Jon Hawkins proposes the following substitute bill:

## **Major Sporting Event Venue Financing Amendments**

## 2025 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Jerry W. Stevenson

House Sponsor: Jon Hawkins

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## 4 General Description:

This bill enacts the Major Sporting Event Venue Zone Act and related provisions.

## **Highlighted Provisions:**

This bill:

- defines terms;
- establishes objectives and requirements for a municipality or county to create a major sporting event venue zone to capture property tax increment and local sales and use tax increment within a defined area around a major sporting event venue;
- defines permitted uses and administration of property tax increment and local sales and use tax increment generated pursuant to a major sporting event venue zone;
- authorizes a creating entity of a major sporting event venue to impose, under certain circumstances:
  - a resort communities sales and use tax within a major sporting event venue zone; and
- an additional resort communities sales and use tax within a major sporting event venue zone;
- ▶ provides that a county of the third class with three or more major sporting event venues may implement a resort communities tax in unincorporated areas, the same as if the county of the third class were an eligible municipality, and use the revenue from the tax on public infrastructure or transit;
- authorizes a creating entity of a major sporting event venue zone to designate a community reinvestment agency or a public infrastructure district as a fiscal agent for major sporting event venue zone funds;
- authorizes a creating entity to enter into an agreement with a person to utilize major sporting event venue zone funds in regard to owning, leasing, or operating a major sporting event venue;

29	<ul> <li>authorizes a creating entity to utilize major sporting venue zone funds to bond;</li> </ul>
30	<ul> <li>provides a sales and use tax exemption for construction materials used for the remodeling,</li> </ul>
31	or refurbishing of a major sporting event venue;
32	requires a municipality or county to submit a major sporting event venue zone proposal to
33	the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity;
34	<ul> <li>creates and defines the membership of a committee to review a proposed major sporting</li> </ul>
35	event venue zone;
36	requires the committee to evaluate the proposed major sporting event venue zone and, if
37	certain criteria are met, approve the proposal with or without modifications;
38	requires participation from local taxing entities if the major sporting event venue zone
39	meets statutory requirements;
40	<ul> <li>provides procedures for a major sports event venue that overlaps with a community</li> </ul>
41	reinvestment project, a housing and transit reinvestment zone, a first home investment
42	zone, or a revitalization zone; and
43	<ul> <li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li> </ul>
44	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
45	None
46	Other Special Clauses:
47	This bill provides a special effective date.
48	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
49	AMENDS:
50	<b>59-2-924</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 258
51	<b>59-12-104</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 35
52	<b>59-12-205</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 535
53	<b>59-12-352</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapters 413, 419
54	<b>59-12-354</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 419
55	<b>59-12-401</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 419
56	<b>59-12-402</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2024, Chapter 419
57	<b>59-12-405</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 245
58	ENACTS:
59	<b>11-71-101</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
60	<b>11-71-201</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
61	<b>11-71-202</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
62	<b>11-71-203</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953

63	<b>11-71-301</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
64	<b>63N-3-1701</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
65	<b>63N-3-1702</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
66	<b>63N-3-1703</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
67	<b>63N-3-1704</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
68	<b>63N-3-1705</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
69	<b>63N-3-1706</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
70	<b>63N-3-1707</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
71	<b>63N-3-1708</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
72	<b>63N-3-1709</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
73	<b>63N-3-1710</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
74	<b>63N-3-1711</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
75	<b>63N-3-1712</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
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77	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
78	Section 1. Section 11-71-101 is enacted to read:
79	CHAPTER 71. MAJOR SPORTING EVENT VENUE ZONES
80	Part 1. General Provisions
81	<u>11-71-101</u> . Definitions.
82	As used in this chapter:
83	(1) "Accommodations and services" means an accommodation or service described in
84	Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i).
85	(2) "Agency" means a community reinvestment agency established by a creating entity
86	under Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Community
87	Reinvestment Agencies.
88	(3) "Committee" means a major sporting event venue zone committee convened under Title
89	63N, Chapter 3, Part 17, Major Sporting Event Venue Zone Act.
90	(4) "Creating entity" means:
91	(a) a municipality or county with an approved major sporting event venue zone in the
92	jurisdictional boundaries of the municipality or county, provided that the
93	jurisdictional boundaries of a county shall include incorporated areas within a county
94	if the county has an ownership interest in all or a portion of the major sporting event

96	(b) one or more municipalities, one or more counties, or a municipality and a county that:
97	(i) have entered into an interlocal agreement to form a major sporting event venue
98	zone; and
99	(ii) have an approved major sporting event venue zone, as described in Title 63N,
100	Chapter 3, Part 17, Major Sporting Event Venue Zone Act.
101	(5) "Development" means:
102	(a) construction of a new major sporting event venue, including public infrastructure and
103	improvements;
104	(b) demolition, reconstruction, modification, upgrade, or expansion of an existing but
105	aging major sporting event venue, including new public infrastructure, public
106	infrastructure upgrades, or public infrastructure and improvements; and
107	(c) the planning of, arranging for, or participation in activities listed in Subsection (5)(a)
108	<u>or (b).</u>
109	(6) "Fiscal agent" means:
110	(a) an agency; or
111	(b) a public infrastructure financing district created under Title 17D, Chapter 4, Public
112	Infrastructure District Act.
113	(7) "Impacted primary area" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-1701.
114	(8) "Major sporting event venue zone" means the area within a municipality or county
115	approved by a major sporting event venue zone committee, as described in Title 63N,
116	Chapter 3, Part 17, Major Sporting Event Venue Zone Act.
117	(9) "Major sporting event venue zone revenue" means the same as that term is defined in
118	Section 63N-3-1701.
119	(10)(a) "Public infrastructure and improvements" means infrastructure, improvements,
120	facilities, or buildings that:
121	(i)(A) benefit the public and are owned by a public entity or a public utility; or
122	(B) benefit the public and are publicly maintained or operated by a public entity; or
123	(ii)(A) are privately owned;
124	(B) benefit the public;
125	(C) as determined by the legislative body of the creating entity, provide a
126	substantial benefit to the development and operation of a major sporting event
127	venue zone; and
128	(D) are built according to applicable county or municipal design and safety
129	standards.

130	(b) "Public infrastructure and improvements" includes:
131	(i) facilities, lines, or systems that provide water, sewer, storm drainage, natural gas,
132	electricity, energy storage, clean energy, microgrids, or telecommunications
133	service;
134	(ii) streets, roads, curbs, gutters, sidewalks, walkways, solid waste facilities, parking
135	facilities, rail lines, and multimodal facilities; and
136	(iii) a transportation system or components of a transportation system.
137	(11) "Qualified development zone" means the same as that term is defined in Section
138	<u>63N-3-1701.</u>
139	(12) "Secondary project area" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-1701.
140	(13) "Transportation system" means the same as the term is defined in Section 63N-3-1701.
141	Section 2. Section 11-71-201 is enacted to read:
142	$\underline{11\text{-}71\text{-}201}$ . Taxes within and for the benefit of a major sporting event venue zone.
143	(1) The legislative body of a creating entity may, by ordinance, impose within a sales and
144	use boundary for a major sporting event venue zone:
145	(a) a transient room tax, as described in Section 59-12-352;
146	(b) a resort communities sales and use tax, as described in Section 59-12-401; and
147	(c) an additional resort communities sales and use tax, as described in Section 59-12-402.
148	(2) Revenue generated by a tax described in Subsection (1) is governed by Sections
149	11-71-202 and 11-71-203.
150	Section 3. Section 11-71-202 is enacted to read:
151	11-71-202 . Major sporting event venue zone revenue.
152	(1) The following are approved revenue sources for a major sporting event venue zone:
153	(a) property tax increment for:
154	(i) the major sporting event venue zone, for at least 25 years but no more than 40, as
155	approved by the committee; and
156	(ii) if applicable, the secondary project area, for at least 25 years but no more than 40,
157	as approved by the committee;
158	(b) local sales and use tax increment for the major sporting event venue zone, for at least
159	25 years but no more than 40, as approved by the committee; and
160	(c) revenue generated by a tax described in Section 11-71-201.
161	(2) Revenue generated from a source described in Subsection (1):
162	(a) is major sporting event venue zone revenue; and
163	(b) shall be administered by the creating entity or a fiscal agent designated by the

164	creating entity.
165	(3) If a creating entity designates a fiscal agent to administer major sporting event venue
166	zone revenue, the creating entity and fiscal agent shall first enter into an interlocal
167	agreement:
168	(a) governing the administration, distribution, use, and management of major sporting
169	event zone revenue; and
170	(b) with terms that are consistent with this chapter and Title 63N, Chapter 3, Part 17,
171	Major Sporting Event Venue Zone Act.
172	Section 4. Section 11-71-203 is enacted to read:
173	11-71-203. Allowable uses of major sporting event venue zone revenue.
174	(1) A creating entity or fiscal agent shall use major sporting event venue zone revenue
175	within, or for the direct benefit of:
176	(a) the major sporting event venue zone;
177	(b) a secondary project area, if any; and
178	(c) an impacted primary area, if the creating entity finds that the use of the major
179	sporting event venue zone revenue will directly benefit the major sporting event
180	venue.
181	(2) A creating entity that receives major sporting event venue zone revenue shall allocate
182	the revenue to:
183	(a) development in the major sporting event venue zone, including:
184	(i) constructing, furnishing, maintaining, or operating a major sporting event venue;
185	(ii) demolishing or remodeling an existing major sporting event venue, or portions o
186	a major sporting event venue;
187	(iii) public infrastructure and improvements supporting the major sporting event
188	venue; and
189	(iv) realigning public infrastructure to better support the major sporting event venue
190	(b) public infrastructure and improvements in a secondary project area, if any;
191	(c) public infrastructure and improvements in an impacted primary area; and
192	(d) make the annual payment of principal, interest, premiums, and necessary reserves for
193	any of the aggregate of bonds authorized under Subsection (3).
194	(3) A creating entity of a major sporting event venue zone may issue bonds, or cause bonds
195	to be issued, as permitted by law, to pay all or part of the costs incurred for the purposes
196	described in Subsections (2)(a) through (c), including the cost to issue and repay the
197	bonds including interest.

198	(4)(a) A creating entity or fiscal agent designated by a creating entity may create one or
199	more public infrastructure districts within the major sporting event venue zone under
200	Title 17D, Chapter 4, Public Infrastructure District Act, and pledge and utilize the
201	major sporting event venue zone funds to guarantee the payment of public
202	infrastructure bonds issued by a public infrastructure district.
203	(b) A public infrastructure district created by a creating entity may be designated a fiscal
204	agent by the creating entity.
205	(5) In addition to the purposes described in Subsection (2), a creating entity or fiscal agent
206	may also allocate major sporting event venue zone funding:
207	(a) to promote the major sporting event venue;
208	(b) to mitigate the impacts of the major sporting event venue on local services, including
209	solid waste disposal operations, law enforcement, and road repair and road upgrades;
210	<u>and</u>
211	(c) as described in Subsection (7).
212	(6)(a) The creating entity may use major sporting event venue zone revenue to cover the
213	costs of the creating entity to administer the major sporting event venue zone, not to
214	exceed:
215	(i) 2% of the total annual major sporting event venue zone revenue collected by the
216	creating entity for the benefit of the major sporting event venue zone; or
217	(ii) if the creating entity provides some major sporting event venue zone revenue to a
218	fiscal agent, 2% of the total annual major sporting event zone revenue retained by
219	the creating entity for the benefit of the major sporting event venue zone.
220	(b) If the creating entity provides some or all of the major sporting event venue zone
221	revenue to a fiscal agent, the interlocal agreement described in Subsection
222	11-71-202(3) shall provide that the fiscal agent expends no more than 2% of the
223	major sporting event venue zone revenue allocated by the creating entity to the fiscal
224	agent on the fiscal agent's administrative costs.
225	(7) A creating entity may provide major sporting event venue zone revenue to a person
226	pursuant to a participation agreement or an agreement described in Section 11-71-301 or
227	<u>11-71-302.</u>
228	Section 5. Section 11-71-301 is enacted to read:
229	11-71-301. Private-public partnerships for a major sporting event venue.
230	(1) A person that seeks to enter into a private-public partnership with a creating entity shall
231	provide the creating entity with an application that:

232	(a) demonstrates the applicant is qualified to operate, in whole or in part, a major
233	sporting event venue; and
234	(b) provides any additional information required by the creating entity.
235	(2) A creating entity may enter into a private-public partnership:
236	(a) if, after reviewing the application described in Subsection (1), the creating entity
237	determines a private-public partnership will promote the objectives of the major
238	sporting event venue zone; and
239	(b) through an agreement described in this section.
240	(3) An agreement to create a private-public partnership between a person and a creating
241	entity:
242	(a) may establish or recognize an ownership interest in the major sporting event venue
243	for the person, in consideration of the person's financial investment in the major
244	sporting event venue;
245	(b) may establish an ownership interest in the major sporting event venue for the
246	creating entity, in consideration of the creating entity's financial investment in the
247	major sporting event venue zone; and
248	(c) may create a lease interest for the person in the major sporting event venue.
249	Section 6. Section <b>59-2-924</b> is amended to read:
250	59-2-924. Definitions Report of valuation of property to county auditor and
251	commission Transmittal by auditor to governing bodies Calculation of certified tax
252	rate Rulemaking authority Adoption of tentative budget Notice provided by the
253	commission.
254	(1) As used in this section:
255	(a)(i) "Ad valorem property tax revenue" means revenue collected in accordance with
256	this chapter.
257	(ii) "Ad valorem property tax revenue" does not include:
258	(A) interest;
259	(B) penalties;
260	(C) collections from redemptions; or
261	(D) revenue received by a taxing entity from personal property that is
262	semiconductor manufacturing equipment assessed by a county assessor in
263	accordance with Part 3, County Assessment.
264	(b) "Adjusted tax increment" means the same as that term is defined in Section
265	17C-1-102.

266	(c)(i) "Aggregate taxable value of all property taxed" means:
267	(A) the aggregate taxable value of all real property a county assessor assesses in
268	accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for the current year;
269	(B) the aggregate taxable value of all real and personal property the commission
270	assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the current
271	year; and
272	(C) the aggregate year end taxable value of all personal property a county assessor
273	assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, contained on the prior
274	year's tax rolls of the taxing entity.
275	(ii) "Aggregate taxable value of all property taxed" does not include the aggregate
276	year end taxable value of personal property that is:
277	(A) semiconductor manufacturing equipment assessed by a county assessor in
278	accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
279	(B) contained on the prior year's tax rolls of the taxing entity.
280	(d) "Base taxable value" means:
281	(i) for an authority created under Section 11-58-201, the same as that term is defined
282	in Section 11-58-102;
283	(ii) for the Point of the Mountain State Land Authority created in Section 11-59-201,
284	the same as that term is defined in Section 11-59-207;
285	(iii) for the Utah Fairpark Area Investment and Restoration District created in Section
286	11-70-201, the same as that term is defined in Section 11-70-101;
287	(iv) for an agency created under Section 17C-1-201.5, the same as that term is
288	defined in Section 17C-1-102;
289	(v) for an authority created under Section 63H-1-201, the same as that term is defined
290	in Section 63H-1-102;
291	(vi) for a host local government, the same as that term is defined in Section
292	63N-2-502;
293	(vii) for a housing and transit reinvestment zone created under Title 63N, Chapter 3,
294	Part 6, Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Act, a property's taxable value as
295	shown upon the assessment roll last equalized during the base year, as that term is
296	defined in Section 63N-3-602;
297	(viii) for a home ownership promotion zone created under Title 10, Chapter 9a, Part
298	10, Home Ownership Promotion Zone for Municipalities, or Title 17, Chapter
299	27a, Part 12, Home Ownership Promotion Zone for Counties, a property's taxable

300	value as shown upon the assessment roll last equalized during the base year, as
301	that term is defined in Section 10-9a-1001 or Section 17-27a-1201;[-or]
302	(ix) for a first home investment zone created under Title 63N, Chapter 3, Part 16,
303	First Home Investment Zone Act, a property's taxable value as shown upon the
304	assessment roll last equalized during the base year, as that term is defined in
305	Section 63N-3-1601[-] ; or
306	(x) for a major sporting event venue zone created under Title 63N, Chapter 3, Part
307	17, Major Sporting Event Venue Zone Act, a property's taxable value as shown
308	upon the assessment roll last equalized during the property tax base year, as that
309	term is defined in Section 63N-3-1701.
310	(e) "Centrally assessed benchmark value" means an amount equal to the average year
311	end taxable value of real and personal property the commission assesses in
312	accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the previous three calendar
313	years, adjusted for taxable value attributable to:
314	(i) an annexation to a taxing entity;
315	(ii) an incorrect allocation of taxable value of real or personal property the
316	commission assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property; or
317	(iii) a change in value as a result of a change in the method of apportioning the value
318	prescribed by the Legislature, a court, or the commission in an administrative rule
319	or administrative order.
320	(f)(i) "Centrally assessed new growth" means the greater of:
321	(A) zero; or
322	(B) the amount calculated by subtracting the centrally assessed benchmark value
323	adjusted for prior year end incremental value from the taxable value of real and
324	personal property the commission assesses in accordance with Part 2,
325	Assessment of Property, for the current year, adjusted for current year
326	incremental value.
327	(ii) "Centrally assessed new growth" does not include a change in value as a result of
328	a change in the method of apportioning the value prescribed by the Legislature, a
329	court, or the commission in an administrative rule or administrative order.
330	(g) "Certified tax rate" means a tax rate that will provide the same ad valorem property
331	tax revenue for a taxing entity as was budgeted by that taxing entity for the prior year.
332	(h) "Community reinvestment agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section
333	17C-1-102

334	(i) "Eligible new growth" means the greater of:
335	(i) zero; or
336	(ii) the sum of:
337	(A) locally assessed new growth;
338	(B) centrally assessed new growth; and
339	(C) project area new growth or hotel property new growth.
340	(j) "Host local government" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-2-502.
341	(k) "Hotel property" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-2-502.
342	(l) "Hotel property new growth" means an amount equal to the incremental value that is
343	no longer provided to a host local government as incremental property tax revenue.
344	(m) "Incremental property tax revenue" means the same as that term is defined in
345	Section 63N-2-502.
346	(n) "Incremental value" means:
347	(i) for an authority created under Section 11-58-201, the amount calculated by
348	multiplying:
349	(A) the difference between the taxable value and the base taxable value of the
350	property that is located within a project area and on which property tax
351	differential is collected; and
352	(B) the number that represents the percentage of the property tax differential that
353	is paid to the authority;
354	(ii) for the Point of the Mountain State Land Authority created in Section 11-59-201,
355	an amount calculated by multiplying:
356	(A) the difference between the current assessed value of the property and the base
357	taxable value; and
358	(B) the number that represents the percentage of the property tax augmentation, as
359	defined in Section 11-59-207, that is paid to the Point of the Mountain State
360	Land Authority;
361	(iii) for the Utah Fairpark Area Investment and Restoration District created in Section
362	11-70-201, the amount calculated by multiplying:
363	(A) the difference between the taxable value for the current year and the base
364	taxable value of the property that is located within a project area; and
365	(B) the number that represents the percentage of enhanced property tax revenue,
366	as defined in Section 11-70-101;
367	(iv) for an agency created under Section 17C-1-201.5, the amount calculated by

368	multiplying:
369	(A) the difference between the taxable value and the base taxable value of the
370	property located within a project area and on which tax increment is collected;
371	and
372	(B) the number that represents the adjusted tax increment from that project area
373	that is paid to the agency;
374	(v) for an authority created under Section 63H-1-201, the amount calculated by
375	multiplying:
376	(A) the difference between the taxable value and the base taxable value of the
377	property located within a project area and on which property tax allocation is
378	collected; and
379	(B) the number that represents the percentage of the property tax allocation from
380	that project area that is paid to the authority;
381	(vi) for a housing and transit reinvestment zone created pursuant to Title 63N,
382	Chapter 3, Part 6, Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Act, an amount
383	calculated by multiplying:
384	(A) the difference between the taxable value and the base taxable value of the
385	property that is located within a housing and transit reinvestment zone and on
386	which tax increment is collected; and
387	(B) the number that represents the percentage of the tax increment that is paid to
388	the housing and transit reinvestment zone;
389	(vii) for a host local government, an amount calculated by multiplying:
390	(A) the difference between the taxable value and the base taxable value of the
391	hotel property on which incremental property tax revenue is collected; and
392	(B) the number that represents the percentage of the incremental property tax
393	revenue from that hotel property that is paid to the host local government;
394	(viii) for a home ownership promotion zone created under Title 10, Chapter 9a, Part
395	10, Home Ownership Promotion Zone for Municipalities, or Title 17, Chapter
396	27a, Part 12, Home Ownership Promotion Zone for Counties, an amount
397	calculated by multiplying:
398	(A) the difference between the taxable value and the base taxable value of the
399	property that is located within a home ownership promotion zone and on which
400	tax increment is collected; and
401	(B) the number that represents the percentage of the tax increment that is paid to

402	the home ownership promotion zone;[-or]
403	(ix) for a first home investment zone created pursuant to Title 63N, Chapter 3, Part
404	16, First Home Investment Zone Act, an amount calculated by multiplying:
405	(A) the difference between the taxable value and the base taxable value of the
406	property that is located within a first home investment zone and on which tax
407	increment is collected; and
408	(B) the number that represents the percentage of the tax increment that is paid to
409	the first home investment zone[-] ; or
410	(x) for a major sporting event venue zone created pursuant to Title 63N, Chapter 3,
411	Part 17, Major Sporting Event Venue Zone Act, an amount calculated by
412	multiplying:
413	(A) the difference between the taxable value and the base taxable value of the
414	property located within a qualified development zone for a major sporting
415	event venue zone and upon which property tax increment is collected; and
416	(B) the number that represents the percentage of tax increment that is paid to the
417	major sporting event venue zone, as approved by a major sporting event venue
418	zone committee described in Section 63N-1a-1706.
419	(o)(i) "Locally assessed new growth" means the greater of:
420	(A) zero; or
421	(B) the amount calculated by subtracting the year end taxable value of real
422	property the county assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County
423	Assessment, for the previous year, adjusted for prior year end incremental
424	value from the taxable value of real property the county assessor assesses in
425	accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for the current year, adjusted for
426	current year incremental value.
427	(ii) "Locally assessed new growth" does not include a change in:
428	(A) value as a result of factoring in accordance with Section 59-2-704, reappraisal
429	or another adjustment;
430	(B) assessed value based on whether a property is allowed a residential exemption
431	for a primary residence under Section 59-2-103;
432	(C) assessed value based on whether a property is assessed under Part 5, Farmland
433	Assessment Act; or
434	(D) assessed value based on whether a property is assessed under Part 17, Urban
435	Farming Assessment Act.

436	(p)	"Project area" means:
437		(i) for an authority created under Section 11-58-201, the same as that term is defined
438		in Section 11-58-102;
439		(ii) for the Utah Fairpark Area Investment and Restoration District created in Section
440		11-70-201, the same as that term is defined in Section 11-70-101;
441		(iii) for an agency created under Section 17C-1-201.5, the same as that term is
442		defined in Section 17C-1-102;[-or]
443		(iv) for an authority created under Section 63H-1-201, the same as that term is
444		defined in Section 63H-1-102[-] ; or
445		(v) for a major sporting event venue zone established under Title 63N, Chapter 3,
446		Part 17, Major Sporting Event Venue Zone Act, the qualified development zone,
447		as defined in Section 63N-3-1701.
448	(q)	"Project area new growth" means:
449		(i) for an authority created under Section 11-58-201, an amount equal to the
450		incremental value that is no longer provided to an authority as property tax
451		differential;
452		(ii) for the Point of the Mountain State Land Authority created in Section 11-59-201,
453		an amount equal to the incremental value that is no longer provided to the Point of
454		the Mountain State Land Authority as property tax augmentation, as defined in
455		Section 11-59-207;
456		(iii) for the Utah Fairpark Area Investment and Restoration District created in Section
457		11-70-201, an amount equal to the incremental value that is no longer provided to
458		the Utah Fairpark Area Investment and Restoration District;
459		(iv) for an agency created under Section 17C-1-201.5, an amount equal to the
460		incremental value that is no longer provided to an agency as tax increment;
461		(v) for an authority created under Section 63H-1-201, an amount equal to the
462		incremental value that is no longer provided to an authority as property tax
463		allocation;
464		(vi) for a housing and transit reinvestment zone created under Title 63N, Chapter 3,
465		Part 6, Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Act, an amount equal to the
466		incremental value that is no longer provided to a housing and transit reinvestment
467		zone as tax increment;
468		(vii) for a home ownership promotion zone created under Title 10, Chapter 9a, Part
469		10, Home Ownership Promotion Zone for Municipalities, or Title 17, Chapter

470	27a, Part 12, Home Ownership Promotion Zone for Counties, an amount equal to
471	the incremental value that is no longer provided to a home ownership promotion
472	zone as tax increment;[-or]
473	(viii) for a first home investment zone created under Title 63N, Chapter 3, Part 16,
474	First Home Investment Zone Act, an amount equal to the incremental value that is
475	no longer provided to a first home investment zone as tax increment[-] ; or
476	(ix) for a major sporting event venue zone created under Title 63N, Chapter 3, Part
477	17, Major Sporting Event Venue Zone Act, an amount equal to the incremental
478	value that is no longer provided to the creating entity of a major sporting event
479	venue zone as property tax increment.
480	(r) "Project area incremental revenue" means the same as that term is defined in Section
481	17C-1-1001.
482	(s) "Property tax allocation" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63H-1-102
483	(t) "Property tax differential" means the same as that term is defined in Section
484	11-58-102.
485	(u) "Qualifying exempt revenue" means revenue received:
486	(i) for the previous calendar year;
487	(ii) by a taxing entity;
488	(iii) from tangible personal property contained on the prior year's tax rolls that is
489	exempt from property tax under Subsection 59-2-1115(2)(b) for a calendar year
490	beginning on January 1, 2022; and
491	(iv) on the aggregate 2021 year end taxable value of the tangible personal property
492	that exceeds \$15,300.
493	(v) "Tax increment" means:
494	(i) for a project created under Section 17C-1-201.5, the same as that term is defined
495	in Section 17C-1-102;
496	(ii) for a housing and transit reinvestment zone created under Title 63N, Chapter 3,
497	Part 6, Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Act, the same as that term is
498	defined in Section 63N-3-602;
499	(iii) for a home ownership promotion zone created under Title 10, Chapter 9a, Part
500	10, Home Ownership Promotion Zone for Municipalities, or Title 17, Chapter
501	27a, Part 12, Home Ownership Promotion Zone for Counties, the same as that
502	term is defined in Section 10-9a-1001 or Section 17-27a-1201;[-or]
503	(iv) for a first home investment zone created under Title 63N, Chapter 3, Part 16,

504	First Home Investment Zone Act, the same as that term is defined in Section
505	63N-3-1601[-] ; or
506	(v) for a major sporting event venue zone created under Title 63N, Chapter 3, Part
507	17, Major Sporting Event Venue Zone Act, property tax increment, as that term is
508	defined in Section 63N-3-1701.
509	(2) Before June 1 of each year, the county assessor of each county shall deliver to the
510	county auditor and the commission the following statements:
511	(a) a statement containing the aggregate valuation of all taxable real property a county
512	assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for each taxing
513	entity; and
514	(b) a statement containing the taxable value of all personal property a county assessor
515	assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, from the prior year end
516	values.
517	(3) The county auditor shall, on or before June 8, transmit to the governing body of each
518	taxing entity:
519	(a) the statements described in Subsections (2)(a) and (b);
520	(b) an estimate of the revenue from personal property;
521	(c) the certified tax rate; and
522	(d) all forms necessary to submit a tax levy request.
523	(4)(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the certified tax rate shall be
524	calculated by dividing the ad valorem property tax revenue that a taxing entity
525	budgeted for the prior year minus the qualifying exempt revenue by the amount
526	calculated under Subsection (4)(b).
527	(b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the legislative body of a taxing entity shall
528	calculate an amount as follows:
529	(i) calculate for the taxing entity the difference between:
530	(A) the aggregate taxable value of all property taxed; and
531	(B) any adjustments for current year incremental value;
532	(ii) after making the calculation required by Subsection (4)(b)(i), calculate an amount
533	determined by increasing or decreasing the amount calculated under Subsection
534	(4)(b)(i) by the average of the percentage net change in the value of taxable
535	property for the equalization period for the three calendar years immediately
536	preceding the current calendar year;
537	(iii) after making the calculation required by Subsection (4)(b)(ii), calculate the

538	product of:
539	(A) the amount calculated under Subsection (4)(b)(ii); and
540	(B) the percentage of property taxes collected for the five calendar years
541	immediately preceding the current calendar year; and
542	(iv) after making the calculation required by Subsection (4)(b)(iii), calculate an
543	amount determined by:
544	(A) multiplying the percentage of property taxes collected for the five calendar
545	years immediately preceding the current calendar year by eligible new growth;
546	and
547	(B) subtracting the amount calculated under Subsection (4)(b)(iv)(A) from the
548	amount calculated under Subsection (4)(b)(iii).
549	(5) A certified tax rate for a taxing entity described in this Subsection (5) shall be calculated
550	as follows:
551	(a) except as provided in Subsection (5)(b) or (c), for a new taxing entity, the certified
552	tax rate is zero;
553	(b) for a municipality incorporated on or after July 1, 1996, the certified tax rate is:
554	(i) in a county of the first, second, or third class, the levy imposed for municipal-type
555	services under Sections 17-34-1 and 17-36-9; and
556	(ii) in a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class, the levy imposed for general county
557	purposes and such other levies imposed solely for the municipal-type services
558	identified in Section 17-34-1 and Subsection 17-36-3(23);
559	(c) for a community reinvestment agency that received all or a portion of a taxing
560	entity's project area incremental revenue in the prior year under Title 17C, Chapter 1,
561	Part 10, Agency Taxing Authority, the certified tax rate is calculated as described in
562	Subsection (4) except that the commission shall treat the total revenue transferred to
563	the community reinvestment agency as ad valorem property tax revenue that the
564	taxing entity budgeted for the prior year; and
565	(d) for debt service voted on by the public, the certified tax rate is the actual levy
566	imposed by that section, except that a certified tax rate for the following levies shall
567	be calculated in accordance with Section 59-2-913 and this section:
568	(i) a school levy provided for under Section 53F-8-301, 53F-8-302, or 53F-8-303; and
569	(ii) a levy to pay for the costs of state legislative mandates or judicial or
570	administrative orders under Section 59-2-1602.
571	(6)(a) A judgment levy imposed under Section 59-2-1328 or 59-2-1330 may be imposed

572	at a rate that is sufficient to generate only the revenue required to satisfy one or more
573	eligible judgments.
574	(b) The ad valorem property tax revenue generated by a judgment levy described in
575	Subsection (6)(a) may not be considered in establishing a taxing entity's aggregate
576	certified tax rate.
577	(7)(a) For the purpose of calculating the certified tax rate, the county auditor shall use:
578	(i) the taxable value of real property:
579	(A) the county assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment;
580	and
581	(B) contained on the assessment roll;
582	(ii) the year end taxable value of personal property:
583	(A) a county assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
584	(B) contained on the prior year's assessment roll; and
585	(iii) the taxable value of real and personal property the commission assesses in
586	accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property.
587	(b) For purposes of Subsection (7)(a), taxable value does not include eligible new
588	growth.
589	(8)(a) On or before June 30, a taxing entity shall annually adopt a tentative budget.
590	(b) If a taxing entity intends to exceed the certified tax rate, the taxing entity shall notify
591	the county auditor of:
592	(i) the taxing entity's intent to exceed the certified tax rate; and
593	(ii) the amount by which the taxing entity proposes to exceed the certified tax rate.
594	(c) The county auditor shall notify property owners of any intent to levy a tax rate that
595	exceeds the certified tax rate in accordance with Sections 59-2-919 and 59-2-919.1.
596	(9)(a) Subject to Subsection (9)(d), the commission shall provide notice, through
597	electronic means on or before July 31, to a taxing entity and the Revenue and
598	Taxation Interim Committee if:
599	(i) the amount calculated under Subsection (9)(b) is 10% or more of the year end
600	taxable value of the real and personal property the commission assesses in
601	accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the previous year, adjusted
602	for prior year end incremental value; and
603	(ii) the amount calculated under Subsection (9)(c) is 50% or more of the total year
604	end taxable value of the real and personal property of a taxpayer the commission
605	assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the previous year.

606	(b) For purposes of Subsection (9)(a)(i), the commission shall calculate an amount by
607	subtracting the taxable value of real and personal property the commission assesses
608	in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the current year, adjusted for
609	current year incremental value, from the year end taxable value of the real and
610	personal property the commission assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of
611	Property, for the previous year, adjusted for prior year end incremental value.
612	(c) For purposes of Subsection (9)(a)(ii), the commission shall calculate an amount by
613	subtracting the total taxable value of real and personal property of a taxpayer the
614	commission assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the
615	current year, from the total year end taxable value of the real and personal property of
616	a taxpayer the commission assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of
617	Property, for the previous year.
618	(d) The notification under Subsection (9)(a) shall include a list of taxpayers that meet the
619	requirement under Subsection (9)(a)(ii).
620	Section 7. Section <b>59-12-104</b> is amended to read:
621	59-12-104 . Exemptions.
622	Exemptions from the taxes imposed by this chapter are as follows:
623	(1) sales of aviation fuel, motor fuel, and special fuel subject to a Utah state excise tax
624	under Chapter 13, Motor and Special Fuel Tax Act;
625	(2) subject to Section 59-12-104.6, sales to the state, its institutions, and its political
626	subdivisions; however, this exemption does not apply to sales of:
627	(a) construction materials except:
628	(i) construction materials purchased by or on behalf of institutions of the public
629	education system as defined in Utah Constitution, Article X, Section 2, provided
630	the construction materials are clearly identified and segregated and installed or
631	converted to real property which is owned by institutions of the public education
632	system; and
633	(ii) construction materials purchased by the state, its institutions, or its political
634	subdivisions which are installed or converted to real property by employees of the
635	state, its institutions, or its political subdivisions; or
636	(b) tangible personal property in connection with the construction, operation,
637	maintenance, repair, or replacement of a project, as defined in Section 11-13-103, or
638	facilities providing additional project capacity, as defined in Section 11-13-103;
639	(3)(a) sales of an item described in Subsection (3)(b) from a vending machine if:

640	(i) the proceeds of each sale do not exceed \$1; and
641	(ii) the seller or operator of the vending machine reports an amount equal to 150% of
642	the cost of the item described in Subsection (3)(b) as goods consumed; and
643	(b) Subsection (3)(a) applies to:
644	(i) food and food ingredients; or
645	(ii) prepared food;
646	(4)(a) sales of the following to a commercial airline carrier for in-flight consumption:
647	(i) alcoholic beverages;
648	(ii) food and food ingredients; or
649	(iii) prepared food;
650	(b) sales of tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically:
651	(i) to a passenger;
652	(ii) by a commercial airline carrier; and
653	(iii) during a flight for in-flight consumption or in-flight use by the passenger; or
654	(c) services related to Subsection (4)(a) or (b);
655	(5) sales of parts and equipment for installation in an aircraft operated by a common carrier
656	in interstate or foreign commerce;
657	(6) sales of commercials, motion picture films, prerecorded audio program tapes or records,
658	and prerecorded video tapes by a producer, distributor, or studio to a motion picture
659	exhibitor, distributor, or commercial television or radio broadcaster;
660	(7)(a) except as provided in Subsection (85) and subject to Subsection (7)(b), sales of
661	cleaning or washing of tangible personal property if the cleaning or washing of the
662	tangible personal property is not assisted cleaning or washing of tangible personal
663	property;
664	(b) if a seller that sells at the same business location assisted cleaning or washing of
665	tangible personal property and cleaning or washing of tangible personal property that
666	is not assisted cleaning or washing of tangible personal property, the exemption
667	described in Subsection (7)(a) applies if the seller separately accounts for the sales of
668	the assisted cleaning or washing of the tangible personal property; and
669	(c) for purposes of Subsection (7)(b) and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
670	Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules:
671	(i) governing the circumstances under which sales are at the same business location;
672	and
673	(ii) establishing the procedures and requirements for a seller to separately account for

674	sales of assisted cleaning or washing of tangible personal property;
675	(8) sales made to or by religious or charitable institutions in the conduct of their regular
676	religious or charitable functions and activities, if the requirements of Section 59-12-104.1
677	are fulfilled;
678	(9) sales of a vehicle of a type required to be registered under the motor vehicle laws of this
679	state if:
680	(a) the sale is not from the vehicle's lessor to the vehicle's lessee;
681	(b) the vehicle is not registered in this state; and
682	(c)(i) the vehicle is not used in this state; or
683	(ii) the vehicle is used in this state:
684	(A) if the vehicle is not used to conduct business, for a time period that does not
685	exceed the longer of:
686	(I) 30 days in any calendar year; or
687	(II) the time period necessary to transport the vehicle to the borders of this
688	state; or
689	(B) if the vehicle is used to conduct business, for the time period necessary to
690	transport the vehicle to the borders of this state;
691	(10)(a) amounts paid for an item described in Subsection (10)(b) if:
692	(i) the item is intended for human use; and
693	(ii)(A) a prescription was issued for the item; or
694	(B) the item was purchased by a hospital or other medical facility; and
695	(b)(i) Subsection (10)(a) applies to:
696	(A) a drug;
697	(B) a syringe; or
698	(C) a stoma supply; and
699	(ii) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
700	the commission may by rule define the terms:
701	(A) "syringe"; or
702	(B) "stoma supply";
703	(11) purchases or leases exempt under Section 19-12-201;
704	(12)(a) sales of an item described in Subsection (12)(c) served by:
705	(i) the following if the item described in Subsection (12)(c) is not available to the
706	general public:
707	(A) a church; or

708	(B) a charitable institution; or
709	(ii) an institution of higher education if:
710	(A) the item described in Subsection (12)(c) is not available to the general public;
711	or
712	(B) the item described in Subsection (12)(c) is prepaid as part of a student meal
713	plan offered by the institution of higher education; [-or]
714	(b) sales of an item described in Subsection (12)(c) provided for a patient by:
715	(i) a medical facility; or
716	(ii) a nursing facility; and
717	(c) Subsections (12)(a) and (b) apply to:
718	(i) food and food ingredients;
719	(ii) prepared food; or
720	(iii) alcoholic beverages;
721	(13)(a) except as provided in Subsection (13)(b), the sale of tangible personal property
722	or a product transferred electronically by a person:
723	(i) regardless of the number of transactions involving the sale of that tangible
724	personal property or product transferred electronically by that person; and
725	(ii) not regularly engaged in the business of selling that type of tangible personal
726	property or product transferred electronically;
727	(b) this Subsection (13) does not apply if:
728	(i) the sale is one of a series of sales of a character to indicate that the person is
729	regularly engaged in the business of selling that type of tangible personal property
730	or product transferred electronically;
731	(ii) the person holds that person out as regularly engaged in the business of selling
732	that type of tangible personal property or product transferred electronically;
733	(iii) the person sells an item of tangible personal property or product transferred
734	electronically that the person purchased as a sale that is exempt under Subsection
735	(25); or
736	(iv) the sale is of a vehicle or vessel required to be titled or registered under the laws
737	of this state in which case the tax is based upon:
738	(A) the bill of sale, lease agreement, or other written evidence of value of the
739	vehicle or vessel being sold; or
740	(B) in the absence of a bill of sale, lease agreement, or other written evidence of
741	value the fair market value of the vehicle or vessel being sold at the time of the

742	sale as determined by the commission; and
743	(c) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
744	commission shall make rules establishing the circumstances under which:
745	(i) a person is regularly engaged in the business of selling a type of tangible personal
746	property or product transferred electronically;
747	(ii) a sale of tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically is one
748	of a series of sales of a character to indicate that a person is regularly engaged in
749	the business of selling that type of tangible personal property or product
750	transferred electronically; or
751	(iii) a person holds that person out as regularly engaged in the business of selling a
752	type of tangible personal property or product transferred electronically;
753	(14) amounts paid or charged for a purchase or lease of machinery, equipment, normal
754	operating repair or replacement parts, or materials, except for office equipment or office
755	supplies, by:
756	(a) a manufacturing facility that:
757	(i) is located in the state; and
758	(ii) uses or consumes the machinery, equipment, normal operating repair or
759	replacement parts, or materials:
760	(A) in the manufacturing process to manufacture an item sold as tangible personal
761	property, as the commission may define that phrase in accordance with Title
762	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; or
763	(B) for a scrap recycler, to process an item sold as tangible personal property, as
764	the commission may define that phrase in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter
765	3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
766	(b) an establishment, as the commission defines that term in accordance with Title 63G,
767	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, that:
768	(i) is described in NAICS Subsector 212, Mining (except Oil and Gas), or NAICS
769	Code 213113, Support Activities for Coal Mining, 213114, Support Activities for
770	Metal Mining, or 213115, Support Activities for Nonmetallic Minerals (except
771	Fuels) Mining, of the 2002 North American Industry Classification System of the
772	federal Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget;
773	(ii) is located in the state; and
774	(iii) uses or consumes the machinery, equipment, normal operating repair or
775	replacement parts, or materials in:

776	(A) the production process to produce an item sold as tangible personal property,
777	as the commission may define that phrase in accordance with Title 63G,
778	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
779	(B) research and development, as the commission may define that phrase in
780	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
781	(C) transporting, storing, or managing tailings, overburden, or similar waste
782	materials produced from mining;
783	(D) developing or maintaining a road, tunnel, excavation, or similar feature used
784	in mining; or
785	(E) preventing, controlling, or reducing dust or other pollutants from mining; or
786	(c) an establishment, as the commission defines that term in accordance with Title 63G,
787	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, that:
788	(i) is described in NAICS Code 518112, Web Search Portals, of the 2002 North
789	American Industry Classification System of the federal Executive Office of the
790	President, Office of Management and Budget;
791	(ii) is located in the state; and
792	(iii) uses or consumes the machinery, equipment, normal operating repair or
793	replacement parts, or materials in the operation of the web search portal;
794	(15)(a) sales of the following if the requirements of Subsection (15)(b) are met:
795	(i) tooling;
796	(ii) special tooling;
797	(iii) support equipment;
798	(iv) special test equipment; or
799	(v) parts used in the repairs or renovations of tooling or equipment described in
800	Subsections (15)(a)(i) through (iv); and
801	(b) sales of tooling, equipment, or parts described in Subsection (15)(a) are exempt if:
802	(i) the tooling, equipment, or parts are used or consumed exclusively in the
803	performance of any aerospace or electronics industry contract with the United
804	States government or any subcontract under that contract; and
805	(ii) under the terms of the contract or subcontract described in Subsection (15)(b)(i),
806	title to the tooling, equipment, or parts is vested in the United States government
807	as evidenced by:
808	(A) a government identification tag placed on the tooling, equipment, or parts; or
809	(B) listing on a government-approved property record if placing a government

810	identification tag on the tooling, equipment, or parts is impractical;
811	(16) sales of newspapers or newspaper subscriptions;
812	(17)(a) except as provided in Subsection (17)(b), tangible personal property or a product
813	transferred electronically traded in as full or part payment of the purchase price,
814	except that for purposes of calculating sales or use tax upon vehicles not sold by a
815	vehicle dealer, trade-ins are limited to other vehicles only, and the tax is based upon:
816	(i) the bill of sale or other written evidence of value of the vehicle being sold and the
817	vehicle being traded in; or
818	(ii) in the absence of a bill of sale or other written evidence of value, the then existing
819	fair market value of the vehicle being sold and the vehicle being traded in, as
820	determined by the commission; and
821	(b) Subsection (17)(a) does not apply to the following items of tangible personal
822	property or products transferred electronically traded in as full or part payment of the
823	purchase price:
824	(i) money;
825	(ii) electricity;
826	(iii) water;
827	(iv) gas; or
828	(v) steam;
829	(18)(a)(i) except as provided in Subsection (18)(b), sales of tangible personal
830	property or a product transferred electronically used or consumed primarily and
831	directly in farming operations, regardless of whether the tangible personal
832	property or product transferred electronically:
833	(A) becomes part of real estate; or
834	(B) is installed by a farmer, contractor, or subcontractor; or
835	(ii) sales of parts used in the repairs or renovations of tangible personal property or a
836	product transferred electronically if the tangible personal property or product
837	transferred electronically is exempt under Subsection (18)(a)(i); and
838	(b) amounts paid or charged for the following are subject to the taxes imposed by this
839	chapter:
840	(i)(A) subject to Subsection (18)(b)(i)(B), machinery, equipment, materials, or
841	supplies if used in a manner that is incidental to farming; and
842	(B) tangible personal property that is considered to be used in a manner that is
843	incidental to farming includes:

844	(I) hand tools; or
845	(II) maintenance and janitorial equipment and supplies;
846	(ii)(A) subject to Subsection (18)(b)(ii)(B), tangible personal property or a product
847	transferred electronically if the tangible personal property or product
848	transferred electronically is used in an activity other than farming; and
849	(B) tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically that is
850	considered to be used in an activity other than farming includes:
851	(I) office equipment and supplies; or
852	(II) equipment and supplies used in:
853	(Aa) the sale or distribution of farm products;
854	(Bb) research; or
855	(Cc) transportation; or
856	(iii) a vehicle required to be registered by the laws of this state during the period
857	ending two years after the date of the vehicle's purchase;
858	(19) sales of hay;
859	(20) exclusive sale during the harvest season of seasonal crops, seedling plants, or garden,
860	farm, or other agricultural produce if the seasonal crops are, seedling plants are, or
861	garden, farm, or other agricultural produce is sold by:
862	(a) the producer of the seasonal crops, seedling plants, or garden, farm, or other
863	agricultural produce;
864	(b) an employee of the producer described in Subsection (20)(a); or
865	(c) a member of the immediate family of the producer described in Subsection (20)(a);
866	(21) purchases made using a coupon as defined in 7 U.S.C. Sec. 2012 that is issued under
867	the Food Stamp Program, 7 U.S.C. Sec. 2011 et seq.;
868	(22) sales of nonreturnable containers, nonreturnable labels, nonreturnable bags,
869	nonreturnable shipping cases, and nonreturnable casings to a manufacturer, processor,
870	wholesaler, or retailer for use in packaging tangible personal property to be sold by that
871	manufacturer, processor, wholesaler, or retailer;
872	(23) a product stored in the state for resale;
873	(24)(a) purchases of a product if:
874	(i) the product is:
875	(A) purchased outside of this state;
876	(B) brought into this state:
877	(I) at any time after the purchase described in Subsection (24)(a)(i)(A); and

878	(II) by a nonresident person who is not living or working in this state at the
879	time of the purchase;
880	(C) used for the personal use or enjoyment of the nonresident person described in
881	Subsection (24)(a)(i)(B)(II) while that nonresident person is within the state;
882	and
883	(D) not used in conducting business in this state; and
884	(ii) for:
885	(A) a product other than a boat described in Subsection (24)(a)(ii)(B), the first use
886	of the product for a purpose for which the product is designed occurs outside of
887	this state;
888	(B) a boat, the boat is registered outside of this state; or
889	(C) a vehicle other than a vehicle sold to an authorized carrier, the vehicle is
890	registered outside of this state;
891	(b) the exemption provided for in Subsection (24)(a) does not apply to:
892	(i) a lease or rental of a product; or
893	(ii) a sale of a vehicle exempt under Subsection (33); and
894	(c) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, for
895	purposes of Subsection (24)(a), the commission may by rule define what constitutes
896	the following:
897	(i) conducting business in this state if that phrase has the same meaning in this
898	Subsection (24) as in Subsection (63);
899	(ii) the first use of a product if that phrase has the same meaning in this Subsection
900	(24) as in Subsection (63); or
901	(iii) a purpose for which a product is designed if that phrase has the same meaning in
902	this Subsection (24) as in Subsection (63);
903	(25) a product purchased for resale in the regular course of business, either in its original
904	form or as an ingredient or component part of a manufactured or compounded product;
905	(26) a product upon which a sales or use tax was paid to some other state, or one of its
906	subdivisions, except that the state shall be paid any difference between the tax paid and
907	the tax imposed by this part and Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act, and no adjustment
908	is allowed if the tax paid was greater than the tax imposed by this part and Part 2, Local
909	Sales and Use Tax Act;
910	(27) any sale of a service described in Subsections 59-12-103(1)(b), (c), and (d) to a person
911	for use in compounding a service taxable under the subsections:

912	(28) purchases made in accordance with the special supplemental nutrition program for
913	women, infants, and children established in 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1786;
914	(29) sales or leases of rolls, rollers, refractory brick, electric motors, or other replacement
915	parts used in the furnaces, mills, or ovens of a steel mill described in SIC Code 3312 of
916	the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual of the federal Executive Office of the
917	President, Office of Management and Budget;
918	(30) sales of a boat of a type required to be registered under Title 73, Chapter 18, State
919	Boating Act, a boat trailer, or an outboard motor if the boat, boat trailer, or outboard
920	motor is:
921	(a) not registered in this state; and
922	(b)(i) not used in this state; or
923	(ii) used in this state:
924	(A) if the boat, boat trailer, or outboard motor is not used to conduct business, for
925	a time period that does not exceed the longer of:
926	(I) 30 days in any calendar year; or
927	(II) the time period necessary to transport the boat, boat trailer, or outboard
928	motor to the borders of this state; or
929	(B) if the boat, boat trailer, or outboard motor is used to conduct business, for the
930	time period necessary to transport the boat, boat trailer, or outboard motor to
931	the borders of this state;
932	(31) sales of aircraft manufactured in Utah;
933	(32) amounts paid for the purchase of telecommunications service for purposes of
934	providing telecommunications service;
935	(33) sales, leases, or uses of the following:
936	(a) a vehicle by an authorized carrier; or
937	(b) tangible personal property that is installed on a vehicle:
938	(i) sold or leased to or used by an authorized carrier; and
939	(ii) before the vehicle is placed in service for the first time;
940	(34)(a) 45% of the sales price of any new manufactured home; and
941	(b) 100% of the sales price of any used manufactured home;
942	(35) sales relating to schools and fundraising sales;
943	(36) sales or rentals of durable medical equipment if:
944	(a) a person presents a prescription for the durable medical equipment; and
945	(b) the durable medical equipment is used for home use only;
	* *

946	(37)(a) sales to a ski resort of electricity to operate a passenger ropeway as defined in
947	Section 72-11-102; and
948	(b) the commission shall by rule determine the method for calculating sales exempt
949	under Subsection (37)(a) that are not separately metered and accounted for in utility
950	billings;
951	(38) sales to a ski resort of:
952	(a) snowmaking equipment;
953	(b) ski slope grooming equipment;
954	(c) passenger ropeways as defined in Section 72-11-102; or
955	(d) parts used in the repairs or renovations of equipment or passenger ropeways
956	described in Subsections (38)(a) through (c);
957	(39) subject to Subsection 59-12-103(2)(j), sales of natural gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel
958	oil, or other fuels for industrial use;
959	(40)(a) subject to Subsection (40)(b), sales or rentals of the right to use or operate for
960	amusement, entertainment, or recreation an unassisted amusement device as defined
961	in Section 59-12-102;
962	(b) if a seller that sells or rents at the same business location the right to use or operate
963	for amusement, entertainment, or recreation one or more unassisted amusement
964	devices and one or more assisted amusement devices, the exemption described in
965	Subsection (40)(a) applies if the seller separately accounts for the sales or rentals of
966	the right to use or operate for amusement, entertainment, or recreation for the assisted
967	amusement devices; and
968	(c) for purposes of Subsection (40)(b) and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
969	Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules:
970	(i) governing the circumstances under which sales are at the same business location;
971	and
972	(ii) establishing the procedures and requirements for a seller to separately account for
973	the sales or rentals of the right to use or operate for amusement, entertainment, or
974	recreation for assisted amusement devices;
975	(41)(a) sales of photocopies by:
976	(i) a governmental entity; or
977	(ii) an entity within the state system of public education, including:
978	(A) a school; or
979	(B) the State Board of Education; or

980	(b) sales of publications by a governmental entity;
981	(42) amounts paid for admission to an athletic event at an institution of higher education
982	that is subject to the provisions of Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, 20
983	U.S.C. Sec. 1681 et seq.;
984	(43)(a) sales made to or by:
985	(i) an area agency on aging; or
986	(ii) a senior citizen center owned by a county, city, or town; or
987	(b) sales made by a senior citizen center that contracts with an area agency on aging;
988	(44) sales or leases of semiconductor fabricating, processing, research, or development
989	materials regardless of whether the semiconductor fabricating, processing, research, or
990	development materials:
991	(a) actually come into contact with a semiconductor; or
992	(b) ultimately become incorporated into real property;
993	(45) an amount paid by or charged to a purchaser for accommodations and services
994	described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i) to the extent the amount is exempt under
995	Section 59-12-104.2;
996	(46) the lease or use of a vehicle issued a temporary sports event registration certificate in
997	accordance with Section 41-3-306 for the event period specified on the temporary sports
998	event registration certificate;
999	(47)(a) sales or uses of electricity, if the sales or uses are made under a retail tariff
1000	adopted by the Public Service Commission only for purchase of electricity produced
1001	from a new alternative energy source built after January 1, 2016, as designated in the
1002	tariff by the Public Service Commission; and
1003	(b) for a residential use customer only, the exemption under Subsection (47)(a) applies
1004	only to the portion of the tariff rate a customer pays under the tariff described in
1005	Subsection (47)(a) that exceeds the tariff rate under the tariff described in Subsection
1006	(47)(a) that the customer would have paid absent the tariff;
1007	(48) sales or rentals of mobility enhancing equipment if a person presents a prescription for
1008	the mobility enhancing equipment;
1009	(49) sales of water in a:
1010	(a) pipe;
1011	(b) conduit;
1012	(c) ditch; or
1013	(d) reservoir;

1014	(50) sales of currency or coins that constitute legal tender of a state, the United States, or a
1015	foreign nation;
1016	(51)(a) sales of an item described in Subsection (51)(b) if the item:
1017	(i) does not constitute legal tender of a state, the United States, or a foreign nation;
1018	and
1019	(ii) has a gold, silver, or platinum content of 50% or more; and
1020	(b) Subsection (51)(a) applies to a gold, silver, or platinum:
1021	(i) ingot;
1022	(ii) bar;
1023	(iii) medallion; or
1024	(iv) decorative coin;
1025	(52) amounts paid on a sale-leaseback transaction;
1026	(53) sales of a prosthetic device:
1027	(a) for use on or in a human; and
1028	(b)(i) for which a prescription is required; or
1029	(ii) if the prosthetic device is purchased by a hospital or other medical facility;
1030	(54)(a) except as provided in Subsection (54)(b), purchases, leases, or rentals of
1031	machinery or equipment by an establishment described in Subsection (54)(c) if the
1032	machinery or equipment is primarily used in the production or postproduction of the
1033	following media for commercial distribution:
1034	(i) a motion picture;
1035	(ii) a television program;
1036	(iii) a movie made for television;
1037	(iv) a music video;
1038	(v) a commercial;
1039	(vi) a documentary; or
1040	(vii) a medium similar to Subsections (54)(a)(i) through (vi) as determined by the
1041	commission by administrative rule made in accordance with Subsection (54)(d);[
1042	or]
1043	(b) purchases, leases, or rentals of machinery or equipment by an establishment
1044	described in Subsection (54)(c) that is used for the production or postproduction of
1045	the following are subject to the taxes imposed by this chapter:
1046	(i) a live musical performance;
1047	(ii) a live news program; or

1048	(iii) a live sporting event;
1049	(c) the following establishments listed in the 1997 North American Industry
1050	Classification System of the federal Executive Office of the President, Office of
1051	Management and Budget, apply to Subsections (54)(a) and (b):
1052	(i) NAICS Code 512110; or
1053	(ii) NAICS Code 51219; and
1054	(d) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1055	commission may by rule:
1056	(i) prescribe what constitutes a medium similar to Subsections (54)(a)(i) through (vi);
1057	or
1058	(ii) define:
1059	(A) "commercial distribution";
1060	(B) "live musical performance";
1061	(C) "live news program"; or
1062	(D) "live sporting event";
1063	(55)(a) leases of seven or more years or purchases made on or after July 1, 2004, but on
1064	or before June 30, 2027, of tangible personal property that:
1065	(i) is leased or purchased for or by a facility that:
1066	(A) is an alternative energy electricity production facility;
1067	(B) is located in the state; and
1068	(C)(I) becomes operational on or after July 1, 2004; or
1069	(II) has its generation capacity increased by one or more megawatts on or after
1070	July 1, 2004, as a result of the use of the tangible personal property;
1071	(ii) has an economic life of five or more years; and
1072	(iii) is used to make the facility or the increase in capacity of the facility described in
1073	Subsection (55)(a)(i) operational up to the point of interconnection with an
1074	existing transmission grid including:
1075	(A) a wind turbine;
1076	(B) generating equipment;
1077	(C) a control and monitoring system;
1078	(D) a power line;
1079	(E) substation equipment;
1080	(F) lighting;
1081	(G) fencing;

1082	(H) pipes; or
1083	(I) other equipment used for locating a power line or pole; and
1084	(b) this Subsection (55) does not apply to:
1085	(i) tangible personal property used in construction of:
1086	(A) a new alternative energy electricity production facility; or
1087	(B) the increase in the capacity of an alternative energy electricity production
1088	facility;
1089	(ii) contracted services required for construction and routine maintenance activities;
1090	and
1091	(iii) unless the tangible personal property is used or acquired for an increase in
1092	capacity of the facility described in Subsection (55)(a)(i)(C)(II), tangible personal
1093	property used or acquired after:
1094	(A) the alternative energy electricity production facility described in Subsection
1095	(55)(a)(i) is operational as described in Subsection (55)(a)(iii); or
1096	(B) the increased capacity described in Subsection (55)(a)(i) is operational as
1097	described in Subsection (55)(a)(iii);
1098	(56)(a) leases of seven or more years or purchases made on or after July 1, 2004, but on
1099	or before June 30, 2027, of tangible personal property that:
1100	(i) is leased or purchased for or by a facility that:
1101	(A) is a waste energy production facility;
1102	(B) is located in the state; and
1103	(C)(I) becomes operational on or after July 1, 2004; or
1104	(II) has its generation capacity increased by one or more megawatts on or after
1105	July 1, 2004, as a result of the use of the tangible personal property;
1106	(ii) has an economic life of five or more years; and
1107	(iii) is used to make the facility or the increase in capacity of the facility described in
1108	Subsection (56)(a)(i) operational up to the point of interconnection with an
1109	existing transmission grid including:
1110	(A) generating equipment;
1111	(B) a control and monitoring system;
1112	(C) a power line;
1113	(D) substation equipment;
1114	(E) lighting;
1115	(F) fencing;

1116	(G) pipes; or
1117	(H) other equipment used for locating a power line or pole; and
1118	(b) this Subsection (56) does not apply to:
1119	(i) tangible personal property used in construction of:
1120	(A) a new waste energy facility; or
1121	(B) the increase in the capacity of a waste energy facility;
1122	(ii) contracted services required for construction and routine maintenance activities;
1123	and
1124	(iii) unless the tangible personal property is used or acquired for an increase in
1125	capacity described in Subsection (56)(a)(i)(C)(II), tangible personal property used
1126	or acquired after:
1127	(A) the waste energy facility described in Subsection (56)(a)(i) is operational as
1128	described in Subsection (56)(a)(iii); or
1129	(B) the increased capacity described in Subsection (56)(a)(i) is operational as
1130	described in Subsection (56)(a)(iii);
1131	(57)(a) leases of five or more years or purchases made on or after July 1, 2004, but on or
1132	before June 30, 2027, of tangible personal property that:
1133	(i) is leased or purchased for or by a facility that:
1134	(A) is located in the state;
1135	(B) produces fuel from alternative energy, including:
1136	(I) methanol; or
1137	(II) ethanol; and
1138	(C)(I) becomes operational on or after July 1, 2004; or
1139	(II) has its capacity to produce fuel increase by 25% or more on or after July 1,
1140	2004, as a result of the installation of the tangible personal property;
1141	(ii) has an economic life of five or more years; and
1142	(iii) is installed on the facility described in Subsection (57)(a)(i);
1143	(b) this Subsection (57) does not apply to:
1144	(i) tangible personal property used in construction of:
1145	(A) a new facility described in Subsection (57)(a)(i); or
1146	(B) the increase in capacity of the facility described in Subsection (57)(a)(i);[-or]
1147	(ii) contracted services required for construction and routine maintenance activities;
1148	and
1149	(iii) unless the tangible personal property is used or acquired for an increase in

1150	capacity described in Subsection (57)(a)(i)(C)(II), tangible personal property used
1151	or acquired after:
1152	(A) the facility described in Subsection (57)(a)(i) is operational; or
1153	(B) the increased capacity described in Subsection (57)(a)(i) is operational;
1154	(58)(a) subject to Subsection (58)(b), sales of tangible personal property or a product
1155	transferred electronically to a person within this state if that tangible personal
1156	property or product transferred electronically is subsequently shipped outside the
1157	state and incorporated pursuant to contract into and becomes a part of real property
1158	located outside of this state; and
1159	(b) the exemption under Subsection (58)(a) is not allowed to the extent that the other
1160	state or political entity to which the tangible personal property is shipped imposes a
1161	sales, use, gross receipts, or other similar transaction excise tax on the transaction
1162	against which the other state or political entity allows a credit for sales and use taxes
1163	imposed by this chapter;
1164	(59) purchases:
1165	(a) of one or more of the following items in printed or electronic format:
1166	(i) a list containing information that includes one or more:
1167	(A) names; or
1168	(B) addresses; or
1169	(ii) a database containing information that includes one or more:
1170	(A) names; or
1171	(B) addresses; and
1172	(b) used to send direct mail;
1173	(60) redemptions or repurchases of a product by a person if that product was:
1174	(a) delivered to a pawnbroker as part of a pawn transaction; and
1175	(b) redeemed or repurchased within the time period established in a written agreement
1176	between the person and the pawnbroker for redeeming or repurchasing the product;
1177	(61)(a) purchases or leases of an item described in Subsection (61)(b) if the item:
1178	(i) is purchased or leased by, or on behalf of, a telecommunications service provider;
1179	and
1180	(ii) has a useful economic life of one or more years; and
1181	(b) the following apply to Subsection (61)(a):
1182	(i) telecommunications enabling or facilitating equipment, machinery, or software;
1183	(ii) telecommunications equipment, machinery, or software required for 911 service;

1184	(iii) telecommunications maintenance or repair equipment, machinery, or software;
1185	(iv) telecommunications switching or routing equipment, machinery, or software; or
1186	(v) telecommunications transmission equipment, machinery, or software;
1187	(62)(a) beginning on July 1, 2006, and ending on June 30, 2027, purchases of tangible
1188	personal property or a product transferred electronically that are used in the research
1189	and development of alternative energy technology; and
1190	(b) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1191	commission may, for purposes of Subsection (62)(a), make rules defining what
1192	constitutes purchases of tangible personal property or a product transferred
1193	electronically that are used in the research and development of alternative energy
1194	technology;
1195	(63)(a) purchases of tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically if:
1196	(i) the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically is:
1197	(A) purchased outside of this state;
1198	(B) brought into this state at any time after the purchase described in Subsection
1199	(63)(a)(i)(A); and
1200	(C) used in conducting business in this state; and
1201	(ii) for:
1202	(A) tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically other than
1203	the tangible personal property described in Subsection (63)(a)(ii)(B), the first
1204	use of the property for a purpose for which the property is designed occurs
1205	outside of this state; or
1206	(B) a vehicle other than a vehicle sold to an authorized carrier, the vehicle is
1207	registered outside of this state and not required to be registered in this state
1208	under Section 41-1a-202 or 73-18-9 based on residency;
1209	(b) the exemption provided for in Subsection (63)(a) does not apply to:
1210	(i) a lease or rental of tangible personal property or a product transferred
1211	electronically; or
1212	(ii) a sale of a vehicle exempt under Subsection (33); and
1213	(c) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, for
1214	purposes of Subsection (63)(a), the commission may by rule define what constitutes
1215	the following:
1216	(i) conducting business in this state if that phrase has the same meaning in this
1217	Subsection (63) as in Subsection (24);

1218	(ii) the first use of tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically if
1219	that phrase has the same meaning in this Subsection (63) as in Subsection (24); or
1220	(iii) a purpose for which tangible personal property or a product transferred
1221	electronically is designed if that phrase has the same meaning in this Subsection
1222	(63) as in Subsection (24);
1223	(64) sales of disposable home medical equipment or supplies if:
1224	(a) a person presents a prescription for the disposable home medical equipment or
1225	supplies;
1226	(b) the disposable home medical equipment or supplies are used exclusively by the
1227	person to whom the prescription described in Subsection (64)(a) is issued; and
1228	(c) the disposable home medical equipment and supplies are listed as eligible for
1229	payment under:
1230	(i) Title XVIII, federal Social Security Act; or
1231	(ii) the state plan for medical assistance under Title XIX, federal Social Security Act;
1232	(65) sales:
1233	(a) to a public transit district under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 8, Public Transit District
1234	Act; or
1235	(b) of tangible personal property to a subcontractor of a public transit district, if the
1236	tangible personal property is:
1237	(i) clearly identified; and
1238	(ii) installed or converted to real property owned by the public transit district;
1239	(66) sales of construction materials:
1240	(a) purchased on or after July 1, 2010;
1241	(b) purchased by, on behalf of, or for the benefit of an international airport:
1242	(i) located within a county of the first class; and
1243	(ii) that has a United States customs office on its premises; and
1244	(c) if the construction materials are:
1245	(i) clearly identified;
1246	(ii) segregated; and
1247	(iii) installed or converted to real property:
1248	(A) owned or operated by the international airport described in Subsection
1249	(66)(b); and
1250	(B) located at the international airport described in Subsection (66)(b);
1251	(67) sales of construction materials:

1252	(a) purchased on or after July 1, 2008;
1253	(b) purchased by, on behalf of, or for the benefit of a new airport:
1254	(i) located within a county of the second class; and
1255	(ii) that is owned or operated by a city in which an airline as defined in Section
1256	59-2-102 is headquartered; and
1257	(c) if the construction materials are:
1258	(i) clearly identified;
1259	(ii) segregated; and
1260	(iii) installed or converted to real property:
1261	(A) owned or operated by the new airport described in Subsection (67)(b);
1262	(B) located at the new airport described in Subsection (67)(b); and
1263	(C) as part of the construction of the new airport described in Subsection (67)(b);
1264	(68) except for the tax imposed by Subsection 59-12-103(2)(d), sales of fuel to a common
1265	carrier that is a railroad for use in a locomotive engine;
1266	(69) purchases and sales described in Section 63H-4-111;
1267	(70)(a) sales of tangible personal property to an aircraft maintenance, repair, and
1268	overhaul provider for use in the maintenance, repair, overhaul, or refurbishment in
1269	this state of a fixed wing turbine powered aircraft if that fixed wing turbine powered
1270	aircraft's registration lists a state or country other than this state as the location of
1271	registry of the fixed wing turbine powered aircraft; or
1272	(b) sales of tangible personal property by an aircraft maintenance, repair, and overhaul
1273	provider in connection with the maintenance, repair, overhaul, or refurbishment in
1274	this state of a fixed wing turbine powered aircraft if that fixed wing turbine powered
1275	aircraft's registration lists a state or country other than this state as the location of
1276	registry of the fixed wing turbine powered aircraft;
1277	(71) subject to Section 59-12-104.4, sales of a textbook for a higher education course:
1278	(a) to a person admitted to an institution of higher education; and
1279	(b) by a seller, other than a bookstore owned by an institution of higher education, if
1280	51% or more of that seller's sales revenue for the previous calendar quarter are sales
1281	of a textbook for a higher education course;
1282	(72) a license fee or tax a municipality imposes in accordance with Subsection 10-1-203(5)
1283	on a purchaser from a business for which the municipality provides an enhanced level of
1284	municipal services;
1285	(73) amounts paid or charged for construction materials used in the construction of a new or

1286	expanding life science research and development facility in the state, if the construction
1287	materials are:
1288	(a) clearly identified;
1289	(b) segregated; and
1290	(c) installed or converted to real property;
1291	(74) amounts paid or charged for:
1292	(a) a purchase or lease of machinery and equipment that:
1293	(i) are used in performing qualified research:
1294	(A) as defined in Section 41(d), Internal Revenue Code; and
1295	(B) in the state; and
1296	(ii) have an economic life of three or more years; and
1297	(b) normal operating repair or replacement parts:
1298	(i) for the machinery and equipment described in Subsection (74)(a); and
1299	(ii) that have an economic life of three or more years;
1300	(75) a sale or lease of tangible personal property used in the preparation of prepared food if:
1301	(a) for a sale:
1302	(i) the ownership of the seller and the ownership of the purchaser are identical; and
1303	(ii) the seller or the purchaser paid a tax under this chapter on the purchase of that
1304	tangible personal property prior to making the sale; or
1305	(b) for a lease:
1306	(i) the ownership of the lessor and the ownership of the lessee are identical; and
1307	(ii) the lessor or the lessee paid a tax under this chapter on the purchase of that
1308	tangible personal property prior to making the lease;
1309	(76)(a) purchases of machinery or equipment if:
1310	(i) the purchaser is an establishment described in NAICS Subsector 713, Amusement,
1311	Gambling, and Recreation Industries, of the 2012 North American Industry
1312	Classification System of the federal Executive Office of the President, Office of
1313	Management and Budget;
1314	(ii) the machinery or equipment:
1315	(A) has an economic life of three or more years; and
1316	(B) is used by one or more persons who pay admission or user fees described in
1317	Subsection 59-12-103(1)(f) to the purchaser of the machinery and equipment;
1318	and
1319	(iii) 51% or more of the purchaser's sales revenue for the previous calendar quarter is:

1320	(A) amounts paid or charged as admission or user fees described in Subsection
1321	59-12-103(1)(f); and
1322	(B) subject to taxation under this chapter; and
1323	(b) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1324	commission may make rules for verifying that 51% of a purchaser's sales revenue for
1325	the previous calendar quarter is:
1326	(i) amounts paid or charged as admission or user fees described in Subsection
1327	59-12-103(1)(f); and
1328	(ii) subject to taxation under this chapter;
1329	(77) purchases of a short-term lodging consumable by a business that provides
1330	accommodations and services described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i);
1331	(78) amounts paid or charged to access a database:
1332	(a) if the primary purpose for accessing the database is to view or retrieve information
1333	from the database; and
1334	(b) not including amounts paid or charged for a:
1335	(i) digital audio work;
1336	(ii) digital audio-visual work; or
1337	(iii) digital book;
1338	(79) amounts paid or charged for a purchase or lease made by an electronic financial
1339	payment service, of:
1340	(a) machinery and equipment that:
1341	(i) are used in the operation of the electronic financial payment service; and
1342	(ii) have an economic life of three or more years; and
1343	(b) normal operating repair or replacement parts that:
1344	(i) are used in the operation of the electronic financial payment service; and
1345	(ii) have an economic life of three or more years;
1346	(80) sales of a fuel cell as defined in Section 54-15-102;
1347	(81) amounts paid or charged for a purchase or lease of tangible personal property or a
1348	product transferred electronically if the tangible personal property or product transferred
1349	electronically:
1350	(a) is stored, used, or consumed in the state; and
1351	(b) is temporarily brought into the state from another state:
1352	(i) during a disaster period as defined in Section 53-2a-1202;
1353	(ii) by an out-of-state business as defined in Section 53-2a-1202;

1354	(iii) for a declared state disaster or emergency as defined in Section 53-2a-1202; and
1355	(iv) for disaster- or emergency-related work as defined in Section 53-2a-1202;
1356	(82) sales of goods and services at a morale, welfare, and recreation facility, as defined in
1357	Section 39A-7-102, made pursuant to Title 39A, Chapter 7, Morale, Welfare, and
1358	Recreation Program;
1359	(83) amounts paid or charged for a purchase or lease of molten magnesium;
1360	(84) amounts paid or charged for a purchase or lease made by a qualifying data center or an
1361	occupant of a qualifying data center of machinery, equipment, or normal operating
1362	repair or replacement parts, if the machinery, equipment, or normal operating repair or
1363	replacement parts:
1364	(a) are used in:
1365	(i) the operation of the qualifying data center; or
1366	(ii) the occupant's operations in the qualifying data center; and
1367	(b) have an economic life of one or more years;
1368	(85) sales of cleaning or washing of a vehicle, except for cleaning or washing of a vehicle
1369	that includes cleaning or washing of the interior of the vehicle;
1370	(86) amounts paid or charged for a purchase or lease of machinery, equipment, normal
1371	operating repair or replacement parts, catalysts, chemicals, reagents, solutions, or
1372	supplies used or consumed:
1373	(a) by a refiner who owns, leases, operates, controls, or supervises a refinery as defined
1374	in Section 79-6-701 located in the state;
1375	(b) if the machinery, equipment, normal operating repair or replacement parts, catalysts,
1376	chemicals, reagents, solutions, or supplies are used or consumed in:
1377	(i) the production process to produce gasoline or diesel fuel, or at which blendstock is
1378	added to gasoline or diesel fuel;
1379	(ii) research and development;
1380	(iii) transporting, storing, or managing raw materials, work in process, finished
1381	products, and waste materials produced from refining gasoline or diesel fuel, or
1382	adding blendstock to gasoline or diesel fuel;
1383	(iv) developing or maintaining a road, tunnel, excavation, or similar feature used in
1384	refining; or
1385	(v) preventing, controlling, or reducing pollutants from refining; and
1386	(c) if the person holds a valid refiner tax exemption certification as defined in Section
1387	79-6-701;

1388	(87) amounts paid to or charged by a proprietor for accommodations and services, as
1389	defined in Section 63H-1-205, if the proprietor is subject to the MIDA accommodations
1390	tax imposed under Section 63H-1-205;
1391	(88) amounts paid or charged for a purchase or lease of machinery, equipment, normal
1392	operating repair or replacement parts, or materials, except for office equipment or office
1393	supplies, by an establishment, as the commission defines that term in accordance with
1394	Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, that:
1395	(a) is described in NAICS Code 621511, Medical Laboratories, of the 2017 North
1396	American Industry Classification System of the federal Executive Office of the
1397	President, Office of Management and Budget;
1398	(b) is located in this state; and
1399	(c) uses the machinery, equipment, normal operating repair or replacement parts, or
1400	materials in the operation of the establishment;
1401	(89) amounts paid or charged for an item exempt under Section 59-12-104.10;
1402	(90) sales of a note, leaf, foil, or film, if the item:
1403	(a) is used as currency;
1404	(b) does not constitute legal tender of a state, the United States, or a foreign nation; and
1405	(c) has a gold, silver, or platinum metallic content of 50% or more, exclusive of any
1406	transparent polymer holder, coating, or encasement;
1407	(91) amounts paid or charged for admission to an indoor skydiving, rock climbing, or
1408	surfing facility, if a trained instructor:
1409	(a) is present with the participant, in person or by video, for the duration of the activity;
1410	and
1411	(b) actively instructs the participant, including providing observation or feedback;
1412	(92) amounts paid or charged in connection with the construction, operation, maintenance,
1413	repair, or replacement of facilities owned by or constructed for:
1414	(a) a distribution electrical cooperative, as defined in Section 54-2-1; or
1415	(b) a wholesale electrical cooperative, as defined in Section 54-2-1;
1416	(93) amounts paid by the service provider for tangible personal property, other than
1417	machinery, equipment, parts, office supplies, electricity, gas, heat, steam, or other fuels,
1418	that:
1419	(a) is consumed in the performance of a service that is subject to tax under Subsection
1420	59-12-103(1)(b), (f), (g), (h), (i), or (j);
1421	(b) has to be consumed for the service provider to provide the service described in

1422	Subsection (93)(a); and
1423	(c) will be consumed in the performance of the service described in Subsection (93)(a),
1424	to one or more customers, to the point that the tangible personal property disappears
1425	or cannot be used for any other purpose;
1426	(94) sales of rail rolling stock manufactured in Utah;
1427	(95) amounts paid or charged for sales of sand, gravel, rock aggregate, cement products, or
1428	construction materials between establishments, as the commission defines that term in
1429	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, if:
1430	(a) the establishments are related directly or indirectly through 100% common
1431	ownership or control; and
1432	(b) each establishment is described in one of the following subsectors of the 2022 North
1433	American Industry Classification System of the federal Executive Office of the
1434	President, Office of Management and Budget:
1435	(i) NAICS Subsector 237, Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction; or
1436	(ii) NAICS Subsector 327, Nonmetallic Mineral Product Manufacturing;
1437	(96) sales of construction materials used for the construction of a qualified stadium, as
1438	defined in Section 11-70-101;[-and]
1439	(97) amounts paid or charged for sales of a cannabinoid product as that term is defined in
1440	Section 4-41-102[-] ; and
1441	(98) sales of construction materials used for the construction, remodeling, or refurbishing of
1442	a major sporting event venue, as defined in Section 63N-3-1701, within an approved
1443	major sporting event venue zone.
1444	Section 8. Section <b>59-12-205</b> is amended to read:
1445	59-12-205 . Ordinances to conform with statutory amendments Distribution of
1446	tax revenue Determination of population.
1447	(1) To maintain in effect sales and use tax ordinances adopted pursuant to Section
1448	59-12-204, a county, city, or town shall adopt amendments to the county's, city's, or
1449	town's sales and use tax ordinances:
1450	(a) within 30 days of the day on which the state makes an amendment to an applicable
1451	provision of Part 1, Tax Collection; and
1452	(b) as required to conform to the amendments to Part 1, Tax Collection.
1453	(2)(a) Except as provided in Subsections (3) and (4) and subject to Subsection (5):
1454	(i) 50% of each dollar collected from the sales and use tax authorized by this part
1455	shall be distributed to each county, city, and town on the basis of the percentage

1456	that the population of the county, city, or town bears to the total population of all
1457	counties, cities, and towns in the state; and
1458	(ii)(A) except as provided in Subsections (2)(a)(ii)(B), (C), [and-](D), and (E),
1459	50% of each dollar collected from the sales and use tax authorized by this part
1460	shall be distributed to each county, city, and town on the basis of the location
1461	of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215;
1462	(B) 50% of each dollar collected from the sales and use tax authorized by this part
1463	within a project area described in a project area plan adopted by the military
1464	installation development authority under Title 63H, Chapter 1, Military
1465	Installation Development Authority Act, shall be distributed to the military
1466	installation development authority created in Section 63H-1-201;
1467	(C) beginning July 1, 2024, 20% of each dollar collected from the sales and use
1468	tax authorized by this part within a project area under Title 11, Chapter 58,
1469	Utah Inland Port Authority Act, shall be distributed to the Utah Inland Port
1470	Authority, created in Section 11-58-201;[-and]
1471	(D) 50% of each dollar collected from the sales and use tax authorized by this part
1472	within the lake authority boundary, as defined in Section 11-65-101, shall be
1473	distributed to the Utah Lake Authority, created in Section 11-65-201,
1474	beginning the next full calendar quarter following the creation of the Utah
1475	Lake Authority[-] ; and
1476	(E) except as provided in Subsections (7) and (8), beginning the first day of a
1477	calendar quarter after the sales and use tax boundary for a major sporting event
1478	venue zone is established, the commission, at least annually, shall transfer an
1479	amount equal to 50% of the sales and use tax increment, as defined in Section
1480	63N-3-1701, from the sales and use tax imposed under this part on transactions
1481	occurring within a sales and use tax boundary, as Section 63N-3-1710, to the
1482	creating entity of the major sporting event venue zone.
1483	(b) Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(C) does not apply to sales and use tax revenue collected before
1484	July 1, 2022.
1485	(3)(a) As used in this Subsection (3):
1486	(i) "Eligible county, city, or town" means a county, city, or town that:
1487	(A) for fiscal year 2012-13, received a tax revenue distribution under Subsection
1488	(3)(b) equal to the amount described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii); and
1489	(B) does not impose a sales and use tax under Section 59-12-2103 on or before

1490	July 1, 2016.
1491	(ii) "Minimum tax revenue distribution" means the total amount of tax revenue
1492	distributions an eligible county, city, or town received from a tax imposed in
1493	accordance with this part for fiscal year 2004-05.
1494	(b) An eligible county, city, or town shall receive a tax revenue distribution for a tax
1495	imposed in accordance with this part equal to the greater of:
1496	(i) the payment required by Subsection (2); or
1497	(ii) the minimum tax revenue distribution.
1498	(4)(a) For purposes of this Subsection (4):
1499	(i) "Annual local contribution" means the lesser of \$275,000 or an amount equal to
1500	2.55% of the participating local government's tax revenue distribution amount
1501	under Subsection (2)(a)(i) for the previous fiscal year.
1502	(ii) "Participating local government" means a county or municipality, as defined in
1503	Section 10-1-104, that is not an eligible municipality certified in accordance with
1504	Section 35A-16-404.
1505	(b) For revenue collected from the tax authorized by this part that is distributed on or
1506	after January 1, 2019, the commission, before making a tax revenue distribution
1507	under Subsection (2)(a)(i) to a participating local government, shall:
1508	(i) adjust a participating local government's tax revenue distribution under Subsection
1509	(2)(a)(i) by:
1510	(A) subtracting an amount equal to one-twelfth of the annual local contribution for
1511	each participating local government from the participating local government's
1512	tax revenue distribution; and
1513	(B) if applicable, reducing the amount described in Subsection (4)(b)(i)(A) by an
1514	amount equal to one-twelfth of \$250 for each bed that is available at all
1515	homeless shelters located within the boundaries of the participating local
1516	government, as reported to the commission by the Office of Homeless Services
1517	in accordance with Section 35A-16-405; and
1518	(ii) deposit the resulting amount described in Subsection (4)(b)(i) into the Homeless
1519	Shelter Cities Mitigation Restricted Account created in Section 35A-16-402.
1520	(c) For a participating local government that qualifies to receive a distribution described
1521	in Subsection (3), the commission shall apply the provisions of this Subsection (4)
1522	after the commission applies the provisions of Subsection (3).
1523	(5)(a) As used in this Subsection (5):

1524	(i) "Annual dedicated sand and gravel sales tax revenue" means an amount equal to
1525	the total revenue an establishment described in NAICS Code 327320, Ready-Mix
1526	Concrete Manufacturing, of the 2022 North American Industry Classification
1527	System of the federal Executive Office of the President, Office of Management
1528	and Budget, collects and remits under this part for a calendar year.
1529	(ii) "Sand and gravel" means sand, gravel, or a combination of sand and gravel.
1530	(iii) "Sand and gravel extraction site" means a pit, quarry, or deposit that:
1531	(A) contains sand and gravel; and
1532	(B) is assessed by the commission in accordance with Section 59-2-201.
1533	(iv) "Ton" means a short ton of 2,000 pounds.
1534	(v) "Tonnage ratio" means the ratio of:
1535	(A) the total amount of sand and gravel, measured in tons, sold during a calendar
1536	year from all sand and gravel extraction sites located within a county, city, or
1537	town; to
1538	(B) the total amount of sand and gravel, measured in tons, sold during the same
1539	calendar year from sand and gravel extraction sites statewide.
1540	(b) For purposes of calculating the ratio described in Subsection (5)(a)(v), the
1541	commission shall:
1542	(i) use the gross sales data provided to the commission as part of the commission's
1543	property tax valuation process; and
1544	(ii) if a sand and gravel extraction site operates as a unit across municipal or county
1545	lines, apportion the reported tonnage among the counties, cities, or towns based on
1546	the percentage of the sand and gravel extraction site located in each county, city,
1547	or town, as approximated by the commission.
1548	(c)(i) Beginning July 2023, and each July thereafter, the commission shall distribute
1549	from total collections under this part an amount equal to the annual dedicated sand
1550	and gravel sales tax revenue for the preceding calendar year to each county, city,
1551	or town in the same proportion as the county's, city's, or town's tonnage ratio for
1552	the preceding calendar year.
1553	(ii) The commission shall ensure that the revenue distributed under this Subsection
1554	(5)(c) is drawn from each jurisdiction's collections in proportion to the
1555	jurisdiction's share of total collections for the preceding 12-month period.
1556	(d) A county, city, or town shall use revenue described in Subsection (5)(c) for class B

or class C roads.

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1558	(6)(a) Population figures for purposes of this section shall be based on the most recent
1559	official census or census estimate of the United States Bureau of the Census.
1560	(b) If a needed population estimate is not available from the United States Bureau of the
1561	Census, population figures shall be derived from the estimate from the Utah
1562	Population Committee.
1563	(c) The population of a county for purposes of this section shall be determined only from
1564	the unincorporated area of the county.
1565	(7)(a) As used in this Subsection (7):
1566	(i) "Applicable percentage" means, for a major sporting event venue zone created
1567	under Title 63N, Chapter 3, Part 17, Major Sporting Event Venue Zone Act, for
1568	sales occurring within the qualified development zone described in Subsection
1569	(7)(a)(ii):
1570	(A) 50% of the sales and use tax increment, as that term is defined in Section
1571	63N-3-601, from the sales and use tax imposed under this part;
1572	(B) 100% of the revenue from the sales and use tax imposed by the creating entity
1573	of a major sporting event venue zone under Section 59-12-401; and
1574	(C) 100% of the revenue from the sales and use tax imposed by the creating entity
1575	of a major sporting event venue zone under Section 59-12-402.
1576	(ii) "Qualified development zone" means the sales and use tax boundary, as described
1577	in Section 63N-3-1710, of a major sporting event venue zone created under Title
1578	63N, Chapter 3, Part 17, Major Sporting Event Venue Zone Act.
1579	(iii) "Qualifying construction materials" means construction materials that are:
1580	(A) delivered to a delivery outlet within a qualified development zone; and
1581	(B) intended to be permanently attached to real property within the qualified
1582	development zone.
1583	(b) For a sale of qualifying construction materials, the commission shall distribute the
1584	product calculated in Subsection (7)(c) to the creating entity of a qualified
1585	development zone if the seller of the construction materials:
1586	(i) establishes a delivery outlet with the commission within the qualified development
1587	zone;
1588	(ii) reports the sales of the construction materials to the delivery outlet described in
1589	Subsection (7)(b)(i); and
1590	(iii) does not report the sales of the construction materials on a simplified electronic
1591	<u>return.</u>

1592	(c) For the purposes of Subsection (7)(b), the product is equal to:
1593	(i) the sales price or purchase price of the qualifying construction materials; and
1594	(ii) the applicable percentage.
1595	(8)(a) As used in this Subsection (8):
1596	(i) "Applicable percentage" means the same as that term is defined in Subsection (7).
1597	(ii) "Qualified development zone" means the same as that term is defined in
1598	Subsection (7).
1599	(iii) "Schedule J sale" means a sale reported on State Tax Commission Form
1600	TC-62M, Schedule J or a substantially similar form as designated by the
1601	commission.
1602	(b) Revenue generated from the applicable percentage by a Schedule J sale within a
1603	qualified development zone shall be distributed to the jurisdiction that would have
1604	received the revenue in the absence of the qualified development zone.
1605	Section 9. Section <b>59-12-352</b> is amended to read:
1606	59-12-352. Transient room tax authority for municipalities and certain
1607	authorities Purposes for which revenues may be used.
1608	(1)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (5), the governing body of a municipality may
1609	impose a tax of not to exceed 1% on charges for the accommodations and services
1610	described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i).
1611	(b) Subject to Section 63H-1-203, the military installation development authority created
1612	in Section 63H-1-201 may impose a tax under this section for accommodations and
1613	services described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i) within a project area described in a
1614	project area plan adopted by the authority under Title 63H, Chapter 1, Military
1615	Installation Development Authority Act, as though the authority were a municipality.
1616	(c) Beginning October 1, 2024, the Utah Fairpark Area Investment and Restoration
1617	District, created in Section 11-70-201, may impose a tax under this section for
1618	accommodations and services described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i) within the
1619	district sales tax area, as defined in Section 11-70-101, to the same extent and in the
1620	same manner as a municipality may impose a tax under this section.
1621	(d) Beginning October 1, 2025, the creating entity of a major sporting event venue zone
1622	approved pursuant to Title 63N, Chapter 3, Part 17, Major Sporting Event Venue
1623	Zone Act, may impose a tax under this section for accommodations and services
1624	described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i) within the sales and use tax boundary, as
1625	defined in Section 63N-3-1701:

1626	(i) to the same extent and in the same manner as a municipality may impose a tax
1627	under this section; and
1628	(ii) as described in Subsection (7).
1629	(2) Subject to the limitations of Subsection (1), a governing body of a municipality may, by
1630	ordinance, increase or decrease the tax under this part.
1631	(3) A governing body of a municipality shall regulate the tax under this part by ordinance.
1632	(4) A municipality may use revenues generated by the tax under this part for general fund
1633	purposes.
1634	(5)(a) A municipality may not impose a tax under this section for accommodations and
1635	services described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i) within a project area described in a
1636	project area plan adopted by[-]:
1637	(i) the military installation development authority under Title 63H, Chapter 1,
1638	Military Installation Development Authority Act; or
1639	(ii) the Utah Fairpark Area Investment and Restoration District under Title 11,
1640	Chapter 70, Utah Fairpark Area Investment and Restoration District.
1641	(b) Subsection (5)(a) does not apply to the military installation development authority's
1642	imposition of a tax under this section.
1643	(c) A municipality may not impose a tax under this section for accommodations and
1644	services described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i) within a qualified development zone
1645	of a major sporting event venue zone if the creating entity of the major sporting event
1646	venue zone imposes a tax as described in Subsection (7).
1647	(6)(a) As used in this Subsection (6):
1648	(i) "Authority" means the Point of the Mountain State Land Authority, created in
1649	Section 11-59-201.
1650	(ii) "Authority board" means the board referred to in Section 11-59-301.
1651	(b) The authority may, by a resolution adopted by the authority board, impose a tax of
1652	not to exceed 5% on charges for the accommodations and services described in
1653	Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i) for transactions that occur on point of the mountain state
1654	land, as defined in Section 11-59-102.
1655	(c) The authority board, by resolution, shall regulate the tax under this Subsection (6).
1656	(d) The authority shall use all revenue from a tax imposed under this Subsection (6) to
1657	provide affordable housing, consistent with the manner that a community
1658	reinvestment agency uses funds for income targeted housing under Section 17C-1-412.
1659	(e) A tax under this Subsection (6) is in addition to any other tax that may be imposed

1660	under this part.
1661	(7)(a) As used in this Subsection (7), "creating entity" means the same as that term is
1662	defined in Section 11-71-101.
1663	(b) A creating entity may, by ordinance, impose a tax not to exceed 5% on charges for
1664	the accommodations and services described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)(i) for
1665	transactions that occur within the sales and use tax boundary, as defined in Section
1666	63N-3-1701, of a major sporting event venue zone.
1667	(c) A creating entity shall use all revenue from a tax imposed under this Subsection (7)
1668	as described in Sections 11-71-202 and 11-71-203.
1669	(d) A tax under this Subsection (7) is in addition to any other tax that may be imposed
1670	under this part.
1671	Section 10. Section <b>59-12-354</b> is amended to read:
1672	59-12-354. Collection of tax Administrative charge.
1673	(1) Except as provided in Subsections (2) and (3), the tax authorized under this part shall be
1674	administered, collected, and enforced in accordance with:
1675	(a) the same procedures used to administer, collect, and enforce the tax under:
1676	(i) Part 1, Tax Collection; or
1677	(ii) Part 2, Local Sales and Use Tax Act; and
1678	(b) Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies.
1679	(2)(a) The location of a transaction shall be determined in accordance with Sections
1680	59-12-211 through 59-12-215.
1681	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), the commission_shall distribute the revenue
1682	collected from the tax to:
1683	(i)(A) the municipality within which the revenue was collected, for a tax imposed
1684	under this part by a municipality; or
1685	(B) the Utah Fairpark Area Investment and Restoration District, for a tax imposed
1686	under this part by the Utah Fairpark Area Investment and Restoration District;
1687	and]
1688	(ii) the Point of the Mountain State Land Authority, for a tax imposed under
1689	Subsection 59-12-352(6)[-] ; and
1690	(iii) the creating entity of a major sporting event venue zone, for a tax imposed under
1691	Subsection 59-12-352(7).
1692	(c) The commission shall retain and deposit an administrative charge in accordance with
1693	Section 59-1-306 from the revenue the commission collects from a tax under this part.

1694	(3) A tax under this part is not subject to Section 59-12-107.1 or 59-12-123 or Subsections
1695	59-12-205(2) through (5).
1696	Section 11. Section <b>59-12-401</b> is amended to read:
1697	59-12-401. Resort communities tax authority for cities, towns, and certain
1698	authorities and certain counties Base Rate Collection fees.
1699	(1)(a) In addition to other sales and use taxes, a city or town in which the transient room
1700	capacity as defined in Section 59-12-405 is greater than or equal to 66% of the
1701	municipality's permanent census population may impose a sales and use tax of up to
1702	1.1% on the transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) located within the city
1703	or town.
1704	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a city or town may not impose a tax under this
1705	section on:
1706	(i)(A) the sale of a motor vehicle, an aircraft, a watercraft, a modular home, a
1707	manufactured home, or a mobile home;
1708	(B) the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and
1709	uses are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104; and
1710	(C) except as provided in Subsection (1)(d), amounts paid or charged for food and
1711	food ingredients;[-or]
1712	(ii) transactions that occur in the district sales tax area, as defined in Subsection (4), if
1713	the fairpark district, as defined in Subsection (4), has imposed a tax under
1714	Subsection (4)[-];
1715	(iii) transactions that occur within a project area described in a project area plan
1716	adopted by the military installation development authority under Title 63H,
1717	Chapter 1, Military Development Authority Act, if the military installation
1718	development authority has imposed a tax under Subsection (3); or
1719	(iv) transactions that occur within the sales and use tax boundary of a major sporting
1720	event venue zone under Title 63N, Chapter 3, Part 17, Major Sporting Event
1721	Venue Zone Act, if the creating entity of the major sporting event venue zone has
1722	imposed a tax under Subsection (5).
1723	(c) For purposes of this Subsection (1), the location of a transaction shall be determined
1724	in accordance with Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.
1725	(d) A city or town imposing a tax under this section shall impose the tax on the purchase
1726	price or the sales price for amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients if
1727	the food and food ingredients are sold as part of a bundled transaction attributable to

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1728	food and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food
1729	ingredients.
1730	(2)(a) An amount equal to the total of any costs incurred by the state in connection with
1731	the implementation of Subsection (1) which exceed, in any year, the revenues
1732	received by the state from its collection fees received in connection with the
1733	implementation of Subsection (1) shall be paid over to the state General Fund by the
1734	cities and towns which impose the tax provided for in Subsection (1).
1735	(b) Amounts paid under Subsection (2)(a) shall be allocated proportionally among those
1736	cities and towns according to the amount of revenue the respective cities and towns
1737	generate in that year through imposition of that tax.
1738	(3)(a) Subject to Section 63H-1-203, the military installation development authority
1739	created in Section 63H-1-201 may impose a tax under this section on the transactions
1740	described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) located within a project area described in a
1741	project area plan adopted by the authority under Title 63H, Chapter 1, Military
1742	Installation Development Authority Act, as though the authority were a city or a town.
1743	(b) For purposes of calculating the permanent census population within a project area,
1744	the board, as defined in Section 63H-1-102, shall:
1745	(i) use the actual number of permanent residents within the project area as determined
1746	by the board;
1747	(ii) include in the calculation of transient room capacity the number, as determined
1748	by the board, of approved high-occupancy lodging units, recreational lodging
1749	units, special lodging units, and standard lodging units, even if the units are not
1750	constructed;
1751	(iii) adopt a resolution verifying the population number; and
1752	(iv) provide the commission any information required in Section 59-12-405.
1753	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a board as defined in Section 63H-1-102 may
1754	impose the sales and use tax under this section if there are no permanent residents.
1755	(4)(a) As used in this Subsection (4):
1756	(i) "District sales tax area" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1757	11-70-101.
1758	(ii) "Fairpark district" means the Utah Fairpark Area Investment and Restoration
1759	District, created in Section 11-70-201.
1760	(iii) "Fairpark district board" means the board of the fairpark district.

(b) [The-] On or after October 1, 2024, the fairpark district, by resolution of the fairpark

1762	district board, may impose a tax under this section, as though the fairpark district
1763	were a city or town, on transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1)[÷]
1764	[(i)] located within the district sales tax area[; and].
1765	[(ii) that occur on or after October 1, 2024.]
1766	(c) For purposes of calculating the permanent census population within the district sales
1767	tax area, the fairpark district board shall:
1768	(i) use the actual number of permanent residents within the district sales tax area as
1769	determined by the fairpark district board;
1770	(ii) include in the calculation of transient room capacity the number, as determined
1771	by the fairpark district board, of approved high-occupancy lodging units,
1772	recreational lodging units, special lodging units, and standard lodging units, even
1773	if the units are not constructed;
1774	(iii) adopt a resolution verifying the population number; and
1775	(iv) provide the commission any information required in Section 59-12-405.
1776	(d) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), the fairpark district may impose the sales and use
1777	tax under this section if there are no permanent residents within the district sales tax
1778	area.
1779	(5)(a) As used in this Subsection (5):
1780	(i) "Creating entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 11-71-101.
1781	(ii) "Major sporting event venue zone" means an area approved to be a major sporting
1782	event venue zone under Title 63N, Chapter 3, Part 17, Major Sporting Event
1783	Venue Zone Act.
1784	(iii) "Sales and use tax boundary" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1785	<u>63N-3-1701.</u>
1786	(b) Beginning October 1, 2025, the creating entity of a major sporting event venue zone,
1787	established under Title 63N, Chapter 3, Part 17, Major Sporting Event Venue Zone
1788	Act, may by ordinance impose a tax under this section on transactions that occur
1789	within the sales and use boundary of a major sporting event venue zone as those
1790	terms are defined in Section 63N-3-1701 to the same extent and in the same manner
1791	as a city or town may impose a tax under this section.
1792	(6)(a) As used in this Subsection (6), "major sporting event venue" means a venue that
1793	has been or is proposed to be used for the Olympic Games, as confirmed by the Salt
1794	Lake City-Utah Committee for the Games, a site, arena, or facility along with
1795	supporting or adjacent structures.

1796	(b) Beginning October 1, 2025, a county of the third class with at least three major
1797	sporting event venues within the jurisdiction of the county may, by ordinance,
1798	impose a tax under this section on transactions occurring within the unincorporated
1799	areas of the county to the same extent and in the same manner as a city or town may
1800	impose a tax under this section.
1801	(c) Revenue generated by a tax imposed under this Subsection (6) may only be used by
1802	the county of the third class on public infrastructure and infrastructure improvements,
1803	including transportation infrastructure and improvements, and transit projects.
1804	Section 12. Section <b>59-12-402</b> is amended to read:
1805	59-12-402 . Additional resort communities sales and use tax Base Rate
1806	Collection fees Resolution and voter approval requirements Election requirements
1807	Notice requirements Ordinance requirements Certain authorities and zones
1808	implementing additional resort communities sales and use tax.
1809	(1)(a) Subject to Subsections (2) through (6), the governing body of a municipality in
1810	which the transient room capacity as defined in Section 59-12-405 is greater than or
1811	equal to 66% of the municipality's permanent census population may, in addition to
1812	the sales tax authorized under Section 59-12-401, impose an additional resort
1813	communities sales tax in an amount that is less than or equal to .5% on the
1814	transactions described in Subsection 59-12-103(1) located within the municipality.
1815	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), the governing body of a municipality may not
1816	impose a tax under this section on:
1817	(i)(A) the sale of a motor vehicle, an aircraft, a watercraft, a modular home, a
1818	manufactured home, or a mobile home;
1819	(B) the sales and uses described in Section 59-12-104 to the extent the sales and
1820	uses are exempt from taxation under Section 59-12-104; and
1821	(C) except as provided in Subsection (1)(d), amounts paid or charged for food and
1822	food ingredients;[-or]
1823	(ii) transactions that occur in the district sales tax area, as defined in Subsection
1824	59-12-401(4), if the Utah Fairpark Area Investment and Restoration District,
1825	created in Section 11-70-201, has imposed a tax under Subsection (8)[-];
1826	(iii) transactions that occur within a project area described in a project area plan
1827	adopted by the military installation development authority under Title 63H,
1828	Chapter 1, Military Development Authority Act, if the military installation
1829	development authority has imposed a tax under Subsection (7); or

1830	(iv) transactions that occur within the sales and use tax boundary of a major sporting
1831	event venue zone under Title 63N, Chapter 3, Part 17, Major Sporting Event
1832	Venue Zone Act, if the creating entity of the major sporting event venue zone has
1833	imposed a tax under Subsection (9).
1834	(c) For purposes of this Subsection (1), the location of a transaction shall be determined
1835	in accordance with Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.
1836	(d) A municipality imposing a tax under this section shall impose the tax on the
1837	purchase price or sales price for amounts paid or charged for food and food
1838	ingredients if the food and food ingredients are sold as part of a bundled transaction
1839	attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than
1840	food and food ingredients.
1841	(2)(a) An amount equal to the total of any costs incurred by the state in connection with
1842	the implementation of Subsection (1) which exceed, in any year, the revenues
1843	received by the state from its collection fees received in connection with the
1844	implementation of Subsection (1) shall be paid over to the state General Fund by the
1845	cities and towns which impose the tax provided for in Subsection (1).
1846	(b) Amounts paid under Subsection (2)(a) shall be allocated proportionally among those
1847	cities and towns according to the amount of revenue the respective cities and towns
1848	generate in that year through imposition of that tax.
1849	(3) To impose an additional resort communities sales tax under this section, the governing
1850	body of the municipality shall:
1851	(a) pass a resolution approving the tax; and
1852	(b) except as provided in Subsection (6), obtain voter approval for the tax as provided in
1853	Subsection (4).
1854	(4) To obtain voter approval for an additional resort communities sales tax under
1855	Subsection (3)(b), a municipality shall:
1856	(a) hold the additional resort communities sales tax election during:
1857	(i) a regular general election; or
1858	(ii) a municipal general election; and
1859	(b) post notice of the election for the municipality, as a class A notice under Section
1860	63G-30-102, for at least 15 days before the day on which the election is held.
1861	(5) An ordinance approving an additional resort communities sales tax under this section
1862	shall provide an effective date for the tax as provided in Section 59-12-403.
1863	(6)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a municipality is not subject to the voter

1897

1864	approval requirements of Subsection (3)(b) if, on or before January 1, 1996, the
1865	municipality imposed a license fee or tax on businesses based on gross receipts
1866	pursuant to Section 10-1-203.
1867	(b) The exception from the voter approval requirements in Subsection (6)(a) does not
1868	apply to a municipality that, on or before January 1, 1996, imposed a license fee or
1869	tax on only one class of businesses based on gross receipts pursuant to Section
1870	10-1-203.
1871	(7) Subject to Subsection 63H-1-203(1), a military installation development authority
1872	authorized to impose a resort communities tax under Section 59-12-401 may impose an
1873	additional resort communities sales tax under this section as if the military installation
1874	development authority were a municipality.
1875	(8) [The-] On or after October 1, 2024, the Utah Fairpark Area Investment and Restoration
1876	District, created in Section 11-70-201, may impose an additional resort communities tax
1877	under this section on transactions that occur[÷]
1878	[(a)] within the district sales tax area, as defined in Subsection 59-12-401(4)[; and], as if
1879	the district were a municipality.
1880	[(b) that occur on or after October 1, 2024.]
1881	(9) Beginning October 1, 2025, the creating entity of a major sporting event venue zone,
1882	established under Title 63N, Chapter 3, Part 17, Major Sporting Event Venue Zone Act,
1883	may by ordinance impose a tax under this section on transactions that occur within the
1884	sales and use tax boundary of a major sporting event venue zone as those terms are
1885	defined in Section 63N-3-1701 to the same extent and in the same manner as a
1886	municipality may impose a tax under this section.
1887	Section 13. Section <b>59-12-405</b> is amended to read:
1888	59-12-405. Definitions Municipality filing requirements for lodging unit
1889	capacity Failure to meet eligibility requirements Notice to municipality
1890	Municipality authority to impose tax.
1891	(1) As used in this section:
1892	(a) "High-occupancy lodging unit" means each bedroom in a:
1893	(i) hostel; or
1894	(ii) a unit similar to a hostel as determined by the commission by rule.
1895	(b) "High-occupancy lodging unit capacity of a municipality" means the product of:
1896	(i) the total number of high-occupancy lodging units within the incorporated

boundaries of a municipality on the first day of the calendar quarter during which

1898	the municipality files the form described in Subsection (3); and
1899	(ii) four.
1900	(c) "Recreational lodging unit" means each site in a:
1901	(i) campground that:
1902	(A) is issued a business license by the municipality in which the campground is
1903	located; and
1904	(B) provides the following hookups:
1905	(I) water;
1906	(II) sewer; and
1907	(III) electricity;[-or]
1908	(ii) recreational vehicle park that provides the following hookups:
1909	(A) water;
1910	(B) sewer; and
1911	(C) electricity; or
1912	(iii) unit similar to Subsection (1)(c)(i) or (ii) as determined by the commission by
1913	rule.
1914	(d) "Recreational lodging unit capacity of a municipality" means the product of:
1915	(i) the total number of recreational lodging units within the incorporated boundaries
1916	of a municipality on the first day of the calendar quarter during which the
1917	municipality files the form described in Subsection (3); and
1918	(ii) four.
1919	(e) "Special lodging unit" means a lodging unit:
1920	(i) that is a:
1921	(A) high-occupancy lodging unit;
1922	(B) recreational lodging unit; or
1923	(C) standard lodging unit;
1924	(ii) for which the commission finds that in determining the capacity of the lodging
1925	unit the lodging unit should be multiplied by a number other than a number
1926	described in:
1927	(A) for a high-occupancy lodging unit, Subsection (1)(b)(ii);
1928	(B) for a recreational lodging unit, Subsection (1)(d)(ii); or
1929	(C) for a standard lodging unit, Subsection (1)(i)(ii); and
1930	(iii) for which the municipality in which the lodging unit is located files a written
1931	request with the commission for the finding described in Subsection (1)(e)(ii).

1932	(f)	"Special lodging unit capacity of a municipality" means the sum of the special
1933		lodging unit numbers for all of the special lodging units within the incorporated
1934		boundaries of a municipality on the first day of the calendar quarter during which the
1935		municipality files the form described in Subsection (3).
1936	(g)	"Special lodging unit number" means the number by which the commission finds
1937		that a special lodging unit should be multiplied in determining the capacity of the
1938		special lodging unit.
1939	(h)	"Standard lodging unit" means each bedroom in:
1940		(i) a hotel;
1941		(ii) a motel;
1942		(iii) a bed and breakfast establishment;
1943		(iv) an inn;
1944		(v) a condominium that is:
1945		(A) part of a rental pool; or
1946		(B) regularly rented out for a time period of less than 30 consecutive days;
1947		(vi) a property used as a residence that is:
1948		(A) part of a rental pool; or
1949		(B) regularly rented out for a time period of less than 30 consecutive days; or
1950		(vii) a unit similar to Subsections (1)(h)(i) through (vi) as determined by the
1951		commission by rule.
1952	(i)	"Standard lodging unit capacity of a municipality" means the product of:
1953		(i) the total number of standard lodging units within the incorporated boundaries of a
1954		municipality on the first day of the calendar quarter during which the municipality
1955		files the form described in Subsection (3); and
1956		(ii) three.
1957	(j)	"Transient room capacity" means the sum of:
1958		(i) the high-occupancy lodging unit capacity of a municipality;
1959		(ii) the recreational lodging unit capacity of a municipality;
1960		(iii) the special lodging unit capacity of a municipality; and
1961		(iv) the standard lodging unit capacity of a municipality.
1962	(2) A r	nunicipality that imposes a tax under this part shall provide the commission the
1963	foll	owing information as provided in this section:
1964	(a)	the high-occupancy lodging unit capacity of the municipality;
1965	(b)	the recreational lodging unit capacity of the municipality;

1966	(c) the special lodging unit capacity of the municipality; and
1967	(d) the standard lodging unit capacity of the municipality.
1968	(3) A municipality shall file with the commission the information required by Subsection (2):
1969	(a) on a form provided by the commission; and
1970	(b) on or before:
1971	(i) for a municipality that is required by Section 59-12-403 to provide notice to the
1972	commission, the day on which the municipality provides the notice required by
1973	Section 59-12-403 to the commission; or
1974	(ii) for a municipality that is not required by Section 59-12-403 to provide notice to
1975	the commission, July 1 of each year.
1976	(4) If the commission determines that a municipality that files the form described in
1977	Subsection (3) has a transient room capacity that is less than 66% of the municipality's
1978	permanent census population, the commission shall notify the municipality in writing:
1979	(a) that the municipality's transient room capacity is less than 66% of the municipality's
1980	permanent census population; and
1981	(b)(i) for a municipality that is required by Section 59-12-403 to provide notice to the
1982	commission, within 30 days after the day on which the municipality provides the
1983	notice to the commission; or
1984	(ii) for a municipality that is not required by Section 59-12-403 to provide notice to
1985	the commission, on or before September 1.
1986	(5)(a) For a municipality that does not impose a tax under Section 59-12-401 on the day
1987	on which the municipality files the form described in Subsection (3), if the
1988	commission provides written notice described in Subsection (4) to the municipality,
1989	the municipality may not impose a tax under this part until the municipality meets the
1990	requirements of this part to enact the tax.
1991	(b) For a municipality that is not required by Section 59-12-403 to provide notice to the
1992	commission, if the commission provides written notice described in Subsection (4) to
1993	the municipality for three consecutive calendar years, the municipality may not
1994	impose a tax under this part:
1995	(i) beginning on July 1 of the year after the year during which the commission
1996	provided written notice described in Subsection (4):
1997	(A) to the municipality; and
1998	(B) for the third consecutive calendar year; and
1999	(ii) until the municipality meets the requirements of this part to enact the tax.

2000	<u>(6)</u>	The requirements of this section do not apply to a municipality that:
2001		(a) is a creating entity of a major sporting event venue zone; and
2002		(b) only imposes a tax authorized under this part on transactions that occur within the
2003		sales and use tax boundary of a major sporting event venue zone.
2004		Section 14. Section 63N-3-1701 is enacted to read:
2005		Part 17. Major Sporting Event Venue Zone Act
2006		<u>63N-3-1701</u> . Definitions.
2007		As used in this part:
2008	<u>(1)</u>	"Base taxable value" means the taxable value of land within a qualified development
2009		zone as shown upon the assessment roll last equalized during the property tax base year.
2010	<u>(2)</u>	"Committee" means a major sporting event venue zone committee described in Section
2011		63N-1a-1706.
2012	<u>(3)</u>	"Creating entity" means a municipality or a county.
2013	<u>(4)</u>	"Impacted primary area" means the land outside a major sporting event venue zone but
2014		within one mile of the boundary of the major sporting event venue zone.
2015	<u>(5)</u>	(a) "Major sporting event venue" means a venue that has been or is proposed to be
2016		used for the Olympic Games, as confirmed by the Salt Lake City-Utah Committee for
2017		the Games, a site, arena, or facility along with supporting or adjacent structures so
2018		long as the expected expenditures to construct, demolish, reconstruct, modify,
2019		upgrade, or expand the site, arena, or facility exceeds \$100,000,000.
2020		(b) "Major sporting event venue" includes structures where an international competition
2021		or professional athletic event is not taking place directly but where media, athletes,
2022		spectators, organizers, and officials associated with the international competition or
2023		professional athletic event are hosted in direct connection with the international
2024		competition or professional athletic event taking place at a location described in
2025		Subsection (5)(a).
2026	<u>(6)</u>	"Major sporting event venue zone" means the land, as described in a proposal to create a
2027		major sporting event venue zone or a proposal to amend a major sporting event venue
2028		zone, or as approved by a committee for a major sporting event venue zone, upon which
2029		there are one or more major sporting event venues.
2030	<u>(7)</u>	"Major sporting event venue zone revenue" means all the revenue captured by a creating
2031		entity for an area described in a major sporting event venue zone and if applicable the
2032		secondary project area, including:
2033		(a) property tax increment;

2034	(b) if applicable, local sales and use tax increment;
2035	(c) if applicable, accommodations tax;
2036	(d) if applicable, transient room tax; and
2037	(e) if applicable, resort communities sales and use tax and additional resort communities
2038	sales and use tax.
2039	(8) "Property tax base year" means, for each property tax increment collection period
2040	triggered within a qualified development zone or a proposed qualified development
2041	zone, the calendar year before the calendar year in which the property tax increment
2042	begins to be collected for the parcels triggered for that collection period.
2043	(9)(a) "Property tax increment" means the difference between:
2044	(i) the amount of property tax revenue generated each tax year by a taxing entity
2045	within a qualified development zone, or proposed qualified development zone,
2046	from which property tax increment is to be collected, using the current assessed
2047	value and each taxing entity's current certified tax rate as defined in Section
2048	<u>59-2-924; and</u>
2049	(ii) the amount of property tax revenue that would be generated from the area
2050	described in Subsection (9)(a)(i) using the base taxable value and each taxing
2051	entity's current certified tax rate as defined in Section 59-2-924.
2052	(b) "Property tax increment" does not include property tax revenue from:
2053	(i) a multicounty assessing and collecting levy described in Subsection 59-2-1602(2)
2054	<u>or</u>
2055	(ii) a county additional property tax described in Subsection 59-2-1602(4).
2056	(10) "Proposal" means a document, physical or electronic, developed by a creating entity:
2057	(a) outlining the need for a major sporting event venue zone;
2058	(b) describing the impacted primary area of a proposed major sporting event venue zone;
2059	(c) describing the proposed secondary project area of a proposed major sporting event
2060	venue zone, if any; and
2061	(d) submitted to a major sporting event venue zone committee.
2062	(11) "Qualified development zone" means the property within a major sporting event venue
2063	zone, and, if applicable, the secondary project area, as approved by the committee as
2064	described in this part.
2065	(12) "Sales and use tax base year" means a sales and use tax year determined by the first
2066	year pertaining to the tax imposed in Section 59-12-103 after the sales and use tax
2067	boundary for a major sporting event venue zone is established.

2068	(13)(a) "Sales and use tax boundary" means a boundary established as described in
2069	Sections 63N-3-1707 and 63N-3-1710, based on sales and use tax collection that
2070	corresponds as closely as reasonably practicable to the boundary of the major
2071	sporting event venue zone.
2072	(b) "Sales and use tax boundary" does not include land described in a secondary project
2073	<u>area.</u>
2074	(14) "Sales and use tax increment" means the difference between:
2075	(a) the amount of local sales and use tax revenue generated each year following the sales
2076	and use tax base year by the local sales and use tax from the area within a sales and
2077	use tax boundary from which local sales and use tax increment is to be collected; and
2078	(b) the amount of local sales and use tax revenue that was generated from within the
2079	sales and use tax boundary during the sales and use tax base year.
2080	(15)(a) "Secondary project area" means land, as described in a proposal to create a major
2081	sporting event venue zone or a proposal to amend a major sporting event venue zone,
2082	or as approved by a committee for a major sporting event venue zone:
2083	(i) located in the same jurisdiction as the creating entity for the major sporting event
2084	venue zone;
2085	(ii) located no more than two miles from the boundary of the major sporting event
2086	venue zone;
2087	(iii) connected to a major sporting event venue zone by a transportation system; and
2088	(iv) not exceeding 50 acres.
2089	(b) "Secondary project area" may include:
2090	(i) land that is not contiguous to the major sporting event venue zone, if the land
2091	designated in the secondary project area is the only or primary point of transit by
2092	which an individual may begin to access the major sporting event venue zone; and
2093	(ii) the land on which a connecting transportation system sits if the transportation
2094	system requires infrastructure that is permanently affixed to the land.
2095	(16) "Transportation system" means:
2096	(a) a street, alley, road, highway, pathway, or thoroughfares of any kind, including
2097	connected structures;
2098	(b) an airport or aerial transit infrastructure;
2099	(c) a public transit facility; or
2100	(d) any other modes or form of conveyance used by the public.
2101	Section 15. Section 63N-3-1702 is enacted to read:

2102	63N-3-1702 . Applicability, requirements, and limitations on a major sporting
2103	event venue zone.
2104	(1) A major sporting event venue zone created pursuant to this part shall promote the
2105	following objectives:
2106	(a) redevelopment of existing but aging major sporting event venues;
2107	(b) development of new major sporting event venues;
2108	(c) development of infrastructure supporting a major sporting event venue;
2109	(d) increased utilization of public transportation when accessing a major sporting event
2110	venue;
2111	(e) improved efficiencies in parking and transportation with the goal of increasing
2112	walkability between a major sporting event venue and a public transit station;
2113	(f) improved commercial development, or mixed commercial-residential development,
2114	in areas near a major sporting event venue;
2115	(g) improving air quality by reducing fuel consumption and motor vehicle trips; and
2116	(h) increasing tourism activity.
2117	(2) In order to accomplish the objectives described in this section, a creating entity that
2118	initiates the process to create a major sporting event venue zone shall ensure that a
2119	proposal for a major sporting event venue zone includes information demonstrating how
2120	the proposed major sporting event venue zone shall achieve the objectives described in
2121	Subsection (1).
2122	(3) Notice of commencement of collection of property tax increment shall be sent by mail
2123	or electronically to the following entities no later than January 1 of the year for which
2124	the property tax increment collection is proposed to commence:
2125	(a) the State Tax Commission;
2126	(b) the State Board of Education;
2127	(c) the state auditor;
2128	(d) the auditor of the county in which the major sporting event venue zone is proposed to
2129	be created;
2130	(e) each taxing entity to be affected by collection of property tax increment in the
2131	proposed major sporting event venue zone;
2132	(f) the assessor of the county in which the major sporting event venue zone is proposed
2133	to be created; and
2134	(g) the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity.
2135	(4) A major sporting event venue zone proposal may include:

2136	(a) a proposal to capture property tax increment;
2137	(b) a proposal to capture local sales and use tax increment; and
2138	(c) a proposal to implement a tax described in Section 11-71-201, either immediately
2139	upon creation of the major sporting event venue zone or on a specified timeline
2140	following the creation of the major sporting event venue zone.
2141	Section 16. Section 63N-3-1703 is enacted to read:
2142	63N-3-1703 . Process for proposing a major sporting event venue zone.
2143	(1)(a) A creating entity may propose a major sporting event venue zone as provided in
2144	this section.
2145	(b) One or more creating entities may jointly propose a major sporting event venue zone
2146	<u>if:</u>
2147	(i) the creating entities first enter an interlocal agreement governing how the creating
2148	entities shall manage the major sporting event venue zone, if approved; or
2149	(ii) the creating entities include a proposed interlocal agreement the creating entities
2150	will enter upon approval of the major sporting event venue zone.
2151	(c) A creating entity may not propose a major sporting event venue zone unless the
2152	owner of a major sporting event venue consents to the creation of the major sporting
2153	event venue zone through a participation agreement with the creating entity.
2154	(2) A proposal for a major sporting event venue zone shall:
2155	(a) identify if the proposal is to redevelop an existing but aging major sporting event
2156	venue, develop a new major sporting event venue, or both redevelop an existing but
2157	aging major sporting event venue and develop a new major sporting event venue;
2158	(b) demonstrate that the major sporting event venue zone will meet the objectives
2159	described in Subsection 63N-3-1702(1);
2160	(c) explain how the creating entity will achieve the requirements of Subsection
2161	<u>63N-3-1702(2);</u>
2162	(d) include the consent described in Subsection (1)(c);
2163	(e) define specific infrastructure needs, if any, and proposed improvements to:
2164	(i) the major sporting event venue zone; and
2165	(ii) if applicable, the secondary project area;
2166	(f) demonstrate how the major sporting event venue zone will:
2167	(i) ensure sufficient traffic control;
2168	(ii) provide multiple avenues for spectators or participants to access the major
2169	sporting event venue zone, including public transit; and

2170	(iii) promote increased visitation to and recreation in the major sporting event venue
2171	zone;
2172	(g) define the boundaries of the major sporting event venue zone;
2173	(h) define the boundaries of the secondary project area, if any;
2174	(i) identify any impediments to the development of a new major sporting event venue, or
2175	impediments to refurbishing an existing major sporting event venue, in the major
2176	sporting event venue zone and proposed strategies for addressing each one;
2177	(j) describe the proposed development or refurbishment to a sporting event venue in the
2178	major sporting event venue zone, including estimated costs;
2179	(k) subject to Subsection (3):
2180	(i) propose the collection period or periods for property tax increment;
2181	(ii) propose the collection period for local sales and use tax increment;
2182	(iii) propose the collection period or periods for property tax increment in the
2183	secondary project area, if any;
2184	(iv) propose the sales tax increment to be collected for the benefit of the major
2185	sporting event venue zone; and
2186	(v) propose the qualified development zone boundaries for purposes of the property
2187	tax increment boundary, as described in Section 63N-3-1709, and the sales and
2188	use tax boundary, as described in Section 63N-3-1710;
2189	(1) establish the timeline to levy additional taxes authorized under Title 11, Chapter 71,
2190	Major Sporting Event Venue Zones, if any, within the major sporting event venue
2191	zone;
2192	(m) describe projected maximum revenues generated within the major sporting event
2193	venue zone by each permitted source of revenue described in Section 11-71-201;
2194	(n) describe proposed expenditures of revenue generated within the major sporting event
2195	venue zone;
2196	(o) include an analysis of other applicable or eligible incentives, grants, or sources of
2197	revenue that can be used to reduce any finance gap between generated revenue and
2198	estimated costs;
2199	(p)(i) describe any known opportunities for private-public partnership in developing.
2200	refurbishing, operating, or managing a major sporting event venue, as described in
2201	Section 11-71-301; or
2202	(ii) describe a strategy to pursue private-public partnership in developing or
2203	refurbishing a major sporting event venue;

2204	(q) propose a finance schedule to align expected revenue with required financing costs
2205	and payments;
2206	(r) evaluate possible benefits to active transportation, public transportation availability
2207	and utilization, street connectivity, and air quality; and
2208	(s) provides a pro forma for the planned development that:
2209	(i) satisfies the requirements described in Section 63N-3-1702; and
2210	(ii) includes data showing the cost difference between what type of redevelopment or
2211	development could feasibly occur without major sporting event venue zone
2212	revenue, and the type of redevelopment or development that is proposed to occur
2213	with major sporting event venue zone revenue.
2214	(3)(a) Property tax increment may be collected from a qualified development zone for no
2215	less than 25 years and no more than 40 years.
2216	(b) A proposal for a major sporting event venue zone may not propose or include
2217	triggering more than three property tax increment collection periods for the qualified
2218	development zone.
2219	(c) Local sales and use tax increment may be collected for an area in a sales and use tax
2220	boundary for no more than 40 years.
2221	(d) The percentage of property tax increment collected for the benefit of a major
2222	sporting event venue zone is 75%.
2223	(e) The committee established under Section 63N-3-1706 shall determine the percentage
2224	of local sales and use tax increment to be collected for the benefit of a major sporting
2225	event venue zone.
2226	(4) A creating entity shall submit a proposal described in Subsection (2) to a relevant school
2227	district to discuss the requirements of the proposal.
2228	(5) No earlier than 30 days after the day on which the creating entity submits the proposal
2229	to a relevant school district under Subsection (4), the creating entity shall provide the
2230	proposal described in Subsection (2) and any response or feedback to the proposal from
2231	a relevant school district to the office for consideration.
2232	(6)(a) Within 14 days after the date on which the office receives the proposal described
2233	in Subsection (5), the office shall provide notice of the proposal to all affected taxing
2234	entities, including the State Tax Commission, cities, counties, school districts,
2235	metropolitan planning organizations, and the county assessor and county auditor of
2236	the county in which the major sporting event venue zone would be located.
2237	(b) The office, in consultation with the county assessor, county auditor, and the State

2238	Tax Commission, shall evaluate the feasibility of administering the tax implications
2239	of the proposal, and provide findings to the creating entity proposing the major
2240	sporting event venue zone.
2241	(7) After receiving the findings described in Subsection (6)(b), the creating entity proposing
2242	the major sporting event venue zone may:
2243	(a) amend the proposal and request that the office submit the amended proposal to the
2244	committee; or
2245	(b) request that the office submit the original major sporting event venue zone proposal
2246	to the committee.
2247	Section 17. Section 63N-3-1704 is enacted to read:
2248	$\underline{63N-3-1704}$ . Consideration of proposals by the major sporting event venue zone
2249	committee.
2250	(1) A major sporting event venue zone proposed under this part is subject to approval by
2251	the major sporting event venue zone committee.
2252	(2)(a) The proposing creating entity shall present the proposal to the major sporting
2253	event venue zone committee described in Section 63N-3-1706 in a public meeting.
2254	(b) The committee shall evaluate and verify whether the objectives and elements of a
2255	major sporting event venue zone described in Section 63N-3-1702 have been met.
2256	(3) In considering a proposal under this part, a committee may request any information
2257	from a creating entity needed to make a determination about whether to approve or deny
2258	a proposal, or approve a proposal with modifications, including a description of the
2259	proposed uses of funds and how funds will be used to support public projects related to
2260	the major sporting event venue zone, including transit.
2261	(4)(a) Subject to Subsection (4)(b), the committee may:
2262	(i) request changes to the proposal based on the analysis, characteristics, and criteria
2263	described in Section 63N-3-1703; or
2264	(ii) vote to approve or deny the proposal.
2265	(b) Before the committee may approve the major sporting event venue zone proposal,
2266	the creating entity proposing the major sporting event venue zone shall:
2267	(i) for a creating entity that is made up of more than one municipality or county,
2268	ensure the requirement described in Subsection 63N-3-1703(1)(b) has been met;
2269	<u>and</u>
2270	(ii) ensure that the area of the proposed major sporting event venue zone is zoned in
2271	such a manner to accommodate the requirements of a major sporting event venue

2272	zone described in this section and the proposed development.
2273	Section 18. Section <b>63N-3-1705</b> is enacted to read:
2274	63N-3-1705. Notice requirements for the creating entity.
2275	(1) In approving a proposal, the committee shall follow the hearing and notice requirements
2276	for proposing a major sporting event venue zone as described in this section.
2277	(2) Within 30 days after the committee approves a proposed major sporting event venue
2278	zone as described in Section 63N-3-1707, the creating entity shall:
2279	(a) record with the recorder of the county in which the major sporting event venue zone
2280	is located a document containing:
2281	(i) a description of the land within the major sporting event venue zone, primary
2282	project area, and if applicable, the secondary project area;
2283	(ii) a statement that the proposed major sporting event venue zone has been approved
2284	(iii) the date of adoption; and
2285	(iv) the effective date of the major sporting event venue zone, as described in Section
2286	<u>63N-3-1707;</u>
2287	(b) transmit a copy of the description of the land within the major sporting event venue
2288	zone and an accurate map or plat indicating the boundaries of the major sporting
2289	event venue zone, and if applicable, secondary project area to the Utah Geospatial
2290	Resource Center created under Section 63A-16-505; and
2291	(c) transmit a copy of the approved major sporting event venue zone proposal, map, and
2292	legal description of the major sporting event venue zone, and if applicable, secondary
2293	project area, to:
2294	(i) the auditor, recorder, attorney, surveyor, and assessor of the county in which any
2295	part of the major sporting event venue zone is located;
2296	(ii) the officer or officers performing the function of auditor or assessor for each
2297	taxing entity that does not use the county assessment roll or collect the taxing
2298	entity's taxes through the county;
2299	(iii) the legislative body or governing board of each taxing entity;
2300	(iv) the State Tax Commission; and
2301	(v) the State Board of Education.
2302	Section 19. Section <b>63N-3-1706</b> is enacted to read:
2303	63N-3-1706. Major sporting event venue zone committee Creation.
2304	(1) For any major sporting event venue zone proposed under this part, there is created a
2305	major sporting event venue zone committee with membership described in Subsection

2306	<u>(2).</u>
2307	(2) Each major sporting event venue zone committee shall consist of the following
2308	members:
2309	(a) one representative from the office, designated by the executive director of the office;
2310	(b) one representative from the creating entity;
2311	(c)(i) if a proposal addresses a major sporting event venue that will be used during an
2312	Olympic Games, one member of the executive committee for the Salt Lake
2313	City-Utah Committee for the Games; or
2314	(ii) if a proposal does not address a major sporting event venue that will be used
2315	during an Olympic Games, one individual with expertise in a professional sports
2316	industry, appointed by the governor;
2317	(d) one individual from the Office of the State Treasurer, designated by the state
2318	treasurer;
2319	(e) two members designated by the president of the Senate;
2320	(f) two members designated by the speaker of the House of Representatives;
2321	(g) two representatives designated by the school superintendent from the school district
2322	affected by the major sporting event venue zone; and
2323	(h) one representative, representing the largest participating local taxing entity, after the
2324	creating entity and school district, in the proposed major sporting event venue zone.
2325	(3) After the office has received a request from the submitting creating entity to submit the
2326	proposal to the committee, as described in Subsection 63N-3-1703(7), the office shall
2327	notify each of the entities described in Subsection (2) of the formation of the major
2328	sporting event venue zone committee.
2329	(4) The individual designated by the office as described in Subsection (2)(a) shall serve as
2330	chair of the committee.
2331	(5)(a) A majority of the members of the committee constitutes a quorum.
2332	(b) An action by a majority of a quorum of the committee is an action of the committee.
2333	(6)(a) The chair of the committee shall convene a public meeting to consider the
2334	proposed major sporting event venue zone.
2335	(b) A meeting of the committee is subject to Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public
2336	Meetings Act.
2337	(7) The committee may:
2338	(a) request changes to the proposal based on the analysis, characteristics, and criteria
2339	described in Section 63N-3-1702 or 63N-3-1703; or

2340	(b) vote to approve or deny the proposal.
2341	(8) If a major sporting event venue zone is approved as described in Section 63N-3-1707:
2342	(a) the proposed major sporting event venue zone is established:
2343	(i) according to the terms of the proposal; or
2344	(ii) according to the modified terms of the proposal, as established by the committee
2345	in the committee's vote to approve the major sporting event venue zone;
2346	(b) affected local taxing entities are required to participate according to the terms
2347	approved by the committee; and
2348	(c) each affected taxing entity is required to participate at the same rate.
2349	(9)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(b), any aspect of a major sporting event
2350	venue zone, including the approved use of major sporting event venue zone revenue
2351	or the boundary of the qualified development zone or sales and use tax boundary,
2352	may be amended by following the same procedure as approving a major sporting
2353	event venue zone proposal.
2354	(b) A boundary adjustment described in Section 63N-3-1711 does not require an
2355	amendment described in Subsection (9)(a).
2356	Section 20. Section 63N-3-1707 is enacted to read:
2357	63N-3-1707 . Approval of a major sporting event venue zone Effective date of a
2358	major sporting event venue zone Establishment of qualified development zone
2359	boundary Base taxable value year.
2360	(1) A major sporting event venue zone proposal may be approved, with or without
2361	modifications, by a majority vote of the committee.
2362	(2)(a) The effective date of a major sporting event venue zone is January 1 following the
2363	approval of a proposal by the committee, as described in Subsection (1).
2364	(b) The collection of property tax increment or local sales and use tax increment may not
2365	be triggered before the effective date.
2366	(3)(a) The base taxable value of land within an approved major sporting event venue
2367	zone is determined as of January 1 of the year in which the committee approves a
2368	major sporting event venue zone proposal.
2369	(b) In approving the major sporting event venue zone, the committee shall establish:
2307	
2370	(i) the qualified development zone area for the purpose of calculating property tax
	(i) the qualified development zone area for the purpose of calculating property tax increment;
2370	

2374	(iii) the percent of property tax increment that may be captured in the major sporting
2375	event venue zone;
2376	(iv) the percent of local sales and use tax increment that may be captured in the major
2377	sporting event venue zone;
2378	(v) the amount of time that property tax increment, local sales and use tax increment,
2379	or both may be captured in the major sporting event venue zone; and
2380	(vi) the maximum amount of revenue from property tax increment, local sales and
2381	use tax increment, or both may be captured in the major sporting event venue zone
2382	(4) The creating entity of a major sporting event venue zone is responsible for tracking the
2383	revenue received from property tax increment, local sales and use tax increment, or both,
2384	and reporting to the county auditor and State Tax Commission if the creating entity
2385	reaches the maximum described in Subsection (3)(b)(vi) before the relevant time period
2386	described in Subsection $(3)(b)(v)$ .
2387	Section 21. Section 63N-3-1708 is enacted to read:
2388	63N-3-1708. Major sporting venue event zone boundaries Reporting
2389	requirements.
2390	(1) After a major sporting event venue zone is approved by the committee, as described in
2391	Section 63N-3-1706, the committee shall provide notice to the State Tax Commission,
2392	no later than 90 days after the day on which the committee approves the proposal:
2393	(a) of the creation of the major sporting event venue zone, including the information
2394	described in Subsection (2);
2395	(b) if the committee approves the creating entity to receive local sales and use tax
2396	increment, the information described in Subsection (3); and
2397	(c) any information to the State Tax Commission required by the State Tax
2398	Commission; and
2399	(2) The notice described in Subsection (1)(a) shall include:
2400	(a) a statement that the major sporting event venue zone will be established under this
2401	part;
2402	(b) the approval date and effective date of the major sporting event venue zone;
2403	(c) the boundary of the qualified development zone;
2404	(d) the sales and use tax base year, if applicable; and
2405	(e) the sales and use tax boundary, if applicable.
2406	(3) After the effective date of a major sporting event venue zone, as described in Section
2407	63N-3-1707, the creating entity shall provide a written report, no later than August 1, on

2408	the creating entity's activities to implement the objectives of the major sporting event
2409	venue zone to the executive director.
2410	(4)(a) The executive director shall annually provide a written report, no later than
2411	October 1, summarizing all reports received by the executive director under
2412	Subsection (3), to the:
2413	(i) Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee;
2414	(ii) Political Subdivisions Interim Committee; and
2415	(iii) Economic Development and Workforce Services Interim Committee.
2416	(b) The executive director shall include with the written report described in Subsection
2417	(4)(a) any recommendations to the Legislature for statutory changes to this chapter or
2418	Title 11, Chapter 71, Major Sporting Event Venue Zones.
2419	Section 22. Section 63N-3-1709 is enacted to read:
2420	63N-3-1709 . Allowable property tax increment within a major sporting event
2421	venue zone.
2422	(1) A creating entity may receive and use property tax increment in accordance with this
2423	section and as described in Title 11, Chapter 71, Major Sporting Event Venue Zones.
2424	(2)(a) A county that collects property tax on property located within a qualified
2425	development zone shall, in accordance with Section 59-2-1365, distribute to the
2426	creating entity the percentage of property tax increment approved by the committee
2427	pursuant to Section 63N-3-1707, not to exceed 75%.
2428	(b) Property tax increment distributed to a creating entity in accordance with Subsection
2429	<u>(2)(a):</u>
2430	(i) is not revenue of the taxing entity or the creating entity; and
2431	(ii) constitutes major sporting event venue zone funds and shall be administered as
2432	described in Title 11, Chapter 71, Major Sporting Event Venue Zones.
2433	(3)(a) A creating entity may designate another local government entity to be the fiscal
2434	agent for property tax increment paid to the creating entity.
2435	(b) Before a fiscal agent may receive major sporting event venue zone funds from the
2436	creating entity, the creating entity and the fiscal agent shall enter into an agreement
2437	governing the use of the funds, consistent with this part and Title 11, Chapter 71,
2438	Major Sporting Event Venue Zones.
2439	(4) Once the maximum amount of property tax increment has been distributed to the
2440	creating entity, as approved by the committee pursuant to Section 63N-3-1707, the
2441	county that collects property tax on property located within a qualified development

2442	zone is no longer obligated to distribute property tax increment to the creating entity.
2443	(5) A creating entity and a creating entity's fiscal agent shall use major sporting event venue
2444	zone funds:
2445	(a) to achieve the purposes described in Subsections 63N-3-1702(1) and (2)
2446	(b) within, or for the direct benefit of, the major sporting event venue zone; and
2447	(c) as described in Section 11-71-204.
2448	Section 23. Section 63N-3-1710 is enacted to read:
2449	$\underline{63N-3-1710}$ . Allowable local sales and use tax increment within a major sporting
2450	event venue zone.
2451	(1)(a) A major sporting event venue zone proposal may, in consultation with the State
2452	Tax Commission:
2453	(i) propose a sales and use tax boundary as described in Subsection (2);
2454	(ii) propose a local sales and use tax base year and collection period to calculate and
2455	transfer the local sales and use tax increment within the major sporting event
2456	venue zone, which sales and use tax base year is established prospectively, 90
2457	days after the date of the notice described in Subsection (5); and
2458	(iii) propose the percentage of local sales and use tax increment to be captured by the
2459	creating entity.
2460	(b) A creating entity may only propose one local sales and use tax increment period for a
2461	major sporting event venue zone established under this section.
2462	(2)(a) The creating entity, in consultation with the State Tax Commission, shall propose
2463	a sales and use tax boundary that:
2464	(i) is based on sales and use tax collection boundaries, which are determined using
2465	the ZIP Code as defined in Section 59-12-102, including the four digit delivery
2466	route extension;
2467	(ii) follows as closely as reasonably practicable the boundary of the major sporting
2468	event venue zone; and
2469	(iii) is one contiguous area that includes at least the entire boundary of the major
2470	sporting event venue zone.
2471	(b) If a sales and use tax boundary is bisected by the boundary of the major sporting
2472	event venue zone, the major sporting event venue zone may include the entire sales
2473	and use tax boundary.
2474	(3) Subject to the requirements of Subsection (2), the committee may modify a proposed
2475	sales and use tax boundary before approving a major sporting event venue zone proposal.

2476	(4) A major sporting event venue zone sales and use tax boundary, as approved by the
2477	committee, is the qualified development zone for purposes of the calculations in
2478	Sections 59-12-103 and 59-12-205.
2479	(5) Once a creating entity notifies the State Tax Commission that the maximum amount of
2480	local sales and use tax increment has been distributed to the creating entity, as approved
2481	by the committee pursuant to Section 63N-3-1707, the State Tax Commission is no
2482	longer obligated to distribute local sales and use tax increment to the creating entity.
2483	(6) The establishment of a sales and use tax base year and the requirement to transfer
2484	incremental sales tax revenue shall take effect:
2485	(a) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
2486	(b) after a 90-day waiting period, beginning on the date the State Tax Commission
2487	receives notice.
2488	Section 24. Section 63N-3-1711 is enacted to read:
2489	63N-3-1711 . Boundary adjustments.
2490	If the relevant county assessor or county auditor adjusts parcel or lot boundaries relevant
2491	to a major sporting event venue zone, the creating entity administering the property tax
2492	increment or local sales and use tax increment collected in the major sporting event zone may
2493	(1) make corresponding adjustments to the qualified development zone of the major
2494	sporting event venue zone; and
2495	(2) in consultation with the State Tax Commission, and with the approval of the State Tax
2496	Commission, make corresponding adjustments to the local sales and use tax boundary.
2497	Section 25. Section 63N-3-1712 is enacted to read:
2498	63N-3-1712 . Applicability to an existing project.
2499	(1) If a major sporting event venue zone overlaps an area that is part of a project area, as
2500	that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102, and created under Title 17C, Chapter 1,
2501	Agency Operations, that parcel may not be triggered for collection unless the project
2502	area funds collection period, as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102, has expired.
2503	(2) If a major sporting event venue zone overlaps any portion of an existing inactive
2504	industrial site community reinvestment project area plan created pursuant to Title 17C,
2505	Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Community Reinvestment Agency Act:
2506	(a) if the community reinvestment project area plan captures less than 80% of the
2507	property tax increment from a taxing entity, or if a taxing entity is not participating in
2508	the community reinvestment project area plan, the major sporting event venue zone
2509	may capture the difference between:

2510	(i) 80%; and
2511	(ii) the percentage of property tax increment captured pursuant to the community
2512	reinvestment project area plan; and
2513	(b) if a community reinvestment project area plan expires before the major sporting
2514	event venue zone, the major sporting event venue zone may capture the property tax
2515	increment allocated to the community reinvestment project area plan for any
2516	remaining portion of the term of the major sporting event venue zone.
2517	(3)(a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), a major sporting event venue zone may
2518	not overlap a housing and transit reinvestment zone or a first home investment zone.
2519	(b) A major sporting event venue zone may overlap a housing and transit reinvestment
2520	zone or a first home investment zone if:
2521	(i)(A) the major sporting event venue zone does not collect property tax increment
2522	for the area overlapping with the housing and transit reinvestment zone or the
2523	first home investment zone; or
2524	(B) the major sporting event venue zone does not collect property tax increment
2525	for the area overlapping with the housing and transit reinvestment zone or the
2526	first home investment zone until the collection period for the housing and
2527	transit reinvestment zone's collection of property tax increment or the first
2528	home investment zone's collection of property tax increment has ended; and
2529	(ii)(A) the major sporting event venue zone does not collect sales and use tax
2530	increment for the area overlapping with the housing and transit reinvestment
2531	zone or first home investment zone, if the housing and transit reinvestment
2532	zone or the first home investment zone collects sales and use tax increment; or
2533	(B) the major sporting event venue zone does not collect local sales and use tax
2534	increment for the area overlapping with the housing and transit reinvestment
2535	zone or the first home investment zone until the collection period for the
2536	housing and transit reinvestment zone's collection of sales and use tax
2537	increment or the first home investment zone's collection of sales and use tax
2538	increment has ended.
2539	Section 26. Effective Date.
2540	This bill takes effect on January 1, 2026.