

115TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 1809

To reauthorize and improve the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MARCH 30, 2017

Mr. LEWIS of Minnesota (for himself, Ms. FOXX, Mr. ROKITA, Mr. SCOTT of Virginia, Mrs. DAVIS of California, and Ms. WILSON of Florida) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Education and the Workforce

A BILL

To reauthorize and improve the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Juvenile Justice Re-
5 form Act of 2017”.

6 **SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.**

7 The table of contents for this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title.

Sec. 2. Table of contents.

TITLE I—DECLARATION OF FINDINGS, PURPOSE, AND
DEFINITIONS

- Sec. 101. Findings.
- Sec. 102. Purposes.
- Sec. 103. Definitions.

TITLE II—JUVENILE JUSTICE AND DELINQUENCY PREVENTION

- Sec. 201. Concentration of Federal efforts.
- Sec. 202. Coordinating Council on Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention.
- Sec. 203. Annual report.
- Sec. 204. Allocation of funds.
- Sec. 205. State plans.
- Sec. 206. Repeal of juvenile delinquency prevention block grant program.
- Sec. 207. Research and evaluation; statistical analyses; information dissemination.
- Sec. 208. Training and technical assistance.
- Sec. 209. Authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 210. Administrative authority.

TITLE III—INCENTIVE GRANTS FOR LOCAL DELINQUENCY PREVENTION PROGRAMS

- Sec. 301. Short Title.
- Sec. 302. Definitions.
- Sec. 303. Duties and functions of the administrator.
- Sec. 304. Grants for delinquency prevention programs.
- Sec. 305. Grants for tribal delinquency prevention and response programs.
- Sec. 306. Authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 307. Technical amendment.

TITLE IV—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- Sec. 401. Evaluation by Government Accountability Office.
- Sec. 402. Accountability and oversight.

1 **TITLE I—DECLARATION OF** 2 **FINDINGS, PURPOSE, AND** 3 **DEFINITIONS**

4 **SEC. 101. FINDINGS.**

5 Section 101(a)(9) of the Juvenile Justice and Delin-
6 quency Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5601(a)(9)) is
7 amended by inserting “, including offenders who enter the
8 juvenile justice system as the result of sexual abuse, ex-
9 ploitation, and trauma,” after “young juvenile offenders”.

1 **SEC. 102. PURPOSES.**

2 Section 102 of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency
3 Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5602) is amended—

4 (1) in paragraph (1), by inserting “, tribal,”
5 after “State”;

6 (2) in paragraph (2)—

7 (A) by inserting “, tribal,” after “State”;

8 and

9 (B) by striking “and” at the end;

10 (3) by amending paragraph (3) to read as fol-
11 lows:

12 “(3) to assist State, tribal, and local govern-
13 ments in addressing juvenile crime through the pro-
14 vision of technical assistance, research, training,
15 evaluation, and the dissemination of current and rel-
16 evant information on effective and evidence-based
17 programs and practices for combating juvenile delin-
18 quency; and”; and

19 (4) by adding at the end the following:

20 “(4) to support a continuum of evidence-based
21 or promising programs (including delinquency pre-
22 vention, intervention, mental health, behavioral
23 health and substance abuse treatment, family serv-
24 ices, and services for children exposed to violence)
25 that are trauma informed, reflect the science of ado-
26 lescent development, and are designed to meet the

1 needs of at-risk youth and youth who come into con-
2 tact with the justice system.”.

3 **SEC. 103. DEFINITIONS.**

4 Section 103 of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency
5 Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5603) is amended—

6 (1) in paragraph (8)—

7 (A) in subparagraph (B)(ii), by adding
8 “or” at the end;

9 (B) by striking subparagraph (C); and

10 (C) by redesignating subparagraph (D) as
11 subparagraph (C);

12 (2) in paragraph (18)—

13 (A) by inserting “for purposes of title II,”
14 before “the term”; and

15 (B) by adding at the end the following:

16 “that has a law enforcement function, as determined
17 by the Secretary of the Interior in consultation with
18 the Attorney General;”.

19 (3) by amending paragraph (22) to read as fol-
20 lows:

21 “(22) the term ‘jail or lockup for adults’ means
22 a secure facility that is used by a State, unit of local
23 government, or law enforcement authority to detain
24 or confine adult inmates;”;

1 (4) by amending paragraph (25) to read as fol-
2 lows:

3 “(25) the term ‘sight or sound contact’ means
4 any physical, clear visual, or verbal contact that is
5 not brief and inadvertent;”;

6 (5) by amending paragraph (26) to read as fol-
7 lows:

8 “(26) the term ‘adult inmate’—

9 “(A) means an individual who—

10 “(i) has reached the age of full crimi-
11 nal responsibility under applicable State
12 law; and

13 “(ii) has been arrested and is in cus-
14 tody for or awaiting trial on a criminal
15 charge, or is convicted of a criminal of-
16 fense; and

17 “(B) does not include an individual who—

18 “(i) at the time of the time of the of-
19 fense, was younger than the maximum age
20 at which a youth can be held in a juvenile
21 facility under applicable State law; and

22 “(ii) was committed to the care and
23 custody or supervision, including post-
24 placement or parole supervision, of a juve-
25 nile correctional agency by a court of com-

1 petent jurisdiction or by operation of appli-
2 cable State law;”;

3 (6) in paragraph (28), by striking “and” at the
4 end;

5 (7) in paragraph (29), by striking the period at
6 the end and inserting a semicolon; and

7 (8) by adding at the end the following:

8 “(30) the term ‘core requirements’—

9 “(A) means the requirements described in
10 paragraphs (11), (12), (13), and (15) of section
11 223(a); and

12 “(B) does not include the data collection
13 requirements described in subparagraphs (A)
14 through (K) of section 207(1);

15 “(31) the term ‘chemical agent’ means a spray
16 or injection used to temporarily incapacitate a per-
17 son, including oleoresin capsicum spray, tear gas,
18 and 2-chlorobenzalmalononitrile gas;

19 “(32) the term ‘isolation’—

20 “(A) means any instance in which a youth
21 is confined alone for more than 10 minutes in
22 a room or cell; and

23 “(B) does not include—

24 “(i) confinement during regularly
25 scheduled sleeping hours;

1 “(ii) separation based on a treatment
2 program approved by a licensed medical or
3 mental health professional;

4 “(iii) confinement or separation that
5 is requested by the youth; or

6 “(iv) the separation of the youth from
7 a group in a nonlocked setting for the lim-
8 ited purpose of calming;

9 “(33) the term ‘restraints’ has the meaning
10 given that term in section 591 of the Public Health
11 Service Act (42 U.S.C. 290ii);

12 “(34) the term ‘evidence-based’ means a pro-
13 gram or practice that—

14 “(A) is demonstrated to be effective when
15 implemented with fidelity;

16 “(B) is based on a clearly articulated and
17 empirically supported theory;

18 “(C) has measurable outcomes relevant to
19 juvenile justice, including a detailed description
20 of the outcomes produced in a particular popu-
21 lation, whether urban or rural; and

22 “(D) has been scientifically tested and
23 proven effective through randomized control
24 studies or comparison group studies and with
25 the ability to replicate and scale;

1 “(35) the term ‘promising’ means a program or
2 practice that—

3 “(A) is demonstrated to be effective based
4 on positive outcomes relevant to juvenile justice
5 from 1 or more objective, independent, and sci-
6 entifically valid evaluations, as documented in
7 writing to the Administrator; and

8 “(B) will be evaluated through a well-de-
9 signed and rigorous study, as described in para-
10 graph (34)(D);

11 “(36) the term ‘dangerous practice’ means an
12 act, procedure, or program that creates an unreason-
13 able risk of physical injury, pain, or psychological
14 harm to a juvenile subjected to the act, procedure,
15 or program;

16 “(37) the term ‘screening’ means a brief proc-
17 ess—

18 “(A) designed to identify youth who may
19 have mental health, behavioral health, sub-
20 stance abuse, or other needs requiring imme-
21 diate attention, intervention, and further eval-
22 uation; and

23 “(B) the purpose of which is to quickly
24 identify a youth with possible mental health, be-

1 havioral health, substance abuse, or other needs
2 in need of further assessment;

3 “(38) the term ‘assessment’ includes, at a min-
4 imum, an interview and review of available records
5 and other pertinent information—

6 “(A) by an appropriately trained profes-
7 sional who is licensed or certified by the appli-
8 cable State in the mental health, behavioral
9 health, or substance abuse fields; and

10 “(B) which is designed to identify signifi-
11 cant mental health, behavioral health, or sub-
12 stance abuse treatment needs to be addressed
13 during a youth’s confinement;

14 “(39) for purposes of section 223(a)(15), the
15 term ‘contact’ means the points at which a youth
16 and the juvenile justice system or criminal justice
17 system officially intersect, including interactions
18 with a juvenile justice, juvenile court, or law enforce-
19 ment official;

20 “(40) the term ‘trauma-informed’ means—

21 “(A) understanding the impact that expo-
22 sure to violence and trauma have on a youth’s
23 physical, psychological, and psychosocial devel-
24 opment;

1 “(B) recognizing when a youth has been
2 exposed to violence and trauma and is in need
3 of help to recover from the adverse impacts of
4 trauma; and

5 “(C) responding in ways that resist re-
6 traumatization;

7 “(41) the term ‘racial and ethnic disparity’
8 means minority youth populations are involved at a
9 decision point in the juvenile justice system at high-
10 er rates, incrementally or cumulatively, than non-mi-
11 nority youth at that decision point;

12 “(42) the term ‘status offender’ means a juve-
13 nile who is charged with or who has committed an
14 offense that would not be criminal if committed by
15 an adult;

16 “(43) the term ‘rural’ means an area that is
17 not located in a metropolitan statistical area, as de-
18 fined by the Office of Management and Budget;

19 “(44) the term ‘internal controls’ means a proc-
20 ess implemented to provide reasonable assurance re-
21 garding the achievement of objectives in—

22 “(A) effectiveness and efficiency of oper-
23 ations, such as grant management practices;

24 “(B) reliability of reporting for internal
25 and external use; and

1 “(C) compliance with applicable laws and
2 regulations, as well as recommendations of the
3 Office of Inspector General and the Government
4 Accountability Office; and
5 “(45) the term ‘tribal government’ means the
6 governing body of an Indian tribe.”.

7 **TITLE II—JUVENILE JUSTICE**
8 **AND DELINQUENCY PREVEN-**
9 **TION**

10 **SEC. 201. CONCENTRATION OF FEDERAL EFFORTS.**

11 Section 204 of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency
12 Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5614) is amended—

13 (1) in subsection (a)—

14 (A) in paragraph (1), in the first sen-
15 tence—

16 (i) by striking “a long-term plan, and
17 implement” and inserting the following: “a
18 long-term plan to improve the juvenile jus-
19 tice system in the United States, taking
20 into account scientific knowledge regarding
21 adolescent development and behavior and
22 regarding the effects of delinquency pre-
23 vention programs and juvenile justice
24 interventions on adolescents, and shall im-
25 plement”; and

1 (ii) by striking “research, and im-
2 provement of the juvenile justice system in
3 the United States” and inserting “and re-
4 search”; and

5 (B) in paragraph (2)(B), by striking “Fed-
6 eral Register” and all that follows and inserting
7 “Federal Register during the 30-day period
8 ending on October 1 of each year.”; and
9 (2) in subsection (b)—

10 (A) by striking paragraph (7);

11 (B) by redesignating paragraphs (5) and
12 (6) as paragraphs (6) and (7), respectively;

13 (C) by inserting after paragraph (4), the
14 following:

15 “(5) not later than 1 year after the date of en-
16 actment of the Juvenile Justice Reform Act of 2017,
17 in consultation with Indian tribes, develop a policy
18 for the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency
19 Prevention to collaborate with representatives of In-
20 dian tribes with a criminal justice function on the
21 implementation of the provisions of this Act relating
22 to Indian tribes;”;

23 (D) in paragraph (6), as so redesignated,
24 by adding “and” at the end; and

25 (E) in paragraph (7), as so redesignated—

- 1 (i) by striking “monitoring”;
- 2 (ii) by striking “section 223(a)(15)”
- 3 and inserting “section 223(a)(14)”; and
- 4 (iii) by striking “to review the ade-
- 5 quacy of such systems; and” and inserting
- 6 “for monitoring compliance.”.

7 **SEC. 202. COORDINATING COUNCIL ON JUVENILE JUSTICE**
 8 **AND DELINQUENCY PREVENTION.**

9 Section 206 of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency
 10 Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5616) is amended—

11 (1) in subsection (a)—

12 (A) in paragraph (1)—

13 (i) by inserting “the Assistant Sec-
 14 retary for Mental Health and Substance
 15 Use, the Secretary of the Interior,” after
 16 “the Secretary of Health and Human
 17 Services,”; and

18 (ii) by striking “Commissioner of Im-
 19 migration and Naturalization” and insert-
 20 ing “Assistant Secretary for Immigration
 21 and Customs Enforcement”; and

22 (B) in paragraph (2), by striking “United
 23 States” and inserting “Federal Government”;
 24 and

25 (2) in subsection (c)—

1 (A) in paragraph (1), by striking “para-
2 graphs (12)(A), (13), and (14) of section
3 223(a) of this title” and inserting “the core re-
4 quirements”; and

5 (B) in paragraph (2)—

6 (i) in the matter preceding subpara-
7 graph (A), by inserting “, on an annual
8 basis” after “collectively”; and

9 (ii) by striking subparagraph (B) and
10 inserting the following:

11 “(B) not later than 120 days after the
12 completion of the last meeting of the Council
13 during any fiscal year, submit to the Committee
14 on Education and the Workforce of the House
15 of Representatives and the Committee on the
16 Judiciary of the Senate a report that—

17 “(i) contains the recommendations de-
18 scribed in subparagraph (A);

19 “(ii) includes a detailed account of the
20 activities conducted by the Council during
21 the fiscal year, including a complete de-
22 tailed accounting of expenses incurred by
23 the Council to conduct operations in ac-
24 cordance with this section;

1 “(iii) is published on the Web sites of
2 the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delin-
3 quency Prevention, the Council, and the
4 Department of Justice; and
5 “(iv) is in addition to the annual re-
6 port required under section 207.”.

7 **SEC. 203. ANNUAL REPORT.**

8 Section 207 of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency
9 Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5617) is amended—

10 (1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by
11 striking “a fiscal year” and inserting “each fiscal
12 year”;

13 (2) in paragraph (1)—

14 (A) in subparagraph (B), by striking “and
15 gender” and inserting “, gender, and ethnicity,
16 as such term is defined by the Bureau of the
17 Census,”;

18 (B) in subparagraph (E), by striking
19 “and” at the end;

20 (C) in subparagraph (F)—

21 (i) by inserting “and other” before
22 “disabilities,”; and

23 (ii) by striking the period at the end
24 and inserting a semicolon; and

25 (D) by adding at the end the following:

1 “(G) a summary of data from 1 month of
2 the applicable fiscal year of the use of restraints
3 and isolation upon juveniles held in the custody
4 of secure detention and correctional facilities
5 operated by a State or unit of local government;

6 “(H) the number of status offense cases
7 petitioned to court, number of status offenders
8 held in secure detention, the findings used to
9 justify the use of secure detention, and the av-
10 erage period of time a status offender was held
11 in secure detention;

12 “(I) the number of juveniles released from
13 custody and the type of living arrangement to
14 which they are released;

15 “(J) the number of juveniles whose offense
16 originated on school grounds, during school-
17 sponsored off-campus activities, or due to a re-
18 ferral by a school official, as collected and re-
19 ported by the Department of Education or simi-
20 lar State educational agency; and

21 “(K) the number of juveniles in the cus-
22 tody of secure detention and correctional facili-
23 ties operated by a State or unit of local govern-
24 ment who report being pregnant.”; and

25 (3) by adding at the end the following:

1 “(5) A description of the criteria used to deter-
2 mine what programs qualify as evidence-based and
3 promising programs under this title and title V and
4 a comprehensive list of those programs the Adminis-
5 trator has determined meet such criteria in both
6 rural and urban areas.

7 “(6) A description of funding provided to In-
8 dian tribes under this Act or for a juvenile delin-
9 quency or prevention program under the Tribal Law
10 and Order Act of 2010 (Public Law 111–211; 124
11 Stat. 2261), including direct Federal grants and
12 funding provided to Indian tribes through a State or
13 unit of local government.

14 “(7) An analysis and evaluation of the internal
15 controls at the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delin-
16 quency Prevention to determine if grantees are fol-
17 lowing the requirements of the Office of Juvenile
18 Justice and Delinquency Prevention grant programs
19 and what remedial action the Office of Juvenile Jus-
20 tice and Delinquency Prevention has taken to re-
21 cover any grant funds that are expended in violation
22 of the grant programs, including instances—

23 “(A) in which supporting documentation
24 was not provided for cost reports;

1 “(B) where unauthorized expenditures oc-
 2 curred; or

3 “(C) where subrecipients of grant funds
 4 were not compliant with program requirements.

5 “(8) An analysis and evaluation of the total
 6 amount of payments made to grantees that the Of-
 7 fice of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention
 8 recouped from grantees that were found to be in vio-
 9 lation of policies and procedures of the Office of Ju-
 10 venile Justice and Delinquency Prevention grant
 11 programs, including—

12 “(A) the full name and location of the
 13 grantee;

14 “(B) the violation of the program found;

15 “(C) the amount of funds sought to be re-
 16 couped by the Office of Juvenile Justice and
 17 Delinquency Prevention; and

18 “(D) the actual amount recouped by the
 19 Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Pre-
 20 vention.”.

21 **SEC. 204. ALLOCATION OF FUNDS.**

22 (a) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—Section 221(b)(1) of
 23 the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of
 24 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5631(b)(1)) is amended by striking “2
 25 percent” and inserting “5 percent”.

1 (b) OTHER ALLOCATIONS.—Section 222 of the Juve-
2 nile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (42
3 U.S.C. 5632) is amended—

4 (1) in subsection (a)—

5 (A) in paragraph (1), by striking “age
6 eighteen” and inserting “18 years of age, based
7 on the most recent data available from the Bu-
8 reau of the Census”; and

9 (B) by striking paragraphs (2) and (3) and
10 inserting the following:

11 “(2)(A) If the aggregate amount appropriated for a
12 fiscal year to carry out this title is less than \$75,000,000,
13 then—

14 “(i) the amount allocated to each State other
15 than a State described in clause (ii) for that fiscal
16 year shall be not less than \$400,000; and

17 “(ii) the amount allocated to the United States
18 Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the
19 Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands for
20 that fiscal year shall be not less than \$75,000.

21 “(B) If the aggregate amount appropriated for a fis-
22 cal year to carry out this title is not less than
23 \$75,000,000, then—

1 “(i) the amount allocated to each State other
2 than a State described in clause (ii) for that fiscal
3 year shall be not less than \$600,000; and

4 “(ii) the amount allocated to the United States
5 Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the
6 Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands for
7 that fiscal year shall be not less than \$100,000.”;

8 (2) in subsection (c), by striking “efficient ad-
9 ministration, including monitoring, evaluation, and
10 one full-time staff position” and inserting “effective
11 and efficient administration of funds, including the
12 designation of not less than 1 individual who shall
13 coordinate efforts to achieve and sustain compliance
14 with the core requirements and certify whether the
15 State is in compliance with such requirements”; and

16 (3) in subsection (d), by striking “5 per centum
17 of the minimum” and inserting “not more than 5
18 percent of the”.

19 **SEC. 205. STATE PLANS.**

20 Section 223 of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency
21 Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5633) is amended—

22 (1) in subsection (a)—

23 (A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1),
24 by striking “and shall describe the status of
25 compliance with State plan requirements.” and

1 inserting “and shall describe how the State plan
2 is supported by or takes account of scientific
3 knowledge regarding adolescent development
4 and behavior and regarding the effects of delin-
5 quency prevention programs and juvenile justice
6 interventions on adolescents. Not later than 60
7 days after the date on which a plan or amended
8 plan submitted under this subsection is final-
9 ized, a State shall make the plan or amended
10 plan publicly available by posting the plan or
11 amended plan on the State’s publicly available
12 website.”;

13 (B) in paragraph (1), by striking “de-
14 scribed in section 299(c)(1)” and inserting “as
15 designated by the chief executive officer of the
16 State”;

17 (C) in paragraph (3)—

18 (i) in subparagraph (A)—

19 (I) in clause (i), by inserting “ad-
20 olescent development,” after “con-
21 cerning”;

22 (II) in clause (ii)—

23 (aa) in subclause (II), by in-
24 serting “publicly supported court-
25 appointed legal counsel with ex-

1 perience representing juveniles in
2 delinquency proceedings,” after
3 “youth,”;

4 (bb) in subclause (III), by
5 striking “mental health, edu-
6 cation, special education” and in-
7 serting “child and adolescent
8 mental health, education, child
9 and adolescent substance abuse,
10 special education, services for
11 youth with disabilities”;

12 (cc) in subclause (V), by
13 striking “delinquents or potential
14 delinquents” and inserting “de-
15 linquent youth or youth at risk of
16 delinquency”;

17 (dd) in subclause (VI), by
18 striking “youth workers involved
19 with” and inserting “representa-
20 tives of”;

21 (ee) in subclause (VII), by
22 striking “and” at the end; and

23 (ff) by striking subclause
24 (VIII) and inserting the fol-
25 lowing:

1 “(VIII) persons, licensed or cer-
2 tified by the applicable State, with ex-
3 pertise and competence in preventing
4 and addressing mental health and
5 substance abuse needs in delinquent
6 youth and youth at risk of delin-
7 quency;

8 “(IX) representatives of victim or
9 witness advocacy groups, including at
10 least 1 individual with expertise in ad-
11 dressing the challenges of sexual
12 abuse and exploitation and trauma,
13 particularly the needs of youth who
14 experience disproportionate levels of
15 sexual abuse, exploitation, and trauma
16 before entering the juvenile justice
17 system; and

18 “(X) for a State in which 1 or
19 more Indian tribes are located, an In-
20 dian tribal representative or other in-
21 dividual with significant expertise in
22 tribal law enforcement and juvenile
23 justice in Indian tribal communities;”;

24 (III) in clause (iv), by striking
25 “24 at the time of appointment” and

1 inserting “28 at the time of initial ap-
2 pointment”; and

3 (IV) in clause (v) by inserting
4 “or, if not feasible and in appropriate
5 circumstances, who is the parent or
6 guardian of someone who has been or
7 is currently under the jurisdiction of
8 the juvenile justice system” after “ju-
9 venile justice system”;

10 (ii) in subparagraph (C), by striking
11 “30 days” and inserting “45 days”; and

12 (iii) in subparagraph (D)—

13 (I) in clause (i), by striking
14 “and” at the end; and

15 (II) in clause (ii), by striking “at
16 least annually recommendations re-
17 garding State compliance with the re-
18 quirements of paragraphs (11), (12),
19 and (13)” and inserting “at least
20 every 2 years a report and necessary
21 recommendations regarding State
22 compliance with the core require-
23 ments”; and

24 (iv) in subparagraph (E)—

1 (I) in clause (i), by adding “and”
2 at the end; and

3 (II) in clause (ii), by striking the
4 period at the end and inserting a
5 semicolon;

6 (D) in paragraph (5)(C), by striking “In-
7 dian tribes” and all that follows through “appli-
8 cable to the detention and confinement of juve-
9 niles” and inserting “Indian tribes that agree
10 to attempt to comply with the core require-
11 ments applicable to the detention and confine-
12 ment of juveniles”;

13 (E) in paragraph (7)—

14 (i) in subparagraph (A), by striking
15 “performs law enforcement functions” and
16 inserting “has jurisdiction”; and

17 (ii) in subparagraph (B)—

18 (I) in clause (iii), by striking
19 “and” at the end; and

20 (II) by striking clause (iv) and
21 inserting the following:

22 “(iv) a plan to provide alternatives to
23 detention for status offenders, survivors of
24 commercial sexual exploitation, and others,
25 where appropriate, such as specialized or

1 problem-solving courts or diversion to
2 home-based or community-based services
3 or treatment for those youth in need of
4 mental health, substance abuse, or co-oc-
5 curring disorder services at the time such
6 juveniles first come into contact with the
7 juvenile justice system;

8 “(v) a plan to reduce the number of
9 children housed in secure detention and
10 corrections facilities who are awaiting
11 placement in residential treatment pro-
12 grams;

13 “(vi) a plan to engage family mem-
14 bers, where appropriate, in the design and
15 delivery of juvenile delinquency prevention
16 and treatment services, particularly post-
17 placement;

18 “(vii) a plan to use community-based
19 services to respond to the needs of at-risk
20 youth or youth who have come into contact
21 with the juvenile justice system;

22 “(viii) a plan to promote evidence-
23 based and trauma-informed programs and
24 practices; and

1 “(ix) not later than 1 year after the
2 date of enactment of the Juvenile Justice
3 Reform Act of 2017, a plan, which shall be
4 implemented not later than 2 years after
5 the date of enactment of the Juvenile Jus-
6 tice Reform Act of 2017, to—

7 “(I) eliminate the use of re-
8 straints of known pregnant juveniles
9 housed in secure juvenile detention
10 and correction facilities, during labor,
11 delivery, and post-partum recovery,
12 unless credible, reasonable grounds
13 exist to believe the detainee presents
14 an immediate and serious threat of
15 hurting herself, staff, or others; and

16 “(II) eliminate the use of abdom-
17 inal restraints, leg and ankle re-
18 straints, wrist restraints behind the
19 back, and four-point restraints on
20 known pregnant juveniles, unless—

21 “(aa) credible, reasonable
22 grounds exist to believe the de-
23 tainee presents an immediate and
24 serious threat of hurting herself,
25 staff, or others; or

1 “(bb) reasonable grounds
2 exist to believe the detainee pre-
3 sents an immediate and credible
4 risk of escape that cannot be rea-
5 sonably minimized through any
6 other method;”;

7 (F) in paragraph (8), by striking “exist-
8 ing” and inserting “evidence-based and prom-
9 ising”;

10 (G) in paragraph (9)—

11 (i) in the matter preceding subpara-
12 graph (A), by inserting “, with priority in
13 funding given to entities meeting the cri-
14 teria for evidence-based or promising pro-
15 grams” after “used for”;

16 (ii) in subparagraph (A)—

17 (I) in clause (i)—

18 (aa) by inserting “status of-
19 fenders and other” before “youth
20 who need”; and

21 (bb) by striking “and” at
22 the end;

23 (II) in clause (ii) by adding
24 “and” at the end; and

1 (III) by inserting after clause (ii)
2 the following:

3 “(iii) for youth who need specialized
4 intensive and comprehensive services that
5 address the unique issues encountered by
6 youth when they become involved with
7 gangs;”;

8 (iii) in subparagraph (B)(i)—

9 (I) by striking “parents and
10 other family members” and inserting
11 “status offenders, other youth, and
12 the parents and other family members
13 of such offenders and youth”; and

14 (II) by striking “be retained”
15 and inserting “remain”;

16 (iv) in subparagraph (E)—

17 (I) in the matter preceding clause
18 (i), by striking “delinquent” and in-
19 serting “at-risk or delinquent youth”;
20 and

21 (II) in clause (i), by inserting “,
22 including for truancy prevention and
23 reduction” before the semicolon;

24 (v) in subparagraph (F), in the mat-
25 ter preceding clause (i), by striking “ex-

1 panding” and inserting “programs to ex-
2 pand”;

3 (vi) by redesignating subparagraphs
4 (G) through (S) as subparagraphs (H)
5 through (T), respectively;

6 (vii) by inserting after subparagraph
7 (F), the following:

8 “(G) programs—

9 “(i) to ensure youth have access to
10 appropriate legal representation; and

11 “(ii) to expand access to publicly sup-
12 ported, court-appointed legal counsel who
13 are trained to represent juveniles in adju-
14 dication proceedings,

15 except that the State may not use more than 2
16 percent of the funds received under section 222
17 for these purposes;”;

18 (viii) in subparagraph (H), as so re-
19 designated, by striking “State,” each place
20 the term appears and inserting “State,
21 tribal,”;

22 (ix) in subparagraph (M), as so redес-
23 ignated—

24 (I) in clause (i)—

1 (aa) by inserting “pre-adju-
2 dication and” before “post-adju-
3 dication”;

4 (bb) by striking “restraints”
5 and inserting “alternatives”; and

6 (cc) by inserting “specialized
7 or problem-solving courts,” after
8 “(including”; and

9 (II) in clause (ii)—

10 (aa) by striking “by the pro-
11 vision by the Administrator”; and

12 (bb) by striking “to States”;

13 (x) in subparagraph (N), as redesig-
14 nated—

15 (I) by inserting “and reduce the
16 risk of recidivism” after “families”;
17 and

18 (II) by striking “so that such ju-
19 veniles may be retained in their
20 homes”;

21 (xi) in subparagraph (S), as so redes-
22 ignated, by striking “and” at the end;

23 (xii) in subparagraph (T), as so redes-
24 ignated—

1 (I) by inserting “or co-occurring
2 disorder” after “mental health”;

3 (II) by inserting “court-involved
4 or” before “incarcerated”;

5 (III) by striking “suspected to
6 be”;

7 (IV) by striking “and discharge
8 plans” and inserting “provision of
9 treatment, and development of dis-
10 charge plans”; and

11 (V) by striking the period at the
12 end and inserting a semicolon; and

13 (xiii) by inserting after subparagraph
14 (T) the following:

15 “(U) programs and projects designed—

16 “(i) to inform juveniles of the oppor-
17 tunity and process for sealing and
18 expunging juvenile records; and

19 “(ii) to assist juveniles in pursuing ju-
20 venile record sealing and expungements for
21 both adjudications and arrests not followed
22 by adjudications,

23 except that the State may not use more than 2
24 percent of the funds received under section 222
25 for these purposes;

1 “(V) programs that address the needs of
2 girls in or at risk of entering the juvenile justice
3 system, including pregnant girls, young moth-
4 ers, victims of sexual abuse, survivors of com-
5 mercial sexual exploitation or domestic child sex
6 trafficking, girls with disabilities, and girls of
7 color, including girls who are members of an In-
8 dian tribe; and

9 “(W) monitoring for compliance with the
10 core requirements and providing training and
11 technical assistance on the core requirements to
12 secure facilities;”;

13 (H) by striking paragraph (11) and insert-
14 ing the following:

15 “(11)(A) in accordance with rules issued by the
16 Administrator, provide that a juvenile shall not be
17 placed in a secure detention facility or a secure cor-
18 rectional facility, if—

19 “(i) the juvenile is charged with or has
20 committed an offense that would not be crimi-
21 nal if committed by an adult, excluding—

22 “(I) a juvenile who is charged with or
23 has committed a violation of section
24 922(x)(2) of title 18, United States Code,
25 or of a similar State law;

1 “(II) a juvenile who is charged with
2 or has committed a violation of a valid
3 court order issued and reviewed in accord-
4 ance with paragraph (23); and

5 “(III) a juvenile who is held in ac-
6 cordance with the Interstate Compact on
7 Juveniles as enacted by the State; or

8 “(ii) the juvenile—

9 “(I) is not charged with any offense;
10 and

11 “(II)(aa) is an alien; or

12 “(bb) is alleged to be dependent, ne-
13 glected, or abused; and

14 “(B) require that—

15 “(i) not later than 3 years after the date
16 of enactment of the Juvenile Justice Reform
17 Act of 2017, unless a court finds, after a hear-
18 ing and in writing, that it is in the interest of
19 justice, juveniles awaiting trial or other legal
20 process who are treated as adults for purposes
21 of prosecution in criminal court and housed in
22 a secure facility—

23 “(I) shall not have sight or sound con-
24 tact with adult inmates; and

1 “(II) except as provided in paragraph
2 (13), may not be held in any jail or lockup
3 for adults;

4 “(ii) in determining under subparagraph
5 (A) whether it is in the interest of justice to
6 permit a juvenile to be held in any jail or lock-
7 up for adults, or have sight or sound contact
8 with adult inmates, a court shall consider—

9 “(I) the age of the juvenile;

10 “(II) the physical and mental matu-
11 rity of the juvenile;

12 “(III) the present mental state of the
13 juvenile, including whether the juvenile
14 presents an imminent risk of harm to the
15 juvenile;

16 “(IV) the nature and circumstances of
17 the alleged offense;

18 “(V) the juvenile’s history of prior de-
19 linquent acts;

20 “(VI) the relative ability of the avail-
21 able adult and juvenile detention facilities
22 to not only meet the specific needs of the
23 juvenile but also to protect the safety of
24 the public as well as other detained youth;
25 and

1 “(VII) any other relevant factor; and

2 “(iii) if a court determines under subpara-
3 graph (A) that it is in the interest of justice to
4 permit a juvenile to be held in any jail or lock-
5 up for adults—

6 “(I) the court shall hold a hearing not
7 less frequently than once every 30 days, or
8 in the case of a rural jurisdiction, not less
9 frequently than once every 45 days, to re-
10 view whether it is still in the interest of
11 justice to permit the juvenile to be so held
12 or have such sight or sound contact; and

13 “(II) the juvenile shall not be held in
14 any jail or lockup for adults, or permitted
15 to have sight or sound contact with adult
16 inmates, for more than 180 days, unless
17 the court, in writing, determines there is
18 good cause for an extension or the juvenile
19 expressly waives this limitation;”.

20 (I) in paragraph (12)(A), by striking “con-
21 tact” and inserting “sight or sound contact”;

22 (J) in paragraph (13), by striking “con-
23 tact” each place it appears and inserting “sight
24 or sound contact”;

25 (K) in paragraph (14)—

1 (i) by striking “adequate system” and
2 inserting “effective system”;

3 (ii) by inserting “lock-ups,” after
4 “monitoring jails,”;

5 (iii) by inserting “and” after “deten-
6 tion facilities,”;

7 (iv) by striking “, and non-secure fa-
8 cilities”;

9 (v) by striking “insure” and inserting
10 “ensure”;

11 (vi) by striking “requirements of
12 paragraphs (11), (12), and (13)” and in-
13 serting “core requirements”; and

14 (vii) by striking “, in the opinion of
15 the Administrator,”;

16 (L) by striking paragraphs (22) and (27);

17 (M) by redesignating paragraph (28) as
18 paragraph (27);

19 (N) by redesignating paragraphs (15)
20 through (21) as paragraphs (16) through (22),
21 respectively;

22 (O) by inserting after paragraph (14) the
23 following:

24 “(15) implement policy, practice, and system
25 improvement strategies at the State, territorial,

1 local, and tribal levels, as applicable, to identify and
2 reduce racial and ethnic disparities among youth
3 who come into contact with the juvenile justice sys-
4 tem, without establishing or requiring numerical
5 standards or quotas, by—

6 “(A) establishing or designating existing
7 coordinating bodies, composed of juvenile jus-
8 tice stakeholders, (including representatives of
9 the educational system) at the State, local, or
10 tribal levels, to advise efforts by States, units of
11 local government, and Indian tribes to reduce
12 racial and ethnic disparities;

13 “(B) identifying and analyzing data on
14 race and ethnicity at all decision points in
15 State, local, or tribal juvenile justice systems to
16 determine which key points create racial and
17 ethnic disparities among youth who come into
18 contact with the juvenile justice system; and

19 “(C) developing and implementing a work
20 plan that includes measurable objectives for pol-
21 icy, practice, or other system changes, based on
22 the needs identified in the data collection and
23 analysis under subparagraph (B);”;

24 (P) in paragraph (16), as so redesignated,
25 by inserting “ethnicity,” after “race,”;

1 (Q) in paragraph (21), as so redesignated,
2 by striking “local,” each place the term appears
3 and inserting “local, tribal,”;

4 (R) in paragraph (23)—

5 (i) in subparagraphs (A), (B), and
6 (C), by striking “juvenile” each place it
7 appears and inserting “status offender”;

8 (ii) in subparagraph (B), by striking
9 “and” at the end;

10 (iii) in subparagraph (C)—

11 (I) in clause (i), by striking
12 “and” at the end;

13 (II) in clause (ii), by adding
14 “and” at the end; and

15 (III) by adding at the end the
16 following:

17 “(iii) if such court determines the sta-
18 tus offender should be placed in a secure
19 detention facility or correctional facility for
20 violating such order—

21 “(I) the court shall issue a writ-
22 ten order that—

23 “(aa) identifies the valid
24 court order that has been vio-
25 lated;

1 “(bb) specifies the factual
2 basis for determining that there
3 is reasonable cause to believe
4 that the status offender has vio-
5 lated such order;

6 “(cc) includes findings of
7 fact to support a determination
8 that there is no appropriate less
9 restrictive alternative available to
10 placing the status offender in
11 such a facility, with due consider-
12 ation to the best interest of the
13 juvenile;

14 “(dd) specifies the length of
15 time, not to exceed 7 days, that
16 the status offender may remain
17 in a secure detention facility or
18 correctional facility, and includes
19 a plan for the status offender’s
20 release from such facility; and

21 “(ee) may not be renewed or
22 extended; and

23 “(II) the court may not issue a
24 second or subsequent order described
25 in subclause (I) relating to a status

1 offender unless the status offender
2 violates a valid court order after the
3 date on which the court issues an
4 order described in subclause (I);” and
5 (iv) by adding at the end the fol-
6 lowing:

7 “(D) there are procedures in place to en-
8 sure that any status offender held in a secure
9 detention facility or correctional facility pursu-
10 ant to a court order described in this paragraph
11 does not remain in custody longer than 7 days
12 or the length of time authorized by the court,
13 whichever is shorter; and

14 “(E) not later than September 30, 2020
15 (with a 1-year extension for each additional fis-
16 cal year that a State can demonstrate hardship,
17 as determined by the State, and submits in
18 writing evidence of such hardship to the Admin-
19 istrator which shall be considered approved un-
20 less the Administrator justifies to the State in
21 writing that the hardship does not qualify for
22 an exemption), the State will eliminate the use
23 of valid court orders to provide secure confine-
24 ment of status offenders, except that juveniles
25 may be held in secure confinement in accord-

1 ance with the Interstate Compact for Juveniles
2 if the judge issues a written order that—

3 “(i) specifies the factual basis to be-
4 lieve that the State has the authority to
5 detain the juvenile under the terms of the
6 Interstate Compact for Juveniles;

7 “(ii) includes findings of fact to sup-
8 port a determination that there is no ap-
9 propriate less restrictive alternative avail-
10 able to placing the juvenile in such a facil-
11 ity, with due consideration to the best in-
12 terest of the juvenile;

13 “(iii) specifies the length of time a ju-
14 venile may remain in secure confinement,
15 not to exceed 15 days, and includes a plan
16 for the return of the juvenile to the home
17 State of the juvenile; and

18 “(iv) may not be renewed or ex-
19 tended;”;

20 (S) in paragraph (26)—

21 (i) by inserting “and in accordance
22 with confidentiality concerns,” after “max-
23 imum extent practicable,”; and

1 (ii) by striking the semicolon at the
2 end and inserting the following: “, so as to
3 provide for—

4 “(A) data in child abuse or neglect reports
5 relating to juveniles entering the juvenile justice
6 system with a prior reported history of arrest,
7 court intake, probation and parole, juvenile de-
8 tention, and corrections; and

9 “(B) a plan to use the data described in
10 subparagraph (A) to provide necessary services
11 for the treatment of such victims of child abuse
12 or neglect;”;

13 (T) in paragraph (27), as so redesignated,
14 by striking the period at the end and inserting
15 a semicolon; and

16 (U) by adding at the end the following:

17 “(28) provide for the coordinated use of funds
18 provided under this title with other Federal and
19 State funds directed at juvenile delinquency preven-
20 tion and intervention programs;

21 “(29) describe the policies, procedures, and
22 training in effect for the staff of juvenile State cor-
23 rectional facilities to eliminate the use of dangerous
24 practices, unreasonable restraints, and unreasonable

1 isolation, including by developing effective behavior
2 management techniques;

3 “(30) describe—

4 “(A) the evidence-based methods that will
5 be used to conduct mental health and substance
6 abuse screening, assessment, referral, and
7 treatment for juveniles who—

8 “(i) request a screening;

9 “(ii) show signs of needing a screen-
10 ing; or

11 “(iii) are held for a period of more
12 than 24 hours in a secure facility that pro-
13 vides for an initial screening; and

14 “(B) how the State will seek, to the extent
15 practicable, to provide or arrange for mental
16 health and substance abuse disorder treatment
17 for juveniles determined to be in need of such
18 treatment;

19 “(31) describe how reentry planning by the
20 State for juveniles will include—

21 “(A) a written case plan based on an as-
22 sessment of needs that includes—

23 “(i) the pre-release and post-release
24 plans for the juveniles;

1 “(ii) the living arrangement to which
2 the juveniles are to be discharged; and

3 “(iii) any other plans developed for
4 the juveniles based on an individualized as-
5 sessment; and

6 “(B) review processes;

7 “(32) provide an assurance that the agency of
8 the State receiving funds under this title collaborates
9 with the State educational agency receiving assist-
10 ance under part A of title I of the Elementary and
11 Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6311
12 et seq.) to develop and implement a plan to ensure
13 that, in order to support educational progress—

14 “(A) the student records of adjudicated ju-
15 veniles, including electronic records if available,
16 are transferred in a timely manner from the
17 educational program in the juvenile detention or
18 secure treatment facility to the educational or
19 training program into which the juveniles will
20 enroll;

21 “(B) the credits of adjudicated juveniles
22 are transferred; and

23 “(C) adjudicated juveniles receive full or
24 partial credit toward high school graduation for
25 secondary school coursework satisfactorily com-

1 pleted before and during the period of time dur-
 2 ing which the juveniles are held in custody, re-
 3 gardless of the local educational agency or enti-
 4 ty from which the credits were earned; and
 5 “(33) describe policies and procedures to—

6 “(A) screen for, identify, and document in
 7 records of the State the identification of victims
 8 of domestic human trafficking, or those at risk
 9 of such trafficking, upon intake; and

10 “(B) divert youth described in subpara-
 11 graph (A) to appropriate programs or services,
 12 to the extent practicable.”;

13 (2) by amending subsection (c) to read as fol-
 14 lows:

15 “(c)(1) If a State fails to comply with any of the core
 16 requirements in any fiscal year, then—

17 “(A) subject to subparagraph (B), the amount
 18 allocated to such State under section 222 for the
 19 subsequent fiscal year shall be reduced by not less
 20 than 20 percent for each core requirement with re-
 21 spect to which the failure occurs; and

22 “(B) the State shall be ineligible to receive any
 23 allocation under such section for such fiscal year un-
 24 less—

1 “(i) the State agrees to expend 50 percent
2 of the amount allocated to the State for such
3 fiscal year to achieve compliance with any such
4 core requirement with respect to which the
5 State is in noncompliance; or

6 “(ii) the Administrator determines that the
7 State—

8 “(I) has achieved substantial compli-
9 ance with such applicable requirements
10 with respect to which the State was not in
11 compliance; and

12 “(II) has made, through appropriate
13 executive or legislative action, an unequivocal
14 commitment to achieving full compli-
15 ance with such applicable requirements
16 within a reasonable time.

17 “(2) Of the total amount of funds not allocated for
18 a fiscal year under paragraph (1)—

19 “(A) 50 percent of the unallocated funds shall
20 be reallocated under section 222 to States that have
21 not failed to comply with the core requirements; and

22 “(B) 50 percent of the unallocated funds shall
23 be used by the Administrator to provide additional
24 training and technical assistance to States for the

purpose of promoting compliance with the core requirements.”;

(3) in subsection (d)—

(A) by striking “described in paragraphs (11), (12), (13), and (22) of subsection (a)” and inserting “described in the core requirements”; and

(B) by striking “the requirements under paragraphs (11), (12), (13), and (22) of subsection (a)” and inserting “the core requirements”;

(4) in subsection (f)(2)—

(A) by striking subparagraph (A); and

(B) by redesignating subparagraphs (B) through (E) as subparagraphs (A) through (D), respectively; and

(5) by adding at the end the following:

“(g) COMPLIANCE DETERMINATION.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—For each fiscal year, the Administrator shall make a determination regarding whether each State receiving a grant under this title is in compliance or out of compliance with respect to each of the core requirements.

“(2) REPORTING.—The Administrator shall—

“(A) issue an annual public report—

1 “(i) describing any determination de-
2 scribed in paragraph (1) made during the
3 previous year, including a summary of the
4 information on which the determination is
5 based and the actions to be taken by the
6 Administrator (including a description of
7 any reduction imposed under subsection
8 (c)); and

9 “(ii) for any such determination that
10 a State is out of compliance with any of
11 the core requirements, describing the basis
12 for the determination; and

13 “(B) make the report described in sub-
14 paragraph (A) available on a publicly available
15 website.

16 “(3) DETERMINATIONS REQUIRED.—The Ad-
17 ministrator may not—

18 “(A) determine that a State is ‘not out of
19 compliance’, or issue any other determination
20 not described in paragraph (1), with respect to
21 any core requirement; or

22 “(B) otherwise fail to make the compliance
23 determinations required under paragraph (1).”.

1 **SEC. 206. REPEAL OF JUVENILE DELINQUENCY PREVEN-**
 2 **TION BLOCK GRANT PROGRAM.**

3 Part C of title II of the Juvenile Justice and Delin-
 4 quency Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5651 et seq.)
 5 is repealed.

6 **SEC. 207. RESEARCH AND EVALUATION; STATISTICAL**
 7 **ANALYSES; INFORMATION DISSEMINATION.**

8 Section 251 of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency
 9 Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5661) is amended—

10 (1) in subsection (a)—

11 (A) in paragraph (1)—

12 (i) in the matter preceding subpara-
 13 graph (A), by striking “may” and inserting
 14 “shall”;

15 (ii) in subparagraph (A), by striking
 16 “plan and identify” and inserting “annu-
 17 ally publish a plan to identify”; and

18 (iii) in subparagraph (B)—

19 (I) by striking clause (iii) and in-
 20 serting the following:

21 “(iii) successful efforts to prevent status
 22 offenders and first-time minor offenders from
 23 subsequent involvement with the juvenile justice
 24 and criminal justice systems;”;

25 (II) by striking clause (vii) and
 26 inserting the following:

1 “(vii) the prevalence and duration of be-
2 havioral health needs (including mental health,
3 substance abuse, and co-occurring disorders)
4 among juveniles pre-placement and post-place-
5 ment in the juvenile justice system, including
6 an examination of the effects of secure confine-
7 ment;”;

8 (III) by redesignating clauses
9 (ix), (x), and (xi) as clauses (xvi),
10 (xvii), and (xviii), respectively; and

11 (IV) by inserting after clause
12 (viii) the following:

13 “(ix) training efforts and reforms that
14 have produced reductions in or elimination of
15 the use of dangerous practices;

16 “(x) methods to improve the recruitment,
17 selection, training, and retention of professional
18 personnel who are focused on the prevention,
19 identification, and treatment of delinquency;

20 “(xi) methods to improve the identification
21 and response to victims of domestic child sex
22 trafficking within the juvenile justice system;

23 “(xii) identifying positive outcome meas-
24 ures, such as attainment of employment and
25 educational degrees, that States and units of

1 local government should use to evaluate the
2 success of programs aimed at reducing recidi-
3 vism of youth who have come in contact with
4 the juvenile justice system or criminal justice
5 system;

6 “(xiii) evaluating the impact and outcomes
7 of the prosecution and sentencing of juveniles
8 as adults;

9 “(xiv) evaluating the impact of fines, fees,
10 and other costs assessed by the juvenile justice
11 system on the long-term disposition of status
12 offenders and other juveniles;

13 “(xv) successful and cost-effective efforts
14 by States and units of local government to re-
15 duce recidivism through policies that provide for
16 consideration of appropriate alternative sanc-
17 tions to incarceration of youth facing nonviolent
18 charges, while ensuring that public safety is
19 preserved;”; and

20 (B) in paragraph (4)—

21 (i) in the matter preceding subpara-
22 graph (A)—

23 (I) by striking “date of enact-
24 ment of this paragraph, the” and in-
25 serting “date of enactment of the Ju-

1 venile Justice Reform Act of 2017,
2 the”; and

3 (II) by inserting “in accordance
4 with relevant confidentiality require-
5 ments” after “wards of the State”;
6 and

7 (ii) in subparagraph (D), by inserting
8 “and Indian tribes” after “State”;

9 (iii) in subparagraph (F), by striking
10 “and” at the end;

11 (iv) in subparagraph (G), by striking
12 the period at the end and inserting a semi-
13 colon; and

14 (v) by adding at the end the following:

15 “(H) a description of the best practices in dis-
16 charge planning; and

17 “(I) an assessment of living arrangements for
18 juveniles who, upon release from confinement in a
19 State correctional facility, cannot return to the resi-
20 dence they occupied prior to such confinement.”;

21 (2) in subsection (b), in the matter preceding
22 paragraph (1), by striking “may” and inserting
23 “shall”; and

24 (3) by adding at the end the following:

1 “(f) NATIONAL RECIDIVISM MEASURE.—The Admin-
 2 istrator, in accordance with applicable confidentiality re-
 3 quirements and in consultation with experts in the field
 4 of juvenile justice research, recidivism, and data collection,
 5 shall—

6 “(1) establish a uniform method of data collec-
 7 tion and technology that States may use to evaluate
 8 data on juvenile recidivism on an annual basis;

9 “(2) establish a common national juvenile re-
 10 cidivism measurement system; and

11 “(3) make cumulative juvenile recidivism data
 12 that is collected from States available to the pub-
 13 lic.”.

14 **SEC. 208. TRAINING AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.**

15 Section 252 of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency
 16 Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5662) is amended—

17 (1) in subsection (a)—

18 (A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1),
 19 by striking “may”;

20 (B) in paragraph (1)—

21 (i) by inserting “shall” before “de-
 22 velop and carry out projects”; and

23 (ii) by striking “and” after the semi-
 24 colon;

25 (C) in paragraph (2)—

1 (i) by inserting “may” before “make
2 grants to and contracts with”; and

3 (ii) by striking the period at the end
4 and inserting “; and”; and

5 (D) by adding at the end the following:

6 “(3) shall provide periodic training for States
7 regarding implementation of the core requirements,
8 current protocols and best practices for achieving
9 and monitoring compliance, and information sharing
10 regarding relevant Office resources on evidence-
11 based and promising programs or practices that pro-
12 mote the purposes of this Act.”;

13 (2) in subsection (b)—

14 (A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1),
15 by striking “may”;

16 (B) in paragraph (1)—

17 (i) by inserting “shall” before “de-
18 velop and implement projects”;

19 (ii) by inserting “, including compli-
20 ance with the core requirements” after
21 “this title”; and

22 (iii) by striking “and” at the end;

23 (C) in paragraph (2)—

24 (i) by inserting “may” before “make
25 grants to and contracts with”; and

1 (ii) by striking the period at the end
2 and inserting a semicolon; and

3 (D) by adding at the end the following:

4 “(3) shall provide technical assistance to States
5 and units of local government on achieving compli-
6 ance with the amendments to the core requirements
7 and State Plans made by the Juvenile Justice Re-
8 form Act of 2017, including training and technical
9 assistance and, when appropriate, pilot or dem-
10 onstration projects intended to develop and replicate
11 best practices for achieving sight and sound separa-
12 tion in facilities or portions of facilities that are
13 open and available to the general public and that
14 may or may not contain a jail or a lock-up; and

15 “(4) shall provide technical assistance to States
16 in support of efforts to establish partnerships be-
17 tween a State and a university, institution of higher
18 education, or research center designed to improve
19 the recruitment, selection, training, and retention of
20 professional personnel in the fields of medicine, law
21 enforcement, the judiciary, juvenile justice, social
22 work and child protection, education, and other rel-
23 evant fields who are engaged in, or intend to work
24 in, the field of prevention, identification, and treat-
25 ment of delinquency.”;

1 (3) in subsection (c)—

2 (A) by inserting “prosecutors,” after “pub-
3 lic defenders,”; and

4 (B) by inserting “status offenders and”
5 after “needs of”; and

6 (4) by adding at the end the following:

7 “(d) BEST PRACTICES REGARDING LEGAL REP-
8 RESENTATION OF CHILDREN.—In consultation with ex-
9 perts in the field of juvenile defense, the Administrator
10 shall—

11 “(1) share best practices, which may include
12 sharing standards of practice developed by recog-
13 nized entities in the profession, for attorneys rep-
14 resenting children; and

15 “(2) provide a State, if it so requests, technical
16 assistance to implement any of the best practices
17 shared under paragraph (1).

18 “(e) TRAINING AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR
19 LOCAL AND STATE JUVENILE DETENTION AND CORREC-
20 TIONS PERSONNEL.—The Administrator shall coordinate
21 training and technical assistance programs with juvenile
22 detention and corrections personnel of States and units
23 of local government—

24 “(1) to promote methods for improving condi-
25 tions of juvenile confinement, including methods that

1 are designed to minimize the use of dangerous prac-
2 tices, unreasonable restraints, and isolation and
3 methods responsive to cultural differences; and

4 “(2) to encourage alternative behavior manage-
5 ment techniques based on positive youth develop-
6 ment approaches, which may include policies and
7 procedures to train personnel to be culturally com-
8 petent.

9 “(f) TRAINING AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO
10 SUPPORT MENTAL HEALTH OR SUBSTANCE ABUSE
11 TREATMENT INCLUDING HOME-BASED OR COMMUNITY-
12 BASED CARE.—The Administrator shall provide training
13 and technical assistance, in conjunction with the appro-
14 priate public agencies, to individuals involved in making
15 decisions regarding the disposition and management of
16 cases for youth who enter the juvenile justice system about
17 the appropriate services and placement for youth with
18 mental health or substance abuse needs, including—

19 “(1) juvenile justice intake personnel;

20 “(2) probation officers;

21 “(3) juvenile court judges and court services
22 personnel;

23 “(4) prosecutors and court-appointed counsel;

24 and

1 “(5) family members of juveniles and family ad-
2 vocates.

3 “(g) TRAINING AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO
4 SUPPORT JUVENILE COURT JUDGES AND PERSONNEL.—
5 The Attorney General, acting through the Office of Juve-
6 nile Justice and Delinquency Prevention and the Office
7 of Justice Programs, shall provide training and technical
8 assistance, in conjunction with the appropriate public
9 agencies, to enhance the capacity of State and local courts,
10 judges, and related judicial personnel to—

11 “(1) improve the lives of children currently in-
12 volved in or at risk of being involved in the juvenile
13 court system; and

14 “(2) carry out the requirements of this Act.

15 “(h) FREE AND REDUCED PRICE SCHOOL LUNCHES
16 FOR INCARCERATED JUVENILES.—The Attorney General,
17 in consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture, shall
18 provide guidance to States relating to existing options for
19 school food authorities in the States to apply for reim-
20 bursement for free or reduced price lunches under the
21 Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act (42 U.S.C.
22 1751 et seq.) for juveniles who are incarcerated and
23 would, if not incarcerated, be eligible for free or reduced
24 price lunches under that Act.”.

1 **SEC. 209. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

2 Section 299 of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency
3 Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5671) is amended—

4 (1) by striking subsections (b) and (c), and re-
5 designating subsection (d) as subsection (b);

6 (2) in subsection (a)—

7 (A) in the heading, by striking “(EXCLUD-
8 ING PARTS C AND E)”;

9 (B) by striking paragraph (1) and insert-
10 ing the following:

11 “(1) There are authorized to be appropriated to carry
12 out this title—

13 “(A) \$76,125,000 for fiscal year 2018;

14 “(B) \$76,125,000 for fiscal year 2019;

15 “(C) \$77,266,875 for fiscal year 2020;

16 “(D) \$78,425,878 for fiscal year 2021; and

17 “(E) \$79,602,266 for fiscal year 2022.”; and

18 (C) in paragraph (2)—

19 (i) in the matter preceding subpara-
20 graph (A), by striking “(other than parts
21 C and E)”;

22 (ii) in subparagraph (C), by striking
23 “part D” and inserting “parts D and E”.

1 **SEC. 210. ADMINISTRATIVE AUTHORITY.**

2 Section 299A of the Juvenile Justice and Delin-
3 quency Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5672) is
4 amended—

5 (1) in subsection (d)—

6 (A) by inserting “(1)” before “The Admin-
7 istrator”;

8 (B) by striking “, after appropriate con-
9 sultation with representatives of States and
10 units of local government,”;

11 (C) by inserting “guidance,” after “regula-
12 tions,”; and

13 (D) by adding at the end the following: “In
14 developing guidance and procedures, the Ad-
15 ministrator shall consult with representatives of
16 States and units of local government, including
17 those individuals responsible for administration
18 of this Act and compliance with the core re-
19 quirements.

20 “(2) The Administrator shall ensure that—

21 “(A) reporting, compliance reporting, State
22 plan requirements, and other similar documentation
23 as may be required from States is requested in a
24 manner that respects confidentiality, encourages effi-
25 ciency and reduces the duplication of reporting ef-
26 forts; and

1 “(B) States meeting all the core requirements
2 are encouraged to experiment with offering innova-
3 tive, data-driven programs designed to further im-
4 prove the juvenile justice system.”; and

5 (2) in subsection (e), by striking “requirements
6 described in paragraphs (11), (12), and (13) of sec-
7 tion 223(a)” and inserting “core requirements”.

8 **TITLE III—INCENTIVE GRANTS**
9 **FOR LOCAL DELINQUENCY**
10 **PREVENTION PROGRAMS**

11 **SEC. 301. SHORT TITLE.**

12 Section 501 of the Incentive Grants for Local Delin-
13 quency Prevention Programs Act of 2002 (42 U.S.C. 5601
14 note) is amended—

15 (1) by inserting “Youth Promise” before “In-
16 centive Grants”; and

17 (2) by striking “2002” and inserting “2017”.

18 **SEC. 302. DEFINITIONS.**

19 Section 502 of the Incentive Grants for Local Delin-
20 quency Prevention Programs Act of 2002 (42 U.S.C.
21 5781) is amended to read as follows:

22 **“SEC. 502. DEFINITIONS.**

23 “In this title—

1 “(1) the term ‘at-risk’ has the meaning given
2 that term in section 1432 of the Elementary and
3 Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6472);

4 “(2) the term ‘eligible entity’ means—

5 “(A) a unit of local government that is in
6 compliance with the requirements of part B of
7 title II; or

8 “(B) a nonprofit organization in partner-
9 ship with a unit of local government described
10 in subparagraph (A);

11 “(3) the term ‘juvenile delinquency program’
12 means a juvenile delinquency program that is evi-
13 dence-based or promising and that may include—

14 “(A) alcohol and substance abuse preven-
15 tion services;

16 “(B) tutoring and remedial education, es-
17 pecially in reading and mathematics;

18 “(C) child and adolescent health and men-
19 tal health services;

20 “(D) recreation services;

21 “(E) leadership and youth development ac-
22 tivities;

23 “(F) the teaching that individuals are and
24 should be held accountable for their actions;

- 1 “(G) assistance in the development of job
2 training skills;
- 3 “(H) youth mentoring programs;
- 4 “(I) after-school programs;
- 5 “(J) coordination of a continuum of serv-
6 ices, which may include—
- 7 “(i) early childhood development serv-
8 ices;
- 9 “(ii) voluntary home visiting pro-
10 grams;
- 11 “(iii) nurse-family partnership pro-
12 grams;
- 13 “(iv) parenting skills training;
- 14 “(v) child abuse prevention programs;
- 15 “(vi) family stabilization programs;
- 16 “(vii) child welfare services;
- 17 “(viii) family violence intervention
18 programs;
- 19 “(ix) adoption assistance programs;
- 20 “(x) emergency, transitional and per-
21 manent housing assistance;
- 22 “(xi) job placement and retention
23 training;
- 24 “(xii) summer jobs programs;

1 “(xiii) alternative school resources for
2 youth who have dropped out of school or
3 demonstrate chronic truancy;

4 “(xiv) conflict resolution skill training;

5 “(xv) restorative justice programs;

6 “(xvi) mentoring programs;

7 “(xvii) targeted gang prevention,
8 intervention and exit services;

9 “(xviii) training and education pro-
10 grams for pregnant teens and teen par-
11 ents; and

12 “(xix) pre-release, post-release, and
13 reentry services to assist detained and in-
14 carcerated youth with transitioning back
15 into and reentering the community; and

16 “(K) other data-driven evidence-based or
17 promising prevention programs;

18 “(4) the term ‘local policy board’, when used
19 with respect to an eligible entity, means a policy
20 board that the eligible entity will engage in the de-
21 velopment of the eligible entity’s plan described in
22 section 504(e)(5), and that includes—

23 “(A) not fewer than 15 and not more than
24 21 members;

25 “(B) a balanced representation of—

1 “(i) public agencies and private non-
2 profit organizations serving juveniles and
3 their families; and

4 “(ii) business and industry;

5 “(C) at least one representative of the
6 faith community, one adjudicated youth, and
7 one parent of an adjudicated youth; and

8 “(D) in the case of an eligible entity de-
9 scribed in paragraph (1)(B), a representative of
10 the nonprofit organization of the eligible entity;

11 “(5) the term ‘mentoring’ means matching 1
12 adult with 1 or more youths for the purpose of pro-
13 viding guidance, support, and encouragement
14 through regularly scheduled meetings for not less
15 than 9 months;

16 “(6) the term ‘State advisory group’ means the
17 advisory group appointed by the chief executive offi-
18 cer of a State under a plan described in section
19 223(a); and

20 “(7) the term ‘State entity’ means the State
21 agency designated under section 223(a)(1) or the en-
22 tity receiving funds under section 223(d).”.

1 **SEC. 303. DUTIES AND FUNCTIONS OF THE ADMINIS-**
2 **TRATOR.**

3 Section 503 of the Incentive Grants for Local Delin-
4 quency Prevention Programs Act of 2002 (42 U.S.C.
5 5782) is amended—

6 (1) by striking paragraph (1); and

7 (2) by redesignating paragraphs (2) through
8 (4) as paragraphs (1) through (3), respectively.

9 **SEC. 304. GRANTS FOR DELINQUENCY PREVENTION PRO-**
10 **GRAMS.**

11 Section 504 of the Incentive Grants for Local Delin-
12 quency Prevention Programs Act of 2002 (42 U.S.C. 5781
13 et seq.) is amended to read as follows:

14 **“SEC. 504. GRANTS FOR LOCAL DELINQUENCY PREVEN-**
15 **TION PROGRAMS.**

16 “(a) **PURPOSE.**—The purpose of this section is to en-
17 able local communities to address the unmet needs of at-
18 risk or delinquent youth, including through a continuum
19 of delinquency prevention programs for juveniles who have
20 had contact with the juvenile justice system or who are
21 likely to have contact with the juvenile justice system.

22 “(b) **PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.**—The Administrator
23 shall—

24 “(1) for each fiscal year for which less than
25 \$25,000,000 is appropriated under section 506,
26 award grants to not fewer than 3 State entities, but

1 not more than 5 State entities, that apply under
2 subsection (c) and meet the requirements of sub-
3 section (d); or

4 “(2) for each fiscal year for which \$25,000,000
5 or more is appropriated under section 506, award
6 grants to not fewer than 5 State entities that apply
7 under subsection (c) and meet the requirements of
8 subsection (d).

9 “(c) STATE APPLICATION.—To be eligible to receive
10 a grant under this section, a State entity shall submit an
11 application to the Administrator, which includes the fol-
12 lowing:

13 “(1) An assurance the State entity will use—

14 “(A) not more than 10 percent of such
15 grant, in the aggregate—

16 “(i) for the costs incurred by the
17 State entity to carry out this section, ex-
18 cept that not more than 3 percent of such
19 grant may be used for such costs; and

20 “(ii) to provide technical assistance to
21 eligible entities receiving a subgrant under
22 subsection (c) in carrying out juvenile de-
23 linquency programs under the subgrant;
24 and

1 “(B) the remainder of such grant to award
2 subgrants to eligible entities under subsection
3 (e).

4 “(2) An assurance that such grant will supple-
5 ment, and not supplant, State and local efforts to
6 prevent juvenile delinquency.

7 “(3) An assurance the State entity will evaluate
8 the capacity of eligible entities receiving a subgrant
9 under subsection (e) to fulfill the requirements
10 under such subsection.

11 “(4) An assurance that such application was
12 prepared after consultation with, and participation
13 by, the State advisory group, units of local govern-
14 ment, community-based organizations, and organiza-
15 tions that carry out programs, projects, or activities
16 to prevent juvenile delinquency in the local juvenile
17 justice system served by the State entity.

18 “(d) APPROVAL OF STATE APPLICATIONS.—In
19 awarding grants under this section for a fiscal year, the
20 Administrator may not award a grant to a State entity
21 for a fiscal year unless—

22 “(1)(A) the State that will be served by the
23 State entity submitted a plan under section 223 for
24 such fiscal year; and

1 “(B) such plan is approved by the Adminis-
2 trator for such fiscal year; or

3 “(2) after finding good cause for a waiver, the
4 Administrator waives the plan required under sub-
5 paragraph (A) for such State for such fiscal year.

6 “(e) SUBGRANT PROGRAM.—

7 “(1) PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.—

8 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Each State entity re-
9 ceiving a grant under this section shall award
10 subgrants to eligible entities in accordance with
11 this subsection.

12 “(B) PRIORITY.—In awarding subgrants
13 under this subsection, the State entity shall give
14 priority to eligible entities that demonstrate
15 ability in—

16 “(i) plans for service and agency co-
17 ordination and collaboration including the
18 collocation of services;

19 “(ii) innovative ways to involve the
20 private nonprofit and business sector in de-
21 linquency prevention activities;

22 “(iii) developing data-driven preven-
23 tion plans, employing evidence-based pre-
24 vention strategies, and conducting program

1 evaluations to determine impact and effec-
2 tiveness;

3 “(iv) identifying under the plan sub-
4 mitted under paragraph (5) potential sav-
5 ings and efficiencies associated with suc-
6 cessful implementation of such plan; and

7 “(v) describing how such savings and
8 efficiencies may be used to carry out delin-
9 quency prevention programs and be rein-
10 vested in the continuing implementation of
11 such programs after the end of the
12 subgrant period.

13 “(C) SUBGRANT PROGRAM PERIOD AND DI-
14 VERSITY OF PROJECTS.—

15 “(i) PROGRAM PERIOD.—A subgrant
16 awarded to an eligible entity by a State en-
17 tity under this section shall be for a period
18 of not more than 5 years, of which the eli-
19 gible entity—

20 “(I) may use not more than 18
21 months for completing the plan sub-
22 mitted by the eligible entity under
23 paragraph (5); and

24 “(II) shall use the remainder of
25 the subgrant period, after planning

1 period described in subclause (I), for
2 the implementation of such plan.

3 “(ii) DIVERSITY OF PROJECTS.—In
4 awarding subgrants under this subsection,
5 a State entity shall ensure, to the extent
6 practicable and applicable, that such sub-
7 grants are distributed throughout different
8 areas, including urban, suburban, and
9 rural areas.

10 “(2) LOCAL APPLICATION.—An eligible entity
11 that desires a subgrant under this subsection shall
12 submit an application to the State entity in the
13 State of the eligible entity, at such time and in such
14 manner as determined by the State entity, and that
15 includes—

16 “(A) a description of—

17 “(i) the local policy board and local
18 partners the eligible entity will engage in
19 the development of the plan described in
20 paragraph (5);

21 “(ii) the unmet needs of at-risk or de-
22 linquent youth in the community;

23 “(iii) available resources in the com-
24 munity to meet the unmet needs identified

1 in the needs assessment described in para-
2 graph (5)(A); and

3 “(iv) potential costs to the community
4 if the unmet needs are not addressed;

5 “(B) a specific time period for the plan-
6 ning and subsequent implementation of its con-
7 tinuum of local delinquency prevention pro-
8 grams;

9 “(C) the steps the eligible entity will take
10 to implement the plan under subparagraph (A);
11 and

12 “(D) a plan to continue the grant activity
13 with non-Federal funds, if proven successful ac-
14 cording to the performance evaluation process
15 under paragraph (5)(D), after the grant period.

16 “(3) MATCHING REQUIREMENT.—An eligible
17 entity desiring a subgrant under this subsection
18 shall agree to provide a 50-percent match of the
19 amount of the subgrant, which may include the
20 value of in-kind contributions.

21 “(4) SUBGRANT REVIEW.—

22 “(A) REVIEW.—Not later than the end of
23 the second year of a subgrant period for a
24 subgrant awarded to an eligible entity under
25 this subsection and before awarding the remain-

1 ing amount of the subgrant to the eligible enti-
2 ty, the State entity shall—

3 “(i) ensure that the eligible entity has
4 completed the plan submitted under para-
5 graph (2) and that the plan meets the re-
6 quirements of such paragraph; and

7 “(ii) verify that the eligible entity will
8 begin the implementation of its plan upon
9 receiving the next installment of its
10 subgrant award.

11 “(B) TERMINATION.—If the State entity
12 finds through the review conducted under sub-
13 paragraph (A) that the eligible entity has not
14 met the requirements of clause (i) of such sub-
15 paragraph, the State entity shall reallocate the
16 amount remaining on the subgrant of the eligi-
17 ble entity to other eligible entities receiving a
18 subgrant under this subsection or award the
19 amount to an eligible entity during the next
20 subgrant competition under this subsection.

21 “(5) LOCAL USES OF FUNDS.—An eligible enti-
22 ty that receives a subgrant under this subsection
23 shall use the funds to implement a plan to carry out
24 delinquency prevention programs in the community
25 served by the eligible entity in a coordinated manner

1 with other delinquency prevention programs or enti-
2 ties serving such community, which includes—

3 “(A) an analysis of the unmet needs of at-
4 risk or delinquent youth in the community—

5 “(i) which shall include—

6 “(I) the available resources in the
7 community to meet the unmet needs;
8 and

9 “(II) factors present in the com-
10 munity that may contribute to delin-
11 quency, such as homelessness, food in-
12 security, teen pregnancy, youth unem-
13 ployment, family instability, lack of
14 educational opportunity; and

15 “(ii) may include an estimate—

16 “(I) for the most recent year for
17 which reliable data is available, the
18 amount expended by the community
19 and other entities for delinquency ad-
20 judication for juveniles and the incar-
21 ceration of adult offenders for of-
22 fenses committed in such community;
23 and

24 “(II) of potential savings and ef-
25 ficiencies that may be achieved

1 through the implementation of the
2 plan;

3 “(B) a minimum 3-year comprehensive
4 strategy to address the unmet needs and an es-
5 timate of the amount or percentage of non-Fed-
6 eral funds that are available to carry out the
7 strategy;

8 “(C) a description of how delinquency pre-
9 vention programs under the plan will be coordi-
10 nated;

11 “(D) a description of the performance eval-
12 uation process of the delinquency prevention
13 programs to be implemented under the plan,
14 which shall include performance measures to
15 assess efforts to address the unmet needs of
16 youth in the community analyzed under sub-
17 paragraph (A);

18 “(E) the evidence or promising evaluation
19 on which such delinquency prevention programs
20 are based; and

21 “(F) if such delinquency prevention pro-
22 grams are proven successful according to the
23 performance evaluation process under subpara-
24 graph (D), a strategy to continue such pro-
25 grams after the subgrant period with non-Fed-

1 eral funds, including a description of how any
 2 estimated savings or efficiencies created by the
 3 implementation of the plan may be used to con-
 4 tinue such programs.”.

5 **SEC. 305. GRANTS FOR TRIBAL DELINQUENCY PREVENTION**
 6 **AND RESPONSE PROGRAMS.**

7 The Incentive Grants for Local Delinquency Preven-
 8 tion Programs Act of 2002 (42 U.S.C. 5781 et seq.) is
 9 amended by redesignating section 505 as section 506 and
 10 by inserting after section 504 the following:

11 **“SEC. 505. GRANTS FOR TRIBAL DELINQUENCY PREVEN-**
 12 **TION AND RESPONSE PROGRAMS.**

13 “(a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall make
 14 grants under this section, on a competitive basis, to eligi-
 15 ble Indian tribes (or consortia of Indian tribes) as de-
 16 scribed in subsection (b)—

17 “(1) to support and enhance—

18 “(A) tribal juvenile delinquency prevention
 19 services; and

20 “(B) the ability of Indian tribes to respond
 21 to, and care for, at-risk or delinquent youth
 22 upon release; and

23 “(2) to encourage accountability of Indian trib-
 24 al governments with respect to preventing juvenile

1 delinquency, and responding to, and caring for, juvenile offenders.

3 “(b) ELIGIBLE INDIAN TRIBES.—To be eligible to receive a grant under this section, an Indian tribe or consortium of Indian tribes shall submit to the Administrator
5 an application in such form as the Administrator may require.
7

8 “(c) CONSIDERATIONS.—In providing grants under this section, the Administrator shall take into consideration, with respect to the Indian tribe to be served, the—

11 “(1) juvenile delinquency rates;

12 “(2) school dropout rates; and

13 “(3) number of youth at risk of delinquency.

14 “(d) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Of the amount available for a fiscal year to carry out this title, 11 percent
16 shall be available to carry out this section.”.

17 **SEC. 306. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

18 Section 506, as redesignated by section 305, is amended to read as follows:

20 **“SEC. 506. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

21 “There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this title—

23 “(1) \$91,857,500 for fiscal year 2018;

24 “(2) \$91,857,500 for fiscal year 2019;

25 “(3) \$93,235,362 for fiscal year 2020;

1 “(4) \$94,633,892 for fiscal year 2021; and
2 “(5) \$96,053,401 for fiscal year 2022.”.

3 **SEC. 307. TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.**

4 Title V of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Pre-
5 vention Act of 1974 as enacted by Public Law 93–415
6 (88 Stat. 1133) (relating to miscellaneous and conforming
7 amendments) is repealed.

8 **TITLE IV—MISCELLANEOUS**
9 **PROVISIONS**

10 **SEC. 401. EVALUATION BY GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY**
11 **OFFICE.**

12 (a) EVALUATION.—Not later than 1 year after the
13 date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General
14 of the United States shall—

15 (1) conduct a comprehensive analysis and eval-
16 uation regarding the performance of the Office of
17 Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (re-
18 ferred to in this section as “the agency”), its func-
19 tions, its programs, and its grants;

20 (2) conduct a comprehensive audit and evalua-
21 tion of a selected, sample of grantees (as determined
22 by the Comptroller General) that receive Federal
23 funds under grant programs administered by the
24 agency including a review of internal controls (as de-
25 fined in section 103 of the Juvenile Justice and De-

1 linquency Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5603),
2 as amended by this Act) to prevent fraud, waste,
3 and abuse of funds by grantees; and

4 (3) submit a report in accordance with sub-
5 section (d).

6 (b) CONSIDERATIONS FOR EVALUATION.—In con-
7 ducting the analysis and evaluation under subsection
8 (a)(1), and in order to document the efficiency and public
9 benefit of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Preven-
10 tion Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5601 et seq.), excluding the
11 Runaway and Homeless Youth Act (42 U.S.C. 5701 et
12 seq.) and the Missing Children’s Assistance Act (42
13 U.S.C. 5771 et seq.), the Comptroller General shall take
14 into consideration—

15 (1) the outcome and results of the programs
16 carried out by the agency and those programs ad-
17 ministered through grants by the agency;

18 (2) the extent to which the agency has complied
19 with the Government Performance and Results Act
20 of 1993 (Public Law 103–62; 107 Stat. 285);

21 (3) the extent to which the jurisdiction of, and
22 the programs administered by, the agency duplicate
23 or conflict with the jurisdiction and programs of
24 other agencies;

1 (4) the potential benefits of consolidating pro-
2 grams administered by the agency with similar or
3 duplicative programs of other agencies, and the po-
4 tential for consolidating those programs;

5 (5) whether less restrictive or alternative meth-
6 ods exist to carry out the functions of the agency
7 and whether current functions or operations are im-
8 peded or enhanced by existing statutes, rules, and
9 procedures;

10 (6) the number and types of beneficiaries or
11 persons served by programs carried out by the agen-
12 cy;

13 (7) the manner with which the agency seeks
14 public input and input from State and local govern-
15 ments on the performance of the functions of the
16 agency;

17 (8) the extent to which the agency complies
18 with section 552 of title 5, United States Code (com-
19 monly known as the Freedom of Information Act);

20 (9) whether greater oversight is needed of pro-
21 grams developed with grants made by the agency;
22 and

23 (10) the extent to which changes are necessary
24 in the authorizing statutes of the agency in order for

1 the functions of the agency to be performed in a
2 more efficient and effective manner.

3 (c) CONSIDERATIONS FOR AUDITS.—In conducting
4 the audit and evaluation under subsection (a)(2), and in
5 order to document the efficiency and public benefit of the
6 Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974
7 (42 U.S.C. 5601 et seq.), excluding the Runaway and
8 Homeless Youth Act (42 U.S.C. 5701 et seq.) and the
9 Missing Children’s Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5771 et
10 seq.), the Comptroller General shall take into consider-
11 ation—

12 (1) whether grantees timely file Financial Sta-
13 tus Reports;

14 (2) whether grantees have sufficient internal
15 controls to ensure adequate oversight of grant fund
16 received;

17 (3) whether disbursements were accompanied
18 with adequate supporting documentation (including
19 invoices and receipts);

20 (4) whether expenditures were authorized;

21 (5) whether subrecipients of grant funds were
22 complying with program requirements;

23 (6) whether salaries and fringe benefits of per-
24 sonnel were adequately supported by documentation;

1 (7) whether contracts were bid in accordance
2 with program guidelines; and

3 (8) whether grant funds were spent in accord-
4 ance with program goals and guidelines.

5 (d) REPORT.—

6 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
7 the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller
8 General of the United States shall—

9 (A) submit a report regarding the evalua-
10 tion conducted under subsection (a) and audit
11 under subsection (b), to the Speaker of the
12 House of Representatives and the President pro
13 tempore of the Senate; and

14 (B) make the report described in subpara-
15 graph (A) available to the public.

16 (2) CONTENTS.—The report submitted in ac-
17 cordance with paragraph (1) shall include all audit
18 findings determined by the selected, statistically sig-
19 nificant sample of grantees as required by subsection
20 (a)(2) and shall include the name and location of
21 any selected grantee as well as any findings required
22 by subsection (a)(2).

1 **SEC. 402. ACCOUNTABILITY AND OVERSIGHT.**

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Juvenile Justice and Delin-
 3 quency Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5601 et seq.)
 4 is amended by adding at the end the following:

5 **“TITLE VI—ACCOUNTABILITY**
 6 **AND OVERSIGHT**

7 **“SEC. 601. ACCOUNTABILITY AND OVERSIGHT.**

8 “(a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
 9 gress that, in order to ensure that at-risk youth, and youth
 10 who come into contact with the juvenile justice system or
 11 the criminal justice system, are treated fairly and that the
 12 outcome of that contact is beneficial to the Nation—

13 “(1) the Department of Justice, through its Of-
 14 fice of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention,
 15 must restore meaningful enforcement of the core re-
 16 quirements in title II; and

17 “(2) States, which are entrusted with a fiscal
 18 stewardship role if they accept funds under title II
 19 must exercise vigilant oversight to ensure full com-
 20 pliance with the core requirements for juveniles pro-
 21 vided for in title II.

22 “(b) ACCOUNTABILITY.—

23 “(1) AGENCY PROGRAM REVIEW.—

24 “(A) PROGRAMMATIC AND FINANCIAL AS-
 25 SESSMENT.—

1 “(i) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60
2 days after the date of enactment of the Ju-
3 venile Justice Reform Act of 2017, the Di-
4 rector of the Office of Audit, Assessment,
5 and Management of the Office of Justice
6 Programs at the Department of Justice
7 (referred to in this section as the ‘Direc-
8 tor’) shall—

9 “(I) conduct a comprehensive
10 analysis and evaluation of the internal
11 controls of the Office of Juvenile Jus-
12 tice and Delinquency Prevention (re-
13 ferred to in this section as the ‘agen-
14 cy’) to determine if States and Indian
15 tribes receiving grants are following
16 the requirements of the agency grant
17 programs and what remedial action
18 the agency has taken to recover any
19 grant funds that are expended in vio-
20 lation of grant programs, including in-
21 stances where—

22 “(aa) supporting docu-
23 mentation was not provided for
24 cost reports;

1 “(bb) unauthorized expendi-
2 tures occurred; and

3 “(cc) subrecipients of grant
4 funds were not in compliance
5 with program requirements;

6 “(II) conduct a comprehensive
7 audit and evaluation of a selected sta-
8 tistically significant sample of States
9 and Indian tribes (as determined by
10 the Director) that have received Fed-
11 eral funds under title II, including a
12 review of internal controls to prevent
13 fraud, waste, and abuse of funds by
14 grantees; and

15 “(III) submit a report in accord-
16 ance with clause (iv).

17 “(ii) CONSIDERATIONS FOR EVALUA-
18 TIONS.—In conducting the analysis and
19 evaluation under clause (i)(I), and in order
20 to document the efficiency and public ben-
21 efit of titles II and V, the Director shall
22 take into consideration the extent to
23 which—

1 “(I) greater oversight is needed
2 of programs developed with grants
3 made by the agency;

4 “(II) changes are necessary in
5 the authorizing statutes of the agency
6 in order that the functions of the
7 agency can be performed in a more ef-
8 ficient and effective manner; and

9 “(III) the agency has imple-
10 mented recommendations issued by
11 the Comptroller General or Office of
12 Inspector General relating to the
13 grant making and grant monitoring
14 responsibilities of the agency.

15 “(iii) CONSIDERATIONS FOR AU-
16 DITS.—In conducting the audit and evalua-
17 tion under clause (i)(II), and in order to
18 document the efficiency and public benefit
19 of titles II and V, the Director shall take
20 into consideration—

21 “(I) whether grantees timely file
22 Financial Status Reports;

23 “(II) whether grantees have suf-
24 ficient internal controls to ensure ade-

1 quate oversight of grant funds re-
2 ceived;

3 “(III) whether grantees’ asser-
4 tions of compliance with the core re-
5 quirements were accompanied with
6 adequate supporting documentation;

7 “(IV) whether expenditures were
8 authorized;

9 “(V) whether subrecipients of
10 grant funds were complying with pro-
11 gram requirements; and

12 “(VI) whether grant funds were
13 spent in accordance with the program
14 goals and guidelines.

15 “(iv) REPORT.—The Director shall—

16 “(I) submit to the Congress a re-
17 port outlining the results of the anal-
18 ysis, evaluation, and audit conducted
19 under clause (i), including supporting
20 materials, to the Speaker of the
21 House of Representatives and the
22 President pro tempore of the Senate;
23 and

24 “(II) shall make such report
25 available to the public online, not later

1 than 1 year after the date of enact-
2 ment of this section.

3 “(B) ANALYSIS OF INTERNAL CON-
4 TROLS.—

5 “(i) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30
6 days after the date of enactment of the Ju-
7 venile Justice Reform Act of 2017, the Ad-
8 ministrator shall initiate a comprehensive
9 analysis and evaluation of the internal con-
10 trols of the agency to determine whether,
11 and to what extent, States and Indian
12 tribes that receive grants under titles II
13 and V are following the requirements of
14 the grant programs authorized under titles
15 II and V.

16 “(ii) REPORT.—Not later than 180
17 days after the date of enactment of the Ju-
18 venile Justice Reform Act of 2017, the Ad-
19 ministrator shall submit to Congress a re-
20 port containing—

21 “(I) the findings of the analysis
22 and evaluation conducted under clause
23 (i);

24 “(II) a description of remedial
25 actions, if any, that will be taken by

1 the Administrator to enhance the in-
2 ternal controls of the agency and re-
3 coup funds that may have been ex-
4 pended in violation of law, regulations,
5 or program requirements issued under
6 titles II and V; and

7 “(III) a description of—

8 “(aa) the analysis conducted
9 under clause (i);

10 “(bb) whether the funds
11 awarded under titles II and V
12 have been used in accordance
13 with law, regulations, program
14 guidance, and applicable plans;
15 and

16 “(cc) the extent to which
17 funds awarded to States and In-
18 dian tribes under titles II and V
19 enhanced the ability of grantees
20 to fulfill the core requirements.

21 “(C) REPORT BY THE ATTORNEY GEN-
22 ERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date
23 of enactment of the Juvenile Justice Reform
24 Act of 2017, the Attorney General shall submit
25 to the appropriate committees of the Congress

1 a report on the estimated amount of formula
2 grant funds disbursed by the agency since fiscal
3 year 2010 that did not meet the requirements
4 for awards of formula grants to States under
5 title II.

6 “(2) OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL PER-
7 FORMANCE AUDITS.—

8 “(A) IN GENERAL.—In order to ensure the
9 effective and appropriate use of grants adminis-
10 tered under this Act and to prevent waste,
11 fraud, and abuse of funds by grantees, the In-
12 spector General of the Department of Justice
13 shall periodically conduct audits of grantees
14 that receive grants under this Act covering each
15 grant recipient once every 3 years.

16 “(B) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY ON
17 WEBSITE.—The Attorney General shall make
18 the summary of each review conducted under
19 this section available on the website of the De-
20 partment of Justice, subject to redaction as the
21 Attorney General determines necessary to pro-
22 tect classified and other sensitive information.

23 “(C) MANDATORY EXCLUSION.—A recipi-
24 ent of grant funds under this Act, excluding
25 Title II, that is found to have an unresolved

1 audit finding shall not be eligible to receive
2 grant funds under this Act during the first 2
3 fiscal years beginning after the 12-month period
4 beginning on the date on which the audit report
5 is issued.

6 “(D) PRIORITY.—In awarding grants
7 under this Act, the Administrator shall give pri-
8 ority to a State or Indian tribe that did not
9 have an unresolved audit finding during the 3
10 fiscal years prior to the date on which the eligi-
11 ble entity submits an application for a grant
12 under this Act.

13 “(E) REIMBURSEMENT.—If a grant recipi-
14 ent under this Act is awarded such funds under
15 this Act during the 2-fiscal-year period in which
16 the recipient is barred from receiving grants
17 under subparagraph (I), the Attorney General
18 shall—

19 “(i) deposit an amount equal to the
20 amount of the grant funds that were im-
21 properly awarded to the grantee into the
22 general fund of the Treasury; and

23 “(ii) seek to recoup the costs of the
24 repayment to the general fund under

1 clause (i) from the grantee that was erro-
2 neously awarded grant funds.

3 “(F) DEFINITION.—In this paragraph, the
4 term ‘unresolved audit finding’ means a finding
5 in the final audit report of the Inspector Gen-
6 eral—

7 “(i) that the audited recipient has
8 used grant funds for an unauthorized ex-
9 penditure or otherwise unallowable cost;
10 and

11 “(ii) that is not closed or resolved
12 during the 12-month period beginning on
13 the date on which the final audit report is
14 issued.

15 “(3) CONFERENCE EXPENDITURES.—

16 “(A) LIMITATION.—No amounts author-
17 ized to be appropriated to the Department of
18 Justice under this Act may be used by the At-
19 torney General, or by any individual or organi-
20 zation awarded discretionary funds through a
21 cooperative agreement under this Act, to host
22 or support any expenditure for conferences that
23 uses more than \$20,000 in funds made avail-
24 able to the Department of Justice, unless the
25 Deputy Attorney General or such Assistant At-

1 torney Generals, Directors, or principal deputies
2 as the Deputy Attorney General may designate,
3 provides prior written authorization that the
4 funds may be expended to host a conference.

5 “(B) WRITTEN APPROVAL.—Written ap-
6 proval under subparagraph (A) shall include a
7 written estimate of all costs associated with the
8 conference, including the cost of all food and
9 beverages, audiovisual equipment, honoraria for
10 speakers, and entertainment.

11 “(C) REPORT.—The Deputy Attorney Gen-
12 eral shall submit an annual report to the Com-
13 mittee on the Judiciary of the Senate and the
14 Committee on Education and the Workforce of
15 the House of Representatives on all conference
16 expenditures approved under this paragraph.

17 “(4) PROHIBITION ON LOBBYING ACTIVITY.—

18 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Amounts authorized
19 to be appropriated under this Act may not be
20 utilized by any recipient of a grant made using
21 such amounts—

22 “(i) to lobby any representative of the
23 Department of Justice regarding the
24 award of grant funding; or

1 “(ii) to lobby any representative of a
2 Federal, State, local, or tribal government
3 regarding the award of grant funding.

4 “(B) PENALTY.—If the Attorney General
5 determines that any recipient of a grant made
6 using amounts authorized to be appropriated
7 under this Act has violated subparagraph (A),
8 the Attorney General shall—

9 “(i) require the recipient to repay the
10 grant in full; and

11 “(ii) prohibit the recipient to receive
12 another grant under this Act for not less
13 than 5 years.

14 “(C) CLARIFICATION.—For purposes of
15 this paragraph, submitting an application for a
16 grant under this Act shall not be considered
17 lobbying activity in violation of subparagraph
18 (A).

19 “(c) PREVENTING DUPLICATIVE GRANTS.—

20 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Before the Attorney Gen-
21 eral awards a grant to an applicant under this Act,
22 the Attorney General shall compare potential grant
23 awards with other grants awarded under this Act to
24 determine if duplicate grant awards are awarded for
25 the same purpose.

1 “(2) REPORT.—If the Attorney General awards
2 duplicate grants to the same applicant for the same
3 purpose the Attorney General shall submit to the
4 Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate and the
5 Committee on Education and the Workforce of the
6 House of Representatives a report that includes—

7 “(A) a list of all duplicate grants awarded,
8 including the total dollar amount of any dupli-
9 cate grants awarded; and

10 “(B) the reason the Attorney General
11 awarded the duplicative grant.

12 “(d) COMPLIANCE WITH AUDITING STANDARDS.—
13 The Administrator shall comply with the Generally Ac-
14 cepted Government Auditing Standards, published by the
15 General Accountability Office (commonly known as the
16 ‘Yellow Book’), in the conduct of fiscal, compliance, and
17 programmatic audits of States.”.

18 (b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—

19 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Juvenile Justice and
20 Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 is amended by
21 striking paragraphs (6) and (7) of section 407 (42
22 U.S.C. 5776a).

23 (2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made
24 by paragraph (1) shall take effect on the 1st day of

the 1st fiscal year that begins after the date of enactment of this Act.

(3) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—In the case of an entity that is barred from receiving grant funds under paragraph (7)(B)(ii) of section 407 of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5776a), the amendment made by paragraph (1) of this subsection shall not affect the applicability to the entity, or to the Attorney General with respect to the entity, of paragraph (7) of such section 407, as in effect on the day before the effective date of the amendment made by paragraph (1).

(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

(1) TITLE III.—Section 388(a) of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (42 U. S. C. 5751(a)) is amended—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking “140,000,000” and all that follows through “2013”, and inserting “101,980,000 for each of fiscal years 2018 through 2022” before the period;

(B) in paragraph (3)(B), by striking “There” and all that follows through “2013”, and inserting “Of the amount made available for a fiscal year to carry out this title, not more

1 than 1 percent may be used to carry out section
2 345” before the period; and

3 (C) in paragraph (4), by striking
4 “\$25,000,000” and all that follows through
5 “2013”, and inserting “\$17,141,000 for each of
6 the fiscal years 2018 through 2022”.

7 (2) TITLE IV.—Section 408 of the Juvenile
8 Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (42
9 U. S. C. 5777) is amended by striking “2018” and
10 inserting “2022”.

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