

SENATE BILL 396

E2
SB 273/20 – JPR

EMERGENCY BILL

2lr0123
CF HB 423

By: **The President (By Request – Administration) and Senators Bailey, Carozza, Cassilly, Eckardt, Edwards, Gallion, Hershey, Hough, Jennings, Ready, Salling, Simonaire, and West**

Introduced and read first time: January 24, 2022

Assigned to: Judicial Proceedings

A BILL ENTITLED

1 AN ACT concerning

2 **Crimes – Firearms – Penalties and Procedures**
3 **(Violent Firearms Offender Act of 2022)**

4 FOR the purpose of expanding the types of cases in which the State may appeal from a
5 decision of a trial court under certain circumstances; establishing, altering, and
6 clarifying penalties for and elements of certain firearm-related crimes; prohibiting
7 a District Court commissioner from authorizing the pretrial release of a certain
8 defendant charged with a certain firearm-related crime under certain
9 circumstances; prohibiting a dealer or other person from selling, renting, loaning, or
10 transferring a regulated firearm to a purchaser, lessee, borrower, or transferee if the
11 dealer or other person has actual knowledge that the purchaser, lessee, borrower, or
12 transferee was previously convicted of a certain crime or intends to use the regulated
13 firearm for a certain purpose; altering a certain definition of “technical violation”
14 applicable to parole and probation provisions; and generally relating to firearms.

15 BY renumbering
16 Article – Criminal Law
17 Section 7–104(h) through (j), respectively
18 to be Section 7–104(i) through (k), respectively
19 Annotated Code of Maryland
20 (2021 Replacement Volume and 2021 Supplement)

21 BY renumbering
22 Article – Public Safety
23 Section 5–134(c) and (d), respectively
24 to be Section 5–134(d) and (e), respectively
25 Annotated Code of Maryland
26 (2018 Replacement Volume and 2021 Supplement)

EXPLANATION: CAPITALS INDICATE MATTER ADDED TO EXISTING LAW.

[Brackets] indicate matter deleted from existing law.



- 1 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
2 Article – Correctional Services
3 Section 6–101(a)
4 Annotated Code of Maryland
5 (2017 Replacement Volume and 2021 Supplement)
- 6 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
7 Article – Correctional Services
8 Section 6–101(m)
9 Annotated Code of Maryland
10 (2017 Replacement Volume and 2021 Supplement)
- 11 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
12 Article – Courts and Judicial Proceedings
13 Section 12–302(c)(4)
14 Annotated Code of Maryland
15 (2020 Replacement Volume and 2021 Supplement)
- 16 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
17 Article – Criminal Law
18 Section 4–204, 4–306(b), 4–404, and 7–104(g)
19 Annotated Code of Maryland
20 (2021 Replacement Volume and 2021 Supplement)
- 21 BY adding to
22 Article – Criminal Law
23 Section 7–104(h)
24 Annotated Code of Maryland
25 (2021 Replacement Volume and 2021 Supplement)
- 26 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
27 Article – Criminal Law
28 Section 7–104(j)
29 Annotated Code of Maryland
30 (2021 Replacement Volume and 2021 Supplement)
31 (As enacted by Section 1 of this Act)
- 32 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
33 Article – Criminal Procedure
34 Section 5–202(c)(1) and (d)(1)
35 Annotated Code of Maryland
36 (2018 Replacement Volume and 2021 Supplement)
- 37 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
38 Article – Criminal Procedure
39 Section 5–202(f)
40 Annotated Code of Maryland

(2018 Replacement Volume and 2021 Supplement)

BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
Article – Public Safety
Section 5–133(b) and (c), 5–134(b), 5–138, 5–141, 5–142, and 5–144
Annotated Code of Maryland
(2018 Replacement Volume and 2021 Supplement)

BY adding to
Article – Public Safety
Section 5–134(c)
Annotated Code of Maryland
(2018 Replacement Volume and 2021 Supplement)

SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND,
That Section(s) 7–104(h) through (j), respectively, of Article – Criminal Law of the
Annotated Code of Maryland be renumbered to be Section(s) 7–104(i) through (k),
respectively.

SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That Section(s) 5–134(c) and (d),
respectively, of Article – Public Safety of the Annotated Code of Maryland be renumbered
to be Section(s) 5–134(d) and (e), respectively.

SECTION 3. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That the Laws of Maryland read
as follows:

Article – Correctional Services

6–101.

(a) In this subtitle the following words have the meanings indicated.

(m) “Technical violation” means a violation of a condition of probation, parole, or
mandatory supervision that does not involve:

(1) an arrest or a summons issued by a commissioner on a statement of
charges filed by a law enforcement officer;

(2) a violation of a criminal prohibition other than a minor traffic offense;

(3) a violation of a no-contact or stay-away order; [or]

(4) absconding; **OR**

(5) USE OR POSSESSION OF A FIREARM.

Article – Courts and Judicial Proceedings

1 12-302.

2 (c) (4) (i) [In a case involving] **THIS PARAGRAPH APPLIES IN A CASE:**

3 1. **INVOLVING** a crime of violence as defined in § 14-101 of
4 the Criminal Law Article[, and in cases under §§ 5-602 through 5-609 and §§ 5-612
5 through 5-614];

6 2. **UNDER § 5-602, § 5-603, § 5-604, § 5-605, § 5-606, §**
7 **5-607, § 5-608, § 5-609, § 5-612, § 5-613, OR § 5-614** of the Criminal Law Article[.];

8 3. **UNDER § 5-621 OR § 5-622 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW**
9 **ARTICLE; OR**

10 4. **UNDER § 5-133, § 5-133.1, § 5-134, § 5-136, § 5-138,**
11 **§ 5-140, § 5-141, § 5-142, § 5-205, OR § 5-206 OF THE PUBLIC SAFETY ARTICLE.**

12 **(II) FOR CASES LISTED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS**
13 **PARAGRAPH**, the State may appeal from a decision of a trial court that excludes evidence
14 offered by the State or requires the return of property alleged to have been seized in
15 violation of the Constitution of the United States, the Maryland Constitution, or the
16 Maryland Declaration of Rights.

17 **[(ii)] (III)** The appeal shall be made before jeopardy attaches to the
18 defendant. However, in all cases the appeal shall be taken no more than 15 days after the
19 decision has been rendered and shall be diligently prosecuted.

20 **[(iii)] (IV)** Before taking the appeal, the State shall certify to the
21 court that the appeal is not taken for purposes of delay and that the evidence excluded or
22 the property required to be returned is substantial proof of a material fact in the proceeding.
23 The appeal shall be heard and the decision rendered within 120 days of the time that the
24 record on appeal is filed in the appellate court. Otherwise, the decision of the trial court
25 shall be final.

26 **[(iv)] (V)** Except in a homicide case, if the State appeals on the basis
27 of this paragraph, and if on final appeal the decision of the trial court is affirmed, the
28 charges against the defendant shall be dismissed in the case from which the appeal was
29 taken. In that case, the State may not prosecute the defendant on those specific charges or
30 on any other related charges arising out of the same incident.

31 **[(v)] (VI)** 1. Except as provided in subsubparagraph 2 of this
32 subparagraph, pending the prosecution and determination of an appeal taken under this
33 paragraph or paragraph (2) of this subsection, the defendant shall be released on personal
34 recognizance bail. If the defendant fails to appear as required by the terms of the
35 recognizance bail, the trial court shall subject the defendant to the penalties provided in §

5–211 of the Criminal Procedure Article.

2. A. Pending the prosecution and determination of an appeal taken under this paragraph or paragraph (2) of this subsection, in a case in which the defendant is charged with a crime of violence, as defined in § 14–101 of the Criminal Law Article, **OR A FIREARM–RELATED CRIME LISTED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (I)3 OR 4 OF THIS PARAGRAPH**, the court may release the defendant on any terms and conditions that the court considers appropriate or may order the defendant remanded to custody pending the outcome of the appeal.

B. The determination and enforcement of any terms and conditions of release shall be in accordance with the provisions of Title 5 of the Criminal Procedure Article.

[(vi)] **(VII)** If the State loses the appeal, the jurisdiction shall pay all the costs related to the appeal, including reasonable attorney’s fees incurred by the defendant as a result of the appeal.

Article – Criminal Law

4–204.

(a) (1) In this section, “firearm” means:

(i) a weapon that expels, is designed to expel, or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive; or

(ii) the frame or receiver of such a weapon.

(2) “Firearm” includes an antique firearm, handgun, rifle, shotgun, short–barreled rifle, short–barreled shotgun, starter gun, or any other firearm, whether loaded or unloaded.

(b) A person may not use a firearm in the commission of a crime of violence, as defined in § 5–101 of the Public Safety Article, or any felony, whether the firearm is operable or inoperable at the time of the crime.

(c) (1) (i) A person who violates this section is guilty of a [misdemeanor] **FELONY** and, in addition to any other penalty imposed for the crime of violence or felony, shall be sentenced:

1. **FOR A FIRST OFFENSE**, to imprisonment for not less than 5 years and not exceeding 20 years; **AND**

2. **FOR A SECOND OR SUBSEQUENT OFFENSE**, TO **IMPRISONMENT FOR NOT LESS THAN 10 YEARS AND NOT EXCEEDING 20 YEARS.**

(ii) **[The] NOTWITHSTANDING § 14–102 OF THIS ARTICLE:**

1. THE court may not impose less than the MANDATORY minimum sentence of 5 years [and, except] FOR A SENTENCE IMPOSED UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (I)1 OF THIS PARAGRAPH; AND

2. THE COURT MAY NOT IMPOSE LESS THAN THE MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCE OF 10 YEARS FOR A SENTENCE IMPOSED UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (I)2 OF THIS PARAGRAPH.

(III) THE MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCE REQUIRED UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF THIS PARAGRAPH MAY NOT BE SUSPENDED.

(IV) EXCEPT as otherwise provided in § 4–305 of the Correctional Services Article, the person is not eligible for parole in less than **[5 years] THE MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCE.**

(2) **[For each subsequent violation, the] THE** sentence shall be consecutive to and not concurrent with any other sentence imposed for the crime of violence or felony.
4–306.

(b) (1) A person who uses an assault weapon, a rapid fire trigger activator, or a magazine that has a capacity of more than 10 rounds of ammunition, in the commission of a felony or a crime of violence as defined in § 5–101 of the Public Safety Article is guilty of a **[misdemeanor] FELONY** and on conviction, in addition to any other sentence imposed for the felony or crime of violence, shall be sentenced under this subsection.

(2) (i) For a first violation, the person shall be sentenced to imprisonment for not less than 5 years and not exceeding 20 years.

(ii) **[The] NOTWITHSTANDING § 14–102 OF THIS ARTICLE, THE** court may not impose less than the minimum sentence of 5 years.

(iii) The mandatory minimum sentence of 5 years may not be suspended.

(iv) Except as otherwise provided in § 4–305 of the Correctional Services Article, the person is not eligible for parole in less than 5 years.

(3) (i) For each subsequent violation, the person shall be sentenced to imprisonment for not less than 10 years and not exceeding 20 years.

(ii) **[The] NOTWITHSTANDING § 14–102 OF THIS ARTICLE, THE** court may not impose less than the minimum sentence of 10 years.

(III) THE MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCE OF 10 YEARS MAY NOT BE SUSPENDED.

(IV) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN § 4-305 OF THE CORRECTIONAL SERVICES ARTICLE, THE PERSON IS NOT ELIGIBLE FOR PAROLE IN LESS THAN 10 YEARS.

[(iii)] (4) A sentence imposed under this [paragraph] SUBSECTION shall be consecutive to and not concurrent with any other sentence imposed for the felony or crime of violence.

4-404.

(a) A person may not use or possess a machine gun in the commission or attempted commission of a **FELONY OR** crime of violence.

(b) (1) A person who violates this section is guilty of a felony and on conviction, **IN ADDITION TO ANY OTHER PENALTY IMPOSED FOR THE CRIME OF VIOLENCE OR FELONY**, is subject to [imprisonment not exceeding 20 years]:

(I) FOR A FIRST OFFENSE, IMPRISONMENT FOR NOT LESS THAN 5 YEARS AND NOT EXCEEDING 20 YEARS; AND

(II) FOR A SECOND OR SUBSEQUENT OFFENSE, IMPRISONMENT FOR NOT LESS THAN 10 YEARS AND NOT EXCEEDING 20 YEARS.

(2) (I) NOTWITHSTANDING § 14-102 OF THIS ARTICLE, THE COURT MAY NOT IMPOSE LESS THAN THE MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCE OF 5 YEARS FOR A SENTENCE IMPOSED UNDER PARAGRAPH (1)(I) OF THIS SUBSECTION.

(II) NOTWITHSTANDING § 14-102 OF THIS ARTICLE, THE COURT MAY NOT IMPOSE LESS THAN THE MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCE OF 10 YEARS FOR A SENTENCE IMPOSED UNDER PARAGRAPH (1)(II) OF THIS SUBSECTION.

(3) A MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCE UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION MAY NOT BE SUSPENDED.

(4) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN § 4-305 OF THE CORRECTIONAL SERVICES ARTICLE, THE PERSON IS NOT ELIGIBLE FOR PAROLE IN LESS THAN THE MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCE.

(5) THE SENTENCE SHALL BE CONSECUTIVE TO AND NOT CONCURRENT WITH ANY OTHER SENTENCE IMPOSED FOR THE CRIME OF VIOLENCE

1 **OR FELONY.**

2 7–104.

3 (g) (1) **THIS SUBSECTION DOES NOT APPLY TO THEFT OF A FIREARM.**

4 **(2)** A person convicted of theft of property or services with a value of:

5 (i) at least \$1,500 but less than \$25,000 is guilty of a felony and:

6 1. is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 5 years or a fine
7 not exceeding \$10,000 or both; and

8 2. shall restore the property taken to the owner or pay the
9 owner the value of the property or services;

10 (ii) at least \$25,000 but less than \$100,000 is guilty of a felony and:

11 1. is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 10 years or a fine
12 not exceeding \$15,000 or both; and

13 2. shall restore the property taken to the owner or pay the
14 owner the value of the property or services; or

15 (iii) \$100,000 or more is guilty of a felony and:

16 1. is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 20 years or a fine
17 not exceeding \$25,000 or both; and

18 2. shall restore the property taken to the owner or pay the
19 owner the value of the property or services.

20 **[(2)] (3)** Except as provided in paragraph **[(3)] (4)** of this subsection, a
21 person convicted of theft of property or services with a value of at least \$100 but less than
22 \$1,500, is guilty of a misdemeanor and:

23 (i) is subject to:

24 1. for a first conviction, imprisonment not exceeding 6
25 months or a fine not exceeding \$500 or both; and

26 2. for a second or subsequent conviction, imprisonment not
27 exceeding 1 year or a fine not exceeding \$500 or both; and

28 (ii) shall restore the property taken to the owner or pay the owner
29 the value of the property or services.

1 [(3)] (4) A person convicted of theft of property or services with a value of
2 less than \$100 is guilty of a misdemeanor and:

3 (i) is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 90 days or a fine not
4 exceeding \$500 or both; and

5 (ii) shall restore the property taken to the owner or pay the owner
6 the value of the property or services.

7 [(4)] (5) Subject to paragraph [(5)] (6) of this subsection, a person who
8 has four or more prior convictions under this subtitle and who is convicted of theft of
9 property or services with a value of less than \$1,500 under paragraph [(2)] (3) of this
10 subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor and:

11 (i) is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 5 years or a fine not
12 exceeding \$5,000 or both; and

13 (ii) shall restore the property taken to the owner or pay the owner
14 the value of the property or services.

15 [(5)] (6) The court may not impose the penalties under paragraph [(4)]
16 (5) of this subsection unless the State's Attorney serves notice on the defendant or the
17 defendant's counsel before the acceptance of a plea of guilty or nolo contendere or at least
18 15 days before trial that:

19 (i) the State will seek the penalties under paragraph [(4)] (5) of this
20 subsection; and

21 (ii) lists the alleged prior convictions.

22 (H) (1) A PERSON CONVICTED OF THEFT OF A FIREARM, INCLUDING AN
23 ANTIQUE FIREARM OR A REPLICA OF AN ANTIQUE FIREARM, IS GUILTY OF A FELONY
24 AND:

25 (I) 1. FOR A FIRST CONVICTION, IS SUBJECT TO
26 IMPRISONMENT FOR NOT LESS THAN 2 YEARS AND NOT EXCEEDING 10 YEARS AND A
27 FINE NOT EXCEEDING \$2,500; AND

28 2. FOR A SECOND OR SUBSEQUENT CONVICTION, IS
29 SUBJECT TO IMPRISONMENT FOR NOT LESS THAN 5 YEARS AND NOT EXCEEDING 15
30 YEARS AND A FINE NOT EXCEEDING \$10,000; AND

31 (II) SHALL RESTORE THE FIREARM TO THE OWNER OR PAY THE
32 OWNER THE VALUE OF THE FIREARM.

(2) NOTWITHSTANDING § 14–102 OF THIS ARTICLE, THE COURT MAY NOT IMPOSE LESS THAN THE MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCE OF:

(I) FOR A FIRST CONVICTION, 2 YEARS; AND

(II) FOR A SECOND OR SUBSEQUENT CONVICTION, 5 YEARS.

(3) THE COURT MAY NOT SUSPEND ANY PART OF THE MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCE OF:

(I) FOR A FIRST CONVICTION, 2 YEARS; AND

(II) FOR A SECOND OR SUBSEQUENT CONVICTION, 5 YEARS.

(4) A SENTENCE IMPOSED UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE SEPARATE FROM AND CONSECUTIVE TO A SENTENCE FOR ANY OTHER OFFENSE.

(j) An action or prosecution for a violation of subsection [(g)(2) or (3)] (G)(3) OR (4) of this section shall be commenced within 2 years after the commission of the crime.

Article – Criminal Procedure

5–202.

(c) (1) A District Court commissioner may not authorize the pretrial release of a defendant charged with a crime of violence if the defendant has been previously convicted:

(i) in this State of a crime of violence;

(ii) in any other jurisdiction of a crime that would be a crime of violence if committed in this State; or

(iii) of an offense listed in subsection (f)(1) of this section.

(d) (1) A District Court commissioner may not authorize the pretrial release of a defendant charged with committing one of the following crimes while the defendant was released on bail or personal recognizance for a pending prior charge of committing one of the following crimes:

(i) aiding, counseling, or procuring arson in the first degree under § 6–102 of the Criminal Law Article;

(ii) arson in the second degree or attempting, aiding, counseling, or procuring arson in the second degree under § 6–103 of the Criminal Law Article;

- 1 (iii) burglary in the first degree under § 6–202 of the Criminal Law
2 Article;
- 3 (iv) burglary in the second degree under § 6–203 of the Criminal Law
4 Article;
- 5 (v) burglary in the third degree under § 6–204 of the Criminal Law
6 Article;
- 7 (vi) causing abuse to a child under § 3–601 or § 3–602 of the Criminal
8 Law Article;
- 9 (vii) a crime that relates to a destructive device under § 4–503 of the
10 Criminal Law Article;
- 11 (viii) a crime that relates to a controlled dangerous substance under
12 §§ 5–602 through 5–609 or § 5–612 or § 5–613 of the Criminal Law Article;
- 13 (ix) manslaughter by vehicle or vessel under § 2–209 of the Criminal
14 Law Article; and
- 15 (x) a crime of violence.

16 (f) (1) **(I)** A District Court commissioner may not authorize the pretrial
17 release of a defendant charged with [one of the following crimes] **A CRIME LISTED IN**
18 **SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH** if the defendant:

19 **1.** has previously been convicted of a crime of violence or [one
20 of the following crimes:] **A CRIME LISTED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH;**
21 **OR**

22 **2.** **IS ON PRETRIAL RELEASE FOR A CRIME OF VIOLENCE**
23 **OR A CRIME LISTED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH.**

24 **(II) THIS SUBSECTION APPLIES TO THE FOLLOWING CRIMES:**

25 **[(i)] 1.** wearing, carrying, or transporting a handgun under §
26 4–203 of the Criminal Law Article;

27 **[(ii)] 2.** use of a handgun or an antique firearm in commission of a
28 crime under § 4–204 of the Criminal Law Article;

29 **[(iii)] 3.** violating prohibitions relating to assault weapons under §
30 4–303 of the Criminal Law Article;

1 [(iv)] 4. use of a machine gun in a crime of violence under § 4–404
2 of the Criminal Law Article;

3 [(v)] 5. use of a machine gun for an aggressive purpose under §
4 4–405 of the Criminal Law Article;

5 [(vi)] 6. use of a weapon as a separate crime under § 5–621 of the
6 Criminal Law Article;

7 7. **POSSESSING, USING, OWNING, CARRYING, OR**
8 **TRANSPORTING A FIREARM BY A PERSON WITH A PRIOR DRUG CONVICTION UNDER**
9 **§ 5–622 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE;**

10 [(vii)] 8. possession of a regulated firearm under § 5–133 of the
11 Public Safety Article;

12 9. **SALE, RENTAL, OR TRANSFER OF A REGULATED**
13 **FIREARM UNDER § 5–134 OF THE PUBLIC SAFETY ARTICLE;**

14 10. **STRAW PURCHASE OF A REGULATED FIREARM UNDER**
15 **§ 5–136 OF THE PUBLIC SAFETY ARTICLE;**

16 11. **SALE, TRANSFER, OR DISPOSAL OF A STOLEN**
17 **REGULATED FIREARM UNDER § 5–138 OF THE PUBLIC SAFETY ARTICLE;**

18 [(viii)] 12. transporting a regulated firearm for unlawful sale or
19 trafficking under § 5–140 of the Public Safety Article; [or]

20 13. **KNOWING PARTICIPATION IN A STRAW PURCHASE OF**
21 **A REGULATED FIREARM UNDER § 5–141 OF THE PUBLIC SAFETY ARTICLE;**

22 14. **REMOVAL OR ALTERATION OF THE MANUFACTURER’S**
23 **IDENTIFICATION MARK OR NUMBER ON A FIREARM UNDER § 5–142 OF THE PUBLIC**
24 **SAFETY ARTICLE;**

25 [(ix)] 15. possession of a rifle or shotgun by a person with a mental
26 disorder under § 5–205 of the Public Safety Article;

27 16. **POSSESSION OF A RIFLE OR SHOTGUN BY A PERSON**
28 **WITH A PRIOR CONVICTION UNDER § 5–206 OF THE PUBLIC SAFETY ARTICLE; OR**

29 17. **A CRIME IN ANY OTHER JURISDICTION THAT WOULD**
30 **BE A CRIME UNDER ITEMS 1 THROUGH 16 OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH IF COMMITTED**
31 **IN THIS STATE.**

(2) (i) A judge may authorize the pretrial release of a defendant described in paragraph (1) of this subsection on:

1. suitable bail;
2. any other conditions that will reasonably ensure that the defendant will not flee or pose a danger to another person or the community; or
3. both bail and other conditions described under item 2 of this subparagraph.

(ii) When a defendant described in paragraph (1) of this subsection is presented to the court under Maryland Rule 4–216(f), the judge shall order the continued detention of the defendant if the judge determines that neither suitable bail nor any condition or combination of conditions will reasonably ensure that the defendant will not flee or pose a danger to another person or the community before the trial.

(3) There is a rebuttable presumption that a defendant described in paragraph (1) of this subsection will flee and pose a danger to another person or the community.

Article – Public Safety

5–133.

(b) (1) Subject to § 5–133.3 of this subtitle, a person may not possess a regulated firearm if the person:

- [(1)] (I) has been convicted of a disqualifying crime;
- [(2)] (II) has been convicted of a violation classified as a common law crime and received a term of imprisonment of more than 2 years;
- [(3)] (III) is a fugitive from justice;
- [(4)] (IV) is a habitual drunkard;
- [(5)] (V) is addicted to a controlled dangerous substance or is a habitual user;
- [(6)] (VI) suffers from a mental disorder as defined in § 10–101(i)(2) of the Health – General Article and has a history of violent behavior against the person or another;
- [(7)] (VII) has been found incompetent to stand trial under § 3–106 of the Criminal Procedure Article;

1 [(8)] (VIII) has been found not criminally responsible under § 3–110 of the
2 Criminal Procedure Article;

3 [(9)] (IX) has been voluntarily admitted for more than 30 consecutive days
4 to a facility as defined in § 10–101 of the Health – General Article;

5 [(10)] (X) has been involuntarily committed to a facility as defined in §
6 10–101 of the Health – General Article;

7 [(11)] (XI) is under the protection of a guardian appointed by a court under
8 § 13–201(c) or § 13–705 of the Estates and Trusts Article, except for cases in which the
9 appointment of a guardian is solely a result of a physical disability;

10 [(12)] (XII) except as provided in subsection (e) of this section, is a
11 respondent against whom:

12 [(i)] 1. a current non ex parte civil protective order has been
13 entered under § 4–506 of the Family Law Article; or

14 [(ii)] 2. an order for protection, as defined in § 4–508.1 of the
15 Family Law Article, has been issued by a court of another state or a Native American tribe
16 and is in effect; or

17 [(13)] (XIII) if under the age of 30 years at the time of possession, has been
18 adjudicated delinquent by a juvenile court for an act that would be a disqualifying crime if
19 committed by an adult.

20 **(2) (I) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (C) OF THIS SECTION,**
21 **A PERSON WHO VIOLATES THIS SUBSECTION IS GUILTY OF A MISDEMEANOR AND ON**
22 **CONVICTION IS SUBJECT TO:**

23 **1. FOR A FIRST OFFENSE, IMPRISONMENT NOT**
24 **EXCEEDING 5 YEARS OR A FINE NOT EXCEEDING \$10,000 OR BOTH; AND**

25 **2. FOR A SECOND OR SUBSEQUENT OFFENSE,**
26 **IMPRISONMENT NOT EXCEEDING 10 YEARS OR A FINE NOT EXCEEDING \$10,000 OR**
27 **BOTH.**

28 **(II) EACH VIOLATION OF THIS SUBSECTION IS A SEPARATE**
29 **CRIME.**

30 **(III) A PERSON CONVICTED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION IS NOT**
31 **PROHIBITED FROM PARTICIPATING IN A DRUG TREATMENT PROGRAM UNDER §**
32 **8–507 OF THE HEALTH – GENERAL ARTICLE BECAUSE OF THE LENGTH OF THE**

1 SENTENCE.

2 (c) (1) A person may not possess a regulated firearm if the person was
3 previously convicted of:

4 (i) a crime of violence;

5 (ii) a violation of § 5-602, § 5-603, § 5-604, § 5-605, § 5-612, §
6 5-613, § 5-614, § 5-621, [or] § 5-622, **§ 9-803, § 9-804, OR § 9-805** of the Criminal Law
7 Article; or

8 (iii) an offense under the laws of another state or the United States
9 that would constitute one of the crimes listed in item (i) or (ii) of this paragraph if committed
10 in this State.

11 (2) (i) Subject to paragraph (3) of this subsection, a person who violates
12 this subsection is guilty of a felony and on conviction is subject to imprisonment for not less
13 than 5 years and not exceeding 15 years.

14 (ii) The court may not suspend any part of the mandatory minimum
15 sentence of 5 years.

16 (iii) Except as otherwise provided in § 4-305 of the Correctional
17 Services Article, the person is not eligible for parole during the mandatory minimum
18 sentence.

19 (3) At the time of the commission of the offense, if a period of more than 5
20 years has elapsed since the person completed serving the sentence for the most recent
21 conviction under paragraph (1)(i) or (ii) of this subsection, including all imprisonment,
22 mandatory supervision, probation, and parole:

23 (i) the imposition of the mandatory minimum sentence is within the
24 discretion of the court; and

25 (ii) the mandatory minimum sentence may not be imposed unless
26 the State's Attorney notifies the person in writing at least 30 days before trial of the State's
27 intention to seek the mandatory minimum sentence.

28 (4) Each violation of this subsection is a separate crime.

29 (5) A person convicted under this subsection is not prohibited from
30 participating in a drug treatment program under § 8-507 of the Health – General Article
31 because of the length of the sentence.

32 5-134.

33 (b) A dealer or other person may not sell, rent, loan, or transfer a regulated

1 firearm to a purchaser, lessee, borrower, or transferee who the dealer or other person knows
2 or has reasonable cause to believe:

3 (1) is under the age of 21 years, unless the regulated firearm is loaned to a
4 borrower who may possess the regulated firearm under § 5–133(d) of this subtitle;

5 (2) has been convicted of a disqualifying crime;

6 (3) has been convicted of a conspiracy to commit a felony;

7 (4) has been convicted of a violation classified as a common law crime and
8 received a term of imprisonment of more than 2 years;

9 (5) is a fugitive from justice;

10 (6) is a habitual drunkard;

11 (7) is addicted to a controlled dangerous substance or is a habitual user;

12 (8) suffers from a mental disorder as defined in § 10–101(i)(2) of the Health
13 – General Article, and has a history of violent behavior against the purchaser, lessee,
14 borrower, or transferee or another, unless the purchaser, lessee, borrower, or transferee
15 possesses a physician’s certificate that the recipient is capable of possessing a regulated
16 firearm without undue danger to the purchaser, lessee, borrower, or transferee or to
17 another;

18 (9) has been confined for more than 30 consecutive days to a facility as
19 defined in § 10–101 of the Health – General Article, unless the purchaser, lessee, borrower,
20 or transferee possesses a physician’s certificate that the recipient is capable of possessing
21 a regulated firearm without undue danger to the purchaser, lessee, borrower, or transferee
22 or to another;

23 (10) is a respondent against whom a current non ex parte civil protective
24 order has been entered under § 4–506 of the Family Law Article;

25 (11) if under the age of 30 years at the time of the transaction, has been
26 adjudicated delinquent by a juvenile court for an act that would be a disqualifying crime if
27 committed by an adult;

28 (12) is visibly under the influence of alcohol or drugs;

29 (13) is a participant in a straw purchase;

30 (14) subject to subsection [(c)] (D) of this section for a transaction under this
31 subsection that is made on or after January 1, 2002, has not completed a certified firearms
32 safety training course conducted free of charge by the Police Training and Standards
33 Commission or that meets standards established by the Police Training and Standards

1 Commission under § 3–207 of this article; or

2 (15) intends to use the regulated firearm to:

3 (i) commit a crime; or

4 (ii) cause harm to the purchaser, lessee, transferee, or recipient or
5 another person.

6 (C) (1) A DEALER OR OTHER PERSON MAY NOT SELL, RENT, LOAN, OR
7 TRANSFER A REGULATED FIREARM TO A PURCHASER, LESSEE, BORROWER, OR
8 TRANSFEREE IF THE DEALER OR OTHER PERSON HAS ACTUAL KNOWLEDGE THAT
9 THE PURCHASER, LESSEE, BORROWER, OR TRANSFEREE:

10 (I) WAS PREVIOUSLY CONVICTED OF:

11 1. A CRIME OF VIOLENCE;

12 2. A VIOLATION OF § 5–602, § 5–603, § 5–604, § 5–605, §
13 5–612, § 5–613, § 5–614, § 5–621, § 5–622, § 9–803, § 9–804, OR § 9–805 OF THE
14 CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE; OR

15 3. AN OFFENSE UNDER THE LAWS OF ANOTHER STATE
16 OR THE UNITED STATES THAT WOULD CONSTITUTE ONE OF THE CRIMES LISTED IN
17 ITEM 1 OR 2 OF THIS ITEM IF COMMITTED IN THIS STATE; OR

18 (II) INTENDS TO USE THE REGULATED FIREARM TO:

19 1. COMMIT A CRIME; OR

20 2. CAUSE HARM TO THE PURCHASER, LESSEE,
21 TRANSFEREE, OR RECIPIENT OR ANOTHER PERSON.

22 (2) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES THIS SUBSECTION IS GUILTY OF A
23 FELONY AND ON CONVICTION IS SUBJECT TO IMPRISONMENT NOT EXCEEDING 15
24 YEARS.

25 (3) EACH VIOLATION OF THIS SUBSECTION IS A SEPARATE CRIME.

26 (4) A PERSON CONVICTED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION IS NOT
27 PROHIBITED FROM PARTICIPATING IN A DRUG TREATMENT PROGRAM UNDER §
28 8–507 OF THE HEALTH – GENERAL ARTICLE BECAUSE OF THE LENGTH OF THE
29 SENTENCE.

**(5) A CHARGE OF VIOLATING THIS SUBSECTION ALSO CHARGES A
DEFENDANT WITH VIOLATING SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION.**

5–138.

**(A) A person may not possess, sell, transfer, or otherwise dispose of a stolen
regulated firearm if the person knows or has reasonable cause to believe that the regulated
firearm has been stolen.**

(B) A PERSON WHO VIOLATES THIS SECTION IS GUILTY OF A FELONY AND:

**(1) (I) FOR A FIRST CONVICTION, IS SUBJECT TO IMPRISONMENT
FOR NOT LESS THAN 2 YEARS AND NOT EXCEEDING 10 YEARS AND A FINE NOT
EXCEEDING \$2,500; AND**

**(II) FOR A SECOND OR SUBSEQUENT CONVICTION, IS SUBJECT
TO IMPRISONMENT FOR NOT LESS THAN 5 YEARS AND NOT EXCEEDING 15 YEARS
AND A FINE NOT EXCEEDING \$10,000; AND**

**(2) SHALL RESTORE THE FIREARM TO THE OWNER OR PAY THE
OWNER THE VALUE OF THE FIREARM.**

**(C) (1) NOTWITHSTANDING § 14–102 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE,
THE COURT MAY NOT IMPOSE LESS THAN THE MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCE OF:**

(I) FOR A FIRST CONVICTION, 2 YEARS; AND

(II) FOR A SECOND OR SUBSEQUENT CONVICTION, 5 YEARS.

**(2) THE COURT MAY NOT SUSPEND ANY PART OF THE MANDATORY
MINIMUM SENTENCE OF:**

(I) FOR A FIRST CONVICTION, 2 YEARS; AND

(II) FOR A SECOND OR SUBSEQUENT CONVICTION, 5 YEARS.

**(3) A SENTENCE IMPOSED UNDER THIS SECTION SHALL BE SEPARATE
FROM AND CONSECUTIVE TO A SENTENCE FOR ANY OTHER OFFENSE.**

5–141.

**(a) A dealer or other person may not be a knowing participant in a straw purchase
of a regulated firearm for a minor or for a person prohibited by law from possessing a
regulated firearm.**

(b) (1) A person who violates this section is guilty of a [misdemeanor] **FELONY** and on conviction is subject to imprisonment **FOR NOT LESS THAN 5 YEARS AND** not exceeding [10] **15** years [or] **AND** a fine not exceeding \$25,000 [or both].

(2) **NOTWITHSTANDING § 14–102 OF THE CRIMINAL LAW ARTICLE, THE COURT MAY NOT IMPOSE LESS THAN THE MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCE UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION.**

(3) **THE COURT MAY NOT SUSPEND ANY PART OF THE MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCE REQUIRED UNDER PARAGRAPH (1) OF THIS SUBSECTION.**

(4) **EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN § 4–305 OF THE CORRECTIONAL SERVICES ARTICLE, THE PERSON IS NOT ELIGIBLE FOR PAROLE DURING THE MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCE.**

(c) Each violation of this section is a separate crime.

5–142.

(a) A person may not obliterate, remove, change, or alter the manufacturer's identification mark or number on a firearm.

(b) If on trial for a violation of this section possession of the firearm by the defendant is established, the defendant is presumed to have obliterated, removed, changed, or altered the manufacturer's identification mark or number on the firearm.

(C) **A PERSON WHO VIOLATES THIS SECTION IS GUILTY OF A MISDEMEANOR AND ON CONVICTION IS SUBJECT TO IMPRISONMENT NOT EXCEEDING 10 YEARS OR A FINE NOT EXCEEDING \$10,000 OR BOTH.**

5–144.

(a) Except as otherwise provided in this subtitle, a dealer or other person [may not:

(1) knowingly participate in the illegal sale, rental, transfer, purchase, possession, or receipt of a regulated firearm in violation of] **WHO KNOWINGLY VIOLATES A PROVISION OF** this subtitle[; or

(2) knowingly violate § 5–142 of this subtitle.

(b) A person who violates this section] is guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction is subject to imprisonment not exceeding 5 years or a fine not exceeding \$10,000 or both.

1 **[(c)] (B)** Each violation of this [section] **SUBTITLE** is a separate crime.

2 SECTION 4. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act is an emergency
3 measure, is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health or safety, has
4 been passed by a yea and nay vote supported by three-fifths of all the members elected to
5 each of the two Houses of the General Assembly, and shall take effect from the date it is
6 enacted.