

115TH CONGRESS H.R. 5434

To restrict the use of funds for kinetic military operations in North Korea.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

April 5, 2018

Mr. TED LIEU of California introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and in addition to the Committee on Armed Services, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To restrict the use of funds for kinetic military operations in North Korea.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Preventing Preemptive
- 5 War in North Korea Act of 2018".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress makes the following findings:

- 1 (1) North Korea's nuclear weapons program 2 presents a grave threat to the United States and our 3 allies in Asia, including South Korea and Japan.
 - (2) North Korea's ongoing missile tests and nuclear weapons development have led to escalating tensions with South Korea, Japan, China, and the United States.
 - (3) Secretary of Defense James Mattis warned that if North Korea retaliated against a limited first strike using its conventional artillery arsenal, it "would probably be the worst kind of fighting in most people's lifetimes".
 - (4) 230,000 United States nationals in South Korea, including 28,500 members of the Armed Forces, would be at risk in the case of war with North Korea.
 - (5) The Pentagon estimates that 20,000 people in Seoul would die every day in the event of a conventional war on the Korean Peninsula.
 - (6) Secretary of State Rex Tillerson traveled to Beijing in September 2017 to discuss calming tensions and obtaining a diplomatic solution on North Korea.
 - (7) President Trump tweeted during Secretary Tillerson's visit that the Secretary of State was

- 1 "wasting his time" and previously threatened that
- North Korea's leaders "wouldn't be around much
- 3 longer".

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- 4 (8) Loose talk of war and belligerent rhetoric 5 increases the risk of miscalculation by either side 6 and severely unnerves United States allies.
 - (9) Article I, section 8, of the Constitution grants Congress the sole power to declare war.
- 9 (10) Section 2(c) of the War Powers Resolution 10 (50 U.S.C. 1541(c)) states, "The constitutional pow-11 ers of the President as Commander-in-Chief to intro-12 duce United States Armed Forces into hostilities, or 13 into situations where imminent involvement in hos-14 tilities is clearly indicated by the circumstances, are 15 exercised only pursuant to (1) a declaration of war, 16 (2) specific statutory authorization, or (3) a national 17 emergency created by attack upon the United 18 States, its territories or possessions, or its armed 19 forces.".

20 SEC. 3. RESTRICTION ON USE OF FUNDS FOR KINETIC MILI-

21 TARY OPERATIONS IN NORTH KOREA.

- 22 (a) In General.—No funds may be used for kinetic
- 23 military operations in North Korea absent an imminent
- 24 threat to the United States without express congressional
- 25 authorization.

- 1 (b) Exceptions.—The prohibition shall not apply
- 2 with respect to the introduction of the Armed Forces into
- 3 hostilities to repel a sudden attack on the United States,
- 4 its territories or possessions, or its Armed Forces, or its
- 5 allies; nor does it apply to the deployment of United States
- 6 Armed Forces to rescue or remove United States citizens
- 7 or personnel.
- 8 (c) Rules of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
- 9 tion may be construed to relieve the Executive Branch of
- 10 the restrictions on the use of force or the reporting re-
- 11 quirements stated in the War Powers Resolution (50
- 12 U.S.C. 1541 et seq.).

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