

Union Calendar No. 58

115TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 1180

[Report No. 115-101]

To amend the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 to provide compensatory time for employees in the private sector.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

February 16, 2017

Mrs. Roby introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Education and the Workforce

April 28, 2017

Additional sponsors: Mr. Byrne, Mr. Grothman, Mrs. Comstock, Mr. Roe of Tennessee, Ms. Stefanik, Mr. Goodlatte, Mr. Sessions, Mr. Weber of Texas, Mr. Guthrie, Mr. Wilson of South Carolina, Mr. Ferguson, Ms. Foxx, Mr. Smucker, Mr. Brooks of Alabama, Mr. Rokita, Ms. McSally, and Mr. Smith of Nebraska

April 28, 2017

Reported with an amendment, committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, and ordered to be printed

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic] [For text of introduced bill, see copy of bill as introduced on February 16, 2017]

A BILL

To amend the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 to provide compensatory time for employees in the private sector.

1	Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2	tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
4	This Act may be cited as the "Working Families Flexi-
5	bility Act of 2017".
6	SEC. 2. COMPENSATORY TIME.
7	Section 7 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938
8	(29 U.S.C. 207) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
9	lowing:
10	"(s) Compensatory Time Off for Private Em-
11	PLOYEES.—
12	"(1) General rule.—An employee may receive,
13	in accordance with this subsection and in lieu of
14	monetary overtime compensation, compensatory time
15	off at a rate not less than one and one-half hours for
16	each hour of employment for which overtime com-
17	pensation is required by this section.
18	"(2) Conditions.—An employer may provide
19	compensatory time to employees under paragraph (1)
20	only if such time is provided in accordance with—
21	"(A) applicable provisions of a collective
22	bargaining agreement between the employer and
23	the labor organization that has been certified or
24	recognized as the representative of the employees
25	under applicable law; or

1	"(B) in the case of an employee who is not						
2	represented by a labor organization that has						
3	been certified or recognized as the representative						
4	of such employee under applicable law, an agree-						
5	ment arrived at between the employer and em-						
6	ployee before the performance of the work and af-						
7	firmed by a written or otherwise verifiable recor						
8	maintained in accordance with section 11(c)—						
9	"(i) in which the employer has offered						
10	and the employee has chosen to receive com-						
11	pensatory time in lieu of monetary overtime						
12	compensation; and						
13	"(ii) entered into knowingly and vol-						
14	untarily by such employee and not as a						
15	condition of employment.						
16	No employee may receive or agree to receive compen-						
17	satory time off under this subsection unless the em-						
18	ployee has worked at least 1,000 hours for the employ-						
19	ee's employer during a period of continuous employ-						
20	ment with the employer in the 12-month period before						
21	the date of agreement or receipt of compensatory time						
22	off.						
23	"(3) Hour limit.—						

1	"(A) MAXIMUM HOURS.—An employee may
2	accrue not more than 160 hours of compensatory
3	time.

- "(B) Compensation date.—Not later than January 31 of each calendar year, the employee's employer shall provide monetary compensation for any unused compensatory time off accrued during the preceding calendar year that was not used prior to December 31 of the preceding year at the rate prescribed by paragraph (6). An employer may designate and communicate to the employer's employees a 12-month period other than the calendar year, in which case such compensation shall be provided not later than 31 days after the end of such 12-month period.
- "(C) Excess of 80 Hours.—The employer may provide monetary compensation for an employee's unused compensatory time in excess of 80 hours at any time after giving the employee at least 30 days notice. Such compensation shall be provided at the rate prescribed by paragraph (6).
- "(D) POLICY.—Except where a collective bargaining agreement provides otherwise, an employer that has adopted a policy offering com-

pensatory time to employees may discontinue such policy upon giving employees 30 days notice.

- "(E) WRITTEN REQUEST.—An employee may withdraw an agreement described in paragraph (2)(B) at any time. An employee may also request in writing that monetary compensation be provided, at any time, for all compensatory time accrued that has not yet been used. Within 30 days of receiving the written request, the employer shall provide the employee the monetary compensation due in accordance with paragraph (6).
- "(4) Private employer actions.—An employer that provides compensatory time under paragraph (1) to an employee shall not directly or indirectly intimidate, threaten, or coerce or attempt to intimidate, threaten, or coerce any employee for the purpose of—
 - "(A) interfering with such employee's rights under this subsection to request or not request compensatory time off in lieu of payment of monetary overtime compensation for overtime hours; or

1	"(B) requiring any employee to use such				
2	compensatory time.				
3	"(5) Termination of employment.—An em-				
4	ployee who has accrued compensatory time off author				
5	ized to be provided under paragraph (1) shall, upon				
6	the voluntary or involuntary termination of employ				
7	ment, be paid for the unused compensatory time in				
8	accordance with paragraph (6).				
9	"(6) Rate of compensation.—				
10	"(A) General rule.—If compensation is				
11	to be paid to an employee for accrued compen-				
12	satory time off, such compensation shall be paid				
13	at a rate of compensation not less than—				
14	"(i) the regular rate earned by such				
15	employee when the compensatory time was				
16	accrued; or				
17	"(ii) the regular rate earned by such				
18	employee at the time such employee received				
19	payment of such compensation,				
20	whichever is higher.				
21	"(B) Consideration of payment.—Any				
22	payment owed to an employee under this sub-				
23	section for unused compensatory time shall be				
24	considered unpaid overtime compensation.				
25	"(7) Use of time.—An employee—				

1	"(A) who has accrued compensatory time off			
2	authorized to be provided under paragraph (1);			
3	and			
4	"(B) who has requested the use of such com-			
5	pensatory time,			
6	shall be permitted by the employee's employer to use			
7	such time within a reasonable period after making			
8	the request if the use of the compensatory time does			
9	not unduly disrupt the operations of the employer.			
10	"(8) Definitions.—For purposes of this sub-			
11	section—			
12	"(A) the term 'employee' does not include			
13	an employee of a public agency; and			
14	"(B) the terms 'overtime compensation' and			
15	'compensatory time' shall have the meanings			
16	given such terms by subsection (o)(7).".			
17	SEC. 3. REMEDIES.			
18	Section 16 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938			
19	(29 U.S.C. 216) is amended—			
20	(1) in subsection (b), by striking "(b) Any em-			
21	ployer" and inserting "(b) Except as provided in sub-			
22	section (f), any employer"; and			
23	(2) by adding at the end the following:			
24	"(f) An employer that violates section $7(s)(4)$ shall be			
25	liable to the employee affected in the amount of the rate			

- 1 of compensation (determined in accordance with section
- 2 7(s)(6)(A)) for each hour of compensatory time accrued by
- 3 the employee and in an additional equal amount as liq-
- 4 uidated damages reduced by the amount of such rate of com-
- 5 pensation for each hour of compensatory time used by such
- 6 employee.".

7 SEC. 4. NOTICE TO EMPLOYEES.

- 8 Not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of
- 9 this Act, the Secretary of Labor shall revise the materials
- 10 the Secretary provides, under regulations published in sec-
- 11 tion 516.4 of title 29, Code of Federal Regulations, to em-
- 12 ployers for purposes of a notice explaining the Fair Labor
- 13 Standards Act of 1938 to employees so that such notice re-
- 14 flects the amendments made to such Act by this Act.

15 SEC. 5. GAO REPORT.

- 16 Beginning 2 years after the date of enactment of this
- 17 Act and each of the 3 years thereafter, the Comptroller Gen-
- 18 eral of the United States shall submit a report to Congress
- 19 providing, with respect to the reporting period immediately
- 20 prior to each such report—
- 21 (1) data concerning the extent to which employ-
- 22 ers provide compensatory time pursuant to section
- 23 7(s) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as
- 24 added by this Act, and the extent to which employees
- opt to receive compensatory time;

1	(2) the number of complaints alleging a violation
2	of such section filed by any employee with the Sec-
3	retary of Labor;
4	(3) the number of enforcement actions com-
5	menced by the Secretary or commenced by the Sec-
6	retary on behalf of any employee for alleged violations
7	of such section;
8	(4) the disposition or status of such complaints
9	and actions described in paragraphs (2) and (3); and
10	(5) an account of any unpaid wages, damages,
11	penalties, injunctive relief, or other remedies obtained
12	or sought by the Secretary in connection with such
13	actions described in paragraph (3).
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14 **SEC. 6. SUNSET.**

15 This Act and the amendments made by this Act shall 16 cease to be in effect on the date that is 5 years after the 17 date of enactment of this Act.

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