

115TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 56

To establish a grant program for stipends to assist in the cost of compensation paid by employers to certain recent college graduates and to provide funding for their further education in subjects relating to mathematics, science, engineering, and technology.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

January 3, 2017

Ms. Jackson Lee introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Education and the Workforce

A BILL

To establish a grant program for stipends to assist in the cost of compensation paid by employers to certain recent college graduates and to provide funding for their further education in subjects relating to mathematics, science, engineering, and technology.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "America Realizing the
- 5 Informational Skills and Initiative of New Graduates Act
- 6 of 2017" or "America RISING Act of 2017".

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 2 Congress finds the following:
 - (1) According to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, in 2012 the national unemployment rate for individuals ages 25 years and older with a bachelor's degree was 4.5 percent and 6.2 percent for individuals with an associate's degree. For college graduates ages 18 to 25 the national unemployment rate in 2012 was higher at 7.7 percent. Because the typical college graduates leaves college owing an average of \$29,400 in student loan debt, a rate that has increased 6 percent every year since 2008, the current job market offers exceedingly few opportunities for such graduates to obtain employment at a salary adequate to service their college loan debt.
 - (2) There are more than 26 million small businesses in the United States. In the current economic climate, these small businesses are experiencing difficulty in finding the resources needed to increase sales, modernize operations, and hire new employees.
 - (3) Recent college graduates need the experience that can be obtained only in the workplace to refine their skills and develop the entrepreneurial qualities that can lead to the creation of new businesses and jobs.

- 1 (4) Existing small businesses and companies 2 will benefit from the information and technology 3 skills possessed by many of the Nation's recent col-4 lege graduates.
- 5 (5) Enabling recent college graduates to obtain 6 employment with small businesses benefits the na-7 tional economy by providing such businesses the 8 human capital and technical expertise needed to 9 compete and win in the global economy of the 21st 10 century.

11 SEC. 3. ESTABLISHMENT OF AMERICA RISING PROGRAM.

- 12 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of Labor and 13 the Secretary of Education shall, jointly, establish a pro-14 gram under which—
 - (1) grants are paid to eligible employers to defray the cost of compensation paid by such employers to recent college graduates; and
 - (2) grants are paid to recent college graduates to enable such graduates to defray the cost of undertaking further postsecondary courses at an institution of higher education for up to 24 months in subjects relating to mathematics, science, engineering, or technology.
- 24 (b) Terms and Conditions.—

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1	(1) In General.—A grant under this section
2	may be made on such terms and conditions as the
3	Secretary may determine.
4	(2) Deferral of federal student loan
5	OBLIGATIONS.—Each recent college graduate partici-
6	pating in the program under this section (by benefit-
7	ting from a grant awarded under paragraph (1), or
8	receiving a grant under paragraph (2), of subsection
9	(a)) may defer payment on Federal student loans
10	made to the graduate under title IV of the Higher
11	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1070 et seq.) for
12	the period of the graduate's participation in the pro-
13	gram.
14	(3) Grants to eligible employers.—With
15	respect to a grant awarded under subsection
16	(a)(1)—
17	(A) an eligible employer—
18	(i) may use the grant to defray the
19	cost of compensation for not more than 2
20	recent college graduates; and
21	(ii) shall provide a compensation
22	amount to each recent college graduate
23	participating in the program that is equal
24	to or greater than the grant amount re-

1	ceived by the employer for the graduate;
2	and
3	(B) the Secretary may not award an eligi-
4	ble employer more than \$25,000 per recent col-
5	lege graduate.
6	(4) Grants to recent college grad-
7	UATES.—With respect to a grant awarded under
8	subsection (a)(2) to a recent college graduate, the
9	graduate shall be eligible to receive Federal student
10	aid under title IV of the Higher Education Act of
11	1965 (20 U.S.C. 1070 et seq.) without regard to
12	whether the graduate has been or is delinquent on
13	any Federal student loans made to the graduate
14	under such title IV (20 U.S.C. 1070 et seq.).
15	(c) Definitions.—In this section:
16	(1) Eligible employer.—The term "eligible
17	employer" means an employer that—
18	(A) is a small business concern; or
19	(B) is a major corporation that has an op-
20	eration located in—
21	(i) an enterprise zone; or
22	(ii) an area in which, according to the
23	most recent data available, the unemploy-
24	ment rate exceeds the national average un-

1	employment rate by more than two per-
2	centage points.
3	(2) Enterprise zone.—The term "enterprise
4	zone" has the meaning given the term "HUBzone"
5	in section 3 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C.
6	632).
7	(3) Institution of higher education.—Ex-
8	cept as provided in paragraph (3)(B), the term "in-
9	stitution of higher education" has the meaning given
10	the term in section 101 of the Higher Education Act
11	of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001).
12	(4) Major corporation.—The term "major
13	corporation" means an employer that earns an an-
14	nual revenue of not less than \$5,000,000 and em-
15	ploys not less than 50 employees.
16	(5) RECENT COLLEGE GRADUATE.—
17	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "recent col-
18	lege graduate" means an individual—
19	(i) who has received a baccalaureate
20	or associate degree from an institution of
21	higher education on or after the date that
22	is 24 months before the grant benefitting
23	the graduate is awarded under this section;
24	and

1	(ii) who has not previously received
2	any such baccalaureate or associate degree
3	(B) Institution of higher edu-
4	CATION.—In subparagraph (A), the term "insti-
5	tution of higher education" has the meaning
6	given such term in section 102 of the Higher
7	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1002).
8	(6) SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN.—The term
9	"small business concern" has the meaning given
10	such term in section 3 of the Small Business Act
11	(15 U.S.C. 632).
12	(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—
13	(1) In general.—There is authorized to be
14	appropriated to carry out this Act \$100,000,000 for
15	each of the fiscal years 2018, 2019, and 2020.
16	(2) AVAILABILITY.—Funds appropriated under
17	paragraph (1) shall remain available until expended

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