1	AFFORDABLE BUILDING AMENDMENTS
2	2024 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Lincoln Fillmore
5	House Sponsor: Stephen L. Whyte
6	
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies provisions facilitating affordable buildings.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	 defines terms and modifies definitions;
13	 adopts a statewide building code for modular building units;
14	 modifies the membership of the Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund Board by adding
15	a member representing the interests of modular housing;
16	 modifies provisions related to reinvestment fee covenants or transfer fee covenants;
17	 modifies provisions of the First-Time Homebuyer Assistance Program;
18	 authorizes a municipality or county to create a home ownership promotion zone of
19	10 acres or less;
20	 describes the purposes and requirements of a home ownership promotion zone;
21	 allows a home ownership promotion zone to capture tax increment for up to 15
22	consecutive years to finance the objectives of the home ownership promotion zone;
23	 authorizes the creation of a home ownership promotion zone to be included in a
24	municipality or county's moderate income housing plan; and
25	 makes technical and conforming changes.



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     Money Appropriated in this Bill:
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            None
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     Other Special Clauses:
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            This bill has retrospective operation.
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     Utah Code Sections Affected:
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     AMENDS:
32
            10-9a-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 88, 219 and 238
33
            15A-1-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, First Special Session, Chapter 3
            15A-1-205, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 14
34
            15A-1-302, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 14
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36
            15A-1-304, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 14
37
            15A-2-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 160, 209
            17-27a-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 88, 238
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39
            35A-8-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 406
            57-1-46, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 16
40
41
            59-2-924, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 502
42
            63H-8-501, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 519
            63H-8-502, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 519
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     ENACTS:
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            10-9a-538, Utah Code Annotated 1953
46
            10-9a-1001, Utah Code Annotated 1953
47
            10-9a-1002, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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            10-9a-1003, Utah Code Annotated 1953
49
            10-9a-1004, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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            10-9a-1005, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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            15A-1-304.1, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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            15A-1-306.1, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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            15A-1-307, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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            15A-1-308, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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            15A-1-309, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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            17-27a-1201, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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57	17-27a-1202, Utah Code Annotated 1953
58	17-27a-1203, Utah Code Annotated 1953
59	17-27a-1204, Utah Code Annotated 1953
60	17-27a-1205, Utah Code Annotated 1953
61	57-1-47, Utah Code Annotated 1953

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:

Section 1. Section 10-9a-403 is amended to read:

10-9a-403. General plan preparation.

- (1) (a) The planning commission shall provide notice, as provided in Section 10-9a-203, of the planning commission's intent to make a recommendation to the municipal legislative body for a general plan or a comprehensive general plan amendment when the planning commission initiates the process of preparing the planning commission's recommendation.
- (b) The planning commission shall make and recommend to the legislative body a proposed general plan for the area within the municipality.
- (c) The plan may include areas outside the boundaries of the municipality if, in the planning commission's judgment, those areas are related to the planning of the municipality's territory.
- (d) Except as otherwise provided by law or with respect to a municipality's power of eminent domain, when the plan of a municipality involves territory outside the boundaries of the municipality, the municipality may not take action affecting that territory without the concurrence of the county or other municipalities affected.
- (2) (a) At a minimum, the proposed general plan, with the accompanying maps, charts, and descriptive and explanatory matter, shall include the planning commission's recommendations for the following plan elements:
 - (i) a land use element that:
- (A) designates the long-term goals and the proposed extent, general distribution, and location of land for housing for residents of various income levels, business, industry, agriculture, recreation, education, public buildings and grounds, open space, and other categories of public and private uses of land as appropriate;

- (B) includes a statement of the projections for and standards of population density and building intensity recommended for the various land use categories covered by the plan;
- (C) except for a city of the fifth class or a town, is coordinated to integrate the land use element with the water use and preservation element; and
- (D) except for a city of the fifth class or a town, accounts for the effect of land use categories and land uses on water demand;
 - (ii) a transportation and traffic circulation element that:
- (A) provides the general location and extent of existing and proposed freeways, arterial and collector streets, public transit, active transportation facilities, and other modes of transportation that the planning commission considers appropriate;
- (B) for a municipality that has access to a major transit investment corridor, addresses the municipality's plan for residential and commercial development around major transit investment corridors to maintain and improve the connections between housing, employment, education, recreation, and commerce;
- (C) for a municipality that does not have access to a major transit investment corridor, addresses the municipality's plan for residential and commercial development in areas that will maintain and improve the connections between housing, transportation, employment, education, recreation, and commerce; and
- (D) correlates with the population projections, the employment projections, and the proposed land use element of the general plan;
 - (iii) a moderate income housing element that:
- (A) provides a realistic opportunity to meet the need for additional moderate income housing within the municipality during the next five years;
- (B) for a town, may include a recommendation to implement three or more of the moderate income housing strategies described in Subsection (2)(b)(iii);
- (C) for a specified municipality, as defined in Section 10-9a-408, that does not have a fixed guideway public transit station, shall include a recommendation to implement three or more of the moderate income housing strategies described in Subsection (2)(b)(iii);
- (D) for a specified municipality, as defined in Section 10-9a-408, that has a fixed guideway public transit station, shall include a recommendation to implement five or more of the moderate income housing strategies described in Subsection (2)(b)(iii), of which one shall

119 be the moderate income housing strategy described in Subsection (2)(b)(iii)(V), and one shall 120 be a moderate income housing strategy described in Subsection (2)(b)(iii)(G), (H), or (O); and 121 (E) for a specified municipality, as defined in Section 10-9a-408, shall include an 122 implementation plan as provided in Subsection (2)(c); and 123 (iv) except for a city of the fifth class or a town, a water use and preservation element 124 that addresses: 125 (A) the effect of permitted development or patterns of development on water demand 126 and water infrastructure: 127 (B) methods of reducing water demand and per capita consumption for future 128 development; 129 (C) methods of reducing water demand and per capita consumption for existing 130 development; and 131 (D) opportunities for the municipality to modify the municipality's operations to 132 eliminate practices or conditions that waste water. 133 (b) In drafting the moderate income housing element, the planning commission: 134 (i) shall consider the Legislature's determination that municipalities shall facilitate a 135 reasonable opportunity for a variety of housing, including moderate income housing: 136 (A) to meet the needs of people of various income levels living, working, or desiring to 137 live or work in the community; and 138 (B) to allow people with various incomes to benefit from and fully participate in all 139 aspects of neighborhood and community life; 140 (ii) for a town, may include, and for a specified municipality as defined in Section 141 10-9a-408, shall include, an analysis of how the municipality will provide a realistic 142 opportunity for the development of moderate income housing within the next five years; 143 (iii) for a town, may include, and for a specified municipality as defined in Section 144 10-9a-408, shall include a recommendation to implement the required number of any of the 145 following moderate income housing strategies as specified in Subsection (2)(a)(iii): 146 (A) rezone for densities necessary to facilitate the production of moderate income 147 housing; 148 (B) demonstrate investment in the rehabilitation or expansion of infrastructure that

facilitates the construction of moderate income housing;

- (C) demonstrate investment in the rehabilitation of existing uninhabitable housing stock into moderate income housing;
- (D) identify and utilize general fund subsidies or other sources of revenue to waive construction related fees that are otherwise generally imposed by the municipality for the construction or rehabilitation of moderate income housing;
- (E) create or allow for, and reduce regulations related to, internal or detached accessory dwelling units in residential zones;
- (F) zone or rezone for higher density or moderate income residential development in commercial or mixed-use zones near major transit investment corridors, commercial centers, or employment centers;
- (G) amend land use regulations to allow for higher density or new moderate income residential development in commercial or mixed-use zones near major transit investment corridors;
- (H) amend land use regulations to eliminate or reduce parking requirements for residential development where a resident is less likely to rely on the resident's own vehicle, such as residential development near major transit investment corridors or senior living facilities;
 - (I) amend land use regulations to allow for single room occupancy developments;
 - (J) implement zoning incentives for moderate income units in new developments;
- (K) preserve existing and new moderate income housing and subsidized units by utilizing a landlord incentive program, providing for deed restricted units through a grant program, or, notwithstanding Section 10-9a-535, establishing a housing loss mitigation fund;
 - (L) reduce, waive, or eliminate impact fees related to moderate income housing;
- (M) demonstrate creation of, or participation in, a community land trust program for moderate income housing;
- (N) implement a mortgage assistance program for employees of the municipality, an employer that provides contracted services to the municipality, or any other public employer that operates within the municipality;
- (O) apply for or partner with an entity that applies for state or federal funds or tax incentives to promote the construction of moderate income housing, an entity that applies for programs offered by the Utah Housing Corporation within that agency's funding capacity, an

181	entity that applies for affordable housing programs administered by the Department of
182	Workforce Services, an entity that applies for affordable housing programs administered by an
183	association of governments established by an interlocal agreement under Title 11, Chapter 13,
184	Interlocal Cooperation Act, an entity that applies for services provided by a public housing
185	authority to preserve and create moderate income housing, or any other entity that applies for
186	programs or services that promote the construction or preservation of moderate income
187	housing;
188	(P) demonstrate utilization of a moderate income housing set aside from a community
189	reinvestment agency, redevelopment agency, or community development and renewal agency
190	to create or subsidize moderate income housing;
191	(Q) create a housing and transit reinvestment zone pursuant to Title 63N, Chapter 3,
192	Part 6, Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Act;
193	(R) create a home ownership promotion zone pursuant to Part 10, Home Ownership
194	Promotion Zone for Municipalities;
195	[(R)] (S) eliminate impact fees for any accessory dwelling unit that is not an internal
196	accessory dwelling unit as defined in Section 10-9a-530;
197	[(S)] (T) create a program to transfer development rights for moderate income housing;
198	[(T)] (U) ratify a joint acquisition agreement with another local political subdivision
199	for the purpose of combining resources to acquire property for moderate income housing;
200	[(U)] (V) develop a moderate income housing project for residents who are disabled or
201	55 years old or older;
202	[(V)] (W) develop and adopt a station area plan in accordance with Section
203	10-9a-403.1;
204	[(W)] (X) create or allow for, and reduce regulations related to, multifamily residential
205	dwellings compatible in scale and form with detached single-family residential dwellings and
206	located in walkable communities within residential or mixed-use zones; and
207	[(X)] (Y) demonstrate implementation of any other program or strategy to address the
208	housing needs of residents of the municipality who earn less than 80% of the area median
209	income, including the dedication of a local funding source to moderate income housing or the
210	adoption of a land use ordinance that requires 10% or more of new residential development in a
211	residential zone be dedicated to moderate income housing; and

Water Resources; and

212	(iv) shall identify each moderate income housing strategy recommended to the
213	legislative body for implementation by restating the exact language used to describe the
214	strategy in Subsection (2)(b)(iii).
215	(c) (i) In drafting the implementation plan portion of the moderate income housing
216	element as described in Subsection (2)(a)(iii)(C), the planning commission shall recommend to
217	the legislative body the establishment of a five-year timeline for implementing each of the
218	moderate income housing strategies selected by the municipality for implementation.
219	(ii) The timeline described in Subsection (2)(c)(i) shall:
220	(A) identify specific measures and benchmarks for implementing each moderate
221	income housing strategy selected by the municipality, whether one-time or ongoing; and
222	(B) provide flexibility for the municipality to make adjustments as needed.
223	(d) In drafting the land use element, the planning commission shall:
224	(i) identify and consider each agriculture protection area within the municipality;
225	(ii) avoid proposing a use of land within an agriculture protection area that is
226	inconsistent with or detrimental to the use of the land for agriculture; and
227	(iii) consider and coordinate with any station area plans adopted by the municipality if
228	required under Section 10-9a-403.1.
229	(e) In drafting the transportation and traffic circulation element, the planning
230	commission shall:
231	(i) (A) consider and coordinate with the regional transportation plan developed by the
232	municipality's region's metropolitan planning organization, if the municipality is within the
233	boundaries of a metropolitan planning organization; or
234	(B) consider and coordinate with the long-range transportation plan developed by the
235	Department of Transportation, if the municipality is not within the boundaries of a
236	metropolitan planning organization; and
237	(ii) consider and coordinate with any station area plans adopted by the municipality if
238	required under Section 10-9a-403.1.
239	(f) In drafting the water use and preservation element, the planning commission:
240	(i) shall consider:
241	(A) applicable regional water conservation goals recommended by the Division of

243	(B) if Section /3-10-32 requires the municipality to adopt a water conservation plan
244	pursuant to Section 73-10-32, the municipality's water conservation plan;
245	(ii) shall include a recommendation for:
246	(A) water conservation policies to be determined by the municipality; and
247	(B) landscaping options within a public street for current and future development that
248	do not require the use of lawn or turf in a parkstrip;
249	(iii) shall review the municipality's land use ordinances and include a recommendation
250	for changes to an ordinance that promotes the inefficient use of water;
251	(iv) shall consider principles of sustainable landscaping, including the:
252	(A) reduction or limitation of the use of lawn or turf;
253	(B) promotion of site-specific landscape design that decreases stormwater runoff or
254	runoff of water used for irrigation;
255	(C) preservation and use of healthy trees that have a reasonable water requirement or
256	are resistant to dry soil conditions;
257	(D) elimination or regulation of ponds, pools, and other features that promote
258	unnecessary water evaporation;
259	(E) reduction of yard waste; and
260	(F) use of an irrigation system, including drip irrigation, best adapted to provide the
261	optimal amount of water to the plants being irrigated;
262	(v) shall consult with the public water system or systems serving the municipality with
263	drinking water regarding how implementation of the land use element and water use and
264	preservation element may affect:
265	(A) water supply planning, including drinking water source and storage capacity
266	consistent with Section 19-4-114; and
267	(B) water distribution planning, including master plans, infrastructure asset
268	management programs and plans, infrastructure replacement plans, and impact fee facilities
269	plans;
270	(vi) shall consult with the Division of Water Resources for information and technical
271	resources regarding regional water conservation goals, including how implementation of the
272	land use element and the water use and preservation element may affect the Great Salt Lake;
273	(vii) may include recommendations for additional water demand reduction strategies,

2/4	including:
275	(A) creating a water budget associated with a particular type of development;
276	(B) adopting new or modified lot size, configuration, and landscaping standards that
277	will reduce water demand for new single family development;
278	(C) providing one or more water reduction incentives for existing development such as
279	modification of existing landscapes and irrigation systems and installation of water fixtures or
280	systems that minimize water demand;
281	(D) discouraging incentives for economic development activities that do not adequately
282	account for water use or do not include strategies for reducing water demand; and
283	(E) adopting water concurrency standards requiring that adequate water supplies and
284	facilities are or will be in place for new development; and
285	(viii) for a town, may include, and for another municipality, shall include, a
286	recommendation for low water use landscaping standards for a new:
287	(A) commercial, industrial, or institutional development;
288	(B) common interest community, as defined in Section 57-25-102; or
289	(C) multifamily housing project.
290	(3) The proposed general plan may include:
291	(a) an environmental element that addresses:
292	(i) the protection, conservation, development, and use of natural resources, including
293	the quality of:
294	(A) air;
295	(B) forests;
296	(C) soils;
297	(D) rivers;
298	(E) groundwater and other waters;
299	(F) harbors;
300	(G) fisheries;
301	(H) wildlife;
302	(I) minerals; and
303	(J) other natural resources; and
304	(ii) (A) the reclamation of land, flood control, prevention and control of the pollution

303	of streams and other waters,
306	(B) the regulation of the use of land on hillsides, stream channels and other
307	environmentally sensitive areas;
308	(C) the prevention, control, and correction of the erosion of soils;
309	(D) the preservation and enhancement of watersheds and wetlands; and
310	(E) the mapping of known geologic hazards;
311	(b) a public services and facilities element showing general plans for sewage, water,
312	waste disposal, drainage, public utilities, rights-of-way, easements, and facilities for them,
313	police and fire protection, and other public services;
314	(c) a rehabilitation, redevelopment, and conservation element consisting of plans and
315	programs for:
316	(i) historic preservation;
317	(ii) the diminution or elimination of a development impediment as defined in Section
318	17C-1-102; and
319	(iii) redevelopment of land, including housing sites, business and industrial sites, and
320	public building sites;
321	(d) an economic element composed of appropriate studies and forecasts, as well as an
322	economic development plan, which may include review of existing and projected municipal
323	revenue and expenditures, revenue sources, identification of basic and secondary industry,
324	primary and secondary market areas, employment, and retail sales activity;
325	(e) recommendations for implementing all or any portion of the general plan, including
326	the adoption of land and water use ordinances, capital improvement plans, community
327	development and promotion, and any other appropriate action;
328	(f) provisions addressing any of the matters listed in Subsection 10-9a-401(2) or (3);
329	and
330	(g) any other element the municipality considers appropriate.
331	Section 2. Section 10-9a-538 is enacted to read:
332	10-9a-538. Modular building.
333	(1) Title 15A, State Construction and Fire Codes Act, governs regulations related to the
334	construction, transportation, installation, inspection, fees, and enforcement related to modular
335	building.

336	(2) A municipality may adopt an ordinance regulating modular building so long as the
337	ordinance conforms with Title 15A, State Construction and Fire Codes Act, and this chapter.
338	Section 3. Section 10-9a-1001 is enacted to read:
339	Part 10. Home Ownership Promotion Zone for Municipalities
340	<u>10-9a-1001.</u> Definitions.
341	As used in this part:
342	(1) "Affordable housing" means housing offered for sale at 80% or less of the median
343	county home price for housing of that type.
344	(2) "Agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102.
345	(3) "Base taxable value" means a property's taxable value as shown upon the
346	assessment roll last equalized during the base year.
347	(4) "Base year" means, for a proposed home ownership promotion zone area, a year
348	beginning the first day of the calendar quarter determined by the last equalized tax roll before
349	the adoption of the home ownership promotion zone.
350	(5) "Home ownership promotion zone" means a home ownership promotion zone
351	created pursuant to this part.
352	(6) "Participant" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102.
353	(7) "Participation agreement" means the same as that term is defined in Section
354	<u>17C-1-102.</u>
355	(8) "Project improvements" means the same as that term is defined in Section
356	<u>11-36a-102.</u>
357	(9) "System improvements" means the same as that term is defined in Section
358	<u>11-36a-102.</u>
359	(10) "Tax commission" means the State Tax Commission created in Section 59-1-201.
360	(11) $\hat{H} \rightarrow (a) \leftarrow \hat{H}$ "Tax increment" means the difference between:
361	$\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{(a)}]$ (i) $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ the amount of property tax revenue generated each tax year by a taxing
361a	entity from
362	the area within a home ownership promotion zone, using the current assessed value and each
363	taxing entity's current certified tax rate as defined in Section 59-2-924; and
364	$\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{(b)}]$ (ii) $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ the amount of property tax revenue that would be generated from that
364a	same area
365	using the base taxable value and each taxing entity's current certified tax rate as defined in
366	Section <u>59-2-924.</u>
366a	$\hat{H} \rightarrow (b)$ "Tax increment" does not include property revenue from:
366b	(i) a multicounty assessing and collecting levy described in Subsection 59-2-1602(2); or
366c	(ii) a county additional property tax described in Subsection 59-2-1602(4). ←Ĥ

36/	(12) "Taxing entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 1/C-1-102.
368	Section 4. Section 10-9a-1002 is enacted to read:
369	10-9a-1002. Municipal designation of a home ownership promotion zone.
370	(1) Subject to the requirements of Sections 10-9a-1003 and 10-9a-1004, a municipality
371	may create a home ownership promotion zone as described in this section.
372	(2) A home ownership promotion zone created under this section:
373	(a) is an area of 10 contiguous acres or less located entirely within the boundaries of
374	the municipality, zoned for fewer than six housing units per acre before the creation of the
375	home ownership promotion zone;
376	(b) shall be re-zoned for at least six housing units per acre; and
377	(c) may not be encumbered by any residential building permits as of the day on which
378	the home ownership promotion zone is created.
379	(3) (a) The municipality shall designate the home ownership promotion zone by
380	resolution of the legislative body of the municipality, passed or adopted in a public meeting of
381	the legislative body of the municipality, following:
382	(i) the recommendation of the municipality planning commission; and
383	(ii) the notification requirements described in Section 10-9a-1004.
384	(b) The resolution described in Subsection (3)(a) shall describe how the home
385	ownership promotion zone created pursuant to this section meets the objectives and
386	requirements in Section 10-9a-1003.
387	(c) The home ownership promotion zone is created on the effective date of the
388	resolution described in Subsection (3)(a).
389	(4) If a home ownership promotion zone is created as described in this section:
390	(a) affected local taxing entities are required to participate according to the
391	requirements of the home ownership promotion zone established by the municipality; and
392	(b) each affected taxing entity is required to participate at the same rate.
393	(5) A home ownership promotion zone may be modified by the same manner it is
394	created as described in Subsection (3).
395	(6) Within 30 days after the day on which the municipality creates the home ownership
396	promotion zone as described in Subsection (3), the municipality shall:
397	(a) record with the recorder of the county in which the home ownership promotion

398	zone is located a document containing:
399	(i) a description of the land within the home ownership promotion zone; and
400	(ii) the date of creation of the home ownership promotion zone;
401	(b) transmit a copy of the description of the land within the home ownership promotion
402	zone and an accurate map or plat indicating the boundaries of the home ownership promotion
403	zone to the Utah Geospatial Resource Center created under Section 63A-16-505; and
404	(c) transmit a map and description of the land within the home ownership promotion
405	zone to:
406	(i) the auditor, recorder, attorney, surveyor, and assessor of the county in which any
407	part of the home ownership promotion zone is located;
408	(ii) the officer or officers performing the function of auditor or assessor for each taxing
409	entity that does not use the county assessment roll or collect the taxing entity's taxes through
410	the county;
411	(iii) the legislative body or governing board of each taxing entity impacted by the home
412	ownership promotion zone;
413	(iv) the tax commission; and
414	(v) the State Board of Education.
415	(7) A municipality may receive tax increment and use home ownership promotion zone
416	funds as described in Section 10-9a-1005.
417	Section 5. Section 10-9a-1003 is enacted to read:
418	10-9a-1003. Applicability, requirements, and limitations.
419	(1) A home ownership promotion zone shall promote the following objectives:
420	(a) increasing availability of housing, including affordable housing;
421	(b) promotion of home ownership;
422	(c) overcoming development impediments and market conditions that render an
423	affordable housing development cost prohibitive absent the incentives resulting from a home
424	ownership promotion zone; and
425	(d) conservation of water resources through efficient land use.
426	(2) In order to accomplish the objectives described in Subsection (1), a municipality
427	shall ensure that:
428	(a) land inside the proposed home ownership promotion zone is zoned as residential,

429	with at least six planned housing units per acre;
430	(b) at least 60% of the proposed housing units within the home ownership promotion
431	zone are affordable housing units; and
432	(c) all of the proposed housing units within the home ownership promotion zone are
433	deed restricted to require owner occupation for at least five years.
434	(3) A municipality may restrict short term rentals in a home ownership promotion
435	zone.
436	(4) A municipality may not create a home ownership promotion zone if $\hat{H} \rightarrow \underline{:}$
436a	(a) the proposed home ownership promotion zone would overlap with a school district
436b	and:
436c	(i) (A) the school district has more than one municipality within the school
436d	district's boundaries; and
436e	(B) the school district already has 100 acres designated as home ownership
436f	promotion zone within the school district's boundaries; or
436g	(ii) (A) the school district has one municipality within the school district's
436h	boundaries; and
436i	(B) the school district already has 50 acres designated as home ownership
436j	promotion zone within the school district's boundaries; or
436k	$(b) \leftarrow \hat{H}$ the area in the
437	proposed home ownership promotion zone would overlap with:
438	$\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underbrace{(a)}]$ (i) $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ a project area, as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102, and created
438a	under Title
439	17C, Chapter 1, Agency Operations, until the project area is dissolved pursuant to Section
440	<u>17C-1-702; or</u>
441	$\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{\text{(ii)}} \leftarrow \hat{H}]$ an existing housing and transit reinvestment zone.
442	Section 6. Section 10-9a-1004 is enacted to read:
443	10-9a-1004. Notification prior to creation of a home ownership promotion zone.
444	(1) (a) As used in this section, "hearing" means a public meeting in which the
445	legislative body of a municipality:
446	(i) considers a resolution creating a home ownership promotion zone; and
447	(ii) takes public comment on a proposed home ownership promotion zone.
448	(b) A hearing under this section may be combined with any other public meeting of a
449	legislative body of a municipality.
450	(2) Before a municipality creates a home ownership promotion zone as described in

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451	Section 10-9a-1002, it shall provide notice of a hearing as described in this section.
452	(3) The notice required by Subsection (2) shall be given by:
453	(a) publishing notice for the municipality, as a class A notice under Section
454	63G-30-102, for at least 14 days before the day on which the legislative body of the
455	municipality intends to have a hearing;
456	(b) at least 30 days before the hearing, mailing notice to:
457	(i) each record owner of property located within the proposed home ownership
458	promotion zone;
459	(ii) the State Tax Commission;

460	(111) the assessor and auditor of the county in which the proposed home ownership
461	promotion zone is located; and
462	(iv) (A) if the proposed home ownership promotion zone is subject to a taxing entity
463	committee, each member of the taxing entity committee and the State Board of Education; or
464	(B) if the proposed home ownership promotion zone is not subject to a taxing entity
465	committee, the legislative body or governing board of each taxing entity within the boundaries
466	of the proposed home ownership promotion zone.
467	(4) The mailing of the notice to record property owners required under Subsection
468	(3)(b) shall be conclusively considered to have been properly completed if:
469	(a) the agency mails the notice to the property owners as shown in the records,
470	including an electronic database, of the county recorder's office and at the addresses shown in
471	those records; and
472	(b) the county recorder's office records used by the agency in identifying owners to
473	whom the notice is mailed and their addresses were obtained or accessed from the county
474	recorder's office no earlier than 30 days before the mailing.
475	(5) The municipality shall include in each notice required under this section:
476	(a) (i) a boundary description of the proposed home ownership promotion zone; or
477	(ii) (A) a mailing address or telephone number where a person may request that a copy
478	of the boundary description of the proposed home ownership promotion zone be sent at no cost
479	to the person by mail, email, or facsimile transmission; and
480	(B) if the agency or community has an Internet website, an Internet address where a
481	person may gain access to an electronic, printable copy of the boundary description of the
482	proposed home ownership promotion zone;
483	(b) a map of the boundaries of the proposed home ownership promotion zone;
484	(c) an explanation of the purpose of the hearing; and
485	(d) a statement of the date, time, and location of the hearing.
486	(6) The municipality shall include in each notice under Subsection (3)(b):
487	(a) a statement that property tax revenue resulting from an increase in valuation of
488	property within the proposed home ownership promotion zone will be paid to the municipality
489	for proposed home ownership promotion zone development rather than to the taxing entity to
490	which the tax revenue would otherwise have been paid; and

491	(b) an invitation to the recipient of the notice to submit to the municipality comments
492	concerning the subject matter of the hearing before the date of the hearing.
493	(7) A municipality may include in a notice under Subsection (2) any other information
494	the municipality considers necessary or advisable, including the public purpose achieved by the
495	proposed home ownership promotion zone.
496	Section 7. Section 10-9a-1005 is enacted to read:
497	10-9a-1005. Payment, use, and administration of revenue from a home ownership
498	promotion zone.
499	(1) (a) A municipality may receive tax increment and use home ownership promotion
500	zone funds in accordance with this section.
501	(b) The maximum amount of time that a municipality may receive and use tax
502	increment pursuant to a home ownership promotion zone is 15 consecutive years.
503	(2) A county that collects property tax on property located within a home ownership
504	promotion zone shall, in accordance with Section 59-2-1365, distribute 60% of the tax
505	increment collected from property within the home ownership promotion zone to the
506	municipality over the home ownership promotion zone to be used as described in this section.
507	(3) (a) Tax increment distributed to a municipality in accordance with Subsection (2) is
508	not revenue of the taxing entity or municipality, but home ownership promotion zone funds.
509	(b) Home ownership promotion zone funds may be administered by an agency created
510	by the municipality within which the home ownership promotion zone is located.
511	(c) Before an agency may receive home ownership promotion zone funds from a
512	municipality, the agency shall enter into an interlocal agreement with the municipality.
513	(4) (a) A municipality or agency shall use home ownership promotion zone funds
514	within, or for the direct benefit of, the home ownership promotion zone.
515	(b) If any home ownership promotion zone funds will be used outside of the home
516	ownership promotion zone, the legislative body of the municipality shall make a finding that
517	the use of the home ownership promotion zone funds outside of the home ownership
518	promotion zone will directly benefit the home ownership promotion zone.
519	(5) A municipality or agency shall use home ownership promotion zone funds to
520	achieve the purposes described in Section 10-9a-1003 by paying all or part of the costs of any
521	of the following:

522	(a) project improvement costs;
523	(b) systems improvement costs; $\hat{H} \rightarrow \underline{or} \leftarrow \hat{H}$
524	Ĥ→ [(c) property acquisition costs within the home ownership promotion zone; or
525	(d) (c) \leftarrow \hat{H} the costs of the municipality or agency to create and administer the home
526	ownership promotion zone, which may not exceed 3% of the total home ownership promotion
527	zone funds.
528	(6) Home ownership promotion zone funds may be paid to a participant, if the
529	municipality and participant enter into a participation agreement which requires the participant
530	to utilize the home ownership promotion zone funds as allowed in this section.
531	(7) Home ownership promotion zone funds may be used to pay all of the costs of bonds
532	issued by the municipality in accordance with Title 17C, Chapter 1, Part 5, Agency Bonds,
533	including the cost to issue and repay the bonds including interest.
534	(8) A municipality may:
535	(a) create one or more public infrastructure districts within a home ownership
536	promotion zone under Title 17D, Chapter 4, Public Infrastructure District Act; and
537	(b) pledge and utilize the home ownership promotion zone funds to guarantee the
538	payment of public infrastructure bonds issued by a public infrastructure district.
539	Section 8. Section 15A-1-202 is amended to read:
540	15A-1-202. Definitions.
541	As used in this chapter:
542	(1) "Agricultural use" means a use that relates to the tilling of soil and raising of crops,
543	or keeping or raising domestic animals.
544	(2) (a) "Approved code" means a code, including the standards and specifications
545	contained in the code, approved by the division under Section 15A-1-204 for use by a
546	compliance agency.
547	(b) "Approved code" does not include the State Construction Code.
548	(3) "Building" means a structure used or intended for supporting or sheltering any use
549	or occupancy and any improvements attached to it.
550	(4) "Code" means:
551	(a) the State Construction Code; or
552	(b) an approved code.

553	(5) "Commission" means the Uniform Building Code Commission created in Section
554	15A-1-203.
555	(6) "Compliance agency" means:
556	(a) an agency of the state or any of its political subdivisions which issues permits for
557	construction regulated under the codes;
558	(b) any other agency of the state or its political subdivisions specifically empowered to
559	enforce compliance with the codes; or
560	(c) any other state agency which chooses to enforce codes adopted under this chapter
561	by authority given the agency under a title other than this part and Part 3, Factory Built
562	Housing and Modular Units Administration Act.
563	(7) "Construction code" means standards and specifications published by a nationally
564	recognized code authority for use in circumstances described in Subsection 15A-1-204(1),
565	including:
566	(a) a building code;
567	(b) an electrical code;
568	(c) a residential one and two family dwelling code;
569	(d) a plumbing code;
570	(e) a mechanical code;
571	(f) a fuel gas code;
572	(g) an energy conservation code;
573	(h) a swimming pool and spa code; [and]
574	(i) a manufactured housing installation standard code; and
575	(j) Modular Building Institute Standards 1200 and 1205, issued by the International
576	Code Council, except as specifically modified by provisions of this title governing modular
577	units.
578	(8) "Construction project" means the same as that term is defined in Section 38-1a-102.
579	(9) "Executive director" means the executive director of the Department of Commerce.
580	(10) "Legislative action" includes legislation that:
581	(a) adopts a new State Construction Code;
582	(b) amends the State Construction Code; or
583	(c) repeals one or more provisions of the State Construction Code.

584	(11) (a) "Local regulator" means a political subdivision of the state that is empowered
585	to engage in the regulation of construction, alteration, remodeling, building, repair, [and]
586	installation, inspection, or other activities subject to the codes.
587	(b) "Local regulator" may include the local regulator's designee.
588	(12) "Membrane-covered frame structure" means a nonpressurized building with a
589	structure composed of a rigid framework to support a tensioned membrane that provides a
590	weather barrier.
591	(13) "Not for human occupancy" means use of a structure for purposes other than
592	protection or comfort of human beings, but allows people to enter the structure for:
593	(a) maintenance [and] or repair; [and] or
594	(b) the care of livestock, crops, or equipment intended for agricultural use which are
595	kept there.
596	(14) "Opinion" means a written, nonbinding, and advisory statement issued by the
597	commission concerning an interpretation of the meaning of the codes or the application of the
598	codes in a specific circumstance issued in response to a specific request by a party to the issue.
599	(15) "Remote yurt" means a membrane-covered frame structure that:
600	(a) is no larger than 710 square feet;
601	(b) is not used as a permanent residence;
602	(c) is located in an unincorporated county area that is not zoned for residential,
603	commercial, industrial, or agricultural use;
604	(d) does not have plumbing or electricity;
605	(e) is set back at least 300 feet from any river, stream, lake, or other body of water; and
606	(f) is registered with the local health department.
607	(16) "State regulator" means an agency of the state which is empowered to engage in
608	the regulation of construction, alteration, remodeling, building, repair, and other activities
609	subject to the codes adopted pursuant to this chapter.
610	Section 9. Section 15A-1-205 is amended to read:
611	15A-1-205. Division duties Relationship of division to other entities.
612	(1) (a) The division shall administer the codes adopted or approved under Section
613	15A-1-204 pursuant to this chapter.
614	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), the division has no responsibility to:

615	(i) conduct inspections to determine compliance with the codes;
616	(ii) issue permits; or
617	(iii) assess building permit fees.
618	(c) Notwithstanding any other provision, the division, the Division of Facilities
619	Construction and Management, the state regulator, any approved third party inspection agency
620	as defined by Section 15A-1-302, or any approved third party inspector as defined by Section
621	15A-1-302 does not have the responsibility or authority to perform the duties reserved to a
622	local regulator as set forth in Section 15A-1-304, unless designated by a local regulator to
623	perform that duty.
624	(2) As part of the administration of the codes, the division shall:
625	(a) comply with Section 15A-1-206;
626	(b) schedule appropriate hearings;
627	(c) maintain and publish for reference:
628	(i) the current State Construction Code; and
629	(ii) any approved code; and
630	(d) publish the opinions of the commission with respect to interpretation and
631	application of the codes.
632	(3) (a) As part of the administration of the codes, the division shall license inspectors,
633	including approved third party inspectors.
634	(b) The Division of Facilities Construction and Management may access a list of all
635	licensed inspectors, including approved third party inspectors, on the division's website.
636	Section 10. Section 15A-1-302 is amended to read:
637	15A-1-302. Definitions.
638	As used in this part:
639	(1) "Compliance agency" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
640	15A-1-202.
641	(2) "Construction documents" means the same as that term is defined by Modular
642	Building Institute Standards 1200.
643	(3) "Decal" means a form of certification, created by the Division of Facilities
644	Construction and Management and issued by a third party inspection agency, to be permanently
645	attached to a module, panelized system, or modular building unit indicating that the module,

646	panelized system, or modular building unit has been constructed to meet or exceed applicable
647	building code requirements.
648	[(2)] (4) "Factory built housing" means a manufactured home or mobile home.
649	[(3)] (5) "Factory built housing set-up contractor" means an individual licensed by the
650	division to set up or install factory built housing on a temporary or permanent basis.
651	[(4)] (6) "HUD Code" means the National Manufactured Housing Construction and
652	Safety Standards Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 5401 et seq.
653	[(5)] (7) "Local regulator" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
654	15A-1-202.
655	[(6)] (8) "Manufactured home" means a transportable factory built housing unit
656	constructed on or after June 15, 1976, according to the HUD Code, in one or more sections,
657	that:
658	(a) in the traveling mode, is eight body feet or more in width or 40 body feet or more in
659	length, or when erected on site, is 400 or more square feet; and
660	(b) is built on a permanent chassis and designed to be used as a dwelling with or
661	without a permanent foundation when connected to the required utilities, and includes the
662	plumbing, heating, air-conditioning, and electrical systems.
663	(9) "Manufacturing plant" means the same as that term is defined by Modular Building
664	Institute Standards 1200.
665	[(7)] (10) "Mobile home" means a transportable factory built housing unit built before
666	June 15, 1976, in accordance with a state mobile home code which existed prior to the HUD
667	Code.
668	(11) "Modular manufacturer" means the entity responsible for manufacturing a
669	panelized system or module.
670	[(8)] (12) "Modular unit" or "modular building unit" means a structure:
671	(a) [built from sections that are manufactured] constructed from one or more modules
672	or panelized systems that is manufactured in accordance with the State Construction Code and
673	transported to a [building site; and] location;
674	(b) the purpose of which is for human habitation, occupancy, or use; and
675	(c) is not a factory-built house, manufactured home, or mobile home.
676	(13) "Module" means a three-dimensional, volumetric section of a modular building

677	unit designed and approved to be transported as a single section, independent of other sections,
678	to a location for onsite construction.
679	(14) "Offsite construction" means a modular building unit that:
680	(a) is designed and constructed in compliance with this part;
681	(b) is wholly or in substantial part fabricated in a manufacturing plant for installation at
682	an onsite location; and
683	(c) has been manufactured in such a manner that all parts or processes cannot be
684	inspected at the end site location without disassembly, potentially resulting in damage or
685	destruction to the modular building unit.
686	(15) "Onsite construction" means:
687	(a) the preparation of a location where a modular building unit will be installed,
688	including preparation of site foundation, construction of any necessary supporting structure,
689	and preparation to connect the modular building unit to necessary utilities; and
690	(b) assembly and installation of one or more modules or panelized systems in
691	accordance with construction documents into a modular building unit, including completion of
692	any site-related construction and connecting the modular building unit to necessary utilities.
693	(16) "Panelized system" means a closed wall, roof, or floor component that is
694	constructed at a manufacturing plant or by a modular manufacturer in a manner that prevents
695	the construction from being fully inspected at an onsite location without disassembly, damage,
696	or destruction.
697	[(9)] (17) "State regulator" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section
698	15A-1-202.
699	(18) "Third party inspection agency" means an entity approved by the Division of
700	Facilities Construction and Management to be qualified to inspect a module or panelized
701	system for compliance with the construction documents, compliance control, and applicable
702	code.
703	(19) "Third party inspector" means a person who:
704	(a) is qualified to inspect a modular building unit for compliance with construction
705	documents, compliance control, and applicable building code;
706	(b) works under the direction of a third party inspection agency;
707	(c) has been licensed by the division under Section 15A-1-307; and

708	(d) is approved by the Division of Facilities Construction and Management to conduct
709	third party inspections, as described in Section 15A-1-307.
710	(20) "Unregistered modular unit" means a modular unit that:
711	(a) has not been inspected as required by this title; or
712	(b) does not have a required decal.
713	Section 11. Section 15A-1-304 is amended to read:
714	15A-1-304. Modular units.
715	Modular unit construction, [setup] installation, issuance of permits for construction or
716	[setup] installation, and setup shall be in accordance with the following:
717	(1) Construction, installation, and setup of a modular unit, module, or panelized system
718	shall be in accordance with the State Construction Code.
719	(2) A local regulator has the responsibility and exclusive authority [for plan review and
720	issuance of permits for construction, modification, or setup for the political subdivision in
721	which the modular unit is to be setup;] to:
722	(a) review and approve the elements of construction documents related to onsite
723	construction;
724	(b) issue a permit for construction of a modular building unit or a modular building
725	unit site modification;
726	(c) perform an inspection of onsite construction of a modular building unit or modular
727	building unit site modification;
728	(d) verify that a module or panelized system is installed in accordance with:
729	(i) the modular unit's construction documents;
730	(ii) the State Construction Code; and
731	(iii) applicable state and local requirements;
732	(e) verify that a decal has been permanently affixed to a modular building unit;
733	(f) subject to Subsection (3), establish and assess fees related to the construction and
734	installation of modular units;
735	(g) upon discovery of visible damage to a module or panelized system, or discovery of
736	evidence that would cause a reasonable inspector to believe that a modular building unit may
737	not be in compliance with the State Construction Code or construction documents:
738	(i) inform the Division of Facilities Construction and Management; and

739	(ii) proceed in accordance with the guidance in Modular Building Institute Standards
740	1200 and 1205;
741	(h) approve any proposed alteration or change to a set of construction documents so
742	long as the alteration or change complies with the requirements of this chapter;
743	(i) inspect any alteration to a modular unit or panelized system that occurred after
744	installation;
745	(j) notwithstanding any other provision of state law, the construction code and
746	standards, agency rule, or local ordinance:
747	(i) prevent the use or occupancy of a modular building unit that, in the opinion of the
748	local regulator, contains a serious defect or presents an imminent safety hazard; and
749	(ii) report the prevention of use or occupancy of a modular building unit to the
750	Division of Facilities Construction and Management and the division; and
751	(k) perform all other duties and responsibilities set forth in the Modular Building
752	Institute Standards 1200 and 1205 not otherwise listed in this section.
753	(3) Fees related to the construction and installation of modular building units may
754	include building permit fees, inspection fees, impact fees, and administrative fees.
755	(4) (a) In addition to any immunity and protections set forth in the Utah Governmenta
756	Immunity Act, a municipality shall not be liable for a claim arising solely from the offsite
757	construction of a module, panelized system, or modular building unit.
758	(b) A local regulator may provide written notice with the certificate of occupancy that
759	explains the municipality's limitations of liability pursuant to this section and the Utah
760	Governmental Immunity Act.
761	[(3)] (5) An inspection of the construction, modification of, or setup of a modular unit
762	shall conform with this chapter.
763	[(4)] (6) A local regulator has the responsibility to issue an approval for the political
764	subdivision in which a modular unit is to be setup or is setup.
765	[(5)] (7) Nothing in this section precludes:
766	(a) a local regulator from contracting with a qualified third party to act as its designee
767	for the inspection or plan review provided in this section; or
768	(b) the state from entering into an interstate compact for third party inspection of the
769	construction of a modular unit.

770	Section 12. Section 15A-1-304.1 is enacted to read:
771	15A-1-304.1. Unregistered modular units.
772	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (7), the Division of Facilities Construction and
773	Management shall determine whether an unregistered modular unit is compliant with this
774	chapter.
775	(2) Upon discovery of an unregistered modular unit, the Division of Facilities
776	Construction and Management shall:
777	(a) inform the local regulator, which shall:
778	(i) issue an order to the owner of the unregistered modular unit to cease use or
779	occupancy of the unregistered modular unit until a third party inspector determines the
780	unregistered modular unit has come into compliance; or
781	(ii) determine if the unregistered modular unit is considered compliant, as described in
782	Subsection (7); and
783	(b) require the owner of the unregistered modular unit to:
784	(i) produce documentation of the modular unit's compliance with this chapter:
785	(A) if the unregistered modular unit is only missing a decal or had a decal but the decal
786	is no longer visible; or
787	(B) if the unregistered modular unit is considered compliant under Subsection (7); or
788	(ii) arrange for a third party inspector to inspect the unregistered modular unit, as
789	described in Subsection (4).
790	(3) Upon receiving and verifying the documentation described in Subsection
791	(2)(b)(i)(A), the Division of Facilities Construction and Management shall issue the owner of
792	an unregistered modular unit a decal to be affixed to the unregistered modular unit.
793	(4) (a) Upon inspection of an unregistered modular unit, a third party inspector shall
794	determine when and where the unregistered modular unit was manufactured.
795	(b) If the unregistered modular unit was manufactured in another state by a modular
796	manufacturer approved by a regulator in that state at the time the unregistered modular unit was
797	manufactured, the third party inspector shall:
798	(i) conduct a review of the original construction documents and the requirements of the
799	state in which the unregistered modular unit was manufactured as of the time of manufacturing
800	to determine the degree to which the unregistered modular unit's manufacture and installation

801	is compliant with the requirements of this chapter;
802	(ii) in accordance with Subsection (5), conduct an inspection of the unregistered
803	modular unit; and
804	(iii) determine whether the unregistered modular unit is compliant with:
805	(A) the requirements for a modular building described in this chapter; and
806	(B) the building codes that were in effect at the time the unregistered modular building
807	was manufactured.
808	(c) If the unregistered modular unit was manufactured in another state by a modular
809	manufacturer that was not approved by that state, or if the date of manufacture of the
810	unregistered modular unit cannot be determined, the third party inspector shall:
811	(i) in accordance with Subsection (5), conduct an inspection of the unregistered
812	modular unit; and
813	(ii) determine whether the unregistered modular unit is compliant with the
814	requirements for a modular building described in this chapter.
815	(d) If the third party inspector cannot determine where or when the unregistered
816	modular unit was manufactured, or if original construction documents for the unregistered
817	modular unit cannot be located or verified, the third party inspector shall inspect the
818	unregistered modular unit for compliance with this chapter, including requiring disassembly of
819	the unregistered modular unit if necessary.
820	(5) If the third party inspector is able to review and verify the original construction
821	documents for the unregistered modular unit, and the original construction documents for the
822	unregistered modular unit are sufficient to determine whether the construction of the
823	unregistered modular unit complies with this chapter, the third party inspector may not require
824	disassembly of the modular unit.
825	(6) (a) If the third party inspector determines the unregistered modular unit is
826	compliant with the requirements for modular units in this chapter:
827	(i) the third party inspector shall report the finding to:
828	(A) the Division of Facilities Construction and Management; and
829	(B) the local regulator; and
830	(ii) affix a decal to the unregistered modular unit.
831	(b) The report described in Subsection (6)(a)(i) shall include a description of any

832	changes made to the unregistered modular unit.
833	(7) If an unregistered modular unit installed before May 4, 2024, has a certificate of
834	occupancy from a local regulator, the unregistered modular unit is considered compliant with
835	the requirements for a modular unit described in this chapter so long as the unregistered
836	modular unit remains in the jurisdiction of the local regulator that issued the certificate of
837	occupancy.
838	Section 13. Section 15A-1-306.1 is enacted to read:
839	15A-1-306.1. Division of Facilities Construction and Management duties for
840	modular building units.
841	The Division of Facilities Construction and Management:
842	(1) shall maintain current information on the HUD Code and the portions of the State
843	Construction Code relevant to modular building unit installation and provide at reasonable cost
844	the information to compliance agencies or local regulators requesting the information;
845	(2) shall provide qualified personnel to advise compliance agencies and local
846	regulators regarding the standards for:
847	(a) construction and installation of modular building units;
848	(b) construction and setup inspection of modular building units; and
849	(c) additions or modifications to modular building units;
850	(3) may inspect modular building units during the construction or manufacturing
851	process to determine compliance of a modular manufacturer with this title for modular building
852	units to be installed within the state;
853	(4) upon a finding of substantive deficiency at a modular manufacturer, through
854	inspection or based on a report from an approved third party inspection agency, may:
855	(a) suspend the manufacturer's construction of modular units to be sold or installed in
856	the state;
857	(b) issue a corrective order to the manufacturer; or
858	(c) require an increase in third party inspections until the Division of Facilities
859	Construction and Management is satisfied that the deficiency is resolved;
860	(5) shall, if an action is taken pursuant to Subsection (4), provide notice of its action
861	and a copy of the corrective order to the local regulator in the political subdivision where a
862	modular unit is to be installed;

863	(6) shall have rights of entry and inspection as specified under the HUD Code and
864	Modular Building Institute Standard 1200 and Standard 1205, as applicable;
865	(7) shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
866	Rulemaking Act, to implement this section and Section 15A-1-307, including a continuing
867	education requirement for modular building unit construction and installation contractors; and
868	(8) shall have the authority to set and collect fees associated with the provision of
869	decals to support the administration of the modular building unit program.
870	Section 14. Section 15A-1-307 is enacted to read:
871	15A-1-307. Third party review - Inspection agencies.
872	(1) By no later than July 1, 2024, the Division of Facilities Construction and
873	Management shall maintain a list of third party inspection agencies that have been approved by
874	the Division of Facilities Construction and Management to conduct:
875	(a) review of construction documents; and
876	(b) an inspection of a module or panelized system.
877	(2) An approved third party inspection agency:
878	(a) shall demonstrate knowledge of applicable sections of the Utah Code and State
879	Construction Code and other applicable laws and rules;
880	(b) shall be independent in judgment and not have any actual or potential conflict of
881	<u>interest;</u>
882	(c) is not affiliated with or influenced or controlled by any producer, supplier, vendor,
883	developer, builder, or related fields applicable to the construction of modular units in any
884	manner that might affect its capacity to render its conclusions and inspections without bias;
885	(d) shall carry insurance in the amount set by the Division of Facilities Construction
886	and Management to cover liabilities and losses arising or relating to possible errors and
887	omissions from its operations, reviews, and inspections; and
888	(e) shall perform all duties set forth in the Modular Building Institute Standard 1205,
889	Chapter 4, as amended.
890	(3) An approved third party inspector:
891	(a) shall demonstrate knowledge of applicable sections of the Utah Code and State
892	Construction Code and other applicable laws and rules;
893	(b) shall be independent in judgment and not have any actual or potential conflict of

894	interest;
895	(c) is not affiliated with or influenced or controlled by any producer, supplier, vendor,
896	developer, builder, or related fields applicable to the construction of modular units in any
897	manner that might affect its capacity to render its conclusions and inspections without bias;
898	(d) shall carry insurance in the amount set by the Division of Facilities Construction
899	and Management to cover liabilities and losses arising or relating to possible errors and
900	omissions from its operations, reviews, and inspections; and
901	(e) shall perform all duties set forth in the Modular Building Institute Standard 1205,
902	Chapter 4, as amended.
903	(4) A third party inspector at an approved third party agency shall:
904	(a) be licensed and certified as a combination building inspector under Title 58,
905	Occupations and Professions;
906	(b) meet the requirements for a third party inspector under the Modular Building
907	Institute Standard 1205, Chapter 4; and
908	(c) be knowledgeable regarding the construction and installation of modular units.
909	(5) (a) A modular manufacturer shall contract with one or more third party agencies or
910	third party inspectors to perform offsite construction documents review and inspection.
911	(b) A contract described in Subsection (5)(a) does not constitute an actual or implied
912	conflict of interest.
913	Section 15. Section 15A-1-308 is enacted to read:
914	15A-1-308. Manufacturing plants Quality assurance inspections.
915	(1) The Division of Facilities Construction and Management shall approve a modular
916	manufacturer before modular building units produced by or sold by the modular manufacturer
917	may be used for human occupancy within the state.
918	(2) A modular manufacturer, or an employee of a modular manufacturer, shall meet
919	each requirement of Modular Building Institute 1200 Standard, Chapter 5 and 1205 Standard,
920	Chapters 4 and 5.
921	(3) The quality assurance and control plan, as required in Modular Building Institute
922	1200 Standard, Chapter 5, and further defined per Modular Building Institute 1205 Standard,
923	Chapter 5, shall include a conflict of interest form developed by the Division of Facilities
924	Construction and Management.

925	(4) Quality assurance personnel at the manufacturing plant shall:
926	(a) demonstrate to the Division of Facilities Construction and Management and an
927	applicable third party inspection agency that the quality assurance personnel have adequate
928	knowledge of the product, factory operations, and the codes and standards for the product being
929	manufactured;
930	(b) demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Division of Facilities Construction and
931	Management the ability of the quality assurance personnel to perform required duties, as
932	outlined by the Division of Facilities Construction and Management by rule; and
933	(c) inspect each module and panelized system for quality control.
934	(5) (a) After local building permit issuance, a modular manufacturer, third party
935	agency, or third party inspector may not amend a construction document without approval from
936	a local regulator.
937	(b) A local regulator shall approve an amendment to a construction document unless it
938	violates a site-specific provision of municipal code or affects the safety or the habitability of a
939	modular unit.
940	Section 16. Section 15A-1-309 is enacted to read:
941	<u>15A-1-309.</u> Decal.
942	A decal issued by the Division of Facilities Construction and Management and affixed
943	by a third party inspection agency in compliance with this part shall warrant that the modular
944	building unit has been inspected in accordance with this part and the modular building unit is:
945	(1) fit for human occupancy; and
946	(2) manufactured in accordance with applicable codes and the construction documents.
947	Section 17. Section 15A-2-103 is amended to read:
948	15A-2-103. Specific editions adopted of construction code of a nationally
949	recognized code authority.
950	(1) Subject to the other provisions of this part, the following construction codes are
951	incorporated by reference, and together with the amendments specified in Chapter 3, Statewide
952	Amendments Incorporated as Part of State Construction Code, and Chapter 4, Local
953	Amendments Incorporated as Part of State Construction Code, are the construction standards to
954	be applied to building construction, alteration, remodeling, and repair, and in the regulation of
955	building construction, alteration, remodeling, and repair in the state:

956	(a) the 2021 edition of the International Building Code, including Appendices C and J,
957	issued by the International Code Council;
958	(b) except as provided in Subsection (1)(c), the 2021 edition of the International
959	Residential Code, issued by the International Code Council;
960	(c) the residential provisions of Chapter 11, Energy Efficiency, of the 2015 edition of
961	the International Residential Code, issued by the International Code Council;
962	(d) Appendix AQ of the 2021 edition of the International Residential Code, issued by
963	the International Code Council;
964	(e) the 2021 edition of the International Plumbing Code, issued by the International
965	Code Council;
966	(f) the 2021 edition of the International Mechanical Code, issued by the International
967	Code Council;
968	(g) the 2021 edition of the International Fuel Gas Code, issued by the International
969	Code Council;
970	(h) the 2020 edition of the National Electrical Code, issued by the National Fire
971	Protection Association;
972	(i) the residential provisions of the 2015 edition of the International Energy
973	Conservation Code, issued by the International Code Council;
974	(j) the commercial provisions of the 2021 edition of the International Energy
975	Conservation Code, issued by the International Code Council;
976	(k) the 2021 edition of the International Existing Building Code, issued by the
977	International Code Council;
978	(1) subject to Subsection 15A-2-104(2), the HUD Code;
979	(m) subject to Subsection 15A-2-104(1), Appendix AE of the 2021 edition of the
980	International Residential Code, issued by the International Code Council;
981	(n) subject to Subsection 15A-2-104(1), the 2005 edition of the NFPA 225 Model
982	Manufactured Home Installation Standard, issued by the National Fire Protection Association;
983	(o) subject to Subsection (3), for standards and guidelines pertaining to plaster on a
984	historic property, as defined in Section 9-8a-302, the U.S. Department of the Interior
985	Secretary's Standards for Rehabilitation and Guidelines for Rehabilitating Historic Buildings;
986	[and]

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- (p) the residential provisions of the 2021 edition of the International Swimming Pool and Spa Code, issued by the International Code Council[-]; and
- (a) Modular Building Institute Standards 1200 and 1205, issued by the International Code Council, except as modified by provisions of this title governing modular units.
- (2) Consistent with Title 65A, Chapter 8, Management of Forest Lands and Fire Control, the Legislature adopts the 2006 edition of the Utah Wildland Urban Interface Code, issued by the International Code Council, with the alternatives or amendments approved by the Utah Division of Forestry, Fire, and State Lands, as a construction code that may be adopted by a local compliance agency by local ordinance or other similar action as a local amendment to the codes listed in this section.
 - (3) The standards and guidelines described in Subsection (1)(0) apply only if:
- (a) the owner of the historic property receives a government tax subsidy based on the property's status as a historic property:
 - (b) the historic property is wholly or partially funded by public money; or
 - (c) the historic property is owned by a government entity.
 - Section 18. Section 17-27a-403 is amended to read:

17-27a-403. Plan preparation.

- (1) (a) The planning commission shall provide notice, as provided in Section 17-27a-203, of the planning commission's intent to make a recommendation to the county legislative body for a general plan or a comprehensive general plan amendment when the planning commission initiates the process of preparing the planning commission's recommendation.
- (b) The planning commission shall make and recommend to the legislative body a proposed general plan for:
 - (i) the unincorporated area within the county; or
- (ii) if the planning commission is a planning commission for a mountainous planning district, the mountainous planning district.
- (c) (i) The plan may include planning for incorporated areas if, in the planning commission's judgment, they are related to the planning of the unincorporated territory or of the county as a whole.
 - (ii) Elements of the county plan that address incorporated areas are not an official plan

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housing within the next five years;

(2)(b)(ii) for implementation; and

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1018	or part of a municipal plan for any municipality, unless the county plan is recommended by the
1019	municipal planning commission and adopted by the governing body of the municipality.
1020	(2) (a) At a minimum, the proposed general plan, with the accompanying maps, charts,
1021	and descriptive and explanatory matter, shall include the planning commission's
1022	recommendations for the following plan elements:
1023	(i) a land use element that:
1024	(A) designates the long-term goals and the proposed extent, general distribution, and
1025	location of land for housing for residents of various income levels, business, industry,
1026	agriculture, recreation, education, public buildings and grounds, open space, and other
1027	categories of public and private uses of land as appropriate;
1028	(B) includes a statement of the projections for and standards of population density and
1029	building intensity recommended for the various land use categories covered by the plan;
1030	(C) is coordinated to integrate the land use element with the water use and preservation
1031	element; and
1032	(D) accounts for the effect of land use categories and land uses on water demand;
1033	(ii) a transportation and traffic circulation element that:
1034	(A) provides the general location and extent of existing and proposed freeways, arterial
1035	and collector streets, public transit, active transportation facilities, and other modes of
1036	transportation that the planning commission considers appropriate;
1037	(B) addresses the county's plan for residential and commercial development around
1038	major transit investment corridors to maintain and improve the connections between housing,
1039	employment, education, recreation, and commerce; and
1040	(C) correlates with the population projections, the employment projections, and the
1041	proposed land use element of the general plan;
1042	(iii) for a specified county as defined in Section 17-27a-408, a moderate income
1043	housing element that:
1044	(A) provides a realistic opportunity to meet the need for additional moderate income

(B) selects three or more moderate income housing strategies described in Subsection

(C) includes an implementation plan as provided in Subsection (2)(e);

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- 1049 (iv) a resource management plan detailing the findings, objectives, and policies 1050 required by Subsection 17-27a-401(3); and (v) a water use and preservation element that addresses: 1051 1052 (A) the effect of permitted development or patterns of development on water demand 1053 and water infrastructure; 1054 (B) methods of reducing water demand and per capita consumption for future 1055 development; 1056 (C) methods of reducing water demand and per capita consumption for existing 1057 development; and 1058 (D) opportunities for the county to modify the county's operations to eliminate 1059 practices or conditions that waste water. 1060 (b) In drafting the moderate income housing element, the planning commission: 1061 (i) shall consider the Legislature's determination that counties should facilitate a reasonable opportunity for a variety of housing, including moderate income housing: 1062 1063 (A) to meet the needs of people of various income levels living, working, or desiring to 1064 live or work in the community; and 1065 (B) to allow people with various incomes to benefit from and fully participate in all 1066 aspects of neighborhood and community life; and 1067 (ii) shall include an analysis of how the county will provide a realistic opportunity for 1068 the development of moderate income housing within the planning horizon, including a 1069 recommendation to implement three or more of the following moderate income housing 1070 strategies: 1071 (A) rezone for densities necessary to facilitate the production of moderate income 1072 housing; 1073 (B) demonstrate investment in the rehabilitation or expansion of infrastructure that 1074 facilitates the construction of moderate income housing; 1075 (C) demonstrate investment in the rehabilitation of existing uninhabitable housing 1076 stock into moderate income housing; 1077 (D) identify and utilize county general fund subsidies or other sources of revenue to
 - waive construction related fees that are otherwise generally imposed by the county for the construction or rehabilitation of moderate income housing;

- (E) create or allow for, and reduce regulations related to, internal or detached accessory dwelling units in residential zones;
- (F) zone or rezone for higher density or moderate income residential development in commercial or mixed-use zones, commercial centers, or employment centers;
- (G) amend land use regulations to allow for higher density or new moderate income residential development in commercial or mixed-use zones near major transit investment corridors;
- (H) amend land use regulations to eliminate or reduce parking requirements for residential development where a resident is less likely to rely on the resident's own vehicle, such as residential development near major transit investment corridors or senior living facilities;
 - (I) amend land use regulations to allow for single room occupancy developments;
 - (J) implement zoning incentives for moderate income units in new developments;
- (K) preserve existing and new moderate income housing and subsidized units by utilizing a landlord incentive program, providing for deed restricted units through a grant program, or establishing a housing loss mitigation fund;
 - (L) reduce, waive, or eliminate impact fees related to moderate income housing;
- (M) demonstrate creation of, or participation in, a community land trust program for moderate income housing;
- (N) implement a mortgage assistance program for employees of the county, an employer that provides contracted services for the county, or any other public employer that operates within the county;
- (O) apply for or partner with an entity that applies for state or federal funds or tax incentives to promote the construction of moderate income housing, an entity that applies for programs offered by the Utah Housing Corporation within that agency's funding capacity, an entity that applies for affordable housing programs administered by the Department of Workforce Services, an entity that applies for services provided by a public housing authority to preserve and create moderate income housing, or any other entity that applies for programs or services that promote the construction or preservation of moderate income housing;
- (P) demonstrate utilization of a moderate income housing set aside from a community reinvestment agency, redevelopment agency, or community development and renewal agency

1111	to create or subsidize moderate income housing;
1112	(Q) create a housing and transit reinvestment zone pursuant to Title 63N, Chapter 3,
1113	Part 6, Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Act;
1114	(R) create a home ownership promotion zone pursuant to Part 12, Home Ownership
1115	Promotion Zone for Counties;
1116	[(R)] (S) eliminate impact fees for any accessory dwelling unit that is not an internal
1117	accessory dwelling unit as defined in Section 10-9a-530;
1118	[(S)] (T) create a program to transfer development rights for moderate income housing;
1119	[(T)] (U) ratify a joint acquisition agreement with another local political subdivision
1120	for the purpose of combining resources to acquire property for moderate income housing;
1121	[(U)] (V) develop a moderate income housing project for residents who are disabled or
1122	55 years old or older;
1123	[(V)] <u>(W)</u> create or allow for, and reduce regulations related to, multifamily residential
1124	dwellings compatible in scale and form with detached single-family residential dwellings and
1125	located in walkable communities within residential or mixed-use zones; and
1126	[(W)] (X) demonstrate implementation of any other program or strategy to address the
1127	housing needs of residents of the county who earn less than 80% of the area median income,
1128	including the dedication of a local funding source to moderate income housing or the adoption
1129	of a land use ordinance that requires 10% or more of new residential development in a
1130	residential zone be dedicated to moderate income housing.
1131	(iii) If a specified county, as defined in Section 17-27a-408, has created a small public
1132	transit district, as defined in Section 17B-2a-802, on or before January 1, 2022, the specified
1133	county shall include as part of the specified county's recommended strategies under Subsection
1134	(2)(b)(ii) a recommendation to implement the strategy described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii)(Q).
1135	(iv) The planning commission shall identify each moderate income housing strategy
1136	recommended to the legislative body for implementation by restating the exact language used
1137	to describe the strategy in Subsection (2)(b)(ii).
1138	(c) In drafting the land use element, the planning commission shall:
1139	(i) identify and consider each agriculture protection area within the unincorporated area
1140	of the county or mountainous planning district;
1141	(ii) avoid proposing a use of land within an agriculture protection area that is

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affect:

1142 inconsistent with or detrimental to the use of the land for agriculture; and 1143 (iii) consider and coordinate with any station area plans adopted by municipalities 1144 located within the county under Section 10-9a-403.1. 1145 (d) In drafting the transportation and traffic circulation element, the planning 1146 commission shall: 1147 (i) (A) consider and coordinate with the regional transportation plan developed by the county's region's metropolitan planning organization, if the relevant areas of the county are 1148 within the boundaries of a metropolitan planning organization; or 1149 1150 (B) consider and coordinate with the long-range transportation plan developed by the 1151 Department of Transportation, if the relevant areas of the county are not within the boundaries 1152 of a metropolitan planning organization; and 1153 (ii) consider and coordinate with any station area plans adopted by municipalities 1154 located within the county under Section 10-9a-403.1. 1155 (e) (i) In drafting the implementation plan portion of the moderate income housing element as described in Subsection (2)(a)(iii)(C), the planning commission shall recommend to 1156 1157 the legislative body the establishment of a five-year timeline for implementing each of the 1158 moderate income housing strategies selected by the county for implementation. 1159 (ii) The timeline described in Subsection (2)(e)(i) shall: 1160 (A) identify specific measures and benchmarks for implementing each moderate 1161 income housing strategy selected by the county; and 1162 (B) provide flexibility for the county to make adjustments as needed. 1163 (f) In drafting the water use and preservation element, the planning commission: 1164 (i) shall consider applicable regional water conservation goals recommended by the 1165 Division of Water Resources; 1166 (ii) shall consult with the Division of Water Resources for information and technical 1167 resources regarding regional water conservation goals, including how implementation of the 1168 land use element and water use and preservation element may affect the Great Salt Lake;

(iii) shall notify the community water systems serving drinking water within the

unincorporated portion of the county and request feedback from the community water systems

about how implementation of the land use element and water use and preservation element may

(E) reduction of yard waste; and

optimal amount of water to the plants being irrigated;

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1173 (A) water supply planning, including drinking water source and storage capacity 1174 consistent with Section 19-4-114; and (B) water distribution planning, including master plans, infrastructure asset 1175 management programs and plans, infrastructure replacement plans, and impact fee facilities 1176 1177 plans; 1178 (iv) shall consider the potential opportunities and benefits of planning for 1179 regionalization of public water systems; 1180 (v) shall consult with the Department of Agriculture and Food for information and 1181 technical resources regarding the potential benefits of agriculture conservation easements and 1182 potential implementation of agriculture water optimization projects that would support regional 1183 water conservation goals; 1184 (vi) shall notify an irrigation or canal company located in the county so that the irrigation or canal company can be involved in the protection and integrity of the irrigation or 1185 1186 canal company's delivery systems; 1187 (vii) shall include a recommendation for: 1188 (A) water conservation policies to be determined by the county; and 1189 (B) landscaping options within a public street for current and future development that 1190 do not require the use of lawn or turf in a parkstrip: 1191 (viii) shall review the county's land use ordinances and include a recommendation for 1192 changes to an ordinance that promotes the inefficient use of water; 1193 (ix) shall consider principles of sustainable landscaping, including the: 1194 (A) reduction or limitation of the use of lawn or turf; 1195 (B) promotion of site-specific landscape design that decreases stormwater runoff or 1196 runoff of water used for irrigation; 1197 (C) preservation and use of healthy trees that have a reasonable water requirement or 1198 are resistant to dry soil conditions; 1199 (D) elimination or regulation of ponds, pools, and other features that promote 1200 unnecessary water evaporation;

(F) use of an irrigation system, including drip irrigation, best adapted to provide the

1204	(x) may include recommendations for additional water demand reduction strategies,
1205	including:
1206	(A) creating a water budget associated with a particular type of development;
1207	(B) adopting new or modified lot size, configuration, and landscaping standards that
1208	will reduce water demand for new single family development;
1209	(C) providing one or more water reduction incentives for existing landscapes and
1210	irrigation systems and installation of water fixtures or systems that minimize water demand;
1211	(D) discouraging incentives for economic development activities that do not adequately
1212	account for water use or do not include strategies for reducing water demand; and
1213	(E) adopting water concurrency standards requiring that adequate water supplies and
1214	facilities are or will be in place for new development; and
1215	(xi) shall include a recommendation for low water use landscaping standards for a new:
1216	(A) commercial, industrial, or institutional development;
1217	(B) common interest community, as defined in Section 57-25-102; or
1218	(C) multifamily housing project.
1219	(3) The proposed general plan may include:
1220	(a) an environmental element that addresses:
1221	(i) to the extent not covered by the county's resource management plan, the protection,
1222	conservation, development, and use of natural resources, including the quality of:
1223	(A) air;
1224	(B) forests;
1225	(C) soils;
1226	(D) rivers;
1227	(E) groundwater and other waters;
1228	(F) harbors;
1229	(G) fisheries;
1230	(H) wildlife;
1231	(I) minerals; and
1232	(J) other natural resources; and
1233	(ii) (A) the reclamation of land, flood control, prevention and control of the pollution
1234	of streams and other waters;

1235	(B) the regulation of the use of land on hillsides, stream channels and other
1236	environmentally sensitive areas;
1237	(C) the prevention, control, and correction of the erosion of soils;
1238	(D) the preservation and enhancement of watersheds and wetlands; and
1239	(E) the mapping of known geologic hazards;
1240	(b) a public services and facilities element showing general plans for sewage, water,
1241	waste disposal, drainage, public utilities, rights-of-way, easements, and facilities for them,
1242	police and fire protection, and other public services;
1243	(c) a rehabilitation, redevelopment, and conservation element consisting of plans and
1244	programs for:
1245	(i) historic preservation;
1246	(ii) the diminution or elimination of a development impediment as defined in Section
1247	17C-1-102; and
1248	(iii) redevelopment of land, including housing sites, business and industrial sites, and
1249	public building sites;
1250	(d) an economic element composed of appropriate studies and forecasts, as well as an
1251	economic development plan, which may include review of existing and projected county
1252	revenue and expenditures, revenue sources, identification of basic and secondary industry,
1253	primary and secondary market areas, employment, and retail sales activity;
1254	(e) recommendations for implementing all or any portion of the general plan, including
1255	the adoption of land and water use ordinances, capital improvement plans, community
1256	development and promotion, and any other appropriate action;
1257	(f) provisions addressing any of the matters listed in Subsection 17-27a-401(2) or
1258	(3)(a)(i); and
1259	(g) any other element the county considers appropriate.
1260	Section 19. Section 17-27a-1201 is enacted to read:
1261	Part 12. Home Ownership Promotion Zone for Counties
1262	<u>17-27a-1201.</u> Definitions.
1263	As used in this part:
1264	(1) "Affordable housing" means housing offered for sale at 80% or less of the median
1265	county home price for housing of that type.

1266	(2) "Agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102.
1267	(3) "Base taxable value" means a property's taxable value as shown upon the
1268	assessment roll last equalized during the base year.
1269	(4) "Base year" means, for a proposed home ownership promotion zone area, a year
1270	beginning the first day of the calendar quarter determined by the last equalized tax roll before
1271	the adoption of the home ownership promotion zone.
1272	(5) "Home ownership promotion zone" means a home ownership promotion zone
1273	created pursuant to this part.
1274	(6) "Participant" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102.
1275	(7) "Participation agreement" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1276	<u>17C-1-102.</u>
1277	(8) "Project improvements" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1278	<u>11-36a-102.</u>
1279	(9) "System improvements" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1280	<u>11-36a-102.</u>
1281	(10) "Tax commission" means the State Tax Commission created in Section 59-1-201.
1282	(11) $\hat{H} \rightarrow (a) \leftarrow \hat{H}$ "Tax increment" means the difference between:
1283	$\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{(a)}]$ (i) $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ the amount of property tax revenue generated each tax year by a taxing
1283a	entity from
1284	the area within a home ownership promotion zone, using the current assessed value and each
1285	taxing entity's current certified tax rate as defined in Section 59-2-924; and
1286	$\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{(h)}]$ (ii) $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ the amount of property tax revenue that would be generated from that
1286a	same area
1287	using the base taxable value and each taxing entity's current certified tax rate as defined in
1288	<u>Section 59-2-924.</u>
1288a	$\hat{H} \rightarrow \underline{(b)}$ "Tax increment" does not include property revenue from:
1288b	(i) a multicounty assessing and collecting levy described in Subsection 59-2-1602(2); or
1288c	(ii) a county additional property tax described in Subsection 59-2-1602(4). ←Ĥ
1289	(12) "Taxing entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102.
1290	Section 20. Section 17-27a-1202 is enacted to read:
1291	17-27a-1202. County designation of a home ownership promotion zone.
1292	(1) Subject to Sections 17-27a-1203 and 17-27a-1204, a county may create a home
1293	ownership promotion zone as described in this section.
1294	(2) A home ownership promotion zone created under this section:

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1295 (a) is an area of 10 contiguous unincorporated acres or less located entirely within the

1296 boundaries of the county, zoned for fewer than six housing units per acre before the creation of

1297	the home ownership promotion zone;
1298	(b) shall be re-zoned for at least six housing units per acre; and
1299	(c) may not be encumbered by any residential building permits as of the day on which
1300	the home ownership promotion zone is created.
1301	(3) (a) The county shall designate the home ownership promotion zone by resolution of
1302	the legislative body of the county following:
1303	(i) the recommendation of the county planning commission; and
1304	(ii) the notification requirements described in Section 17-27a-1204.
1305	(b) The resolution described in Subsection (3)(a) shall describe how the home
1306	ownership promotion zone created pursuant to this section meets the objectives and
1307	requirements of Section 17-27a-1203.
1308	(c) The home ownership promotion zone is created on the effective date of the
1309	resolution described in Subsection (3)(a).
1310	(4) If a home ownership promotion zone is created as described in this section:
1311	(a) affected local taxing entities are required to participate according to the
1312	requirements of the home ownership promotion zone established by the county; and
1313	(b) each affected taxing entity is required to participate at the same rate.
1314	(5) A home ownership promotion zone may be modified by the same manner it is
1315	created as described in Subsection (3).
1316	(6) Within 30 days after the day on which the county creates the home ownership
1317	promotion zone as described in Subsection (3), the county shall:
1318	(a) record with the recorder a document containing:
1319	(i) a description of the land within the home ownership promotion zone; and
1320	(ii) the date of creation of the home ownership promotion zone;
1321	(b) transmit a copy of the description of the land within the home ownership promotion
1322	zone and an accurate map or plat indicating the boundaries of the home ownership promotion
1323	zone to the Utah Geospatial Resource Center created under Section 63A-16-505; and
1324	(c) transmit a map and description of the land within the home ownership promotion
1325	zone to:
1326	(i) the auditor, recorder, attorney, surveyor, and assessor of the county in which any
1327	part of the home ownership promotion zone is located;

1328	(ii) the officer or officers performing the function of auditor or assessor for each taxing
1329	entity that does not use the county assessment roll or collect the taxing entity's taxes through
1330	the county;
1331	(iii) the legislative body or governing board of each taxing entity impacted by the home
1332	ownership promotion zone;
1333	(iv) the tax commission; and
1334	(v) the State Board of Education.
1335	(7) A county may receive tax increment and use home ownership promotion zone
1336	funds as described in Section 17-27a-1205.
1337	Section 21. Section 17-27a-1203 is enacted to read:
1338	17-27a-1203. Applicability, requirements, and limitations.
1339	(1) A home ownership promotion zone shall promote the following objectives:
1340	(a) increasing availability of housing, including affordable housing;
1341	(b) promotion of home ownership;
1342	(c) overcoming development impediments and market conditions that render an
1343	affordable housing development cost prohibitive absent the incentives resulting from a home
1344	ownership promotion zone; and
1345	(d) conservation of water resources through efficient land use.
1346	(2) In order to accomplish the objectives described in Subsection (1), a county shall
1347	ensure that:
1348	(a) land inside the proposed home ownership promotion zone is zoned as residential,
1349	with at least six planned housing units per acre;
1350	(b) at least 60% of the proposed housing units within the home ownership promotion
1351	zone are affordable housing units; and
1352	(c) all of the proposed housing units within the home ownership promotion zone are
1353	deed restricted to require owner occupation for at least five years.
1354	(3) A county may restrict short term rentals in a home ownership promotion zone.
1355	(4) A county may not create a home ownership promotion zone if $\hat{H} \rightarrow :$
1355a	(a) the proposed home ownership promotion zone would overlap with a school district
1355b	and:
1355c	(i) (A) the school district has more than one municipality within the school
1355d	district's boundaries; and
1355e	(B) the school district already has 100 acres designated as home ownership
1355f	promotion zone within the school district's boundaries; or 3

1355g	Q (ii) (A) the school district has one municipality within the school district's
1355h	boundaries; and
1355i	(B) the school district already has 50 acres designated as home ownership
1355j	promotion zone within the school district's boundaries; or
1355k	(b) $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ the area in the
1356	proposed home ownership promotion zone would overlap with:
1357	$\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{(a)}]$ (i) $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ a project area, as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102, and created
1357a	under Title
1358	17C, Chapter 1, Agency Operations, until the project area is dissolved pursuant to Section

1359	<u>17C-1-702</u> ; or
1360	$\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{\text{(ii)}} \leftarrow \hat{H}]$ an existing housing and transit reinvestment zone.
1361	Section 22. Section 17-27a-1204 is enacted to read:
1362	17-27a-1204. Notification prior to creation of a home ownership promotion zone.
1363	(1) (a) As used in this section, "hearing" means a public meeting in which the
1364	legislative body of a county:
1365	(i) considers a resolution creating a home ownership promotion zone; and
1366	(ii) takes public comment on a proposed home ownership promotion zone.
1367	(b) A hearing under this section may be combined with any other public meeting of a
1368	legislative body of a county.
1369	(2) Before a county creates a home ownership promotion zone as described in Section
1370	17-27a-1002, it shall provide notice of a hearing as described in this section.
1371	(3) The notice required by Subsection (2) shall be given by:
1372	(a) publishing notice for the county, as a class A notice under Section 63G-30-102, for
1373	at least 14 days before the day on which the legislative body of the county intends to have a
1374	hearing;
1375	(b) at least 30 days before the hearing, mailing notice to:
1376	(i) each record owner of property located within the proposed home ownership
1377	promotion zone;
1378	(ii) the State Tax Commission; and
1379	(iii) (A) if the proposed home ownership promotion zone is subject to a taxing entity
1380	committee, each member of the taxing entity committee and the State Board of Education; or
1381	(B) if the proposed home ownership promotion zone is not subject to a taxing entity
1382	committee, the legislative body or governing board of each taxing entity within the boundaries
1383	of the proposed home ownership promotion zone.
1384	(4) The mailing of the notice to record property owners required under Subsection
1385	(3)(b) shall be conclusively considered to have been properly completed if:
1386	(a) the county mails the notice to the property owners as shown in the records,
1387	including an electronic database, of the county recorder's office and at the addresses shown in
1388	those records; and
1389	(b) the county recorder's office records used by the agency in identifying owners to

1390	whom the notice is mailed and their addresses were obtained or accessed from the county
1391	recorder's office no earlier than 30 days before the mailing.
1392	(5) The county shall include in each notice required under this section:
1393	(a) (i) a boundary description of the proposed home ownership promotion zone; or
1394	(ii) (A) a mailing address or telephone number where a person may request that a copy
1395	of the boundary description of the proposed home ownership promotion zone be sent at no cost
1396	to the person by mail, email, or facsimile transmission; and
1397	(B) if the agency or community has an Internet website, an Internet address where a
1398	person may gain access to an electronic, printable copy of the boundary description of the
1399	proposed home ownership promotion zone;
1400	(b) a map of the boundaries of the proposed home ownership promotion zone;
1401	(c) an explanation of the purpose of the hearing; and
1402	(d) a statement of the date, time, and location of the hearing.
1403	(6) The county shall include in each notice under Subsection (3)(b):
1404	(a) a statement that property tax revenue resulting from an increase in valuation of
1405	property within the proposed home ownership promotion zone will be paid to the county for
1406	proposed home ownership promotion zone development rather than to the taxing entity to
1407	which the tax revenue would otherwise have been paid; and
1408	(b) an invitation to the recipient of the notice to submit to the county comments
1409	concerning the subject matter of the hearing before the date of the hearing.
1410	(7) A county may include in a notice under Subsection (2) any other information the
1411	county considers necessary or advisable, including the public purpose achieved by the proposed
1412	home ownership promotion zone.
1413	Section 23. Section 17-27a-1205 is enacted to read:
1414	17-27a-1205. Payment, use, and administration of revenue from a home
1415	ownership promotion zone.
1416	(1) (a) A county may receive tax increment and use home ownership promotion zone
1417	funds in accordance with this section.
1418	(b) The maximum amount of time that a county may receive and use tax increment
1419	pursuant to a home ownership promotion zone is 15 consecutive years.
1420	(2) A county that collects property tax on property located within a home ownership

1421	promotion zone shall, in accordance with Section 59-2-1365, retain 60% of the tax increment
1422	collected from property within the home ownership promotion zone to be used as described in
1423	this section.
1424	(3) (a) Tax increment retained by a county in accordance with Subsection (2) is not
1425	revenue of the taxing entity or county, but home ownership promotion zone funds.
1426	(b) Home ownership promotion zone funds may be administered by an agency created
1427	by the county within which the home ownership promotion zone is located.
1428	(c) Before an agency may receive home ownership promotion zone funds from a
1429	county, the agency shall enter into an interlocal agreement with the county.
1430	(4) (a) A county or agency shall use home ownership promotion zone funds within, or
1431	for the direct benefit of, the home ownership promotion zone.
1432	(b) If any home ownership promotion zone funds will be used outside of the home
1433	ownership promotion zone, the legislative body of the county shall make a finding that the use
1434	of the home ownership promotion zone funds outside of the home ownership promotion zone
1435	will directly benefit the home ownership promotion zone.
1436	(5) A county or agency shall use home ownership promotion zone funds to achieve the
1437	purposes described in Section 17-27a-1203 by paying all or part of the costs of any of the
1438	following:
1439	(a) project improvement costs;
1440	(b) systems improvement costs; $\hat{H} \rightarrow \underline{or} \leftarrow \hat{H}$
1441	Ĥ→ [(c) property acquisition costs within the home ownership promotion zone; or
1442	$\underline{\text{(d)}}$ (c) \leftarrow \hat{H} the costs of the county to create and administer the home ownership promotion
1443	zone, which may not exceed 3% of the total home ownership promotion zone funds.
1444	(6) Home ownership promotion zone funds may be paid to a participant, if the county
1445	and participant enter into a participation agreement which requires the participant to utilize the
1446	home ownership promotion zone funds as allowed in this section.
1447	(7) Home ownership promotion zone funds may be used to pay all of the costs of bonds
1448	issued by the county in accordance with Title 17C, Chapter 1, Part 5, Agency Bonds, including
1449	the cost to issue and repay the bonds including interest.
1450	(8) A county may:
1451	(a) create one or more public infrastructure districts within home ownership promotion

1452	zone under Title 17D, Chapter 4, Public Infrastructure District Act; and
1453	(b) pledge and utilize the home ownership promotion zone funds to guarantee the
1454	payment of public infrastructure bonds issued by a public infrastructure district.
1455	Section 24. Section 35A-8-503 is amended to read:
1456	35A-8-503. Housing loan fund board Duties Expenses.
1457	(1) There is created the Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund Board.
1458	(2) The board is composed of [13] 14 voting members.
1459	(a) The governor shall appoint the following members to four-year terms:
1460	(i) two members from local governments, of which:
1461	(A) one member shall be a locally elected official who resides in a county of the first or
1462	second class; and
1463	(B) one member shall be a locally elected official who resides in a county of the third,
1464	fourth, fifth, or sixth class;
1465	(ii) two members from the mortgage lending community, of which:
1466	(A) one member shall have expertise in single-family mortgage lending; and
1467	(B) one member shall have expertise in multi-family mortgage lending;
1468	(iii) one member from real estate sales interests;
1469	(iv) two members from home builders interests, of which:
1470	(A) one member shall have expertise in single-family residential construction; and
1471	(B) one member shall have expertise in multi-family residential construction;
1472	(v) one member from rental housing interests;
1473	(vi) two members from housing advocacy interests, of which:
1474	(A) one member who resides within any area in a county of the first or second class;
1475	and
1476	(B) one member who resides within any area in a county of the third, fourth, fifth, or
1477	sixth class;
1478	(vii) one member of the manufactured housing interest;
1479	(viii) one member with expertise in transit-oriented developments; [and]
1480	(ix) one member who represents rural interests[-]; and
1481	(x) one member who represents the interests of modular housing.
1482	(b) The director or the director's designee serves as the secretary of the board.

(a) Section 63A-3-106;

(b) Section 63A-3-107; and

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1483 (c) The members of the board shall annually elect a chair from among the voting 1484 membership of the board. 1485 (3) (a) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (2), the governor shall, at the 1486 time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of 1487 board members are staggered so that approximately half of the board is appointed every two 1488 years. 1489 (b) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement is 1490 appointed for the unexpired term. 1491 (4) (a) The board shall: (i) meet regularly, at least quarterly to conduct business of the board, on dates fixed by 1492 1493 the board; 1494 (ii) meet twice per year, with at least one of the meetings in a rural area of the state, to 1495 provide information to and receive input from the public regarding the state's housing policies 1496 and needs; 1497 (iii) keep minutes of its meetings; and 1498 (iv) comply with the procedures and requirements of Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and 1499 Public Meetings Act. 1500 (b) Seven members of the board constitute a quorum, and the governor, the chair, or a 1501 majority of the board may call a meeting of the board. 1502 (5) The board shall: 1503 (a) review the housing needs in the state; 1504 (b) determine the relevant operational aspects of any grant, loan, or revenue collection 1505 program established under the authority of this chapter; 1506 (c) determine the means to implement the policies and goals of this chapter; 1507 (d) select specific projects to receive grant or loan money; and 1508 (e) determine how fund money shall be allocated and distributed. 1509 (6) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but 1510 may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:

(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and

1514	63A-3-10/.
1515	Section 25. Section 57-1-46 is amended to read:
1516	57-1-46. Transfer fee and reinvestment fee covenants.
1517	(1) As used in this section:
1518	(a) "Association expenses" means expenses incurred by a common interest association
1519	for:
1520	(i) the administration of the common interest association;
1521	(ii) the purchase, ownership, leasing, construction, operation, use, administration,
1522	maintenance, improvement, repair, or replacement of association facilities, including expenses
1523	for taxes, insurance, operating reserves, capital reserves, and emergency funds;
1524	(iii) providing, establishing, creating, or managing a facility, activity, service, or
1525	program for the benefit of property owners, tenants, common areas, the burdened property, or
1526	property governed by the common interest association; or
1527	(iv) other facilities, activities, services, or programs that are required or permitted
1528	under the common interest association's organizational documents.
1529	(b) "Association facilities" means any real property, improvements on real property, or
1530	personal property owned, leased, constructed, developed, managed, or used by a common
1531	interest association, including common areas.
1532	(c) "Burdened property" means the real property that is subject to a reinvestment fee
1533	covenant or transfer fee covenant.
1534	(d) "Common areas" means areas described within:
1535	(i) the definition of "common areas and facilities" under Section 57-8-3; and
1536	(ii) the definition of "common areas" under Section 57-8a-102.
1537	(e) "Common interest association":
1538	(i) means:
1539	(A) an association, as defined in Section 57-8a-102;
1540	(B) an association of unit owners, as defined in Section 57-8-3; or
1541	(C) a nonprofit association; and
1542	(ii) includes a person authorized by an association, association of unit owners, or
1543	nonprofit association, as the case may be.
1544	(f) "Large master planned development" means an approved development:

1343	(1) of at least 500 acres of 500 times, and
1546	(ii) that includes a commitment to fund, construct, develop, or maintain:
1547	(A) common infrastructure;
1548	(B) association facilities;
1549	(C) community programming;
1550	(D) resort facilities;
1551	(E) open space; or
1552	(F) recreation amenities.
1553	(g) "Nonprofit association" means a nonprofit corporation organized under Title 16,
1554	Chapter 6a, Utah Revised Nonprofit Corporation Act, to benefit, enhance, preserve, govern,
1555	manage, or maintain burdened property.
1556	(h) "Organizational documents":
1557	(i) for an association, as defined in Section 57-8a-102, means governing documents as
1558	defined in Section 57-8a-102;
1559	(ii) for an association of unit owners, as defined in Section 57-8-3, means a declaration
1560	as defined in Section 57-8-3; and
1561	(iii) for a nonprofit association:
1562	(A) means a written instrument by which the nonprofit association exercises powers or
1563	manages, maintains, or otherwise affects the property under the jurisdiction of the nonprofit
1564	association; and
1565	(B) includes articles of incorporation, bylaws, plats, charters, the nonprofit
1566	association's rules, and declarations of covenants, conditions, and restrictions.
1567	(i) "Reinvestment fee covenant" means a covenant, restriction, or agreement that:
1568	(i) affects real property; and
1569	(ii) obligates a future buyer or seller of the real property to pay to a common interest
1570	association, upon and as a result of a transfer of the real property, a fee that is dedicated to
1571	benefitting the burdened property, including payment for:
1572	(A) common planning, facilities, and infrastructure;
1573	(B) obligations arising from an environmental covenant;
1574	(C) community programming;
1575	(D) resort facilities;

15/6	(E) open space;
1577	(F) recreation amenities;
1578	(G) charitable purposes; or
1579	(H) association expenses.
1580	(j) "Transfer fee covenant":
1581	(i) means an obligation, however denominated, expressed in a covenant, restriction,
1582	agreement, or other instrument or document:
1583	(A) that affects real property;
1584	(B) that is imposed on a future buyer or seller of real property, other than a person who
1585	is a party to the covenant, restriction, agreement, or other instrument or document; and
1586	(C) to pay a fee upon and as a result of a transfer of the real property; and
1587	(ii) does not include:
1588	(A) an obligation imposed by a court judgment, order, or decree;
1589	(B) an obligation imposed by the federal government or a state or local government
1590	entity; or
1591	(C) a reinvestment fee covenant.
1592	(2) A transfer fee covenant recorded on or after March 16, 2010 is void and
1593	unenforceable.
1594	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), a reinvestment fee covenant may not
1595	be sold, assigned, or conveyed unless the sale, assignment, or conveyance is to a common
1596	interest association that was formed to benefit the burdened property.
1597	(b) A common interest association may assign or pledge to a lender the right to receive
1598	payment under a reinvestment fee covenant if:
1599	(i) the assignment or pledge is as collateral for a credit facility; and
1600	(ii) the lender releases the collateral interest upon payment in full of all amounts that
1601	the common interest association owes to the lender under the credit facility.
1602	(4) A reinvestment fee covenant recorded on or after March 16, 2010 is not enforceable
1603	if the reinvestment fee covenant is intended to affect property that is the subject of a previously
1604	recorded transfer fee covenant or reinvestment fee covenant.
1605	(5) A reinvestment fee covenant recorded on or after March 16, 2010 may not obligate
1606	the payment of a fee that exceeds .5% of the value of the burdened property, unless the

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burdened property is part of a large master planned development.

- (6) (a) A reinvestment fee covenant recorded on or after March 16, 2010 is void and unenforceable unless a notice of reinvestment fee covenant, separate from the reinvestment fee covenant, is recorded in the office of the recorder of each county in which any of the burdened property is located.
 - (b) A notice under Subsection (6)(a) shall:
- (i) state the name and address of the common interest association to which the fee under the reinvestment fee covenant is required to be paid;
- (ii) include the notarized signature of the common interest association's authorized representative;
- (iii) state that the burden of the reinvestment fee covenant is intended to run with the land and to bind successors in interest and assigns;
- (iv) state that the existence of the reinvestment fee covenant precludes the imposition of an additional reinvestment fee covenant on the burdened property;
 - (v) state the duration of the reinvestment fee covenant;
- (vi) state the purpose of the fee required to be paid under the reinvestment fee covenant; and
- (vii) state that the fee required to be paid under the reinvestment fee covenant is required to benefit the burdened property.
- (c) A recorded notice of reinvestment fee covenant that substantially complies with the requirements of Subsection (6)(b) is valid and effective.
- (7) (a) A reinvestment fee covenant or transfer fee covenant recorded before March 16, 2010 is not enforceable after May 31, 2010, unless:
- (i) a notice that is consistent with the notice described in Subsection (6) is recorded in the office of the recorder of each county in which any of the burdened property is located; or
- (ii) a notice of reinvestment fee covenant or transfer fee covenant, as described in Subsection (7)(b), is recorded in the office of the recorder of each county in which any of the burdened property is located.
 - (b) A notice under Subsection (7)(a)(ii) shall:
- 1636 (i) include the notarized signature of the beneficiary of the reinvestment fee covenant 1637 or transfer fee covenant, or the beneficiary's authorized representative;

1638	(ii) state the name and current address of the beneficiary under the reinvestment fee
1639	covenant or transfer fee covenant;
1640	(iii) state that the burden of the reinvestment fee covenant or transfer fee covenant is
1641	intended to run with the land and to bind successors in interest and assigns; and
1642	(iv) state the duration of the reinvestment fee covenant or transfer fee covenant.
1643	(c) A recorded notice of reinvestment fee covenant or transfer fee covenant that
1644	substantially complies with the requirements of Subsection (7)(b) is valid and effective.
1645	(d) A notice under Subsection (7)(b):
1646	(i) that is recorded after May 31, 2010, is not enforceable; and
1647	(ii) shall comply with the requirements of Section 57-1-47.
1648	(e) An amendment to a notice under Subsection (7)(b) recorded after May 31, 2010,
1649	seeking to amend a notice under Subsection (7)(b) recorded before May 31, 2010, is not an
1650	enforceable amendment.
1651	(8) A reinvestment fee covenant recorded on or after March 16, 2010, may not be
1652	enforced upon:
1653	(a) an involuntary transfer;
1654	(b) a transfer that results from a court order;
1655	(c) a bona fide transfer to a family member of the seller within three degrees of
1656	consanguinity who, before the transfer, provides adequate proof of consanguinity;
1657	(d) a transfer or change of interest due to death, whether provided in a will, trust, or
1658	decree of distribution; or
1659	(e) the transfer of burdened property by a financial institution, except to the extent that
1660	the reinvestment fee covenant requires the payment of a common interest association's costs
1661	directly related to the transfer of the burdened property, not to exceed \$250.
1662	Section 26. Section 57-1-47 is enacted to read:
1663	57-1-47. Notice requirements for continuation of existing private transfer fee
1664	obligations.
1665	(1) In addition to the requirements described in Subsection 57-1-46(7), a person
1666	required to file a notice under this section shall:
1667	(a) (i) file the notice described in this section on or before May 31, 2024; and
1668	(ii) re-file the notice, no earlier than May 1 and no later than May 31, every three years

1669	thereafter; and
1670	(b) amend the notice to reflect any change in the name or address of any payee included
1671	in the notice no later than the 30 days after the day on which the change occurs.
1672	(2) A person who amends a notice filed under Subsection (1) shall include with the
1673	amendment:
1674	(a) the recording information of the original notice; and
1675	(b) the legal description of the property subject to the private transfer fee obligation.
1676	(3) To be effective, a notice filed under this section shall be approved in writing by
1677	every person holding a majority of the beneficial interests in the private transfer fee obligation.
1678	(4) If a person required to file a notice under this section fails to comply with this
1679	section:
1680	(a) payment of the private transfer fee may not be a requirement for the conveyance of
1681	an interest in the property to a purchaser;
1682	(b) the property is not subject to further obligation under the private transfer fee
1683	obligation; and
1684	(c) the private transfer fee obligation is void.
1685	(5) A recorded notice of transfer fee covenant that complies with the requirements of
1686	this section is valid and effective.
1687	(6) (a) A person that is no longer subject to a private transfer fee obligation may seek
1688	declaratory relief in court to address any encumbrance on real property owned by the person.
1689	(b) Upon a successful claim for declaratory relief, as described in Subsection (6)(a), a
1690	court may award the person costs and reasonable attorney fees.
1691	Section 27. Section 59-2-924 is amended to read:
1692	59-2-924. Definitions Report of valuation of property to county auditor and
1693	commission Transmittal by auditor to governing bodies Calculation of certified tax
1694	rate Rulemaking authority Adoption of tentative budget Notice provided by the
1695	commission.
1696	(1) As used in this section:
1697	(a) (i) "Ad valorem property tax revenue" means revenue collected in accordance with
1698	this chapter.
1699	(ii) "Ad valorem property tax revenue" does not include:

1700	(A) interest;
1701	(B) penalties;
1702	(C) collections from redemptions; or
1703	(D) revenue received by a taxing entity from personal property that is semiconductor
1704	manufacturing equipment assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County
1705	Assessment.
1706	(b) "Adjusted tax increment" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1707	17C-1-102.
1708	(c) (i) "Aggregate taxable value of all property taxed" means:
1709	(A) the aggregate taxable value of all real property a county assessor assesses in
1710	accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for the current year;
1711	(B) the aggregate taxable value of all real and personal property the commission
1712	assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the current year; and
1713	(C) the aggregate year end taxable value of all personal property a county assessor
1714	assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, contained on the prior year's tax rolls
1715	of the taxing entity.
1716	(ii) "Aggregate taxable value of all property taxed" does not include the aggregate year
1717	end taxable value of personal property that is:
1718	(A) semiconductor manufacturing equipment assessed by a county assessor in
1719	accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and
1720	(B) contained on the prior year's tax rolls of the taxing entity.
1721	(d) "Base taxable value" means:
1722	(i) for an authority created under Section 11-58-201, the same as that term is defined in
1723	Section 11-58-102;
1724	(ii) for the Point of the Mountain State Land Authority created in Section 11-59-201,
1725	the same as that term is defined in Section 11-59-207;
1726	(iii) for an agency created under Section 17C-1-201.5, the same as that term is defined
1727	in Section 17C-1-102;
1728	(iv) for an authority created under Section 63H-1-201, the same as that term is defined
1729	in Section 63H-1-102:

(v) for a host local government, the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-2-502;

1731	[or]
1732	(vi) for a housing and transit reinvestment zone created under Title 63N, Chapter 3,
1733	Part 6, Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Act, a property's taxable value as shown upon
1734	the assessment roll last equalized during the base year, as that term is defined in Section
1735	63N-3-602[-]; or
1736	(vii) for a home ownership promotion zone created under Title 10, Chapter 9a, Part 10,
1737	Home Ownership Promotion Zone for Municipalities, or Title 17, Chapter 27a, Part 12, Home
1738	Ownership Promotion Zone for Counties, a property's taxable value as shown upon the
1739	assessment roll last equalized during the base year, as that term is defined in Section
1740	<u>10-9a-1001</u> or Section <u>17-27a-1201</u> .
1741	(e) "Centrally assessed benchmark value" means an amount equal to the highest year
1742	end taxable value of real and personal property the commission assesses in accordance with
1743	Part 2, Assessment of Property, for a previous calendar year that begins on or after January 1,
1744	2015, adjusted for taxable value attributable to:
1745	(i) an annexation to a taxing entity;
1746	(ii) an incorrect allocation of taxable value of real or personal property the commission
1747	assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property; or
1748	(iii) a change in value as a result of a change in the method of apportioning the value
1749	prescribed by the Legislature, a court, or the commission in an administrative rule or
1750	administrative order.
1751	(f) (i) "Centrally assessed new growth" means the greater of:
1752	(A) zero; or
1753	(B) the amount calculated by subtracting the centrally assessed benchmark value
1754	adjusted for prior year end incremental value from the taxable value of real and personal
1755	property the commission assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the
1756	current year, adjusted for current year incremental value.
1757	(ii) "Centrally assessed new growth" does not include a change in value as a result of a
1758	change in the method of apportioning the value prescribed by the Legislature, a court, or the
1759	commission in an administrative rule or administrative order.
1760	(g) "Certified tax rate" means a tax rate that will provide the same ad valorem property

tax revenue for a taxing entity as was budgeted by that taxing entity for the prior year.

1763	Section 17C-1-102.
1764	(i) "Eligible new growth" means the greater of:
1765	(i) zero; or
1766	(ii) the sum of:
1767	(A) locally assessed new growth;
1768	(B) centrally assessed new growth; and
1769	(C) project area new growth or hotel property new growth.
1770	(j) "Host local government" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1771	63N-2-502.
1772	(k) "Hotel property" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-2-502.
1773	(l) "Hotel property new growth" means an amount equal to the incremental value that
1774	is no longer provided to a host local government as incremental property tax revenue.
1775	(m) "Incremental property tax revenue" means the same as that term is defined in
1776	Section 63N-2-502.
1777	(n) "Incremental value" means:
1778	(i) for an authority created under Section 11-58-201, the amount calculated by
1779	multiplying:
1780	(A) the difference between the taxable value and the base taxable value of the property
1781	that is located within a project area and on which property tax differential is collected; and
1782	(B) the number that represents the percentage of the property tax differential that is
1783	paid to the authority;
1784	(ii) for the Point of the Mountain State Land Authority created in Section 11-59-201,
1785	an amount calculated by multiplying:
1786	(A) the difference between the current assessed value of the property and the base
1787	taxable value; and
1788	(B) the number that represents the percentage of the property tax augmentation, as
1789	defined in Section 11-59-207, that is paid to the Point of the Mountain State Land Authority;
1790	(iii) for an agency created under Section 17C-1-201.5, the amount calculated by
1791	multiplying:
1792	(A) the difference between the taxable value and the base taxable value of the property

(h) "Community reinvestment agency" means the same as that term is defined in

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1793	located within a project area and on which tax increment is collected; and
1794	(B) the number that represents the adjusted tax increment from that project area that is
1795	paid to the agency;
1796	(iv) for an authority created under Section 63H-1-201, the amount calculated by
1797	multiplying:
1798	(A) the difference between the taxable value and the base taxable value of the property
1799	located within a project area and on which property tax allocation is collected; and
1800	(B) the number that represents the percentage of the property tax allocation from that
1801	project area that is paid to the authority;
1802	(v) for a housing and transit reinvestment zone created pursuant to Title 63N, Chapter
1803	3, Part 6, Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Act, an amount calculated by multiplying:
1804	(A) the difference between the taxable value and the base taxable value of the property
1805	that is located within a housing and transit reinvestment zone and on which tax increment is
1806	collected; and
1807	(B) the number that represents the percentage of the tax increment that is paid to the
1808	housing and transit reinvestment zone;
1809	(vi) for a host local government, an amount calculated by multiplying:
1810	(A) the difference between the taxable value and the base taxable value of the hotel
1811	property on which incremental property tax revenue is collected; and
1812	(B) the number that represents the percentage of the incremental property tax revenue
1813	from that hotel property that is paid to the host local government; [or]
1814	(vii) for the State Fair Park Authority created in Section 11-68-201, the taxable value
1815	of:
1816	(A) fair park land, as defined in Section 11-68-101, that is subject to a privilege tax
1817	under Section 11-68-402; or
1818	(B) personal property located on property that is subject to the privilege tax described
1819	in Subsection (1)(n)(vii)(A)[-]; or

10, Home Ownership Promotion Zone for Municipalities, or Title 17, Chapter 27a, Part 12,

Home Ownership Promotion Zone for Counties, an amount calculated by multiplying:

(viii) for a home ownership promotion zone created under Title 10, Chapter 9a, Part

(A) the difference between the taxable value and the base taxable value of the property

1824	that is located within a home ownership promotion zone and on which tax increment is
1825	collected; and
1826	(B) the number that represents the percentage of the tax increment that is paid to the
1827	home ownership promotion zone.
1828	(o) (i) "Locally assessed new growth" means the greater of:
1829	(A) zero; or
1830	(B) the amount calculated by subtracting the year end taxable value of real property the
1831	county assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for the previous year,
1832	adjusted for prior year end incremental value from the taxable value of real property the county
1833	assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for the current year, adjusted
1834	for current year incremental value.
1835	(ii) "Locally assessed new growth" does not include a change in:
1836	(A) value as a result of factoring in accordance with Section 59-2-704, reappraisal, or
1837	another adjustment;
1838	(B) assessed value based on whether a property is allowed a residential exemption for a
1839	primary residence under Section 59-2-103;
1840	(C) assessed value based on whether a property is assessed under Part 5, Farmland
1841	Assessment Act; or
1842	(D) assessed value based on whether a property is assessed under Part 17, Urban
1843	Farming Assessment Act.
1844	(p) "Project area" means:
1845	(i) for an authority created under Section 11-58-201, the same as that term is defined in
1846	Section 11-58-102;
1847	(ii) for an agency created under Section 17C-1-201.5, the same as that term is defined
1848	in Section 17C-1-102; or
1849	(iii) for an authority created under Section 63H-1-201, the same as that term is defined
1850	in Section 63H-1-102.
1851	(q) "Project area new growth" means:
1852	(i) for an authority created under Section 11-58-201, an amount equal to the
1853	incremental value that is no longer provided to an authority as property tax differential;
1854	(ii) for the Point of the Mountain State Land Authority created in Section 11-59-201,

1855	an amount equal to the incremental value that is no longer provided to the Point of the
1856	Mountain State Land Authority as property tax augmentation, as defined in Section 11-59-207;
1857	(iii) for an agency created under Section 17C-1-201.5, an amount equal to the
1858	incremental value that is no longer provided to an agency as tax increment;
1859	(iv) for an authority created under Section 63H-1-201, an amount equal to the
1860	incremental value that is no longer provided to an authority as property tax allocation; [or]
1861	(v) for a housing and transit reinvestment zone created under Title 63N, Chapter 3, Part
1862	6, Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Act, an amount equal to the incremental value that
1863	is no longer provided to a housing and transit reinvestment zone as tax increment[:]; or
1864	(vi) for a home ownership promotion zone created under Title 10, Chapter 9a, Part 10,
1865	Home Ownership Promotion Zone for Municipalities, or Title 17, Chapter 27a, Part 12, Home
1866	Ownership Promotion Zone for Counties, an amount equal to the incremental value that is no
1867	longer provided to a home ownership promotion zone as tax increment.
1868	(r) "Project area incremental revenue" means the same as that term is defined in
1869	Section 17C-1-1001.
1870	(s) "Property tax allocation" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1871	63H-1-102.
1872	(t) "Property tax differential" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1873	11-58-102.
1874	(u) "Qualifying exempt revenue" means revenue received:
1875	(i) for the previous calendar year;
1876	(ii) by a taxing entity;
1877	(iii) from tangible personal property contained on the prior year's tax rolls that is
1878	exempt from property tax under Subsection 59-2-1115(2)(b) for a calendar year beginning on
1879	January 1, 2022; and
1880	(iv) on the aggregate 2021 year end taxable value of the tangible personal property that
1881	exceeds \$15,300.
1882	(v) "Tax increment" means:
1883	(i) for a project created under Section 17C-1-201.5, the same as that term is defined in
1884	Section 17C-1-102; [or]
1885	(ii) for a housing and transit reinvestment zone created under Title 63N, Chapter 3,

1886	Part 6, Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Act, the same as that term is defined in Section
1887	63N-3-602[-]; or
1888	(iii) for a home ownership promotion zone created under Title 10, Chapter 9a, Part 10,
1889	Home Ownership Promotion Zone for Municipalities, or Title 17, Chapter 27a, Part 12, Home
1890	Ownership Promotion Zone for Counties, the same as that term is defined in Section
1891	<u>10-9a-1001</u> or Section <u>17-27a-1201</u> .
1892	(2) Before June 1 of each year, the county assessor of each county shall deliver to the
1893	county auditor and the commission the following statements:
1894	(a) a statement containing the aggregate valuation of all taxable real property a county
1895	assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, for each taxing entity; and
1896	(b) a statement containing the taxable value of all personal property a county assessor
1897	assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment, from the prior year end values.
1898	(3) The county auditor shall, on or before June 8, transmit to the governing body of
1899	each taxing entity:
1900	(a) the statements described in Subsections (2)(a) and (b);
1901	(b) an estimate of the revenue from personal property;
1902	(c) the certified tax rate; and
1903	(d) all forms necessary to submit a tax levy request.
1904	(4) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the certified tax rate shall be
1905	calculated by dividing the ad valorem property tax revenue that a taxing entity budgeted for the
1906	prior year minus the qualifying exempt revenue by the amount calculated under Subsection
1907	(4)(b).
1908	(b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the legislative body of a taxing entity shall
1909	calculate an amount as follows:
1910	(i) calculate for the taxing entity the difference between:
1911	(A) the aggregate taxable value of all property taxed; and
1912	(B) any adjustments for current year incremental value;
1913	(ii) after making the calculation required by Subsection (4)(b)(i), calculate an amount
1914	determined by increasing or decreasing the amount calculated under Subsection (4)(b)(i) by the
1915	average of the percentage net change in the value of taxable property for the equalization
1916	period for the three calendar years immediately preceding the current calendar year;

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1917 (iii) after making the calculation required by Subsection (4)(b)(ii), calculate the product 1918 of: 1919 (A) the amount calculated under Subsection (4)(b)(ii): and 1920 (B) the percentage of property taxes collected for the five calendar years immediately 1921 preceding the current calendar year; and 1922 (iv) after making the calculation required by Subsection (4)(b)(iii), calculate an amount 1923 determined by: 1924 (A) multiplying the percentage of property taxes collected for the five calendar years 1925 immediately preceding the current calendar year by eligible new growth; and 1926 (B) subtracting the amount calculated under Subsection (4)(b)(iv)(A) from the amount 1927 calculated under Subsection (4)(b)(iii). 1928 (5) A certified tax rate for a taxing entity described in this Subsection (5) shall be 1929 calculated as follows: 1930 (a) except as provided in Subsection (5)(b) or (c), for a new taxing entity, the certified 1931 tax rate is zero; 1932 (b) for a municipality incorporated on or after July 1, 1996, the certified tax rate is: 1933 (i) in a county of the first, second, or third class, the levy imposed for municipal-type 1934 services under Sections 17-34-1 and 17-36-9; and 1935 (ii) in a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class, the levy imposed for general county 1936 purposes and such other levies imposed solely for the municipal-type services identified in 1937 Section 17-34-1 and Subsection 17-36-3(23); 1938 (c) for a community reinvestment agency that received all or a portion of a taxing 1939 entity's project area incremental revenue in the prior year under Title 17C, Chapter 1, Part 10, 1940 Agency Taxing Authority, the certified tax rate is calculated as described in Subsection (4) 1941 except that the commission shall treat the total revenue transferred to the community 1942 reinvestment agency as ad valorem property tax revenue that the taxing entity budgeted for the 1943 prior year; and 1944 (d) for debt service voted on by the public, the certified tax rate is the actual levy 1945 imposed by that section, except that a certified tax rate for the following levies shall be

(i) a school levy provided for under Section 53F-8-301, 53F-8-302, or 53F-8-303; and

calculated in accordance with Section 59-2-913 and this section:

1948 (ii) a levy to pay for the costs of state legislative mandates or judicial or administrative 1949 orders under Section 59-2-1602. 1950 (6) (a) A judgment levy imposed under Section 59-2-1328 or 59-2-1330 may be 1951 imposed at a rate that is sufficient to generate only the revenue required to satisfy one or more 1952 eligible judgments. 1953 (b) The ad valorem property tax revenue generated by a judgment levy described in 1954 Subsection (6)(a) may not be considered in establishing a taxing entity's aggregate certified tax 1955 rate. 1956 (7) (a) For the purpose of calculating the certified tax rate, the county auditor shall use: 1957 (i) the taxable value of real property: 1958 (A) the county assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and 1959 (B) contained on the assessment roll; 1960 (ii) the year end taxable value of personal property: 1961 (A) a county assessor assesses in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and 1962 (B) contained on the prior year's assessment roll; and 1963 (iii) the taxable value of real and personal property the commission assesses in 1964 accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property. (b) For purposes of Subsection (7)(a), taxable value does not include eligible new 1965 1966 growth. 1967 (8) (a) On or before June 30, a taxing entity shall annually adopt a tentative budget. 1968 (b) If a taxing entity intends to exceed the certified tax rate, the taxing entity shall 1969 notify the county auditor of: 1970 (i) the taxing entity's intent to exceed the certified tax rate; and 1971 (ii) the amount by which the taxing entity proposes to exceed the certified tax rate. 1972 (c) The county auditor shall notify property owners of any intent to levy a tax rate that 1973 exceeds the certified tax rate in accordance with Sections 59-2-919 and 59-2-919.1. 1974 (9) (a) Subject to Subsection (9)(d), the commission shall provide notice, through 1975 electronic means on or before July 31, to a taxing entity and the Revenue and Taxation Interim 1976 Committee if: 1977 (i) the amount calculated under Subsection (9)(b) is 10% or more of the year end

taxable value of the real and personal property the commission assesses in accordance with

- 1979 Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the previous year, adjusted for prior year end incremental 1980 value; and
 - (ii) the amount calculated under Subsection (9)(c) is 50% or more of the total year end taxable value of the real and personal property of a taxpayer the commission assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the previous year.
 - (b) For purposes of Subsection (9)(a)(i), the commission shall calculate an amount by subtracting the taxable value of real and personal property the commission assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the current year, adjusted for current year incremental value, from the year end taxable value of the real and personal property the commission assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the previous year, adjusted for prior year end incremental value.
 - (c) For purposes of Subsection (9)(a)(ii), the commission shall calculate an amount by subtracting the total taxable value of real and personal property of a taxpayer the commission assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the current year, from the total year end taxable value of the real and personal property of a taxpayer the commission assesses in accordance with Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the previous year.
 - (d) The notification under Subsection (9)(a) shall include a list of taxpayers that meet the requirement under Subsection (9)(a)(ii).
 - Section 28. Section **63H-8-501** is amended to read:
- **63H-8-501. Definitions.**

As used in this part:

- (1) (a) "First-time homebuyer" means an individual who [qualifies for assistance under 42 U.S.C. Sec. 12852.] satisfies:
- (i) the three-year requirement described in Section 143(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and any corresponding federal regulations; and
 - (ii) requirements made by the corporation by rule, as described in Section 63H-8-502.
- (b) "First-time homebuyer" includes a single parent, as defined by the corporation by rule made as described in Section 63H-8-502, who would meet the three-year requirement described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) but for a present ownership interest in a principal residence in which the single parent:
 - (i) had a present ownership interest with the single parent's former spouse during the

2010	three-year period,
2011	(ii) resided while married during the three-year period; and
2012	(iii) no longer:
2013	(A) has a present ownership interest; or
2014	(B) resides.
2015	(2) "Home equity amount" means the difference between:
2016	(a) (i) in the case of a sale, the sales price for which the qualifying residential unit is
2017	sold by the recipient in a bona fide sale to a third party with no right to repurchase <u>less an</u>
2018	amount up to 1% of the sales price used for seller-paid closing costs; or
2019	(ii) in the case of a refinance, the current appraised value of the qualifying residential
2020	unit; and
2021	(b) the total payoff amount of any qualifying mortgage loan that was used to finance
2022	the purchase of the qualifying residential unit.
2023	(3) "Program" means the First-Time Homebuyer Assistance Program created in Section
2024	63H-8-502.
2025	(4) "Program funds" means money appropriated for the program.
2026	(5) "Qualifying mortgage loan" means a mortgage loan that:
2027	(a) is purchased by the corporation; and
2028	(b) is subject to a document that is recorded in the office of the county recorder of the
2029	county in which the residential unit is located.
2030	(6) "Qualifying residential unit" means a residential unit that:
2031	(a) is located in the state;
2032	(b) is new construction or newly constructed but not yet inhabited;
2033	(c) is financed by a qualifying mortgage loan;
2034	(d) is owner-occupied [upon] within 60 days of purchase, or in the case of a two-unit
2035	dwelling, at least one unit is owner-occupied within 60 days of purchase; and
2036	(e) is purchased for an amount that does not exceed:
2037	(i) \$450,000; or
2038	(ii) if applicable, the maximum purchase price established by the corporation under
2039	Subsection 63H-8-502(6).
2040	(7) "Recipient" means a first-time homebuyer who receives program funds.

2041	(8) (a) "Residential unit" means a house, condominium, townhome, or similar
2042	residential structure that serves as a one-unit dwelling or forms part of a two-unit dwelling.
2043	(b) "Residential unit" includes a manufactured home or modular home that is attached
2044	to a permanent foundation.
2045	Section 29. Section 63H-8-502 is amended to read:
2046	63H-8-502. First-Time Homebuyer Assistance Program.
2047	(1) There is created the First-Time Homebuyer Assistance Program administered by
2048	the corporation.
2049	(2) Subject to appropriations from the Legislature, the corporation shall distribute
2050	program funds to:
2051	(a) first-time homebuyers to provide support for the purchase of qualifying residential
2052	units; and
2053	(b) reimburse the corporation for a distribution of funds under Subsection (2)(a) that
2054	took place on or after July 1, 2023.
2055	(3) The maximum amount of program funds that a first-time homebuyer may receive
2056	under the program is \$20,000.
2057	(4) (a) A recipient may use program funds to pay for:
2058	(i) the down payment on a qualifying residential unit;
2059	(ii) closing costs associated with the purchase of a qualifying residential unit;
2060	(iii) a permanent reduction in the advertised par interest rate on a qualifying mortgage
2061	loan that is used to finance a qualifying residential unit; or
2062	(iv) any combination of Subsections (4)(a)(i), (ii), and (iii).
2063	(b) The corporation shall direct the disbursement of program funds for a purpose
2064	authorized in Subsection (4)(a).
2065	(c) A recipient may not receive a payout or distribution of program funds upon closing.
2066	(5) The builder or developer of a qualifying residential unit may not increase the price
2067	of the qualifying residential unit on the basis of program funds being used towards the purchase
2068	of that qualifying residential unit.
2069	(6) (a) In accordance with rules made by the corporation under Subsection (9), the
2070	corporation may adjust the maximum purchase price of a qualifying residential unit for which a
2071	first-time homebuyer qualifies to receive program funds in order to reflect current market

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2072	conditions[, provided that].
2073	(b) In connection with an adjustment made under Subsection (6)(a), the corporation
2074	may establish one or more maximum purchase prices corresponding by residential unit type,
2075	geographic location, or any other factor the corporation considers relevant.
2076	(c) [the] The corporation [adjusts the] may adjust a maximum purchase price under t

- (c) [the] The corporation [adjusts the] may adjust a maximum purchase price under this Subsection (6) no more frequently than once each calendar year.
- (7) (a) [Hf] Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), if the recipient sells the qualifying residential unit or refinances the qualifying mortgage loan that was used to finance the purchase of the qualifying residential unit before the end of the original term of the qualifying mortgage loan, the recipient shall repay to the corporation an amount equal to the lesser of:
 - [(a)] (i) the amount of program funds the recipient received; or
 - [(b)] (ii) 50% of the recipient's home equity amount.
- (b) Subsection (7)(a) does not apply to a qualifying mortgage loan that is refinanced with a new qualifying mortgage loan if any subordinate qualifying mortgage loan, or loan from program funds used on the purchase of the qualifying residential unit, is resubordinated only to the new qualifying mortgage loan.
- (8) Any funds repaid to the corporation under Subsection (7) shall be used for program distributions.
- (9) The corporation shall make rules governing the application form, process, and criteria the corporation will use to distribute program funds to first-time homebuyers, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
 - (10) The corporation may use up to 5% of program funds for administration.
- (11) The corporation shall report annually to the Social Services Appropriations Subcommittee on disbursements from the program and any adjustments made to the maximum purchase price or maximum purchase prices of a qualifying residential unit under Subsection (6).
- 2098 Section 30. Effective date.
- This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.
- 2100 Section 31. **Retrospective operation.**
- 2101 (1) The following sections have retrospective operation to July 1, 2023:
- 2102 (a) Section 63H-8-501; and

(b) Section 63H-8-502.