

115TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. RES. 388

Recognizing January 27, 2018, as the anniversary of the first refugee and Muslim ban, and urging the President to demonstrate true leadership on refugee resettlement.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

January 30, 2018

Mr. Blumenthal (for himself, Mr. Booker, Ms. Cantwell, Ms. Hirono, Mr. Durbin, Mr. Markey, Mr. Van Hollen, Mr. Brown, Ms. Duckworth, Mr. Schatz, and Mrs. Murray) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

RESOLUTION

Recognizing January 27, 2018, as the anniversary of the first refugee and Muslim ban, and urging the President to demonstrate true leadership on refugee resettlement.

- Whereas the world is in the midst of the worst global displacement crisis in history, with more than 22,500,000 refugees worldwide, according to the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) estimates;
- Whereas, in fiscal year 2017, UNHCR projected that more than 1,200,000 refugees were in need of resettlement to a third country, and this projection continues to grow in 2018;
- Whereas the United States resettlement program is a life-saving solution critical to global humanitarian efforts, which

- serves to strengthen global security, leverage United States foreign policy goals, and support regional host countries while serving individuals and families in need;
- Whereas, for over 40 years, the United States has resettled up to 200,000 refugees per year, with an average ceiling of 95,000 refugees per year, and on average actually resettled 80,000 refugees per year;
- Whereas refugees are the most vetted travelers to enter the United States and are subject to extensive screening checks, including in-person interviews, biometric data checks, and multiple interagency checks;
- Whereas, it would be an abdication of United States leadership to resettle fewer than 75,000 refugees next fiscal year;
- Whereas the United States refugee resettlement system emphasizes early self-sufficiency through employment, and most adult refugees are employed within their first six months of arriving to the United States;
- Whereas refugees contribute to their communities by starting businesses, paying taxes, sharing their cultural traditions, and being involved in their neighborhoods, and reports have found that refugees contribute more than they consume in State-funded services including for schooling and health care;
- Whereas, on January 27, 2017, President Donald J. Trump released an Executive order banning individuals from seven Muslim-majority countries and all refugees from entering the country;
- Whereas, since that time, the President has taken further executive action to ban people from Muslim-majority coun-

tries and has taken steps to dismantle the United States refugee program;

- Whereas, in September 2017, President Trump announced a Presidential Determination of 45,000 for fiscal year 2018, the lowest refugee admissions ceiling ever set;
- Whereas, during the first three months of fiscal year 2018, the United States welcomed a total of 5,323 refugees, in spite of the fact that to meet the 45,000 ceiling, 11,250 individuals should have arrived during this time period;
- Whereas, at this pace, the United States may only admit between 15,000–20,000 refugees this year; and
- Whereas, United States structures and funding constrictions have resulted in lowered capacity and loss of institutional memory and experience in the successful United States Refugee Admissions Program: Now, therefore, be it
 - 1 Resolved, That the Senate—
 - 2 (1) reaffirms our country's proud history of ref-3 ugee resettlement;
 - 4 (2) recognizes January 27, 2018, as the anni-5 versary of the first refugee and Muslim ban;
 - (3) reaffirms the strong bipartisan commitment
 of the United States to promote the safety, health,
 and well-being of the millions of refugees;
- 9 (4) underscores the importance of the United 10 States Refugee Resettlement Program as a critical 11 tool for United States global leadership;
- 12 (5) recognizes the profound consequences faced 13 by refugees and their families who have been strand-

1	ed, separated, and scarred by current United States
2	policies, leaving many mid-process and more with lit-
3	tle hope of anticipated United States entry; and
4	(6) calls upon the United States Government—
5	(A) to resettle 45,000 refugees in fiscal
6	year 2018;
7	(B) to resettle at least 75,000 refugees in
8	fiscal year 2019;
9	(C) to uphold its international leadership
10	role in responding to displacement crises with
11	humanitarian assistance and protection of the
12	most vulnerable populations; and
13	(D) to recommit to offering freedom from
14	oppression and resettling the most vulnerable
15	refugees regardless of their country of origin or
16	religious beliefs.

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