

HOUSE BILL 468

J1
HB 1019/24 – HGO & JUD

5lr2492
CF 5lr2562

By: **Delegates Alston, Bagnall, Martinez, and Pena–Melnik**

Introduced and read first time: January 20, 2025

Assigned to: Health and Government Operations and Judiciary

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2 **Petitions for Emergency Evaluation**

3 FOR the purpose of specifying that a petition for emergency evaluation is effective for a
4 certain period of time; authorizing a court, on a certain motion and for good cause
5 shown, to extend a petition for a certain period of time; requiring a court to include
6 the date the petition expires on the petition; authorizing peace officers to use
7 reasonable and necessary force when executing a petition; and generally relating to
8 petitions for emergency evaluation.

9 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
10 Article – Health – General
11 Section 10–623 and 10–624(a)
12 Annotated Code of Maryland
13 (2023 Replacement Volume and 2024 Supplement)

14 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
15 That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:

16 **Article – Health – General**

17 10–623.

18 (a) If the petitioner under Part IV of this subtitle is not a physician, psychologist,
19 clinical social worker, licensed clinical professional counselor, clinical nurse specialist in
20 psychiatric and mental health nursing, psychiatric nurse practitioner, licensed clinical
21 marriage and family therapist, health officer or designee of a health officer, or peace officer,
22 the petitioner shall present the petition to the court for immediate review.

23 (b) After review of the petition, the court shall endorse the petition if the court
24 finds probable cause to believe that the emergency evaluatee has shown the symptoms of a

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



1 mental disorder and that the individual presents a danger to the life or safety of the
2 individual or of others.

3 (c) If the court does not find probable cause, the court shall indicate that fact on
4 the petition, and no further action may be taken under the petition.

5 (D) (1) **SUBJECT TO PARAGRAPH (2) OF THIS SUBSECTION, THE PETITION**
6 **SHALL BE EFFECTIVE FOR 5 DAYS AFTER BEING ENDORSED BY THE COURT UNDER**
7 **SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION.**

8 (2) (I) **SUBJECT TO SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH, ON**
9 **A MOTION, THE COURT MAY EXTEND THE PETITION FOR GOOD CAUSE SHOWN BASED**
10 **ON THE PRESENTING BEHAVIOR OF THE INDIVIDUAL FOR UP TO 5 DAYS AT A TIME,**
11 **BUT NOT TO EXCEED A TOTAL OF 30 DAYS.**

12 (II) 1. **A MOTION UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS**
13 **PARAGRAPH MUST BE MADE BY THE ORIGINAL PETITIONER.**

14 2. **EACH EXTENSION SHALL BE BASED ON A SEPARATE**
15 **MOTION.**

16 (3) **A PETITION ENDORSED OR EXTENDED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION**
17 **SHALL BE SERVED EXPEDITIOUSLY.**

18 (E) **THE COURT SHALL INCLUDE ON THE PETITION THE DATE THE PETITION**
19 **EXPIRES.**

20 10-624.

21 (a) (1) A peace officer shall take an emergency evaluatee to the nearest
22 emergency facility if the peace officer has a petition under Part IV of this subtitle that:

23 (i) 1. Has been endorsed by a court [within the last 5 days]; AND

24 2. **IS IN EFFECT**; or

25 (ii) Is signed and submitted by a physician, psychologist, clinical
26 social worker, licensed clinical professional counselor, clinical nurse specialist in
27 psychiatric and mental health nursing, psychiatric nurse practitioner, licensed clinical
28 marriage and family therapist, health officer or designee of a health officer, or peace officer.

29 (2) The petition required under paragraph (1) of this subsection may be:

30 (i) In the form of an electronic record; and

31 (ii) Transmitted and received electronically.

**(3) A PEACE OFFICER MAY USE FORCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH § 3-524
OF THE PUBLIC SAFETY ARTICLE WHEN EXECUTING A PETITION.**

[(3)] (4) To the extent practicable, a peace officer shall notify the emergency facility in advance that the peace officer is bringing an emergency evaluatee to the emergency facility.

[(4)] (5) After a peace officer brings the emergency evaluatee to an emergency facility, the peace officer need not stay unless, because the emergency evaluatee is violent, emergency facility personnel ask the supervisor of the peace officer to have the peace officer stay.

[(5)] (6) A peace officer shall stay until the supervisor responds to the request for assistance. If the emergency evaluatee is violent, the supervisor shall allow the peace officer to stay.

[(6)] (7) If emergency facility personnel ask that a peace officer stay, a physician shall examine the emergency evaluatee as promptly as possible.

SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2025.