As Introduced

135th General Assembly

Regular Session 2023-2024

H. B. No. 211

Representative Gross

Cosponsors: Representatives Hillyer, Wiggam, Dean, Lear, Hall, Ferguson, Fowler Arthur, Click

A BILL

То	amend section 121.22 of the Revised Code to name	1
	this act the Free to Speak Act and to require a	2
	public body to permit members of the public to	3
	comment or testify about matters of public	4
	concern before the public body at its public	5
	meeting.	6

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That section 121.22 of the Revised Code be	7
amended to read as follows:	8
Sec. 121.22. (A) This section shall be liberally construed	9
to require public officials to take official action and to	10
conduct all deliberations upon official business only in open	11
meetings unless the subject matter is specifically excepted by	12
law.	13
(B) As used in this section:	14
(1) "Public body" means any of the following:	15
(a) Any board, commission, committee, council, or similar	16

decision-making body of a state agency, institution, or	17
authority, and any legislative authority or board, commission,	18
committee, council, agency, authority, or similar decision-	19
making body of any county, township, municipal corporation,	20
school district, or other political subdivision or local public	21
institution;	22
(b) Any committee or subcommittee of a body described in	23
(b) Any committee or subcommittee of a body described in	
division (B)(1)(a) of this section;	24
(c) A court of jurisdiction of a sanitary district	25
organized wholly for the purpose of providing a water supply for	26
domestic, municipal, and public use when meeting for the purpose	27
of the appointment, removal, or reappointment of a member of the	28
board of directors of such a district pursuant to section	29
6115.10 of the Revised Code, if applicable, or for any other	30
matter related to such a district other than litigation	31
involving the district. As used in division (B)(1)(c) of this	32
section, "court of jurisdiction" has the same meaning as "court"	33
in section 6115.01 of the Revised Code.	34
(2) "Meeting" means any prearranged discussion of the	35
public business of the public body by a majority of its members.	36
(3) "Regulated individual" means either of the following:	37
(a) A student in a state or local public educational	38
institution;	39
(b) A person who is, voluntarily or involuntarily, an	40
inmate, patient, or resident of a state or local institution	41
because of criminal behavior, mental illness, an intellectual	42
disability, disease, disability, age, or other condition	43
requiring custodial care.	44
requiring custourar care.	71
(4) "Public office" has the same meaning as in section	45

149.011 of the Revised Code.	46
(C) All meetings of any public body are declared to be	47
public meetings open to the public at all times. A member of a	48
public body shall be present in person at a meeting open to the	49
public to be considered present or to vote at the meeting and	50
for purposes of determining whether a quorum is present at the	51
meeting.	52
The minutes of a regular or special meeting of any public	53
body shall be promptly prepared, filed, and maintained and shall	54
be open to public inspection. The minutes need only reflect the	55
general subject matter of discussions in executive sessions	56
authorized under division (G) or (J) of this section.	57
(D) This section does not apply to any of the following:	58
(1) A grand jury;	59
(2) An audit conference conducted by the auditor of state	60
or independent certified public accountants with officials of	61
the public office that is the subject of the audit;	62
(3) The adult parole authority when its hearings are	63
conducted at a correctional institution for the sole purpose of	64
interviewing inmates to determine parole or pardon and the	65
department of rehabilitation and correction when its hearings	66
are conducted at a correctional institution for the sole purpose	67
of making determinations under section 2967.271 of the Revised	68
Code regarding the release or maintained incarceration of an	69
offender to whom that section applies;	70
(4) The organized crime investigations commission	71
established under section 177.01 of the Revised Code;	72
(5) Meetings of a child fatality review board established	73

under section 307.621 of the Revised Code, meetings related to a	74
review conducted pursuant to guidelines established by the	75
director of health under section 3701.70 of the Revised Code,	76
and meetings conducted pursuant to sections 5153.171 to 5153.173	77
of the Revised Code;	78
(6) The state medical board when determining whether to	79
suspend a license or certificate without a prior hearing	80
pursuant to division (G) of either section 4730.25 or 4731.22 of	81
the Revised Code;	82
(7) The board of nursing when determining whether to	83
suspend a license or certificate without a prior hearing	84
pursuant to division (B) of section 4723.281 of the Revised	85
Code;	86
(8) The state board of pharmacy when determining whether	87
to do either of the following:	88
(a) Suspend a license, certification, or registration	89
without a prior hearing, including during meetings conducted by	90
telephone conference, pursuant to Chapters 3719., 3796., 4729.,	91
and 4752. of the Revised Code and rules adopted thereunder; or	92
(b) Restrict a person from obtaining further information	93
from the drug database established in section 4729.75 of the	94
Revised Code without a prior hearing pursuant to division (C) of	95
section 4729.86 of the Revised Code.	96
(9) The state chiropractic board when determining whether	97
to suspend a license without a hearing pursuant to section	98
4734.37 of the Revised Code;	99
(10) The executive committee of the emergency response	100
commission when determining whether to issue an enforcement	101
order or request that a civil action, civil penalty action, or	102

criminal action be brought to enforce Chapter 3750. of the	103
Revised Code;	104
(11) The board of directors of the nonprofit corporation	105
formed under section 187.01 of the Revised Code or any committee	106
thereof, and the board of directors of any subsidiary of that	107
corporation or a committee thereof;	108
(12) An audit conference conducted by the audit staff of	109
the department of job and family services with officials of the	110
public office that is the subject of that audit under section	111
5101.37 of the Revised Code;	112
(13) The occupational therapy section of the occupational	113
therapy, physical therapy, and athletic trainers board when	114
determining whether to suspend a license without a hearing	115
pursuant to division (E) of section 4755.11 of the Revised Code;	116
(14) The physical therapy section of the occupational	117
therapy, physical therapy, and athletic trainers board when	118
determining whether to suspend a license without a hearing	119
pursuant to division (F) of section 4755.47 of the Revised Code;	120
(15) The athletic trainers section of the occupational	121
therapy, physical therapy, and athletic trainers board when	122
determining whether to suspend a license without a hearing	123
pursuant to division (E) of section 4755.64 of the Revised Code;	124
(16) Meetings of the pregnancy-associated mortality review	125
board established under section 3738.01 of the Revised Code;	126
(17) Meetings of a fetal-infant mortality review board	127
established under section 3707.71 of the Revised Code;	128
(18) Meetings of a drug overdose fatality review committee	129
described in section 307.631 of the Revised Code;	130

H. B. No. 211 Page 6
As Introduced

(19) Meetings of a suicide fatality review committee	131
described in section 307.641 of the Revised Code;	132
(20) Meetings of the officers, members, or directors of an	133
existing qualified nonprofit corporation that creates a special	134
improvement district under Chapter 1710. of the Revised Code, at	135
which the public business of the corporation pertaining to a	136
purpose for which the district is created is not discussed;	137
(21) Meetings of a domestic violence fatality review board	138
established under section 307.651 of the Revised Code.	139
(E) The controlling board, the tax credit authority, or	140
the minority development financing advisory board, when meeting	141
to consider granting assistance pursuant to Chapter 122. or 166.	142
of the Revised Code, in order to protect the interest of the	143
applicant or the possible investment of public funds, by	144
unanimous vote of all board or authority members present, may	145
close the meeting during consideration of the following	146
information confidentially received by the authority or board	147
<pre>from the applicant:</pre>	148
(1) Marketing plans;	149
(2) Specific business strategy;	150
(3) Production techniques and trade secrets;	151
(4) Financial projections;	152
(5) Personal financial statements of the applicant or	153
members of the applicant's immediate family, including, but not	154
limited to, tax records or other similar information not open to	155
public inspection.	156
The vote by the authority or board to accept or reject the	157
application, as well as all proceedings of the authority or	158

board not subject to this division, shall be open to the public	159
and governed by this section.	160
(F) Every public body, by rule, shall establish a	161
reasonable method whereby any person may determine the time and	162
place of all regularly scheduled meetings and the time, place,	163
and purpose of all special meetings. A public body shall not	164
hold a special meeting unless it gives at least twenty-four	165
hours' advance notice to the news media that have requested	166
notification, except in the event of an emergency requiring	167
immediate official action. In the event of an emergency, the	168
member or members calling the meeting shall notify the news	169
media that have requested notification immediately of the time,	170
place, and purpose of the meeting.	171
The rule shall provide that any person, upon request and	172
payment of a reasonable fee, may obtain reasonable advance	173
notification of all meetings at which any specific type of	174
public business is to be discussed. Provisions for advance	175
notification may include, but are not limited to, mailing the	176
agenda of meetings to all subscribers on a mailing list or	177
mailing notices in self-addressed, stamped envelopes provided by	178
the person.	179
Every public body shall permit members of the public to	180
comment or testify about matters of public concern before the	181
public body at public meetings held by the public body. Every	182
public body, by rule, shall establish reasonable methods by	183
which a member of the public may so comment or testify and may	184
establish reasonable restrictions regarding time limits on the	185
comment or testimony.	186
(G) Except as provided in divisions (G)(8) and (J) of this	187

section, the members of a public body may hold an executive

188

session only after a majority of a quorum of the public body

determines, by a roll call vote, to hold an executive session

and only at a regular or special meeting for the sole purpose of

the consideration of any of the following matters:

192

- (1) To consider the appointment, employment, dismissal, 193 discipline, promotion, demotion, or compensation of a public 194 employee or official, or the investigation of charges or 195 complaints against a public employee, official, licensee, or 196 regulated individual, unless the public employee, official, 197 licensee, or regulated individual requests a public hearing. 198 Except as otherwise provided by law, no public body shall hold 199 an executive session for the discipline of an elected official 200 for conduct related to the performance of the elected official's 201 official duties or for the elected official's removal from 202 office. If a public body holds an executive session pursuant to 203 division (G)(1) of this section, the motion and vote to hold 2.04 that executive session shall state which one or more of the 205 approved purposes listed in division (G)(1) of this section are 206 the purposes for which the executive session is to be held, but 207 need not include the name of any person to be considered at the 208 meeting. 209
- 210 (2) To consider the purchase of property for public purposes, the sale of property at competitive bidding, or the 211 sale or other disposition of unneeded, obsolete, or unfit-for-212 use property in accordance with section 505.10 of the Revised 213 Code, if premature disclosure of information would give an 214 unfair competitive or bargaining advantage to a person whose 215 personal, private interest is adverse to the general public 216 interest. No member of a public body shall use division (G)(2) 217 of this section as a subterfuge for providing covert information 218 to prospective buyers or sellers. A purchase or sale of public 219

property is void if the seller or buyer of the public property	220
has received covert information from a member of a public body	221
that has not been disclosed to the general public in sufficient	222
time for other prospective buyers and sellers to prepare and	223
submit offers.	224
If the minutes of the public body show that all meetings	225
and deliberations of the public body have been conducted in	226
compliance with this section, any instrument executed by the	227
public body purporting to convey, lease, or otherwise dispose of	228
any right, title, or interest in any public property shall be	229
conclusively presumed to have been executed in compliance with	230
this section insofar as title or other interest of any bona fide	231
purchasers, lessees, or transferees of the property is	232
concerned.	233
(3) Conferences with an attorney for the public body	234
concerning disputes involving the public body that are the	235
subject of pending or imminent court action;	236
(4) Preparing for, conducting, or reviewing negotiations	237
or bargaining sessions with public employees concerning their	238
compensation or other terms and conditions of their employment;	239
(5) Matters required to be kept confidential by federal	240
law or regulations or state statutes;	241
(6) Details relative to the security arrangements and	242
emergency response protocols for a public body or a public	243
office, if disclosure of the matters discussed could reasonably	244
be expected to jeopardize the security of the public body or	245
<pre>public office;</pre>	246
(7) In the case of a county hospital operated pursuant to	247
Chapter 339. of the Revised Code, a joint township hospital	248

operated pursuant to Chapter 513. of the Revised Code, or a	249
municipal hospital operated pursuant to Chapter 749. of the	250
Revised Code, to consider trade secrets, as defined in section	251
1333.61 of the Revised Code;	252
(8) To consider confidential information related to the	253
marketing plans, specific business strategy, production	254
techniques, trade secrets, or personal financial statements of	255
an applicant for economic development assistance, or to	256
negotiations with other political subdivisions respecting	257
requests for economic development assistance, provided that both	258
of the following conditions apply:	259
(a) The information is directly related to a request for	260
economic development assistance that is to be provided or	261
administered under any provision of Chapter 715., 725., 1724.,	262
or 1728. or sections 701.07, 3735.67 to 3735.70, 5709.40 to	263
5709.43, 5709.61 to 5709.69, 5709.73 to 5709.75, or 5709.77 to	264
5709.81 of the Revised Code, or that involves public	265
infrastructure improvements or the extension of utility services	266
that are directly related to an economic development project.	267
(b) A unanimous quorum of the public body determines, by a	268
roll call vote, that the executive session is necessary to	269
protect the interests of the applicant or the possible	270
investment or expenditure of public funds to be made in	271
connection with the economic development project.	272
If a public body holds an executive session to consider	273
any of the matters listed in divisions (G)(2) to (8) of this	274
section, the motion and vote to hold that executive session	275
shall state which one or more of the approved matters listed in	276
those divisions are to be considered at the executive session.	277

A public body specified in division (B)(1)(c) of this 278 section shall not hold an executive session when meeting for the 279 purposes specified in that division. 280

- (H) A resolution, rule, or formal action of any kind is 281 invalid unless adopted in an open meeting of the public body. A 282 resolution, rule, or formal action adopted in an open meeting 283 that results from deliberations in a meeting not open to the 284 public is invalid unless the deliberations were for a purpose 285 specifically authorized in division (G) or (J) of this section 286 and conducted at an executive session held in compliance with 287 this section. A resolution, rule, or formal action adopted in an 288 open meeting is invalid if the public body that adopted the 289 resolution, rule, or formal action violated division (F) of this 290 section. 291
- (I) (1) Any person may bring an action to enforce this 292 section. An action under division (I)(1) of this section shall 293 be brought within two years after the date of the alleged 294 violation or threatened violation. Upon proof of a violation or 295 threatened violation of this section in an action brought by any 296 person, the court of common pleas shall issue an injunction to 297 compel the members of the public body to comply with its 298 299 provisions.
- (2) (a) If the court of common pleas issues an injunction 300 pursuant to division (I)(1) of this section, the court shall 301 order the public body that it enjoins to pay a civil forfeiture 302 of five hundred dollars to the party that sought the injunction 303 and shall award to that party all court costs and, subject to 304 reduction as described in division (I)(2) of this section, 305 reasonable attorney's fees. The court, in its discretion, may 306 reduce an award of attorney's fees to the party that sought the 307

injunction or not award attorney's fees to that party if the	308
court determines both of the following:	309
(i) That, based on the ordinary application of statutory	310
law and case law as it existed at the time of violation or	311
threatened violation that was the basis of the injunction, a	312
well-informed public body reasonably would believe that the	313
public body was not violating or threatening to violate this	314
section;	315
(ii) That a well-informed public body reasonably would	316
believe that the conduct or threatened conduct that was the	317
basis of the injunction would serve the public policy that	318
underlies the authority that is asserted as permitting that	319
conduct or threatened conduct.	320
(b) If the court of common pleas does not issue an	321
injunction pursuant to division (I)(1) of this section and the	322
court determines at that time that the bringing of the action	323
was frivolous conduct, as defined in division (A) of section	324
2323.51 of the Revised Code, the court shall award to the public	325
body all court costs and reasonable attorney's fees, as	326
determined by the court.	327
(3) Irreparable harm and prejudice to the party that	328
sought the injunction shall be conclusively and irrebuttably	329
presumed upon proof of a violation or threatened violation of	330
this section.	331
(4) A member of a public body who knowingly violates an	332
injunction issued pursuant to division (I)(1) of this section	333
may be removed from office by an action brought in the court of	334
common pleas for that purpose by the prosecuting attorney or the	335
attorney general.	336

(J)(1) Pursuant to division (C) of section 5901.09 of the	337
Revised Code, a veterans service commission shall hold an	338
executive session for one or more of the following purposes	339
unless an applicant requests a public hearing:	340
(a) Interviewing an applicant for financial assistance	341
under sections 5901.01 to 5901.15 of the Revised Code;	342
(b) Discussing applications, statements, and other	343
documents described in division (B) of section 5901.09 of the	344
Revised Code;	345
(c) Reviewing matters relating to an applicant's request	346
for financial assistance under sections 5901.01 to 5901.15 of	347
the Revised Code.	348
(2) A veterans service commission shall not exclude an	349
applicant for, recipient of, or former recipient of financial	350
assistance under sections 5901.01 to 5901.15 of the Revised	351
Code, and shall not exclude representatives selected by the	352
applicant, recipient, or former recipient, from a meeting that	353
the commission conducts as an executive session that pertains to	354
the applicant's, recipient's, or former recipient's application	355
for financial assistance.	356
(3) A veterans service commission shall vote on the grant	357
or denial of financial assistance under sections 5901.01 to	358
5901.15 of the Revised Code only in an open meeting of the	359
commission. The minutes of the meeting shall indicate the name,	360
address, and occupation of the applicant, whether the assistance	361
was granted or denied, the amount of the assistance if	362
assistance is granted, and the votes for and against the	363
granting of assistance.	364
Section 2. That existing section 121.22 of the Revised	365

H. B. No. 211 As Introduced	Page 14
Code is hereby repealed.	366
Section 3. This act shall be known as the Free to Speak	367
Act.	368
Section 4. Section 121.22 of the Revised Code is presented	369
in this act as a composite of the section as amended by both	370
H.B. 45 and H.B. 254 of the 134th General Assembly. The General	371
Assembly, applying the principle stated in division (B) of	372
section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments are to be	373
harmonized and reconciled if reasonably capable of simultaneous	374
operation, finds that the composite is the resulting version of	375
the section in effect prior to the effective date of the section	376
as presented in this act.	377