

115TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R. 2676

To require States to report to the Attorney General certain information regarding use of force incidents involving law enforcement officers and civilians, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

May 25, 2017

Mr. Castro of Texas introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

- To require States to report to the Attorney General certain information regarding use of force incidents involving law enforcement officers and civilians, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
 - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
 - 4 This Act may be cited as the "Police Reporting Infor-
 - 5 mation, Data, and Evidence Act of 2017" or the "PRIDE
 - 6 Act".
 - 7 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.
 - 8 In this Act:

- 1 PROGRAM.—The (1)Byrne GRANT 2 "Byrne grant program" means any grant program under subpart 1 of part E of title I of the Omnibus 3 4 Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42) 5 U.S.C. 3750 et seq.), without regard to whether the 6 funds are characterized as being made available 7 under the Edward Byrne Memorial State and Local 8 Law Enforcement Assistance Programs, the Local 9 Government Law Enforcement Block Grants Pro-10 gram, the Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assist-11 ance Grant Program, or otherwise.
 - (2) Indian tribe.—The term "Indian tribe" has the meaning given the term in section 901 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3791).
 - (3) Law enforcement officer" means any officer, agent, or employee of a State, unit of local government, or Indian tribe authorized by law or by a government agency to engage in or supervise the prevention, detection, or investigation of any violation of criminal law.
 - (4) STATE.—The term "State" has the meaning given the term in section 901 of title I of the

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1	Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of
2	1968 (42 U.S.C. 3791).
3	(5) Use of force.—The term "use of force'
4	includes the use of a firearm, Taser, explosive de-
5	vice, chemical agent (such as pepper spray), baton
6	impact projectile, blunt instrument, hand, fist, foot
7	canine, or vehicle against an individual.
8	SEC. 3. USE OF FORCE REPORTING.
9	(a) Reporting Requirements.—
10	(1) In general.—Beginning in the first fiscal
11	year beginning after the date of enactment of this
12	Act and each fiscal year thereafter in which a State
13	or Indian tribe receives funds under a Byrne grant
14	program, the State or Indian tribe shall—
15	(A) report to the Attorney General, on a
16	quarterly basis and pursuant to guidelines es-
17	tablished by the Attorney General, information
18	regarding—
19	(i) any incident involving the shooting
20	of a civilian by a law enforcement officer
21	who is employed—
22	(I) in the case of an Indian tribe
23	by the Indian tribe; or

1	(II) in the case of a State, by the
2	State or by a unit of local government
3	in the State;
4	(ii) any incident involving the shooting
5	of a law enforcement officer described in
6	clause (i) by a civilian; and
7	(iii) any incident in which use of force
8	by or against a law enforcement officer de-
9	scribed in clause (i) occurs, which is not
10	reported under clause (i) or (ii);
11	(B) establish a system and a set of policies
12	to ensure that all use of force incidents are re-
13	ported by law enforcement officers; and
14	(C) submit to the Attorney General a plan
15	for the collection of data required to be re-
16	ported under this section, including any modi-
17	fications to a previously submitted data collec-
18	tion plan.
19	(2) Report information required.—
20	(A) IN GENERAL.—The report required
21	under paragraph (1)(A) shall contain informa-
22	tion that includes, at a minimum—
23	(i) the national origin, sex, race, eth-
24	nicity, age, physical disability, mental dis-
25	ability, English language proficiency, hous-

1	ing status, and school status of each civil-
2	ian against whom a law enforcement offi-
3	cer used force;
4	(ii) the date, time, and location, in-
5	cluding zip code, of the incident and
6	whether the jurisdiction in which the inci-
7	dent occurred allows for the open-carry or
8	concealed-carry of a firearm;
9	(iii) whether the civilian was armed,
10	and, if so, the type of weapon the civilian
11	had;
12	(iv) the type of force used against the
13	officer, the civilian, or both, including the
14	types of weapons used;
15	(v) the reason force was used;
16	(vi) a description of any injuries sus-
17	tained as a result of the incident;
18	(vii) the number of officers involved in
19	the incident;
20	(viii) the number of civilians involved
21	in the incident; and
22	(ix) a brief description regarding the
23	circumstances surrounding the incident,
24	which shall include information on—

1	(I) the type of force used by all
2	involved persons;
3	(II) the legitimate police objective
4	necessitating the use of force;
5	(III) the resistance encountered
6	by each law enforcement officer in-
7	volved in the incident;
8	(IV) the efforts by law enforce-
9	ment officers to—
10	(aa) de-escalate the situation
11	in order to avoid the use of force;
12	or
13	(bb) minimize the level of
14	force used; and
15	(V) if applicable, the reason why
16	efforts described in subclause (IV)
17	were not attempted.
18	(B) Incidents reported under death
19	IN CUSTODY REPORTING ACT.—A State is not
20	required to include in a report under subsection
21	(a)(1) an incident reported by the State in ac-
22	cordance with section 20104(a)(2) of the Vio-
23	lent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act
24	of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 13704(a)(2)).

1	(3) Audit of use-of-force reporting.—Not
2	later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this
3	Act, and each year thereafter, each State and Indian
4	tribe described in paragraph (1) shall—
5	(A) conduct an audit of the use of force in-
6	cident reporting system required to be estab-
7	lished under paragraph (1)(B); and
8	(B) submit a report to the Attorney Gen-
9	eral on the audit conducted under subpara-
10	graph (A).
11	(4) Compliance procedure.—Prior to sub-
12	mitting a report under paragraph (1)(A), the State
13	or Indian tribe submitting such report shall compare
14	the information compiled to be reported pursuant to
15	clause (i) of paragraph (1)(A) to open-source data
16	records, and shall revise such report to include any
17	incident determined to be missing from the report
18	based on such comparison. Failure to comply with
19	the procedures described in the previous sentence
20	shall be considered a failure to comply with the re-
21	quirements of this section.
22	(b) Ineligibility for Funds.—
23	(1) IN GENERAL.—For any fiscal year in which
24	a State or Indian tribe fails to comply with this sec-

tion, the State or Indian tribe, at the discretion of

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- the Attorney General, shall be subject to not more than a 10-percent reduction of the funds that would otherwise be allocated for that fiscal year to the
- 4 State or Indian tribe under a Byrne grant program.
- 5 (2) REALLOCATION.—Amounts not allocated 6 under a Byrne grant program in accordance with 7 paragraph (1) to a State for failure to comply with 8 this section shall be reallocated under the Byrne 9 grant program to States that have not failed to com-10 ply with this section.

(c) Public Availability of Data.—

- 12 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
 13 the date of enactment of this Act, and each year
 14 thereafter, the Attorney General shall publish, and
 15 make available to the public, a report containing the
 16 data reported to the Attorney General under this
 17 section.
 - (2) Privacy protections.—Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to supersede the requirements or limitations under section 552a of title 5, United States Code (commonly known as the "Privacy Act of 1974").
- 23 (d) GUIDANCE.—Not later than 180 days after the 24 date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney General, in 25 coordination with the Director of the Federal Bureau of

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1	Investigation, shall issue guidance on best practices relat-
2	ing to establishing standard data collection systems that
3	capture the information required to be reported under sub-
4	section (a)(2), which shall include standard and consistent
5	definitions for terms, including the term "use of force"
6	which is consistent with the definition of such term in sec-
7	tion 2.
8	SEC. 4. COMMUNITY AND LAW ENFORCEMENT PARTNER-
9	SHIP GRANT PROGRAM.
10	(a) Grants Authorized.—The Attorney General
11	may make grants to eligible law enforcement agencies to
12	be used for the activities described in subsection (c).
13	(b) Eligibility.—In order to be eligible to receive
14	a grant under this section a law enforcement agency
15	shall—
16	(1) be located in a State or Indian tribe that
17	receives funds under a Byrne grant program;
18	(2) employ not more than 100 law enforcement
19	officers;
20	(3) demonstrate that the use of force policy for
21	law enforcement officers employed by the law en-
22	forcement agency is publicly available; and
23	(4) establish and maintain a reporting system
24	that may be used by members of the public to report

- 1 incidents of use of force to the law enforcement
- 2 agency.
- 3 (c) ACTIVITIES DESCRIBED.—A grant made under
- 4 this section may be used by a law enforcement agency
- 5 for—
- 6 (1) the cost of assisting the State or Indian
- 7 tribe in which the law enforcement agency is located
- 8 in complying with the reporting requirements de-
- 9 scribed in section 3;
- 10 (2) the cost of establishing necessary systems
- 11 required to investigate and report incidents as re-
- quired under subsection (b)(4);
- 13 (3) public awareness campaigns designed to
- gain information from the public on use of force by
- or against law enforcement officers, including shoot-
- ings, which may include tip lines, hotlines, and pub-
- 17 lic service announcements; and
- 18 (4) use of force training for law enforcement
- agencies and personnel, including training on de-es-
- 20 calation, implicit bias, crisis intervention techniques,
- and adolescent development.
- 22 SEC. 5. COMPLIANCE WITH REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.
- 23 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the
- 24 date of enactment of this Act, and each year thereafter,
- 25 the Attorney General shall conduct an audit and review

1	of the information provided under this Act to determine
2	whether each State or Indian tribe described in section
3	3(a)(1) is in compliance with the requirements of this Act.
4	(b) Consistency in Data Reporting.—
5	(1) In General.—Any data reported under
6	this Act shall be collected and reported in a manner
7	consistent with existing programs of the Department
8	of Justice that collect data on law enforcement offi-
9	cer encounters with civilians.
10	(2) Guidelines.—The Attorney General
11	shall—
12	(A) issue guidelines on the reporting re-
13	quirement under section 3; and
14	(B) seek public comment before finalizing
15	the guidelines required under subparagraph
16	(A).
17	SEC. 6. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
18	There are authorized to be appropriated to the Attor-
19	ney General such sums as are necessary to carry out this
20	Act.

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