day on which
1609	the five-year deferral period ends, the county may assess a penalty or interest in
1610	accordance with Section 59-2-1331 on the unpaid amount.
1611	(5)(a) If a county grants an owner more than one deferral for the same property, the

1612	county is not required to submit for recording more than one lien.
1613	(b) Each subsequent deferral relates back to the date of the initial lien filing.
1614	(6)(a) For each property for which the county grants a deferral, the county treasurer
1615	shall maintain a record that is an itemized account of the total amount of deferred
1616	property taxes and deferred tax notice charges subject to the lien.
1617	(b) The record described in this Subsection (6) is the official record of the amount of the
1618	lien.
1619	(7) For a property that has a qualifying increase for the calendar year that begins on January
1620	1, 2023, or January 1, 2024, a county assessor shall include with the notice provided in
1621	accordance with Section 59-2-919.1 for the calendar year that begins on January 1,
1622	2024, a notice informing the owner of record of:
1623	(a)(i) for a property that has a qualifying increase for the calendar year that begins on
1624	January 1, 2023, the option to file an appeal under the extended period described
1625	in Section 59-2-1004.1; or
1626	(ii) for a property that has a qualifying increase for the calendar year that begins on
1627	January 1, 2024, the option to file an appeal under Section 59-2-1004;
1628	(b) instructions for filing an appeal;
1629	(c) the option to apply for a deferral in accordance with this section; and
1630	(d) the ability of the county to waive any penalty or interest assessed in accordance with
1631	Section 59-2-1331.
1632	Section 38. Section 59-2a-802 is enacted to read:
1633	59-2a-802 . Application Rulemaking authority.
1634	(1) The owner of the property shall apply for a deferral on or before the later of:
1635	(a) June 30, 2025; or
1636	(b) if an appeal of valuation or equalization of a property described in Subsection
1637	59-2a-801(1) is filed with a county board of equalization, the commission, or a court
1638	of competent jurisdiction, 30 days after the day on which the county board of
1639	equalization, the commission, or a court of competent jurisdiction issues a final,
1640	unappealable judgment or order.
1641	(2) An indigent individual may apply and potentially qualify for deferral under this part,
1642	Part 7, Discretionary Deferral, or Part 9, Nondiscretionary Deferral for Elderly Property
1643	Owners, an abatement, or both.
1644	(3) An applicant shall include in an application a signed statement that describes the
1645	eligibility of the applicant for deferral.

1646	(4) Both spouses shall sign an application if the application seeks a deferral or abatement on
1647	a residence:
1648	(a) in which both spouses reside; and
1649	(b) that the spouses own as joint tenants.
1650	(5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1651	commission may make rules to implement this section.
1652	Section 39. Section 59-2a-901, which is renumbered from Section 59-2-1802.5 is renumbered
1653	and amended to read:
1654	Part 9. Nondiscretionary Deferral for Elderly Property Owners
1655	$[59-2-1802.5]$ $\underline{59-2a-901}$. Nondiscretionary tax and tax notice charge deferral for
1656a	elderly property
1656	owners.
1657	(1) An eligible owner may apply for a deferral under this section if:
1658	(a) the eligible owner uses the single-family residence as the eligible owner's primary
1659	residence as of January 1 of the year for which the eligible owner applies for the
1660	deferral;
1661	(b) with respect to the single-family residence, there are no:
1662	(i) delinquent property taxes;
1663	(ii) delinquent tax notice charges; or
1664	(iii) outstanding penalties, interest, or administrative costs related to a delinquent
1665	property tax or a delinquent tax notice charge;
1666	(c)(i) the value of the single-family residence for which the eligible owner applies
1667	for the deferral is no greater than the median property value of:
1668	(A) attached single-family residences within the county, if the single-family
1669	residence is an attached single-family residence; or
1670	(B) detached single-family residences within the county, if the single-family
1671	residence is a detached single-family residence; or
1672	(ii) the eligible owner has owned the single-family residence for a continuous 20-year
1673	period as of January 1 of the year for which the eligible owner applies for the
1674	deferral; and
1675	(d) the holder of each mortgage or trust deed outstanding on the single-family residence
1676	gives written approval of the deferral.
1677	(2) If the conditions in Subsection (1) are satisfied and the applicant complies with the other
1678	applicable provisions of this part, a county shall defer the property tax[-] and tax notice

1679	charges on an attached single-family residence or a detached single-family residence[-for
1680	an application of deferral made on or after January 1, 2024].
1681	(3) The values described in Subsection (1)(c) are based on the county assessment roll for
1682	the county in which the single-family residence is located.
1683	(4) For purposes of Subsection (1)(c)(ii), ownership is considered continuous regardless of
1684	whether the single-family residence is transferred between an eligible owner who is an
1685	individual and an eligible owner that is a trust.
1686	[(5)(a) Upon application from a county in a form prescribed by the commission, the
1687	commission shall reimburse the county for the amount of any tax or tax notice charge
1688	that the county defers in accordance with this section.]
1689	[(b) The commission may not reimburse a county:]
1690	[(i) before the county approves the deferral; or]
1691	[(ii) for a tax or tax notice charge assessed after December 31, 2026.]
1692	[(e) A county that receives money in accordance with this Subsection (5) shall:]
1693	[(i) distribute the money to the taxing entities in the same proportion the county
1694	would have distributed the revenue from the deferred tax and deferred tax notice
1695	charge; and]
1696	[(ii) repay the money no later than 30 days after the day on which the deferral lien is
1697	satisfied.]
1698	[(d) The commission shall deposit money received under Subsection (5)(e)(ii) into the
1699	General Fund.]
1700	Section 40. Section 59-2a-902 is enacted to read:
1701	59-2a-902 . Application Rulemaking authority.
1702	(1)(a) Except as provided in Section 59-2a-108 or Subsection (2), an applicant for
1703	deferral for the current tax year shall annually file an application on or before
1704	September 1 with the county in which the applicant's property is located.
1705	(b) An indigent individual may apply and potentially qualify for deferral under Part 7,
1706	Discretionary Deferral, or Part 8, Nondiscretionary Deferral for Property with
1707	Qualifying Increase, an abatement, or both.
1708	(2) A county shall extend the September 1 application deadline by one additional year if:
1709	(a) the applicant had been approved for a deferral under this part in the prior year; or
1710	(b) the county determines that:
1711	(i) the applicant or a member of the applicant's immediate family had an illness or
1712	injury that prevented the applicant from filing the application on or before the

1713	September 1 application deadline;
1714	(ii) a member of the applicant's immediate family died during the calendar year of the
1715	September 1 application deadline;
1716	(iii) the failure of the applicant to file the application on or before the September 1
1717	application deadline was beyond the reasonable control of the applicant; or
1718	(iv) denial of an application would be unjust or unreasonable.
1719	(3)(a) An applicant shall include in an application a signed statement that describes the
1720	eligibility of the applicant for deferral.
1721	(b) The requirements described in Subsection (3)(a) include:
1722	(i) proof that the applicant resides at the single-family residence for which the
1723	applicant seeks the deferral;
1724	(ii) proof of age; and
1725	(iii) proof of household income.
1726	(4) Both spouses shall sign an application if the application seeks a deferral on a residence:
1727	(a) in which both spouses reside; and
1728	(b) that the spouses own as joint tenants.
1729	(5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1730	commission may make rules to implement this section.
1731	Section 41. Section 59-2a-903 is enacted to read:
1732	<u>59-2a-903</u> . Reimbursement to counties.
1733	(1) Upon application from a county in a form approved by the commission, the commission
1734	shall reimburse the county for the amount of any tax or tax notice charge that the county
1735	defers in accordance with this part.
1736	(2) The commission may not reimburse a county:
1737	(a) before the county approves the deferral; or
1738	(b) for a tax or tax notice charge assessed after December 31, 2026.
1739	(3) A county that receives money in accordance with this section shall:
1740	(a) distribute the money to the taxing entities in the same proportion the county would
1741	have distributed the revenue from the deferred tax and deferred tax notice charge; and
1742	(b) repay the money no later than 30 days after the day on which the deferral lien is
1743	satisfied.
1744	(4) The commission shall deposit money received under Subsection (3)(b) into the General
1745	Fund.
1746	Section 42. Section 63G-2-302 is amended to read:

1747	63G-2-302 . Private records.
1748	(1) The following records are private:
1749	(a) records concerning an individual's eligibility for unemployment insurance benefits,
1750	social services, welfare benefits, or the determination of benefit levels;
1751	(b) records containing data on individuals describing medical history, diagnosis,
1752	condition, treatment, evaluation, or similar medical data;
1753	(c) records of publicly funded libraries that when examined alone or with other records
1754	identify a patron;
1755	(d) records received by or generated by or for:
1756	(i) the Independent Legislative Ethics Commission, except for:
1757	(A) the commission's summary data report that is required under legislative rule;
1758	and
1759	(B) any other document that is classified as public under legislative rule; or
1760	(ii) a Senate or House Ethics Committee in relation to the review of ethics
1761	complaints, unless the record is classified as public under legislative rule;
1762	(e) records received by, or generated by or for, the Independent Executive Branch Ethics
1763	Commission, except as otherwise expressly provided in Title 63A, Chapter 14,
1764	Review of Executive Branch Ethics Complaints;
1765	(f) records received or generated for a Senate confirmation committee concerning
1766	character, professional competence, or physical or mental health of an individual:
1767	(i) if, prior to the meeting, the chair of the committee determines release of the
1768	records:
1769	(A) reasonably could be expected to interfere with the investigation undertaken by
1770	the committee; or
1771	(B) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair proceeding or
1772	impartial hearing; and
1773	(ii) after the meeting, if the meeting was closed to the public;
1774	(g) employment records concerning a current or former employee of, or applicant for
1775	employment with, a governmental entity that would disclose that individual's home
1776	address, home telephone number, social security number, insurance coverage, marital
1777	status, or payroll deductions;
1778	(h) records or parts of records under Section 63G-2-303 that a current or former
1779	employee identifies as private according to the requirements of that section;
1780	(i) that part of a record indicating a person's social security number or federal employer

1781 identification number if provided under Section 31A-23a-104, 31A-25-202, 1782 31A-26-202, 58-1-301, 58-55-302, 61-1-4, or 61-2f-203; 1783 (j) that part of a voter registration record identifying a voter's: 1784 (i) driver license or identification card number; 1785 (ii) social security number, or last four digits of the social security number; 1786 (iii) email address; 1787 (iv) date of birth; or 1788 (v) phone number; 1789 (k) a voter registration record that is classified as a private record by the lieutenant 1790 governor or a county clerk under Subsection 20A-2-101.1(5)(a), 20A-2-104(4)(h), or 1791 20A-2-204(4)(b); 1792 (1) a voter registration record that is withheld under Subsection 20A-2-104(7); 1793 (m) a withholding request form described in Subsections 20A-2-104(7) and (8) and any 1794 verification submitted in support of the form; 1795 (n) a record that: 1796 (i) contains information about an individual; 1797 (ii) is voluntarily provided by the individual; and 1798 (iii) goes into an electronic database that: 1799 (A) is designated by and administered under the authority of the Chief Information 1800 Officer; and 1801 (B) acts as a repository of information about the individual that can be electronically retrieved and used to facilitate the individual's online interaction 1802 1803 with a state agency; 1804 (o) information provided to the Commissioner of Insurance under: 1805 (i) Subsection 31A-23a-115(3)(a); 1806 (ii) Subsection 31A-23a-302(4); or 1807 (iii) Subsection 31A-26-210(4); 1808 (p) information obtained through a criminal background check under Title 11, Chapter 1809 40, Criminal Background Checks by Political Subdivisions Operating Water Systems; 1810 (q) information provided by an offender that is: 1811 (i) required by the registration requirements of Title 77, Chapter 41, Sex, Kidnap, and 1812 Child Abuse Offender Registry; and 1813 (ii) not required to be made available to the public under Subsection 77-41-110(4); 1814 (r) a statement and any supporting documentation filed with the attorney general in

1815	accordance with Section 34-45-107, if the federal law or action supporting the filing
1816	involves homeland security;
1817	(s) electronic toll collection customer account information received or collected under
1818	Section 72-6-118 and customer information described in Section 17B-2a-815
1819	received or collected by a public transit district, including contact and payment
1820	information and customer travel data;
1821	(t) an email address provided by a military or overseas voter under Section 20A-16-501;
1822	(u) a completed military-overseas ballot that is electronically transmitted under Title
1823	20A, Chapter 16, Uniform Military and Overseas Voters Act;
1824	(v) records received by or generated by or for the Political Subdivisions Ethics Review
1825	Commission established in Section 63A-15-201, except for:
1826	(i) the commission's summary data report that is required in Section 63A-15-202; and
1827	(ii) any other document that is classified as public in accordance with Title 63A,
1828	Chapter 15, Political Subdivisions Ethics Review Commission;
1829	(w) a record described in Section 53G-9-604 that verifies that a parent was notified of an
1830	incident or threat;
1831	(x) a criminal background check or credit history report conducted in accordance with
1832	Section 63A-3-201;
1833	(y) a record described in Subsection 53-5a-104(7);
1834	(z) on a record maintained by a county for the purpose of administering property taxes,
1835	an individual's:
1836	(i) email address;
1837	(ii) phone number; or
1838	(iii) personal financial information related to a person's payment method;
1839	(aa) a record submitted by a taxpayer to establish the taxpayer's eligibility for an
1840	exemption, deferral, abatement, or relief under:
1841	(i) Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 11, Exemptions; or
1842	[(ii) Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 12, Property Tax Relief;]
1843	[(iii) Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 18, Tax Deferral and Tax Abatement; or]
1844	[(iv) Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 19, Armed Forces Exemptions;]
1845	(ii) Title 59, Chapter 2a, Tax Relief Through Property Tax;
1846	(bb) a record provided by the State Tax Commission in response to a request under
1847	Subsection 59-1-403(4)(y)(iii);
1848	(cc) a record of the Child Welfare Legislative Oversight Panel regarding an individual

1849	child welfare case, as described in Subsection 36-33-103(3);[-and]
1850	(dd) a record relating to drug or alcohol testing of a state employee under Section
1851	63A-17-1004;
1852	(ee) a record relating to a request by a state elected official or state employee who has
1853	been threatened to the Division of Technology Services to remove personal
1854	identifying information from the open web under Section 63A-16-109; and
1855	(ff) a record including confidential information as that term is defined in Section
1856	67-27-105.
1857	(2) The following records are private if properly classified by a governmental entity:
1858	(a) records concerning a current or former employee of, or applicant for employment
1859	with a governmental entity, including performance evaluations and personal status
1860	information such as race, religion, or disabilities, but not including records that are
1861	public under Subsection 63G-2-301(2)(b) or 63G-2-301(3)(o) or private under
1862	Subsection (1)(b);
1863	(b) records describing an individual's finances, except that the following are public:
1864	(i) records described in Subsection 63G-2-301(2);
1865	(ii) information provided to the governmental entity for the purpose of complying
1866	with a financial assurance requirement; or
1867	(iii) records that must be disclosed in accordance with another statute;
1868	(c) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of those records would
1869	conflict with the fiduciary obligations of the agency;
1870	(d) other records containing data on individuals the disclosure of which constitutes a
1871	clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
1872	(e) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state that
1873	are given with the requirement that the records be managed as private records, if the
1874	providing entity states in writing that the record would not be subject to public
1875	disclosure if retained by it;
1876	(f) any portion of a record in the custody of the Division of Aging and Adult Services,
1877	created in Section 26B-6-102, that may disclose, or lead to the discovery of, the
1878	identity of a person who made a report of alleged abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a
1879	vulnerable adult; and
1880	(g) audio and video recordings created by a body-worn camera, as defined in Section
1881	77-7a-103, that record sound or images inside a home or residence except for
1882	recordings that:

1883	(i) depict the commission of an alleged crime;
1884	(ii) record any encounter between a law enforcement officer and a person that results
1885	in death or bodily injury, or includes an instance when an officer fires a weapon;
1886	(iii) record any encounter that is the subject of a complaint or a legal proceeding
1887	against a law enforcement officer or law enforcement agency;
1888	(iv) contain an officer involved critical incident as defined in Subsection 76-2-408
1889	(1)(f); or
1890	(v) have been requested for reclassification as a public record by a subject or
1891	authorized agent of a subject featured in the recording.
1892	(3)(a) As used in this Subsection (3), "medical records" means medical reports, records,
1893	statements, history, diagnosis, condition, treatment, and evaluation.
1894	(b) Medical records in the possession of the University of Utah Hospital, its clinics,
1895	doctors, or affiliated entities are not private records or controlled records under
1896	Section 63G-2-304 when the records are sought:
1897	(i) in connection with any legal or administrative proceeding in which the patient's
1898	physical, mental, or emotional condition is an element of any claim or defense; or
1899	(ii) after a patient's death, in any legal or administrative proceeding in which any
1900	party relies upon the condition as an element of the claim or defense.
1901	(c) Medical records are subject to production in a legal or administrative proceeding
1902	according to state or federal statutes or rules of procedure and evidence as if the
1903	medical records were in the possession of a nongovernmental medical care provider.
1904	Section 43. Section 63J-1-602.2 is amended to read:
1905	63J-1-602.2 . List of nonlapsing appropriations to programs.
1906	Appropriations made to the following programs are nonlapsing:
1907	(1) The Legislature and the Legislature's committees.
1908	(2) The State Board of Education, including all appropriations to agencies, line items, and
1909	programs under the jurisdiction of the State Board of Education, in accordance with
1910	Section 53F-9-103.
1911	(3) The Rangeland Improvement Act created in Section 4-20-101.
1912	(4) The Percent-for-Art Program created in Section 9-6-404.
1913	(5) The LeRay McAllister Working Farm and Ranch Fund created in Section 4-46-301.
1914	(6) The Utah Lake Authority created in Section 11-65-201.
1915	(7) Dedicated credits accrued to the Utah Marriage Commission as provided under
1916	Subsection 17-16-21(2)(d)(ii).

- 1917 (8) The Wildlife Land and Water Acquisition Program created in Section 23A-6-205.
- 1918 (9) Sanctions collected as dedicated credits from Medicaid providers under Subsection
- 1919 26B-3-108(7).
- 1920 (10) The primary care grant program created in Section 26B-4-310.
- 1921 (11) The Opiate Overdose Outreach Pilot Program created in Section 26B-4-512.
- 1922 (12) The Utah Health Care Workforce Financial Assistance Program created in Section
- 1923 26B-4-702.
- 1924 (13) The Rural Physician Loan Repayment Program created in Section 26B-4-703.
- 1925 (14) The Utah Medical Education Council for the:
- 1926 (a) administration of the Utah Medical Education Program created in Section 26B-4-707;
- (b) provision of medical residency grants described in Section 26B-4-711; and
- 1928 (c) provision of the forensic psychiatric fellowship grant described in Section 26B-4-712.
- 1929 (15) The Division of Services for People with Disabilities, as provided in Section 26B-6-402.
- 1930 (16) The Communication Habits to reduce Adolescent Threats (CHAT) Pilot Program
- 1931 created in Section 26B-7-122.
- 1932 (17) Funds that the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Services retains in accordance with
- 1933 Subsection 32B-2-301(8)(a) or (b).
- 1934 (18) The General Assistance program administered by the Department of Workforce
- 1935 Services, as provided in Section 35A-3-401.
- 1936 (19) The Utah National Guard, created in Title 39A, National Guard and Militia Act.
- 1937 (20) The Search and Rescue Financial Assistance Program, as provided in Section
- 1938 53-2a-1102.
- 1939 (21) The Emergency Medical Services Grant Program in Section 53-2d-207.
- 1940 (22) The Motorcycle Rider Education Program, as provided in Section 53-3-905.
- 1941 (23) The Utah Board of Higher Education for teacher preparation programs, as provided in
- 1942 Section 53B-6-104.
- 1943 (24) Innovation grants under Section 53G-10-608, except as provided in Subsection
- 1944 53G-10-608(6).
- 1945 (25) The Division of Fleet Operations for the purpose of upgrading underground storage
- tanks under Section 63A-9-401.
- 1947 (26) The Division of Technology Services for technology innovation as provided under
- 1948 Section 63A-16-903.
- 1949 (27) The State Capitol Preservation Board created by Section 63O-2-201.
- 1950 (28) The Office of Administrative Rules for publishing, as provided in Section 63G-3-402.

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- 1951 (29) The Colorado River Authority of Utah, created in Title 63M, Chapter 14, Colorado
- 1952 River Authority of Utah Act.
- 1953 (30) The Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity to fund the Enterprise Zone Act, as
- provided in Title 63N, Chapter 2, Part 2, Enterprise Zone Act.
- 1955 (31) The Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity's Rural Employment Expansion
- 1956 Program, as described in Title 63N, Chapter 4, Part 4, Rural Employment Expansion
- 1957 Program.
- 1958 (32) County correctional facility contracting program for state inmates as described in
- 1959 Section 64-13e-103.
- 1960 (33) County correctional facility reimbursement program for state probationary inmates and
- state parole inmates as described in Section 64-13e-104.
- 1962 (34) Programs for the Jordan River Recreation Area as described in Section 65A-2-8.
- 1963 (35) The Division of Human Resource Management user training program, as provided in
- 1964 Section 63A-17-106.
- 1965 (36) A public safety answering point's emergency telecommunications service fund, as
- 1966 provided in Section 69-2-301.
- 1967 (37) The Traffic Noise Abatement Program created in Section 72-6-112.
- 1968 (38) The money appropriated from the Navajo Water Rights Negotiation Account to the
- Division of Water Rights, created in Section 73-2-1.1, for purposes of participating in a
- settlement of federal reserved water right claims.
- 1971 (39) The Judicial Council for compensation for special prosecutors, as provided in Section
- 1972 77-10a-19.
- 1973 (40) A state rehabilitative employment program, as provided in Section 78A-6-210.
- 1974 (41) The Utah Geological Survey, as provided in Section 79-3-401.
- 1975 (42) The Bonneville Shoreline Trail Program created under Section 79-5-503.
- 1976 (43) Adoption document access as provided in Sections 78B-6-141, 78B-6-144, and
- 1977 78B-6-144.5.
- 1978 (44) Indigent defense as provided in Title 78B, Chapter 22, Part 4, Utah Indigent Defense
- 1979 Commission.
- 1980 (45) The program established by the Division of Facilities Construction and Management
- under Section 63A-5b-703 under which state agencies receive an appropriation and pay
- lease payments for the use and occupancy of buildings owned by the Division of
- 1983 Facilities Construction and Management.
- 1984 (46) The State Tax Commission for reimbursing counties for deferrals in accordance with

1985	Section [59-2-1802.5] <u>59-2a-801</u> .
1986	(47) The Veterinarian Education Loan Repayment Program created in Section 4-2-902.
1987	Section 44. Repealer.
1988	This bill repeals:
1989	Section 59-2-1801, Definitions.
1990	Section 59-2-1806, Fraudulent or negligent representation Penalties and interest.
1991	Section 59-2-1901, Definitions.
1992	Section 59-2-1905, Refund.
1993	Section 59-2-1906, County legislative body authority to adopt rules or ordinances.
1994	Section 45. Effective Date.
1995	This bill takes effect on January 1, 2026.