

115TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 7037

To amend the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 to allow the Administrator of the Federal Emergency Management Agency to provide capitalization grants to States to establish revolving funds to provide funding assistance to reduce flood risks, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

October 5, 2018

Mr. Crist (for himself and Mr. Williams) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Financial Services

A BILL

- To amend the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 to allow the Administrator of the Federal Emergency Management Agency to provide capitalization grants to States to establish revolving funds to provide funding assistance to reduce flood risks, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
 - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
 - 4 This Act may be cited as the "State Flood Mitigation
 - 5 Revolving Fund Act of 2018".

1	SEC. 2. STATE REVOLVING LOAN FUNDS FOR FLOOD MITI-
2	GATION.
3	Chapter I of the National Flood Insurance Act of
4	1968 (42 U.S.C. 4011 et seq.) is amended by adding at
5	the end the following:
6	"SEC. 1326. STATE REVOLVING LOAN FUNDS FOR FLOOD
7	MITIGATION.
8	"(a) Definitions.—In this section—
9	"(1) the term 'Community Rating System'
10	means the community rating system carried out
11	under section 1315(b);
12	"(2) the term 'eligible State' means a State, the
13	District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of
14	Puerto Rico;
15	"(3) the term 'insular area' means—
16	"(A) Guam;
17	"(B) American Samoa;
18	"(C) the Commonwealth of the Northern
19	Mariana Islands;
20	"(D) the Federated States of Micronesia;
21	"(E) the Republic of the Marshall Islands;
22	"(F) the Republic of Palau; and
23	"(G) the United States Virgin Islands;
24	"(4) the term 'intended use plan' means a plan
25	prepared under subsection (d)(1):

1	"(5) the term 'low-income geographic area
2	means an area described in paragraph (1) or (2) of
3	section 301(a) of the Public Works and Economic
4	Development Act of 1965 (42 U.S.C. 3161(a));
5	"(6) the term 'low-income homeowner' means
6	the owner of a primary residence, the household in-
7	come of which in a taxable year is not more than 80
8	percent of the median income for the area in which
9	the residence is located;
10	"(7) the term 'participating State' means an el-
11	igible State that—
12	"(A) has entered into an agreement under
13	subsection (b)(1); and
14	"(B) agrees to comply with the require-
15	ments of this section;
16	"(8) the term 'pre-FIRM building' means a
17	building for which construction or substantial im-
18	provement occurred before the effective date of the
19	initial Flood Insurance Rate Map published by the
20	Administrator under section 1360 for the area in
21	which the building is located;
22	"(9) the term 'repetitive loss structure' has the
23	meaning given the term in section 1370(a);
24	"(10) the term 'severe repetitive loss property
25	has the meaning given the term in section 1307(h).

1	"(11) the term 'State loan fund' means a flood
2	mitigation assistance revolving loan fund established
3	by an eligible State under this section; and
4	"(12) the term 'tribal government' means the
5	recognized government of an Indian tribe, or the
6	governing body of an Alaska Native regional or vil-
7	lage corporation, that has been determined eligible
8	to receive services from the Bureau of Indian Af-
9	fairs.
10	"(b) General Authority.—
11	"(1) In General.—The Administrator may
12	enter into an agreement with an eligible State to
13	provide a capitalization grant for the eligible State
14	to establish a revolving fund that will provide fund-
15	ing assistance to help homeowners, businesses, non-
16	profit organizations, and communities reduce flood
17	risk in order to decrease—
18	"(A) the loss of life and property;
19	"(B) the cost of flood insurance; and
20	"(C) Federal disaster payments.
21	"(2) Timing of deposit and agreements
22	FOR DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS.—
23	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than the
24	last day of the fiscal year following the fiscal
25	year in which a capitalization grant is made to

1	a participating State under paragraph (1), the
2	participating State shall—
3	"(i) deposit the grant in the State
4	loan fund of the State; and
5	"(ii) enter into one or more binding
6	agreements that provide for the State to
7	distribute the grant funds for purposes au-
8	thorized under subsection (c) such that—
9	"(I) in the case of the initial
10	grant made under this section to a
11	State, not less than 75 percent of the
12	amount of the grant funds shall be
13	distributed before the expiration of
14	the 24-month period beginning upon
15	deposit of such funds in the State
16	loan fund of the State; and
17	"(II) in the case of any subse-
18	quent grant made under this section
19	to a State, not less than 90 percent of
20	the amount of the grant funds made
21	under the capitalization grant shall be
22	distributed before the expiration of
23	the 12-month period beginning upon
24	deposit of such funds in the State
25	loan fund of the State.

1	"(B) Noncompliance.—Except as pro-
2	vided in subparagraph (C), if a participating
3	State does not comply with subparagraph (A)
4	with respect to a grant, the Administrator shall
5	reallocate the grant in accordance with para-
6	graph (3)(B).
7	"(C) Exception.—The Administrator
8	may not reallocate any funds under subpara-
9	graph (B) to a participating State that violated
10	subparagraph (A) with respect to a grant made
11	during the same fiscal year in which the funds
12	to be reallocated were originally made available.
13	"(3) Allocation.—
14	"(A) In General.—The Administrator
15	shall allocate amounts made available to carry
16	out this section to participating States—
17	"(i) for the participating States to de-
18	posit in the State loan funds established by
19	the participating States; and
20	"(ii) except as provided in paragraph
21	(6), in accordance with the requirements
22	described in subparagraph (B).
23	"(B) REQUIREMENTS.—The requirements
24	described in this subparagraph are as follows:

1	"(i) Fifty percent of the total amount
2 mag	de available under subparagraph (A)
3 sha	ll be allocated so that each partici-
4 patr	ing State receives the percentage
5 amo	ount that is obtained by dividing the
6 nun	aber of properties that were insured
7 und	er the national flood insurance pro-
8 gra	m in that State in the fiscal year pre-
9 ced	ing the fiscal year in which the amount
is a	allocated by the total number of prop-
11 erti	es that were insured under the national
12 floo	d insurance program in the fiscal year
pred	ceding the fiscal year in which the
14 amo	ount is allocated.
15	"(ii) Fifty percent of the total amount
16 mag	de available under subparagraph (A)
sha	ll be allocated so that each partici-
pati	ing State receives a percentage of funds
that	t is equal to the product obtained under
20 clau	use (iii)(IV) with respect to that partici-
pat	ing State after following the procedures
descent	eribed in clause (iii).
23	"(iii) The procedures described in this

clause are as follows:

1	"(I) Divide the total amount col-
2	lected in premiums for properties in-
3	sured under the national flood insur-
4	ance program in each participating
5	State during the previous fiscal year
6	by the number of properties insured
7	under the national flood insurance
8	program in that State for that fiscal
9	year.
10	"(II) Add together each quotient
11	obtained under subclause (I).
12	"(III) For each participating
13	State, divide the quotient obtained
14	under subclause (I) with respect to
15	that State by the sum obtained under
16	subclause (II).
17	"(IV) For each participating
18	State, multiply the amount that is 50
19	percent of the total amount made
20	available under subparagraph (A) by
21	the quotient obtained under subclause
22	(III).
23	"(4) No revolving fund required.—
24	"(A) In General.—Notwithstanding any
25	other provision of this section, and subject to

subparagraph (B), a participating State that
receives less than \$4,000,000 under paragraph
(3)(B) in a fiscal year may distribute the funds
directly in the form of grants or technical assistance for a purpose described in subsection
(c)(2), without regard to whether the State has
established a State loan fund.

- "(B) STATE MATCHING.—A participating State that exercises the authority under subparagraph (A) in a fiscal year shall provide matching funds from non-Federal sources in an amount that is equal to 15 percent of the amount that the State receives under paragraph (3)(B) in that fiscal year for purposes described in subparagraph (A).
- "(5) Allocation of Remaining Funds.—
 After allocating amounts made available to carry out
 this section for a fiscal year in accordance with
 paragraph (3), the Administrator shall allocate any
 remaining amounts made available for that fiscal
 year to participating States, using the procedures
 described in clauses (i) through (iii) of paragraph
 (3)(B).
- "(6) ALLOCATION FOR TRIBAL GOVERNMENTS
 AND INSULAR AREAS.—The Administrator shall re-

1	serve not less than 5.0 percent of the amount made
2	available to carry out this section in a fiscal year to
3	enter into grant agreements with tribal governments
4	and insular areas, with the grant funds to be distrib-
5	uted—
6	"(A) according to criteria established by
7	the Administrator; and
8	"(B) for a purpose described in subsection
9	(e)(2).
10	"(7) Administrative costs; technical as-
11	SISTANCE.—The Administrator shall reserve not
12	more than 2.5 percent of the amount made available
13	to carry out this section in a fiscal year—
14	"(A) for administrative costs incurred in
15	carrying out this section; and
16	"(B) to provide technical assistance to re-
17	cipients of grants under this section.
18	"(c) Use of Funds.—
19	"(1) In general.—Amounts deposited in a
20	State loan fund, including repayments of loans made
21	from the fund and interest earned on the amounts
22	in the fund, shall be used—
23	"(A) consistent with paragraphs (2) and
24	(3) and subsection (g), to provide financial as-
25	sistance for—

1	"(i) homeowners, businesses, and non-
2	profit organizations that are eligible to
3	participate in the national flood insurance
4	program; and
5	"(ii) any local government that par-
6	ticipates in the national flood insurance
7	program;
8	"(B) as a source of revenue and security
9	for leveraged loans, the proceeds of which shall
10	be deposited in the State loan fund; or
11	"(C) for the sale of bonds as security for
12	payment of the principal and interest on rev-
13	enue or general obligation bonds issued by the
14	participating State to provide matching funds
15	under subsection (g), if the proceeds from the
16	sale of the bonds are deposited in the State
17	loan fund.
18	"(2) Purposes.—A recipient of financial as-
19	sistance provided through amounts from a State
20	loan fund—
21	"(A) shall use the amounts to reduce—
22	"(i) flood risk; or
23	"(ii) potential flood claims submitted
24	under the national flood insurance pro-
25	gram;

1	"(B) shall use the amounts in a cost-effec-
2	tive manner under requirements established by
3	the State, which may require an applicant for
4	financial assistance to submit any information
5	that the State considers relevant or necessary
6	before the date on which the applicant receives
7	the assistance;
8	"(C) shall use the amounts for projects
9	that—
10	"(i) meet design and construction
11	standards established by the Adminis-
12	trator;
13	"(ii) are located in communities
14	that—
15	"(I) participate in the national
16	flood insurance program; and
17	"(II) have developed a State,
18	local, or tribal government hazard
19	mitigation plan that has been ap-
20	proved by the Administrator under
21	section 1366;
22	"(iii)(I) address a repetitive loss
23	structure or a severe repetitive loss prop-
24	erty; or

1	"(II) address flood risk in the 500-
2	year floodplain, areas of residual flood risk
3	or other areas of potential flood risk, as
4	identified by the Administrator; and
5	"(iv) address current risk and antici-
6	pate future risk, such as sea-level rise;
7	"(D) may use the amounts—
8	"(i) for projects relating to—
9	"(I) structural elevation;
10	"(II) floodproofing;
11	"(III) the relocation or removal
12	of buildings from the 100-year flood-
13	plain or other areas of flood risk, in-
14	cluding the acquisition of properties
15	for such a purpose;
16	"(IV) environmental restoration
17	activities that directly reduce flood
18	risk;
19	"(V) any eligible activity de-
20	scribed in subparagraphs (A) through
21	(G) of section $1366(c)(3)$; or
22	"(VI) other activities determined
23	appropriate by the Administrator;
24	"(ii) with respect to a project de-
25	scribed in clause (i), only for expenditures

1	directly related to a project described in
2	that clause, including expenditures for
3	planning, design, and associated pre-con-
4	struction activities; and
5	"(iii) to acquire, for the purposes of
6	permanent protection, land, buildings, or a
7	conservation easement from a willing seller
8	or grantor;
9	"(E) may not use the amounts—
10	"(i) to construct buildings or expand
11	existing buildings unless the activity is for
12	the purpose of flood mitigation;
13	"(ii) to improve any structure, unless
14	the recipient has obtained flood insurance
15	coverage in an amount at least equal to the
16	lesser of the eligible project costs or the
17	maximum insurable limit for the structure
18	under the national flood insurance pro-
19	gram coverage for the structure, which
20	coverage shall be maintained for the useful
21	life of the structure;
22	"(iii) to improve a residential property
23	with an appraised value that is not less
24	than 125 percent of the limitation on the
25	maximum original principal obligation of a

1 conventional mortgage that may be pur-2 chased by the Federal National Mortgage Association or the Federal Home Loan 3 Mortgage Corporation in the area in which the property is located, as established 6 under section 302(b)(2) of the Federal Na-7 tional Mortgage Association Charter Act 8 (12)U.S.C. 1717(b)(2)and section 305(a)(2) of the Federal Home Loan 9 Mortgage Corporation Act (12) 10 U.S.C. 11 1454(a)(2); 12 "(iv) for the direct benefit of a home-13 owner if the annual household adjusted 14 gross income of the homeowner during the 15 previous fiscal year was not less than 16 \$200,000, as annually adjusted by the Ad-17 ministrator to reflect changes in the Con-18 sumer Price Index for All Urban Con-19 sumers, as published by the Bureau of 20 Labor Statistics of the Department of 21 Labor and rounded to the nearest \$25; or 22 "(v) to acquire real property or an in-23 terest in real property unless the property 24 is purchased from a willing seller; and

1	"(F) shall, in the use of such amounts,
2	give priority to the maximum extent practicable
3	to projects that assist low-income homeowners
4	and low-income geographical areas.
5	"(d) Intended Use Plans.—
6	"(1) In general.—After providing the oppor-
7	tunity for public review and comment, each partici-
8	pating State shall annually prepare a plan that iden-
9	tifies, for the year following the date of issuance of
10	the intended use plan, the intended uses of the
11	amounts available in the State loan fund of the par-
12	ticipating State.
13	"(2) Consultation during preparation.—
14	Each participating State, in preparing an intended
15	use plan, shall ensure that the State agency with
16	primary responsibility for floodplain management—
17	"(A) provides oversight with respect to the
18	preparation of the intended use plan; and
19	"(B) consults with any other appropriate
20	State agency, including agencies responsible for
21	coastal and environmental management.
22	"(3) Contents.—A participating State shall,
23	in each intended use plan—
24	"(A) include—

1	"(i) an explanation of the mitigation
2	and resiliency benefits the State intends to
3	achieve, including by—
4	"(I) reducing future damage and
5	loss associated with flooding;
6	"(II) reducing the number of se-
7	vere repetitive loss properties and re-
8	petitive loss structures in the State;
9	"(III) decreasing the number of
10	flood insurance claims in the State;
11	and
12	"(IV) increasing the rating under
13	the Community Rating System for
14	communities in the State;
15	"(ii) information with respect to the
16	availability of, and the application process
17	for receiving, financial assistance from the
18	State loan fund of the State;
19	"(iii) the criteria and methods estab-
20	lished for the distribution of amounts from
21	the State loan fund of the State;
22	"(iv) the amount of financial assist-
23	ance that the State anticipates allocating
24	to—

1	"(I) local government projects;
2	and
3	"(II) projects for homeowners,
4	business, or nonprofit organizations;
5	"(v) the expected terms of the assist-
6	ance provided under clause (iv); and
7	"(vi) a description of the financial sta-
8	tus of the State loan fund and the short-
9	term and long-term goals of the State loan
10	fund; and
11	"(B) provide, to the maximum extent prac-
12	ticable, that priority for the use of amounts
13	from the State loan fund shall be given to
14	projects that—
15	"(i) address severe repetitive loss
16	properties and repetitive loss structures;
17	"(ii) assist low-income homeowners
18	and low-income geographic areas; and
19	"(iii) address flood risk for pre-FIRM
20	buildings.
21	"(4) Publication.—Each participating State
22	shall publish and periodically update a list of all
23	projects receiving funding from the State loan fund
24	of the State, which shall include identification of—

1	"(A) the community in which the project is
2	located;
3	"(B) the type and amount of assistance
4	provided for each project; and
5	"(C) the expected funding schedule and
6	date of completion of each project.
7	"(e) Fund Management.—Amounts in a State loan
8	fund shall—
9	"(1) remain available for providing financial as-
10	sistance under this section until distributed;
11	"(2) if the amounts are not required for imme-
12	diate distribution or expenditure, be invested in in-
13	terest-bearing obligations; and
14	"(3) except as provided in subsection (i), in-
15	clude only—
16	"(A) amounts received from capitalization
17	grants made under this section;
18	"(B) repayments of loans made from the
19	fund; and
20	"(C) interest earned on amounts in the
21	fund.
22	"(f) Matching Funds.—
23	"(1) Full grant.—On or before the date on
24	which a participating State receives a capitalization
25	grant, the State shall deposit into the State loan

fund of the State, in addition to the amount of the capitalization grant, an amount from non-Federal sources that is not less than 10 percent of the total amount of the capitalization grant.

- "(2) Reduced Grant.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1), if a State deposits in the State loan fund of the State in connection a capitalization grant an amount from non-Federal sources that is less than 10 percent of the total amount of the capitalization grant that would otherwise be received by the State, the Administrator shall reduce the amount of the capitalization grant received by the State to the amount that is 10 times the amount so deposited and shall allocate such remaining grant amounts under subsection (b)(5) together with the amounts allocated under such subsection.
- "(g) Types of Assistance.—Unless otherwise pro-18 hibited by State law, a participating State may use the 19 amounts deposited into a State loan fund under this sec-20 tion only—
- 21 "(1) to make a loan, on the condition that—
- 22 "(A) the interest rate for the loan is not 23 more than the market interest rate;
- 24 "(B) the recipient of the loan will begin 25 making principal and interest payments on the

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1 loan not later than 1 year after the date on 2 which the project for which the loan was made 3 is completed; "(C) the loan will be fully amortized not later than 20 years after the date on which the 6 project for which the loan was made is com-7 pleted, except that, in the case of a loan made 8 for a project in a low-income geographic area or 9 to a low-income homeowner, the State may pro-10 vide a longer amortization period for the loan if 11 that longer period— 12 "(i) ends on a date that is not later 13 than 30 years after the date on which the 14 project is completed; and 15 "(ii) is not longer than the expected 16 design life of the project; 17 "(D) the recipient of the loan dem-18 onstrates, based on verified and documented in-19 formation that, at the time the loan is con-20 summated, that the recipient has a reasonable 21 ability to repay the loan, according to its terms, 22 except that this subparagraph may not be con-23 strued to authorize any reduction or limitation 24 in efforts to comply with the requirements of

subsection (c)(2)(E) (relating to priority for as-

1	sistance for low-income homeowners and low-in-
2	come geographical areas); and
3	"(E) payments of principal and interest
4	with respect to the loan will be deposited into
5	the State loan fund;
6	"(2) to buy or refinance the debt obligation of
7	a local government at an interest rate that is not
8	more than the market interest rate;
9	"(3) to guarantee, or purchase insurance for, a
10	local obligation, the proceeds of which finance a
11	project eligible for assistance under this section, if
12	the guarantee or purchase, as applicable, would—
13	"(A) improve credit market access; or
14	"(B) reduce the interest rate with respect
15	to the obligation;
16	"(4) as a source of revenue or as security for
17	the payment of principal and interest on revenue or
18	general obligation bonds issued by the State if the
19	proceeds of the sale of the bonds will be deposited
20	into the State loan fund; or
21	"(5) to earn interest on those amounts.
22	"(h) Assistance for Low-Income Homeowners
23	AND LOW-INCOME GEOGRAPHIC AREAS.—
24	"(1) In General.—Notwithstanding any other
25	provision of this section, if a participating State uses

1	amounts from a State loan fund to provide financial
2	assistance under subsection (c) in a low-income geo-
3	graphic area or to a low-income homeowner, the
4	State may provide additional subsidization to the re-
5	cipient of the assistance, including forgiveness of the
6	principal of a loan.
7	"(2) Limitation.—For each fiscal year, the
8	total amount of additional subsidization provided by
9	a participating State under paragraph (1) may not
10	exceed 30 percent of the amount of the capitaliza-
11	tion grant allocated to the State for that fiscal year.
12	"(i) Administration of Fund.—
13	"(1) In general.—A participating State may
14	combine the financial administration of a State loan
15	fund with the financial administration of any other
16	revolving fund established by the State if—
17	"(A) combining the administration of the
18	funds would—
19	"(i) be convenient and avoid adminis-
20	trative costs; and
21	"(ii) not violate the law of the State;
22	and
23	"(B) the Administrator determines that—
24	"(i) amounts obtained from a grant
25	made under this section, amounts obtained

1	from the repayment of a loan made from
2	a State loan fund, and interest earned on
3	amounts in a State loan fund will be—
4	"(I) accounted for separately
5	from amounts from other revolving
6	funds; and
7	"(II) used only for purposes au-
8	thorized under this section; and
9	"(ii) after consulting with the appro-
10	priate State agencies, the authority to es-
11	tablish assistance priorities and carry out
12	oversight and related activities, other than
13	financial administration, with respect to
14	flood assistance remains with the State
15	agency with primary responsibility for
16	floodplain management.
17	"(2) Administrative and technical
18	COSTS.—
19	"(A) IN GENERAL.—For each fiscal year, a
20	participating State may use the amount de-
21	scribed in subparagraph (B) to—
22	"(i) pay the reasonable costs of ad-
23	ministration of the programs under this
24	section, including the recovery of reason-

1	able costs incurred in establishing a State
2	loan fund;
3	"(ii) provide appropriate oversight of
4	projects authorized under this section; and
5	"(iii) provide technical assistance and
6	outreach to recipients in the State of
7	amounts under this section, including with
8	respect to updating hazard mitigation
9	plans and participating in the Community
10	Rating System, in an amount that is not
11	more than 4 percent of the funds made
12	available to the State under this section.
13	"(B) Description.—The amount de-
14	scribed in this subparagraph is an amount
15	equal to the sum of—
16	"(i) any fees collected by a partici-
17	pating State to recover the costs described
18	in subparagraph (A)(i), regardless of the
19	source; and
20	"(ii) the greatest of—
21	"(I) \$400,000;
22	"(II) 0.2 percent of the value of
23	the State loan fund of a State, as of
24	the date on which the valuation is
25	made; and

1	"(III) an amount equal to 7 per-
2	cent of all grant awards made to a
3	participating State for the State loan
4	fund of the State under this section
5	for the fiscal year.
6	"(3) Audit and report.—
7	"(A) Audit requirement.—Not less fre-
8	quently than biennially, each participating State
9	shall conduct an audit of the State loan fund of
10	the State.
11	"(B) Report.—Each participating State
12	shall submit to the Administrator a biennial re-
13	port regarding the activities of the State under
14	this section during the period covered by the re-
15	port, including—
16	"(i) the result of any audit conducted
17	by the State under subparagraph (A); and
18	"(ii) a review of the effectiveness of
19	the State loan fund of the State with re-
20	spect to—
21	"(I) the intended use plans of the
22	State; and
23	"(II) meeting the objectives de-
24	scribed in subsection $(b)(1)$.

1	"(4) Oversight.—In conducting oversight with
2	respect to State loan funds established under this
3	section, the Administrator—
4	"(A) shall—
5	"(i) periodically audit the funds in ac-
6	cordance with procedures established by
7	the Comptroller General of the United
8	States; and
9	"(ii) not less frequently than once
10	every 4 years, review each State loan fund
11	to determine the effectiveness of the fund
12	in reducing flood risk; and
13	"(B) may, at any time—
14	"(i) make recommendations to a par-
15	ticipating State with respect to the admin-
16	istration of the State loan fund of the
17	State; or
18	"(ii) require specific changes with re-
19	spect to a State loan fund in order to im-
20	prove the effectiveness of the fund.
21	"(j) Liability Protections.—The Federal Govern-
22	ment shall not be liable for any claim based upon the exer-
23	cise or performance of, or the failure to exercise or per-
24	form, a discretionary function or duty on the part of the

- 1 Federal agency, or an employee of the Federal Govern-
- 2 ment, in carrying out the provision of this section.
- 3 "(k) Regulations.—The Administrator shall pro-
- 4 mulgate such guidance or regulations as may be necessary
- 5 to carry out this section, including guidance or regulations
- 6 that—
- 7 "(1) ensure that each participating State to
- 8 which funds are allocated under this section uses the
- 9 funds as efficiently as possible;
- 10 "(2) reduce, to the maximum extent prac-
- 11 ticable, waste, fraud, and abuse with respect to the
- implementation of this section; and
- "(3) require any party that receives funds di-
- rectly or indirectly under this section, including a
- participating State and a recipient of amounts from
- a State loan fund, to use procedures with respect to
- the management of the funds that conform to gen-
- erally accepted accounting standards.
- 19 "(1) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 20 are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be
- 21 necessary to carry out this section for fiscal years 2019
- 22 through 2028.".

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1	SEC. 3. CONSIDERATION OF MITIGATION MEASURES FUND-
2	ED BY STATE LOAN FUNDS IN FLOOD INSUR-
3	ANCE PREMIUM RATES.
4	(a) Estimated Rates.—Clause (ii) of section
5	1307(a)(1)(A) of the National Flood Insurance Act of
6	1968 (42 U.S.C. 4014(a)(1)(A)(ii)) is amended by insert-
7	ing "and any activities assisted through amounts from a
8	State loan fund established pursuant to section 1326,"
9	after "similar measures,".
10	(b) Chargeable Rates.—Paragraph (1) of section
11	1308(b) of the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 (42
12	U.S.C. 4015(b)(1)) is amended by striking "and similar
13	measures" and inserting "similar measures, and any ac-

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15 established pursuant to section 1326".

14 tivities assisted through amounts from a State loan fund