

116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 345

To support programs for mosquito-borne and other vector-borne disease surveillance and control.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

January 8, 2019

Mr. Soto introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

A BILL

To support programs for mosquito-borne and other vectorborne disease surveillance and control.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Strengthening Mos-
- 5 quito Abatement for Safety and Health Act" or the
- 6 "SMASH Act".
- 7 SEC. 2. REAUTHORIZATION OF MOSQUITO ABATEMENT FOR
- 8 SAFETY AND HEALTH PROGRAM.
- 9 Section 317S of the Public Health Service Act (42
- 10 U.S.C. 247b–21) is amended—

1	(1) in subsection $(a)(1)(B)$ —
2	(A) by inserting "including programs to
3	address emerging infectious mosquito-borne dis-
4	eases," after "control programs,"; and
5	(B) by inserting "or improving existing
6	control programs" before the period at the end;
7	(2) in subsection (b)—
8	(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting ", in-
9	cluding improvement," after "operation";
10	(B) in paragraph (2)—
11	(i) in subparagraph (A)—
12	(I) in clause (ii), by striking "or"
13	at the end;
14	(II) in clause (iii), by striking the
15	semicolon at the end and inserting ",
16	including an emerging infectious mos-
17	quito-borne disease that presents a se-
18	rious public health threat; or"; and
19	(III) by adding at the end the
20	following:
21	"(iv) a public health emergency due to
22	the incidence or prevalence of a mosquito-
23	borne disease that presents a serious pub-
24	lic health threat;"; and

1	(ii) in subparagraph (D), by inserting
2	"or that demonstrates to the Secretary
3	that the control program is consistent with
4	existing State mosquito control plans or
5	policies, or other applicable State pre-
6	paredness plans" before the period at the
7	end;
8	(C) in paragraph (4)(C), by striking "that
9	extraordinary" and all that follows through the
10	period at the end and inserting "that—
11	"(i) extraordinary economic conditions
12	in the political subdivision or consortium of
13	political subdivisions involved justify the
14	waiver; or
15	"(ii) the geographical area covered by
16	a political subdivision or consortium for a
17	grant under paragraph (1) has an extreme
18	mosquito control need due to—
19	"(I) the size or density of the po-
20	tentially impacted human population;
21	"(II) the size or density of a
22	mosquito population that requires
23	heightened control; or
24	"(III) the severity of the mos-
25	quito-borne disease, such that ex-

1	pected serious adverse health out-
2	comes for the human population jus-
3	tify the waiver."; and
4	(D) by amending paragraph (6) to read as
5	follows:
6	"(6) Number of Grants.—A political subdivi-
7	sion or a consortium of political subdivisions may
8	not receive more than one grant under paragraph
9	(1)."; and
10	(3) in subsection (f)—
11	(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "for fis-
12	cal year 2003, and such sums as may be nec-
13	essary for each of fiscal years 2004 through
14	2007" and inserting "for each of fiscal years
15	2020 through 2024";
16	(B) in paragraph (2), by striking "the
17	Public Health Security and Bioterrorism Pre-
18	paredness and Response Act of 2002" and in-
19	serting "other medical and public health pre-
20	paredness and response laws"; and
21	(C) in paragraph (3)—
22	(i) in the heading, by striking "2004"
23	and inserting "2020"; and
24	(ii) by striking "2004" and inserting
25	"2020".

SEC. 3. EPIDEMIOLOGY-LABORATORY CAPACITY GRANTS. 2 Section 2821 of the Public Health Service Act (42) 3 U.S.C. 300hh–31) is amended— 4 (1) in subsection (a)(1), by inserting ", includ-5 ing mosquito and other vector-borne diseases," after 6 "infectious diseases"; and 7 (2) in subsection (b), by striking "2010 through 2013" and inserting "2020 through 2024". 8 9 SEC. 4. GAO STUDY. (a) STUDY.—The Comptroller General of the United 10 11 States shall conduct a study on the state of surveillance and control of mosquito-borne infectious diseases in the 12 13 United States and territories, including the state of preparedness for conducting such surveillance and control. 15 The study shall include— 16 (1) a description of the infrastructure and pro-17 grams for mosquito control in the United States, in-18 cluding— 19 (A) how such infrastructure and programs 20 are organized and implemented at the Federal, 21 State and local levels, including with respect to 22 departments and agencies of the States, and 23 local organizations (including special districts) 24 involved in such control programs; 25 (B) the role of the private sector in such 26 activities;

1	(C) how the authority for mosquito control
2	impacts such activities; and
3	(D) the resources for such infrastructure
4	and programs, including Federal, State, and
5	local funding sources;
6	(2) how mosquito and other vector-borne dis-
7	ease surveillance and control is integrated into Fed-
8	eral, State, and local preparedness plans and ac-
9	tions, including how zoonotic surveillance is inte-
10	grated into infectious disease surveillance to support
11	real-time situational surveillance and awareness;
12	(3) Federal, State, and local laboratory capacity
13	for emerging vector-borne diseases, including mos-
14	quito-borne and other zoonotic diseases; and
15	(4) any regulatory challenges for developing and
16	utilizing vector-control technologies and platforms as
17	part of mosquito control strategies.
18	(b) Consultations.—In conducting the study under
19	subsection (a), the Comptroller General of the United
20	States shall consult with—
21	(1) State and local public health officials in-
22	volved in mosquito and other vector-borne disease
23	surveillance and control efforts;
24	(2) researchers and manufacturers of mosquito
25	control products;

1	(3) stakeholders involved in mosquito abate-
2	ment activities;
3	(4) infectious disease experts; and
4	(5) entomologists involved in mosquito-borne
5	disease surveillance and control efforts.
6	(e) Report.—Not later than 18 months after the
7	date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General
8	of the United States shall submit to the Committee on
9	Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate and
10	the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House
11	of Representatives a report containing the results of the
12	study conducted under subsection (a) and relevant rec-
13	ommendations for Zika virus and other mosquito-borne
14	diseases preparedness and response efforts.

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