HOUSE BILL 674

N1 EMERGENCY BILL

 $\begin{array}{c} 2lr1657 \\ CF~SB~384 \end{array}$

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By: Delegates Stewart, Amprey, Charkoudian, Cullison, D. Jones, Lehman Lierman, Love, Moon, Palakovich Carr, Ruth, Shetty, and Solomon Introduced and read first time: January 31, 2022 Assigned to: Environment and Transportation
Committee Report: Favorable with amendments House action: Adopted Read second time: March 26, 2022
CHAPTER
AN ACT concerning
Landlord and Tenant – Stay of Eviction Proceeding for Rental Assistance Determination
FOR the purpose of providing for the stay of certain eviction proceedings when a tenant is waiting for a determination on an application for rental assistance; and generally relating to eviction proceedings.
BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments, Article — Real Property Section 8-401 Annotated Code of Maryland (2015 Replacement Volume and 2021 Supplement)
SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
Article - Real Property
8–401.
(a) Whenever the tenant or tenants fail to pay the rent when due and payable, it shall be lawful for the landlord to have again and repossess the premises in accordance with this section.

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.

<u>Underlining</u> indicates amendments to bill.

Strike out indicates matter stricken from the bill by amendment or deleted from the law by amendment.



1	(b) (1) Whenever any landlord shall desire to repossess any premises to which
2	the landlord is entitled under the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, the landlord
3	or the landlord's duly qualified agent or attorney shall ensure that the landlord has
4	completed the procedures required under subsection (c) of this section.
5	(2) After completing the procedures required under subsection (c) of this
6	section, a landlord or the landlord's duly qualified agent or attorney may file the landlord's
7	written complaint under oath or affirmation, in the District Court of the county wherein
8	the property is situated:
9	(i) Describing in general terms the property sought to be
10	repossessed;
10	repossesseu,
11	(ii) Setting forth the name of each tenant to whom the property is
12	rented or any assignee or subtenant;
13	(iii) Stating the amount of rent and any late fees due and unpaid, less
14	the amount of any utility bills, fees, or security deposits paid by a tenant under § 7-309 of
15	the Public Utilities Article;
16	(iv) Requesting to repossess the premises and, if requested by the
17	landlord, a judgment for the amount of rent due, costs, and any late fees, less the amount
18	of any utility bills, fees, or security deposits paid by a tenant under § 7-309 of the Public
19	Utilities Article;
20	(v) If applicable, stating that, to the best of the landlord's knowledge,
21	the tenant is deceased, intestate, and without next of kin; and
21	the tenant is deceased, intestate, and without next of kin, and
22	(vi) If the property to be repossessed is an affected property as
23	defined in § 6-801 of the Environment Article, stating that the landlord has registered the
24	affected property as required under § 6-811 of the Environment Article and renewed the
25	registration as required under § 6-812 of the Environment Article and:
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26	1. A. If the current tenant moved into the property on or
27	after February 24, 1996, stating the inspection certificate number for the inspection
28	conducted for the current tenancy as required under § 6–815(c) of the Environment Article;
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30	B. On or after February 24, 2006, stating the inspection
31	certificate number for the inspection conducted for the current tenancy as required under

33 <u>Stating that the owner is unable to provide an inspection</u> 34 certificate number because:

§ 6-815(c), § 6-817(b), or § 6-819(f) of the Environment Article; or

1	A. The owner has requested that the tenant allow the owner
$\overline{2}$	access to the property to perform the work required under Title 6, Subtitle 8 of the
3	Environment Article;
O	Environment in violo;
4	B. The owner has offered to relocate the tenant in order to
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5	allow the owner to perform work if the work will disturb the paint on the interior surfaces
6	of the property and to pay the reasonable expenses the tenant would incur directly related
7	to the relocation; and
8	C. The tenant has refused to allow access to the owner or
9	refused to vacate the property in order for the owner to perform the required work.
10	(3) For the purpose of the court's determination under subsection (e) (F)
11	of this section the landlord shall also specify the amount of rent due for each rental period
$\overline{12}$	under the lease, the day that the rent is due for each rental period, and any late fees for
13	overdue rent payments.
10	overdue rem payments.
14	(4) The District Court shall issue its summons, directed to any constable or
15	sheriff of the county entitled to serve process, and ordering the constable or sheriff to notify
16	the tenant, assignee, or subtenant by first-class mail:
17	(i) To appear before the District Court at the trial to be held on the
18	fifth day after the filing of the complaint; and
19	(ii) To answer the landlord's complaint to show cause why the
20	demand of the landlord should not be granted.
21	(5) (i) The constable or sheriff shall proceed to serve the summons upon
22	the tenant, assignee, or subtenant or their known or authorized agent as follows:
23	1. If personal service is requested and any of the persons
24	whom the sheriff shall serve is found on the property, the sheriff shall serve any such
25	persons; or
20	persons, or
26	2. If personal service is requested and none of the persons
27	
	whom the sheriff is directed to serve shall be found on the property and, in all cases where
28	personal service is not requested, the constable or sheriff shall affix an attested copy of the
29	summons conspicuously upon the property.
30	(ii) The affixing of the summons upon the property after due
31	notification to the tenant, assignee, or subtenant by first-class mail shall conclusively be
32	presumed to be a sufficient service to all persons to support the entry of a default judgment
33	for possession of the premises, together with court costs, in favor of the landlord, but it shall
34	not be sufficient service to support a default judgment in favor of the landlord for the

amount of rent due.

$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \end{array}$	(6) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (1) through (1) of this subsection:
3 4	(i) In an action to repossess nonresidential property under this section, service of process on a tenant:
5 6	1. Shall be directed to the sheriff of the appropriate county or municipality; and
7 8	2. On plaintiff's request, may be directed to any person authorized under the Maryland Rules to serve process; and
9 10 11	(ii) In Wicomico County, in an action to repossess any premises under this section, service of process on a tenant may be directed to any person authorized under the Maryland Rules to serve process.
12 13 14 15 16 17 18	(7) (i) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (3) through (5) of this subsection, if the landlord certifies to the court in the written complaint required under paragraph (1) of this subsection that, to the best of the landlord's knowledge, the tenant is deceased, intestate, and without next of kin, the District Court shall issue its summons, directed to any constable or sheriff of the county entitled to serve process, and ordering the constable or sheriff to notify the occupant of the premises or the next of kin of the deceased tenant, if known, by personal service:
19 20	1. To appear before the District Court at the trial to be held on the fifth day after the filing of the complaint; and
21 22	2. To answer the landlord's complaint to show cause why the demand of the landlord should not be granted.
23 24 25	(ii) 1. The constable or sheriff shall proceed to serve the summons upon the occupant of the premises or the next of kin of the deceased tenant, if known, as follows:
26 27 28	A. If any of the persons whom the sheriff is directed to serve are found on the property or at another known address, the sheriff shall serve any such persons; or
29 30 31	B. If none of the persons whom the sheriff is directed to serve are found on the property or at another known address, the constable or sheriff shall affix an attested copy of the summons conspicuously upon the property.
32 33 34 35 36	2. The affixing of the summons upon the property shall conclusively be presumed to be a sufficient service to all persons to support the entry of a default judgment for possession of the premises, together with court costs, in favor of the landlord, but it shall not be sufficient service to support a default judgment in favor of the landlord for the amount of rent due.

1	(e)	(1)			dlord may file a complaint under this section, the landlord
2	-				ritten notice of the landlord's intent to file a claim in the
3					nt to recover possession of the residential premises if the
4	tenant does	not e	are wit	hin 10 (days after the written notice is provided to the tenant.
5		(2)	The v	vritten	notice required under paragraph (1) of this subsection shall
6	be in a form	ı creat	ed by t	he Mar	yland Judiciary and notice shall occur when the notice is:
7			(i)	Sent l	by first-class mail, certificate of mailing;
8			(ii)	Affixe	ed to the door of the premises; or
9 10	of the follow	ving fo	(iii) orms:	If elec	eted by the tenant, sent by electronic delivery in at least one
11				1.	An e-mail message;
12				<u>2</u> .	A text message; or
13				3.	Through an electronic tenant portal.
14		(3)	(i)		plaint for repossession filed in accordance with this section
15					states and affirms the date on which the landlord provided
16	the notice r	equire	d unde	r parag	graph (1) of this subsection.
17			(ii)		ant may challenge assertions made by a landlord under this
18	paragraph,	and t	he cour	t may c	dismiss the landlord's complaint on a showing of sufficient
19	cause.				
20	(d)	Not	WITHS	TANDI	NG ANY OTHER LAW, IF A TENANT PRESENTS
21	EVIDENCE	SATI	SFACT	ORY T	O THE COURT THAT THE TENANT IS CURRENTLY
22	WAITING I	FOR A	DETE	RMINA	TION REGARDING A GOOD FAITH APPLICATION FOR
23	RENTAL A	SSIST.	ANCE	FROM .	AN AGENCY THAT DISTRIBUTES FUNDS FOR RENTAL
24	ASSISTAN(E, TH	E COU	RT SHA	LL:
25		(1)	IF J I	JDGME	NT HAS NOT BEEN ENTERED, STAY THE PROCEEDING;
26	OR	(-)			
27		(2)	<u>IF.11</u>	IDCME	NT HAS BEEN ENTERED IN FAVOR OF THE LANDLORD,
28	STAY THE	` '			WARRANT OF RESTITUTION OR ORDER REQUIRING
29					THE PREMISES.
30	(E)	(1)	<u>Thia</u>	anhaoe	etion applies only to an action for the repossession of
55	(11)	\ _ /	- 1110	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	applied dilly to all addidit for the repubblished of

residential property for failure to pay rent due during a government shutdown.

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1	(2)	Notwithe	standing any other law, the court shall stay the proceeding if
2			of the property that is the subject of the proceeding presents
3	evidence satisfactor	y to tne (court that the occupant:
4	•	(i) Us	ses the property as the individual's primary residence;
_		/··\ T	
5			an employee of the federal or State government or an employee
6	of a local governmen	nt in the	State; and
7		(iii) Is	involuntarily furloughed from work without pay because of a
8			rdless of whether the employee is required to report to work
9	during the furlough		r v
10	` /		bject to subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, a stay under this
11	subsection shall be a	granted f	for a time that the court considers reasonable.
12	4	(ii) A	stay under this subsection may not be granted for a period that
13			er the end of the government shutdown without a showing of
14	sufficient cause by a		
11	sufficient eadse by t	i party to	, the devion.
15	[(e)] (F)	(1) If,	at the trial on the fifth day indicated in subsection (b) of this
16	section, the court i	s satisfic	ed that the interests of justice will be better served by an
17	adjournment to ens	able eithe	er party to procure their necessary witnesses, the court may
18			not exceeding 1 day, except with the consent of all parties, the
19			longer period of time.
2.0	(0)	(1) (7)	
20	` /		ne information required under subsection (b)(1)(vi) of this
21	section may not be a	an issue (of fact in a trial under this section.
22	•	(ii) If,	when the trial occurs, it appears to the satisfaction of the
23		-0r-9nv-r	part of the rent and late fees are actually due and unpaid, the
$\frac{1}{24}$			nount of rent and late fees due as of the date the complaint was
25			utility bills, fees, or security deposits paid by a tenant under §
$\frac{1}{26}$			es Article, if the trial occurs within the time specified by
$\frac{1}{27}$	subsection (b)(3) of t		
	(0) (0)		
28		(iii) 1.	If the trial does not occur within the time specified in
29			etion and the tenant has not become current since the filing of
30			ne complaint so requests, shall enter a judgment in favor of the
00	landlord for possess	ion of th	e premises and determine the rent and late fees due as of the
31			
	trial date.		
31 32	trial date.	9	The determination of rent and late fees shall include the
31	trial-date.	<u>2.</u>	The determination of rent and late fees shall include the

Rent claimed in the complaint;

1	B. Rent accruing after the date of the filing of the complaint;
2 3	C. Late fees accruing in or prior to the month in which the complaint was filed; and
4 5 6	D. Credit for payments of rent and late fees and other fees, utility bills, or security deposits paid by a tenant under § 7–309 of the Public Utilities Article after the complaint was filed.
7 8 9 10	(iv) In the case of a residential tenancy, the court may also give judgment in favor of the landlord for the amount of rent and late fees determined to be due together with costs of the suit if the court finds that the residential tenant was personally served with a summons.
11 12	(v) In the case of a nonresidential tenancy, if the court finds that there was such service of process or submission to the jurisdiction of the court as would
13	support a judgment in contract or tort, the court may also give judgment in favor of the
14	landlord for:
15	1. The amount of rent and late fees determined to be due;
16	2. Costs of the suit; and
17	3. Reasonable attorney's fees, if the lease agreement
18	authorizes the landlord to recover attorney's fees.
19 20 21 22	(vi) A nonresidential tenant who was not personally served with a summons shall not be subject to personal jurisdiction of the court if that tenant asserts that the appearance is for the purpose of defending an in rem action prior to the time that evidence is taken by the court.
23 24 25	(3) The court, when entering the judgment, shall also order that possession of the premises be given to the landlord, or the landlord's agent or attorney, within 4 days after the trial.
26 27 28 29	(4) The court may, upon presentation of a certificate signed by a physician certifying that surrender of the premises within this 4-day period would endanger the health or life of the tenant or any other occupant of the premises, extend the time for surrender of the premises as justice may require but not more than 15 days after the trial.
30 31 32 33	(5) However, if the tenant, or someone for the tenant, at the trial, or adjournment of the trial, tenders to the landlord the rent and late fees determined by the court to be due and unpaid, together with the costs of the suit, the complaint against the tenant shall be entered as being satisfied.
34 35	[(f)] (G) (1) (i) Subject to the provisions of (2) of this subsection, if judgment is given in favor of the landlord, and the tenant fails to comply with the

requirements of the order within 4 days, the court shall, at any time after the expiration of the 4 days, issue its warrant, directed to any official of the county entitled to serve process, ordering the official to cause the landlord to have again and repossess the property by putting the landlord (or the landlord's duly qualified agent or attorney for the landlord's benefit) in possession thereof, and for that purpose to remove from the property, by force if necessary, all the furniture, implements, tools, goods, effects or other chattels of every description whatsoever belonging to the tenant, or to any person claiming or holding by or under said tenant.

- (ii) If the landlord does not order a warrant of restitution within sixty days from the date of judgment or from the expiration date of any stay of execution, whichever shall be the later:
- 12 1. The judgment for possession shall be stricken; and
- The judgment shall be applied to the number of judgments
 necessary to foreclose a tenant's right to redemption of the leased premises as established
 in subsection [(g)(2)] (H)(2) of this section unless the court in its discretion determines that
 the judgment may not apply for purposes of subsection [(g)(2)] (H)(2) of this section.
- 17 (iii) If the landlord orders a warrant of restitution but takes no action
 18 on the warrant within 60 days from the later of the date the court issues the order for the
 19 warrant or the date as otherwise extended by the court:
- 20 <u>The warrant of restitution shall expire and the judgment</u> 21 for possession shall be stricken; and
 - 2. The judgment shall be applied to the number of judgments necessary to foreclose a tenant's right to redemption of the leased premises as established in subsection [(g)(2)] (H)(2) of this section unless the court in its discretion determines that the judgment may not apply for purposes of subsection [(g)(2)] (H)(2) of this section.
 - (2) (i) The administrative judge of any district may stay the execution of a warrant of restitution of a residential property, from day to day, in the event of extreme weather conditions.
 - (ii) When a stay has been granted under this paragraph, the execution of the warrant of restitution for which the stay has been granted shall be given priority and completed within 3 days after the extreme weather conditions cease.
 - [(g)] (H) Subject to paragraph (2) of this subsection, in any action of summary ejectment for failure to pay rent where the landlord is awarded a judgment giving the landlord restitution of the leased premises, the tenant shall have the right to redemption of the leased premises by tendering in each, certified check or money order to the landlord or the landlord's agent all past due amounts, as determined by the court under

subsection [(e)] (F) of this section, plus all court awarded costs and fees, at any time before actual execution of the eviction order.

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- (2) This subsection does not apply to any tenant against whom 3 judgments of possession have been entered for rent due and unpaid in the 12 months prior to the initiation of the action to which this subsection otherwise would apply.
- [(h)] (1) The tenant or the landlord may appeal from the judgment of the District Court to the circuit court for any county at any time within 4 days from the rendition of the judgment.
- 9 The tenant, in order to stay any execution of the judgment, shall give a
 10 bond to the landlord with one or more sureties, who are owners of sufficient property in the
 11 State of Maryland, with condition to prosecute the appeal with effect, and answer to the
 12 landlord in all costs and damages mentioned in the judgment, and other damages as shall
 13 be incurred and sustained by reason of the appeal.
- 14 (3) The bond shall not affect in any manner the right of the landlord to
 15 proceed against the tenant, assignee or subtenant for any and all rents that may become
 16 due and payable to the landlord after the rendition of the judgment.
 - (a) This section applies only to a tenant who has an application for rental assistance pending with an agency that distributes funds for rental assistance that was submitted before or within 30 days after the tenant's landlord filed a written complaint under § 8–401(b) of the Real Property Article.
 - (b) Notwithstanding any other law and subject to subsections (c) and (d) of this section, if a tenant presents evidence satisfactory to the court that the tenant is currently waiting for a determination regarding a good—faith application for rental assistance from an agency that distributes funds for rental assistance, the court shall:
- 25 (1) <u>if judgment has not been entered, stay any proceeding until resolution</u> 26 of the tenant's application and disbursement of any funds awarded; or
- 27 (2) if judgment has been entered in favor of the landlord and the tenant
 28 has the right of redemption, stay the execution of any warrant of restitution or order
 29 requiring the tenant to surrender the premises until resolution of the tenant's application
 30 and disbursement of any funds awarded.
- 31 (c) A stay ordered under subsection (b) of this section may not exceed 35 days.
- 32 (d) The court may not stay a proceeding under subsection (b)(2) of this section if 33 the court stayed the proceeding under subsection (b)(1) of this section.
- SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act is an emergency measure, is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health or safety, has been passed by a yea and nay vote supported by three—fifths of all the members elected to

- 1 each of the two Houses of the General Assembly, and shall take effect from the date it is
- 2 enacted. It shall remain effective through September 30, 2025, and, at the end of September
- 3 30, 2025, this Act, with no further action required by the General Assembly, shall be
- 4 <u>abrogated and of no further force and effect.</u>

Approved:	
	Governor.
	Speaker of the House of Delegates.
	President of the Senate.