

118TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 4004

To approve and implement the Agreement between the American Institute in Taiwan and the Taipei Economic and Cultural Representative Office in the United States regarding Trade between the United States of America and Taiwan, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

June 12, 2023

Mr. Smith of Missouri (for himself, Mr. Neal, Mr. Smith of Nebraska, Ms. Sewell, Mr. Kelly of Pennsylvania, Ms. Delbene, Mr. Ferguson, Ms. Chu, Mr. Moore of Utah, Mr. Panetta, Ms. Van Duyne, Mr. Feenstra, Ms. Malliotakis, Mr. Schneider, Ms. Tenney, Ms. Sánchez, Mr. Kustoff, Mr. Doggett, Mr. Blumenauer, Mr. Davis of Illinois, Mr. Evans, Mr. Kildee, Mrs. Miller of West Virginia, Mr. Larson of Connecticut, Mr. Higgins of New York, Mrs. Fischbach, Mrs. Steel, Mr. Smucker, Mr. Arrington, and Mr. Estes) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

A BILL

To approve and implement the Agreement between the American Institute in Taiwan and the Taipei Economic and Cultural Representative Office in the United States regarding Trade between the United States of America and Taiwan, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- This Act may be cited as the "United States-Taiwan
- 3 Initiative on 21st-Century Trade First Agreement Imple-
- 4 mentation Act".

5 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 6 Congress finds the following:
- 7 (1) As a leading democracy, Taiwan is a key
- 8 partner of the United States in the Indo-Pacific re-
- 9 gion.
- 10 (2) The United States and Taiwan share demo-
- 11 cratic values, deep commercial and economic ties,
- and strong people-to-people connections. Those links
- serve as the impetus for expanding engagement by
- the United States with Taiwan.
- 15 (3) Taiwan is the eighth-largest trading partner
- of the United States and the United States is the
- second-largest trading partner of Taiwan.
- 18 (4) Since 2020, the United States and Taiwan,
- under the auspices of the American Institute in Tai-
- wan (AIT) and the Taipei Economic and Cultural
- 21 Representative Office in the United States
- 22 (TECRO), have held an economic prosperity part-
- 23 nership dialogue to enhance economic and commer-
- cial ties between the United States and Taiwan, in-
- cluding with respect to supply chain security and re-

- siliency, investment screening, health, science, and technology, and the digital economy.
- Taiwan launched the United States-Taiwan Initiative on 21st-Century Trade to deepen our economic and trade relationship, advance mutual trade priorities based on shared values, promote innovation, and support inclusive economic growth for workers and businesses.
 - (6) On August 17, 2022, the United States and Taiwan announced the negotiating mandate for formal trade negotiations under the United States-Taiwan Initiative on 21st-Century Trade and agreed to seek high-standard commitments.
 - (7) Article I, section 8, clause 3 of the Constitution of the United States grants Congress authority over international trade. The President lacks the authority to enter into binding trade agreements absent approval from Congress.
 - (8) Congressional approval of the United States-Taiwan Initiative on 21st-Century Trade First Agreement will ensure that the agreement, and the trade relationship between the United States and Taiwan more broadly, will be durable. A durable trade agreement will foster sustained economic

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1 growth and give workers, consumers, businesses, 2 farmers, ranchers, and other stakeholders assurance that commercial ties between the United States and 3 4 Taiwan will be long-lasting and reliable. 5 SEC. 3. PURPOSE. 6 The purpose of this Act is— 7 (1) to approve and implement the Agreement between the American Institute in Taiwan and the 8 9 Taipei Economic and Cultural Representative Office 10 in the United States regarding Trade between the 11 United States of America and Taiwan, done on June 12 1, 2023; 13 (2) to strengthen and develop economic relations between the United States and Taiwan for our 14 15 mutual benefit; 16 (3) to lay the foundation for further coopera-17 tion to expand and enhance the benefits of the 18 Agreement; and 19 (4) to establish transparency and consultation 20 requirements with respect to Further Agreements. 21 SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS. 22 In this Act: 23 AGREEMENT.—The term "Agreement" 24 means the Agreement between the American Insti-

tute in Taiwan and the Taipei Economic and Cul-

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1	tural Representative Office in the United States re-
2	garding Trade between the United States of America
3	and Taiwan approved by Congress under section 5.
4	(2) Appropriate congressional commit-
5	TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-
6	mittees" means—
7	(A) the Committee on Finance of the Sen-
8	ate; and
9	(B) the Committee on Ways and Means of
10	the House of Representatives.
11	(3) Further agreement.—The term "Fur-
12	ther Agreement' means—
13	(A) any trade agreement, other than the
14	Agreement approved by Congress under section
15	5, arising from or relating to the August 17,
16	2022, negotiating mandate relating to the
17	United States-Taiwan Initiative on 21st-Cen-
18	tury Trade; or
19	(B) any nonministerial modification or
20	nonministerial amendment to the Agreement.
21	(4) Negotiating text.—The term "negoti-
22	ating text" means any document that proposes the
23	consideration, examination, or adoption of a par-
24	ticular element or language in an international in-
25	strument.

1	(5) State law.—The term "State law" in
2	cludes—
3	(A) any law of a political subdivision of a
4	State; and
5	(B) any State law regulating or taxing the
6	business of insurance.
7	(6) Trade representative.—The term
8	"Trade Representative" means the United States
9	Trade Representative.
10	SEC. 5. APPROVAL OF AGREEMENT.
11	Congress approves the Agreement between the Amer-
12	ican Institute in Taiwan and the Taipei Economic and
13	Cultural Representative Office in the United States re-
14	garding Trade between the United States of America and
15	Taiwan, done on June 1, 2023.
16	SEC. 6. ENTRY INTO FORCE OF AGREEMENT.
17	(a) Conditions for Entry Into Force of
18	AGREEMENT.—The President may provide for the Agree
19	ment to enter into force not earlier than 30 days after
20	the date on which the President submits to Congress a
21	certification under section (c).
22	(b) Consultation and Report.—The President
23	not later than 30 days before submitting a certification
24	under subsection (c), shall—

1	(1) consult with the appropriate congressional
2	committees;
3	(2) submit to the appropriate congressional
4	committees a report that—
5	(A) explains the basis of the determination
6	of the President contained in that certification,
7	including by providing specific reference to the
8	measures the parties to the Agreement intend
9	to use to comply with the obligations in the
10	Agreement; and
11	(B) describes, including through the use of
12	economic estimates and analyses, how entry
13	into force of the Agreement will further trade
14	relations between the United States and Taiwan
15	and advance the interests of workers, con-
16	sumers, businesses, farmers, ranchers, and
17	other stakeholders in the United States; and
18	(3) answer in writing any questions that relate
19	to potential compliance and implementation of the
20	Agreement that are submitted by the appropriate
21	congressional committees during the 15-day period
22	beginning on the date of the submission of the re-
23	port under paragraph (2).
24	(c) CERTIFICATION.—A certification under this sub-
25	section is a certification in writing that—

- (1) indicates the President has determined Taiwan has taken measures necessary to comply with the provisions of the Agreement that are to take effect not later than the date on which the Agreement enters into force; and
 - (2) identifies the anticipated date the President intends to exchange notes or take any other action to notify Taiwan that the United States has completed all procedures necessary to bring the Agreement into force.

(d) Report on Implementation.—

- (1) In General.—Not later than 180 days after entry into force of the Agreement, the Trade Representative shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report providing an assessment of the implementation of the Agreement, including by identifying any provisions for which further progress is necessary to secure compliance.
- (2) FORM.—The report required by paragraph (1) shall be submitted with any confidential business information clearly identified or contained in a separate annex.
- (3) Publication.—Not later than 5 days after the report required by paragraph (1) is submitted to the appropriate congressional committees, the Trade

- 1 Representative shall publish the report, with any
- 2 confidential business information redacted, on a pub-
- 3 licly available website of the Office of the United
- 4 States Trade Representative.

5 SEC. 7. TRANSPARENCY AND CONSULTATION WITH RE-

- 6 SPECT TO FURTHER AGREEMENTS.
- 7 (a) Sense of Congress on Deepening Relation-
- 8 SHIP WITH TAIWAN.—It is the sense of Congress that the
- 9 United States should continue to deepen its relationship
- 10 with Taiwan. Any Further Agreements should be high-
- 11 standard, enforceable, and meaningful to both the United
- 12 States and Taiwan, as well as subject to robust require-
- 13 ments on public transparency and congressional consulta-
- 14 tion.
- 15 (b) Access to Texts of Further Agree-
- 16 MENTS.—The Trade Representative shall provide to the
- 17 appropriate congressional committees the following with
- 18 respect to a Further Agreement:
- 19 (1) Negotiating text drafted by the United
- 20 States prior to sharing the negotiating text with Tai-
- 21 wan or otherwise sharing the text outside the execu-
- tive branch.
- 23 (2) Negotiating text drafted by Taiwan not
- later than 3 days after receiving the text from Tai-
- 25 wan.

1	(3) Any consolidated negotiating texts that the
2	United States and Taiwan are considering, which
3	shall include an attribution of the source of each
4	provision contained in those texts to either the
5	United States or Taiwan.
6	(4) The final text not later than 45 days before
7	the Trade Representative makes the text public or
8	otherwise shares the text outside the executive
9	branch.
10	(c) Review of Texts.—
11	(1) Briefing.—The Trade Representative shall
12	schedule a briefing with the appropriate congres-
13	sional committees to discuss the texts provided
14	under subsection (b).
15	(2) Review.—The appropriate congressional
16	committees shall have not less than—
17	(A) 2 business days prior to the briefing
18	under paragraph (1) to review the texts pro-
19	vided under subsection (b); and
20	(B) 4 business days after the briefing to
21	provide comments with respect to the texts be-
22	fore the Trade Representative transmits any
23	such texts to Taiwan.
24	(3) Additional time to review united
25	STATES NEGOTIATING TEXT.—If, during the period

1 specified in paragraph (2)(B), 2 members who are 2 not of the same political party and each of whom is 3 the Chair or Ranking Member of 1 of the appropriate congressional committees jointly request addi-5 tional time to review the negotiating text provided 6 under subsection (b)(1), the Trade Representative 7 shall not transmit the text to Taiwan for a period 8 of 15 business days following the request, unless the 9 request indicates less time is necessary or the Chair 10 and Ranking Member issue a subsequent joint notifi-11 cation to the Trade Representative that they have 12 concluded their review sooner.

- (d) Notification and Briefing During Negotia 14 Tions.—The Trade Representative shall—
 - (1) not later than one business day after scheduling any negotiating round with respect to a Further Agreement, promptly notify the appropriate congressional committees and provide those committees with the dates and locations for the negotiating round;
 - (2) ensure that any individual described in section 104(c)(2)(C) of the Bipartisan Congressional Trade Priorities and Accountability Act of 2015 (19 U.S.C. 4203(c)(2)(C)) that attends a negotiating round is accredited as a member of the United

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1	States delegation during any such negotiating round;
2	and
3	(3) provide daily briefings to the individuals de-
4	scribed in paragraph (2) during any such negoti-
5	ating round regarding the status of those negotia-
6	tions, including any tentative agreement to accept
7	any aspect of negotiating text.
8	(e) APPROVAL.—A Further Agreement shall not take
9	effect unless—
10	(1) the President, at least 60 days before the
11	day on which the President enters into the Further
12	Agreement, publishes the text of the Further Agree-
13	ment on a publicly available website of the Office of
14	the United States Trade Representative; and
15	(2) a bill is enacted into law expressly approv-
16	ing the Further Agreement and, if necessary, mak-
17	ing any required changes to United States law.
18	SEC. 8. RELATIONSHIP OF THE AGREEMENT TO UNITED
19	STATES AND STATE LAW.
20	(a) Relationship of the Agreement to United
21	STATES LAW.—
22	(1) United states law to prevail in con-
23	FLICT.—No provision of the Agreement, nor the ap-
24	plication of any such provision to any person or cir-

1	cumstance, which is inconsistent with any law of the
2	United States, shall have effect.
3	(2) Internal revenue code.—The Agree-
4	ment does not constitute a free trade agreement for
5	purposes of section $30D(e)(1)(A)(i)(II)$ of the Inter-
6	nal Revenue Code of 1986.
7	(3) Construction.—Unless specifically pro-
8	vided for in this Act, nothing in this Act shall be
9	construed—
10	(A) to amend or modify any law of the
11	United States; or
12	(B) to limit any authority conferred under
13	any law of the United States.
14	(b) Relationship of the Agreement to State
15	Law.—No State law, or the application thereof, may be
16	declared invalid as to any person or circumstance on the
17	ground that the provision or application is inconsistent
18	with the Agreement, except in an action brought by the
19	United States for the purpose of declaring such law or
20	application invalid.
21	(c) Effect of the Agreement With Respect to
22	PRIVATE REMEDIES.—No person other than the United
23	States—

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(1) shall have any cause of action or defense
under the Agreement or by virtue of congressional
approval thereof; or

(2) may challenge, in any action brought under any provision of law, any action or inaction by any department, agency, or other instrumentality of the United States, any State, or any political subdivision of a State, on the ground that such action or inaction is inconsistent with the Agreement.

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