

# 118TH CONGRESS H. R. 6945

To require enforcement against misbranded egg alternatives.

### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

January 10, 2024

Ms. Stefanik (for herself and Ms. Wild) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

## A BILL

To require enforcement against misbranded egg alternatives.

- Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
  SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
  This Act may be cited as the "Consistent Egg Labels
  Act of 2024".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress finds as follows:
- 8 (1) Eggs and egg products are nutrient- and 9 protein-rich foods that contribute to a healthy diet, 10 according to the Dietary Guidelines for Americans, 11 2020–2025 (referred to in this section as the "Die-12 tary Guidelines") published by the Department of

- 1 Agriculture and the Department of Health and 2 Human Services.
  - (2) Eggs and egg products are important sources of iron, zinc, protein, choline, and long chain polyunsaturated fatty acids. Long chain polyunsaturated fatty acids contribute to healthy brain development for infants, according to the Dietary Guidelines.
    - (3) Many Americans rely on eggs and egg products as an affordable, healthy source of protein. Nutritional research from the Department of Agriculture finds that eggs are the lowest cost source of protein, vitamin A, vitamin B12, iron, and riboflavin. Eggs provide Americans with an easy, inexpensive source of protein.
    - (4) The protein found in eggs is highly digestible and contains numerous essential amino acids. Plant-sourced protein found in egg product alternatives does not contain essential amino acids in levels as concentrated as in eggs.
    - (5) Egg product alternatives are relatively new on the market and have potential to mislead consumers if such products are not properly labeled to distinguish such products from products made from shell eggs.

- 1 (6) Consumers purchase egg product alter-
- 2 natives for various reasons, including food allergies.
- 3 Consumers who need to purchase alternatives should
- 4 be assured of labeling that is truthful and not mis-
- 5 leading.

#### 6 SEC. 3. PURPOSE.

- 7 No food may be introduced or delivered for introduc-
- 8 tion into interstate commerce using a market name for
- 9 an egg or egg product if the food does not meet the cri-
- 10 terion set forth for eggs or egg products under paragraph
- 11 (z)(2) of section 403 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cos-
- 12 metic Act (21 U.S.C. 343) (as added by section 4(a)).

### 13 SEC. 4. ENFORCEMENT OF DEFINITION.

- 14 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 403 of the Federal Food,
- 15 Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 343) is amended by
- 16 adding at the end the following:
- " (z)(1) If it uses a market name for an egg or egg
- 18 product described in subparagraph (3) and the food does
- 19 not meet the criterion for being an egg or egg product,
- 20 as described in subparagraph (2).
- 21 "(2) For purposes of this paragraph, a food is an
- 22 egg only if the food is the reproductive output of avian
- 23 poultry species, including an albumen or yolk that is, or
- 24 was at any point, encased in a calcium-based shell. For
- 25 purposes of this paragraph, a food is an egg product only

if the food is an egg product described in part 160 of title 21, Code of Federal Regulations (or successor regulations). 3 4 "(3) A market name for an egg or egg product described in this subparagraph means the egg or egg product terms described in part 160 of title 21, Code of Federal 6 Regulations (or successor regulations), section 590.5 of 8 title 9, Code of Federal Regulations (or successor regulations), or the common and usual name for 'egg'.". 10 (b) Guidance.— 11 (1) New Guidance.—The Secretary of Health 12 and Human Services, acting through the Commis-13 sioner of Food and Drugs, shall— (A) not later than 180 days after the date 14 15 of enactment of this Act, issue draft guidance 16 on how enforcement of the amendment made by 17 subsection (a) will be carried out; and 18 (B) not later than 1 year after the date of 19 enactment of this Act, issue final guidance on 20 such enforcement. 21 (2)EFFECT ON CERTAIN PREVIOUS GUID-22 ANCE.—Effective on the date of enactment of this 23 Act, any guidance with respect to eggs or egg prod-24 ucts issued by the Secretary of Health and Human

Services, acting through the Commissioner of Food

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- and Drugs, that is not consistent with paragraph (z)
- 2 of section 403 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cos-
- metic Act (21 U.S.C. 343), as added by subsection
- 4 (a), shall have no force or effect.
- 5 (c) Report to Congress.—Not later than 2 years
- 6 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of
- 7 Health and Human Services, acting through the Commis-
- 8 sioner of Food and Drugs, and in consultation with the
- 9 Secretary of Agriculture, acting through the Adminis-
- 10 trator of the Food Safety and Inspection Service, shall re-
- 11 port to Congress on actions taken with respect to food that
- 12 is misbranded as described in paragraph (z) of section 403
- 13 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C.
- 14 343), as amended by this Act, including warnings issued
- 15 pursuant to such paragraph and penalties assessed under
- 16 section 303 of such Act (21 U.S.C. 333) with respect to
- 17 such paragraph. If food that is misbranded under such
- 18 section 403(z) is offered for sale in interstate commerce
- 19 at the time of such report, the Commissioner of Food and
- 20 Drugs shall include in such report an updated plan for
- 21 actions to be taken with respect to such food.