1	AN ACT relating to voter identification and making an appropriation therefor.
2	WHEREAS, it is critically important to protect the integrity and reliability of the
3	electoral process in order to ensure that there is proper detection and deterrence of voter
4	fraud and to safeguard the fundamental right to vote; and
5	WHEREAS, it is a reasonable legislative task to seek improvement and
6	modernization of election procedures, boost public confidence in the electoral process,
7	and maintain our system of governance; and
8	WHEREAS, the members of this honorable body seek to preserve this state's and
9	the nation's election integrity, honor within the democratic process and the right to vote
10	minimize the burdensome obligation that comes with any uncertainty in election results.
11	and guarantee that the election results are final and complete;
12	NOW, THEREFORE,
13	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:
14	→SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 117 IS CREATED TO
15	READ AS FOLLOWS:
16	(1) If a voter is unable to produce proof of identification as required under Section
17	16 of this Act, the election clerk shall inform the voter that he or she may cast a
18	provisional ballot if the individual:
19	(a) Is eligible to vote under KRS 116.025;
20	(b) Is entitled to vote in that precinct; and
21	(c) In the presence of the election clerk, executes a provisional voter's affidavia
22	furnished by the State Board of Elections stating:
23	1. The voter is a citizen of the United States;
24	2. The voter's date of birth to the best of the voter's knowledge and
25	belief;
26	3. The voter is qualified to vote in this precinct under KRS 116.025;
27	4. The voter's name and that the voter is generally known by that name:

I	5. The voter has not voted and will not vote in any other precinci;
2	6. The voter's current residential address, including the street or number
3	and, if applicable, the voter's residential address prior to the close of
4	the registration books under KRS 116.045, and the date the voter
5	moved; and
6	7. The voter understands that making a false statement on the affidavit is
7	punishable under penalties of perjury.
8	(2) After executing the provisional voter's affidavit in the presence of the election
9	clerk, the provisional voter shall take the affidavit and the provisional ballot with
10	the stub intact and retire alone to the voting booth provided for provisional
11	voting. After voting the provisional ballot, the provisional voter shall remove the
12	numbered stub, hand the stub to an election official, attach his or her affidavit to
13	the provisional ballot, and deposit the voted provisional ballot with the attached
14	affidavit in the locked provisional ballot box in the presence of precinct election
15	officials.
16	→SECTION 2. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 117 IS CREATED TO
17	READ AS FOLLOWS:
18	(1) A provisional voter who casts a provisional ballot or provisional absentee ballot
19	under Section 1 or 8 of this Act may personally appear before the county clerk or
20	the county board of elections not later than the close of business, the Friday
21	immediately following a primary or an election, and provide:
22	(a) An affidavit in a form prescribed and furnished by the State Board of
23	Elections, pursuant to administrative regulations promulgated under KRS
24	Chapter 13A, that the provisional voter who personally appears before the
25	county clerk or county board of elections is the same individual who cast a
26	provisional ballot or a provisional absentee ballot on election day; and
27	(b) Either:

1	1. Proof of identification as defined in Section 24 of this Act; or
2	2. A Social Security card, any identification card that has been issued by
3	the county and which has been approved in writing by the State Board
4	of Elections, any identification card with picture and signature, or
5	credit card, and, in addition to the affidavit in paragraph (a) of this
6	subsection, a sworn statement that the voter has one (1) of the
7	following reasonable impediments to procure proof of identification as
8	defined in Section 24 of this Act:
9	a. Lack of transportation;
10	b. Lack of birth certificate or other documents needed to obtain the
11	proof of identification;
12	c. Work schedule;
13	d. Lost or stolen identification;
14	e. Disability or illness;
15	f. Family responsibilities;
16	g. The proof of identification has been applied for, but not yet
17	<u>received; or</u>
18	h. The voter has a religious objection to being photographed.
19	(2) Subject to subsection (3) of this section, the county clerk or county board of
20	elections, upon receiving the information described in subsection (1) of this
21	section, shall find that the provisional ballot or provisional absentee ballot is
22	valid and direct that the ballot be opened and processed in accordance with this
23	<u>chapter.</u>
24	(3) If the county clerk or county board of elections determines that the affidavit
25	described in subsection (1) of this section has not been properly executed, that the
26	provisional voter is not a qualified voter of the precinct, or that the provisional
27	voter is not registered to vote, the county clerk or county board of elections shall

determine that the provisional ballot or provisional absentee ballot is invalid and
shall reject the provisional ballot or provisional absentee ballot.

- 3 → Section 3. KRS 116.065 is amended to read as follows:
- 4 Each application for registration, change of affiliation, transfer of registration, *provisional*
- 5 <u>ballot, or provisional absentee ballot</u>, as absentee ballots <u>and</u>
- 6 provisional absentee ballots are provided for by Section 5 of this Act and KRS 117.085,
- 7 shall be verified by a written declaration by the applicant that it is made under the
- 8 penalties of perjury.

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- 9 → Section 4. KRS 117.066 is amended to read as follows:
- 10 In the case of a precinct comprised of a small number of registered voters, the county board of elections may, pursuant to KRS 117.055, utilize the facilities of 11 12 another precinct as a voting location. Additionally, the county board of elections 13 may petition the State Board of Elections to allow the precinct election officers of 14 the larger precinct to serve as precinct election officers for the precinct that is the 15 subject of the petition. The petition shall designate both the smaller precinct and the 16 larger precinct with which it is to be included, the type of voting machine or 17 machines to be used, and whether supplemental paper ballots are to be used. The 18 petition shall contain a full explanation of the reasons why inclusion is desirable.
 - (2) If the petition submitted pursuant to subsection (1) of this section is approved by the State Board of Elections, the election shall be conducted according to the following provisions:
 - (a) One voting machine may be utilized for both precincts if the State Board of Elections certifies that separate ballots may be placed upon the voting machine to be used without endangering the integrity of the ballots or without violating any other election law. Otherwise, separate voting machines shall be used for each precinct. In the instance of a precinct which has a small number of voters such that the use of a separate voting machine would be cost-

prohibitive, the county clerk may make application to the State Board of Elections to use supplemental paper ballots under KRS 118.215 to conduct the voting for the small precinct on election day. If the use of supplemental paper ballots is approved by the State Board of Elections, at the close of voting on election day, the locked *supplemental paper* ballot box shall be transported to the county board of elections *along with the provisional ballot box* and ballots shall be counted by the county board of elections as provided by KRS 117.275(10) to (14)[(13)];

- (b) Separate precinct voter rosters shall be maintained for each precinct, and steps shall be taken to insure that voters cast their ballot in their duly authorized precinct; and
- (c) A separate set of elections forms and reports required by this chapter and the State Board of Elections shall be maintained for each precinct.
- → Section 5. KRS 117.077 is amended to read as follows:
- (1) In case of a medical emergency within fourteen (14) days or less of an election, a registered voter and the registered voter's spouse may apply for an absentee ballot. The application shall state that the emergency condition occurred within the fourteen (14) day period. The application shall be notarized and accompanied by a copy of the voter's proof of identification. The application form may be requested by and delivered by the voter or the spouse, parents, or children of the voter. If the voter has no spouse, parents, or children, the application form may be requested by and delivered by the brother, sister, niece, nephew, or designee of the voter. The application form shall be restricted to the use of the voter. Upon receipt of the application, a copy of the voter's proof of identification, and verification in accordance with this chapter, the county clerk shall issue an absentee ballot.
- (2) If the voter does not submit a copy of his or her proof of identification, and the voter otherwise qualifies to receive an absentee ballot by mail, the county clerk

1		shall mai	il to the voter a provisional absentee ballot and the provisional voter's
2		<u>affidavit</u>	described in Section 1 of this Act, two (2) official envelopes for returning
3		the ballor	t and affidavit, and instructions for voting a provisional absentee ballot,
4		which sh	all include the requirement that the affidavit be notarized.
5		→ Section	n 6. KRS 117.085 is amended to read as follows:
6	(1)	All reque	ests for an application for a mail-in absentee ballot may be transmitted by
7		telephone	e, facsimile machine, by mail, by electronic mail, or in person. The county
8		clerk sha	ll transmit all applications for a mail-in absentee ballot to the voter by
9		mail, elec	etronic mail, or in person at the option of the voter, except as provided in
10		paragraph	n (b) of this subsection. The mail-in absentee ballot application may be
11		requested	by the voter or the spouse, parents, or children of the voter, but shall be
12		restricted	to the use of the voter.
13		(a) A q	ualified voter may apply to cast his or her vote by mail-in absentee ballot
14		if th	ne completed application is received not later than the close of business
15		hou	rs seven (7) days before the election, and if the voter is:
16		1.	A resident of Kentucky who is a covered voter as defined in KRS
17			117A.010;
18		2.	A student who temporarily resides outside the county of his or her
19			residence;
20		3.	Incarcerated in jail and charged with a crime, but has not been convicted
21			of the crime;
22		4.	Changing or has changed his or her place of residence to a different state
23			while the registration books are closed in the new state of residence
24			before an election of electors for President and Vice President of the
25			United States, in which case the voter shall be permitted to cast a mail-in
26			absentee ballot for electors for President and Vice President of the
27			United States only;

5. Temporarily residing outside the state but still eligible to vote in this state;

- 6. Prevented from voting in person at the polls on election day and from casting an in-person absentee ballot in the county clerk's office on all days in-person absentee voting is conducted because his or her employment location requires him or her to be absent from the county of his or her residence all hours and all days in-person absentee voting is conducted in the county clerk's office;
- 7. A participant in the Secretary of State's crime victim address confidentiality protection program as authorized by KRS 14.312; or
- 8. Not able to appear at the polls on election day on the account of age, disability, or illness, and who has not been declared mentally disabled by a court of competent jurisdiction.
- (b) Residents of Kentucky who are covered voters as defined in KRS 117A.010 may apply for a mail-in absentee ballot by means of the federal post-card application, which may be transmitted to the county clerk's office by mail, by facsimile machine, or by means of the electronic transmission system established under KRS 117A.030(4). The federal post-card application may be used to register, reregister, and to apply for a mail-in absentee ballot. If the federal post-card application is received at any time not less than seven (7) days before the election, the county clerk shall affix his or her seal to the application form upon receipt.
- (c) In-person absentee voting shall be conducted in the county clerk's office or other place designated by the county board of elections and approved by the State Board of Elections during normal business hours for at least the twelve (12) working days before the election. A county board of elections may permit in-person absentee voting to be conducted on a voting machine for a period

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1	longer than	the twelve	(12)) working	day	s before	the election

- A qualified voter may, at any time during normal business hours on those days in-person absentee voting is conducted in the county clerk's office, make application in person to the county clerk to vote on a voting machine in the county clerk's office or other place designated by the county board of elections and approved by the State Board of Elections, if the voter:
 - 1. Is a resident of Kentucky who is a covered voter as defined in KRS 117A.010, who will be absent from the county of his or her residence on any election day;
 - 2. Is a student who temporarily resides outside the county of his or her residence;
 - 3. Has surgery, or whose spouse has surgery, scheduled that will require hospitalization on election day;
 - 4. Temporarily resides outside the state, but is still eligible to vote in this state and will be absent from the county of his or her residence on any election day;
 - 5. Is a resident of Kentucky who is a uniformed-service voter as defined in KRS 117A.010 confined to a military base on election day, learns of that confinement within seven (7) days or less of an election, and is not eligible for a mail-in absentee ballot under this subsection;
 - 6. Is in her last trimester of pregnancy at the time she wishes to vote under this paragraph. The application form for a voter under this subparagraph shall be prescribed by the State Board of Elections, which shall contain the woman's sworn statement that she is in fact in her last trimester of pregnancy at the time she wishes to vote;
 - 7. Has not been declared mentally disabled by a court of competent jurisdiction and, on account of age, disability, or illness, is not able to

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appear at the polls on election day; or

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8. Is not permitted to vote by a mail-in absentee ballot under paragraph (a) of this subsection, but who will be absent from the county of his or her residence on election day.

(e) Voters who change their place of residence to a different state while the registration books are closed in the new state of residence before a presidential election shall be permitted to cast an in-person absentee ballot for President and Vice President only, by making application in person to the county clerk to vote on a voting machine in the county clerk's office or other place designated by the county board of elections and approved by the State Board of Elections, up to the close of normal business hours on the day before the election.

(f) Any member of the county board of elections, any precinct election officer appointed to serve in a precinct other than that in which he or she is registered, any alternate precinct election officer, any deputy county clerk, any staff for the State Board of Elections, and any staff for the county board of elections may vote on a voting machine in the county clerk's office or other place designated by the county board of elections, and approved by the State Board of Elections, up to the close of normal business hours on the day before the election. The application form for those persons shall be prescribed by the State Board of Elections and, in the case of application by precinct election officers, shall contain a verification of appointment signed by a member of the county board of elections. If an alternate precinct election officer or a precinct election officer appointed to serve in a precinct other than that in which he or she is registered receives his or her appointment while in-person absentee voting is being conducted in the county, the officer may vote on a voting machine in the county clerk's office or other place designated by the county

board of elections, and approved by the State Board of Elections, up to the close of normal business hours on the day before the election. Precinct election officers' verification of appointment shall also contain the date of appointment. The applications shall be restricted to the use of the voter only.

- (g) The members of the county board of elections or their designees who provide equal representation of both political parties may serve as precinct election officers, without compensation, for all in-person absentee voting performed on a voting machine in the county clerk's office or other place designated by the county board of elections and approved by the State Board of Elections. If the members of the county board of elections or their designees serve as precinct election officers for the in-person absentee voting, they shall perform the same duties and exercise the same authority as precinct election officers who serve on the day of an election. If the members of the county board of elections or their designees do not serve as precinct election officers for in-person absentee voting, the county clerk or deputy county clerks shall supervise the in-person absentee voting.
- (h) Any individual qualified to appoint challengers for the day of an election may also appoint challengers to observe all in-person absentee voting performed at the county clerk's office or other place designated by the county board of elections, and approved by the State Board of Elections, and those challengers may exercise the same privileges as challengers appointed for observing voting on the day of an election at a regular polling place.
- (2) The county clerk shall type the name of the voter permitted to vote by mail-in absentee ballot on the mail-in absentee ballot application form for that person's use and no other. The mail-in absentee ballot application form shall be in the form prescribed by the State Board of Elections, shall bear the seal of the county clerk, and shall contain the following information: name, residential address, precinct,

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party affiliation, statement of the reason the person cannot vote in person on election day, statement of where the voter shall be on election day, statement of compliance with residency requirements for voting in the precinct, and the voter's mailing address for a mail-in absentee ballot. The mail-in absentee ballot application form shall be verified and signed by the voter, *and the voter shall* submit a copy of his or her proof of identification with the application. A notice of the actual penalty provisions in KRS 117.995(2) and (5) shall be printed on the mail-in absentee ballot application form.

- (3) (a) If the county clerk finds that the voter is properly registered as stated in his or her mail-in absentee ballot application form and qualifies to receive a mail-in absentee ballot by mail, he or she shall mail to the voter a mail-in absentee ballot, two (2) official envelopes for returning the mail-in absentee ballot, and instructions for voting.
 - (b) If the voter does not submit a copy of his or her proof of identification, and the voter otherwise qualifies to receive an absentee ballot by mail, the county clerk shall mail to the voter a provisional absentee ballot and the provisional voter's affidavit described in Section 1 of this Act, two (2) official envelopes for returning the ballot and affidavit, and instructions for voting a provisional absentee ballot, which shall include the requirement that the affidavit be notarized.
 - (c) The county clerk shall complete a postal form for a certificate of mailing for mail-in absentee ballots mailed within the fifty (50) states, and it shall be stamped by the postal service when the mail-in absentee ballots are mailed. A mail-in absentee ballot or provisional absentee ballot and affidavit may be transmitted by facsimile machine or by the electronic transmission system established under KRS 117A.030(4) to a covered voter as defined in KRS 117A.010. The covered voter shall be notified of the options for transmittal of

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the mail-in absentee ballot, and the mail-in absentee ballot shall be transmitted by the method chosen for receipt by the resident of Kentucky who is a covered voter.

- (4) Mail-in absentee ballots *or provisional absentee ballots* which are requested prior to the printing of the mail-in absentee ballots shall be mailed or otherwise transmitted as provided in subsection (3) of this section by the county clerk to the voter within three (3) days of the receipt of the printed ballots. Mail-in absentee ballots *or provisional absentee ballots* requested after the receipt of the ballots by the county clerk shall be mailed or otherwise transmitted as provided in subsection (3) of this section to the voter within three (3) days of the receipt of the request.
- (5) The county clerk shall cause mail-in absentee ballots to be printed fifty (50) days prior to each primary or regular election, and forty-five (45) days prior to a special election.
 - Absentee Ballot" and the address and official title of the county clerk and shall provide space for the voter's signature, voting address, precinct number, and signatures of two (2) witnesses if the voter signs the form with the use of a mark instead of the voter's signature. A provisional voter affidavit shall be included with a provisional absentee ballot. A detachable flap on the inner envelope shall provide space for the voter's signature, voting address, precinct number, signatures of two (2) witnesses if the voter signs the form with the use of a mark instead of the voter's signature and notice of penalty provided in KRS 117.995(5). The county clerk shall type the voter's address and precinct number in the upper left hand corner of the outer envelope and of the detachable flap on the inner envelope immediately below the blank space for the voter's signature. The inner envelope shall be blank. The county clerk shall retain the mail-in ballot application form and the postal form required by subsection (3) of this section for twenty-two (22) months after the

election.

(8)

Any person who has received a mail-in absentee ballot <u>or a provisional absentee</u> <u>ballot</u> by mail but who knows at least seven (7) days before the date of the election that he or she will be in his or her county of residence on election day and who has not voted pursuant to the provisions of KRS 117.086 shall cancel his or her mail-in absentee ballot <u>or provisional absentee ballot</u> and vote in person. The voter shall return the mail-in absentee ballot <u>or provisional absentee ballot</u> to the county clerk's office no later than seven (7) days prior to the date of the election. Upon the return of the mail-in absentee ballot <u>or provisional absentee ballot</u>, the county clerk shall mark on the outer envelope of the sealed ballot or the unmarked ballot the words "Canceled because voter appeared to vote in person." Sealed envelopes so marked shall not be opened. The county clerk shall remove the voter's name from the list of persons who were sent mail-in absentee ballots <u>or provisional absentee</u> <u>ballots</u>, and the voter may vote in the precinct in which he or she is properly registered.

Any voter qualified for a mail-in absentee ballot <u>or provisional absentee ballot</u> who does not receive a requested mail-in absentee ballot within a reasonable amount of time shall contact the county clerk, who shall reissue a second mail-in absentee ballot. The county clerk shall keep a record of the mail-in absentee ballots <u>and</u> <u>provisional absentee ballots</u> issued and returned by mail, [-and] the in-person absentee voting that is performed on the voting machine in the county clerk's office or other place designated by the county board of elections and approved by the State Board of Elections, <u>and the provisional voting allowed under subsection (2)(c) of Section 8 of this Act.</u> to verify that only the first voted ballot to be returned by the voter is counted. Upon the return of any ballot after the first ballot is returned, the county clerk shall mark on the outer envelope of the sealed ballot the words "Canceled because ballot reissued."

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Any covered voter as defined in KRS 117A.010 who has received a mail-in absentee ballot but who knows that he or she will be in the county on election day and who has not voted pursuant to the provisions of KRS 117.086 shall cancel his or her mail-in absentee ballot and vote in person. The voter shall return the mail-in absentee ballot to the county clerk's office on or before election day. Upon the return of the mail-in absentee ballot, the county clerk shall mark on the outer envelope of the sealed mail-in absentee ballot or the unmarked mail-in absentee ballot the words "Canceled because voter appeared to vote in person." Sealed envelopes so marked shall not be opened. If the covered voter is unable to return the mail-in absentee ballot to the county clerk's office on or before election day, at the time he or she votes in person, he or she shall sign a written oath as to his or her qualifications on the form prescribed by the State Board of Elections pursuant to KRS 117.245. The county clerk shall remove the voter's name from the list of persons who were sent mail-in absentee ballots, provide the voter with written authorization to vote at the precinct, and the voter may vote in the precinct in which he or she is properly registered.

- (10) Notwithstanding the provisions of the Kentucky Open Records Act, KRS 61.870 to 61.884, the information contained in an application for a mail-in absentee ballot shall not be made public until after the close of business hours on the election day for which the application applies. This subsection shall not prohibit at any time the disclosure, upon request, of the total number of applications for mail-in absentee ballots that have been filed, or the disclosure to the Secretary of State or the State Board of Elections, if requested or if otherwise required by law, of any information in an application for a mail-in absentee ballot.
- Section 7. KRS 117.0851 is amended to read as follows:

Absentee <u>ballots and provisional absentee</u> ballots cast, as provided by KRS 117.077 and 117.085, shall all be tabulated in the same manner, as shall be provided by this chapter.

Decide of the contract of	→ Section 8.	KRS 117.086 is	amended to read	l as follows
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(c)

2 (1) (a) The voter returning his <u>or her</u> absentee ballot by mail shall mark his <u>or her</u>
3 ballot, seal it in the inner envelope and then in the outer envelope, and mail it
4 to the county clerk as shall be provided in [by] this chapter.

(b) The voter returning his or her provisional absentee ballot by mail shall mark his or her provisional absentee ballot, seal it in the inner envelope and then in the outer envelope along with a notarized provisional voter affidavit described in Section 1 of this Act, and mail it to the county clerk as provided in this chapter.

The voter shall sign the detachable flap and the outer envelope in order to validate the ballot. A person having power of attorney for the voter and who signs the detachable flap and outer envelope for the voter shall complete the voter assistance form as required by KRS 117.255. The signatures of two (2) witnesses are required if the voter signs the form with the use of a mark instead of the voter's signature. A resident of Kentucky who is a covered voter as defined in KRS 117A.010 who has received an absentee ballot or provisional absentee ballot and notarized provisional voter affidavit transmitted by facsimile machine or by means of the electronic transmission system established under KRS 117A.030(4) shall transmit the voted ballot and notarized provisional voter affidavit, if applicable, to the county clerk by mail only, conforming with ballot security requirements that may be promulgated by the State Board of Elections[state board] by administrative regulation under KRS Chapter 13A. In order to be counted, the ballots shall be received by the *county* clerk by at least the time established by the election laws generally for the closing of the polls, which time shall not include the extra hour during which those voters may vote who were waiting in line to vote at the scheduled poll closing time.

(2)

Any voter who shall be absent from the county on election day, but who does not
qualify to receive an absentee ballot or provisional absentee ballot by mail under
the provisions of KRS 117.085, and all voters qualified to vote prior to the election
under the provisions of KRS 117.085, shall vote at the main office of the county
clerk or other place designated by the county board of elections, and approved by
the State Board of Elections, prior to the day of election. The <i>county</i> clerk may
provide for such voting $\underline{on}[by]$ the voting equipment in general use in the county.
either at the precinct or in the office of the county clerk. This [, the] equipment [as]
may be used to tabulate absentee ballots or provisional absentee ballots, as may[or]
any other voting equipment approved by the State Board of Elections for use in
Kentucky, except as follows:

- (a) Any voter qualifying to vote in the <u>county</u> clerk's office or other place designated by the county board of elections, and approved by the State Board of Elections, who receives assistance to vote shall complete the voter assistance form required by KRS 117.255;[...]
- (b) Any voter qualifying to vote in the *county* clerk's office or other place designated by the county board of elections, and approved by the State Board of Elections, whose qualifications are challenged by any clerk or deputy shall complete an "Oath of Voter" affidavit; *and*
- designated by the county board of elections and approved by the State Board of Elections, who is unable to provide proof of identification, may cast a provisional ballot under the procedures set out in Section 1 of this Act.

 Provisional ballots and accompanying provisional voter affidavits shall be kept in a separate ballot box marked as containing provisional ballots under this paragraph. Any voter casting a provisional absentee ballot under this paragraph shall sign a "Provisional Absentee Ballot Signature Roster" and

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1		his or her affidavit shall be attached to his or her provisional absentee
2		<u>ballot</u> .
3	(3)	When the <u>county</u> clerk uses general voting equipment as provided for in subsection
4		(2) of this section, each voter casting his vote at the <i>county</i> clerk's office or other
5		place designated by the county board of elections, and approved by the State Board
6		of Elections, shall sign an "Absentee Ballot Signature Roster."
7	(4)	The <u>county</u> clerk shall designate a location within his <u>or her</u> office where the
8		ballots shall be cast secretly. The county clerk, with the approval of the State Board
9		of Elections, may establish locations other than his or her main office in which the
10		voters may execute their ballots. Public notice of the locations shall be given
11		pursuant to KRS Chapter 424, and similar notice by mail shall be given to the
12		county <u>chairs</u> [chairmen] of the two (2) political parties whose candidates polled the
13		largest number of votes in the county at the last <u>regular</u> [general] election.
14	(5)	The State Board of Elections shall promulgate administrative regulations <u>under</u>
15		KRS Chapter 13A to provide for casting ballots in accordance with [as provided in]
16		subsection (2) of this section.
17	(6)	The <u>county</u> clerk shall deposit all of the absentee ballots <u>and provisional absentee</u>
18		<u>ballots</u> returned by mail in <u>separate[a]</u> locked ballot <u>boxes[box]</u> immediately upon
19		receipt without opening the outer envelope. The ballot <u>boxes</u> [box] shall be locked
20		with three (3) locks. The keys to the <u>boxes[box]</u> shall be retained by the three (3)
21		members of the central absentee ballot counting board, if one is appointed, or by the
22		members of the board of elections, and the <u>boxes</u> [box] shall remain locked until the
23		ballots are counted. All voting equipment on which ballots are cast as permitted in

remain locked until the ballots are counted.

subsection (2) of this section shall also remain locked and the keys shall be retained

by the three (3) members of the central absentee ballot counting board, if one is

appointed, or by the members of the board of elections, and the equipment shall

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1	(7)	The <u>county</u> clerk shall keep <u>separate lists[a list]</u> for each election of all persons
2		who <u>:</u>
3		(a) Return by mail their absentee ballots;
4		(b) Return by mail their provisional absentee ballots; [or who]
5		(c) Cast their ballots in the <u>county</u> clerk's office or other place designated by the
6		county board of elections and approved by the State Board of Elections; and
7		(d) Cast their provisional ballots under subsection (2)(c) of this section.
8		The county clerk[, and] shall send a copy of each list to the State Board of
9		<u>Elections</u> [state board] after[the] election day, <u>and</u> [for which the list applies.
10		Notwithstanding the provisions of the Kentucky Open Records Act, KRS 61.870 to
11		61.884, each list of all persons who return their absentee ballots by mail or cast their
12		ballots in the clerk's office or other designated and approved place shall not be made
13		public until after the close of business hours on the election day for which the list
14		applies.] the county clerk and the Secretary of State shall keep a record of the
15		number of votes cast by each method listed in paragraphs (a) to (d) of this
16		subsection[absentee ballots returned by mail and cast on the voting machine in the
17		county clerk's office or other place designated by the county board of elections and
18		approved by the State Board of Elections], which are cast in any election as a part of
19		the official returns of the election.
20	(8)	The county board of elections shall report to the State Board of Elections within ten
21		(10) days after any primary or <u>regular[general]</u> election as to the number of rejected
22		absentee ballots, including rejected provisional absentee ballots and ballots cast
23		under subsection (2)(c) of this section, and the reasons for rejecting the rejected
24		absentee] ballots on a form prescribed and furnished by the State Board of
25		Elections in administrative regulations promulgated under KRS Chapter 13A.
26		→ Section 9. KRS 117.0863 is amended to read as follows:
27	(1)	Except for those voters who have been certified as requiring assistance in voting on

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a permanent or annual basis, any person voting by means of an absentee ballot or a
provisional absentee ballot by mail or on the voting machine in the county clerk's
office or other place designated by the county board of elections, and approved by
the State Board of Elections, as provided in this chapter who receives assistance in
voting shall be required to complete the voter assistance form required by KRS
117.255.

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- 12 (3) The detachable flap on all absentee ballot <u>and provisional absentee ballot</u>
 13 envelopes shall have printed upon it the voter assistance form required by KRS
 14 117.255, as well as a notice of the penalty for failure to complete the form.
- 15 (4) The State Board of Elections shall promulgate <u>by administrative regulations under</u>
 16 <u>KRS Chapter 13A</u> a voter assistance form which shall be in a form acceptable to the
 17 Attorney General.
- → Section 10. KRS 117.0865 is amended to read as follows:
- 19 Any person who aids another in completing an absentee ballot or a provisional absentee
- 20 <u>ballot</u> shall not solicit or encourage that person to vote for or against any candidate, party,
- 21 or issue. Any person who violates this section shall be guilty of a Class D felony.
- **→** Section 11. KRS 117.087 is amended to read as follows:
- 23 (1) The challenge of an absentee ballot returned by mail shall be in writing and in the 24 hands of the county clerk before 8 a.m. on election day.
- 25 (2) The county board of elections shall count the absentee ballots returned by mail and 26 the votes cast on the voting machine in the county clerk's office or other place 27 designated by the county board of elections and approved by the State Board of

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(3)

Elections. The board may appoint a central ballot counting board of not less than three (3) members, who shall be qualified voters and no more than two-thirds (2/3) of whom shall be members of the same political party, to count the ballots at the direction of the county board of elections.

Beginning at 8 a.m. on election day, the board shall meet at the *county* clerk's office to count the absentee ballots returned by mail and the ballots cast on the voting machine in the county clerk's office or other place designated by the county board of elections and approved by the State Board of Elections. Candidates or their representatives shall be permitted to be present. The county board of elections shall authorize representatives of the news media to observe the counting of the ballots. The board shall open the boxes containing absentee ballots returned by mail and remove the envelopes one (1) at a time. As each envelope is removed, it shall be examined to ascertain whether the outer envelope and the detachable flap are in proper order and have been signed by the voter. A person having power of attorney for the voter and who signs the detachable flap and outer envelope for the voter shall complete the voter assistance form required by KRS 117.255. The signatures of two (2) witnesses are required if the voter signs the form with the use of a mark instead of the voter's signature. All unsigned mail-in absentee ballots shall be rejected automatically. The <u>chair[chairman]</u> of the county board of elections shall compare the signatures on the outer envelope and the detachable flap with the signature of the voter that appears on the registration card. If the outer envelope and the detachable flap are found to be in order, the chair[chairman] shall read aloud the name of the voter. If the vote of the voter is not rejected on a challenge then made as provided in subsection (4) of this section, the *chair* [chairman] shall remove the detachable flap and place the inner envelope unopened in a ballot box which has been provided for the purpose.

(4) When the name of a voter who cast an absentee ballot by mail is read aloud by the

<u>chair[chairman]</u> , the vote of the voter may be challenged by any board member or
by the written challenge provided in subsection (1) of this section and the challenge
may be determined and the vote accepted or rejected by the board as if the voter was
present and voting in person; but if the outer envelope and the detachable flap are
regular, and substantially comply with the provisions of this chapter, they shall be
considered as showing that the voter is prima facie entitled to vote. If the vote of a
voter is rejected pursuant to the challenge, the inner envelope shall not be opened,
but returned to the outer envelope upon which the <i>chair</i> [chairman] shall write on
the envelope the word "rejected."
After the challenges have been made and all the blank inner envelopes have been

- (5) After the challenges have been made and all the blank inner envelopes have been placed in a ballot box, the box shall be thoroughly shaken to redistribute the absentee ballots in the box. The board shall open the ballot box, remove the absentee ballots from the inner envelopes, and count the ballots.
- 14 (6) The board shall unlock any voting equipment used to cast ballots in the *county*15 clerk's office or other place designated by the county board of elections, and
 16 approved by the State Board of Elections, as provided for in KRS 117.086, and a
 17 total of all ballots shall be made and recorded on the form provided by the State
 18 Board of Elections.
 - (7) The county board of elections, the county clerk, and all individuals permitted to be present for the counting of absentee ballots pursuant to subsection (2) of this section shall not make public the absentee ballot results determined as provided in this section until after 6 p.m. prevailing time.
- 23 (8) Subsections (1) to (7) of this section shall not apply to provisional absentee
 24 ballots or provisional ballots cast under subsection (2)(c) of Section 8 of this Act.
 25 Provisional absentee ballots and provisional ballots cast under subsection (2)(c)
 26 of Section 8 of this Act shall be processed in accordance with Section 1 of this
 27 Act.

→ Section 12. KRS 117.145 is amended to read as follows:

(2)

(1) At least fifteen (15) days before any special election, and at least fifty (50) days before any primary or regular election, the county clerk of each county shall cause to be printed and ready for use ballot labels for each candidate who, and each question which, is entitled to be voted upon in such election. The ballot labels shall be printed on clear white paper or other material which shall be furnished by the printer. They shall be printed in black ink, in plain, clear type clearly legible to a person with normal vision, and shall be of a size to fit the ballot frames. The labels shall include the necessary party designations.

- Each county clerk shall have printed a sufficient number of paper absentee ballots, provisional absentee ballots, and provisional voter affidavits. The provisional absentee ballot shall be used for voting by absent voters; by precinct officers who have been assigned to a precinct other than their own; by members of a county board of elections; by voters so disabled by age, infirmity, or illness as to be unable to appear at the polls; and for voting in an emergency situation. The provisional absentee ballot shall indicate that the ballot is a provisional absentee ballot. The provisional absentee ballot stubs and the paper absentee ballot stubs shall each be consecutively numbered, and the county board shall keep a record, by number, of all provisional absentee ballots and all paper absentee ballots used for any of the purposes listed in this subsection[herein].
- (3) Each county clerk shall have printed a sufficient number of provisional ballots, which shall have the same form as the absentee ballots, and provisional voter affidavits described in Section 1 of this Act. A provisional ballot shall indicate that the ballot is a provisional ballot and not an absentee ballot. The provisional ballot stubs shall be consecutively numbered, and the county board of elections shall keep a record, by number, of all provisional ballots used for votes cast by

provisional voters.

(4)[(3)] No later than the Friday preceding a special or regular election, the county clerk shall equip the voting machines with the necessary supplies for the purpose of write-in votes. The county clerk shall also attach a pencil or pen to the voting machine for write-in purposes.

(5)[(4)] If supplemental paper ballots have been approved as provided in KRS 118.215, the county clerk shall cause to be printed a sufficient number of paper ballots for the registered voters of each precinct. The paper ballots shall have stubs which are numbered consecutively. The quality of paper on which the supplemental paper ballots are printed shall be determined by <u>administrative</u> regulations promulgated <u>under KRS Chapter 13A</u> by the secretary of the Finance and Administration Cabinet.

→ Section 13. KRS 117.175 is amended to read as follows:

The county clerk shall, with the county attorney, prepare a sufficient number of instruction cards containing a diagram showing the front of the voting machine as it will appear on the day of the election, instructions as to the proper method of voting by the use of the machine, and instructions as to the proper method of casting a write-in vote. *For provisional ballots and*[Iff] supplemental paper ballots, *if*[have been] approved[,] as provided in KRS 118.215, the instruction cards shall indicate the offices, candidates, and questions which will appear on the *provisional ballots and supplemental* paper ballots, [and] the instructions for marking and depositing the *supplemental paper* ballots, and instructions for filling out the provisional ballot and provisional voter affidavit described in Section 1 of this Act. The cards shall be examined and approved by the county board of elections at the time the machines are examined and approved. The cards shall be delivered to each election clerk by the county clerk at the time that other election supplies are delivered and the election clerk shall post the card at the polling place.

→ Section 14. KRS 117.187 is amended to read as follows:

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1	(1)	The	State Board of Elections shall regularly provide special training regarding the
2		elec	tion laws and methods of enforcement to all members of county boards of
3		elec	tions, county attorneys, Commonwealth's attorneys, and certain members of the
4		Dep	artment of Kentucky State Police.
5	(2)	The	county board of elections shall provide special training before each primary and
6		regu	lar election, and any special election held during a year in which no elections
7		are s	scheduled, to all election officers, alternates, and certified challengers regarding
8		their	duties and the penalties for failure to perform. Election officers, including
9		alter	rnates, and certified challengers shall attend the training session, unless excused
10		by t	he county board of elections for reason of illness or other emergency. Any
11		pers	on who fails to attend a training session without being excused shall be
12		proh	nibited from serving as an election officer or challenger for a period of five (5)
13		year	s. The training provided by the county board of elections shall include but not
14		be li	mited to the following:
15		(a)	Operation of the voting machine or ballot cards;
16		(b)	Posting of necessary signs and notices at the polling place;
17		(c)	Voter assistance;
18		(d)	Maintaining precinct rosters;
19		(e)	Confirmation of a voter's identity;
20		(f)	Challenge of a voter;
21		(g)	Completing changes of address or name at the polling place;
22		(h)	Qualifications for voting in a primary[election];
23		(i)	Electioneering and exit polling;
24		(j)	Write-in voting procedures;
25		(k)	Persons who may be in the voting room;
26		(1)	Election violations and penalties;

(m) Assistance which may be provided by law enforcement officers;

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- 1 (n) Election reports;
- 2 (o) Disability awareness;
- 3 (p) Provisional voting process;
- 4 (q) Election emergency contingency plan; [and]
- 5 (r) Elections and voting equipment security plan; *and*
- 6 (s) Proof of identification.
- 7 (3) The county attorney shall attend the training session for election officers to assist in explaining the duties and penalties for failure to perform.
- 9 (4) Compensation in the minimum amount of ten dollars (\$10) for reimbursement of 10 actual expenses shall be paid by the county to the election officers for attending the 11 training session.
- → Section 15. KRS 117.195 is amended to read as follows:
- 13 At least one (1) hour prior to the opening of the polls, the county clerk shall deliver 14 each machine, with the operating device and mechanism and the device covering 15 the registering counters securely locked, to the clerk of the precinct in which it is to 16 be used, and shall take a receipt indicating the distinguishing number of the 17 machine. The clerk of the precinct shall cause the machine to be arranged in the 18 voting place so that the front of the machine, on which appear the ballot labels and 19 the operating devices, will not be visible, when being operated, to any person other 20 than the voter.
- 21 (2) In polling places in which machines for multiple precincts are located, the county 22 clerk shall post a sign near each machine identifying the precinct for which the 23 machine has been designated.
- 24 (3) *For provisional ballots, and*[Hf] supplemental paper ballots *if*[have been] approved 25 as provided in KRS 118.215, the county clerk shall, at least one (1) hour prior to the 26 opening of the polls, deliver:
- 27 (a) A sufficient number of <u>provisional</u> ballots, <u>and supplemental paper ballots if</u>

1		approved, for the registered voters of each precinct,
2		(b) A sufficient number of voting booths for voting provisional ballots, and
3		supplemental paper ballots[,] if approved;
4		(c) A sufficient amount of string and [,] rubber stamps for marking "Spoiled" and
5		"Unused" ballots <u>:[and]</u>
6		(d) A locked ballot box for provisional ballots, and a locked ballot box for
7		supplemental paper ballots if approved, for each precinct; and
8		(e) A sufficient number of provisional voter affidavits described in Section 1 of
9		this Act.
10		The county clerk shall take a receipt for the number of <u>provisional</u> ballots, <u>and</u>
11		<u>supplemental paper ballots if approved</u> , issued and the ballot <u>boxes[box]</u> for each
12		precinct. The county clerk shall retain the keys to all ballot boxes.
13		→ Section 16. KRS 117.225 is amended to read as follows:
14	(1)	Any person desiring to vote on election day shall give his <u>or her</u> name and address
15		to the [clerk of the] election clerk and shall provide proof of identification.
16	<u>(2)</u>	If the voter's name is listed on the precinct list furnished by the State Board of
17		Elections as provided in KRS 117.025, but the voter is unable to produce proof of
18		identification, the voter may vote a provisional ballot under Section 1 of this Act
19		as a provisional voter.
20	<u>(3)</u>	A voter who votes in person at a precinct polling place that is located at a state
21		licensed care facility where the voter resides is not required to provide proof of
22		identification before voting in an election.
23	<u>(4)</u>	If the <u>voter's[person's]</u> name is listed on the precinct list furnished by the State
24		Board of Elections as provided in KRS 117.025, the voter provides proof of
25		identification or is exempt pursuant to subsection (3) of this section, and if no
26		challenge is made, $\underline{\textit{then}}$ he $\underline{\textit{or she}}$ shall sign his $\underline{\textit{or her}}$ name on the precinct list in
27		the space opposite his or her printed name. [The voter's signature shall constitute

	his verification that he is a properly registered and qualified voter. The voter shall
	then retire alone to cast his <u>or her</u> vote on the voting machine. The county board of
	elections may provide to each precinct the original registration form of each voter
	entitled to vote in that precinct. These forms shall be used to compare signatures in
	those precincts to which the forms are provided.
- ,	

(5)[(2)] If supplemental paper ballots are used, as provided in KRS 118.215, after voting on the voting machine the voter shall take the supplemental paper ballot with the stub intact and retire alone to the voting booth provided for voting paper ballots. After voting the supplemental paper ballot, the voter shall remove the numbered stub, hand the stub to an election official and deposit the voted ballot in the locked supplemental paper ballot box in the presence of precinct election officials.

→ Section 17. KRS 117.227 is amended to read as follows:

Election officers shall confirm the identity of each voter by *proof of identification as defined in Section 24 of this Act*[personal acquaintance or by a document, such as a motor vehicle operator's license, Social Security card, any identification card that has been issued by the county and which has been approved in writing by the State Board of Elections, any identification card with picture and signature, any United States government-issued identification card, any Kentucky state government-issued identification card with picture, or credit card]. The election officer confirming the identity shall sign the precinct voter roster and list the method of *proof of* identification.

- **→** Section 18. KRS 117.245 is amended to read as follows:
- The fact that a person is registered constitutes only prima facie evidence of his right to vote and does not prevent the officers of any election from refusing to allow him to vote for cause.
- When the officers of an election disagree as to the qualifications of a voter or if his

 or her right to vote is disputed by a challenger other than for failure to provide

 proof of identification, the voter shall sign a written oath as to his or her

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1 qualifications before he *or she* is permitted to vote. The oath shall be in such form 2 as prescribed by the State Board of Elections and twenty (20) printed copies shall be 3 included in the election supplies of each precinct.

- (3) 4 The subscribed oaths shall be returned to the county clerk who shall deliver them to 5 the Commonwealth's attorney.
- 6 **(4)** The Commonwealth's attorney and county attorney shall investigate each of the 7 oaths and cause to be summoned before the grand jury the witnesses they or either 8 of them, deem proper, and the grand jury shall make a thorough investigation of all 9 votes so cast, and return indictments against all persons illegally voting. The 10 foreman of the grand jury shall return to the county clerk all of the oaths upon 11 which no indictments are found. The *county* clerk shall safely keep them as a part 12 of the records of his *or her* office, and shall produce any or all of them, when 13 required, to any subsequent grand jury.
- 14 → Section 19. KRS 117.255 is amended to read as follows:

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- 15 The voter shall be instructed by the officers of election, with the aid of the (1) 16 instruction cards and the model, in the use of the machine, if the voter so requests.
 - Except for those voters who have been certified as requiring assistance on a (2) permanent basis, no voter shall be permitted to receive any assistance in voting at the polls unless he *or she* makes and signs an oath that, because of blindness, other physical disability, or an inability to read English, he or she is unable to vote without assistance. The oath shall be upon a voter assistance form prescribed and *furnished* by the State Board of Elections. Any person assisting a voter shall complete the voter assistance form.
- 24 Upon making and filing the oath with the precinct clerk, the voter requiring (3) assistance shall retire to the voting machine or ballot completion area with the 26 precinct judges, and one (1) of the judges shall, in the presence of the other judge and the voter, operate the machine or complete the ballot as the voter directs. A

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voter requiring assistance in voting may, if he <u>or she</u> prefers, be assisted by a person of his <u>or her</u> own choice who is not an election officer, except that the voter's employer, an agent of the voter's employer, or an officer or agent of the voter's union shall not assist a voter.

- (4) The precinct election clerk shall swear a person assisting a voter in voting to operate the voting machine or complete the ballot in accordance with the directions of the voter, and the person sworn shall enter the voting booth or ballot completion area and operate the machine or complete the ballot for the voter as the voter directs.
- 9 (5) A voter who requires voting assistance on a permanent basis because of blindness 10 or other physical disability may apply to the county board of elections for 11 certification. Application may be made when registering to vote or completing the 12 voter assistance form by indicating that the reason for obtaining assistance is 13 permanent. The county board of elections shall determine whether the applicant 14 requires assistance on a permanent basis. The county board of elections shall notify 15 the county clerk of persons certified as requiring permanent voting assistance and 16 the county clerk shall enter the certification on the voter's registration record. The 17 State Board of Elections shall indicate on the precinct roster of voters those voters 18 who are certified to receive assistance permanently without signing the voter 19 assistance form at the precinct.
 - (6) "Voting booth" or "ballot completion area" means an area in which a voter casts his <u>or her</u> vote or completes his <u>or her</u> ballot which is designed to insure the secrecy of the vote. No voter shall be assisted under this subsection unless the judges and the sheriff of election are satisfied of the truth of the facts stated in the oath. The voter shall state in his <u>or her</u> oath the specific reason that requires him <u>or her</u> to receive assistance.
- 26 (7) No voter shall be permitted to occupy the voting machine more than two (2) 27 minutes if other voters are waiting to use it, except that those voters who because of

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a disability need extra time to cast a ballot shall be given a reasonable amount of time to vote.

- In <u>primaries</u>[primary elections], before a voter is permitted to use the voting machine, a judge of the election shall adjust the machine so that the voter will only be able to vote for the persons for whom the voter is qualified to vote.
- 6 (9) If the machine is so constructed as to require adjustment after one (11) person has voted before another person may vote, the judges of election shall adjust it after each person has voted.
- 9 (10) The election officers shall constantly maintain a watch in order to prevent any person from voting more than once.
- 11 (11) For voters voting as provisional voters, or if supplemental paper ballots have been 12 approved (1) as provided in KRS 118.215, the voter shall vote his or her provisional 13 or supplemental ballot in privacy in a booth provided for that purpose by the county 14 clerk. If the voter spoils his or her ballot, the voter[he] shall return the spoiled 15 paper ballot to an election official who shall stamp the ballot "Spoiled," initial and 16 place the spoiled ballot in an envelope provided for that purpose. The voter shall be 17 issued a second *provisional or* supplemental paper ballot. Upon completion of 18 voting, the voter shall remove the numbered stub from the ballot, hand the stub to 19 an election official and deposit the voted ballot in the *appropriate* locked ballot box 20 in the presence of precinct election officials.
- 21 (12) The election sheriff shall be responsible for reporting violations of this section.
- → Section 20. KRS 117.265 is amended to read as follows:
- 23 (1) A voter may, at any regular or special election, cast a write-in vote for any person 24 qualified as provided in subsection (2) or (3) of this section, whose name does not 25 appear upon the ballot label for any office, by writing the name of his or her choice 26 upon the appropriate device for the office being voted on provided on the voting 27 machine as required by KRS 117.125. Any candidate for city, county, urban-county,

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consolidated local government, charter county government, or unified local government office who is defeated in a partisan or nonpartisan primary shall be ineligible as a candidate for the same office in the regular election. Any voter utilizing *a provisional ballot*, *a provisional absentee ballot*, *or* an absentee ballot for a regular or special election may write in a vote for any eligible person whose name does not appear upon the ballot, by writing the name of his or her choice under the office.

- Write-in votes shall be counted only for candidates for election to office who have filed a declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate with the Secretary of State or county clerk, depending on the office being sought, on or before the fourth Friday in October preceding the date of the regular election and not later than the second Friday before the date of a special election. In the case of a special election administered under KRS 118.730, a declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate shall be filed at least twenty-eight (28) days before the day of the election. The declaration of intent shall be filed no earlier than the first Wednesday after the first Monday in November of the year preceding the year the office will appear on the ballot, and no later than 4 p.m. local time at the place of filing when filed on the last date on which papers may be filed. The declaration of intent shall be on a form prescribed *and furnished* by the Secretary of State.
- 20 (3) A person shall not be eligible as a write-in candidate:
 - (a) For more than one (1) office in a regular or special election; or
- 22 (b) If his or her name appears upon the ballot label for any office, except that the 23 candidate may file a notice of withdrawal prior to filing an intent to be a write-24 in candidate for office when a vacancy in a different office occurs because of:
- 25 1. Death;

(2)

- 26 2. Disqualification to hold the office sought;
- 27 3. Severe disabling condition which arose after the nomination; or

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4. The nomination of an unopposed candidate.

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(4) Persons who wish to run for President and Vice-President shall file a declaration of intent to be a write-in candidate, along with a list of presidential electors pledged to those candidates, with the Secretary of State on or before the fourth Friday in October preceding the date of the regular election for those offices. The declaration of intent shall be filed no earlier than the first Wednesday after the first Monday in November of the year preceding the year the office will appear on the ballot, and no later than 4 p.m. local time at the place of filing when filed on the last date on which papers may be filed. Write-in votes cast for the candidates whose names appear on the ballot shall apply to the slate of pledged presidential electors, whose names shall not appear on the ballot.

- 12 (5) The county clerk shall provide to the precinct election officers certified lists of those 13 persons who have filed declarations of intent as provided in subsections (2) and (3) 14 of this section. Only write-in votes cast for qualified candidates shall be counted.
- 15 (6) Two (2) election officers of opposing parties shall upon the request of any voter 16 instruct the voter on how to cast a write-in vote.
- → Section 21. KRS 117.275 is amended to read as follows:
- 18 (1) At the count of the votes in any precinct, any candidate or slate of candidates and
 19 any representatives to witness and check the count of the votes therein, who are
 20 authorized to be appointed as is provided in subsection (9) of this section, shall be
 21 admitted and be permitted to be present and witness the count.
- 22 (2) As soon as the polls are closed, and the last voter has voted, the judges shall immediately lock and seal the voting equipment so that the voting and counting mechanism will be prevented from operation, and they shall sign a certificate stating:
- 26 (a) That the voting equipment has been locked against voting and sealed;
- 27 (b) The number of voters, as shown on the public counters;

(c)	The number registered on the protective or accumulative counter or device, if
	any; and

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- The number or other designation of the voting equipment, which certificate shall be returned by the judges of election to the officials authorized by law to receive it. The judges shall compare the number of voters, as shown by the counter of the voting equipment, with the number of those who have voted as shown by the protective or accumulative counter or device, if any.
- (3) Where voting equipment is used which does not print the candidates' names along with the total votes received on a general return sheet or record for that equipment, 10 the procedure to be followed shall be as follows:
 - The judges, in the presence of the representatives mentioned in subsection (1) (a) of this section, if any, and of all other persons who may be lawfully within the polling place, shall give full view of all the counter numbers;
 - The judges shall enter, in ink, the total votes cast for each candidate, and slate of candidates, and for and against each question on the return sheets; and
 - (c) Each precinct election officer shall sign the return sheets, and a copy of the return sheets shall be posted on the precinct door.
- 18 (4) Where voting equipment is used that prints the candidates' names along with the 19 total votes received on a return sheet or record for that equipment, the precinct 20 election officers shall sign the return sheets or record for the voting equipment, 21 which shall be posted on the door of the precinct.
- 22 (5) If any officer shall decline to sign the return sheets, he or she shall state the reason 23 in writing, and a copy thereof, signed by the officer, shall be enclosed with the 24 return sheets.
- 25 Each of the return sheets, if applicable, and the record of the voting equipment shall 26 be enclosed in an envelope. One (1) copy of the return sheets, if applicable, one (1) 27 copy of the record of the voting equipment, and the write-in roll, if any write-in

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votes were cast in the precinct, shall be directed to the county board of elections of the county in which the election is being held. One (1) copy of the return sheets or record of the voting equipment shall be given to the county clerk of the county in which the election is being held and to each of the local governing bodies of the two (2) dominant political parties, but a local governing body of a dominant political party may decline a copy of the precinct election return by filing a written declination with the county board of elections prior to the election, and upon this declination, a printed copy shall not be issued to the political party so declining. The declination on file shall be effective for that election and any subsequent elections until revoked by the local governing body of a dominant political party by filing a written revocation with the county board of elections. The envelope shall have endorsed thereon a certificate of the election officers, stating the number of the machine, the precinct where it has been used, the number on the seal, and the number on the protective or accumulative counter or device at the close of the polls. Following the tabulation of all votes cast in the election, including absentee votes, provisional absentee votes, and write-in votes, the county board shall mail a copy of the precinct-by-precinct summary of the tabulation sheets showing the results from each precinct to the State Board of Elections and the county clerk shall mail or deliver the precinct signature rosters from each precinct to the State Board of Elections during the period established by KRS 117.355(3). As soon as possible after the completion of the count, the two (2) judges shall return to the county board of elections the keys to the voting machine received and receipted for by them, and the county clerk in which the precinct is located shall have the voting machine properly boxed or securely covered and removed to a proper and secure place of storage. In primaries, each candidate, slate of candidates, or group of candidates may

designate to the county board of elections a representative to witness and check the

1		vote count. In regular elections, the governing authority of each political party, each
2		candidate for member of board of education, nonpartisan candidate, independent
3		candidate, or independent ticket may designate a representative to the county board
4		of elections to witness and check the vote count. The county board of elections shall
5		authorize representatives of the news media to witness the vote count.
6	(10)	For all provisional ballots and [If] supplemental paper ballots, if [have been]
7		approved[,] as provided in KRS 118.215, after the polls are closed, the two (2)
8		judges shall return to the county clerk's office the locked <i>provisional ballot box and</i>
9		the supplemental paper ballot box, all ballot stubs, spoiled ballots, and unvoted
10		ballots at the same time as the tabulation of votes from the voting machine is
11		delivered. The county clerk shall issue a receipt for the number of ballot stubs,
12		unvoted ballots, spoiled ballots, and the ballot <u>boxes[box]</u> .
13	(11)	The county board of elections, or its designee, shall count and tally the
14		<u>supplemental</u> paper ballots manually or with the use of tabulating equipment which
15		does not involve an additional voting system. The results of the vote tally shall be
16		certified by the county board of elections to the county clerk and to the Secretary of
17		State.
18	<u>(12)</u>	Following the period for verification of provisional ballots established in Section
19		2 of this Act, the county board of elections shall tabulate the provisional ballots
20		the board has found to be valid in the same manner as for supplemental paper
21		ballots. The results of the vote tally shall be certified by the county board of
22		elections to the county clerk and to the Secretary of State. The county board shall
23		mail a copy of the precinct-by-precinct summary of the valid provisional ballot
24		tabulation sheets showing the results from each precinct to the State Board of
25		Elections.
26	<u>(13)</u> [(12)] The county board of elections shall authorize the candidates, slates of
27		candidates, or their representatives, and representatives of the news media to be

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present during the counting of the *valid provisional ballots and the supplemental* paper ballots.

(14)[(13)] Except as otherwise required in this chapter that certain records and papers relating to specified elections be retained for twenty-two (22) months, the county clerk shall retain the voted *provisional ballots and the supplemental* paper ballots for twenty-two (22) months and the unvoted *provisional ballots and the supplemental* paper ballots for sixty (60) days after each election day, after which time they shall be destroyed in a manner to render them unreadable by the county board of elections if no contest or recount action has been filed.

→ Section 22. KRS 117.305 is amended to read as follows:

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The canvass and returns provided for in KRS 117.275 shall constitute the official returns of the precinct, unless before 4 p.m. on the Tuesday following a primary or regular election, or before 4 p.m. on the day following a special election held for the purpose of filling a vacancy, the county clerk or county board of elections takes notice of a discrepancy in the tally of votes cast in any precinct or number of precincts, or a candidate makes a written request to the county board of elections in the case of a candidate who has filed with the county clerk, or the Secretary of State in the case of a candidate who has filed with the Secretary of State, to check and recanvass the voting machines, valid provisional ballots, valid provisional absentee ballots, and absentee ballots of any precinct or any number of precincts involving his or her race. After this time period has elapsed and notice is taken, the county [election] board of elections shall assemble at 9 a.m. on the Thursday following the filing deadline to request a recanvass, and not sooner, and recheck and recanvass each machine and make a proper return thereof to the county clerk, and the canvass and return shall become the official returns for the election. In making the recanvass, the board shall make a record of the number of the seal upon the voting machine and, without unlocking the machine against voting, recanvass the vote cast

thereon. If, after a recanvass, it is found that the original canvass of the returns has been correctly made from the machine, and that there still remains a discrepancy unaccounted for, this discrepancy shall be noted. If, upon recanvass, it appears that the original canvass of the returns by the election officers was incorrect, the returns and all papers being prepared by the board shall be corrected accordingly. The county board of elections shall, immediately upon receipt of a request for a recanvass, notify each candidate for the office of the time and place of the recanvass. At the recanvass, each political party represented on the board may appoint a representative there to be its governing body, and also each candidate to be voted for may be present, either in person or by a representative or both. The county board of elections shall authorize representatives of the news media to observe the recanvass of the votes cast on the voting machine in each precinct. Nothing in this section shall prohibit an individual from requesting, in addition to a recanvass, a recount as authorized by KRS Chapter 120.

- (2) The State Board of Elections shall prescribe <u>and furnish</u> forms to be used by county boards of election to report all recanvassed votes. The form shall include the following information:
- 18 (a) The name of the county in which the recanvass was conducted;
- 19 (b) The date of the report;

- 20 (c) The date of the election;
- 21 (d) The office for which the recanvass was conducted;
- 22 (e) The names of each candidate for the office being recanvassed; and
- 23 (f) The machine votes, absentee votes, *valid and invalid provisional votes, valid*24 *and invalid provisional absentee votes,* and vote totals for each candidate, as
 25 well as write-in votes cast in a regular or special election for candidates whose
 26 names did not appear on the ballot.
- The report shall be signed by each member of the county board of elections.

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1 (3) The county board of elections shall file its recanvass report as prescribed in 2 administrative regulations promulgated by the State Board of Elections in

- 3 conformity with KRS Chapter 13A.
- 4 (4) The State Board of Elections shall promulgate administrative regulations in
- 5 accordance with KRS Chapter 13A to establish the proper procedures for
- 6 conducting a recanvass for each type of voting system approved by the State Board
- 7 of Elections and in use in Kentucky.
- 8 → Section 23. KRS 117.365 is amended to read as follows:
- 9 Upon the first day a grand jury convenes after a primary, <u>regular[general]</u> election, or
- special election, the county clerk shall present to the grand jury all voter assistance forms,
- 11 [and]all applications for absentee ballots, and all provisional voter affidavits
- 12 accompanying provisional absentee ballots which shall have been completed in the
- immediately preceding primary, *regular*[general] election, or special election. The county
- 14 clerk may photocopy applications for absentee ballots, provisional voter affidavits
- 15 <u>accompanying provisional absentee ballots</u>, and voter assistance forms, certify them as
- true copies of the originals, and present the grand jury with those certified copies instead
- of the originals. The county clerk shall retain all applications for absentee ballots,
- provisional voter affidavits accompanying provisional absentee ballots, and one (1)
- 19 copy of each voter assistance form as part of the records of the office and shall produce
- 20 certified copies of any or all of them, when required, to any subsequent grand jury.
- → Section 24. KRS 117.375 is amended to read as follows:
- As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:
- 23 (1) "Electronic or electromechanical voting system" means a system of casting votes by
- 24 use of marking devices and tabulating ballots employing automatic tabulating
- equipment or data processing equipment.
- 26 (2) "Automatic tabulating equipment" means apparatus necessary to automatically
- examine and count votes as designated on ballots and data processing machines

- 1 which can be used for counting ballots and tabulating results.
- 2 (3) "Voting device" means either an apparatus in which paper ballots or ballot cards are
- 3 used in connection with an implement by which a voter registers his *or her* votes
- 4 with ink or other substance or by punching, or an apparatus by which such votes are
- 5 registered electronically, so that in either case the votes so registered may be
- 6 computed and tabulated by means of automatic tabulating equipment.
- 7 (4) "Ballot card" means a tabulating card on which votes may be recorded by a voter by
- 8 use of a voting punch device or by marking with a pen or special marking device.
- 9 (5) "Ballot label" means the cards, papers, booklet, pages or other material on which
- appear the names of candidates and the questions to be voted on by means of ballot
- cards or voting machines.
- 12 (6) "Ballot" or "official ballot" means the voting machine ballot label, ballot cards,
- paper ballots, an absentee ballot, a provisional ballot, a provisional absentee
- 14 <u>ballot</u>, or a supplemental paper ballot which has been authorized for the use of
- voters in any primary or regular, general or special election by the Secretary of
- State or the county clerk.
- 17 (7) "Voting punch device" means an apparatus in which ballots or ballot cards are
- inserted for the piercing of ballots by the voter. The hole may be in the form of a
- round dot, rectangle, square, or any other shape that will clearly indicate the intent
- of the voter.
- 21 (8) "Vote marking device" means any approved device for marking a paper ballot with
- ink or other substance which will enable the ballot to be tabulated by means of
- 23 automatic tabulating equipment.
- 24 (9) "Secrecy envelope" means the envelope handed to the voter with his <u>or her</u> ballot
- 25 into which the voter shall place his *or her* voted ballot cards.
- 26 (10) "Precinct ballot counter" means an automatic tabulating device used at the precinct
- to tabulate and process ballots.

1	(11) "Voting machine" or "machine" shall include lever machines and, as far as
2	applicable, any electronic or electromechanical unit and supplies utilized or reliec
3	upon by a voter in casting and recording his votes in an election.
4	(12) "Proof of identification" means a document that:
5	(a) Was issued by the United States or the Commonwealth of Kentucky, and
6	<u>contains:</u>
7	1. The name of the individual to whom the document was issued, and the
8	name conforms to the name in the individual's voter registration
9	<u>record;</u>
10	2. A photograph of the individual to whom the document was issued; and
11	3. An expiration date, and the document:
12	a. Has not expired; or
13	b. Expired after the date of the most recent regular election; or
14	(b) Was issued by the United States Department of Defense, a branch of the
15	uniformed services, the Merchant Marines, or the Kentucky National
16	Guard if the document:
17	1. Otherwise complies with the requirements of paragraph (a)1. and 2. of
18	this subsection; and
19	2. Has no expiration date or states that the document has an indefinite
20	expiration date; or
21	(c) Was issued by a public or private college, university, or postgraduate
22	technical or professional school located within the state, and contains:
23	1. The name of the individual to whom the document was issued, and the
24	name conforms to the name in the individual's voter registration
25	<u>record;</u>
26	2. A photograph of the individual to whom the document was issued; and
27	3. An expiration date, and the document:

1	a. Has not expired; or
2	b. Expired after the date of the most recent regular election.
3	(13) "Provisional voter" means a person:
4	(a) Who is registered to vote;
5	(b) Whose name appears on the precinct roster;
6	(c) Who has not presented proof of identification to the precinct election office
7	before voting; and
8	(d) Who elects to proceed with provisional voting under Section 1 of this Act.
9	(14) "Provisional ballot" or "provisional absentee ballot" means ballot cards or pape
10	ballots which have been authorized for the use of provisional voters in an
11	primary or regular or special election by the Secretary of State or the count
12	<u>clerk.</u>
13	→ Section 25. KRS 117.383 is amended to read as follows:
14	The State Board of Elections shall prescribe rules and promulgate administrative
15	regulations under KRS Chapter 13A which shall include but not be limited to the
16	following:
17	(1) Achieve and maintain the maximum degree of correctness, impartiality, and
18	efficiency of the procedures of voting;
19	(2) Count, tabulate, and record votes;
20	(3) Establish a method for placing items on the electronic voting device, which shall, a
21	closely as possible, follow the requirements pertaining to ballot labels;
22	(4) Design the ballot cards <u>and provisional ballot cards</u> , including a numerical system
23	to <u>ensure</u> [insure] an accurate record of all voting activities;
24	(5) Instruct voters in the use of the voting device;
25	(6) Provide for checking the accuracy of the equipment;
26	(7) Provide necessary supplies, including those necessary for a write-in vote an
27	secrecy envelopes for punch cards or data processing cards to insure voter privacy;

(8)	As part of the official canvass, provide for a manual recount of randomly selected
	precincts representing three percent (3%) to five percent (5%) of the total ballots
	cast in each election;

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- (9) Provide a method for maintaining sufficient documents and records so that votes can be recounted. Such documents and records shall include any material other than a ballot card which is imprinted with the names of candidates and issues voted upon. Records shall be maintained in such a manner that a specific piece of printed material listing issues and candidates can be matched with the specific ballot cards which were marked in reliance upon such printed material. Except as otherwise required in this chapter that certain records and papers relating to specified elections be retained for twenty-two (22) months, such documents and records shall be maintained for thirty (30) days following an election.
 - → Section 26. KRS 117.385 is amended to read as follows:
- 14 (1) A voter who spoils or defaces a ballot card or marks it erroneously shall return the
 15 card to the election officials. The election officials shall deliver to the voter another
 16 ballot card, but no voter may receive more than three (3) ballot cards including the
 17 one originally delivered to the voter. Upon return of a defective ballot card, an
 18 election official shall cancel it by writing in ink on the back the word "spoiled." The
 19 canceled ballot card shall be placed with spoiled ballots to be returned with the
 20 election returns.
- 21 (2) (a) After marking the ballot card, the voter shall place it, with the accompanying
 22 affidavit if it is a provisional ballot, inside the secrecy envelope and return it
 23 to an election official, who shall deposit the ballot in the appropriate ballot
 24 box.
- 25 (b) When precinct ballot counters are used, the voter may either:
- Insert his <u>or her</u> ballot <u>and accompanying affidavit if it is a provisional</u>

 ballot, contained in the secrecy envelope provided and deposit the

1		emptied ballot container envelope with the election official presiding
2		over the ballot counter; or
3		2. Deposit the ballot and accompanying affidavit if it is a provisional
4		ballot, in the appropriate ballot box in the presence of a precinct
5		election officer;
6		for processing by precinct election officials after the polls close.
7		→ Section 27. KRS 117.995 is amended to read as follows:
8	(1)	Any person appointed to serve as an election officer but who shall knowingly and
9		willfully fail to serve and who is not excused by the county board of elections for
10		the reasons specified in this chapter shall be guilty of a violation and shall be
11		ineligible to serve as an election officer for a period of five (5) years.
12	(2)	Any county clerk or member of the county board of elections who knowingly and
13		willfully violates any of the provisions of this chapter, including furnishing
14		applications for absentee ballots and provisional absentee ballots to persons other
15		than those specified by the provisions of this chapter and failure to type the name of
16		the voter on the application form as required by the provisions of this chapter, shall
17		be guilty of a Class D felony.
18	(3)	Any officer who willfully fails to prepare or furnish ballot labels, provisional
19		<u>ballots</u> , <u>provisional absentee ballots</u> , or absentee ballots or fails to allow a qualified
20		voter to cast his or her vote on the machine as required of the voter by this chapter
21		shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
22	(4)	Any election officer who knowingly and willfully violates any of the provisions of
23		this chapter, including failure to enforce the prohibition against electioneering
24		established by KRS 117.235, shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor for the first
25		offense and a Class D felony for each subsequent offense.
26	(5)	Any person who signs a name other than his or her own on an application for an
27		absentee ballot, [or on] the verification form for the ballot, [or on] an emergency

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absentee ballot affidavit, or a provisional voter affidavit, or any person who votes
an absentee ballot or provisional absentee ballot other than the one issued in his or
her name, or any person who applies for the ballot for the use of anyone other than
himself or herself or the person designated by the provisions of this chapter, or any
person who makes a false statement on an application for an absentee ballot or or
an emergency absentee ballot affidavit shall be guilty of a Class D felony.

- (6) Any person who violates any provision of KRS 117.235 or 117.236 related to prohibited activities during absentee voting or on election day, after he or she has been duly notified of the provisions by any precinct election officer, county clerk, deputy county clerk, or other law enforcement official, shall, for each offense, be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- 12 (7) Any person who knowingly and willfully prepares or assists in the preparation of an
 13 inaccurate or incomplete voter assistance form or fails to complete a voter
 14 assistance form when required shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor for the first
 15 offense and a Class D felony for each subsequent offense; however, if a voter has
 16 been permanently certified as requiring voting assistance, there shall be no offense
 17 for the failure of the voter to complete the form.
- 18 (8) The members of a county board of elections *who fail*[that fails] to provide the 19 training to precinct election officers required by KRS 117.187(2) shall be subject to 20 removal by the State Board of Elections.
- 21 (9) Any local or state election official, including the Secretary of State, employees of 22 the Secretary, and members of the State Board of Elections and their staff, who 23 knowingly and willfully uses the voter registration roster in violation of KRS 24 117.025(3)(a) shall, for each offense, be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- **→** Section 28. KRS 118.015 is amended to read as follows:
- As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:
- 27 (1) A "political party" is an affiliation or organization of electors representing a

1		political policy and having a constituted authority for its government and regulation
2		and whose candidate received at least twenty percent (20%) of the total vote cast at
3		the last preceding election at which presidential electors were voted for;
4	(2)	The word "election" used in reference to a state, district, county, or city election
5		includes the decisions of questions submitted to the qualified voters as well as the
6		choice of officers by them;
7	(3)	A "ballot" or "official ballot" means the voting machine ballot label, ballot cards
8		paper ballots, an absentee ballot, a provisional ballot, a provisional absentee
9		ballot , or a supplemental paper ballot which has been authorized for the use of the
10		voters in any primary or regular, general, or special election by the Secretary of
11		State or the county clerk;
12	(4)	"Ballot label" means the cards, papers, booklet, pages, or other material on which
13		appear the names of candidates and the questions to be voted on by means of ballot
14		cards or voting machines;
15	(5)	"Ballot card" means a tabulating card on which votes may be recorded by a voter by
16		use of a voting punch device or by marking with a pen or special marking device;
17	(6)	"Voting machine" or "machine" shall include lever machines and, as far as
18		applicable, any electronic or electromechanical unit and supplies utilized or reliect
19		upon by a voter in casting and recording his or her votes in an election;
20	(7)	The word "resident" used in reference to a candidate in a state, district, county, or
21		city election shall mean actual resident, without regard to the residence of the
22		spouse of the candidate;
23	(8)	"Political organization" means a political group not constituting a political party
24		within the meaning of subsection (1) of this section but whose candidate received
25		two percent (2%) or more of the vote of the state at the last preceding election for
26		presidential electors; and
27	(9)	"Political group" means a political group not constituting a political party or a

political organization within the meaning of subsections (1) and (8) of this section.

- 2 → Section 29. KRS 118.305 is amended to read as follows:
- 3 (1) Except as provided in KRS 118.345, and subject to the provisions of subsections
- 4 (2), (3), and (4) of this section, the county clerk of each county shall cause to be
- 5 printed for the voting machines and on the absentee ballots, *provisional ballots*, *and*
- 6 provisional absentee ballots, for the regular election the names of the following
- 7 persons:
- 8 (a) Candidates of a political party, as defined in KRS 118.015, who have received
- 9 certificates of nomination at the preceding primary, or certificates of
- nomination under KRS 118.185, and whose certificates of nomination have
- been filed with the Secretary of State or the appropriate county clerk;
- 12 (b) Candidates of a political party, as defined in KRS 118.015, who have been
- nominated for an unexpired term in a manner determined by the governing
- authority of the party, as provided in KRS 118.115, and whose evidences of
- nomination have been filed with the Secretary of State or the appropriate
- 16 county clerk within the time prescribed in this chapter;
- 17 (c) Candidates of a political party, as defined in KRS 118.015, who have been
- 18 nominated by the governing authority of the party to fill a vacancy in the
- candidacy of a person nominated at the preceding primary election, as
- provided in KRS 118.105, and whose certificates of nomination have been
- 21 filed with the Secretary of State or the appropriate county clerk, by at least the
- date provided by the election law generally for such filing;
- 23 (d) Candidates who have been nominated by a political organization as provided
- in KRS 118.325 and whose certificates or petitions of nomination have been
- 25 filed with the Secretary of State or the appropriate county clerk within the
- 26 time prescribed in this chapter;
- 27 (e) Independent candidates who have been nominated by petition as provided in

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KRS 118.315, and whose petitions of nomination have been filed with the Secretary of State or the appropriate county clerk within the time prescribed in this chapter;

- (f) Successful nominees of all nonpartisan primaries which shall have been conducted;
- (g) Candidates who have filed a petition of candidacy as shall be required to fill a vacancy which shall appear on the ballot;
 - The county clerk shall determine whether the name of any replacement candidate who has been nominated as provided in KRS 118.105(5) may be placed on the machine ballot or ballot cards and whether the voting machine may be reprogrammed to count the votes cast for that candidate or whether the ballot or ballot cards must be reprinted to accommodate votes cast for any replacement candidate and shall take the appropriate action to accommodate the replacement of any candidate. If the county clerk determines that the name of any replacement candidate cannot be accommodated on the existing ballot or ballot cards and if there is insufficient time before the election to reprint the entire ballot, the county clerk shall request approval to use supplemental paper ballots for voting for that office only in the same manner as permitted for other situations as provided in KRS 118.215(5), and, if approved, shall have an adequate number of supplemental paper ballots printed for voting for that office and only votes cast for that office by means of the supplemental paper ballots, in addition to any provisional ballots, shall be tabulated and recorded by the precinct election officers and county board of elections. All actions by a county clerk, the State Board of Elections, and the Secretary of State which are necessary to provide for voting at a regular election for candidates nominated pursuant to KRS 118.105(5) shall be carried out with all possible speed. When a candidate has been replaced as provided in KRS 118.105(5)

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after absentee <u>and provisional absentee</u> ballots have been printed and distributed for the regular election, neither the precinct election officers nor the county board of elections shall tabulate or record any absentee <u>or</u> <u>provisional absentee</u> votes cast for the candidate who was replaced. If ballots are reprinted or supplemental paper ballots are printed, or if voting machines must be reprogrammed to count the votes cast for a replacement candidate, the costs for the printing and reprogramming shall be paid by the political party who has nominated a replacement candidate, or proportionately by each political party if each party nominates a replacement candidate;

- (i) Candidates for President and Vice President of the United States, of those political parties and organizations who have nominated presidential electors as provided in KRS 118.325, if the certificate of nomination of the electors has been filed with the Secretary of State within the time prescribed in this chapter;
- (j) Candidates for soil and water district supervisors who have been nominated by petition as provided in KRS 262.210; and
- (k) Candidates for city office for which no nonpartisan primary has been conducted in a city which requires nonpartisan city elections.
- 19 (2) Any candidate for city office who is defeated in a partisan or nonpartisan primary 20 shall be ineligible as a candidate for the same office in the regular election.
- 21 (3) Candidates for members of boards of education shall have their names printed on ballot labels, *provisional ballots*, *provisional absentee ballots*, and absentee ballots for the regular election only after filing as provided in KRS 160.220.
- 24 (4) Except as provided in KRS 118.105 and 118.115, no candidate's name shall be 25 printed upon the ballot labels, *provisional ballots*, *provisional absentee ballots*, and 26 absentee ballots for any regular election as the nominee of any political party, as 27 defined in KRS 118.015, or under the emblem of any political party, as so defined,

except those candidates who have been duly and regularly nominated as nominees of that party at a primary held as provided in this chapter.

- No county clerk shall knowingly cause to be printed, upon the ballot labels, provisional ballots, provisional absentee ballots, or absentee ballots for any regular election, the name of any candidate of a political party, as defined in KRS 118.015, who has not been nominated in the manner provided in the primary election laws governing primaries or the name of any candidate who is not in compliance with the restrictions concerning party registration and candidacy provided in of KRS 118.315(1).
- 10 (6) The names of candidates for President and Vice President shall be certified in lieu 11 of certifying the names of the candidates for presidential electors.
- 12 (7) When a vacancy occurs in an elective office which is required by law to be filled
 13 temporarily by appointment, the officer or body designated by law to make the
 14 appointment, or in the case of an office to be filled by appointment from a list of
 15 nominations, the officer or body designated by law to make the nominations, shall
 16 immediately notify in writing both the county clerk and Secretary of State of the
 17 vacancy.
- 18 (8) A judge who elected to retire as a Senior Status Special Judge in accordance with
 19 KRS 21.580 shall not become a candidate or a nominee for any elected office
 20 during the five (5) year term prescribed in KRS 21.580(1)(a)1., regardless of the
 21 number of days served by the judge acting as a Senior Status Special Judge.
- **→** Section 30. KRS 118.405 is amended to read as follows:

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No candidate's name shall appear on any voting machine, *provisional ballot, provisional absentee ballot*, or absentee ballot more than once, except that a candidate's name may appear twice if he *or she* is a candidate for a primary or a regular election and also a candidate to fill a vacancy in the same office required to be filled at a special election, when the special election to fill a vacancy is scheduled for the regular election day.

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■ Section 31.	KRS 118A.	.010 is amended	to read as follows:
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- 2 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:
- 3 (1) "Ballot" or "official ballot" means the voting machine ballot label, ballot cards,
- 4 paper ballots, an absentee ballot, a special ballot, a provisional ballot, a provisional
- 5 <u>absentee ballot</u>, or a supplemental paper ballot which has been authorized for the
- 6 use of the voters in any primary <u>or regular</u>[, general,] or special election by the
- 7 Secretary of State or the county clerk;
- 8 (2) "Ballot card" means a tabulating card on which votes may be recorded by a voter by
- 9 use of a voting device or by marking with a pen or special marking device;
- 10 (3) "Ballot label" means the cards, papers, booklet, pages, or other material on which
- appear the names of candidates and the questions to be voted on by means of ballot
- cards or voting machines;
- 13 (4) "Election" refers only to elections for offices of the Court of Justice; and
- 14 (5) "Voting machine" or "machine" shall include lever machines and, as far as
- applicable, any electronic or electromechanical unit and supplies utilized or relied
- upon by a voter in casting his vote in an election.
- No provisions of KRS Chapter 118 existing on March 10, 1976, except KRS 118.015
- through 118.045 shall apply to such elections. All other provisions of the election laws
- 19 not inconsistent with this chapter shall be applicable thereto.
- 20 → Section 32. KRS 118A.100 is amended to read as follows:
- 21 (1) Candidates for an unexpired term of a judicial office to be filled at a regular election
- shall be nominated at the primary next preceding the regular election in the manner
- prescribed in KRS 118A.060 if the vacancy occurs not later than the second Friday
- in December preceding the primary. If the vacancy occurs on or after that date, the
- election to fill the unexpired term shall be held in accordance with the procedures
- described in this section and Section 152 of the Constitution of Kentucky.
- 27 (2) If in a regular election for judicial office no candidates nominated as provided in

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(3)

KRS 118A.060 are available due to death, incapacity, or withdrawal, and the candidates have not been replaced as provided in KRS 118A.060, the election to fill the regular term shall be conducted in the manner prescribed in subsections (3) through (11) of this section.

Each candidate shall file a petition for nomination with the Secretary of State not earlier than the first Wednesday after the first Monday in November of the year preceding the year in which the election for the unexpired term will be held and not later than the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June preceding the day fixed by law for holding the regular election for the unexpired term, if the vacancy occurs prior to the first Tuesday following the first Monday in June. If the vacancy occurs after the first Tuesday following the first Monday in June, each candidate shall file a petition for nomination with the Secretary of State not later than the second Tuesday in August preceding the day fixed by law for holding the regular election for the unexpired term. The petition shall be sworn to by the candidate and by not less than two (2) registered voters from the district or circuit from which he or she seeks nomination, before an officer authorized to administer an oath. Signatures for nomination papers shall not be affixed on the document to be filed prior to the first Wednesday after the first Monday in November of the year preceding the year in which the office will appear on the ballot. The petition shall be filed no later than 4 p.m. local time at the place of filing when filed on the last date on which the papers are permitted to be filed.

(4) The petition for nomination shall be in the form prescribed <u>and furnished</u> by the State Board of Elections. The petition shall include a declaration sworn to by the candidate, that he or she possesses all the constitutional and statutory requirements of the office for which the candidate has filed. Titles, ranks, or spurious phrases shall not be accepted on the petition and shall not be printed on the ballots as part of the candidate's name; however, nicknames, initials, and contractions of given names

1 may be acceptable as the candidate's name.

(6)

The Secretary of State shall examine the petition of each candidate to determine whether it is regular on its face. If there is an error, the Secretary of State shall notify the candidate by certified mail within twenty-four (24) hours of filing.

- The order of names on the ballot for each district or circuit, and numbered division if divisions exist, shall be determined by lot at a public drawing to be held in the office of the Secretary of State at 2 p.m., standard time, on the Thursday following the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June preceding the regular election for those petitions for nomination required to be filed no later than the first Tuesday following the first Monday in June. For those petitions for nomination required to be filed no later than the second Tuesday in August, the order of names on the ballot for each district and circuit, and numbered division if divisions exist, shall be determined by lot at a public drawing to be held in the office of the Secretary of State at 2 p.m., standard time, on the Thursday following the second Tuesday in August preceding the regular election.
- (7) Not later than the date set forth in KRS 118.215 and after the order of names on the ballot has been determined as required in subsection (6) of this section, the Secretary of State shall:
 - (a) Certify to the county clerks of the respective counties entitled to participate in the election of the various candidates, the name and place of residence of each candidate for each office, by district or circuit, and numbered division if divisions exist, as specified in the petitions for nomination filed with the Secretary of State; and
 - (b) Designate for the county clerks the office of the Court of Justice with which the names of candidates shall be printed and the order in which they are to appear on the ballot.
- 27 (8) The ballot position of a candidate shall not be changed after the ballot position has

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1	been	designated	bv	the	county	clerk.

- 2 (9) The county clerks of each county shall cause to be printed on the ballot labels for
- 3 the voting machines and on the absentee ballots, *provisional ballots*, *and*
- 4 <u>provisional absentee ballots</u> for the regular election the names of the candidates for
- 5 offices of the Court of Justice.
- 6 (10) The names of the candidates shall be placed on the voting machine in a separate
- 7 column or columns or in a separate line or lines and identified by the words
- 8 "Judicial Ballot," and in a manner so that the casting of a vote for all of the
- 9 candidates of a political party will not operate to cast a vote for judicial candidates.
- The words "Vote for one" or "Vote for one in each division," shall be printed on the
- appropriate location. The office, numbered division if divisions exist, and the
- candidates therefor shall be clearly labeled. No party designation or emblem of any
- kind, nor any sign indicating any candidate's political belief or party affiliation, shall
- be used on voting machines or special ballots.
- 15 (11) The candidate receiving the highest number of votes cast at the regular election for a
- district or circuit, or for a numbered division if divisions exist, shall be elected.
- 17 (12) A judge who elected to retire as a Senior Status Special Judge in accordance with
- 18 KRS 21.580 shall not become a candidate or a nominee for any elected office
- during the five (5) year term prescribed in KRS 21.580(1)(a)1., regardless of the
- 20 number of days served by the judge acting as a Senior Status Special Judge.
- → Section 33. KRS 118A.130 is amended to read as follows:
- 22 No judicial candidate's name shall appear on any voting machine, *provisional ballot*,
- 23 *provisional absentee ballot*, or absentee ballot more than once.
- **→** Section 34. KRS 118A.150 is amended to read as follows:
- 25 (1) In certification of candidates for judicial office, no reference shall be made to
- political affiliation.
- 27 (2) The Secretary of State shall not knowingly certify to the county clerk of any county

the name of any candidate who has not filed the required nomination or candidacy papers, nor knowingly fail to certify the name of any candidate who has filed the required nomination or candidacy papers.

- 4 (3) No county clerk shall knowingly cause to be printed on the ballot labels, provisional ballots, provisional absentee ballots, or absentee ballots for any election, the name of a candidate for an office of the Court of Justice who has not been certified in the manner specified in this chapter.
- 8 (4) If, before the time of certification of candidates who will appear on the ballot provided for in this chapter, any candidate whose petition or certificate of nomination or petition for candidacy has been filed, dies or notifies the Secretary of State in writing, signed and properly notarized, that he *or she* will not accept the nomination or election, the Secretary of State shall not certify his *or her* name.
- 13 (5) If, after the certification of candidates who will appear on the ballot, any candidate
 14 whose petition or certificate of nomination or petition for candidacy has been filed,
 15 dies or notifies the Secretary of State in the manner described in subsection (4) of
 16 this section, that he <u>or she</u> will not accept the nomination or election, the Secretary
 17 of State shall immediately notify the appropriate county clerk, and the <u>county</u> clerk
 18 shall ensure that notice is provided to the appropriate precincts as provided in
 19 subsection (7) of this section.

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(6) If after the certification of candidates who will appear on the ballot, any candidate whose name appears on the ballot shall withdraw or die, neither the precinct election officers nor the county board of elections shall tabulate or record the votes cast for the candidate; and, in a primary [election], if there are only one (1) or two (2) remaining candidates on the ballot for that office, following the withdrawal or death of the other candidate or candidates, neither the precinct election officers nor the county board of elections shall tabulate or record the votes for the remaining candidate or candidates, and the officer with whom the remaining candidate or

candidates has filed his or her nomination papers shall immediately issue and file in his or her office a certificate of nomination for that remaining candidate or candidates and send a copy to the remaining candidate or candidates.

- (7) If, after the certification of candidates who will appear on the ballot, any candidate whose name appears on the ballot shall withdraw pursuant to KRS 118.212 or die, the county clerk shall provide notices to the precinct election officers who shall see that a notice is conspicuously displayed at the polling place advising voters of the change, and that votes for the candidate shall not be tabulated or recorded. If the county clerk learns of the death or withdrawal at least five (5) days prior to the election and provides the notices required by this subsection and the precinct officers fail to post the notices at the polling place, the officers shall be guilty of a violation, subject to a fine of not less than ten dollars (\$10) nor more than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250).
- → Section 35. KRS 119.005 is amended to read as follows:

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- 15 (1) A "ballot" or "official ballot" means the voting machine ballot label, ballot cards,
 16 paper ballots, an absentee ballot, a special ballot, a provisional ballot, a provisional
 17 absentee ballot, or a supplemental paper ballot which has been authorized for the
 18 use of the voters in any primary or regular[, general] or special election by the
 19 Secretary of State or the county clerk;
- 20 (2) "Ballot label" means the cards, papers, booklet, pages or other material on which 21 appear the names of candidates and the questions to be voted on by means of ballot 22 cards or voting machines;
- 23 (3) "Ballot card" means a tabulating card on which votes may be recorded by a voter by 24 use of a voting punch device or by marking with a pen or special marking device;
- 25 (4) "Voting machine" or "machine" shall include lever machines and, as far as applicable, any electronic or electromechanical unit and supplies utilized or relied upon by a voter in casting and recording his *or her* vote in an election.

1	→ Section 36.	KRS 120.005	is amended to read	l as follows:

- 2 (1) A "ballot" or "official ballot" means the voting machine ballot label, ballot cards,
- paper ballots, an absentee ballot, a special ballot, a provisional ballot, a provisional
- 4 absentee ballot, or a supplemental paper ballot which has been authorized for the
- 5 use of the voters in any primary <u>or regular</u>[, general] or special election by the
- 6 Secretary of State or the county clerk;
- 7 (2) "Ballot label" means the cards, papers, booklet, pages or other material on which
- 8 appear the names of candidates and the questions to be voted on by means of ballot
- 9 cards or voting machines;
- 10 (3) "Ballot card" means a tabulating card on which votes may be recorded by a voter by
- use of a voting punch device or by marking with a pen or special marking device;
- 12 (4) "Voting machine" or "machine" shall include lever machines and, as far as
- applicable, any electronic or electromechanical unit and supplies utilized or relied
- upon by a voter in casting and recording his vote in an election.
- Section 37. KRS 186.531 is amended to read as follows:
- 16 (1) As used in this section:
- 17 (a) "AOC Fund" means the circuit court clerk salary account created in KRS
- 18 27A.052;
- (b) "GF" means the general fund;
- 20 (c) "IP" means instruction permit;
- 21 (d) "License Fund" means the KYTC photo license account created in KRS
- 22 174.056;
- (e) "MC" means motorcycle;
- 24 (f) "MC Fund" means the motorcycle safety education program fund established
- 25 in KRS 15A.358;
- 26 (g) "OL" means operator's license; and
- 27 (h) "PIDC" means personal identification card.

1	(2) The fees imposed for voluntary travel ID operator's licenses, instruction permits,									
2	and personal identification cards shall be as follows. The fees received shall be									
3	distributed as shown in the table. The fees shown, unless otherwise noted, are for an									
4	eight (8) year period:									
5	Card	Fee	Road	License	AOC	GF	MC			
6	Type		Fund	Fund	Fund		Fund			
7	OL									
8	(initial/renewal)	\$48	\$31	\$7	\$10	\$0	\$0			
9	OL (Under 21)									
10	(Up to 4 years)	\$18	\$8.50	\$5	\$4.50	\$0	\$0			
11	Any OL, MC OL									
12	or combination									
13	(duplicate /corrected)	\$15	\$5.25	\$4	\$4	\$1.75	\$0			
14	Motor vehicle IP									
15	(3 years)	\$18	\$6	\$5	\$5	\$2	\$0			
16	Motorcycle IP									
17	(1 year)	\$18	\$6	\$5	\$2	\$1	\$4			
18	Motorcycle OL									
19	(initial/renewal)	\$48	\$19.50	\$9	\$9.50	\$0	\$10			
20	Combination									
21	vehicle/MC OL									
22	(initial/renewal)	\$58	\$28	\$7	\$13	\$0	\$10			
23	PIDC									
24	(initial/renewal)	\$28	\$11	\$8	\$6	\$3	\$0			
25	PIDC									
26	(duplicate/corrected)	\$15	\$6	\$4	\$3.50	\$1.50	\$0			

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(3) Except as provided in subsection (9) of this section, the fees imposed for standard

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1	operator's licenses, instruction permits, and personal identification cards shall be as									
2	follows. The fees received shall be distributed as shown in the table. The fees									
3	shown, unless otherwise noted, are for an eight (8) year period:									
4	Card Fee Road License AOC GF MC									
5	Type		Fund	Fund	Fund		Fund			
6	OL									
7	(initial/renewal)	\$43	\$28	\$7	\$8	\$0	\$0			
8	OL (Under 21)									
9	(Up to 4 years)	\$15	\$7.50	\$4	\$3.50	\$0	\$0			
10	Any OL, MC OL									
11	or combination									
12	(duplicate /corrected)	\$15	\$5.25	\$4	\$4	\$1.75	\$0			
13	Motor vehicle IP									
14	(3 years)	\$15	\$5	\$4	\$4	\$2	\$0			
15	Motorcycle IP									
16	(1 year)	\$15	\$5	\$4	\$1	\$1	\$4			
17	Motorcycle OL									
18	(initial/renewal)	\$43	\$17.50	\$8	\$7.50	\$0	\$10			
19	Combination									
20	vehicle/MC OL									
21	(initial/renewal)	\$53	\$25	\$7	\$11	\$0	\$10			
22	PIDC									
23	(initial/renewal)	\$23	\$8	\$8	\$4	\$3	\$0			
24	PIDC									
25	(duplicate/corrected)	\$15	\$6	\$4	\$3.50	\$1.50	\$0			
26	PIDC									
27	(no fixed address)									

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1	KRS	5 186.4122	2(5) and						
2	186.	4123(5)	\$10	\$0	\$5	\$5	\$0	\$0	
3	(4)	The fee	for a second	or subsequent	duplicat	e personal	identification	n card	for a
4		person v	who does not	have a fixed,	permane	ent address,	as allowed	under	KRS
5		186.4122	2(5) and 186.4	123(5), shall be	e the sam	ne as for a c	luplicate regu	ılar per	sonal
6		identifica	ation card.						
7	(5)	The fee	for a four (4)) year original	or renev	val license	issued pursu	ant to	KRS
8		186.4101	shall be fifty	percent (50%)	of the a	mount shov	vn in subsect	tions (2)) and
9		(3) of thi	is section. The	distribution of	f fees sho	wn in subse	ections (2) an	id (3) o	f this
10		section s	hall also be re	educed by fifty	percent (50%) for li	censes that a	re issue	d for
11		four (4) y	years.						
12	(6)	Any fee	for any identi	ty document a	pplied for	r using alte	rnative techn	ology ι	ınder
13		KRS 186	5.410 and 186.	4122 shall be	distribute	d in the san	ne manner as	a docu	ment
14		applied f	or with the cir	cuit clerk.					
15	(7)	(a) An	applicant for	an original or r	enewal o	perator's lic	ense, comme	rcial dr	iver's

- license, motorcycle operator's license, or personal identification card shall be requested by the clerk to make a donation to promote an organ donor program.
- (b) A donation under this subsection shall be two dollars (\$2) for any license or card with an eight (8) year term, and one dollar (\$1) for any license or card with a term of less than eight (8) years.
- 21 (c) The donation under this subsection shall be added to the regular fee for an 22 original or renewal motor vehicle operator's license, commercial driver's 23 license, motorcycle operator's license, or personal identification card. One (1) 24 donation may be made per issuance or renewal of a license or any 25 combination thereof.
- 26 (d) The fee shall be paid to the circuit clerk and shall be forwarded by the clerk on 27 a monthly basis to the Kentucky Circuit Court Clerks' Trust for Life, and such

1		moneys are hereby appropriated to be used exclusively for the purpose of
2		promoting an organ donor program. A donation under this subsection shall be
3		voluntary and may be refused by the applicant at the time of issuance or
4		renewal.
5	(8)	In addition to the fees outlined in this section, the following individuals, upon
6		application for an initial or renewal operator's license, instruction permit, or
7		personal identification card, shall pay an additional application fee of thirty dollars
8		(\$30), which shall be deposited in the road fund:
9		(a) An applicant who is not a United States citizen or permanent resident and who
10		applies under KRS 186.4121 or 186.4123; or
11		(b) An applicant who is applying for a instruction permit, operator's license, or
12		personal identification card without a photo under KRS 186.4102(9).
13	<u>(9)</u>	There shall be no fee charged for the original, renewal, or replacement of a
14		standard personal identification card to an individual, if the individual:
15		(a) Does not have a valid operator's license or a commercial driver's license;
16		(b) Is at least eighteen (18) years of age on or before the day of the next regular
17		election; and
18		(c) Is otherwise eligible to vote in the regular election