HOUSE BILL 174

Q14 lr 0024CF SB 279 (PRE-FILED) By: Chair, Ways and Means Committee (By Request - Departmental - Assessments and Taxation) Requested: September 10, 2023 Introduced and read first time: January 10, 2024 Assigned to: Ways and Means Committee Report: Favorable with amendments House action: Adopted Read second time: February 20, 2024 CHAPTER AN ACT concerning Property Tax Assessment - <u>Unsuccessful</u> Appeals to Maryland Tax Court -Filing Fee FOR the purpose of requiring a taxpayer, when filing an appeal to the Maryland Tax Court of a property tax assessment for certain income-producing property, to pay a certain fee to the Maryland Tax Court if the taxpayer appeals a determination regarding an assessment of certain income-producing property and the court does not grant the taxpayer relief on the appeal; and generally relating to appeals of property tax assessments. BY repealing and reenacting, with without amendments, Article – Tax – Property Section 14–512(f) Annotated Code of Maryland (2019 Replacement Volume and 2023 Supplement) BY adding to <u>Article – Tax – Property</u> Section 14–512(h) Annotated Code of Maryland (2019 Replacement Volume and 2023 Supplement)

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.

<u>Underlining</u> indicates amendments to bill.

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Strike out indicates matter stricken from the bill by amendment or deleted from the law by amendment.



SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, 1 2 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows: 3 Article - Tax - Property 14-512. 4 Any taxpayer, a municipal corporation, the Attorney General, the 5 (f) (1) 6 Department, or the governing body of a county may appeal a determination made by a 7 property tax assessment appeal board under § 14-509(a) or (b) of this subtitle to the 8 Maryland Tax Court. 9 **(2)** The appeal shall be made: 10 on or before 30 days after the determination under § 14–509(a) (i) 11 or (b) of this subtitle; 12 on or before 30 days from the date of mailing a notice of the (ii) 13 determination to the address requested under § 14–507 of this subtitle; or 14 if the appellant is the Department, on or before 30 days from the 15 date the board sends written notice of its determination, by mail or otherwise, to the 16 Department. 17 Unless a taxpayer previously appealed as required by § 14-502 or § (3)18 14-503 of this subtitle to a property tax assessment appeal board, the taxpayer may not appeal to the Maryland Tax Court under this subsection. 19 20 **(4)** An appeal under this subsection shall state: 21(i) that the value or classification is erroneous because of overvaluation or undervaluation; 2223that the assessment is unequal because it is made at a higher (ii) proportion of value than other property of the same class; or 2425any other errors that may exist for which an appeal is allowed (iii) 26 and because of which the petitioner claims to be injured. 27 (5)FOR AN APPEAL UNDER THIS SUBSECTION OF A DETERMINATION 28 REGARDING AN ASSESSMENT FOR INCOME-PRODUCING PROPERTY VALUED 29 GREATER THAN \$5,000,000, THE TAXPAYER SHALL PAY A NONREFUNDABLE \$100 FILING FEE TO THE MARYLAND TAX COURT. 30

31 (6) (i) Unless extended by the court at the request of a party, the 32 Maryland Tax Court shall hear and determine all appeals under this subsection on or 33 before:

Speaker of the House of Delegates.
Governor.
Approved:
SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect July 1, 2024 .
RELIEF ON THE APPEAL, THE TAXPAYER SHALL PAY A FEE OF \$100 TO THE COURT.
(2) IF THE MARYLAND TAX COURT DOES NOT GRANT THE TAXPAYER
ASSESSMENT OF THE TAXPAYER'S INCOME-PRODUCING PROPERTY VALUED GREATER THAN \$5,000,000.
UNDER SUBSECTION (F) OF THIS SECTION OF A DETERMINATION REGARDING AN
exchange any written appraisals to be used for the purpose of placing a value on the property.
• For any appeal under this subsection to the Maryland Tax Court, the Department and the taxpayer shall, at least 10 days before a hearing on the appeal,
(iii) The court may grant an extension if it deems the request to be valid.
or 90 day requirement.
(ii) Any party to an appeal may request the court to extend the 120
2. for an appeal of a determination regarding an assessment for residential property, 90 days from the date the appeal is entered.
entered; and
11 (1)