

## Calendar No. 224

116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 2260

To provide for the improvement of domestic infrastructure in order to prevent marine debris, and for other purposes.

### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

July 24, 2019

Mr. Sullivan (for himself, Mr. Whitehouse, Mr. Menendez, Mr. Blumenthal, Mr. Coons, Mr. Murphy, and Mr. Merkley) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Environment and Public Works

September 25, 2019

Reported by Mr. Barrasso, with an amendment

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

# A BILL

To provide for the improvement of domestic infrastructure in order to prevent marine debris, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; DEFINITIONS.
- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Save Our Seas 2.0: Improving Domestic Infrastructure
- 6 to Prevent Marine Debris Act".

1	(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this Act:
2	(1) EPA ADMINISTRATOR.—The term "EPA
3	Administrator' means the Administrator of the En-
4	vironmental Protection Agency.
5	(2) Indian Tribe.—The term "Indian Tribe"
6	has the meaning given the term "Indian tribe" in
7	section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Edu-
8	eation Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304), without re-
9	gard to capitalization.
10	(3) INTENDED USE PLAN.—The term "intended
11	use plan" means a plan developed by a State under
12	section $3(e)(1)$ .
13	(4) Nonprofit organization.—The term
14	"nonprofit organization" means an organization that
15	is described in section 501(e) of the Internal Rev-
16	enue Code of 1986 and exempt from tax under sec-
17	tion 501(a) of such Code.
18	(5) Post-consumer materials manage-
19	MENT.—The term "post-consumer materials man-
20	agement" means the systems, operation, supervision,
21	and aftereare of processes and equipment used for
22	post-use material (including packaging, goods, prod-
23	ucts, and other materials), including—
24	(A) collection;
25	(B) transport;

1	(C) safe disposal of waste that cannot be
2	recovered, reused, recycled, repaired, or refur-
3	bished; and
4	(D) systems and processes related to post-
5	use materials that can be recovered, reused, re-
6	eyeled, repaired, or refurbished.
7	(6) STATE.—The term "State" means—
8	(A) a State;
9	(B) an Indian Tribe;
10	(C) the District of Columbia; and
11	(D) a territory or possession of the United
12	States.
13	(7) STATE LOAN FUND.—The term "State loan
14	fund" means a post-consumer materials manage-
15	ment revolving State loan fund established by a
16	State under section $3(a)(2)(B)$ .
17	(8) Under Secretary.—The term "Under
18	Secretary" means the Under Secretary of Commerce
19	for Oceans and Atmosphere and Administrator of
20	the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administra-
21	<del>tion.</del>

1	SEC. 2. STRATEGY FOR IMPROVING POST-CONSUMER MA-
2	TERIALS MANAGEMENT AND WATER MAN-
3	AGEMENT.
4	(a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the
5	date of enactment of this Act, the EPA Administrator
6	shall, in consultation with stakeholders, develop a strategy
7	to improve post-consumer materials management and resi-
8	dential recycling infrastructure, particularly for post-con-
9	sumer materials management that is (at the time of enact-
10	ment of this Act) not meeting existing national standards,
11	for the purpose of reducing potential leakage of plastic
12	waste and other post-consumer materials into waterways
13	and oceans.
14	(b) Release.—On development of the strategy
15	under subsection (a), the EPA Administrator shall—
16	(1) distribute the strategy to States and units
17	of local government; and
18	(2) make the strategy publicly available for use
19	<del>by</del> —
20	(A) for-profit private entities involved in
21	post-consumer materials management; and
22	(B) other nongovernmental entities.
23	(e) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
24	gress that the strategy under subsection (a) should include
25	guidance, for the purpose of reducing potential leakage of

1	plastic waste and other post-consumer materials into wa-
2	terways and oceans, relating to—
3	(1) the harmonization of post-consumer mate-
4	rials management protocols, such as waste collection
5	and municipal recycling, including—
6	(A) best practices for the collection of resi-
7	dential recyclables;
8	(B) improved quality and sorting of resi-
9	dential recyclable materials through opportuni-
10	ties such as—
11	(i) education and awareness pro-
12	<del>grams;</del>
13	(ii) improved infrastructure, including
14	new equipment and innovative technologies
15	for processing of recyclable materials;
16	(iii) enhanced markets for recycled
17	material; and
18	(iv) standardized measurements; and
19	(C) increasing capacity for more types of
20	plastic (including plastic films) and other mate-
21	rials to be collected, processed, and recycled or
22	repurposed into usable materials or products;
23	(2) the development of new strategies and pro-
24	grams that prioritize engagement and cooperation
25	with States and the private sector to expedite efforts

1	and assistance in States to partner with, encourage,
2	advise, and facilitate the development and execution,
3	where practicable, of projects, programs, and initia-
4	<del>tives</del>
5	(A) to improve the capacity, security, and
6	standards of operations for post-consumer ma-
7	terials management;
8	(B) to monitor and track how well post-
9	consumer materials management entities are
10	functioning, based on uniform and transparent
11	standards developed in cooperation with munic-
12	ipal, industrial, Federal, and civil society stake-
13	holders;
14	(C)(i) to identify the operational challenges
15	of post-consumer materials management; and
16	(ii) to develop policy and programmatic so-
17	lutions to those challenges; and
18	(D) to end intentional and unintentional
19	incentives for municipalities, industries, and in-
20	dividuals to improperly dispose of municipal
21	post-consumer materials; and
22	(3) strengthening markets for products with
23	high levels of recycled plastic content.
24	(d) Complementary Activities.—It is the sense of
25	Congress that the strategy developed under subsection (a)

1	should include guidance on activities that are complemen-
2	tary to the activities described in subsection (e), such as—
3	(1) reducing waste at the source of the waste,
4	including anti-litter initiatives;
5	(2) developing effective post-consumer materials
6	management provisions for—
7	(A) national pollutant discharge elimi-
8	nation system permits issued to municipal sepa-
9	rate storm sewer systems under section 402 of
10	the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33
11	U.S.C. 1342); and
12	(B) stormwater management plans;
13	(3) capturing post-consumer materials at
14	stormwater inlets, at stormwater outfalls, or in bod-
15	ies of water;
16	(4) providing education and outreach relating to
17	post-consumer materials movement and reduction
18	and
19	(5) monitoring or modeling post-consumer ma-
20	terial flows and the reduction of post-consumer ma-
21	terials resulting from the implementation of best
2.2.	management practices

1	SEC. 3. POST-CONSUMER MATERIALS MANAGEMENT STATE
2	REVOLVING FUNDS.
3	(a) Block Grants to States To Establish Loan
4	Funds.—
5	(1) In General.—The EPA Administrator
6	shall offer to enter into agreements with eligible
7	States to make capitalization block grants, including
8	letters of credit, to the States under this sub-
9	section—
10	(A) to support improvements to local post-
11	consumer materials management, including mu-
12	nicipal recycling programs;
13	(B) to assist local waste management au-
14	thorities in making improvements to local waste
15	management systems—
16	(i) to meet waste management stand-
17	ards, particularly with respect to systems
18	falling significantly below national stand-
19	ards, as determined by the EPA Adminis-
20	trator; and
21	(ii) to implement the strategy devel-
22	$\frac{\text{oped under section } 2(a)}{}$ ;
23	(C) to deploy waste interceptor tech-
24	nologies, such as "trash wheels" and litter
25	traps, to manage the collection and cleanup of
26	accreated waste from waterways, and

1	(D) for such other purposes as the EPA
2	Administrator determines to be appropriate.
3	(2) ELIGIBILITY.—To be eligible to receive a
4	eapitalization block grant under this subsection, a
5	State shall—
6	(A) enter into a capitalization agreement
7	with the EPA Administrator under paragraph
8	<del>(1);</del> and
9	(B) establish a post-consumer materials
10	management revolving State loan fund.
11	(3) Deposit.—Funds from a capitalization
12	block grant to a State under this subsection shall be
13	deposited in the State loan fund established by the
14	State.
15	(4) Period.—Funds from a capitalization block
16	grant to a State under this subsection shall be avail-
17	able to the State for obligation—
18	(A) during the fiscal year for which the
19	funds are authorized; and
20	(B) during the following fiscal year.
21	(5) Allotment.—Funds made available to
22	carry out this section shall be allotted to States at
23	the discretion of the EPA Administrator.
24	(6) REALLOTMENT.—Any funds not obligated
25	by a State by the last day of the period for which

1	the block grants are available shall be reallotted in
2	accordance with paragraph (5).
3	(b) USE OF FUNDS.—
4	(1) In General.—Amounts deposited in a
5	State loan fund, including loan repayments and in-
6	terest earned on the amounts, shall be used only
7	(A) for providing loans or loan guarantees
8	(B) for outcomes-based or performance
9	<del>payments; or</del>
10	(C) as a source of reserve and security for
11	leveraged loans.
12	(2) Limitations.—Loans or loan guarantees
13	made by a State under paragraph $(1)(A)$ —
14	(A) may be used only for expenditures of
15	a type or category that the EPA Administrator
16	has determined, through guidance, will—
17	(i) facilitate compliance with an in-
18	tended use plan; or
19	(ii) otherwise significantly further the
20	purposes described in subparagraphs (A)
21	through (C) of subsection (a)(1); and
22	(B) may not be used for the acquisition of
23	real property or an interest in real property
24	unless the acquisition is—

1	(i) integral to an intended use plan;
2	and
3	(ii) from a willing seller.
4	(c) Intended Use Plans.—
5	(1) In General.—After providing for public
6	review and comment, each State that has entered
7	into a capitalization agreement under subsection
8	(a)(1) annually shall prepare a plan that identifies
9	the intended uses of the amounts available from the
10	State loan fund of the State.
11	(2) Contents.—An intended use plan shall in-
12	<del>clude—</del>
13	(A) a list of the projects to be carried out
14	by entities receiving the loans in the first fiscal
15	year that begins after the date of the intended
16	use plan, including a description of the project;
17	(B) a description of how the funds will
18	support disadvantaged communities;
19	(C) an explanation of any local restrictions,
20	such as flow control measures, that restrict ac-
21	cess to recyclable materials;
22	(D) the criteria and methods established
23	for the use of the funds; and

1	(E) a description of the financial status of
2	the State loan fund and the short- and long-
3	term goals of the State loan fund.
4	(3) List of Projects.—Each State, after no-
5	tice and opportunity for public comment, shall pub-
6	lish, and periodically update, a list of projects in the
7	State that are eligible for assistance under this sec-
8	tion, including—
9	(A) the priority assigned to each project;
10	and
11	(B) to the maximum extent practicable,
12	the expected funding schedule for each project.
13	(d) Fund Management.—
14	(1) In General.—Each State loan fund shall
15	be established, maintained, and eredited with repay-
16	ments and interest, and the fund corpus shall be
17	available in perpetuity in accordance with this sec-
18	<del>tion.</del>
19	(2) INVESTMENT AUTHORIZED.—To the extent
20	amounts in the State loan fund of a State are not
21	required for current obligation or expenditure, the
22	amounts shall be invested in interest bearing obliga-
23	tions.
24	(e) STATE CONTRIBUTIONS. Each capitalization
25	agreement entered into under subsection (a)(1) shall re-

1	quire that the State deposit in the State loan fund from
2	State funds an amount equal to not less than 20 percent
3	of the total amount of the block grant to be made to the
4	State on or before the date on which the block grant pay-
5	ment is made to the State.
6	(f) Administration of State Loan Fund.—
7	(1) In General.—Each State annually may
8	use not greater than 4 percent of the funds allotted
9	to the State under this section to cover the reason-
10	able costs of administration of the programs under
11	this section, including the recovery of reasonable
12	costs expended to establish a State loan fund that
13	are incurred after the date of enactment of this Act.
14	(2) Guidance and regulations.—The EPA
15	Administrator shall issue guidance and promulgate
16	regulations as are necessary to earry out this sec-
17	tion, including guidance and regulations—
18	(A) to ensure that each State commits and
19	expends funds allotted to the State under this
20	section as efficiently as practicable in accord-
21	ance with this section and applicable State law;
22	(B) to prevent waste, fraud, and abuse;
23	and
24	(C) to ensure that the States receiving
25	block grants under this section use accounting,

1 audit, and fiscal procedures that conform to
2 generally accepted accounting standards.

(3) STATE REPORT.—Not less frequently than every 2 years, each State administering a State loan fund under this section shall submit to the EPA Administrator a report describing the activities carried out under this section, including the findings of the most recent audit of the State loan fund and the entire State allotment.

(4) AUDITS.—The EPA Administrator shall periodically audit all State loan funds established by, and all other amounts allotted to, the States in accordance with procedures established by the Comptroller General of the United States.

### (g) Applicability of Federal Law.—

shall ensure that all laborers and mechanics employed on projects funded directly, or assisted in whole or in part, by a State loan fund established by this section shall be paid wages at rates not less than those prevailing on projects of a character similar in the locality as determined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with subchapter IV of chapter 31 of part A of subtitle II of title 40, United States Code.

1	(2) AUTHORITY.—With respect to the labor
2	standards specified in paragraph (1), the Secretary
3	of Labor shall have the authority and functions set
4	forth in Reorganization Plan Numbered 14 of 1950
5	(64 Stat. 1267; 5 U.S.C. App.) and section 3145 of
6	title 40, United States Code.
7	(h) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
8	are authorized to be appropriated to earry out this section
9	\$300,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2020 through 2025.
10	SEC. 4. GRANT PROGRAMS.
11	(a) Post-Consumer Materials Management In-
12	FRASTRUCTURE GRANT PROGRAM.—
13	(1) In General.—The EPA Administrator
14	may provide grants to units of local government, In-
15	dian Tribes, and local post-consumer materials man-
16	agement entities—
17	(A) to assist those entities in making im-
18	provements to post-consumer materials manage-
19	<del>ment—</del>
20	(i) to meet waste management stand-
21	ards; and
22	(ii) to implement the strategy devel-
23	oped under section 2(a); and
24	(B) to support improvements to local post-
25	consumer materials management, including tra-

ditional and innovative recycling and reuse
technologies and processes for transforming reeyelable plastics into commodity-grade materials
for use.

(2) APPLICATIONS.—To be eligible to receive a grant under paragraph (1), an applicant shall submit to the EPA Administrator an application at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the EPA Administrator may require.

### (b) Drinking Water Infrastructure Grants.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The EPA Administrator may provide competitive grants to units of local government (including units of local government that own treatment works (as defined in section 212 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1292))), Indian Tribes, and public water systems (as defined in section 1401 of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300f)), as applicable, to support improvements in removing plastic waste from drinking water, including planning, design, construction, technical assistance, and planning support for operational adjustments.

(2) PREFERENCE.—In making grants under paragraph (1), the EPA Administrator shall give preference to applicants that—

1	(A) seek to improve the removal of micro
2	plastics, including microfibers, from drinking
3	water; and
4	(B) have demonstrated prior commitmen
5	and success in reducing other pollution sources
6	in drinking water, such as lead and other con
7	taminants.
8	(3) APPLICATIONS.—To be eligible to receive a
9	grant under paragraph (1), an applicant shall sub
10	mit to the EPA Administrator an application a
11	such time, in such manner, and containing such in
12	formation as the EPA Administrator may require.
13	(c) Wastewater Infrastructure Grants.—
14	(1) In General.—The EPA Administrator
15	may provide grants to units of local government (in
16	cluding units of local government that own treat
17	ment works (as defined in section 212 of the Federa
18	Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1292))) and
19	public water systems (as defined in section 1401 or
20	the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300f)), as
21	applicable, to support improvements in removing
22	plastic waste from wastewater.
23	(2) Preference. In making grants under
24	paragraph (1) the EPA Administrator shall give

preference to applicants that—

1	(A) seek to improve the removal of micro-
2	plastics, including microfibers, from wastewater;
3	and
4	(B) have demonstrated prior commitment
5	and success in reducing other pollution sources
6	in wastewater, such as nutrient pollution and
7	other contaminants.
8	(3) APPLICATIONS.—To be eligible to receive a
9	grant under paragraph (1), an applicant shall sub-
10	mit to the EPA Administrator an application at
11	such time, in such manner, and containing such in-
12	formation as the EPA Administrator may require.
13	(d) Trash-Free Waters Grants.—
14	(1) In GENERAL.—The EPA Administrator
15	may provide grants to political subdivisions of States
16	and units of local government, Indian Tribes, and
17	nonprofit organizations—
18	(A) to support projects to reduce the quan-
19	tity of solid waste in bodies of water by reduc-
20	ing the quantity of waste at the source, includ-
21	ing through anti-litter initiatives;
22	(B) to enforce local post-consumer mate-
23	rials management ordinances;
24	(C) to implement the solid waste provisions
25	of a national pollutant discharge elimination

1	system permit issued to a municipal separate
2	storm sewer system under section 402 of the
3	Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C.
4	<del>1342);</del>
5	(D) to capture post-consumer materials at
6	stormwater inlets, at stormwater outfalls, or in
7	bodies of water;
8	(E) to provide education and outreach
9	about post-consumer materials movement and
10	reduction; and
11	(F) to monitor or model flows of post-con-
12	sumer materials, including monitoring or mod-
13	eling a reduction in trash as a result of the im-
14	plementation of best management practices for
15	the reduction of plastic waste and other post-
16	consumer materials in sources of drinking
17	water.
18	(2) APPLICATIONS.—To be eligible to receive a
19	grant under paragraph (1), an applicant shall sub-
20	mit to the EPA Administrator an application at
21	such time, in such manner, and containing such in-
22	formation as the EPA Administrator may require.
23	(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—
24	(1) In General.—Subject to paragraph (2),
25	there are authorized to be appropriated, for each of

1	the programs described in this section, \$50,000,000
2	per year for each of fiscal years 2020 through 2025.
3	(2) No impact on other federal funds.—
4	(A) In General.—No funds shall be made
5	available under paragraph (1) to carry out sub-
6	sections (b) and (e) in a fiscal year if the total
7	amount made available to earry out the pro-
8	grams described in subparagraph (B) for that
9	fiscal year is less than the total amount made
10	available to carry out the programs described in
11	subparagraph (B) for fiscal year 2019.
12	(B) Programs described.—The pro-
13	grams referred to in subparagraph (A) are—
14	(i) State drinking water treatment re-
15	volving loan funds established under sec-
16	tion 1452 of the Safe Drinking Water Act
17	(42 U.S.C. 300j-12);
18	(ii) programs for assistance for small
19	and disadvantaged communities under sub-
20	sections (a) through (j) of section 1459A
21	of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C.
22	<del>300j–19a);</del> and
23	(iii) State water pollution control re-
24	volving funds established under title VI of

1	the Federal Water Pollution Control Act
2	(33 U.S.C. 1381 et seq.).
3	SEC. 5. STUDY ON REPURPOSING PLASTIC WASTE IN IN
4	FRASTRUCTURE.
5	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Transportation
6	(referred to in this section as the "Secretary") and the
7	EPA Administrator shall seek to jointly enter into an ar-
8	rangement with the National Academies of Sciences, Engi-
9	neering, and Medicine under which the National Acad-
10	emies will—
11	(1) conduct a study of the feasibility and advis-
12	ability of innovative uses of plastic waste in road
13	ways, bridges, and other infrastructure; and
14	(2) as part of the study under paragraph (1)—
15	(A) identify international examples of—
16	(i) the use of materials described in
17	that paragraph; and
18	(ii) projects in which the use of plastic
19	waste has been applied;
20	(B) assess the economic benefits, if any
21	including employment opportunities, to munici-
22	palities and States in investing in innovative
23	reuse of plastic waste in infrastructure; and
24	(C) if the National Academies consider
25	uses described in that paragraph to be advis-

able, make recommendations with respect to
what Federal testing standards and other barriers may need to be addressed to enable those
uses, including with respect to ensuring human
health and safety.

6 (b) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 2 years
7 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall
8 submit to Congress a report on the study conducted under
9 subsection (a).

### (c) Grant Program.—

- (1) In GENERAL.—If the National Academies consider the immovative uses of plastic waste described in subsection (a)(1) to be advisable, and the Secretary agrees, the Secretary shall establish a grant program to encourage those uses.
- (2) DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS.—If the Secretary establishes a grant program under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall carry out the grant program by selecting, through a competitive process, not more than 5 projects to demonstrate the uses described in subsection (a)(1), each of which shall be located in a different region of the United States.
- (3) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date on which the last demonstration project, if any, is completed under paragraph (2), the Sec-

1	retary shall submit to Congress a report summa-
2	rizing the results of the demonstration projects, in-
3	<del>cluding—</del>
4	(A) the total quantity of plastic waste redi-
5	rected from the waste stream into infrastrue-
6	<del>ture;</del>
7	(B) the durability of the infrastructure
8	constructed with plastic waste; and
9	(C) any cost savings achieved through the
10	use of plastic waste in the demonstration
11	<del>projects.</del>
12	(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
13	are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are nec-
14	essary to earry out this section.
15	SEC. 6. STUDY ON OPTIONS TO ADVANCE TECHNOLOGIES
16	FOR CONVERTING PLASTIC WASTE TO
17	CHEMICALS, FEEDSTOCKS, AND OTHER
18	PRODUCTS.
19	(a) In General.—The EPA Administrator shall
20	seek to enter into an arrangement with the National Acad-
21	emies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine under which
22	the National Academies will conduct a study on options
23	to advance technologies (including pyrolysis,
24	hydropyrolysis, methanolysis, gasification, and enzymatic

- 1 breakdown) for converting plastic waste to useful prod-
- 2 ucts, such as chemicals, feedstocks, fuels, and energy.
- 3 (b) INCLUSIONS.—As part of the study under sub-
- 4 section (a), the National Academies shall conduct an eval-
- 5 uation of—
- 6 (1) the air emissions associated with tech-
- 7 nologies described in that subsection; and
- 8 (2) an evaluation of the ability of those tech-
- 9 nologies to become cost-competitive with other op-
- 10 tions for obtaining source materials or producing en-
- 11 ergy.
- 12 (e) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 2 years
- 13 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the EPA Ad-
- 14 ministrator shall submit to Congress a report on the study
- 15 conducted under subsection (a).
- 16 SEC. 7. STUDY ON EFFECTS OF MICROPLASTICS IN FOOD
- 17 SUPPLIES AND SOURCES OF DRINKING
- 18 water.
- 19 (a) In General.—The EPA Administrator, in con-
- 20 sultation with the Under Secretary, shall seek to enter into
- 21 an arrangement with the National Academies of Sciences,
- 22 Engineering, and Medicine under which the National
- 23 Academies will conduct a human health and environmental
- 24 risk assessment on microplastics, including microfibers, in
- 25 food supplies and sources of drinking water.

1	(b) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 2 years
2	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the EPA Ad-
3	ministrator shall submit to Congress a report on the study
4	conducted under subsection (a) that includes—
5	(1) a science-based definition of "microplastics"
6	that can be adopted in federally supported moni-
7	toring and future assessments supported or con-
8	ducted by a Federal agency;
9	(2) recommendations for standardized moni-
10	toring, testing, and other necessary protocols relat-
11	ing to microplastics;
12	(3)(A) an assessment of whether microplastics
13	are currently present in the food supplies and
14	sources of drinking water of United States con-
15	sumers; and
16	(B) if the assessment under subparagraph (A)
17	is positive—
18	(i) the extent to which microplastics are
19	present in the food supplies and sources of
20	drinking water; and
21	(ii) an assessment of the type, source,
22	prevalence, and risk of microplastics in the food
23	supplies and sources of drinking water;
24	(4) an assessment of the risk posed, if any, by
25	the presence of microplastics in the food supplies

1	and sources of drinking water of United States con-
2	sumers that includes—
3	(A) an identification of the most signifi-
4	cant sources of those microplastics; and
5	(B) a review of the best available science
6	to determine any potential hazards of micro-
7	plastics in the food supplies and sources of
8	drinking water of United States consumers; and
9	(5) a measurement of—
10	(A) the quantity of environmental chemi-
11	eals that absorb to microplastics; and
12	(B) the quantity described in subpara-
13	graph (A) that would be available for human
14	exposure through food supplies or sources of
15	drinking water.
16	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
17	are authorized to be appropriated such sums as are nee-
18	essary to carry out this section.
19	SEC. 8. REPORT ON ELIMINATING BARRIERS TO INCREASE
20	THE COLLECTION OF RECYCLABLE MATE
21	RIALS.
22	Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment
23	of this Act, the EPA Administrator shall submit to Con-
24	gress a report describing—

1	(1) the economic, technological, resource avail-
2	ability, or other barriers to increasing the collection
3	of recyclable materials; and
4	(2) recommendations to overcome the barriers
5	described under paragraph (1).
6	SEC. 9. REPORT ON ECONOMIC INCENTIVES TO SPUR DE-
7	VELOPMENT OF NEW END-USE MARKETS FOR
8	RECYCLED PLASTICS.
9	Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment
10	of this Act, the EPA Administrator shall submit to Con-
11	gress a report describing the most efficient and effective
12	economic incentives to spur the development of additional
13	new end-use markets for recyclable plastics (including
14	plastic film), including the use of increased recycled con-
15	tent by manufacturers in the production of plastic goods
16	and packaging.
17	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; DEFINITIONS.
18	(a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
19	"Save Our Seas 2.0: Improving Domestic Infrastructure to
20	Prevent Marine Debris Act".
21	(b) Definitions.—In this Act:
22	(1) EPA ADMINISTRATOR.—The term "EPA Ad-
23	ministrator" means the Administrator of the Envi-
24	ronmental Protection Agency.

1	(2) Indian Tribe.—The term "Indian Tribe"
2	has the meaning given the term "Indian tribe" in sec-
3	tion 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Edu-
4	cation Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304), without re-
5	gard to capitalization.
6	(3) Nonprofit organization.—The term "non-
7	profit organization" means an organization that is
8	described in section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue
9	Code of 1986 and exempt from tax under section
10	501(a) of such Code.
11	(4) Post-consumer materials manage-
12	MENT.—The term "post-consumer materials manage-
13	ment" means the systems, operation, supervision, and
14	long-term management of processes and equipment
15	used for post-use material (including packaging,
16	goods, products, and other materials), including—
17	(A) collection;
18	(B) transport;
19	(C) safe disposal of waste that cannot be re-
20	covered, reused, recycled, repaired, or refur-
21	bished; and
22	(D) systems and processes related to post-
23	use materials that can be recovered, reused, recy-
24	cled, repaired, or refurbished.
25	(5) State.—The term "State" means—

1	(A) a State;
2	(B) an Indian Tribe;
3	(C) the District of Columbia;
4	(D) a territory or possession of the United
5	States; or
6	(E) any political subdivision of an entity
7	described in subparagraphs (A) through (D).
8	(6) Under Secretary.—The term "Under Sec-
9	retary" means the Under Secretary of Commerce for
10	Oceans and Atmosphere and Administrator of the Na-
11	$tional\ Oceanic\ and\ Atmospheric\ Administration.$
12	SEC. 2. STRATEGY FOR IMPROVING POST-CONSUMER MATE-
13	RIALS MANAGEMENT AND WATER MANAGE-
13 14	RIALS MANAGEMENT AND WATER MANAGE- MENT.
14 15	MENT.
14 15	MENT.  (a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the date
14 15 16 17	MENT.  (a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the EPA Administrator shall, in
14 15 16 17	MENT.  (a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the EPA Administrator shall, in consultation with stakeholders, develop a strategy to im-
114 115 116 117 118	MENT.  (a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the EPA Administrator shall, in consultation with stakeholders, develop a strategy to improve post-consumer materials management and infrastruc-
114 115 116 117 118	MENT.  (a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the EPA Administrator shall, in consultation with stakeholders, develop a strategy to improve post-consumer materials management and infrastructure for the purpose of reducing plastic waste and other
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	MENT.  (a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the EPA Administrator shall, in consultation with stakeholders, develop a strategy to improve post-consumer materials management and infrastructure for the purpose of reducing plastic waste and other post-consumer materials in waterways and oceans.
114 115 116 117 118 119 220 221	MENT.  (a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the EPA Administrator shall, in consultation with stakeholders, develop a strategy to improve post-consumer materials management and infrastructure for the purpose of reducing plastic waste and other post-consumer materials in waterways and oceans.  (b) Release.—On development of the strategy under
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	MENT.  (a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the EPA Administrator shall, in consultation with stakeholders, develop a strategy to improve post-consumer materials management and infrastructure for the purpose of reducing plastic waste and other post-consumer materials in waterways and oceans.  (b) Release.—On development of the strategy under subsection (a), the EPA Administrator shall—

1	(A) for-profit private entities involved in
2	post-consumer materials management; and
3	(B) other nongovernmental entities.
4	SEC. 3. SENSE OF THE SENATE FOR ISSUES TO BE IN-
5	CLUDED IN STRATEGY FOR POST-CONSUMER
6	MATERIALS MANAGEMENT AND WATER MAN-
7	AGEMENT.
8	It is the sense of the Senate that the strategy under
9	section 2 should address, for the purpose of reducing plastic
10	waste and other post-consumer materials in waterways and
11	oceans—
12	(1) the harmonization of post-consumer mate-
13	rials management protocols, including—
14	(A) best practices for the collection of post-
15	$consumer\ recyclables;$
16	(B) improved quality and sorting of post-
17	consumer recyclable materials through opportu-
18	nities such as—
19	(i) education and awareness programs;
20	(ii) improved infrastructure, including
21	new equipment and innovative technologies
22	for processing of recyclable materials;
23	(iii) enhanced markets for recycled ma-
24	terial; and
25	(iv) standardized measurements; and

1	(C) increasing capacity, where practicable,
2	for more types of plastic (including plastic films)
3	and other materials to be collected, processed,
4	and recycled or repurposed into usable materials
5	or products;
6	(2) the development of new strategies and pro-
7	grams that prioritize engagement and cooperation
8	with States and the private sector to expedite efforts
9	and assistance for States to partner with, encourage,
10	advise, and facilitate the development and execution,
11	where practicable, of projects, programs, and initia-
12	tives—
13	(A) to improve operations for post-consumer
14	$materials\ management;$
15	(B) to monitor how well post-consumer ma-
16	terials management entities are functioning;
17	(C)(i) to identify the operational challenges
18	of post-consumer materials management; and
19	(ii) to develop policy and programmatic so-
20	lutions to those challenges; and
21	(D) to end intentional and unintentional
22	incentives to improperly dispose of post-con-
23	sumer materials;
24	(3) strengthening markets for products with high
25	levels of recycled plastic content; and

1	(4) the consideration of complementary activi-
2	ties, such as—
3	(A) reducing waste at the source of the
4	waste, including anti-litter initiatives;
5	(B) developing effective post-consumer mate-
6	rials management provisions in stormwater
7	management plans;
8	(C) capturing post-consumer materials at
9	stormwater inlets, at stormwater outfalls, or in
10	bodies of water;
11	(D) providing education and outreach relat-
12	ing to post-consumer materials movement and
13	reduction;
14	(E) monitoring or modeling post-consumer
15	material flows and the reduction of post-con-
16	sumer materials resulting from the implementa-
17	tion of best management practices; and
18	(F) incentives for manufacturers to design
19	packaging and consumer goods that can more
20	easily be recycled, repurposed, or otherwise re-
21	moved from the waste stream after their initial
22	use.
23	SEC. 4. GRANT PROGRAMS.
24	(a) Post-Consumer Materials Management In-
25	FRASTRUCTURE GRANT PROGRAM.—

1	(1) In General.—The EPA Administrator may
2	provide grants to States, as defined in section 1(b)(5),
3	to implement the strategy developed under section
4	2(a) and—
5	(A) to support improvements to local post-
6	consumer materials management, including mu-
7	nicipal recycling programs;
8	(B) to assist local waste management au-
9	thorities in making improvements to local waste
10	management systems;
11	(C) to deploy waste interceptor technologies,
12	such as "trash wheels" and litter traps, to man-
13	age the collection and cleanup of aggregated
14	waste from waterways; and
15	(D) for such other purposes as the EPA Ad-
16	ministrator determines to be appropriate.
17	(2) Applications.—To be eligible to receive a
18	grant under paragraph (1), the applicant State shall
19	submit to the EPA Administrator an application at
20	such time, in such manner, and containing such in-
21	formation as the EPA Administrator may require.
22	(3) Contents of applications.—In developing
23	application requirements, the EPA Administrator
24	shall consider requesting that a State applicant pro-
25	vide—

1	(A) a description of the project or projects
2	to be carried out by entities receiving the grant;
3	(B) a description of how the funds will sup-
4	port disadvantaged communities; and
5	(C) an explanation of any limitations, such
6	as flow control measures, that restrict access to
7	recyclable materials.
8	(4) Report to congress.—Not later than Jan-
9	uary 1, 2023, the EPA Administrator shall submit to
10	the Committee on Environment and Public Works of
11	the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and
12	Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a re-
13	port that includes—
14	(A) a description of the activities carried
15	out under this subsection;
16	(B) estimates as to how much plastic waste
17	was prevented from entering the oceans and
18	other waterways as a result of activities funded
19	by the grant; and
20	(C) a recommendation on the utility of
21	evolving the grant program into a new waste
22	management State revolving fund.
23	(b) Drinking Water Infrastructure Grants.—
24	(1) In General.—The EPA Administrator may
25	provide competitive grants to units of local govern-

- ment, including units of local government that own treatment works (as defined in section 212 of the Fed-eral Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1292)), Indian Tribes, and public water systems (as defined in section 1401 of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42) U.S.C. 300f)), as applicable, to support improvements in removing plastic waste and post-consumer mate-rials, including microplastics and microfibers, from drinking water, including planning, design, construc-tion, technical assistance, and planning support for operational adjustments.
  - (2) APPLICATIONS.—To be eligible to receive a grant under paragraph (1), an applicant shall submit to the EPA Administrator an application at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the EPA Administrator may require.

### (c) Wastewater Infrastructure Grants.—

(1) In General.—The EPA Administrator may provide grants to units of local government, including units of local government that own treatment works (as defined in section 212 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1292)), Indian Tribes, and public water systems (as defined in section 1401 of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300f)), as applicable, to support improvements in removing

1	plastic waste and post-consumer materials, including
2	microplastics and microfibers, from wastewater.
3	(2) Applications.—To be eligible to receive a
4	grant under paragraph (1), an applicant shall submit
5	to the EPA Administrator an application at such
6	time, in such manner, and containing such informa-
7	tion as the EPA Administrator may require.
8	(d) Trash-free Waters Grants.—
9	(1) In General.—The EPA Administrator may
10	provide grants to units of local government, Indian
11	Tribes, and nonprofit organizations—
12	(A) to support projects to reduce the quan-
13	tity of solid waste in bodies of water by reducing
14	the quantity of waste at the source, including
15	$through\ anti-litter\ initiatives;$
16	(B) to enforce local post-consumer materials
17	$management\ ordinances;$
18	(C) to implement State or local policies re-
19	lating to solid waste;
20	(D) to capture post-consumer materials at
21	stormwater inlets, at stormwater outfalls, or in
22	bodies of water;
23	(E) to provide education and outreach
24	about post-consumer materials movement and re-
25	duction; and

- 1 (F) to monitor or model flows of post-con2 sumer materials, including monitoring or mod3 eling a reduction in trash as a result of the im4 plementation of best management practices for
  5 the reduction of plastic waste and other post-con5 sumer materials in sources of drinking water.
  - (2) APPLICATIONS.—To be eligible to receive a grant under paragraph (1), an applicant shall submit to the EPA Administrator an application at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the EPA Administrator may require.

### (e) Applicability of Federal Law.—

- (1) In General.—The EPA Administrator shall ensure that all laborers and mechanics employed on projects funded directly, or assisted in whole or in part, by a grant established by this section shall be paid wages at rates not less than those prevailing on projects of a character similar in the locality as determined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with subchapter IV of chapter 31 of part A of subtitle II of title 40, United States Code.
- (2) AUTHORITY.—With respect to the labor standards specified in paragraph (1), the Secretary of Labor shall have the authority and functions set forth in Reorganization Plan Numbered 14 of 1950 (64)

1	Stat. 1267; 5 U.S.C. App.) and section 3145 of title
2	40, United States Code.
3	(f) Limitation on Use of Funds.—A grant under
4	this section may not be used (directly or indirectly) as a
5	source of payment (in whole or in part) of, or security for,
6	an obligation the interest on which is excluded from gross
7	income under section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of
8	1986.
9	(g) Authorization of Appropriations.—
10	(1) In General.—Subject to paragraph (2),
11	there are authorized to be appropriated—
12	(A) for the program described subsection
13	(a), \$55,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2021
14	through 2025; and
15	(B) for each of the programs described sub-
16	sections (b), (c), and (d), \$10,000,000 for each of
17	fiscal years 2021 through 2025.
18	(2) No impact on other federal funds.—
19	(A) In General.—No funds shall be made
20	available under paragraph (1) to carry out sub-
21	sections (b) and (c) in a fiscal year if the total
22	amount made available to carry out the pro-
23	grams described in subparagraph (B) for that
24	fiscal year is less than the total amount made

1	available to carry out the programs described in
2	subparagraph (B) for fiscal year 2019.
3	(B) Programs described.—The programs
4	referred to in subparagraph (A) are—
5	(i) State drinking water treatment re-
6	volving loan funds established under section
7	1452 of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42
8	U.S.C. 300j–12);
9	(ii) programs for assistance for small
10	and disadvantaged communities under sub-
11	sections (a) through (j) of section 1459A of
12	the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C.
13	300j–19a); and
14	(iii) State water pollution control re-
15	volving funds established under title VI of
16	the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33
17	U.S.C. 1381 et seq.).
18	SEC. 5. STUDY ON REPURPOSING PLASTIC WASTE IN INFRA-
19	STRUCTURE.
20	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Transportation
21	(referred to in this section as the "Secretary") and the EPA
22	Administrator shall jointly enter into an arrangement with
23	the National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Med-
24	icine under which the National Academies will—

1	(1) conduct a study on the uses of plastic waste
2	in infrastructure; and
3	(2) as part of the study under paragraph (1)—
4	(A) identify domestic and international ex-
5	amples of—
6	(i) the use of plastic waste materials
7	described in that paragraph;
8	(ii) infrastructure projects in which the
9	use of plastic waste has been applied; and
10	(iii) projects in which the use of plastic
11	waste has been incorporated into or with
12	$other\ infrastructure\ materials;$
13	(B) assess—
14	(i) the effectiveness and utility of the
15	uses of plastic waste described in that para-
16	graph;
17	(ii) the extent to which plastic waste
18	materials are consistent with recognized
19	specifications for infrastructure construction
20	and other recognized standards;
21	(iii) relevant impacts of plastic waste
22	materials compared to non-waste plastic
23	materials;
24	(iv) the health, safety, and environ-
25	mental impacts of—

1	(I) plastic waste on humans and
2	animals; and
3	(II) the increased use of plastic
4	$waste\ for\ in frastructure;$
5	(v) the ability of plastic waste infra-
6	structure to withstand natural disasters, ex-
7	treme weather events, and other hazards;
8	and
9	(vi) plastic waste in infrastructure
10	through an economic analysis; and
11	(C) make recommendations with respect to
12	what standards or matters may need to be ad-
13	dressed with respect to ensuring human and ani-
14	mal health and safety from the use of plastic
15	waste in infrastructure.
16	(b) Report Required.—Not later than 2 years after
17	the date of enactment of this Act and subject to the avail-
18	ability of appropriations, the Secretary and the EPA Ad-
19	ministrator shall submit to Congress a report on the study
20	conducted under subsection (a).
21	SEC. 6. STUDY ON EFFECTS OF MICROPLASTICS IN FOOD
22	SUPPLIES AND SOURCES OF DRINKING
23	WATER.
24	(a) In General.—The EPA Administrator, in con-
25	sultation with the Under Secretary, shall seek to enter into

1	an arrangement with the National Academies of Sciences,
2	Engineering, and Medicine under which the National Acad-
3	emies will conduct a human health and environmental risk
4	assessment on microplastics, including microfibers, in food
5	supplies and sources of drinking water.
6	(b) Report Required.—Not later than 2 years after
7	the date of enactment of this Act, the EPA Administrator
8	shall submit to Congress a report on the study conducted
9	under subsection (a) that includes—
10	(1) a science-based definition of "microplastics"
11	that can be adopted in federally supported monitoring
12	and future assessments supported or conducted by a
13	Federal agency;
14	(2) recommendations for standardized moni-
15	toring, testing, and other necessary protocols relating
16	to microplastics;
17	(3)(A) an assessment of whether microplastics
18	are currently present in the food supplies and sources
19	of drinking water of United States consumers; and
20	(B) if the assessment under subparagraph (A) is
21	positive—
22	(i) the extent to which microplastics are
23	present in the food supplies and sources of drink-
24	ing water; and

1	(ii) an assessment of the type, source, preva-
2	lence, and risk of microplastics in the food sup-
3	plies and sources of drinking water;
4	(4) an assessment of the risk posed, if any, by
5	the presence of microplastics in the food supplies and
6	sources of drinking water of United States consumers
7	that includes—
8	(A) an identification of the most significant
9	sources of those microplastics; and
10	(B) a review of the best available science to
11	determine any potential hazards of microplastics
12	in the food supplies and sources of drinking
13	water of United States consumers; and
14	(5) a measurement of—
15	(A) the quantity of environmental chemicals
16	that absorb to microplastics; and
17	(B) the quantity described in subparagraph
18	(A) that would be available for human exposure
19	through food supplies or sources of drinking
20	water.

1	SEC. 7. REPORT ON ELIMINATING BARRIERS TO INCREASE					
2	THE COLLECTION OF RECYCLABLE MATE-					
3	RIALS.					
4	Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of					
5	this Act, the EPA Administrator shall submit to Congress					
6	a report describing—					
7	(1) the economic, educational, technological, re-					
8	source availability, legal, or other barriers to increas-					
9	ing the collection, processing, and use of recyclable					
10	materials; and					
11	(2) recommendations to overcome the barriers de-					
12	scribed under paragraph (1).					
13	SEC. 8. REPORT ON ECONOMIC INCENTIVES TO SPUR DE-					
14	VELOPMENT OF NEW END-USE MARKETS FOR					
15	RECYCLED PLASTICS.					
16	Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of					
17	this Act, the EPA Administrator shall submit to Congress					
18	a report describing the most efficient and effective economic					
19	incentives to spur the development of additional new end-					
20	use markets for recyclable plastics (including plastic film),					
21	including the use of increased recycled content by manufac-					
22	turers in the production of plastic goods and packaging.					

# Calendar No. 224

116TH CONGRESS S. 2260

# A BILL

To provide for the improvement of domestic infrastructure in order to prevent marine debris, and for other purposes.

September 25, 2019 Reported with an amendment