

116TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 4918

To transfer antitrust enforcement functions from the Federal Trade Commission to the Department of Justice, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

NOVEMBER 18, 2020

Mr. Lee introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To transfer antitrust enforcement functions from the Federal Trade Commission to the Department of Justice, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- This Act may be cited as the "One Agency Act".
- 5 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 6 Congress finds the following:
- 7 (1) It is the policy of the United States to pro-
- 8 mote the vigorous, effective, and efficient enforce-
- 9 ment of the antitrust laws.

1	(2) The overlapping antitrust enforcement ju-
2	risdiction of the Department of Justice and the Fed-
3	eral Trade Commission has wasted taxpayer re-
4	sources, hampered enforcement efforts, and caused
5	uncertainty for businesses and consumers in the
6	United States.
7	(3) It is preferable that primary Federal re-
8	sponsibility for enforcing the antitrust laws of the
9	United States be given to a single agency, and the
10	Department of Justice is best suited to do so.
11	SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
12	In this Act:
13	(1) Antitrust laws.—The term "antitrust
14	laws'' means—
15	(A) the Sherman Act (15 U.S.C. 1 et seq.)
16	and
17	(B) the Clayton Act (15 U.S.C. 12 et
18	seq.).
19	(2) Assistant attorney general.—The
20	term "Assistant Attorney General" means the As-
21	sistant Attorney General for the Antitrust Division
22	of the Department of Justice.
2223	of the Department of Justice. (3) Commission.—The term "Commission"

1	(4) Effective date.—The term "effective
2	date" means the date described in section 6.
3	(5) FTC ANTITRUST ACTION.—The term "FTC
4	antitrust action" means any litigation or administra-
5	tive proceeding initiated by the Commission that—
6	(A) is supervised by an FTC Antitrust
7	Unit; or
8	(B) relates to the antitrust laws or section
9	5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15
10	U.S.C. 45), as in effect on the day before the
11	effective date.
12	(6) FTC ANTITRUST ASSETS.—The term "FTC
13	antitrust assets"—
14	(A) means all electronic or tangible records
15	and files relating to matters supervised, as well
16	as any physical assets or equipment owned and
17	used or retained, by an FTC Antitrust Unit;
18	and
19	(B) does not include any office space or
20	leased facilities or equipment.
21	(7) FTC ANTITRUST EMPLOYEE.—The term
22	"FTC antitrust employee" means an individual who
23	on the day before the effective date is employed by
24	the Federal Trade Commission and assigned to an
25	FTC Antitrust Unit.

1	(8) FTC ANTITRUST FUNCTION.—The term
2	"FTC antitrust function" means a function of the
3	Commission relating to the antitrust laws or unfair
4	methods of competition under section 5 of the Fed-
5	eral Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 45), as in ef-
6	fect on the day before the effective date.
7	(9) FTC ANTITRUST FUNDING.—The term
8	"FTC antitrust funding" means—
9	(A) all amounts appropriated before the ef-
10	fective date by an Act of Congress to the Fed-
11	eral Trade Commission that are designated, by
12	Congress or the Commission, for an FTC Anti-
13	trust Unit; and
14	(B) all fees collected by the Federal Trade
15	Commission before the effective date under sec-
16	tion 7A of the Clayton Act (15 U.S.C. 18a) and
17	rules issued under that section.
18	(10) FTC ANTITRUST UNIT.—The term "FTC
19	Antitrust Unit' means—
20	(A) the Bureau of Competition of the
21	Commission; and
22	(B) each division of the Bureau of Eco-
23	nomics of the Commission that is designated to
24	work on FTC antitrust actions.

1	(11) Function.—The term "function" means
2	any duty, obligation, power, authority, responsibility,
3	right, privilege, activity, or program.
4	(12) Transition Period.—The term "transi-
5	tion period" means the period beginning on the ef-
6	fective date of this Act and ending on the later of—
7	(A) the date that is 1 year after the effec-
8	tive date of this Act; or
9	(B) the date that is 180 days after the
10	date described in subparagraph (A), which may
11	be extended by the Assistant Attorney General
12	once for an additional 180 days, if the Assist-
13	ant Attorney General determines that a period
14	longer than the period described in subpara-
15	graph (A) is necessary to avoid harm to the in-
16	terests of the United States or the effective en-
17	forcement of the antitrust laws.
18	SEC. 4. TRANSFER OF ANTITRUST ENFORCEMENT FUNC-
19	TIONS FROM THE FEDERAL TRADE COMMIS-
20	SION TO THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.
21	(a) Transfer of Functions.—
22	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
23	graph (3)(D), there shall be transferred to the De-
24	partment of Justice all FTC antitrust functions.

1	FTC antitrust employees, FTC antitrust assets, and
2	FTC antitrust funding on the earlier of—
3	(A) the date determined by the Assistant
4	Attorney General under paragraph (2)(B); or
5	(B) the end of the transition period.
6	(2) Requirement.—The Assistant Attorney
7	General, taking care to minimize disruption to ongo-
8	ing enforcement matters and in consultation as nec-
9	essary with the Attorney General, the Office of Per-
10	sonnel Management, the General Services Adminis-
11	tration, and the Chairman of the Commission,
12	shall—
13	(A) take all necessary actions to complete
14	implementation of this Act before the end of the
15	transition period; and
16	(B) determine the dates certain, which
17	may not be earlier than the effective date nor
18	later than the end of the transition period, on
19	which the transfers under paragraph (1) shall
20	occur.
21	(3) Personnel.—
22	(A) Assignment.—An FTC antitrust em-
23	ployee transferred to the Department of Justice
24	under this Act shall be assigned to the Anti-
25	trust Division of the Department of Justice

- 1 (B) EFFECT ON PERSONNEL.—Except as
 2 provided in subparagraph (C), the transfer
 3 under this Act of an FTC antitrust employee
 4 shall not cause the employee to be separated or
 5 reduced in grade or compensation for 1 year
 6 after the transfer date.
 - (C) EXECUTIVE SCHEDULE.—Notwithstanding subparagraph (B), the Assistant Attorney General may appoint an FTC antitrust employee in a Senior Executive Service position, as defined in section 3132 of title 5, United States Code, to a position within the Antitrust Division rate payable for a position at level 15, step 10 of the General Schedule.
 - (D) Voluntary nontransfer of Personnel.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1), an FTC antitrust employee may, with the consent of the Chairman of the Commission, elect to remain an employee of the Commission assigned to a non-FTC Antitrust Unit.
 - (E) Office space.—Upon request from the Assistant Attorney General, and in consultation as necessary with the General Services Administration, the Commission shall allow the Department of Justice to use any office space

or leased facilities previously used by FTC antitrust employees until such time as the Department of Justice may provide its own office space or facilities. After the transfer of FTC antitrust funding to the Department of Justice, the Department of Justice shall compensate the Commission for the costs of the use of such office space or leased facilities.

(F) RESTRUCTURING.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Assistant Attorney General is authorized to restructure the Antitrust Division before the expiration of the transition period, as the Assistant Attorney General determines is appropriate, to carry out the purposes of this Act and accomplish the efficient enforcement of the antitrust laws.

(4) Antitrust actions.—

(A) In GENERAL.—As soon as is reasonably practicable during the transition period, all open investigations, litigations, matters, or other proceedings being supervised by an FTC antitrust unit and relating to the antitrust laws or unfair methods of competition under section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 45), as in effect on the day before the

effective date, shall be transferred to and assumed by the Department of Justice.

- (B) Handling of Certain administrative proceedings that were initiated by the Commission, were unresolved as of the first day of the transition period, and relate to enforcement of the antitrust laws or unfair methods of competition under section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 45), as in effect on the day before the effective date, shall be treated in the following manner:
 - (i) Any such proceeding pending before an administrative law judge shall be dismissed without prejudice and the matter shall be referred to the Assistant Attorney General.
 - (ii) For any such proceeding pending on appeal before the Commission, the administrative appeal shall cease, the ruling of the administrative law judge shall be treated as the final decision of the Commission, and the Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit shall have jurisdiction over any appeal therefrom.

1	(C) Intervention.—
2	(i) In general.—In any FTC anti-
3	trust action before a court of the United
4	States as of the first day of the transition
5	period, the court shall allow the Depart-
6	ment of Justice to—
7	(I) intervene and assume rep-
8	resentation of the Federal Govern-
9	ment from the Commission; and
10	(II) amend any complaint origi-
11	nally brought by the Commission for
12	the purpose of alleging violations of
13	statutes other than the Federal Trade
14	Commission Act as necessary and
15	where appropriate.
16	(ii) Scheduling order upon re-
17	QUEST.—Upon the request of the Commis-
18	sion or the Department of Justice, and in
19	consultation with all parties to the matter,
20	the court shall issue an order making such
21	scheduling adjustments as necessary to fa-
22	cilitate the transfer of prosecutorial re-
23	sponsibilities under this subparagraph.
24	(D) CONSENT DECREES.—At the end of
25	the transition period, the Department of Justice

shall have sole authority to enforce violations
of, approve modifications to, or rescind any consent decree entered into by the Commission before the effective date that concerns conduct alleged to violate the antitrust laws or unfair
methods of competition under section 5 of the
Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 45),
as in effect on the day before the effective date.

- (5) AUTHORITY TO CONDUCT INVESTIGATIVE STUDIES.—
 - (A) REPORTS OF PERSONS, PARTNER-SHIPS, AND CORPORATIONS.—

(i) In General.—The Department of Justice may require, by general or special orders, persons, partnerships, and corporations, engaged in or whose business affects commerce to file with the Department in such form as the Department may prescribe annual or special reports or answers in writing to specific questions, furnishing to the Department such information as the Department may require as to the organization, business, conduct, practices, management, and relation to other corporations, partnerships, and individuals of the

1	respective persons, partnerships, and cor-
2	porations filing such reports or answers in
3	writing.
4	(ii) Oath.—Reports and answers re-
5	quired under clause (i) shall—
6	(I) be made under oath or other-
7	wise as the Department may pre-
8	scribe;
9	(II) pertain solely to competition
10	or the application of the antitrust
11	laws; and
12	(III) be filed with the Depart-
13	ment within such reasonable period as
14	the Department may prescribe, unless
15	additional time be granted in any case
16	by the Department.
17	(B) Publication of Information or
18	REPORTS.—
19	(i) In general.—Except as provided
20	in clause (ii), the Department of Justice—
21	(I) shall make public from time
22	to time such portions of the informa-
23	tion obtained by the Department
24	under this paragraph as are in the
25	public interest;

1	(II) may make annual and spe-
2	cial reports to Congress that include
3	recommendations for additional legis-
4	lation; and
5	(III) shall provide for the publi-
6	cation of reports and decisions of the
7	Department in such form and manner
8	as may be best adapted for public in-
9	formation and use.
10	(ii) Prohibition against publica-
11	TION OF PRIVILEGED OR CONFIDENTIAL
12	INFORMATION.—
13	(I) In general.—Except as pro-
14	vided in subclause (II), the Depart-
15	ment of Justice shall not make public
16	any trade secret or any commercial or
17	financial information that is obtained
18	from any person and that is privileged
19	or confidential.
20	(II) Exception.—The Depart-
21	ment may disclose information de-
22	scribed in subclause (I) to—
23	(aa) officers and employees
24	of appropriate Federal law en-
25	forcement agencies or to any offi-

1 cer or employee of any State law 2 enforcement agency upon the 3 prior certification of an officer of any such Federal or State law enforcement agency that such in-6 formation will be maintained in 7 confidence and will be used only 8 for official law enforcement pur-9 poses; or (bb) any officer or employee 10 of any foreign law enforcement 11 12 agency under the same 13 cumstances that making material 14 available to foreign law enforce-15 ment agencies is permitted under section 21(b) of the Federal 16 17 Commission Trade Act (15)18 U.S.C. 57b-2(b). 19 (6) Benefit of antitrust division.—All FTC antitrust assets and FTC antitrust funding 20 21 transferred under this subsection shall be for the ex-22 clusive use and benefit of the Antitrust Division of 23 the Department of Justice. (b) Transition Period.— 24

1	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
2	graph (2), beginning on the effective date, the Com-
3	mission may not—
4	(A) hire or assign an employee to an FTC
5	Antitrust Unit;
6	(B) open a new investigation or matter
7	within an FTC Antitrust Unit or relating to
8	antitrust enforcement;
9	(C) without the approval of the Assistant
10	Attorney General, enter into a consent decree,
11	enter into a settlement agreement, or otherwise
12	resolve an FTC antitrust action; or
13	(D) initiate a new FTC antitrust action.
14	(2) Enforcement on behalf of the De-
15	PARTMENT OF JUSTICE.—Notwithstanding para-
16	graph (1), during the transition period, the Assist-
17	ant Attorney General may deputize an FTC Anti-
18	trust Employee to investigate or prosecute an al-
19	leged violation of the antitrust laws on behalf of the
20	Department of Justice before the completion of the
21	transfer of personnel under subsection (a)(3).
22	(3) Same rights and obligations.—
23	(A) In General.—Notwithstanding any
24	other provision of law, during the transition pe-
25	riod all Department of Justice employees under

- 1 the supervision of the Assistant Attorney Gen-2 eral shall have the same rights and obligations with respect to confidential information sub-3 4 mitted to the Commission as FTC antitrust em-
 - (B) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this paragraph may be construed as implying any change to the rights and obligations described in subparagraph (A) as a result of this Act.

ployees on the day before the effective date.

- 11 (c) AGREEMENTS.—The Assistant Attorney General, in consultation with the Chairman of the Commission, 13 shall—
- 14 (1) review any agreements between the Com-15 mission and any other Federal agency or any foreign 16 law enforcement agency; and
- 17 (2) before the end of the transition period, seek 18 to amend, transfer, or rescind such agreements as 19 necessary and appropriate to carry out this Act, en-20 deavoring to complete such amendment, transfer, or rescindment with all due haste.
- 22 (d) Rules.—The Attorney General shall, pursuant 23 to section 7A of the Clayton Act (15 U.S.C. 18a) and in accordance with section 553 of title 5, United States Code,

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1	prescribe or amend any rules as necessary to carry out
2	this Act.
3	SEC. 5. TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.
4	(a) CLAYTON ACT.—The Clayton Act (15 U.S.C. 12
5	et seq.) is amended—
6	(1) in section 2 (15 U.S.C. 13)—
7	(A) in subsection (a), by striking "Federal
8	Trade Commission" and inserting "Attorney
9	General of the United States"; and
10	(B) in subsection (b), by striking "Com-
11	mission" and inserting "Attorney General of
12	the United States";
13	(2) in section 5(a) (15 U.S.C. 16(a)), in the
14	second sentence, by striking ", except that, in any
15	action or proceeding brought under the antitrust
16	laws, collateral estoppel effect shall not be given to
17	any finding made by the Federal Trade Commission
18	under the antitrust laws or under section 5 of the
19	Federal Trade Commission Act which could give rise
20	to a claim for relief under the antitrust laws";
21	(3) in section 7 (15 U.S.C. 18)—
22	(A) in the first undesignated paragraph, by
23	striking "and no person subject to the jurisdic-
24	tion of the Federal Trade Commission shall ac-
25	quire the whole or any part of the assets of an-

1	other person engaged also in commerce or in
2	any activity affecting commerce"; and
3	(B) in the second undesignated paragraph,
4	by striking "and no person subject to the juris-
5	diction of the Federal Trade Commission shall
6	acquire the whole or any part of the assets of
7	one or more persons engaged in commerce or in
8	any activity affecting commerce";
9	(4) in section 7A (15 U.S.C. 18a)—
10	(A) in subsection (b)—
11	(i) in paragraph (1)(A), in the matter
12	preceding clause (i), by striking "the Fed-
13	eral Trade Commission and"; and
14	(ii) in paragraph (2), by striking
15	"Federal Trade Commission and the";
16	(B) in subsection (c)—
17	(i) in paragraph (6), by striking "the
18	Federal Trade Commission and"; and
19	(ii) in paragraph (8), by striking "the
20	Federal Trade Commission and";
21	(C) in subsection (d)—
22	(i) in the matter preceding paragraph
23	(1), by striking "Federal Trade Commis-
24	sion, with the concurrence of the Assistant

1	Attorney General and" and inserting "At-
2	torney General of the United States"; and
3	(ii) in paragraph (1), by striking "the
4	Federal Trade Commission and";
5	(D) in subsection (e)—
6	(i) in paragraph (1)—
7	(I) in subparagraph (A), by strik-
8	ing "Federal Trade Commission or
9	the"; and
10	(II) in subparagraph (B), by
11	striking "and the Federal Trade Com-
12	mission shall each" and inserting
13	"shall"; and
14	(ii) in paragraph (2)—
15	(I) by striking "Federal Trade
16	Commission or the";
17	(II) by striking "its or";
18	(III) by striking "the Federal
19	Trade Commission or" each place the
20	term appears; and
21	(IV) by striking ", as the case
22	may be,";
23	(E) in subsection (f)—
24	(i) by striking "the Federal Trade
25	Commission, alleging that a proposed ac-

1	quisition violates section 7 of this Act or
2	section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission
3	Act, or an action is filed by"; and
4	(ii) by striking "the Federal Trade
5	Commission or";
6	(F) in subsection (g)(2), in the matter fol-
7	lowing subparagraph (C), by striking "the Fed-
8	eral Trade Commission or";
9	(G) in subsection (h), by striking "or the
10	Federal Trade Commission"; and
11	(H) in subsection (i)—
12	(i) in paragraph (1), by striking "the
13	Federal Trade Commission or" each place
14	the term appears; and
15	(ii) in paragraph (2)—
16	(I) by striking "or the Federal Trade Com-
17	mission"; and
18	(J) by striking ", the Federal Trade Com-
19	mission Act,"; and
20	(5) in section $8(a)(5)$ (15 U.S.C. $19(a)(5)$), in
21	the second sentence, by striking "Federal Trade
22	Commission" and inserting "Attorney General of the
23	United States".
24	(b) Charitable Gift Annuity Antitrust Relief
25	ACT OF 1995.—Section 3(1) of the Charitable Gift Annu-

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1 ity Antitrust Relief Act of 1995 (15 U.S.C. 37a(1)) is
   amended by striking ", except that such term includes sec-
 3
   tion 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C.
 4
   45) to the extent that such section 5 applies to unfair
 5
   methods of competition".
 6
        (c) Pension Funding Equity Act of 2004.—Sec-
   tion 207(b)(1)(A)(i) of the Pension Funding Equity Act
 8
   of 2004 (15 U.S.C. 37b(b)(1)(A)(i)) is amended by strik-
   ing ", except that such term includes section 5 of the Fed-
10
   eral Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 45) to the extent
   such section 5 applies to unfair methods of competition".
        (d) FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION ACT.—The Fed-
12
   eral Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 41 et seq.) is
14
   amended—
15
             (1) in section 5 (15 U.S.C. 45)—
16
                 (A) in subsection (a)—
17
                      (i) in paragraph (1), by striking
18
                 "methods of competition in or affecting
19
                 commerce, and unfair";
20
                      (ii) by striking paragraph (3); and
21
                      (iii) by redesignating paragraph (4) as
22
                 paragraph (3);
23
                 (B) in subsection (b)—
24
                      (i) in the first sentence, by striking
                 "unfair method of competition or"; and
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1	(ii) in the fifth sentence—
2	(I) by striking "the method of
3	competition or"; and
4	(II) by striking "method of com-
5	petition or such";
6	(C) in subsection (c)—
7	(i) in the first sentence—
8	(I) by striking "method of com-
9	petition or"; and
10	(II) by striking "method of com-
11	petition or the"; and
12	(ii) in the third sentence, by striking
13	"or to competitors";
14	(D) by striking subsection (e);
15	(E) in subsection (g), by striking para-
16	graph (4); and
17	(F) in subsection (n), in the first sentence,
18	by striking "or to competition";
19	(2) in section 6 (15 U.S.C. 46)—
20	(A) by striking subsections (c) through (e)
21	and (i);
22	(B) by redesignating—
23	(i) subsections (f), (g), and (h) as
24	subsections (c) through (e), respectively;
25	and

1	(ii) subsections (j) through (l) as sub-
2	sections (f) through (h), respectively;
3	(C) in subsection $(f)(1)$, as so redesig-
4	nated, by striking "other than Federal antitrust
5	laws (as defined in section 12(5) of the Inter-
6	national Antitrust Enforcement Assistance Act
7	of 1994 (15 U.S.C. 6211(5))),"; and
8	(D) in subsection $(h)(2)$, as so redesig-
9	nated, in the matter preceding subparagraph
10	(A), by striking "or competition";
11	(3) by repealing section 7 (15 U.S.C. 47);
12	(4) in section 11 (15 U.S.C. 51), by striking
13	"antitrust Acts or the" each place the term appears;
14	(5) in section 18 (15 U.S.C. 57a(a)(2)), by
15	striking the second sentence;
16	(6) in section 20 (15 U.S.C. 57b-1)—
17	(A) in subsection (a)—
18	(i) in paragraph (2), by striking "or
19	in any antitrust violations";
20	(ii) in paragraph (3), by striking "or
21	any provisions relating to antitrust viola-
22	tions";
23	(iii) in paragraph (7), by striking "or
24	any antitrust violation"; and
25	(iv) by striking paragraph (8);

1	(B) in subsection $(c)(1)$, by striking "or to
2	antitrust violations,"; and
3	(C) in subsection (j)(1), by striking ", any
4	proceeding under section 11(b) of the Clayton
5	Act (15 U.S.C. 21(b)),";
6	(7) in section 21(b)(6) (15 U.S.C. 57b-
7	2(b)(6)), in the matter following subparagraph (D),
8	by striking "paragraphs (5) and (7)" and inserting
9	"paragraphs (4) and (6)"; and
10	(8) in section 21A (15 U.S.C. 57b–2a)—
11	(A) by striking subsection (f);
12	(B) by redesignating subsection (g) as sub-
13	section (f);
14	(C) in subsection (f), as so redesignated,
15	by striking "subsection (g)" each place the
16	term appears and inserting "subsection (f)";
17	and
18	(D) in section 24 (15 U.S.C. 57b–5(a)), by
19	striking "for any conduct which, because of the
20	provisions of the Act entitled 'An Act to author-
21	ize association of producers of agricultural
22	products', approved February 18, 1922 (7
23	U.S.C. 291 et seq., commonly known as the
24	Capper-Volstead Act), is not a violation of any
25	of the antitrust Acts or this Act".

1	(e) Webb-Pomerene Act.—The Webb-Pomerene
2	Act (15 U.S.C. 61 et seq.) is amended—
3	(1) by repealing section 4 (15 U.S.C. 64); and
4	(2) in section 5—
5	(A) in the first undesignated paragraph—
6	(i) in the first sentence, by striking
7	"Federal Trade Commission" and insert-
8	ing "Attorney General of the United
9	States"; and
10	(ii) in the second sentence, by striking
11	"commission" each place the term appears
12	and inserting "Attorney General of the
13	United States";
14	(B) in the second undesignated para-
15	graph—
16	(i) in the first sentence, by striking
17	"Federal Trade Commission" and insert-
18	ing "Attorney General of the United
19	States"; and
20	(ii) by striking the third sentence; and
21	(C) by striking the third undesignated
22	paragraph.
23	(f) WOOL PRODUCTS LABELING ACT OF 1939.—The
24	Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939 (15 U.S.C. 68 et
25	sea.) is amended—

1	(1) by striking "an unfair method of competi-
2	tion, and" each place the term appears; and
3	(2) in section 68g(b), by striking "an unfair
4	method of competition and".
5	(g) FUR PRODUCTS LABELING ACT.—The Fur Prod-
6	ucts Labeling Act (15 U.S.C. 69 et seq.) is amended by
7	striking "an unfair method of competition, and" each
8	place the term appears.
9	(h) Textile Fiber Products Identification
10	Act.—The Textile Fiber Products Identification Act (15 $$
11	U.S.C. 70 et seq.) is amended—
12	(1) by striking "an unfair method of competi-
13	tion, and" each place the term appears; and
14	(2) in section 3 (15 U.S.C. 70a), by striking
15	"an unfair method of competition and" each place
16	the term appears.
17	(i) Antitrust Civil Process Act.—Section 4(d) of
18	the Antitrust Civil Process Act (15 U.S.C. 1313(d)) is
19	amended—
20	(1) in paragraph (1), by striking "(1) Whoever"
21	and inserting "Whoever"; and
22	(2) by striking paragraph (2).
23	(j) International Antitrust Enforcement As-
24	SISTANCE ACT OF 1994.—The International Antitrust

1	Enforcement Assistance Act of 1994 (15 U.S.C. 6201 et
2	seq.) is amended—
3	(1) in section 2 (15 U.S.C. 6201), in the matter
4	preceding paragraph (1), by striking "and the Fed-
5	eral Trade Commission";
6	(2) in section 3(b) (15 U.S.C. 6202(b)), by
7	striking "and the Commission may, using their re-
8	spective authority to investigate possible violations of
9	the Federal antitrust laws," and inserting "may";
10	(3) in section $5(1)$ (15 U.S.C. $6204(1)$), by
11	striking "or the Commission" each place the term
12	appears;
13	(4) in section 6 (15 U.S.C. 6205)—
14	(A) by striking "or the Commission"; and
15	(B) by striking "6(f)" and inserting
16	"6(e)";
17	(5) in section 7 (15 U.S6206)—
18	(A) by striking ", with the concurrence of
19	the Commission," each place the term appears;
20	and
21	(B) in subsection $(c)(2)(B)$, by striking
22	"and the Commission";
23	(6) in section 8 (15 U.S.C. 6207)—
24	(A) by striking "Neither the Attorney Gen-
25	eral nor the Commission may" each place the

1	term appears and inserting "The Attorney Gen-
2	eral may not";
3	(B) in subsection (a), by striking "or the
4	Commission, as the case may be,";
5	(C) in subsection (b), by striking "or the
6	Commission"; and
7	(D) in subsection (c)—
8	(i) by striking "or the Commission";
9	and
10	(ii) by striking "or the Commission,
11	as the case may be,";
12	(7) in section 10 (15 U.S.C. 6209)—
13	(A) in subsection (a)—
14	(i) by striking ", the Commission,";
15	and
16	(ii) by striking "(a) In General.—
17	The" and inserting "The"; and
18	(B) by striking subsection (b);
19	(8) in section 12 (15 U.S.C. 6211)—
20	(A) in paragraph (2)—
21	(i) in the matter preceding subpara-
22	graph (A)—
23	(I) by striking "and the Commis-
24	sion jointly determine" and inserting
25	"determines";

1	(II) by striking "jointly"; and
2	(III) by striking "and the Com-
3	mission";
4	(ii) in subparagraph (A)—
5	(I) by striking "and the Commis-
6	sion" each place the term appears;
7	and
8	(II) by striking "provide" and in-
9	serting "provides";
10	(iii) in subparagraph (E)(ii), in the
11	matter preceding subclause (I), by striking
12	"or the Commission, as the case may be,";
13	(iv) in subparagraph (F)—
14	(I) by striking "or the Commis-
15	sion"; and
16	(II) by striking "or the Commis-
17	sion, respectively,"; and
18	(v) in subparagraph (H)—
19	(I) in clause (i)—
20	(aa) by striking "or the
21	Commission"; and
22	(bb) by striking "or the
23	Commission, respectively,"; and

1	(II) in clause (ii), by striking "or
2	the Commission" each place the term
3	appears;
4	(B) by striking paragraph (4);
5	(C) by redesignating paragraphs (5)
6	through (9) as paragraphs (4) through (8), re-
7	spectively; and
8	(D) in paragraph (4), as so redesignated,
9	by striking "but also includes section 5 of the
10	Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 45)
11	to the extent that such section 5 applies to un-
12	fair methods of competition"; and
13	(9) in section 13 (15 U.S.C. 6212)—
14	(A) by striking "and the Commission are"
15	and inserting "is"; and
16	(B) by striking "or the Commission, re-
17	spectively,".
18	(k) Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement,
19	AND MODERNIZATION ACT OF 2003.—Subtitle B of title
20	XI of the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and
21	Modernization Act of 2003 (Public Law 108–173; 117
22	Stat. 2461) is amended—
23	(1) in the subtitle heading, by striking "Federal
24	Trade Commission" and inserting "Antitrust";
25	(2) in section 1111 (21 U.S.C. 355 note)—

1	(A) by striking paragraph (8); and
2	(B) by redesignating paragraphs (9)
3	through (12) as paragraphs (8) through (11),
4	respectively;
5	(3) in section 1112(c) (21 U.S.C. 355 note), by
6	striking "and the Commission" each place the term
7	appears;
8	(4) in section 1113 (21 U.S.C. 355 note), by
9	striking "and the Commission";
10	(5) in section 1114 (21 U.S.C. 355 note), by
11	striking "or the Commission";
12	(6) in section 1115 (21 U.S.C. 355 note)—
13	(A) in subsection (a), by striking ", or
14	brought by the Commission in accordance with
15	the procedures established in section $16(a)(1)$
16	of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15
17	U.S.C. 56(a))"; and
18	(B) in subsection (b), by striking "or the
19	Commission";
20	(7) in section 1116 (21 U.S.C. 355 note), in
21	the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking
22	"Commission, with the concurrence of the Assistant
23	Attorney General" and inserting "Attorney Gen-
24	eral"; and

- 1 (8) in section 1117 (21 U.S.C. 355 note), by
- 2 striking "or the Commission" each place the term
- 3 appears.
- 4 (1) Other Laws.—For any other provision of law re-
- 5 quiring the Assistant Attorney General or the Attorney
- 6 General to consult with or seek the concurrence of the
- 7 Commission or the Chairman of the Commission, where
- 8 such requirement relates to the antitrust laws or unfair
- 9 methods of competition under section 5 of the Federal
- 10 Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 45), as in effect on the
- 11 day before the effective date, that requirement shall be
- 12 waived.

13 SEC. 6. EFFECTIVE DATE.

- Except where explicitly provided otherwise, this Act
- 15 and the amendments made by this Act shall take effect
- 16 on the start of the first fiscal year that is at least 90 days
- 17 after the date of enactment of this Act.