

116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION S. 1186

To promote democracy and human rights in Burma, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

APRIL 11, 2019

Mr. Cardin (for himself, Mr. Young, Mr. Durbin, Mr. Rubio, Mr. Merkley, Ms. Collins, Ms. Cantwell, Mr. Murphy, Mr. Wyden, Mr. Casey, Mr. Markey, Mr. Kaine, Ms. Baldwin, Mr. Schatz, Mr. Coons, and Mr. Booker) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations

A BILL

To promote democracy and human rights in Burma, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- This Act may be cited as the "Burma Human Rights
- 5 and Freedom Act of 2019".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress makes the following findings:
- 8 (1) The United States policy of principled en-
- 9 gagement since 1988 has fostered positive demo-

- cratic reforms in Burma, but there remain important structural, societal, and systemic impediments to the realization of a fully democratic civilian government.
 - (2) On August 25, 2017, Burmese military forces initiated a violent crackdown in Burma's Rakhine state, attacking police posts and inciting what was, for an extended period of time, the world's fastest-growing refugee crisis. Refugee flows have since slowed down significantly, but continue to this day.
 - (3) More than 727,000 Rohingya have fled to Bangladesh since August 2017, fearing loss of livelihoods and shelter and disproportionate use of force by the military of Burma. As of January 2019, over 900,000 Rohingya reside in refugee camps in Bangladesh.
 - (4) In April 2018, the Department of State determined that ethnic cleansing against the Rohingya minority in Rakhine State occurred during the previous year, as documented in the annual Country Report on Human Rights Practices for Burma.
 - (5) On December 21, 2017, and August 17, 2018, using the authority granted by the Global Magnitsky Human Rights Accountability Act (sub-

- 1 title F of title XII of Public Law 114–328), the
- 2 United States Government imposed sanctions on
- 3 Maung Maung Soe and added Lt. General Aung
- 4 Kyaw Zaw, Major General Khin Hlaing, Major Gen-
- 5 eral Khin Maung Soe, and Brigadier General Thura
- 6 San Lwin, as well as the 33rd Light Infantry Divi-
- 7 sion and the 99th Light Infantry Division, to the
- 8 Specially Designated Nationals (SDN) list.
- 9 (6) On August 24, 2018, the United Nations
- 10 Independent International Fact-Finding Mission on
- Myanmar issued a report stating that "there is suf-
- 12 ficient information to warrant the investigation and
- prosecution of senior officials in the Tatmadaw
- chain of command, so that a competent court can
- determine their liability for genocide in relation to
- the situation in Rakhine State".
- 17 (7) On September 24, 2018, the Department of
- 18 State released a report that laid out a compelling
- case for crimes against humanity committed by the
- 20 Burmese military against Burma's Rohingya popu-
- 21 lation in Rakhine state, while stopping short of a
- 22 legal determination.
- 23 (8) On September 28, 2018, the United Na-
- tions Human Rights Council approved the establish-
- 25 ment of "an independent mechanism to collect and

- analyze evidence in regard to the serious international crimes committed in Myanmar against Rohingya Muslims and other minorities since 2011".
 - (9) Amnesty International and Human Rights Watch have reported and documented a campaign of violence perpetuated by the security forces of Burma that "may amount to crimes against humanity" and "ethnic cleansing" and includes indiscriminate attacks on civilians; rape of women and girls; and arbitrary arrest and detention of Rohingya men without charge.
 - (10) The Government of Burma continues to block access to northern Rakhine State by United Nations and other humanitarian organizations, preventing hundreds of thousands of vulnerable Rohingya, Rakhine, and other ethnic groups, including children with acute malnutrition, from receiving humanitarian aid.
 - (11) The people of Burma continue to suffer from ongoing armed conflict between the military of Burma, known as the Tatmadaw, the Arakan Army, and nearly 20 armed ethnic organizations.
 - (12) Corruption and lack of transparency allow Burma's military junta to use the trade of Burma's natural resources, in particular jade and rubies, to

1	enrich notorious leaders, including former dictator
2	Than Shwe and United States-sanctioned drug lord
3	Hsueh Kang Wei. Vested interests in jade and ru-
4	bies undermine prospects for resolving the most in-
5	tractable armed conflict in Burma.
6	(13) Any prospects for a full democracy in
7	Burma are contingent on ending the civil wars and
8	finding a path toward national reconciliation that
9	builds respect for the dignity of Burma's ethnic and
10	religious minorities.
11	SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
12	In this Act:
13	(1) Appropriate congressional commit-
14	TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional com-
15	mittees" means—
16	(A) the Committee on Foreign Relations
17	and the Committee on Armed Services of the
18	Senate; and
19	(B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and
20	the Committee on Armed Services of the House
21	of Representatives.
22	
	(2) Crimes against humanity.—The term
23	(2) Crimes against humanity" includes, when com-

1	directed against any civilian population, with knowl-
2	edge of the attack—
3	(A) murder;
4	(B) deportation or forcible transfer of pop-
5	ulation;
6	(C) torture;
7	(D) rape, sexual slavery, or any other form
8	of sexual violence of comparable severity;
9	(E) persecution against any identifiable
10	group or collectivity on political, racial, na-
11	tional, ethnic, cultural, religious, gender or
12	other grounds that are universally recognized as
13	impermissible under international law; and
14	(F) enforced disappearance of persons.
15	(3) Genocide.—The term "genocide" means
16	any offense described in section 1091(a) of title 18,
17	United States Code.
18	(4) Transitional Justice.—The term "tran-
19	sitional justice" means the range of judicial, non-
20	judicial, formal, informal, retributive, and restorative
21	measures employed by countries transitioning out of
22	armed conflict or repressive regimes—
23	(A) to redress legacies of atrocities; and
24	(B) to promote long-term, sustainable
25	peace

	·
1	(5) War crime.—The term "war crime" has
2	the meaning given the term in section 2441(c) of
3	title 18, United States Code.
4	SEC. 4. STATEMENT OF POLICY.
5	It is the policy of the United States that—
6	(1) the pursuit of a calibrated engagement
7	strategy is essential to support the establishment of
8	a peaceful, prosperous, and democratic Burma that
9	includes respect for the human rights of all its peo-
10	ple regardless of ethnicity and religion; and
11	(2) the guiding principles of such a strategy in-
12	clude—
13	(A) support for meaningful legal and con-
14	stitutional reforms that remove remaining re-
15	strictions on civil and political rights and insti-
16	tute civilian control of the military, civilian con-
17	trol of the government, and the constitutional
18	provision reserving 25 percent of parliamentary
19	seats for the military, which provides the mili-
20	tary with veto power over constitutional amend-
21	ments;
22	(B) the establishment of a fully demo-
23	cratic, pluralistic, civilian controlled, and rep-

resentative political system that includes regu-

2

3

4

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

larized free and fair elections in which all people of Burma, including the Rohingya, can vote;

- (C) the promotion of genuine national reconciliation and conclusion of a credible and sustainable nationwide ceasefire agreement, political accommodation of the needs of ethnic Shan, Kachin, Chin, Karen, and other ethnic groups, safe and voluntary return of displaced persons to villages of origins, and constitutional change allowing inclusive permanent peace;
- (D) independent and international investigations into credible reports of war crimes, crimes against humanity, including sexual and gender-based violence and genocide, perpetrated against ethnic minorities like the Rohingya by the government, military, and security forces of Burma, violent extremist groups, and other combatants involved in the conflict;
- (E) accountability for determinations of war crimes, crimes against humanity, including sexual and gender-based violence and genocide perpetrated against ethnic minorities like the Rohingya by the Government, military, and security forces of Burma, violent extremist

1	groups, and other combatants involved in the
2	conflict;
3	(F) strengthening the government's civilian
4	institutions, including support for greater trans-
5	parency and accountability;
6	(G) the establishment of professional and
7	nonpartisan military, security, and police forces
8	that operate under civilian control;
9	(H) empowering local communities, civil
10	society, and independent media;
11	(I) promoting responsible international and
12	regional engagement;
13	(J) strengthening respect for and protec-
14	tion of human rights and religious freedom;
15	(K) addressing and ending the humani-
16	tarian and human rights crises, including by
17	supporting the return of the displaced Rohingya
18	to their homes and granting or restoring full
19	citizenship for the Rohingya population; and
20	(L) promoting broad-based, inclusive eco-
21	nomic development and fostering healthy and
22	resilient communities

1 SEC. 5. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR HUMAN-

2	ITARIAN ASSISTANCE AND RECONCILIATION.
3	There is authorized to be appropriated not less than
4	\$220,500,000 for fiscal year 2020 for humanitarian as-
5	sistance and reconciliation activities for ethnic groups and
6	civil society organizations in Burma, Bangladesh, Thai-
7	land, and the region. The assistance may include—
8	(1) assistance for the victims of the Burmese
9	military's crimes against humanity targeting
10	Rohingya and other ethnic minorities in Rakhine
11	State, Kachin, and Shan States, including those dis-
12	placed in Burma, Bangladesh, Thailand, and the re-
13	gion;
14	(2) support for voluntary resettlement or repa-
15	triation in Burma, pending a genuine repatriation
16	agreement that is developed and negotiated with
17	Rohingya involvement and consultation;
18	(3) assistance to promote ethnic and religious
19	tolerance, to combat gender-based violence, and to
20	support victims of violence and destruction in
21	Rakhine, Kachin, and Shan States, including victims
22	of gender-based violence and unaccompanied minors;
23	(4) support for formal education for children
24	currently living in the camps, and opportunities to
25	access higher education in Bangladesh;

1	(5) support for programs to investigate and
2	document allegations of war crimes and crimes
3	against humanity, including sexual and gender-based
4	violence and genocide committed in Burma;
5	(6) assistance to ethnic groups and civil society
6	in Burma to help sustain ceasefire agreements and
7	further prospects for reconciliation and sustainable
8	peace; and
9	(7) promotion of ethnic minority inclusion and
10	participation in Burma's political processes.
11	SEC. 6. MULTILATERAL ASSISTANCE.
12	The Secretary of the Treasury should instruct the
13	United States executive director of each international fi-
14	nancial institution to use the voice and vote of the United
15	States to support projects in Burma that—
16	(1) provide for accountability and transparency,
17	including the collection, verification, and publication
18	of beneficial ownership information related to extrac-

tive industries and on-site monitoring during the life

of the project;

19

20

21

22

23

24

1	(3) do not provide incentives for, or facilitate
2	forced displacement; and
3	(4) do not partner with or otherwise involve en-
4	terprises owned or controlled by the armed forces.
5	SEC. 7. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON RIGHT OF RETURNEES
6	AND FREEDOM OF MOVEMENT.
7	(a) RIGHT OF RETURN.—It is the sense of Congress
8	that the Government of Burma, in collaboration with the
9	regional and international community, including the
10	United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees
11	should—
12	(1) ensure the dignified, safe, sustainable, and
13	voluntary return of all those displaced from their
14	homes, especially from Rakhine State, without an
15	unduly high burden of proof, and the opportunity to
16	obtain appropriate compensation to restart their
17	lives in Burma;
18	(2) ensure that those returning are granted or
19	restored full citizenship and all the rights that ad-
20	here to citizenship in Burma;
21	(3) offer to those who do not want to return
22	meaningful opportunity to obtain appropriate com-
23	pensation or restitution;
24	(4) not place returning Rohingya in internally
25	displaced persons camps or "model villages", but in-

- stead make efforts to reconstruct Rohingya villages
 as and where they were;
 - (5) facilitate the return of any funds collected by the Government by harvesting the land previously owned and tended by Rohingya farmers for them upon their return;
 - (6) fully implement all of the recommendations of the Advisory Commission on Rakhine State; and
 - (7) ensure there is proper consultation, buy-in, and confidence building from the Rohingya refugee community on decisions being made on their behalf.
- 12 (b) Freedom of Movement of Refugees and In-13 Ternally Displaced Persons.—Congress recognizes
- 14 that the Government of Bangladesh has provided long-
- 15 standing support and hospitality to people fleeing violence
- 16 in Burma, and calls on the Government of Bangladesh—
- 17 (1) to ensure all refugees, including Rohingya 18 persons living in camps in Bangladesh and in inter-
- 19 nally displaced persons camps in Burma, have free-
- dom of movement, including outside of the camps,
- and under no circumstance are subject to unsafe, in-
- voluntary, or uninformed repatriation;
- 23 (2) to ensure the dignified, safe, sustainable,
- and voluntary return of those displaced from their
- 25 homes, and offer to those who do not want to return

5

6

7

8

9

10

- 1 meaningful means to obtain compensation or restitu-2 tion; and
- 3 (3) to ensure the rights of refugees are pro-
- 4 tected, including through allowing them to build
- 5 more permanent shelters, and ensuring equal access
- 6 to healthcare, basic services, education, and work.

7 SEC. 8. MILITARY COOPERATION.

- 8 (a) Prohibition.—Except as provided under sub-
- 9 section (b), the President may not furnish any security
- 10 assistance or engage in any military-to-military programs
- 11 with the armed forces of Burma, including training or ob-
- 12 servation or participation in regional exercises, until the
- 13 Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of
- 14 Defense, certifies to the appropriate congressional com-
- 15 mittees that the Burmese military has demonstrated sig-
- 16 nificant progress in abiding by international human rights
- 17 standards and is undertaking meaningful and significant
- 18 security sector reform, including transparency and ac-
- 19 countability to prevent future abuses, as determined by
- 20 applying the following criteria:
- 21 (1) The military adheres to international
- human rights standards and institutes meaningful
- 23 internal reforms to stop future human rights viola-
- 24 tions.

- 1 (2) The military supports efforts to carry out
 2 meaningful and comprehensive independent and
 3 international investigations of credible reports of
 4 abuses and is holding accountable those in the Bur5 mese military responsible for human rights viola6 tions.
 - (3) The military supports efforts to carry out meaningful and comprehensive independent and international investigations of reports of conflict-related sexual and gender-based violence and is holding accountable those in the Burmese military who failed to prevent, respond to, investigate, and prosecute violence against women, sexual violence, or other gender-based violence.
 - (4) The Government of Burma, including the military, allows immediate and unfettered humanitarian access to communities in areas affected by conflict, including Rohingya and other minority communities in Rakhine, Kachin, and Shan States, specifically to the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees and other relevant United Nations agencies.
 - (5) The Government of Burma, including the military, cooperates with the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees and other relevant

- United Nations agencies to ensure the protection of displaced persons and the safe and voluntary return of Rohingya and other minority refugees and internally displaced persons.
- 5 (6) The Government of Burma, including the 6 military, takes steps toward the implementation of 7 the recommendations of the Advisory Commission on 8 Rakhine State.

(b) Exceptions.—

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

- (1) CERTAIN EXISTING AUTHORITIES.—The Department of Defense may continue to conduct consultations based on the authorities under section 1253 of the Carl Levin and Howard P. "Buck" McKeon National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2015 (Public Law 113–291; 22 U.S.C. 2151 note).
 - (2) Hospitality.—The United States Agency for International Development and the Department of State may provide assistance authorized by part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.) to support ethnic armed groups and the Burmese military for the purpose of supporting research, dialogues, meetings, and other activities related to the Union Peace Conference, Political Dia-

- logues, and related processes, in furtherance of in-
- 2 clusive, sustainable reconciliation.
- 3 (c) Military Reform.—The certification required
- 4 under subsection (a) shall include a written justification
- 5 in classified and unclassified form describing the Burmese
- 6 military's efforts to implement reforms, end impunity for
- 7 human rights violations, and increase transparency and
- 8 accountability.
- 9 (d) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this Act
- 10 shall be construed to authorize Department of Defense as-
- 11 sistance to the Government of Burma except as provided
- 12 in this section.
- (e) Report.—
- 14 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days
- after the date of the enactment of this Act, and
- every 180 days thereafter, the Secretary of State
- and the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the ap-
- propriate congressional committees a report, in both
- 19 classified and unclassified form, on the strategy and
- 20 plans for military-to-military engagement between
- the United States Armed Forces and the military of
- Burma.
- 23 (2) Elements.—The report required under
- paragraph (1) shall include the following elements:

1	(A) A description and assessment of the
2	Government of Burma's strategy for—
3	(i) security sector reform, including as
4	it relates to an end to involvement in the
5	illicit trade in jade, rubies, and other nat-
6	ural resources;
7	(ii) reforms to end corruption and il-
8	licit drug trafficking; and
9	(iii) constitutional reforms to ensure
10	civilian control of the Government.
11	(B) A list of ongoing military activities
12	conducted by the United States Government
13	with the Government of Burma, and a descrip-
14	tion of the United States strategy for future
15	military-to-military engagements between the
16	United States and Burma's military forces, in-
17	cluding the military of Burma, the Burma Po-
18	lice Force, and armed ethnic groups.
19	(C) An assessment of the progress of the
20	military of Burma towards developing a frame-
21	work to implement human rights reforms, in-
22	cluding—
23	(i) cooperation with civilian authori-
24	ties to investigate and prosecute cases of
25	human rights violations;

1	(ii) steps taken to demonstrate respect
2	for internationally recognized human rights
3	standards and implementation of and ad-
4	herence to the laws of war; and
5	(iii) a description of the elements of
6	the military-to-military engagement be-
7	tween the United States and Burma that
8	promote such implementation.
9	(D) An assessment of progress on the
10	peaceful settlement of armed conflicts between
11	the Government of Burma and ethnic minority
12	groups, including actions taken by the military
13	of Burma to adhere to ceasefire agreements,
14	allow for safe and voluntary returns of dis-
15	placed persons to their villages of origin, and
16	withdraw forces from conflict zones.
17	(E) An assessment of the Burmese mili-
18	tary recruitment and use of children as soldiers.
19	(F) An assessment of the Burmese mili-
20	tary's use of violence against women, sexual vio-
21	lence, or other gender-based violence as a tool
22	of terror, war, or crimes against humanity.
23	(f) CIVILIAN CHANNELS.—Any program initiated
24	under this section shall use appropriate civilian govern-

ment channels with the democratically elected Government of Burma. 3 (g) Regular Consultations.—Any new program or activity in Burma initiated under this section shall be 5 subject to prior consultation with the appropriate congres-6 sional committees. SEC. 9. TRADE RESTRICTIONS. 8 (a) Reinstatement of Import Restrictions on JADEITE AND RUBIES FROM BURMA.— 10 (1) In General.—Section 3A of the Burmese 11 Freedom and Democracy Act of 2003 (Public Law 12 108–61; 50 U.S.C. 1701 note) is amended by adding 13 at the end the following: 14 "(i) TERMINATION.—Notwithstanding section 9, this 15 section shall remain in effect until the President determines and certifies to the appropriate congressional com-16 mittees that the Government of Burma has taken measures to reform the gemstone industry in Burma, including 19 measures to require— "(1) the disclosure of the ultimate beneficial 20 21 ownership of entities in that industry; and 22 "(2) the publication of project revenues, pay-

ments, and contract terms relating to that indus-

try.".

23

1	(2) Conforming amendments.—Section 3A
2	of the Burmese Freedom and Democracy Act of
3	2003 is further amended—
4	(A) in subsection (b)—
5	(i) in paragraph (1), by striking
6	"until such time" and all that follows
7	through "2008" and inserting "beginning
8	on the date that is 15 days after the date
9	of the enactment of the Burma Human
10	Rights and Freedom Act of 2019"; and
11	(ii) in paragraph (3), by striking "the
12	date of the enactment of this Act" and in-
13	serting "the date of the enactment of the
14	Burma Human Rights and Freedom Act of
15	2019"; and
16	(B) in subsection (c)(1), by striking "until
17	such time" and all that follows through "2008"
18	and inserting "beginning on the date that is 15
19	days after the date of the enactment of the
20	Burma Human Rights and Freedom Act of
21	2019".
22	(3) Effective date.—The amendments made
23	by this subsection shall apply with respect to articles
24	entered, or withdrawn from warehouse for consump-

1	tion, on or after the 15th day after the date of the
2	enactment of this Act.
3	(b) REVIEW OF ELIGIBILITY FOR GENERALIZED SYS-
4	TEM OF PREFERENCES.—
5	(1) In general.—Not later than one year
6	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Presi-
7	dent shall submit to the committees specified in
8	paragraph (2) a report that includes a detailed re-
9	view of the eligibility of Burma for preferential duty
10	treatment under the Generalized System of Pref-
11	erences under title V of the Trade Act of 1974 (19
12	U.S.C. 2461 et seq.).
13	(2) Committees specified.—The committees
14	specified in this paragraph are—
15	(A) the Committee on Appropriations, the
16	Committee on Finance, and the Committee on
17	Foreign Relations of the Senate; and
18	(B) the Committee on Appropriations, the
19	Committee on Foreign Affairs, and the Com-
20	mittee on Ways and Means of the House of
21	Representatives.
22	SEC. 10. VISA BAN AND ECONOMIC SANCTIONS WITH RE-
23	SPECT TO MILITARY OFFICIALS RESPON-
24	SIBLE FOR HUMAN RIGHTS VIOLATIONS.
25	(a) List Required.—

1	(1) In General.—Not later than 180 days
2	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
3	President shall submit to the appropriate congres-
4	sional committees a list of—
5	(A) senior officials of the military and se-
6	curity forces of Burma that the President de-
7	termines have knowingly played a direct and
8	significant role in the commission of gross viola-
9	tions of human rights, war crimes, or crimes
10	against humanity (including sexual or gender-
11	based violence), in Burma, including against the
12	Rohingya minority population; and
13	(B) entities owned or controlled by officials
14	described in subparagraph (A).
15	(2) Inclusions.—The list required by para-
16	graph (1) shall include—
17	(A) each senior official of the military and
18	security forces of Burma—
19	(i) in charge of a unit that was oper-
20	ational during the so-called "clearance op-
21	erations" that began during or after Octo-
22	ber 2016; and
23	(ii) who—
24	(I) knew, or should have known,
25	that the official's subordinates were

1	committing gross violations of human
2	rights, war crimes, or crimes against
3	humanity (including sexual or gender-
4	based violence); and
5	(II) failed to take adequate steps
6	to prevent such violations or crimes or
7	punish the subordinates responsible
8	for such violations or crimes; and
9	(B) each entity owned or controlled by an
10	official described in subparagraph (A).
11	(3) UPDATES.—Not later than one year after
12	the date of the enactment of this Act, and not less
13	frequently than every 180 days thereafter, the Presi-
14	dent shall submit to the appropriate congressional
15	committees an updated version of the list required
16	by paragraph (1).
17	(b) Sanctions.—
18	(1) VISA BAN.—The Secretary of State shall
19	deny a visa to, and the Secretary of Homeland Secu-
20	rity shall exclude from the United States, any indi-
21	vidual included in the most recent list required by
22	subsection (a).
23	(2) Blocking of Property.—
24	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the
25	Treasury shall, pursuant to the International

Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.), block and prohibit all transactions in all property and interests in property of a person included in the most recent list required by subsection (a) if such property and interests in property are in the United States, come within the United States, or are or come within the possession or control of a United States person.

- (B) Inapplicability of national emergency requirements of section 202 of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701) shall not apply for purposes of this paragraph.
- (3) Authority for additional financial sanctions.—The Secretary of the Treasury may, in consultation with the Secretary of State, prohibit or impose strict conditions on the opening or maintaining in the United States of a correspondent account or payable-through account by a foreign financial institution that the President determines has, on or after the date of the enactment of this Act, knowingly conducted or facilitated a significant transaction or transactions on behalf of a person included

1	in the most recent list required by subsection (a) or
2	included on the SDN list pursuant to subsection (c).
3	(4) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this
4	subsection may be construed to apply with respect to
5	any transaction with a nongovernmental humani-
6	tarian organization in Burma.
7	(c) Consideration of Inclusions in SDN List.—
8	(1) In general.—Not later than 180 days
9	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
10	President shall—
11	(A) determine whether the individuals
12	specified in paragraph (2) should be included
13	on the SDN list; and
14	(B) submit to the appropriate congres-
15	sional committees a report, in classified form if
16	necessary, on the procedures for including those
17	individuals on the SDN list under existing au-
18	thorities of the Department of the Treasury.
19	(2) Individuals specified.—The individuals
20	specified in this paragraph are—
21	(A) the head of a unit of the military or
22	security forces of Burma that was operational
23	during the so-called "clearance operations" that
24	began during or after October 2016, includ-
25	ing—

1	(i) Senior General Min Aung Hlaing;
2	(ii) Deputy Commander-in-Chief and
3	Vice Senior-General Soe Win;
4	(iii) the Commander of the 33rd Light
5	Infantry Division, Brigadier-General Aung
6	Aung; and
7	(iv) the Commander of the 99th Light
8	Infantry Division, Brigadier-General Than
9	Oo; and
10	(B) any senior official of the military or
11	security forces of Burma for which the Presi-
12	dent determines there are credible reports that
13	the official—
14	(i) aided, participated in, or is other-
15	wise implicated in gross violations of
16	human rights, war crimes, or crimes
17	against humanity (including sexual or gen-
18	der-based violence), in Burma;
19	(ii)(I) knew, or should have known,
20	that the official's subordinates were com-
21	mitting such violations or crimes; and
22	(II) failed to take adequate steps to
23	prevent such violations or crimes or punish
24	the subordinates responsible for such viola-
25	tions or crimes; or

1	(iii) took significant steps to impede
2	the investigation or prosecution of such
3	violations or crimes.
4	(d) TERMINATION OF SANCTIONS.—The President
5	may terminate the application of sanctions under this sec-
6	tion with respect to an individual placed on the list re-
7	quired by subsection (a) under paragraph (1)(A) of that
8	subsection, or an entity placed on that list because the
9	entity is owned or controlled by such an individual, if the
10	President determines and reports to the appropriate con-
11	gressional committees not later than 15 days before the
12	termination of the sanctions that—
13	(1) the individual has—
14	(A) publicly acknowledged the role of the
15	individual in committing past gross violations of
16	human rights, war crimes, or crimes against
17	humanity (including sexual or gender-based vio-
18	lence);
19	(B) cooperated with independent efforts to
20	investigate such violations or crimes;
21	(C) been held accountable for such viola-
22	tions or crimes; and
23	(D) demonstrated substantial progress in
24	reforming the individual's behavior with respect

- to the protection of human rights in the conduct of civil-military relations; and
 - (2) removing the individual or entity from the list is in the national interest of the United States.

(e) Exceptions.—

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

- (1) Humanitarian assistance.—A requirement to impose sanctions under this section shall not apply with respect to the provision of medicine, medical equipment or supplies, food, or any other form of humanitarian or human rights-related assistance provided to Burma in response to a humanitarian crisis.
- (2) United Nations Headquarters agree-Ment.—Subsection (b)(1) shall not apply to the admission of an individual to the United States if such admission is necessary to comply with United States obligations under the Agreement between the United Nations and the United States of America regarding the Headquarters of the United Nations, signed at Lake Success June 26, 1947, and entered into force November 21, 1947, or under the Convention on Consular Relations, done at Vienna April 24, 1963, and entered into force March 19, 1967, or other international obligations of the United States.

1	(3) Exception relating to importation of
2	GOODS.—
3	(A) In general.—The authority to block
4	and prohibit all transactions in all property and
5	interests in property under this section shall not
6	include the authority to impose sanctions on the
7	importation of goods.
8	(B) Good defined.—In this paragraph,
9	the term "good" means any article, natural or
10	man-made substance, material, supply or manu-
11	factured product, including inspection and test
12	equipment, and excluding technical data.
13	(f) Waiver.—The President may waive a require-
14	ment of this section if the Secretary of State, in consulta-
15	tion with the Secretary of the Treasury, determines and
16	reports to the appropriate congressional committees that
17	the waiver is important to the national security interest
18	of the United States.
19	(g) Implementation; Penalties.—
20	(1) Implementation.—The President may ex-
21	ercise all authorities provided under sections 203
22	and 205 of the International Emergency Economic
23	Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1702 and 1704) to carry out
24	this section.

1 (2) Penalties.—A person that violates, at-2 tempts to violate, conspires to violate, or causes a 3 violation of paragraph (2) or (3) of subsection (b) or any regulation, license, or order issued to carry out 5 either such paragraph shall be subject to the pen-6 alties set forth in subsections (b) and (c) of section 7 206 of the International Emergency Economic Pow-8 ers Act (50 U.S.C. 1705) to the same extent as a 9 person that commits an unlawful act described in 10 subsection (a) of that section. 11 (h) Report to Congress on Diplomatic Engage-12 MENT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the en-13 actment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the President 14 shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees 15 a report on diplomatic efforts to impose coordinated sanctions with respect to persons sanctioned under— 16 17 (1) section 10; or 18 (2) section 1263 of the Global Magnitsky 19 Human Rights Accountability Act (subtitle F of title 20 XII of Public Law 114–328; 22 U.S.C. 2656 note) 21 for activities described in subsection (a) of that sec-22 tion in or with respect to Burma. 23 (i) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: 24 (1) ACCOUNT; CORRESPONDENT ACCOUNT; PAY-

ABLE-THROUGH ACCOUNT.—The terms "account",

- "correspondent account", and "payable-through account" have the meanings given those terms in section 5318A of title 31, United States Code.
- 4 (2) Knowingly.—The term "knowingly", with 5 respect to conduct, a circumstance, or a result, 6 means that a person has actual knowledge, or should 7 have known, of the conduct, the circumstance, or the 8 result.
- 9 (3) SDN LIST.—The term "SDN list" means 10 the list of specially designated nationals and blocked 11 persons maintained by the Office of Foreign Assets 12 Control of the Department of the Treasury.
- 13 (4) UNITED STATES PERSON.—The term
 14 "United States person" has the meaning given that
 15 term in section 595.315 of title 31, Code of Federal
 16 Regulations (as in effect on the day before the date
 17 of the enactment of this Act).

18 SEC. 11. STRATEGY FOR PROMOTING ECONOMIC DEVELOP-

- 19 MENT.
- 20 (a) In General.—Not later than 180 days after the
- 21 date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State,
- 22 the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Administrator of
- 23 the United States Agency for International Development
- 24 shall jointly submit to the appropriate congressional com-
- 25 mittees a strategy to support sustainable, inclusive, and

1	broad-based economic development, in accordance with the
2	priorities of disadvantaged communities in Burma and in
3	consultation with relevant civil society and local stake-
4	holders, and to improve economic conditions and govern-
5	ment transparency.
6	(b) Elements.—The strategy required by subsection
7	(a) shall include a roadmap—
8	(1) to assess and recommend measures to diver-
9	sify control over and access to participation in key
10	industries and sectors, including efforts to remove
11	barriers and increase competition, access, and oppor-
12	tunity in sectors dominated by officials of the Bur-
13	mese military, former military officials, and their
14	families, and businesspeople connected to the mili-
15	tary of Burma, with the goal of eliminating the role
16	of the military in the economy of Burma;
17	(2) to increase transparency disclosure require-
18	ments in key sectors of the economy of Burma to
19	promote responsible investment, including through
20	efforts—
21	(A) to provide technical support to develop
22	and implement policy reforms related to public
23	disclosure of the beneficial owners of entities in
24	key sectors identified by the Government of
25	Burma, specifically by—

1	(i) working with the Government of
2	Burma to require—
3	(I) the disclosure of the ultimate
4	beneficial ownership of entities in the
5	ruby industry; and
6	(II) the publication of project
7	revenues, payments, and contract
8	terms relating to that industry; and
9	(ii) ensuring that reforms complement
10	disclosures due to be put in place in
11	Burma as a result of its participation in
12	the Extractives Industry Transparency Ini-
13	tiative; and
14	(B) to identify the persons seeking or se-
15	curing access to the most valuable resources of
16	Burma; and
17	(3) to promote universal access to reliable, af-
18	fordable, energy efficient, and sustainable power, in-
19	cluding leveraging United States assistance to sup-
20	port reforms in the power sector and electrification
21	projects that increase energy access, in partnership
22	with multilateral organizations and the private sec-
23	tor.

1	SEC. 12. REPORT ON CRIMES AGAINST HUMANITY AND SE-
2	RIOUS HUMAN RIGHTS ABUSES IN BURMA.
3	(a) In General.—Not later than 90 days after the
4	date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State
5	shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees
6	a report detailing the credible reports of crimes against
7	humanity and serious human rights abuses committed
8	against the Rohingya and other ethnic minorities in
9	Burma, including credible reports of war crimes, crimes
10	against humanity, and genocide, and on potential
11	transnational justice mechanisms in Burma.
12	(b) Elements.—The reports required under sub-
13	section (a) shall include—
14	(1) a description of credible reports of war
15	crimes, crimes against humanity, including sexual
16	and gender-based violence, and genocide perpetrated
17	against the Rohingya and other ethnic minorities in
18	Burma, including—
19	(A) incidents that may constitute such
20	crimes committed by the Burmese military, and
21	other actors involved in the violence;
22	(B) the role of the civilian government in
23	the commission of such crimes;
24	(C) incidents that may constitute such
25	crimes committed by violent extremist groups or
26	antigovernment forces;

- 1 (D) any incidents that may violate the 2 principle of medical neutrality and, if possible, 3 identification of the individual or individuals 4 who engaged in or organized such incidents; 5 and
 - (E) to the extent possible, a description of the conventional and unconventional weapons used for such crimes and the origins of such weapons;
 - (2) a description and assessment by the Department of State, the United States Agency for International Development, the Department of Justice, and other appropriate Federal departments and agencies of programs that the United States Government has already or is planning to undertake to ensure accountability for credible reports of war crimes, crimes against humanity, including sexual and gender-based violence, and genocide perpetrated against the Rohingya and other ethnic minority groups by the Government, security forces, and military of Burma, violent extremist groups, and other combatants involved in the conflict, including programs—
 - (A) to train investigators within and outside of Burma and Bangladesh on how to docu-

- 1 ment, investigate, develop findings of, and iden-2 tify and locate alleged perpetrators of such 3 crimes in Burma;
 - (B) to promote and prepare for a transitional justice process or processes for the perpetrators of such crimes in Burma; and
 - (C) to document, collect, preserve, and protect evidence of reports of such crimes in Burma, including support for Burmese and Bangladeshi, foreign, and international non-governmental organizations, the United Nations Human Rights Council's investigative team, and other entities; and
 - (3) a detailed study of the feasibility and desirability of potential transitional justice mechanisms for Burma, including a hybrid or ad hoc tribunal as well as other international justice and accountability options. The report should be produced in consultation with Rohingya representatives and those of other ethnic minorities who have suffered grave human rights abuses.
- 22 (c) PROTECTION OF WITNESSES AND EVIDENCE.— 23 The Secretary shall take due care to ensure that the iden-24 tification of witnesses and physical evidence are not pub-25 licly disclosed in a manner that might place such persons

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

- 1 at risk of harm or encourage the destruction of evidence
- 2 by the Government of Burma.

3 SEC. 13. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE AUTHORIZED.

- 4 (a) In General.—The Secretary of State, in con-
- 5 sultation with the Department of Justice and other appro-
- 6 priate Federal departments and agencies, is authorized to
- 7 provide appropriate assistance to support entities that,
- 8 with respect to credible reports of war crimes, crimes
- 9 against humanity, including sexual and gender-based vio-
- 10 lence, and genocide perpetrated by the military, security
- 11 forces, and Government of Burma, Buddhist militias, and
- 12 all other armed groups fighting in Rakhine State—
- 13 (1) identify suspected perpetrators of such
- 14 crimes;
- 15 (2) collect, document, and protect evidence of
- crimes and preserve the chain of custody for such
- evidence;
- 18 (3) conduct criminal investigations; and
- 19 (4) support investigations by third-party states,
- as appropriate.
- 21 (b) Additional Assistance.—The Secretary of
- 22 State, after consultation with appropriate Federal depart-
- 23 ments and agencies and the appropriate congressional
- 24 committees, and taking into account the findings of the
- 25 transitional justice study required under section 12(b)(3),

1	is authorized to provide assistance to support the creation
2	and operation of transitional justice mechanisms for
3	Burma.
4	SEC. 14. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON PRESS FREEDOM.
5	In order to promote freedom of the press in Burma,
6	it is the sense of Congress that—
7	(1) Reuters journalists Wa Lone and Kyaw Soe
8	Oo should be immediately released and should have
9	access to lawyers and their families; and
10	(2) the Government of Burma should repeal the
11	Official Secrets Act, a colonial-era law that was used
12	to arrest these journalists, as well as other laws that
13	are used to arrest journalists and undermine press
14	freedom around the world.
15	SEC. 15. MEASURES RELATING TO MILITARY COOPERATION
16	BETWEEN BURMA AND NORTH KOREA.
17	(a) Imposition of Sanctions.—
18	(1) In general.—The President may, with re-
19	spect to any person described in paragraph (2)—
20	(A) impose the sanctions described in para-
21	graph (1) or (3) of section 10(b); or
22	(B) include that person on the SDN list
23	(as defined in section 10(i)).
24	(2) Persons described.—A person described
25	in this paragraph is an official of the Government of

- 1 Burma or an individual or entity acting on behalf of
- 2 that Government that the President determines pur-
- 3 chases or otherwise acquires defense articles from
- 4 the Government of North Korea or an individual or
- 5 entity acting on behalf of that Government.
- 6 (b) Restriction on Foreign Assistance.—The
- 7 President may terminate or reduce the provision of United
- 8 States foreign assistance to Burma if the President deter-
- 9 mines that the Government of Burma does not verifiably
- 10 and irreversibly eliminate all purchases or other acquisi-
- 11 tions of defense articles by persons described in subsection
- 12 (a)(2) from the Government of North Korea or individuals
- 13 or entities acting on behalf of that Government.
- 14 (c) Defense Article Defined.—In this section,
- 15 the term "defense article" has the meaning given that
- 16 term in section 47 of the Arms Export Control Act (22
- 17 U.S.C. 2794).
- 18 SEC. 16. NO AUTHORIZATION FOR THE USE OF MILITARY
- FORCE.
- Nothing in this Act shall be construed as an author-
- 21 ization for the use of force.

 \bigcirc