

1 AN ACT relating to local fiscal administration.

2 *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:*

3 ➔SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 65 IS CREATED TO
4 READ AS FOLLOWS:

5 (1) "Qualified local government" means a city, county, charter county government,
6 urban-county government, unified local government, or consolidated local
7 government that meets the requirements for access to federal tax information as
8 described in 26 U.S.C. sec. 6103.

9 (2) Each employee of a qualified local government, including contract staff, who has
10 access to or use of federal tax information directly sourced from the Internal
11 Revenue Service under 26 U.S.C. sec. 6103 shall submit to a criminal
12 background investigation by means of a fingerprint check by the Department of
13 Kentucky State Police and the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

14 (3) Any fee charged by the Department of Kentucky State Police shall be an amount
15 no greater than the actual cost of processing the request and conducting the
16 background check.

17 (4) The Department of Kentucky State Police shall promulgate administrative
18 regulations in accordance with KRS Chapter 13A to implement this section.

19 ➔Section 2. KRS 68.197 is amended to read as follows:

20 (1) The fiscal court of each county having a population of thirty thousand (30,000) or
21 more may by ordinance impose license fees on franchises, provide for licensing any
22 business, trade, occupation, or profession, and the using, holding, or exhibiting of
23 any animal, article, or other thing.

24 (2) License fees on business, trade, occupation, or profession for revenue purposes,
25 except those of the common schools, may be imposed at a percentage rate not to
26 exceed one percent (1%) of:

27 (a) Salaries, wages, commissions, and other compensation earned by persons

1 within the county for work done and services performed or rendered in the
2 county;

3 (b) The net profits of self-employed individuals, partnerships, professional
4 associations, or joint ventures resulting from trades, professions, occupations,
5 businesses, or activities conducted in the county; and

6 (c) The net profits of corporations resulting from trades, professions, occupations,
7 businesses, or activities conducted in the county.

8 (3) In order to reduce administrative costs and minimize paperwork for employers,
9 employees, and businesses, the fiscal court may provide:

10 (a) For an annual fixed amount license fee which a person may elect to pay in
11 lieu of reporting and paying the percentage rate as provided in this subsection
12 on salaries, wages, commissions, and other compensation earned within the
13 county for work done and services performed or rendered in the county; and

14 (b) For an annual fixed amount license fee which an individual, partnership,
15 professional association, joint venture, or corporation may elect to pay in lieu
16 of reporting and paying the percentage rate as provided in this subsection on
17 net profits of businesses, trades, professions, or occupations from activities
18 conducted in the county.

19 (4) (a) Licenses imposed for regulatory purposes are not subject to limitations as to
20 form and amount.

21 (b) No public service company that pays an ad valorem tax is required to pay a
22 license tax.

23 (c) 1. It is the intent of the General Assembly to continue the exemption from
24 local license fees and occupational taxes that existed on January 1, 2006,
25 for providers of multichannel video programming services or
26 communications services as defined in KRS 136.602 that were taxed
27 under KRS 136.120 prior to the effective date of this section.

1 2. To further this intent, no company providing multichannel video
2 programming services or communications services as defined in KRS
3 136.602 shall be required to pay a license tax. If only a portion of an
4 entity's business is providing multichannel video programming services
5 including products or services that are related to and provided in support
6 of the multichannel video programming services or communications
7 services, this exclusion applies only to that portion of the business that
8 provides multichannel video programming services or communications
9 services, including products or services that are related to and provided
10 in support of the multichannel video programming services or
11 communications services.

12 (d) No license tax shall be imposed upon or collected from any insurance
13 company except as provided in KRS 91A.080, bank, trust company, combined
14 bank and trust company, combined trust, banking, and title business in this
15 state, or any savings and loan association whether state or federally chartered,
16 or in other cases where the county is prohibited by law from imposing a
17 license fee.

18 (5) No license fee shall be imposed or collected on:

19 (a) Income received by members of the Kentucky National Guard for active duty
20 training, unit training assemblies, and annual field training;

21 (b) Income received by precinct workers for election training or work at election
22 booths in state, county, and local primary, regular, or special elections;

23 (c) Any profits, earnings, or distributions of an investment fund which would
24 qualify under KRS 154.20-250 to 154.20-284 to the extent any profits,
25 earnings, or distributions would not be taxable to an individual investor; or

26 (d) 1. a. The profits earned; or

27 b. Income received for work performed;

1 during a disaster response period by a disaster response business or a
2 disaster response employee.

3 2. As used in this paragraph, "disaster response business," "disaster
4 response employee," and "disaster response period" have the same
5 meaning as in KRS 141.010.

6 (6) Persons who pay a county license fee pursuant to this section and who also pay a
7 license fee to a city contained in the county may, upon agreement between the
8 county and the city, credit their city license fee against their county license fee. As
9 used in this subsection, "city contained in the county" shall include a city that is in
10 more than one (1) county.

11 (7) The provisions of subsection (6) of this section notwithstanding, effective with
12 license fees imposed under the provisions of subsection (1) of this section on or
13 after July 15, 1986, persons who pay a county license fee and a license fee to a city
14 contained in the county shall be allowed to credit their city license fee against their
15 county license fee. As used in this subsection, "city contained in the county" shall
16 include a city that is in more than one (1) county.

17 (8) Notwithstanding subsection (7) of this section, if a city annexes territory pursuant
18 to KRS 81A.415~~[-on or after June 29, 2021]~~, and both the city and the county in
19 which the territory annexed is contained levy a license fee at the time of
20 annexation:

21 (a) The county license fee shall no longer apply in the area annexed by the city
22 if the city license fee is equal to or greater than the license fee rate imposed
23 by the county at the time of the annexation;

24 (b) If the city license fee is less than the license fee imposed by the county at the
25 time of the annexation, only the portion of the county license fee that
26 exceeds the city license fee rate shall remain in effect in the annexed area;

27 (c) The city shall annually pay an amount to the county that guarantees that

1 the county shall receive at least the same dollar amount of revenue that was
2 generated by the county license fee in the territory in the tax year
3 immediately preceding the annexation; and

4 (d) After the tax year in which the annexation occurs, if the revenues generated
5 by the city license fee for the territory decrease below the amount of revenue
6 generated by the county license fee at the time of the annexation, then the
7 revenue received by the county from the city shall be reduced
8 proportionately], then the county shall at least receive the same dollar amount
9 of revenue that was generated in the preceding tax year by the county license
10 fee. After the tax year in which the annexation occurs, if the revenues
11 generated by both the city and county license fees for that territory decrease
12 below the amount of revenue generated in that preceding tax year by the
13 county license fee, then the revenue received by the county shall be reduced
14 proportionately. Any increase in the license fee rate by the city or the county
15 after the date of the annexation shall be subject to the crediting provisions
16 contained in subsections (6) and (7) of this section].

17 (9) A county that enacted an occupational license fee under the authority of KRS
18 67.083 shall not be required to reduce its occupational tax rate when it is
19 determined that the population of the county exceeds thirty thousand (30,000).

20 (10) Notwithstanding any statute to the contrary:

21 (a) In those counties where a license fee has been authorized by a public question
22 approved by the voters, there shall be no credit of a city license fee against a
23 county license fee except by agreement between the county and the city in
24 accordance with subsection (6) of this section;

25 (b) Notwithstanding any provision of the KRS to the contrary, no taxpayer shall
26 be refunded or credited for any overpayment of a license tax paid to any
27 county to the extent the overpayment is attributable to or derives from this

1 section as it existed at any time subsequent to July 15, 1986, and the taxpayer
2 seeks a credit for a license tax paid to a city located within such county, if
3 such refund claim or amended tax return claim was filed or perfected after
4 November 18, 2004, except by agreement between the city and county in
5 accordance with subsection (6) of this section;

6 (c) In those counties where a license fee has been authorized by a public question
7 approved by the voters, the percentage rate of the license fee in effect on or
8 after January 1, 2005, and any maximum salary limit upon which the license
9 fee is calculated may be increased or decreased in subsequent fiscal years with
10 the approval of the fiscal court through the passage of an ordinance. The
11 percentage rate of a license fee in such counties shall at no time exceed one
12 percent (1%) and the maximum salary limit shall at no time exceed an amount
13 equal to the maximum Social Security contribution and benefit base
14 established under subsection (b) of 42 U.S.C. sec. 430. Notwithstanding
15 subsection (7) of this section, there shall be no credit of any license fee
16 increased or decreased under this paragraph except by agreement between the
17 county and the city in accordance with subsection (6) of this section.

18 (d) This subsection shall have retroactive application; and

19 (e) If any provision of this subsection or the application thereof to any person or
20 circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or
21 application of this section that can be given effect without the invalid
22 provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this subsection are
23 severable.

24 (11) Pursuant to this section, no fiscal court shall regulate any aspect of the manner in
25 which any duly ordained, commissioned, or denominationally licensed minister of
26 religion may perform his or her duties and activities as a minister of religion. Duly
27 ordained, commissioned, or denominationally licensed ministers of religion shall be

1 subject to the same license fees imposed on others in the county on salaries, wages,
2 commissions, and other compensation earned for work done and services performed
3 or rendered.