Chapter 799

## (Senate Bill 348)

# AN ACT concerning

# State Compensation for Erroneous Conviction and Imprisonment – <del>Cubernatorial Pardon Requirement – Repeal</del> <u>Certification of Error</u>

FOR the purpose of repealing a requirement that an erroneously convicted individual must receive a gubernatorial pardon to be eligible for certain payments by the Board of Public Works; authorizing a certain individual to request that a State's Attorney certify that a conviction was made in error under certain circumstances; providing that an individual is eligible for a certain grant from the Board of Public Works if a State's Attorney has certified that the individual's conviction was made in error; establishing the Task Force to Study Erroneous Conviction and Imprisonment; providing for the composition, chair, and staffing of the Task Force; prohibiting a member of the Task Force from receiving certain compensation, but authorizing the reimbursement of certain expenses; requiring the Task Force to study and make recommendations on certain issues related to erroneous convictions and establishing innocence; requiring the Task Force to report its findings and recommendations to the Governor and the General Assembly on or before a certain date; providing for the termination of certain provisions of this Act; making conforming changes; and generally relating to State compensation for erroneously convicted and imprisoned individuals.

## BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,

<u>Article – Criminal Procedure</u>

Section 8–301(a), (f), and (g)

Annotated Code of Maryland

(2008 Replacement Volume and 2016 Supplement)

#### BY adding to

Article - Criminal Procedure

Section 8–301(h)

Annotated Code of Maryland

(2008 Replacement Volume and 2016 Supplement)

BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,

Article – State Finance and Procurement

Section 10-501

Annotated Code of Maryland

(2015 Replacement Volume and 2016 Supplement)

SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

#### **Article - Criminal Procedure**

#### 8–301.

- (a) A person charged by indictment or criminal information with a crime triable in circuit court and convicted of that crime may, at any time, file a petition for writ of actual innocence in the circuit court for the county in which the conviction was imposed if the person claims that there is newly discovered evidence that:
- (1) creates a substantial or significant possibility that the result may have been different, as that standard has been judicially determined; and
- (2) could not have been discovered in time to move for a new trial under Maryland Rule 4–331.
- (f) (1) In ruling on a petition filed under this section, the court may set aside the verdict, resentence, grant a new trial, or correct the sentence, as the court considers appropriate.
  - (2) The court shall state the reasons for its ruling on the record.
  - (g) A petitioner in a proceeding under this section has the burden of proof.
- (H) ON WRITTEN REQUEST BY THE PETITIONER, THE STATE'S ATTORNEY MAY CERTIFY THAT A CONVICTION WAS IN ERROR, IF:
- (1) THE COURT GRANTS A PETITION FOR RELIEF UNDER THIS SECTION;
- (2) IN RULING ON A PETITION UNDER THIS SECTION, THE COURT SETS ASIDE THE VERDICT OR GRANTS A NEW TRIAL; AND
- (3) THE STATE'S ATTORNEY DECLINES TO PROSECUTE THE PETITIONER BECAUSE THE STATE'S ATTORNEY DETERMINES THAT THE PETITIONER IS INNOCENT.

## **Article - State Finance and Procurement**

10-501.

(a) (1) **{**Subject to subsection (b) of this section, the **} THE** Board of Public Works may grant to an individual erroneously convicted, sentenced, and confined under State law for a crime the individual did not commit an amount commensurate with the actual damages sustained by the individual, and may grant a reasonable amount for any financial or other appropriate counseling for the individual, due to the confinement.

- (2) In making a grant under paragraph (1) of this subsection, the Board of Public Works shall use money in the General Emergency Fund or money that the Governor provides in the annual budget.
- (b) **{**An individual is eligible for a grant under subsection (a) of this section <del>only</del> if:
- (1) the individual has received from the Governor a full pardon stating that the individual's conviction has been shown conclusively to be in error; **OR**
- (2) THE STATE'S ATTORNEY CERTIFIES THAT THE INDIVIDUAL'S CONVICTION WAS IN ERROR UNDER § 8–301 OF THE CRIMINAL PROCEDURE ARTICLE.
- (c) The Board of Public Works may pay the grant determined under subsection (a) of this section in a lump sum or in installments.
- {(d)}(C) (1) The Board of Public Works may not pay any part of a grant made under this section to any individual other than the [pardoned] ERRONEOUSLY CONVICTED individual.
- (2) (i) An individual may not pay any part of a grant received under this section to another person for services rendered in connection with the collection of the grant.
  - (ii) An obligation incurred in violation of this paragraph is void.
- (iii) A payment made in violation of this paragraph shall be forfeited to the State.
- $\{ (e) \}$  This section does not prohibit an individual from contracting for services to:
  - (1) determine the individual's innocence;
  - (2) obtain a pardon; or
  - (3) obtain the individual's release from confinement.

#### SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That:

- (a) There is a Task Force to Study Erroneous Conviction and Imprisonment.
- (b) The Task Force consists of the following members:

- (1) two members of the Senate of Maryland, appointed by the President of the Senate;
- (2) two members of the House of Delegates, appointed by the Speaker of the House;
  - (3) the Public Defender of Maryland, or the Public Defender's designee;
- (4) the President of the Maryland State's Attorney's Association, or the President's designee;
- (5) the Executive Director of the Governor's Office of Crime Control and Prevention, or the Executive Director's designee;
- (6) the Director of the Maryland Restorative Justice Initiative or the Director's designee;
- (7) <u>a representative with expertise in criminal postconviction procedures</u> from the University of Maryland School of Law, appointed by the Dean of the school; and
- (8) a representative of the Innocence Project Clinic from the University of Baltimore School of Law, appointed by the Dean of the school.
  - (c) The Governor shall designate the chair of the Task Force.
- (d) The Governor's Office of Crime Control and Prevention shall provide staff for the Task Force.
  - (e) A member of the Task Force:
    - (1) may not receive compensation as a member of the Task Force; but
- (2) <u>is entitled to reimbursement for expenses under the Standard State</u> Travel Regulations, as provided in the State budget.
  - (f) The Task Force shall:
- (1) study the State's current process for establishing whether a conviction was made in error and for determining the innocence of a person erroneously convicted;
- (2) study the processes and standards in other states for designating an erroneous conviction, determining a person's innocence, and compensating a person for imprisonment based on an erroneous conviction; and

- (3) make recommendations on whether the State should create and implement a new process to designate an erroneous conviction and determine the innocence of a person erroneously convicted, including whether a specific agency should certify that a person is innocent.
- (g) On or before December 15, 2017, the Task Force shall report its findings and recommendations to the Governor and, in accordance with § 2–1246 of the State Government Article, the General Assembly.

SECTION 2. 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2017. Section 2 of this Act shall remain effective for a period of 1 year and, at the end of September 30, 2018, with no further action required by the General Assembly, Section 2 of this Act shall be abrogated and of no further force and effect.

Enacted under Article II, § 17(c) of the Maryland Constitution, May 27, 2017.