

	31A-26-301.5 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 124
	62A-2-112, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 211
ENA	ACTS:
	26-21-11.1 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
	58-1-508, Utah Code Annotated 1953
Be i	t enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 26-21-11.1 is enacted to read:
	26-21-11.1. Failure to follow certain health care claims practices Penalties.
	(1) The department may assess a fine of up to \$500 per violation against a health care
facil	ity that violates Subsection 31A-36-301.5(4).
	(2) The department shall waive the fine described in Subsection (1) if the health care
faci	ity demonstrates to the department that the health care facility mitigated and reversed any
cred	it damage to the insured caused by the health care facility's violation.
	Section 2. Section 31A-26-301.5 is amended to read:
	31A-26-301.5. Health care claims practices.
	(1) As used in this section, "health care provider" means:
	(a) a health care facility as defined in Section 26-21-2; or
	(b) a person licensed to provide health care services under:
	(i) Title 58, Occupations and Professions; or
	(ii) Title 62A, Chapter 2, Licensure of Programs and Facilities.
	[(1)] (2) Except as provided in Section 31A-8-407, an insured retains ultimate
resp	onsibility for paying for health care services the insured receives. If a service is covered by
one	or more individual or group health insurance policies, all insurers covering the insured
have	e the responsibility to pay valid health care claims in a timely manner according to the
term	as and limits specified in the policies.
	[(2) (a)] (3) [Except as provided in Section 31A-22-610.1, a] A health care provider
may	<u>.</u>
	(a) except as provided in Section 31A-22-610.1, bill and collect for any deductible,
copa	ayment, or uncovered service[-]; and
	(b) [A health care provider may] bill an insured for services covered by health

57	insurance policies or [may] otherwise notify the insured of the expenses covered by the
58	policies. [However, a]
59	(4) (a) Subject to Subsection (4)(b), a health care provider may not make any report to
60	a credit bureau[;] or use the services of a collection agency[, or use methods other than routine
61	billing or notification] until:
62	(i) the later of:
63	[(i)] (A) [the expiration of] 60 days after the day on which the time afforded to an
64	insurer under Section 31A-26-301.6 to determine its obligation to pay or deny the claim
65	without penalty expires; or
66	[(ii)] (B) in the case of Medicare beneficiaries or retirees 65 years of age or older, 60
67	days from the date Medicare determines its liability for the claim[:]; and
68	(ii) after the applicable date described in Subsection (4)(a)(i), the health care provider
69	sends a notice to the insured by certified mail with return receipt requested that states:
70	(A) the amount that the insured owes;
71	(B) a date that is at least 30 days after the day on which the health care provider sends
72	the notice by which the insured must pay the amount owed;
73	(C) that if the insured fails to timely pay the amount owed, the health care provider
74	may make a report to a credit bureau or use the services of a collection agency; and
75	(D) that each action described in Subsection (4)(b)(ii)(C) may negatively impact the
76	insured's credit score.
77	(b) A health care provider satisfies the requirements described in Subsection (4)(a) if
78	the health care provider complies with the provisions of 26 C.F.R. Sec. 1.501(r)-6.
79	(5) An insured may file an action in district court against a health care provider for a
80	violation of a provision of Subsection (4).
81	(ii) If the court finds that the health care provider violated a provision of Subsection
82	(4), the court shall award the insured:
83	(A) actual damages;
84	(B) costs; and
85	(C) reasonable attorney fees.
86	[(e)] (6) Beginning October 31, 1992, all insurers covering the insured shall notify the
87	insured of payment and the amount of payment made to the health care provider.

88	[(d)] (7) A health care provider shall return to an insured any amount the insured
89	overpaid, including interest that begins accruing 90 days after the date of the overpayment, if:
90	(i) the insured has multiple insurers with whom the health care provider has contracts
91	that cover the insured; and
92	(ii) the health care provider becomes aware that the health care provider has received,
93	for any reason, payment for a claim in an amount greater than the health care provider's
94	contracted rate allows.
95	[(3)] (8) The commissioner shall make rules consistent with this chapter governing
96	disclosure to the insured of customary charges by health care providers on the explanation of
97	benefits as part of the claims payment process. These rules shall be limited to the form and
98	content of the disclosures on the explanation of benefits, and shall include:
99	(a) a requirement that the method of determination of any specifically referenced
100	customary charges and the range of the customary charges be disclosed; and
101	(b) a prohibition against an implication that the <u>health care</u> provider is charging
102	excessively if the <u>health care</u> provider is:
103	(i) a participating provider; and
104	(ii) prohibited from balance billing.
105	Section 3. Section 58-1-508 is enacted to read:
106	58-1-508. Failure to follow certain health care claims practices Penalties.
107	(1) As used in this section, "health care provider" means an individual who is licensed
108	to provide health care services under this title.
109	(2) The division may assess a fine of up to \$500 per violation against a health care
110	provider who violates Subsection 31A-36-301.5(4).
111	(3) The division shall waive the fine described in Subsection (2) if the health care
112	provider demonstrates to the division that the health care provider mitigated and reversed any
113	credit damage to the insured caused by the health care provider's violation.
114	Section 4. Section 62A-2-112 is amended to read:
115	62A-2-112. Violations Penalties.
116	(1) A used in this section, "health care provider" means a person licensed to provide
117	health care services under this chapter.
118	[(1)] (2) The office may deny, place conditions on, suspend, or revoke a human

119	services license, if it finds, related to the human services program:
120	(a) that there has been a failure to comply with the rules established under this chapter;
121	(b) evidence of aiding, abetting, or permitting the commission of any illegal act; or
122	(c) evidence of conduct adverse to the standards required to provide services and
123	promote public trust, including aiding, abetting, or permitting the commission of abuse,
124	neglect, exploitation, harm, mistreatment, or fraud.
125	[(2)] (3) The office may restrict or prohibit new admissions to a human services
126	program, if it finds:
127	(a) that there has been a failure to comply with rules established under this chapter;
128	(b) evidence of aiding, abetting, or permitting the commission of any illegal act; or
129	(c) evidence of conduct adverse to the standards required to provide services and
130	promote public trust, including aiding, abetting, or permitting the commission of abuse,
131	neglect, exploitation, harm, mistreatment, or fraud.
132	(4) (a) The office may assess a fine of up to \$500 per violation against a health care
133	provider who violates Subsection 31A-36-301.5(4).
134	(b) The office shall waive the fine described in Subsection (4)(a) if the health care
135	provider demonstrates to the office that the health care provider mitigated and reversed any
136	credit damage to the insured caused by the health care provider's violation.