1 AN ACT relating to workers' compensation.

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## Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

- 3 → Section 1. KRS 342.0011 is amended to read as follows:
- 4 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:
- 5 "Injury" means any work-related traumatic event or series of traumatic events, (1)including cumulative trauma, arising out of and in the course of employment which 6 7 is the proximate cause producing a harmful change in the human organism 8 evidenced by objective medical findings. "Injury" does not include the effects of the 9 natural aging process, and does not include any communicable disease unless the 10 risk of contracting the disease is increased by the nature of the employment. 11 "Injury" when used generally, unless the context indicates otherwise, shall include 12 an occupational disease and damage to a prosthetic appliance, but shall not include 13 a psychological, psychiatric, or stress-related change in the human organism, unless 14 it is a direct result of a physical injury;
- 15 (2) "Occupational disease" means a disease arising out of and in the course of the employment;
  - An occupational disease as defined in this chapter shall be deemed to arise out of the employment if there is apparent to the rational mind, upon consideration of all the circumstances, a causal connection between the conditions under which the work is performed and the occupational disease, and which can be seen to have followed as a natural incident to the work as a result of the exposure occasioned by the nature of the employment and which can be fairly traced to the employment as the proximate cause. The occupational disease shall be incidental to the character of the business and not independent of the relationship of employer and employee. An occupational disease need not have been foreseen or expected but, after its contraction, it must appear to be related to a risk connected with the employment and to have flowed from that source as a rational consequence;

1	(4)	"Inju	irious exposure" shall mean that exposure to occupational hazard which would,
2		inde	pendently of any other cause whatsoever, produce or cause the disease for
3		whic	h the claim is made;
4	(5)	"Dea	th" means death resulting from an injury or occupational disease;
5	(6)	"Car	rier" means any insurer, or legal representative thereof, authorized to insure the
6		liabi	lity of employers under this chapter and includes a self-insurer;
7	(7)	"Self	F-insurer" is an employer who has been authorized under the provisions of this
8		chap	ter to carry his own liability on his employees covered by this chapter;
9	(8)	"Dep	partment" means the Department of Workers' Claims in the Education and
10		Labo	or Cabinet;
11	(9)	"Cor	mmissioner" means the commissioner of the Department of Workers' Claims
12		unde	r the direction and supervision of the secretary of the Education and Labor
13		Cabi	net;
14	(10)	"Boa	ard" means the Workers' Compensation Board;
15	(11)	(a)	"Temporary total disability" means the condition of an employee who has not
16			reached maximum medical improvement from an injury and has not reached a
17			level of improvement that would permit a return to employment;
18		(b)	"Permanent partial disability" means the condition of an employee who, due
19			to an injury, has a permanent disability rating but retains the ability to work;
20			and
21		(c)	"Permanent total disability" means the condition of an employee who, due to
22			an injury, has a permanent disability rating and has a complete and permanent
23			inability to perform any type of work as a result of an injury, except that total
24			disability shall be irrebuttably presumed to exist for an injury that results in:
25			1. Total and permanent loss of sight in both eyes;
26			2. Loss of both feet at or above the ankle;

Loss of both hands at or above the wrist;

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1		4. Loss of one (1) foot at or above the ankle and the loss of one (1) hand at
2		or above the wrist;
3		5. Permanent and complete paralysis of both arms, both legs, or one (1)
4		arm and one (1) leg;
5		6. Incurable insanity or imbecility; or
6		7. Total loss of hearing;
7	(12)	"Income benefits" means payments made under the provisions of this chapter to the
8		disabled worker or his dependents in case of death, excluding medical and related
9		benefits;
10	(13)	"Medical and related benefits" means payments made for medical, hospital, burial,
11		and other services as provided in this chapter, other than income benefits;
12	(14)	"Compensation" means all payments made under the provisions of this chapter
13		representing the sum of income benefits and medical and related benefits;
14	(15)	"Medical services" means medical, surgical, dental, hospital, nursing, and medical
15		rehabilitation services, medicines, and fittings for artificial or prosthetic devices;
16	(16)	"Person" means any individual, partnership, limited partnership, limited liability
17		company, firm, association, trust, joint venture, corporation, or legal representative
18		thereof;
19	(17)	"Wages" means, in addition to money payments for services rendered, the
20		reasonable value of board, rent, housing, lodging, fuel, or similar advantages
21		received from the employer, and gratuities received in the course of employment
22		from persons other than the employer as evidenced by the employee's federal and
23		state tax returns;
24	(18)	"Agriculture" means the operation of farm premises, including the planting,
25		cultivation, producing, growing, harvesting, and preparation for market of
26		agricultural or horticultural commodities thereon, the raising of livestock for food
27		products and for racing purposes, and poultry thereon, and any work performed as

an incident to or in conjunction with the farm operations, including the sale of

2		produce	e at on-site markets and the processing of produce for sale at on-site markets.
3		It shall	not include the commercial processing, packing, drying, storing, or canning
4		of such	commodities for market, or making cheese or butter or other dairy products
5		for man	rket;
6	(19)	"Benef	iciary" means any person who is entitled to income benefits or medical and
7		related	benefits under this chapter;
8	(20)	"United	d States," when used in a geographic sense, means the several states, the
9		District	t of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Canal Zone, and the
10		territor	ies of the United States;
11	(21)	"Alien'	" means a person who is not a citizen, a national, or a resident of the United
12		States	or Canada. Any person not a citizen or national of the United States who
13		relinqu	ishes or is about to relinquish his residence in the United States shall be
14		regarde	ed as an alien;
15	(22)	"Insura	ance carrier" means every insurance carrier or insurance company authorized
16		to do	business in the Commonwealth writing workers' compensation insurance
17		coverag	ge and includes the Kentucky Employers Mutual Insurance Authority and
18		every s	elf-insured group operating under the provisions of this chapter;
19	(23)	(a) "S	Severance or processing of coal" means all activities performed in the
20		C	Commonwealth at underground, auger, and surface mining sites; all activities
21		p	erformed at tipple or processing plants that clean, break, size, or treat coal;
22		aı	nd all activities performed at coal loading facilities for trucks, railroads, and
23		b	arges. Severance or processing of coal shall not include acts performed by a
24		fi	inal consumer if the acts are performed at the site of final consumption.
25		(b) "]	Engaged in severance or processing of coal" shall include all individuals,
26		p	artnerships, limited partnerships, limited liability companies, corporations,
27		jo	pint ventures, associations, or any other business entity in the Commonwealth

which has employees on its payroll who perform any of the acts stated in paragraph (a) of this subsection, regardless of whether the acts are performed as owner of the coal or on a contract or fee basis for the actual owner of the coal. A business entity engaged in the severance or processing of coal, including but not limited to administrative or selling functions, shall be considered wholly engaged in the severance or processing of coal for the purpose of this chapter. However, a business entity which is engaged in a separate business activity not related to coal, for which a separate premium charge is not made, shall be deemed to be engaged in the severance or processing of coal only to the extent that the number of employees engaged in the severance or processing of coal bears to the total number of employees. Any employee who is involved in the business of severing or processing of coal and business activities not related to coal shall be prorated based on the time involved in severance or processing of coal bears to his total time;

- (24) "Premium" for every self-insured group means any and all assessments levied on its members by such group or contributed to it by the members thereof. For special fund assessment purposes, "premium" also includes any and all membership dues, fees, or other payments by members of the group to associations or other entities used for underwriting, claims handling, loss control, premium audit, actuarial, or other services associated with the maintenance or operation of the self-insurance group;
- (25) (a) "Premiums received" for policies effective on or after January 1, 1994, for insurance companies means direct written premiums as reported in the annual statement to the Department of Insurance by insurance companies, except that "premiums received" includes premiums charged off or deferred, and, on insurance policies or other evidence of coverage with provisions for deductibles, the calculated cost for coverage, including experience

modification and premium surcharge or discount, prior to any reduction for deductibles. The rates, factors, and methods used to calculate the cost for coverage under this paragraph for insurance policies or other evidence of coverage with provisions for deductibles shall be the same rates, factors, and methods normally used by the insurance company in Kentucky to calculate the cost for coverage for insurance policies or other evidence of coverage without provisions for deductibles, except that, for insurance policies or other evidence of coverage with provisions for deductibles effective on or after January 1, 1995, the calculated cost for coverage shall not include any schedule rating modification, debits, or credits. For policies with provisions for deductibles with effective dates on or after January 1, 1995, assessments shall be imposed on premiums received as calculated by the deductible program adjustment. The cost for coverage calculated under this paragraph by insurance companies that issue only deductible insurance policies in Kentucky shall be actuarially adequate to cover the entire liability of the employer for compensation under this chapter, including all expenses and allowances normally used to calculate the cost for coverage. For policies with provisions for deductibles with effective dates of May 6, 1993, through December 31, 1993, for which the insurance company did not report premiums and remit special fund assessments based on the calculated cost for coverage prior to the reduction for deductibles, "premiums received" includes the initial premium plus any reimbursements invoiced for losses, expenses, and fees charged under the deductibles. The special fund assessment rates in effect for reimbursements invoiced for losses, expenses, or fees charged under the deductibles shall be those percentages in effect on the effective date of the insurance policy. For policies covering covered employees having a coemployment relationship with a professional employer organization and a

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client as defined in KRS Chapter 336, "premiums received" means premiums calculated using the experience modification factor of each client as defined in KRS Chapter 336 for each covered employee for that portion of the payroll pertaining to the covered employee.

- (b) "Direct written premium" for insurance companies means the gross premium written less return premiums and premiums on policies not taken but including policy and membership fees.
- (c) "Premium," for policies effective on or after January 1, 1994, for insurance companies means all consideration, whether designated as premium or otherwise, for workers' compensation insurance paid to an insurance company or its representative, including, on insurance policies with provisions for deductibles, the calculated cost for coverage, including experience modification and premium surcharge or discount, prior to any reduction for deductibles. The rates, factors, and methods used to calculate the cost for coverage under this paragraph for insurance policies or other evidence of coverage with provisions for deductibles shall be the same rates, factors, and methods normally used by the insurance company in Kentucky to calculate the cost for coverage for insurance policies or other evidence of coverage without provisions for deductibles, except that, for insurance policies or other evidence of coverage with provisions for deductibles effective on or after January 1, 1995, the calculated cost for coverage shall not include any schedule rating modifications, debits, or credits. For policies with provisions for deductibles with effective dates on or after January 1, 1995, assessments shall be imposed as calculated by the deductible program adjustment. The cost for coverage calculated under this paragraph by insurance companies that issue only deductible insurance policies in Kentucky shall be actuarially adequate to cover the entire liability of the employer for compensation under

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this chapter, including all expenses and allowances normally used to calculate the cost for coverage. For policies with provisions for deductibles with effective dates of May 6, 1993, through December 31, 1993, for which the insurance company did not report premiums and remit special fund assessments based on the calculated cost for coverage prior to the reduction for deductibles, "premium" includes the initial consideration plus any reimbursements invoiced for losses, expenses, or fees charged under the deductibles.

- (d) "Return premiums" for insurance companies means amounts returned to insureds due to endorsements, retrospective adjustments, cancellations, dividends, or errors.
- (e) "Deductible program adjustment" means calculating premium and premiums received on a gross basis without regard to the following:
  - 1. Schedule rating modifications, debits, or credits;
  - 2. Deductible credits; or

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- Modifications to the cost of coverage from inception through and including any audit that are based on negotiated retrospective rating arrangements, including but not limited to large risk alternative rating options;
- (26) "Insurance policy" for an insurance company or self-insured group means the term of insurance coverage commencing from the date coverage is extended, whether a new policy or a renewal, through its expiration, not to exceed the anniversary date of the renewal for the following year;
- 24 (27) "Self-insurance year" for a self-insured group means the annual period of certification of the group created pursuant to KRS 342.350(4) and 304.50-010;
- 26 (28) "Premium" for each employer carrying his own risk pursuant to KRS 342.340(1) 27 shall be the projected value of the employer's workers' compensation claims for the

next calendar year as calculated by the commissioner using generally-accepted actuarial methods as follows:

The base period shall be the earliest three (3) calendar years of the five (5) calendar years immediately preceding the calendar year for which the calculation is made. The commissioner shall identify each claim of the employer which has an injury date or date of last injurious exposure to the cause of an occupational disease during each one (1) of the three (3) calendar years to be used as the base, and shall assign a value to each claim. The value shall be the total of the indemnity benefits paid to date and projected to be paid, adjusted to current benefit levels, plus the medical benefits paid to date and projected to be paid for the life of the claim, plus the cost of medical and vocational rehabilitation paid to date and projected to be paid. Adjustment to current benefit levels shall be done by multiplying the weekly indemnity benefit for each claim by the number obtained by dividing the statewide average weekly wage which will be in effect for the year for which the premium is being calculated by the statewide average weekly wage in effect during the year in which the injury or date of the last exposure occurred. The total value of the claims using the adjusted weekly benefit shall then be calculated by the commissioner. Values for claims in which awards have been made or settlements reached because of findings of permanent partial or permanent total disability shall be calculated using the mortality and interest discount assumptions used in the latest available statistical plan of the advisory rating organization defined in Subtitle 13 of KRS Chapter 304. The sum of all calculated values shall be computed for all claims in the base period;

(b) The commissioner shall obtain the annual payroll for each of the three (3) years in the base period for each employer carrying his own risk from records

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of the department and from the records of the Department of Workforce Development, Education and Labor Cabinet. The commissioner shall multiply each of the three (3) years of payroll by the number obtained by dividing the statewide average weekly wage which will be in effect for the year in which the premium is being calculated by the statewide average weekly wage in effect in each of the years of the base period;

- (c) The commissioner shall divide the total of the adjusted claim values for the three (3) year base period by the total adjusted payroll for the same three (3) year period. The value so calculated shall be multiplied by 1.25 and shall then be multiplied by the employer's most recent annualized payroll, calculated using records of the department and the Department of Workforce Development data which shall be made available for this purpose on a quarterly basis as reported, to obtain the premium for the next calendar year for assessment purposes under KRS 342.122;
- (d) For November 1, 1987, through December 31, 1988, premium for each employer carrying its own risk shall be an amount calculated by the board pursuant to the provisions contained in this subsection and such premium shall be provided to each employer carrying its own risk and to the funding commission on or before January 1, 1988. Thereafter, the calculations set forth in this subsection shall be performed annually, at the time each employer applies or renews its application for certification to carry its own risk for the next twelve (12) month period and submits payroll and other data in support of the application. The employer and the funding commission shall be notified at the time of the certification or recertification of the premium calculated by the commissioner, which shall form the employer's basis for assessments pursuant to KRS 342.122 for the calendar year beginning on January 1 following the date of certification or recertification;

(e) If an employer having fewer than five (5) years of doing business in this state applies to carry its own risk and is so certified, its premium for the purposes of KRS 342.122 shall be based on the lesser number of years of experience as may be available including the two (2) most recent years if necessary to create a three (3) year base period. If the employer has less than two (2) years of operation in this state available for the premium calculation, then its premium shall be the greater of the value obtained by the calculation called for in this subsection or the amount of security required by the commissioner pursuant to KRS 342.340(1);

- (f) If an employer is certified to carry its own risk after having previously insured the risk, its premium shall be calculated using values obtained from claims incurred while insured for as many of the years of the base period as may be necessary to create a full three (3) year base. After the employer is certified to carry its own risk and has paid all amounts due for assessments upon premiums paid while insured, the employer shall be assessed only upon the premium calculated under this subsection;
- (g) "Premium" for each employer defined in KRS 342.630(2) shall be calculated as set forth in this subsection; and
- (h) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, the premium of any employer authorized to carry its own risk for purposes of assessments due under this chapter shall be no less than thirty cents (\$0.30) per one hundred dollars (\$100) of the employer's most recent annualized payroll for employees covered by this chapter;
- (29) "SIC code" as used in this chapter means the Standard Industrial Classification

  Code contained in the latest edition of the Standard Industrial Classification Manual

  published by the Federal Office of Management and Budget;
- (30) "Investment interest" means any pecuniary or beneficial interest in a provider of

1		medical services or treatment under this chapter, other than a provider in which that
2		pecuniary or investment interest is obtained on terms equally available to the public
3		through trading on a registered national securities exchange, such as the New York
4		Stock Exchange or the American Stock Exchange, or on the National Association
5		of Securities Dealers Automated Quotation System;
6	(31)	"Managed health care system" means a health care system that employs gatekeeper
7		providers, performs utilization review, and does medical bill audits;
8	(32)	"Physician" means physicians and surgeons, audiologists holding a doctorate in
9		audiology, psychologists, optometrists, dentists, podiatrists, and osteopathic and
10		chiropractic practitioners acting within the scope of the license or other credentials
11		required by his or her specialty of practice in the United States jurisdiction in which
12		he or she is authorized to practice;
13	(33)	"Objective medical findings" means information gained through direct observation
14		and testing of the patient applying objective or standardized methods;
15	(34)	"Work" means providing services to another in return for remuneration on a regular
16		and sustained basis in a competitive economy;
17	(35)	"Permanent impairment rating" means percentage of whole body impairment
18		caused by the injury or occupational disease as determined by the "Guides to the
19		Evaluation of Permanent Impairment";
20	(36)	"Permanent disability rating" means the permanent impairment rating selected by
21		an administrative law judge times the factor set forth in the table that appears at
22		KRS 342.730(1)(b); and
23	(37)	"Guides to the Evaluation of Permanent Impairment" means, except as provided in
24		KRS 342.262:
25		(a) The fifth edition published by the American Medical Association; and
26		(b) For psychological impairments, Chapter 12 of the second edition published by
27		the American Medical Association.

Section 2. KRS 342.213 is amended to read as follows:
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2 (1) The Governor shall make all appointments to the board, and appoint the administrative law judges of the Department of Workers' Claims, subject to the consent of the Senate in accordance with KRS 11.160, and in accordance with this section and KRS 342.215 and 342.230 by choosing from names presented to him or her by the Workers' Compensation Nominating Committee.

- 7 (2) The Workers' Compensation Nominating Committee shall consist of five (5) 8 members appointed by the Governor as follows:
  - (a) 1. One (1) member of the political party having the largest number of registered voters and one (1) member of the political party having the second largest number of registered voters shall serve a term of two (2) years;
    - 2. One (1) member of the political party having the largest number of registered voters shall serve a term of three (3) years; and
    - 3. Thereafter, upon the expiration of a term, the vacancy created shall be filled by an appointee from the same political party for a term of four (4) years;
    - (b) 1. Two (2) members who shall be attorneys with experience in the practice of workers' compensation, one (1) who customarily represents claimants and one (1) who customarily represents employers, each of whom shall serve a term of four (4) years; and
  - 2. Thereafter, upon expiration of a term, the vacancy shall be filled by an appointee who meets the same required qualifications or criteria and who shall serve a term of four (4) years;
  - (c) Appointments to fill the unexpired term of a member due to the resignation of a member, removal of a member pursuant to KRS 63.080, or any other reason shall be for the remainder of the term, and the new appointee shall meet the

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same required qualifications or criteria as stated in this section; and

(d) At the first meeting of each calendar year, the members shall select a chairman of the nominating committee who shall serve as chairman for the duration of that calendar year.

- (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (2) of this section, at least two (2) members of the Workers' Compensation Nominating Committee shall be individuals who directly derive no earned income from the workers' compensation program. In order to satisfy the requirement of this subsection, the Governor shall remove any existing member of the Workers' Compensation Nominating Committee who directly derives earned income from the workers' compensation program and replace that member with an individual who does not derive earned income from the workers' compensation program.
- (4) The commissioner shall monitor the workload of the administrative law judges and, whenever a vacancy occurs, determine whether filling the position is necessary to expeditious resolution of claims brought under this chapter. *One hundred fifty* (150) days[One hundred twenty (120) days] prior to the expiration of the terms of the administrative law judges, and when a vacancy occurs under other circumstances, the commissioner shall certify to the Workers' Compensation Nominating Committee that filling the position is necessary and the Workers' Compensation Nominating Committee shall act to fill only such positions as have been certified as necessary by the commissioner.
- (5) (a) The Workers' Compensation Nominating Committee shall consult with the commissioner, chief administrative law judge, and a member of the Workers' Compensation Board as to the performance in office of the administrative law judges. The Workers' Compensation Nominating Committee may recommend retention of any sitting administrative law judge <u>or board member</u>, or present to the Governor the names of three (3) qualified individuals nominated for the

position. The Workers' Compensation Nominating Committee shall report its recommendation for retention to the Governor no later than thirty (30) days after receipt from the commissioner of certification of the necessity to fill the position and shall render to the Governor its list of nominees to fill vacancies within sixty (60) days of receipt of the commissioner's certification. The name of an individual who has been rejected by the Governor when recommended for retention shall not be presented thereafter as a nominee for the same position. No sitting administrative law judge shall be nominated to fill more than one (1) vacancy except for separate vacancies as an administrative law judge.

- (b) Within thirty (30) days of receipt of the recommendation, the Governor may reject recommendations of retention, in which event the Workers' Compensation Nominating Committee shall, within thirty (30) days, reconvene and present a list of the names of three (3) nominees for each position for which a recommendation for retention has been rejected by the Governor.
- 17 (6) The commissioner shall be subject to Senate confirmation in accordance with KRS 11.160.
  - (7) (a) The Governor shall appoint the members of the Workers' Compensation Board. *If a sitting board member is not retained, the*[The] nominating committee shall present to the Governor a list of three (3) candidates for appointment to the board no later than thirty (30) days prior to the expiration of a board member's term. For the purpose of filling vacancies on the board which occur for reasons other than an expiration of term, the nominating committee shall present a list of three (3) names to the Governor no later than sixty (60) days after a vacancy occurs.
    - (b) If the Governor fails to appoint a member of the board within thirty (30) days

1			following receipt of a list of names from the nominating committee, the
2			previous appointee may remain in the position until adjournment of the
3			Senate the year following the expiration of his or her term [the ninetieth day
4			following the date the nominating committee provided the Governor with its
5			list of names], at which time he or she shall vacate the position.
6		<u>(c)</u>	Each newly appointed member of the board shall not assume his or her
7			office until thirty (30) days after confirmation by the Senate. Members who
8			are reappointed shall continue to serve in their capacity until the
9			reappointment is confirmed by the Senate or the Senate adjourns without
10			confirming the appointment.
11	(8)	(a)	The nominating committee shall meet as often as necessary to perform its
12			statutory responsibilities, including but not limited to the mandates
13			enumerated in this section, and a majority of the members shall constitute a
14			quorum for the transaction of business; and
15		(b)	The members shall be reimbursed from funds collected pursuant to KRS
16			342.122 for necessary expenses in the manner and amounts prescribed for
17			state employees by KRS 45.101 and the administrative regulations
18			promulgated under the authority of that statute. Members of the nominating
19			committee shall not be paid for their attendance at any meeting.
20		<b>→</b> S	ection 3. KRS 342.215 is amended to read as follows:
21	(1)	The	Workers' Compensation Board is hereby created and established. The board
22		shal	I rule on appeals of decisions rendered by administrative law judges under this
23		chap	eter. The board shall rule on an appeal of a decision of an administrative law
24		judg	e no later than sixty (60) days following the date on which the last appeal brief
25		was	filed.
26	(2)	The	Workers' Compensation Board shall consist of three (3) members appointed by

the Governor. Each member shall hold no other public office and shall devote his or

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1		her full time to the duties of his or her office. Each member shall be exempt from
2		the classified service, and his or her support staff may be exempt from the classified
3		service.
4	(3)	Of the members of the board appointed under this section, <u>any member appointed</u>
5		to fill an unexpired term shall immediately assume the office subject to the
6		confirmation by the Senate in accordance with KRS 11.160 for the remainder of
7		the term. Any member not currently pending reappointment by the Senate with a
8		term expiring on or before:
9		(a) December 1, 2025, shall continue serving a term that shall expire on June
10		<u>1, 2026;</u>
11		(b) December 1, 2026, shall continue serving a term that shall expire on June
12		<u>1, 2027; or</u>
13		(c) December 1, 2027, shall continue serving a term that shall expire on June
14		1, 2028[one (1) shall serve a term that shall expire on January 4, 2002; one (1)
15		shall serve a term that shall expire on January 4, 2003; and one (1) shall serve
16		a term that shall expire on January 4, 2004, as designated by the Governor at
17		the time of appointment].
18		Thereafter, each term of a board member shall run for four (4) years from the date
19		of expiration of the term for which the member's predecessor was appointed, except
20		that a person appointed to fill a vacancy prior to the expiration of a term shall be
21		appointed for the remainder of the term. The Governor shall not appoint a member
22		of the board to fill the unexpired term of another board member, nor shall the
23		Governor reappoint a member of the board who has been removed from his or her
24		position prior to the expiration of his or her term. The members of the board shall
25		have the qualifications required of appeals court judges, except for residence in a
26		district, and shall receive the same salary and shall be subject to the same standards
27		of conduct. The Governor shall designate a member of the board to serve as

chairman. Any vacancy in the chairmanship shall be filled by the Governor. The
Governor may at any time remove any member for cause after furnishing the
member with a written copy of the charges against him or her and giving the
member a public hearing if he or she requests it.

- 5 (4) A decision concurred in by any two (2) of the three (3) members shall constitute a decision of the board.
- 7 (5) Members of the Workers' Compensation Board and the administrative law judges 8 shall be members of the Kentucky Employees Retirement System.
- 9 (6) The Workers' Compensation Board shall be attached to the Department of Workers'
  10 Claims in the Education and Labor Cabinet.
- → Section 4. KRS 342.230 is amended to read as follows:
- 12 (1) The commissioner with the assistance of the board shall train and instruct the 13 administrative law judges on an ongoing basis; assign cases; and monitor the 14 caseloads of the administrative law judges and the Workers' Compensation Board to 15 ensure timely disposition of cases; keep and be the custodian of the records of the 16 board and the administrative law judges; annually report the activities of the board and the administrative law judges to the Governor; and devote his or her full time to 17 18 the duties of his or her office. The commissioner shall be paid a salary not less than 19 the salary of a member of the board.
- 20 (2)The Governor shall appoint, with the consent of the Senate in accordance with KRS 21 11.160 for a term of four (4) years, not more than nineteen (19) administrative law 22 judges, each of whom shall be an attorney and shall have five (5) years' experience 23 in the Commonwealth in the practice of workers' compensation law or a related 24 field, and extensive knowledge of workers' compensation law, and shall be paid the same salary as a Circuit Judge. Each newly appointed administrative law judge 25 26 shall not assume his or her office until June 1 following confirmation by the 27 Senate. Administrative law judges who are reappointed shall continue to serve in

their capacity until the reappointment is confirmed by the Senate or the Senate adjourns without confirming the appointment. Each administrative law judge shall be exempt from the classified service, and his or her support staff may be exempt from the classified service. Each administrative law judge may be employed for additional terms with the consent of the Senate in accordance with KRS 11.160. The Governor, at least thirty (30) days prior to the expiration of a term of an administrative law judge, shall provide the name of the individual whom he or she intends to appoint to the position to the chairman of the Senate Standing Committee on Economic Development, Tourism, and Labor Senate Economic Development and Workforce Investment Committee. These administrative law judges shall conduct hearings, and otherwise supervise the presentation of evidence and perform any other duties assigned to them by statute and shall render final decisions, orders, or awards. Administrative law judges may, in receiving evidence, make rulings affecting the competency, relevancy, and materiality of the evidence about to be presented and upon motions presented during the taking of evidence as will expedite the preparation of the case.

- (3) To ensure that the administrative law judges perform their responsibilities competently and issue decisions consistent with this chapter, the commissioner shall, at least twice annually, conduct training and education seminars in workers' compensation law; administrative law; and methods and procedures for writing well-reasoned, clear, correct, and concise opinions, orders, or awards.
- (4) The Governor may at any time remove the commissioner or any member of the board. The commissioner may remove any administrative law judge. A member of the board or an administrative law judge may be removed for good cause, including violation of the code of judicial ethics or the code of ethics applicable to the executive branch of the Commonwealth. In addition, an administrative law judge or a member of the board may be removed for the persistent or repeated failure to

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1		perform satisfactorily the specific duties assigned in this chapter, including the
2		requirement of timely disposition of cases, review of attorney's fees, and failure to
3		attend training and continuing education programs required by this section.
4	(5)	Any vacancy in the term of an administrative law judge, which occurs prior to the
5		expiration of the term, shall be filled if necessary by appointment of the Governor
6		in accordance with subsection (2) of this section within sixty (60) days from the
7		date the vacancy occurs, with the consent of the Senate in accordance with KRS
8		11.160, for the remainder of the term. An administrative law judge appointed to fill
9		an unexpired term shall immediately assume the office subject to the
10		confirmation by the Senate in accordance with KRS 11.160 for the remainder of
11		the term.
12	(6)	Any administrative law judge not currently pending confirmation by the Senate
13		with a term expiring on or before:
14		(a) December 1, 2025, shall continue serving a term that shall expire on June
15		<u>1, 2026;</u>
16		(b) December 1, 2026, shall continue serving a term that shall expire on June
17		<u>1, 2027;</u>
18		(c) December 1, 2027, shall continue serving a term that shall expire on June
19		<u>1, 2028, or</u>
20		(d) December 1, 2028, shall continue serving a term that shall expire on June
21		1, 2029 (a) On January 1, 1998, the Governor shall make four (4) year
22		appointments to fill as many of these positions as are necessary to fulfill the
23		duties assigned to administrative law judges under this chapter.
24		(b) On January 1, 2000, the Governor shall make four (4) year appointments to
25		fill as many of these positions as are necessary to fulfill the duties assigned to
26		administrative law judges under this chapter].
27	(7)	One (1) of the administrative law judges appointed pursuant to this section shall be

appointed as a chief administrative law judge, to have the same qualifications, powers, duties, and requirements as those of other administrative law judges. The chief administrative law judge shall not be assigned regular dockets but shall instead assist the commissioner by doing all scheduling of the administrative law judges, handling dockets assigned to the administrative law judges in case of an emergency, providing supervision of the administrative law judges, and providing educational opportunities for the administrative law judges. The chief administrative law judge shall be paid at the same rate as the administrative law judges plus an additional three thousand dollars (\$3,000) per year. At any time the commissioner may replace the chief administrative law judge with one (1) of the other administrative law judges at which time the former chief administrative law judges pursuant to this chapter. On January 1, 1998, the commissioner shall employ a person in this position for a four (4) year term.

→ Section 5. KRS 342.315 is amended to read as follows:

For workers who have had injuries or occupational hearing loss, the commissioner shall contract with the University of Kentucky, [and] the University of Louisville, and the University of Pikeville medical schools to evaluate workers. For workers who have become affected by occupational diseases, the commissioner shall contract with the University of Kentucky, [and] the University of Louisville, and the University of Pikeville medical schools, or other physicians otherwise duly qualified as "B" readers who are licensed in the Commonwealth and are board-certified pulmonary specialists. Referral for evaluation may be made whenever a medical question is at issue.

(2) The physicians and institutions performing evaluations pursuant to this section shall render reports encompassing their findings and opinions in the form prescribed by the commissioner. Except as otherwise provided in KRS 342.316, the clinical

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findings and opinions of the designated evaluator shall be afforded presumptive weight by administrative law judges and the burden to overcome such findings and opinions shall fall on the opponent of that evidence. When administrative law judges reject the clinical findings and opinions of the designated evaluator, they shall specifically state in the order the reasons for rejecting that evidence.

- The commissioner or an administrative law judge may, upon the application of any party or upon his own motion, direct appointment by the commissioner, pursuant to subsection (1) of this section, of a medical evaluator to make any necessary medical examination of the employee. Such medical evaluator shall file with the commissioner within fifteen (15) days after such examination a written report. The medical evaluator appointed may charge a reasonable fee not exceeding fees established by the commissioner for those services.
- (4) Within thirty (30) days of the receipt of a statement for the evaluation, the employer or carrier shall pay the cost of the examination. Upon notice from the commissioner that an evaluation has been scheduled, the insurance carrier shall forward within seven (7) days to the employee the expenses of travel necessary to attend the evaluation at a rate equal to that paid to state employees for travel by private automobile while conducting state business.
- 19 (5) Upon claims in which it is finally determined that the injured worker was not the
  20 employee at the time of injury of an employer covered by this chapter, the special
  21 fund shall reimburse the carrier for any evaluation performed pursuant to this
  22 section for which the carrier has been erroneously compelled to make payment.
  - (6) Not less often than annually the designee of the secretary of the Cabinet for Health and Family Services shall assess the performance of the medical schools and render findings as to whether evaluations conducted under this section are being rendered in a timely manner, whether examinations are conducted in accordance with medically recognized techniques, whether impairment ratings are in conformity

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with standards prescribed by the "Guides to the Evaluation of Permanent Impairment," and whether coal workers' pneumoconiosis examinations are conducted in accordance with the standards prescribed in this chapter.

The General Assembly finds that good public policy mandates the realization of the potential advantages, both economic and effectual, of the use of telehealth. The commissioner may, to the extent that he or she finds it feasible and appropriate, require the use of telehealth, as defined in KRS 211.332, in the independent medical

evaluation process required by this chapter.