

117TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 3635

To amend the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 to authorize public safety officer death benefits to officers suffering from post-traumatic stress disorder or acute stress disorder, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

February 10, 2022

Ms. Duckworth (for herself, Mr. Cornyn, Mr. Durbin, Mr. Tillis, Mr. Kaine, Ms. Collins, Mr. Inhofe, and Mr. Booker) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To amend the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 to authorize public safety officer death benefits to officers suffering from post-traumatic stress disorder or acute stress disorder, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Public Safety Officer
- 5 Support Act of 2022".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress finds the following:

- (1) Every day, public safety officers, including police officers, firefighters, emergency medical technicians, and others, work to maintain the safety, health, and well-being of the communities they serve.
 - (2) This means public safety officers are routinely called to respond to stressful and potentially traumatic situations, often putting their own lives in danger.
 - (3) This work not only puts public safety officers at risk for experiencing harm, serious injury, and cumulative and acute trauma, but also places them at up to 25.6 times higher risk for developing post-traumatic stress disorder when compared to individuals without such experiences.
 - (4) Psychological evidence indicates that law enforcement officers experience significant job-related stressors and exposures that may confer increased risk for mental health morbidities (such as post-traumatic stress disorder and suicidal thoughts, ideation, intents, and behaviors) and hastened mortality.
 - (5) Public safety officers often do not have the resources or support they need, leaving them at higher risk for long-term mental health consequences.

- 1 (6) Whereas, although the Department of De-2 fense already considers servicemember suicides to be 3 line-of-duty deaths and provides Federal support to 4 eligible surviving families, the Federal Government 5 does not recognize public safety officer suicides as 6 deaths in the line of duty.
- 7 (7) In 2017, the Department of Justice ap-8 proved 481 claims under the Public Safety Officers' 9 Benefits Program under subpart 1 of part L of title 10 I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets 11 Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10281 et seq.), but not one 12 of them for the more than 240 public safety officers 13 who died by suicide that year.
 - (8) Public safety officers who have died or are disabled as a result of suicide or post-traumatic stress disorder do not qualify for the Public Safety Officers' Benefits Program, despite the fact that public safety officers are more likely to die by suicide than from any other line-of-duty cause of death.

20 SEC. 3. PUBLIC SAFETY OFFICER DEATH BENEFITS FOR

- 21 POST-TRAUMATIC STRESS DISORDER AND
- 22 ACUTE STRESS DISORDER.
- 23 (a) In General.—Section 1201 of title I of the Om-

nibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34)

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1	U.S.C. 10281) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
2	lowing:
3	"(o) Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder and
4	Acute Stress Disorder.—
5	"(1) Definitions.—In this section:
6	"(A) Mass casualty event.—The term
7	'mass casualty event' means an incident result-
8	ing in casualties to not fewer than 3 victims, in-
9	cluding—
10	"(i) an incident that exceeds the nor-
11	mal resources for emergency response
12	available in the jurisdiction where the inci-
13	dent takes place; and
14	"(ii) an incident that results in a sud-
15	den temporal surge of injured individuals
16	necessitating emergency services.
17	"(B) Mass fatality event.—The term
18	'mass fatality event' means an incident result-
19	ing in the fatalities of not fewer than 3 individ-
20	uals at 1 or more locations close to one another
21	with a common cause.
22	"(C) Mass shooting.—The term 'mass
23	shooting' means a multiple homicide incident in
24	which not fewer than 3 victims are killed—
25	"(i) with a firearm;

1	"(ii) within 1 event; and
2	"(iii) in 1 or more locations in close
3	proximity.
4	"(2) Personal injury sustained in line of
5	DUTY.—
6	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
7	subparagraph (B), as determined by the Bu-
8	reau—
9	"(i) post-traumatic stress disorder or
10	acute stress disorder suffered by a public
11	safety officer, and diagnosed by a licensed
12	medical or mental health professional, shall
13	be presumed to constitute a personal in-
14	jury within the meaning of subsection (a),
15	sustained in the line of duty by the officer,
16	if the officer, while on duty, engages in sit-
17	uations involving stressful, tensional, or
18	traumatic law enforcement, fire suppres-
19	sion, rescue, hazardous material response,
20	emergency medical services (including re-
21	sponding to opioid overdoses, or traumatic
22	psychological or psychiatric distress calls),
23	prison security, disaster relief, or other
24	emergency response activity;

1	"(ii) post-traumatic stress disorder or
2	acute stress disorder suffered by a public
3	safety officer who has contacted or at-
4	tempted to contact the employee assistance
5	program of the agency or entity that the
6	officer serves, a licensed medical or mental
7	health professional, suicide prevention serv-
8	ices, or another mental health assistance
9	service in order to receive help, treatment,
10	or diagnosis for post-traumatic stress dis-
11	order or acute stress disorder, shall be pre-
12	sumed to constitute a personal injury with-
13	in the meaning of subsection (a), sustained
14	in the line of duty by the officer, if the of-
15	ficer, while on duty, engages in situations
16	involving stressful, tensional, or traumatic
17	law enforcement, fire suppression, rescue,
18	hazardous material response, emergency
19	medical services (including responding to
20	opioid overdoses, or traumatic psycho-
21	logical or psychiatric distress calls), prison
22	security, disaster relief, or other emergency
23	response activity; and
24	"(iii) post-traumatic stress disorder or
25	acute stress disorder suffered by a public

safety officer who engages in a response to a mass casualty incident, mass death incident, or mass shooting involving stressful, tensional, or traumatic law enforcement, fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity shall be presumed to constitute a personal injury within the meaning of subsection (a), sustained in the line of duty by the officer.

"(B) Exceptions.—

"(i) DISORDER UNRELATED TO ENGAGEMENT.—Subparagraph (A) shall not apply if the Bureau establishes, by clear and convincing evidence, and based on competent psychological or medical evidence, that the post-traumatic stress disorder or acute stress disorder was completely unrelated to engagement in situations described in clause (i), (ii), or (iii) of that subparagraph.

"(ii) OTHER DIRECT AND PROXIMATE CAUSE.—Subparagraph (A) shall not apply if competent psychological or medical evi-

1	dence establishes that the post-traumatic
2	stress disorder or acute stress disorder was
3	directly and proximately caused by some-
4	thing other than the mere presence of
5	post-traumatic stress disorder or acute
6	stress disorder risk factors.
7	"(3) Death or disability.—
8	"(A) In general.—
9	"(i) Death by suicide of any offi-
10	CER.—For purposes of a claim under sub-
11	section (a), if a public safety officer de-
12	scribed in clause (i), (ii), or (iii) of para-
13	graph (2)(A) of this subsection dies by sui-
14	cide, that death shall be presumed to be a
15	direct and proximate result of the post-
16	traumatic stress disorder or acute stress
17	disorder suffered by the public safety offi-
18	cer.
19	"(ii) Disability of diagnosed offi-
20	CERS.—For purposes of a claim under sub-
21	section (b), if a public safety officer de-
22	scribed in paragraph (2)(A)(i) of this sub-
23	section is permanently and totally disabled

as a result of the post-traumatic stress dis-

order or acute stress disorder suffered by

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the public safety officer, including as a result of attempted suicide, that disability shall be presumed to be a direct and proximate result of the post-traumatic stress disorder or acute stress disorder suffered by the public safety officer.

"(iii) DISABILITY OF NON-DIAGNOSED OFFICERS DUE TO ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.—
For purposes of a claim under subsection (b), if a public safety officer described in clause (ii) or (iii) of paragraph (2)(A) of this subsection is permanently and totally disabled as a result of attempted suicide, that disability shall be presumed to be a direct and proximate result of the post-traumatic stress disorder or acute stress disorder suffered by the public safety officer.

"(B) PERMANENT AND TOTAL DIS-ABILITY.—For purposes of clauses (ii) and (iii) of subparagraph (A), an individual shall be considered permanently and totally disabled as a result of an attempted suicide or of post-traumatic stress disorder or acute stress disorder if the individual is unable to serve as a public

- 1 safety officer in the same or a substantially 2 similar role as the individual was serving prior 3 to the attempted suicide or prior to suffering 4 from post-traumatic stress disorder or acute 5 stress disorder, respectively. "(4) Applicability of limitations on Bene-6 7 FITS.— "(A) 8 Intentional ACTIONS.—Section 9 1202(a)(1) shall not apply to any claim for a benefit under this part that is payable in ac-10 11 cordance with this subsection. 12 "(B) USE.—Section SUBSTANCE 13 1202(a)(2) shall not preclude the payment of a 14 benefit under this part if the benefit is other-15 wise payable in accordance with this sub-16 section.".
- 17 (b) Retroactive Applicability.—The amendment 18 made by subsection (a) shall take effect as if enacted on 19 January 1, 2019, and shall apply to any public safety offi-20 cer who dies or is permanently and totally disabled on or 21 after that date.
- 22 SEC. 4. GAO REPORT.
- Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to Congress a report that details benefits

- 1 issued pursuant to subsection (o) of section 1201 of title
- 2 I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of
- 3 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10281), as added by section 3, and in-

4 cludes any recommendations to improve that subsection.