

1 AN ACT relating to parental rights.

2 ***Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:***

3 ➔Section 1. KRS 199.011 is amended to read as follows:

4 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

- 5 (1) "Adoption worker" means an employee of the cabinet so designated by the
6 secretary for health and family services, a social worker employed by a county or
7 city who has been approved by the cabinet to handle, under its supervision,
8 adoption placement services to children, or a social worker employed by or under
9 contract to a child-placing adoption agency;
- 10 (2) "Adult adopted person" means any adopted person who is twenty-one (21) years of
11 age or older;
- 12 (3) "Cabinet" means the Cabinet for Health and Family Services;
- 13 (4) "Child" means any person who has not reached his ***or her*** eighteenth birthday;
- 14 (5) "Child-caring facility" means any institution or group home, including institutions
15 and group homes that are publicly operated, providing residential care on a twenty-
16 four (24) hour basis to children, not related by blood, adoption, or marriage to the
17 person maintaining the facility, other than an institution or group home certified by
18 an appropriate agency as operated primarily for educational or medical purposes, or
19 a residential program operated or contracted by the Department of Juvenile Justice
20 that maintains accreditation, or obtains accreditation within two (2) years of
21 opening from a nationally recognized accrediting organization;
- 22 (6) "Child-placing agency" means any agency licensed by the cabinet, which
23 supervises the placement of children in foster family homes or child-caring
24 facilities, or which places children for adoption;
- 25 (7) "Department" means the Department for Community Based Services;
- 26 (8) **(a) "Disability" means:**
- 27 **1. A physical or mental impairment, whether congenital or acquired, that**

1 substantially limits one (1) or more of the major life activities of an
2 individual and is demonstrable by medically accepted clinical or
3 laboratory diagnostic techniques;

4 2. A record of having such an impairment; or

5 3. Being regarded as having such an impairment.

6 (b) An individual who is currently engaging in the illegal use of drugs or the
7 abuse of alcohol, drugs, or other substances is not an individual with a
8 "disability" for purposes of this chapter;

9 (9) "Family rehabilitation home" means a child-caring facility for appropriate families
10 and comprising not more than twelve (12) children and two (2) staff persons;

11 (10)~~(9)~~ "Fictive kin" means an individual who is not related by birth, adoption, or
12 marriage to a child, but who has an emotionally significant relationship with the
13 child, or an emotionally significant relationship with a biological parent, siblings, or
14 half-siblings of the child in the case of a child from birth to twelve (12) months of
15 age, prior to placement;

16 (11)~~(10)~~ "Foster family home" means a private home in which children are placed for
17 foster family care under supervision of the cabinet or of a licensed child-placing
18 agency;

19 (12)~~(11)~~ "Group home" means a homelike facility, excluding Department of Juvenile
20 Justice-operated or -contracted facilities, for not more than eight (8) foster children,
21 not adjacent to or part of an institutional campus, operated by a sponsoring agency
22 for children who may participate in community activities and use community
23 resources;

24 (13)~~(12)~~ "Institution" means a child-caring facility providing care or maintenance for
25 nine (9) or more children;

26 (14)~~(13)~~ "Placement services" means those social services customarily provided by a
27 licensed child-placing or a public agency, which are necessary for the arrangement

1 and placement of children in foster family homes, child-placing facilities, or
2 adoptive homes. Placement services are provided through a licensed child-placing
3 or a public agency for children who cannot be cared for by their biological parents
4 and who need and can benefit from new and permanent family ties established
5 through legal adoption. Licensed child-placing agencies and public agencies have a
6 responsibility to act in the best interests of children, biological parents, and adoptive
7 parents by providing social services to all the parties involved in an adoption;

8 ~~(15)~~~~((14))~~ "Rap back system" means a system that enables an authorized entity to
9 receive ongoing status notifications of any criminal history from the Department of
10 Kentucky State Police or the Federal Bureau of Investigation reported on an
11 individual whose fingerprints are registered in the system, upon approval and
12 implementation of the system;

13 ~~(16)~~~~((15))~~ "Reasonable and prudent parent standard" has the same meaning as in 42
14 U.S.C. sec. 675(10);

15 ~~(17)~~~~((16))~~ "Secretary" means the secretary for health and family services; and

16 ~~(18)~~~~((17))~~ "Voluntary and informed consent" means that at the time of the execution of
17 the consent, the consenting person was fully informed of the legal effect of the
18 consent, that the consenting person was not given or promised anything of value
19 except those expenses allowable under KRS 199.590(6), that the consenting person
20 was not coerced in any way to execute the consent, and that the consent was
21 voluntarily and knowingly given. If at the time of the execution of the consent the
22 consenting person was represented by independent legal counsel, there shall be a
23 presumption that the consent was voluntary and informed. The consent shall be in
24 writing, signed and sworn to by the consenting person, and include the following:

- 25 (a) Date, time, and place of the execution of the consent;
26 (b) Name of the child, if any, to be adopted, and the date and place of the child's
27 birth;

- 1 (c) Consenting person's relationship to the child;
- 2 (d) Identity of the proposed adoptive parents or a statement that the consenting
- 3 person does not desire to know the identification of the proposed adoptive
- 4 parents;
- 5 (e) 1. A statement that the consenting person understands that the consent will
- 6 be final and irrevocable under this paragraph unless withdrawn under
- 7 this paragraph.
- 8 2. If placement approval by the secretary is required, the voluntary and
- 9 informed consent shall become final and irrevocable seventy-two (72)
- 10 hours after the execution of the voluntary and informed consent. This
- 11 consent may be withdrawn only by written notification sent to the
- 12 proposed adoptive parent or the attorney for the proposed adoptive
- 13 parent on or before the expiration of the seventy-two (72) hours by
- 14 certified or registered mail and also by first-class mail.
- 15 3. If placement approval by the secretary is not required, the voluntary and
- 16 informed consent shall become final and irrevocable seventy-two (72)
- 17 hours after the execution of the voluntary and informed consent. This
- 18 consent may be withdrawn only by written notification sent to the
- 19 proposed adoptive parent or the attorney for the proposed adoptive
- 20 parent on or before the expiration of the seventy-two (72) hours by
- 21 certified or registered mail and also by first-class mail;
- 22 (f) Disposition of the child if the adoption is not adjudged;
- 23 (g) A statement that the consenting person has received a completed and signed
- 24 copy of the consent at the time of the execution of the consent;
- 25 (h) Name and address of the person who prepared the consent, name and address
- 26 of the person who reviewed and explained the consent to the consenting
- 27 person, and a verified statement from the consenting person that the consent

1 has been reviewed with and fully explained to the consenting person; and

2 (i) Total amount of the consenting person's legal fees, if any, for any purpose
3 related to the execution of the consent and the source of payment of the legal
4 fees.

5 ➔Section 2. KRS 199.462 is amended to read as follows:

6 (1) Before an applicant is approved to provide foster care or relative caregiver services
7 to a child, considered a fictive kin placement for a child, or approved to receive a
8 child for adoption, the Cabinet for Health and Family Services shall:

9 (a) Require a criminal background investigation of the applicant and any of the
10 applicant's adult household members by means of a fingerprint check by the
11 Department of Kentucky State Police and the Federal Bureau of Investigation;
12 or

13 (b) Request from the Justice and Public Safety Cabinet records of all conviction
14 information for the applicant and any of the applicant's adult household
15 members. The Justice and Public Safety Cabinet shall furnish the information
16 to the Cabinet for Health and Family Services and shall also send a copy of
17 the information to the applicant.

18 (2) The request for records shall be in a manner approved by the Justice and Public
19 Safety Cabinet, and the Justice and Public Safety Cabinet may charge a fee to be
20 paid by the applicant for the actual cost of processing the request.

21 **(3) The Cabinet for Health and Family Services shall not disapprove of any**
22 **placement or custody arrangement, including but not limited to foster care,**
23 **relative caregiver services, fictive kin placement, temporary custody, permanent**
24 **custody, or adoption on the sole basis of a disability of the prospective caregiver**
25 **without considering whether targeted adaptive or supportive services could enable**
26 **the prospective caregiver to provide essential care and protection for the child.**

27 **(4) [(3)]** During a certified adoptive or foster home's annual reevaluation, the Cabinet

1 for Health and Family Services may:

2 (a) Require a background investigation for each adult household member of the
3 certified adoptive or foster home under subsections (1) and (2) of this section;

4 or

5 (b) Register each adult household member of a certified adoptive or foster home
6 under subsections (1) and (2) of this section in the rap back system.

7 ~~(5)~~~~(4)~~ If a child is placed and resides in a fictive kin home for more than seventy-
8 two (72) hours, the Cabinet for Health and Family Services shall take action,
9 including but not limited to the following:

10 (a) Provide information on how to recognize and report child abuse or neglect;
11 and

12 (b) Ensure that, within the first five (5) days of a child under the age of five (5)
13 years old being placed in a fictive kin home, the fictive kin has completed a
14 one (1) time training course of one and one-half (1.5) hours of training
15 covering the prevention and recognition of pediatric abusive head trauma, as
16 defined in KRS 620.020.

17 ~~(6)~~~~(5)~~ The Cabinet for Health and Family Services shall promulgate an
18 administrative regulation to implement this section.

19 ➔Section 3. KRS 199.471 is amended to read as follows:

20 Petitions for adoption of children placed for adoption by the cabinet or a licensed child-
21 placing institution or agency shall not be denied:

22 (1) On the basis of the religious, ethnic, racial, or interfaith background of the adoptive
23 applicant, unless contrary to the expressed wishes of the biological parent or
24 parents; or~~parent(s)~~

25 (2) On the sole basis of a disability of the adoptive applicant without considering
26 whether targeted adaptive or supportive services could enable the applicant to
27 provide essential care and protection for the child.

1 ➔Section 4. KRS 199.473 is amended to read as follows:

- 2 (1) All persons other than a child-placing agency or institution, the department, or
3 persons excepted by KRS 199.470(4) who wish to place or receive a child shall
4 make written application to the secretary for permission to place or receive a child.
- 5 (2) Prior to the approval of an application to place or receive a child, the fee required
6 pursuant to subsection (13) of this section shall be paid and a home study shall be
7 completed. The purpose of the home study shall be to review the background of the
8 applicant and determine the suitability of the applicant to receive a child, taking into
9 account at all times the best interest of the child for whom application to receive has
10 been made.
- 11 (3) (a) The home study shall be made in accordance with administrative regulations
12 promulgated by the cabinet in accordance with KRS Chapter 13A.
- 13 (b) The cabinet shall conduct the home study for an applicant whose total gross
14 income is equal to or less than two hundred fifty percent (250%) of the federal
15 poverty level guidelines issued each year by the federal government, unless
16 the applicant submits a written request for the home study to be conducted by
17 a licensed child-placing agency or institution. Upon request, the cabinet shall
18 make information available to an applicant who does not meet the
19 requirements of this paragraph to assist the applicant in obtaining a home
20 study from a licensed child-placing agency approved to provide adoption
21 services.
- 22 (c) A licensed child-placing agency approved to provide adoption services shall
23 conduct the home study for an applicant whose gross total income is more
24 than two hundred fifty percent (250%) of the federal poverty level guidelines
25 issued each year by the federal government.
- 26 (d) Calculation of family size for this subsection shall include each child
27 requested to be adopted.

- 1 (e) The portion of the home study pertaining to the home and family background
2 shall be valid for one (1) year following the date of its completion by an
3 adoption worker.
- 4 (4) The adoption worker making the home study shall make a finding in writing
5 recommending either that the application be granted or that the application be
6 denied. The recommendation of the adoption worker shall then be reviewed by the
7 secretary.
- 8 (5) Based on the report and recommendation of the adoption worker making the home
9 study, the secretary shall grant or refuse permission for the applicant to place or
10 receive a child as early as practicable, but, in any case, the decision shall be made
11 within sixty (60) days after the receipt of the application. In reaching a decision, the
12 secretary shall be guided by the ability of the persons wishing to receive the child to
13 give the child a suitable home, and shall at all times consider the best interest of the
14 child from a financial, medical, psychological, and psychiatric standpoint.
- 15 (6) (a) If the application is refused, the secretary shall in general terms furnish in
16 writing the reasons for his or her refusal.
- 17 (b) If the application is refused based upon any disability of the applicant, the
18 secretary shall confirm that an individual assessment was conducted, and
19 that targeted adaptive or supportive services and modifications were
20 reviewed and considered prior to the refusal.
- 21 (c) The cabinet shall maintain all information and supporting documentation
22 related to the assessment, considered targeted adaptive or supportive
23 services and available modifications for a period of two (2) years or as
24 otherwise ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction.
- 25 (7) (a) Any person who seeks temporary custody of a child prior to the secretary's
26 ruling on an application for adoption shall file a petition seeking temporary
27 custody, with a notice of intent to adopt, with the Circuit Court that will have

1 jurisdiction of the adoption proceedings.

2 (b) The clerk of the court shall send a notice of the filing of the petition to the
3 cabinet. A hearing on the petition shall occur no later than seventy-two (72)
4 hours after the filing of the petition, excluding weekends and holidays.
5 Proceedings under this subsection shall be incorporated into the court's
6 adoption file.

7 (c) If the adoption is not finalized within six (6) months of the filing of the
8 petition and notice of intent, the court shall conduct a hearing on the status
9 and custody of the child.

10 (8) (a) Upon a finding by the Circuit Court that the child should be placed prior to
11 the secretary's ruling on the application, the Circuit Court may grant the
12 applicant temporary custody of the child pending the decision of the secretary.

13 (b) Temporary custody shall not be granted to an applicant unless a background
14 check, including but not limited to a criminal records check by the Justice and
15 Public Safety Cabinet or the Administrative Office of the Courts and a
16 background check of child abuse and neglect records maintained by the
17 cabinet, has been submitted to and reviewed by the court. The background
18 check required for temporary custody shall be part of the home study required
19 under subsection (2) of this section.

20 (c) If the application is denied by the secretary, the temporary custody order shall
21 be set aside and, upon motion of the cabinet or of the child's parent or parents,
22 the Circuit Court may order the child returned to the biological parent or
23 parents or the child's custody may be awarded to the cabinet, another licensed
24 child-placing agency, or other individuals deemed appropriate by the court.

25 (d) This section shall not be deemed to permit the completion of any adoption
26 proceeding without the approval of the secretary and compliance with KRS
27 615.030, if required.

1 (9) (a) In any case where the cabinet refuses to approve the placement of a child for
2 adoption when requested by the parent or parents of the child, or refuses the
3 request of any person or persons that a child be placed with that person or
4 those persons for adoption, the decision of the secretary in so refusing shall be
5 final unless within ten (10) days after notice of refusal, the biological or
6 proposed adopting parent or parents shall appeal to the Circuit Court of the
7 county in which the adoption is proposed.

8 (b) No placement shall be disapproved:

9 1. On the basis of the religious, ethnic, racial, or interfaith background of
10 the adoptive applicant, if the placement is made with the consent of the
11 parent; or

12 2. On the sole basis of a disability of the adoptive applicant without
13 considering whether targeted adaptive or supportive services could
14 enable the applicant to provide essential care and protection for the
15 child.

16 (10) (a) The cabinet may refuse to approve the placement of a child for adoption if the
17 child's custodial parent is unwilling for the child to be placed for adoption
18 with the proposed adoptive family. The cabinet may approve or deny the
19 placement, in spite of the fact that the custodial parent or parents are unwilling
20 to be interviewed by the cabinet or other approving entity, or if, after diligent
21 efforts have been made, the adoption worker is unable to locate or interview
22 the custodial parent or parents.

23 (b) The cabinet shall be made a party defendant to ~~any~~the appeal taken under
24 subsection (9) of this section. In the hearing of an appeal, the court shall
25 review the findings of the secretary and shall determine if the secretary has
26 acted arbitrarily, unlawfully, or in a manner that constitutes an abuse of
27 discretion.

- 1 (11) If a child who does not fall within the exception provided for in KRS 199.470(4) is
2 placed or received in a home without the court's review of the background check
3 required under this section or the permission of the secretary for health and family
4 services, or if permission to receive a child has been denied, a representative of the
5 cabinet shall notify in writing or may petition the juvenile session of District Court
6 of the county in which the child is found setting out the facts concerning the child.
7 When the petition has been filed, the court shall take jurisdiction of the child and
8 shall provide for it as it would provide for a dependent, neglected, or abused child
9 under KRS Chapter 620, except that the child may not be placed in the home of the
10 applicants who are to receive the child unless permission to do so is granted by the
11 secretary or the action is ordered by a Kentucky court of competent jurisdiction.
- 12 (12) When either the custodial parent or parents of the child to be placed or the persons
13 wishing to receive the child reside out-of-state, the requirement of KRS 615.030,
14 Interstate Compact on the Placement of Children, shall be met before the cabinet
15 gives approval for the child's placement.
- 16 (13) The secretary of the Cabinet for Health and Family Services shall be paid a
17 nonrefundable fee of two hundred dollars (\$200) upon the filing of the written
18 application for permission to place or receive a child. Payment shall be made by
19 certified or cashier's check only. All funds collected under this section shall be
20 deposited in a restricted account, which is hereby created, for the purpose of
21 subsidizing an adoptive parent for suitable care of a special-needs child as
22 authorized in KRS 199.555.
- 23 (14) Nothing in this statute shall be construed to limit the authority of the cabinet or a
24 child-placing institution or agency to determine the proper disposition of a child
25 committed to it by the juvenile session of District Court or the Circuit Court, prior
26 to the filing of an application to place or receive a child.
- 27 ➔Section 5. KRS 625.050 is amended to read as follows:

- 1 (1) A petition for involuntary termination of parental rights shall be entitled "In the
2 interest of ..., a child."
- 3 (2) The petition shall be filed in the Circuit Court for any of the following counties:
- 4 (a) The county in which either parent resides or may be found;
- 5 (b) The county in which juvenile court actions, if any, concerning the child have
6 commenced; or
- 7 (c) The county in which the child involved resides or is present.
- 8 (3) Proceedings for involuntary termination of parental rights may be initiated upon
9 petition by the cabinet, any child-placing agency licensed by the cabinet, any
10 county or Commonwealth's attorney, or parent.
- 11 (4) The petition for involuntary termination of parental rights shall be verified and
12 contain the following:
- 13 (a) Name and mailing address of each petitioner;
- 14 (b) Name, sex, date of birth, and place of residence of the child;
- 15 (c) Name and address of the living parents of the child;
- 16 (d) Name, date of death and cause of death, if known, of any deceased parent;
- 17 (e) Name and address of the putative father, if known by the petitioner, of the
18 child if not the same person as the legal father;
- 19 (f) Name and address of the person, cabinet, or agency having custody of the
20 child;
- 21 (g) Name and identity of the person, cabinet, or authorized agency to whom
22 custody is sought to be transferred;
- 23 (h) Statement that the person, cabinet, or agency to whom custody is to be given
24 has facilities available and is willing to receive the custody of the child;
- 25 (i) All pertinent information concerning termination or disclaimers of parenthood
26 or voluntary consent to termination;
- 27 (j) Information as to the legal status of the child and the court so adjudicating;

1 and

2 (k) A concise statement of the factual basis for the termination of parental rights.

3 (5) No petition may be filed under this section prior to five (5) days after the birth of
4 the child.

5 (6) No petition may be filed to terminate the parental rights of:

6 (a) A woman solely because of her use of a nonprescribed controlled substance
7 during pregnancy if she enrolls in and maintains substantial compliance with
8 both a substance abuse treatment or recovery program and a regimen of
9 prenatal care as recommended by her health care practitioner throughout the
10 remaining term of her pregnancy. Upon certified completion of the treatment
11 or recovery program, or six (6) months after giving birth during which time
12 substantial compliance with a substance abuse treatment or recovery program
13 has occurred, whichever is earlier, any records maintained by a court or by the
14 cabinet relating to a positive test for a nonprescribed controlled substance
15 shall be sealed by the court and may not be used in any future criminal
16 prosecution or future petition to terminate the woman's parental rights; or

17 (b) Any parent solely because of a disability as defined in Section 1 of this Act
18 unless the parent has been provided, or unless the parent has knowingly
19 and affirmatively rejected in writing, adaptive and supportive services based
20 on an individual assessment of the parent.

21 (7) Any petition filed pursuant to this section shall:

22 (a) Include a copy of any individual assessment required under subsection (6)
23 of this section and the services provided pursuant to the assessment, or the
24 rejection of offered services signed by the parent; and

25 (b) Be fully adjudicated and a final judgment shall be entered by the court within
26 six (6) months of the service of the petition on the parents.

27 ➔Section 6. KRS 625.090 is amended to read as follows:

1 (1) The Circuit Court may involuntarily terminate all parental rights of a parent of a
2 named child, if the Circuit Court finds from the record~~[pleadings and]~~ by clear and
3 convincing evidence that:

- 4 (a) 1. The child has been adjudged to be an abused or neglected child, as
5 defined in KRS 600.020(1), by a court of competent jurisdiction;
6 2. The child is found to be an abused or neglected child, as defined in KRS
7 600.020(1), by the Circuit Court in this proceeding;
8 3. The child is found to have been diagnosed with neonatal abstinence
9 syndrome at the time of birth, unless his or her birth mother:
10 a. Was prescribed and properly using medication for a legitimate
11 medical condition as directed by a health care practitioner that may
12 have led to the neonatal abstinence syndrome;
13 b. Is currently, or within ninety (90) days after the birth, enrolled in
14 and maintaining substantial compliance with both a substance
15 abuse treatment or recovery program and a regimen of prenatal
16 care or postnatal care as recommended by her health care
17 practitioner throughout the remaining term of her pregnancy or the
18 appropriate time after her pregnancy; or
19 c. In the absence of a prescription for the treatment of a legitimate
20 medical condition, agrees, prior to discharge from the hospital, to
21 participate in a court-ordered assessment by a drug treatment
22 provider and the assigning of a certified peer support specialist for
23 referral to appropriate treatment, and agrees to participate in
24 treatment which shall commence within ninety (90) days after the
25 birth; or
26 4. The parent has been convicted of a criminal charge relating to the
27 physical or sexual abuse or neglect of any child and that physical or

- 1 sexual abuse, neglect, or emotional injury to the child named in the
2 present termination action is likely to occur if the parental rights are not
3 terminated;
- 4 (b) 1. The Cabinet for Health and Family Services has filed a petition with the
5 court pursuant to KRS 620.180 or 625.050; or
6 2. A child-placing agency licensed by the cabinet, any county or
7 Commonwealth's attorney, or a parent has filed a petition with the court
8 under KRS 625.050; and
9 (c) Termination would be in the best interest of the child.
- 10 (2) No termination of parental rights shall be ordered unless the Circuit Court also finds
11 by clear and convincing evidence the existence of one (1) or more of the following
12 grounds:
- 13 (a) That the parent has abandoned the child for a period of not less than ninety
14 (90) days;
- 15 (b) That the parent has inflicted or allowed to be inflicted upon the child, by other
16 than accidental means, serious physical injury;
- 17 (c) That the parent has continuously or repeatedly inflicted or allowed to be
18 inflicted upon the child, by other than accidental means, physical injury or
19 emotional harm;
- 20 (d) That the parent has been convicted of a felony that involved the infliction of
21 serious physical injury to any child;
- 22 (e) That the parent, for a period of not less than six (6) months, has continuously
23 or repeatedly failed or refused to provide or has been substantially incapable
24 of providing essential parental care and protection for the child and that there
25 is no reasonable expectation of improvement in parental care and protection,
26 considering the age of the child;
- 27 (f) That the parent has caused or allowed the child to be sexually abused or

1 exploited;

2 (g) That the parent, for reasons other than poverty alone, has continuously or
3 repeatedly failed to provide or is incapable of providing essential food,
4 clothing, shelter, medical care, or education reasonably necessary and
5 available for the child's well-being and that there is no reasonable expectation
6 of significant improvement in the parent's conduct in the immediately
7 foreseeable future, considering the age of the child;

8 (h) That:

- 9 1. The parent's parental rights to another child have been involuntarily
10 terminated;
- 11 2. The child named in the present termination action was born subsequent
12 to or during the pendency of the previous termination; and
- 13 3. The conditions or factors which were the basis for the previous
14 termination finding have not been corrected;

15 (i) That the parent has been convicted in a criminal proceeding of having caused
16 or contributed to the death of another child as a result of physical or sexual
17 abuse or neglect;

18 (j) That the child has been in foster care under the responsibility of the cabinet
19 for fifteen (15) cumulative months out of forty-eight (48) months preceding
20 the filing of the petition to terminate parental rights; or

21 (k) That the child has been removed from the biological or legal parents more
22 than two (2) times in a twenty-four (24) month period by the cabinet or a
23 court.

24 (3) In determining the best interest of the child and the existence of a ground for
25 termination, the Circuit Court shall consider the following factors:

26 (a) Mental illness as defined by KRS 202A.011(9), or an intellectual disability as
27 defined by KRS 202B.010(9) of the parent as certified by a qualified mental

- 1 health professional, or a disability as defined in Section 1 of this Act, if the
2 mental illness, intellectual disability, or disability~~[which]~~ renders the parent
3 consistently unable to care for the immediate and ongoing physical or
4 psychological needs of the child for extended periods of time;
- 5 (b) Acts of abuse or neglect as defined in KRS 600.020(1) toward any child in the
6 family;
- 7 (c) If the child has been placed with the cabinet, whether the cabinet has, prior to
8 the filing of the petition;
- 9 1. Made reasonable efforts as defined in KRS 620.020 to reunite the child
10 with the parents unless one or more of the circumstances enumerated in
11 KRS 610.127 for not requiring reasonable efforts have been
12 substantiated in a written finding by the District Court; or
- 13 2. Provided a parent with a disability as defined in Section 1 of this Act
14 with targeted adaptive and supportive services based on an individual
15 assessment of the parent, or has received a written acknowledgement
16 from the parent knowingly and affirmatively rejecting the offered
17 services;
- 18 (d) The efforts and adjustments the parent has made in his or her circumstances,
19 conduct, or conditions to make it in the child's best interest to return the
20 child~~[him]~~ to his or her home within a reasonable period of time, considering
21 the age of the child;
- 22 (e) The physical, emotional, and mental health of the child and the prospects for
23 the improvement of the child's welfare if termination is ordered; and
- 24 (f) The payment or the failure to pay a reasonable portion of substitute physical
25 care and maintenance if financially able to do so.
- 26 (4) If the child has been placed with the cabinet, the parent may present testimony
27 concerning the reunification, adaptive, or supportive services offered by the cabinet

1 and whether additional services would be likely to bring about lasting parental
2 adjustment enabling a return of the child to the parent.

- 3 (5) If the parent proves by a preponderance of the evidence that the child will not
4 continue to be an abused or neglected child as defined in KRS 600.020(1) if
5 returned to the parent, or if the parent proves by a preponderance of the evidence
6 that appropriate and specifically targeted adaptive or supportive services based
7 upon an individual assessment of the parent have not been offered or provided to
8 the parent, the court in its discretion may determine not to terminate parental rights.
- 9 (6) Upon the conclusion of proof and argument of counsel, the Circuit Court shall enter
10 findings of fact, conclusions of law, and a decision as to each parent-respondent
11 within thirty (30) days either:
- 12 (a) Terminating the right of the parent; or
- 13 (b) Dismissing the petition and stating whether the child shall be returned to the
14 parent or shall remain in the custody of the state.