

#### 116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# H. R. 3089

To provide grants to States to ensure that all students in the middle grades are taught an academically rigorous curriculum with effective supports so that students complete the middle grades prepared for success in secondary school and postsecondary endeavors, to improve State and local educational agency policies and programs relating to the academic achievement of students in the middle grades, to develop and implement effective middle grades models for struggling students, and for other purposes.

### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

June 4, 2019

Mr. Grijalva (for himself and Mr. Thompson of Mississippi) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Education and Labor

## A BILL

To provide grants to States to ensure that all students in the middle grades are taught an academically rigorous curriculum with effective supports so that students complete the middle grades prepared for success in secondary school and postsecondary endeavors, to improve State and local educational agency policies and programs relating to the academic achievement of students in the middle grades, to develop and implement effective middle grades models for struggling students, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Success in the Middle
- 5 Act of 2019".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress finds the following:
- 8 (1) Research shows that Federal funding for
- 9 students in middle school and high school, particu-
- larly grades 6 through 12, is significantly lower than
- funding for elementary and postsecondary students.
- 12 (2) International comparisons indicate that stu-
- dents in the United States do not start out behind
- students of other nations in mathematics and
- science, but that they fall behind by the end of the
- middle grades.
- 17 (3) Approximately 65 percent of students in
- grade 8 read below the proficient level on the 2017
- National Assessment of Educational Progress. A lit-
- 20 tle over one-third of students in grade 8 in the
- United States, and approximately 5 percent of such
- students who are English learners, can read with
- proficiency, according to the 2017 National Assess-
- 24 ment of Educational Progress.

- (4) In mathematics, 37 percent of students in grade 8 show skills at or above the proficient level on the 2017 National Assessment of Educational Progress. However, the percentage of students in grade 4 at or above the proficient level on such As-sessment was 40 percent. In grade 8, the gaps be-tween the average mathematics scores of White and Black students and between White and Hispanic students were approximately as wide in 2017 as in 2015.
  - (5) By grade 6, a student who attends school less than 80 percent of the time, receives unsatisfactory marks for mild but sustained misbehavior, or who fails English or mathematics, has only a 10 to 20 percent chance of graduating on time. Without effective interventions and proper supports, these students are at risk of subsequent failure in secondary school, or of dropping out.
  - (6) Approximately 55 percent of students in grades 5 through 12 are engaged in the learning process, while 28 percent are unengaged or mentally checked out and 17 percent are actively disengaged and feel negatively about school, according to a 2013 Gallup Student Poll. Additionally, 54 percent of students are hopeful, while 32 percent feel stuck and

- 1 14 percent feel discouraged, about their future suc-2 cess at school and beyond.
  - (7) Student transitions from elementary school to the middle grades and to secondary school are often complicated by poor curriculum alignment, inadequate counseling services, and unsatisfactory sharing of student performance and academic achievement data between grades.
    - (8) Middle grades improvement strategies should be tailored based on a variety of performance indicators and data, so that—
      - (A) educators can create and implement successful school improvement strategies to address the needs of the middle grades; and
      - (B) teachers can provide effective instruction and adequate assistance to meet the needs of at-risk students.
    - (9) Middle grade teachers face unique challenges due to the increased individual subject matter focus of the curriculum combined with the physical, intellectual, and emotional changes faced by early adolescents transitioning from elementary school to high school.
  - (10) Combining measures of academic achievement and motivation, social engagement, and self-

- regulation—the behavioral domains essential for success across the school and work continuum—provides a more holistic picture of students, including their likelihood of enrolling in an institution of higher education following high school graduation. This information, available in middle school, allows for early identification of and intervention with students who may be less likely to complete secondary school and attend an institution of higher education.
  - (11) Appropriate academic accommodations, age-appropriate discipline, access to assistive technology, and evidence-based interventions must be used with students with disabilities, particularly in the middle grades, as—
    - (A) the dropout rate for learning disabled students is nearly 3 times the dropout rate of all students;
    - (B) more than half of young adults with learning disabilities have been involved in the justice system; and
    - (C) students with disabilities have a graduation rate nearly 20 percentage points lower than the graduation rate for general education students.

1 (12) Local educational agencies and State edu-2 cational agencies often do not have the capacity to 3 provide support for school improvement strategies. 4 Successful models do exist for turning around low-5 performing middle grades, and Federal support 6 should be provided to increase the capacity to apply 7 promising practices based on evidence from success-8 ful schools.

#### 9 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

- 10 In this Act:
- 11 (1) ESEA DEFINITIONS.—The terms "edu-12 service agency", "elementary school", cational "English learner", "evidence-based", "local edu-13 14 cational agency", "outlying area", "high school", "secondary school", and "State educational agency" 15 16 have the meanings given the terms in section 8101 17 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 18 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7801).
  - (2) CHRONIC ABSENTEEISM.—The term "chronic absenteeism" means the percentage of individual students missing 10 percent, or more, of the days of school in a school year.
- (3) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term "eligible entity" means a partnership that includes—

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1	(A) not less than 1 eligible local edu-
2	cational agency; and
3	(B)(i) an institution of higher education;
4	(ii) an educational service agency; or
5	(iii) a nonprofit organization with dem-
6	onstrated expertise in high-quality middle
7	grades intervention.
8	(4) Eligible local educational agency.—
9	The term "eligible local educational agency" means
10	a local educational agency that serves not less than
11	1 eligible school.
12	(5) Eligible school.—The term "eligible
13	school" means an elementary school or secondary
14	school that contains not less than 2 successive
15	grades of grades 5 through 8 and for which—
16	(A) a high proportion of the middle grades
17	students attending such school will attend a
18	secondary school with a graduation rate of 67
19	percent or less;
20	(B) more than 25 percent of the students
21	who finish grade 6 at such school, or the ear-
22	liest middle grade level at the school, exhibit 1
23	or more of the key risk factors and early risk
24	identification signs, including—

1	(i) student attendance below 90 per-
2	$\operatorname{cent};$
3	(ii) a failing grade in a mathematics
4	or reading or language arts course;
5	(iii) 2 failing grades in any courses;
6	and
7	(iv) out-of-school suspension or other
8	evidence of at-risk behavior; or
9	(C) more than 50 percent of the middle
10	grades students attending such school do not
11	perform at a proficient level on State student
12	academic assessments required under section
13	1111(b)(2) of the Elementary and Secondary
14	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6311(b)(2))
15	in mathematics or reading or language arts.
16	(6) Institution of higher education.—The
17	term "institution of higher education" has the
18	meaning given the term in section 101 of the Higher
19	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001).
20	(7) MIDDLE GRADES.—The term "middle
21	grades' means any of grades 5 through 8.
22	(8) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
23	the Secretary of Education.

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1	(9) STATE.—The term "State" means each of
2	the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and the
3	Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.
4	(10) STUDENT WITH A DISABILITY.—The term
5	"student with a disability" means a student who is
6	a child with a disability, as defined in section 602
7	of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act
8	(20 U.S.C. 1401).
9	TITLE I—MIDDLE GRADES
10	<b>IMPROVEMENT</b>
11	SEC. 101. PURPOSES.
12	The purposes of this title are to—
13	(1) develop middle grade students' social, emo-
14	tional, and academic competencies and deep content
15	knowledge to ensure they are equipped to think criti-
16	cally, solve problems, communicate effectively, col-
17	laborate with others, and be self-directed so that
18	they can enter high school on-track and graduate
19	from high school on time and ready for postsec-
20	ondary and career pathways;
21	(2) provide student and teacher supports for
22	middle grades education, including funding and cur-
23	ricula, that align with the student and teacher sup-

ports provided for elementary school and secondary

- school grades within and across local educational agencies;
  - (3) provide resources to State educational agencies and local educational agencies to collaboratively develop and implement middle grade improvement plans in order to deliver evidence-based support and technical assistance to schools serving middle grade students;
    - (4) provide resources for schools serving middle grade students to develop positive learning communities where educators and students feel engaged, and share high expectations of student success, as exhibited by mutual respect, fair discipline approaches, and rigorous academic curriculum; and
    - (5) increase the capacity of States and local educational agencies to develop effective, sustainable, and replicable school improvement programs and models and evidence-based or, when available, scientifically valid student interventions for implementation by schools serving students in the middle grades.

1	SEC. 102. FORMULA GRANTS TO STATE EDUCATIONAL
2	AGENCIES FOR MIDDLE GRADES IMPROVE-
3	MENT.
4	(a) In General.—From amounts appropriated
5	under section 107, the Secretary shall make grants under
6	this title for a fiscal year to each State educational agency
7	for which the Secretary has approved an application in
8	an amount equal to the allotment determined for such
9	agency under subsection (c) for such fiscal year.
10	(b) Reservations.—From the total amount made
11	available to carry out this title for a fiscal year, the Sec-
12	retary—
13	(1) shall reserve not more than 1 percent for
14	the Secretary of the Interior (on behalf of the Bu-
15	reau of Indian Education) and the outlying areas for
16	activities carried out in accordance with this section;
17	(2) shall reserve 1 percent to evaluate the effec-
18	tiveness of this title in achieving the purposes of this
19	title and ensuring that results are peer-reviewed and
20	widely disseminated, which may include hiring an
21	outside evaluator; and
22	(3) shall reserve 2 percent for technical assist-
23	ance and dissemination of best practices in middle
24	grades education to States and local educational
25	agencies.
26	(c) Amount of State Allotments.—

(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-1 2 graph (2), of the total amount made available to 3 carry out this title for a fiscal year and not reserved under subsection (b), the Secretary shall allot such 5 amount among the States in proportion to the num-6 ber of children, aged 5 to 17, who reside within the 7 State and are from families with incomes below the 8 poverty level for the most recent fiscal year for 9 which satisfactory data are available, compared to 10 the number of such individuals who reside in all 11 such States for that fiscal year, determined in ac-12 cordance with section 1124(c)(1)(A) of the Elemen-13 tary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 14 U.S.C. 6333(c)(1)(A)).

- (2) MINIMUM ALLOTMENTS.—No State educational agency shall receive an allotment under this subsection for a fiscal year that is less than ½ of 1 percent of the amount made available to carry out this title for such fiscal year.
- 20 (d) SPECIAL RULE.—For any fiscal year for which 21 the funds appropriated to carry out this title are less than 22 \$500,000,000, the Secretary is authorized to award grants 23 to State educational agencies, on a competitive basis, rath-24 er than as allotments described in this section, to enable

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- 1 such agencies to award subgrants under section 104 on2 a competitive basis.
- 3 (e) Reallotment.—
- 4 (1) Failure to apply; application not apply for an allotment under this title for a fiscal year, or if the application from the State educational agency is not approved, the Secretary shall reallot the amount of the State's allotment to the remaining States in accordance with this section.
- 11 (2) UNUSED FUNDS.—The Secretary may 12 reallot any amount of an allotment to a State if the 13 Secretary determines that the State will be unable to 14 use such amount within 2 years of such allotment. 15 Such reallotments shall be made on the same basis 16 as allotments are made under subsection (c).
- 17 (f) APPLICATION.—In order to receive an allotment 18 under this title, a State educational agency shall submit 19 an application to the Secretary at such time, in such man-20 ner, and accompanied by such information as the Sec-21 retary may reasonably require, including a State middle 22 grades improvement plan described in section 103(a)(4).
- 23 (g) PEER REVIEW AND SELECTION.—The Sec-24 retary—

- (1) shall establish a peer-review process to assist in the review and approval of proposed State applications;
  - (2) shall appoint individuals to participate in the peer-review process who are educators and experts in identifying, evaluating, and implementing effective education programs and practices (including in the areas of teaching and learning, educational standards and assessments, school improvement, school climate, rates of suspension and expulsion, and academic and behavioral supports for middle grades students, and in addressing the needs of students with disabilities and English learners in the middle grades), which individuals may include recognized exemplary middle grades teachers and middle grades principals who have been recognized at the State or national level for exemplary work or contributions to the field;
    - (3) shall ensure that State educational agencies are given the opportunity to receive timely feedback, and to interact with peer-review panels, in person or via electronic communication, on issues that need clarification during the peer-review process;
    - (4) shall approve an application submitted under this title not later than 120 days after the

1	date of submission of the application unless the Sec-
2	retary determines that the application does not meet
3	the requirements of this title;
4	(5) may not decline to approve an application
5	from a State educational agency before—
6	(A) offering the State educational agency
7	an opportunity to revise the application;
8	(B) providing the State educational agency
9	with technical assistance in order to submit a
10	successful application; and
11	(C) providing an opportunity for a hearing
12	to the State educational agency; and
13	(6) shall direct the Inspector General of the De-
14	partment of Education to—
15	(A) review final determinations reached by
16	the Secretary to approve or deny State applica-
17	tions;
18	(B) analyze the consistency of the process
19	used by peer-review panels in reviewing and rec-
20	ommending to the Secretary approval or denial
21	of such State applications; and
22	(C) report the findings of this review and
23	analysis to Congress.
24	SEC. 103. STATE PLAN; AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES.
25	(a) Mandatory Activities.—

1	(1) In General.—A State educational agency
2	that receives a grant under this title shall use the
3	grant funds—
4	(A) to prepare and implement the needs
5	analysis and middle grades improvement plan
6	as described in paragraphs (3) and (4), of such
7	agency;
8	(B) to make subgrants to eligible local
9	educational agencies or eligible entities under
10	section 104; and
11	(C) to assist eligible local educational agen-
12	cies and eligible entities, when determined nec-
13	essary by the State educational agency or at the
14	request of an eligible local educational agency
15	or eligible entity, in designing a comprehensive
16	schoolwide improvement plan and carrying out
17	the activities under section 104.
18	(2) Funds for subgrants.—A State edu-
19	cational agency that receives a grant under this title
20	shall use not less than 90 percent of the grant funds
21	to make subgrants to eligible local educational agen-
22	cies or eligible entities under section 104.
23	(3) MIDDLE GRADES NEED ASSESSMENT.—
24	(A) Comprehensive assessment.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—A State educational agency that receives a grant under this title shall conduct a comprehensive needs assessment that analyzes how to strengthen the programs, practices, and policies of the State to target support for students in the middle grades to improve positive stu-dent outcomes that prepare students for high school, postsecondary, and career suc-cess.

(ii) Contracting ability.—A State educational agency receiving a grant under this title may enter into a contract, or similar formal agreement, to work with entities such as national and regional comprehensive centers (as described in section 203 of the Educational Technical Assistance Act of 2002 (20 U.S.C. 9602)), institutions of higher education, or nonprofit organizations with demonstrated expertise in high-quality middle grades reform to conduct a comprehensive needs assessment.

(B) PREPARATION OF ASSESSMENT.—In preparing the assessment under subparagraph(A), the State educational agency shall examine

1	policies and practices of the State, and of local
2	educational agencies within the State, affecting
3	with respect to middle grades—
4	(i) curriculum alignment, assessment
5	and instruction;
6	(ii) the State system of annual mean-
7	ingful differentiation, as described under
8	section 1111(c)(4)(C) of the Elementary
9	and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20
10	U.S.C. $6311(c)(4)(C)$ ;
11	(iii) teacher and school leader prepa-
12	ration, quality, experience, and equitable
13	distribution;
14	(iv) interventions both in-school and
15	out-of-school that support student learn-
16	ing;
17	(v) student engagement activities;
18	(vi) disproportionate use of exclu-
19	sionary disciplinary practices, including in-
20	school and out-of-school suspensions;
21	(vii) family and community engage-
22	ment in education;
23	(viii) equitable distribution of re-
24	sources; and

1	(ix) student and academic support
2	services, such as effective school library
3	programs and school counseling on the
4	transition to secondary school and plan-
5	ning for entry into postsecondary edu-
6	cation and the workforce.
7	(4) MIDDLE GRADES IMPROVEMENT PLAN.—
8	(A) In General.—A State educational
9	agency that receives a grant under this title
10	shall develop a middle grades improvement plan
11	that—
12	(i) shall be a statewide plan to im-
13	prove student academic achievement in the
14	middle grades, based on the needs assess-
15	ment described in paragraph (3); and
16	(ii) describes what students are re-
17	quired to know and do to successfully—
18	(I) complete the middle grades;
19	(II) develop the competencies
20	of—
21	(aa) the ability to acquire
22	and use deep content knowledge
23	to solve problems;
24	(bb) critical thinking;

1	(cc) effective communica-
2	tion;
3	(dd) self-direction; and
4	(ee) the ability to collabo-
5	rate; and
6	(III) make a successful transition
7	to academically rigorous secondary
8	school coursework that prepares stu-
9	dents to graduate from secondary
10	school ready for higher education and
11	a career.
12	(B) PLAN COMPONENTS.—A middle grades
13	improvement plan described in subparagraph
14	(A) shall also describe how the State edu-
15	cational agency will do each of the following:
16	(i)(I) Align State standards and as-
17	sessments for middle grades education with
18	State standards and assessments for sec-
19	ondary schools and prepare students to
20	take challenging secondary school courses
21	and successfully engage in postsecondary
22	education.
23	(II) Coordinate, where applicable,
24	with the activities carried out through
25	grants under section 6201(c)(1) of the

1	America COMPETES Act (20 U.S.C.
2	9871(c)(1)) for alignment of P-16 edu-
3	cation, as defined in section 6201(b) of
4	such Act.
5	(III) Support the transition from ele-
6	mentary school to the middle grades
7	through programs that promote successful
8	social, emotional, and cognitive develop-
9	ment.
10	(ii) Provide professional development
11	to school leaders, teachers, and other
12	school personnel in—
13	(I) addressing the needs of di-
14	verse learners, including students with
15	disabilities and English learners;
16	(II) using challenging and rel-
17	evant research-based best practices
18	and curricula;
19	(III) using data to inform in-
20	struction; and
21	(IV) increasing student engage-
22	ment and social and emotional learn-
23	ing competencies.
24	(iii) Identify and disseminate informa-
25	tion on effective schools and instructional

1	strategies for middle grades students based
2	on high-quality research.
3	(iv) Identify and provide support for
4	students most at risk of not graduating
5	from secondary school, including English
6	learners, students with disabilities, and
7	low-income students.
8	(v) Provide technical assistance to eli-
9	gible entities to develop and implement
10	their early warning indicator and interven-
11	tion systems, as described in section
12	104(d)(2)(D).
13	(vi) Define a set of school perform-
14	ance indicators that shall be used, in addi-
15	tion to the indicators used to identify
16	schools for comprehensive support and im-
17	provement under section $1111(c)(4)(D)(i)$
18	of the Elementary and Secondary Edu-
19	cation Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C.
20	6311(c)(4)(D)(i)), to evaluate school per-
21	formance and guide the school improve-
22	ment process, such as—
23	(I) student attendance and
24	chronic absenteeism;

1	(II) earned on-time promotion
2	rates from grade to grade;
3	(III) percentage of students fail-
4	ing a mathematics, reading or lan-
5	guage arts, or science course, or fail-
6	ing 2 or more of any courses;
7	(IV) teacher preparation, experi-
8	ence, effectiveness, and attendance
9	measures;
10	(V) in-school and out-of-school
11	suspension or other measurable evi-
12	dence of at-risk behavior, including
13	any disparities in rates among sub-
14	groups of students, as defined in sec-
15	tion 1111(c)(2)) of the Elementary
16	and Secondary Education Act of 1965
17	(20 U.S.C. 6311(e)(2));
18	(VI) data collected by the Civil
19	Rights Data Collection survey con-
20	ducted by the Office of Civil Rights of
21	the Department of Education; and
22	(VII) additional indicators pro-
23	posed by the State educational agency
24	and approved by the Secretary, based
25	upon any peer-review evaluation of in-

1	dicators conducted under section
2	102(b)(2).
3	(vii) Ensure that such plan is coordi-
4	nated with State activities to turn around
5	schools identified for comprehensive sup-
6	port and improvement under section
7	1111(c)(4)(D)(i) of the Elementary and
8	Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20
9	U.S.C. 6311(c)(4)(D)(i)), including State
10	activities to improve secondary schools and
11	elementary schools.
12	(viii) Ensure that such plan includes
13	specific provisions to improve family and
14	community engagement in education in the
15	middle grades.
16	(b) Permissible Activities.—A State educational
17	agency that receives a grant under this title may use the
18	grant funds to—
19	(1) develop and encourage collaborations among
20	researchers at institutions of higher education, State
21	educational agencies, educational service agencies,
22	local educational agencies, and nonprofit organiza-
23	tions with demonstrated expertise in high-quality
24	middle grade interventions, to expand the use of ef-

- fective practices in the middle grades and to improve
  middle grade education;
  - (2) develop and facilitate collaboration among institutions of higher education, nonprofit organizations, and other stakeholders involved in teacher and school leader preparation to improve the quality and delivery of preservice and in-service middle grades teacher and school leader preparation to ensure new and existing middle grade educators are prepared for the specific and unique needs of middle grades students;
  - (3) support local educational agencies in implementing effective middle grades practices, models, and programs that—
    - (A) are evidence-based; and
    - (B) lead to improved student academic achievement;
  - (4) support collaborative communities of middle grades teachers, administrators, school librarians, and researchers in creating and sustaining informational databases to disseminate results from rigorous research on effective practices and programs for middle grades education; and
  - (5) increase middle grades student and academic support services, such as—

1	(A) effective school library programs; and
2	(B) school counseling on the transition to
3	secondary school, such as summer bridge pro-
4	grams and student mentors, and planning for
5	entry into postsecondary education and the
6	workforce.
7	SEC. 104. COMPETITIVE SUBGRANTS TO IMPROVE LOW-
8	PERFORMING MIDDLE GRADES.
9	(a) In General.—A State educational agency that
10	receives a grant under this title shall make competitive
11	subgrants to eligible local educational agencies and eligible
12	entities to enable the eligible local educational agencies
13	and eligible entities to improve low-performing middle
14	grades in schools served by the agencies or entities.
15	(b) Priorities.—In making subgrants under sub-
16	section (a), a State educational agency shall give priority
17	to eligible local educational agencies or eligible entities
18	based on—
19	(1) the respective populations of children de-
20	scribed in section 102(c)(1) served by the eligible
21	local educational agencies that are participating in
22	the subgrant application process; and
23	(2) the respective populations of children served
24	by the participating eligible local educational agen-
25	cies who attend eligible schools.

1 (c) Application.—An eligible local educational 2 agency or eligible entity that desires to receive a subgrant 3 under subsection (a) shall submit an application to the 4 State educational agency at such time, in such manner, 5 and accompanied by such information as the State educational agency may reasonably require, including— 6 7 (1) a middle grade improvement plan described 8 in subsection (d); and 9 (2) a description of how activities described in 10 such plan will be complementary to, and coordinated 11 with, school improvement activities for elementary 12 schools and secondary schools that serve the same 13 students within the participating local educational 14 agency. 15 (d) MIDDLE GRADES IMPROVEMENT PLAN.—An eligible local educational agency or eligible entity that desires 16 to receive a subgrant under subsection (a) shall develop 17 18 a comprehensive middle grades improvement plan for the 19 middle grades that shall— 20 (1) describe how activities described in such 21 plan will be coordinated with activities specified in 22 schoolwide program plans under section 1114 of the

Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965

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(20 U.S.C. 6314);

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1	(2) describe how the eligible local educational
2	agency or eligible entity will—
3	(A) identify eligible schools;
4	(B) ensure that funds go to eligible schools
5	with the highest percent of low-income students
6	first, based on the eligible schools' populations
7	of children described in section 102(c)(1);
8	(C) use funds to close achievement gaps
9	and improve the academic achievement of all
10	students, including English learners and stu-
11	dents with disabilities, in eligible schools;
12	(D) implement an early warning indicator
13	and intervention system to alert schools when
14	students begin to exhibit outcomes or behaviors
15	that indicate the student is at increased risk for
16	low academic achievement or is unlikely to
17	progress to secondary school graduation, and to
18	create a system of evidence-based interventions
19	to be used by schools to effectively intervene,
20	by—
21	(i) identifying and analyzing, such as
22	through the use of longitudinal data of
23	past cohorts of students, the academic and
24	behavioral indicators in the middle grades
25	that most reliably predict dropping out of

I	secondary school, such as attendance,
2	chronic absenteeism, behavior measures
3	(including suspensions, officer referrals, or
4	conduct marks), academic performance in
5	core courses, and earned on-time pro-
6	motion from grade-to-grade, and other rel-
7	evant indicator of student academic per-
8	formance as included in schoolwide pro-
9	gram plans under section 1114 of the Ele-
10	mentary and Secondary Education Act of
11	1965 (20 U.S.C. 6314);
12	(ii) analyzing student progress and
13	performance on the indicators identified
14	under clause (i) to guide decision making;
15	(iii) analyzing academic indicators to
16	determine whether students are on track to
17	graduate on time, and developing appro-
18	priate evidence-based intervention; and
19	(iv) identifying or developing a mecha-
20	nism for regularly collecting and report-
21	ing—
22	(I) student-level data on the indi-
23	cators identified under clause (i);

1	(II) student-level progress and
2	performance, as described in clause
3	(ii);
4	(III) student-level data on the in-
5	dicators described in clause (iii); and
6	(IV) information about the im-
7	pact of interventions on student out
8	comes and progress;
9	(E) increase academic rigor and foster stu-
10	dent engagement to ensure students are enter-
11	ing secondary school prepared for success in a
12	rigorous college- and career-ready curriculum
13	including a description of how such readiness
14	will be measured;
15	(F) implement a systemic transition plan
16	for all students and encourage collaboration
17	among elementary grades, middle grades, and
18	secondary school grades to support the success-
19	ful transition between grades;
20	(G) increase community and family en-
21	gagement in education in the middle grades to
22	support student success; and
23	(H) provide evidence that the strategies
24	programs, supports, and instructional practices
25	proposed under the middle grades improvement

1	plan are new and have not been implemented
2	before by the eligible local educational agency
3	or eligible entity; and
4	(3) provide evidence of an ongoing commitment
5	to sustain the plan for a period of not less than 4
6	years.
7	(e) REVIEW AND SELECTION OF SUBGRANTS.—In
8	making subgrants under subsection (a), the State edu-
9	cational agency shall—
10	(1) establish a peer-review process to assist in
11	the review and approval of applications under sub-
12	section (c); and
13	(2) appoint individuals to participate in the
14	peer-review process who are educators and experts in
15	identifying, evaluating, and implementing effective
16	education programs and practices, including—
17	(A) experts—
18	(i) in areas of teaching and learning,
19	educational standards and assessments,
20	and school improvement;
21	(ii) in addressing the needs of stu-
22	dents with disabilities and English learners
23	in the middle grades; and
24	(iii) in the academic and behavioral
25	supports for middle grades students: and

- 1 (B) recognized exemplary middle grades
  2 teachers and principals who have been recog3 nized at the State or national level for exem4 plary work or contributions to the field.
- f (f) Revision of Subgrants.—If a State edu-6 cational agency, using the peer-review process described 7 in subsection (e), determines that an application for a 8 grant under subsection (a) does not meet the requirements 9 of this title, the State educational agency shall notify the 10 eligible local educational agency or eligible entity of such 11 determination and the reasons for such determination, and 12 offer—
- 13 (1) the eligible local educational agency or eligi-14 ble entity an opportunity to revise and resubmit the 15 application; and
  - (2) technical assistance to the eligible local educational agency or eligible entity, by the State educational agency or a nonprofit organization with demonstrated expertise in high-quality middle grades interventions, to revise the application.
- 21 (g) Mandatory Uses of Funds.—An eligible local 22 educational agency or eligible entity that receives a 23 subgrant under subsection (a) shall carry out the fol-24 lowing:

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- 1 (1) Align the curricula for grades kindergarten
  2 through 12 for schools within the local educational
  3 agency to improve transitions from elementary
  4 grades to middle grades to secondary school grades.
  5 (2) In each eligible school served by the eligible
  6 local educational agency receiving or participating in
  - (A) Align the curricula for all grade levels within eligible schools to improve grade to grade transitions.
  - (B) Implement evidence-based instructional strategies, programs, and learning environments that meet the needs of all students and ensure that school leaders and teachers receive professional development on the use of these strategies.
  - (C) Provide professional development for school leaders, teachers, specialized instructional support personnel, school librarians, and other school staff on the developmental stages of adolescents in the middle grades and how to deal with those stages appropriately in an educational setting.
  - (D) Implement organizational practices and school schedules that allow for effective

the subgrant:

leadership, collaborative staff participation, professional development, effective teacher instructional teaming, and parent and community involvement.

- (E) Create a more personalized and engaging learning environment for middle grades students by developing a personal academic plan for each student and assigning not less than 1 adult who has received the appropriate training to monitor, evaluate, and support the progress of each individual student attending the eligible school.
- (F) Provide all students, and the students' families, with information about, and assistance with, the requirements for secondary school graduation, admission to an institution of higher education, and career success.
- (G) Utilize data from an early warning indicator and intervention system described in subsection (d)(2)(D) to identify struggling students and assist the students as the students transition from elementary school to middle grades to secondary school.
- (H) Implement academic supports, such as effective school library programs, and effective

- and coordinated additional assistance programs
  to ensure that students have a strong foundation in reading, writing, mathematics, and
  science skills.
  - (I) Develop and use effective, age- and level-appropriate, formative assessments to inform instruction.
  - (J) Provide integrated student support services, such as access to student health services, mental health and trauma-informed care, and individualized school counseling, to address the comprehensive needs of students attending eligible schools.
- (h) PERMISSIBLE USES OF FUNDS.—An eligible local deducational agency or eligible entity that receives a subgrant under subsection (a) may use the subgrant funds to carry out the following:
  - (1) Implement extended learning opportunities in core academic areas, including more instructional time in literacy, mathematics, science, history, and civics in addition to opportunities for language instruction and understanding other cultures and the arts.
- 24 (2) Provide evidence-based professional develop-25 ment activities with specific benchmarks to enable

- teachers and other school staff to appropriately
  monitor academic and behavioral progress of, and
  modify curricula and implement accommodations
  and assistive technology services for, students with
  disabilities, consistent with the students' individualized education programs under section 614(d) of the
  Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20
  U.S.C. 1414(d)).
  - (3) Employ and use instructional coaches, including literacy, mathematics, and English learner coaches.
  - (4) Provide professional development for content-area teachers and school librarians on working effectively with English learners and students with disabilities, as well as professional development for English as a second language educators, bilingual educators, and special education personnel.
  - (5) Provide professional development in areas that support improving school climate and increasing student engagement such as culturally responsive pedagogy, restorative justice programs, social and emotional learning, response to intervention, and positive behavior intervention support.
  - (6) Encourage and facilitate the sharing of data among elementary grades, middle grades, secondary

- school grades, institutions of higher education, and other postsecondary educational institutions.
  - (7) Create collaborative study groups composed of principals or middle grades teachers, or both, among eligible schools within the eligible local educational agency receiving or participating in the subgrant, or between such eligible local educational agency and another local educational agency, with a focus on developing and sharing methods to increase student learning and academic achievement.
  - (8) Incorporate as school quality and student success indicators into the State system of annual meaningful differentiation, as described under section 1111(c)(4)(C) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6311(c)(4)(C)), for middle grades schools that feed into secondary schools, rates of first-year secondary school attendance, retention, and achievement to the accountability system of each middle grades school that feeds into the secondary school.

## (i) Non-Recipient Planning Subgrants.—

(1) In General.—In addition to the subgrants described in subsection (a), a State educational agency may (without regard to the preceding provisions of this section) make planning subgrants, and

1	provide technical assistance, to eligible local edu-
2	cational agencies and eligible entities that have not
3	received a subgrant under subsection (a) to assist
4	the local educational agencies and eligible entities in
5	meeting the requirements of subsections (c) and (d).
6	(2) Amount and duration.—Each subgrant
7	under this subsection shall be in an amount of not
8	more than \$100,000 and shall be for a period of not
9	more than 1 year in duration.
10	SEC. 105. DURATION OF GRANTS; SUPPLEMENT NOT SUP-
11	PLANT.
12	(a) Duration of Grants.—
13	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
14	graph (2), grants under this title and subgrants
15	under section 104(a) may not exceed 3 years in du-
16	ration.
17	(2) Renewals.—
18	(A) In general.—Grants under this title
19	and subgrants under section 104(a) may be re-
20	newed in 2-year increments.
21	(B) Conditions.—In order to be eligible
22	to have a grant or subgrant renewed under this
23	paragraph, the grant or subgrant recipient shall
24	demonstrate, to the satisfaction of the granting
25	entity, that—

1	(i) the recipient has complied with the
2	terms of the grant or subgrant, including
3	by undertaking all required activities; and
4	(ii) during the period of the grant or
5	subgrant, there has been significant
6	progress in—
7	(I) student academic achieve-
8	ment; and
9	(II) positively impacting other
10	key risk factors such as attendance,
11	chronic absenteeism, and on-time pro-
12	motion.
13	(b) Federal Funds To Supplement, Not Sup-
14	PLANT, NON-FEDERAL FUNDS.—
15	(1) In general.—A State educational agency,
16	eligible local educational agency, or eligible entity
17	shall use Federal funds received under this title only
18	to supplement the funds that would, in the absence
19	of such Federal funds, be made available from non-
20	Federal sources for the education of students par-
21	ticipating in programs assisted under this title, and
22	not to supplant such funds.
23	(2) Special rule.—Nothing in this title shall
24	be construed to authorize an officer, employee, or
25	contractor of the Federal Government to mandate.

1	direct, limit, or control a State, local educational
2	agency, or school's specific instructional content
3	academic achievement standards and assessments
4	curriculum, or program of instruction.
5	SEC. 106. EVALUATION AND REPORTING.
6	(a) EVALUATION.—Not later than 180 days after the
7	date of enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for
8	the period of the grant, each State educational agency re-
9	ceiving a grant under this title shall—
10	(1) conduct an evaluation of the State's
11	progress regarding the impact of the changes made
12	to the policies and practices of the State in accord-
13	ance with this title, including—
14	(A) a description of the specific changes
15	made, or in the process of being made, to poli-
16	cies and practices as a result of the grant;
17	(B) a discussion of any barriers hindering
18	the identified changes in policies and practices
19	and implementation strategies to overcome such
20	barriers;
21	(C) evidence of the impact of changes to
22	policies and practices on behavior and actions
23	at the local educational agency and school level
24	and

1	(D) evidence of the impact of the changes
2	to State and local policies and practices on im-
3	proving measurable learning gains by middle
4	grades students;
5	(2) use the results of the evaluation conducted
6	under paragraph (1) to adjust the policies and prac-
7	tices of the State as necessary to achieve the pur-
8	poses of this title; and
9	(3) submit the results of the evaluation to the
10	Secretary.
11	(b) AVAILABILITY.—The Secretary shall make the re-
12	sults of each State educational agency's evaluation under
13	subsection (a) available to other States and local edu-
14	cational agencies.
15	(e) Local Educational Agency Reporting.—On
16	an annual basis, each eligible local educational agency and
17	eligible entity receiving a subgrant under section 104(a)
18	shall report to the State educational agency and to the
19	public on—
20	(1) the performance on the school performance
21	indicators (as described in section $103(a)(4)(B)(vi)$ )
22	for each eligible school served by the eligible local
23	educational agency or eligible entity, in the aggre-
24	gate and disaggregated by each of the subgroups of
25	students, as defined in section 1111(c)(2) of the Ele-

1	mentary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20
2	U.S.C. $6311(c)(2)$ ; and
3	(2) the use of funds by the eligible local edu-
4	cational agency or eligible entity and each such
5	school.
6	(d) State Educational Agency Reporting.—On
7	an annual basis, each State educational agency receiving
8	grant funds under this title shall report to the Secretary
9	and to the public on—
10	(1) the performance of eligible schools in the
11	State, based on the school performance indicators
12	described in section 103(a)(4)(B)(vi), in the aggre-
13	gate and disaggregated by each of the subgroups of
14	students, as defined in section $1111(c)(2)$ of the Ele-
15	mentary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20
16	U.S.C. $6311(e)(2)$ ; and
17	(2) the use of such funds by each eligible
18	school, eligible entity, and eligible local educational
19	agency in the State receiving such funds.
20	(e) Report to Congress.—Every 2 years, the Sec-
21	retary shall report to the public and to Congress—
22	(1) a summary of the State educational agency
23	reports under subsection (d); and
24	(2) the use of funds by each State educational
25	agency under this title.

## SEC. 107. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out
- 3 this title—
- 4 (1) \$500,000,000 for fiscal year 2020;
- 5 (2) \$525,000,000 for fiscal year 2021;
- 6 (3) \$550,000,000 for fiscal year 2022;
- 7 (4) \$600,000,000 for fiscal year 2023; and
- 8 (5) \$650,000,000 for fiscal year 2024.

## 9 TITLE II—RESEARCH

## 10 **RECOMMENDATIONS**

- 11 **SEC. 201. PURPOSE.**
- The purpose of this title is to facilitate the genera-
- 13 tion, dissemination, and application of research needed to
- 14 identify and implement effective practices that lead to con-
- 15 tinual student learning and high academic achievement in
- 16 the middle grades.
- 17 SEC. 202. STUDY ON PROMISING PRACTICES.
- 18 (a) Study on Promising Practices.—
- 19 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after
- 20 the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary
- shall study and identify promising practices for the
- improvement of middle grades education. The Sec-
- retary may contract with an independent third
- party, such as a nonprofit organization, nongovern-
- 25 mental organization, or institution of higher edu-
- 26 cation to satisfy this requirement.

- 1 (2) CONTENT OF STUDY.—The study described 2 in paragraph (1) shall identify promising practices 3 currently being implemented for the improvement of 4 middle grades education. The study shall be con-5 ducted in an open and transparent way that provides 6 interim information to the public about criteria 7 being used to identify—
  - (A) such promising practices;
  - (B) the practices that are being considered; and
    - (C) the kind of evidence needed to document effectiveness.
    - (3) Report.—The contract entered into pursuant to this subsection shall require that the independent third party submit to the Secretary, the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate, and the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives a final report regarding the study conducted under this section not later than 1 year after the date of the commencement of the contract.
    - (4) Publication.—The Secretary shall make public and post on the website of the Department of Education the findings of the study conducted under this subsection.

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- 1 (b) Synthesis Study of Effective Teaching 2 and Learning in Middle Grades.—
- 1) In General.—Not later than 60 days after
  the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary
  shall enter into a contract with the National Academies to review existing research on middle grades
  education, and on factors that might lead to increased effectiveness and enhanced innovation in
  middle grades education.
  - (2) Content of Study.—The study described in paragraph (1) shall review research on education programs, practices, and policies and research on the cognitive, social, and emotional development of children in the middle grades age range, in order to provide an enriched understanding of the factors that might lead to the development of innovative and effective middle grades programs, practices, and policies. The study shall focus on—
    - (A) the areas of curriculum, instruction, and assessment (including additional supports for students who are below grade level in reading, writing, mathematics, and science, and the identification of students with disabilities) to better prepare all students for subsequent suc-

1	cess in secondary school, postsecondary edu-
2	cation, and cognitively challenging employment;
3	(B) the quality of (including experience,
4	certification, and demonstrated effectiveness),
5	and supports for, the teacher workforce;
6	(C) aspects of student behavioral and so-
7	cial development, and of social interactions
8	within schools that affect the learning of aca-
9	demic content;
10	(D) the ways in which schools and local
11	educational agencies are organized and operated
12	that may be linked to student outcomes;
13	(E) how development and use of early
14	warning indicator and intervention systems can
15	reduce risk factors for dropping out of school
16	and low academic achievement; and
17	(F) identification of areas where further
18	research and evaluation may be needed on these
19	topics to further the development of effective
20	middle grades practices.
21	(3) Report.—The contract entered into pursu-
22	ant to this subsection shall require that the National
23	Academies submit to the Secretary, the Committee
24	on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the
25	Senate, and the Committee on Education and Labor

of the House of Representatives a final report regarding the study conducted under this subsection not later than 2 years after the date of commence-

ment of the contract.

this subsection.

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- 5 (4) PUBLICATION.—The Secretary shall make 6 public and post on the website of the Department of 7 Education the findings of the study conducted under
- 9 (c) Other Activities.—The Secretary shall carry 10 out each of the following:
  - (1) Create a national clearinghouse, in coordination with entities such as the What Works Clearinghouse of the Institute of Education Sciences, for research in best practices in the middle grades and in the approaches that successfully take those best practices to scale in schools and local educational agencies.
  - (2) Create a national middle grades database accessible to educational researchers, practitioners, and policymakers that identifies factors at the school, classroom, and system level that facilitate or impede student academic achievement in the middle grades.
- 24 (3) Require the Institute of Education Sciences 25 to develop a strand of field-initiated and scientif-

1	ically valid research designed to enhance perform-
2	ance of schools serving middle grades students, and
3	of middle grades students who are most at risk of
4	educational failure, which may be coordinated with
5	the regional educational laboratories established
6	under section 174 of the Education Sciences Reform
7	Act of 2002 (20 U.S.C. 9564), institutions of higher
8	education, agencies recognized for their research
9	work that has been published in peer-reviewed jour-
10	nals, and organizations that have such regional edu-
11	cational laboratories. Such research shall target spe-
12	cific issues such as—
13	(A) effective practices for instruction and
14	assessment in mathematics, science, technology,
15	and literacy;
16	(B) effective practices for developing in
17	students the competencies of—
18	(i) the ability to acquire and use deep
19	content knowledge to solve problems;
20	(ii) critical thinking;
21	(iii) effective communication;
22	(iv) self-direction; and
23	(v) the ability to collaborate;
24	(C) academic interventions for adolescent
25	English learners;

1	(D) school improvement programs and
2	strategies for closing the academic achievement
3	gap between the different groups described in
4	section 1111(b)(2)(B)(xi) of the Elementary
5	and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20
6	U.S.C. 6311(b)(2)(B)(xi)), and for decreasing
7	rates of suspension and expulsion;
8	(E) evidence-based or, when available, sci-
9	entifically valid professional development plan-
10	ning targeted to improve pedagogy and student
11	academic achievement and student engagement;
12	and
13	(F) the effects of decreased class size or
14	increased instructional and support staff.
15	(4) Strengthen the work of the existing national
16	research and development centers under section
17	133(c) of the Education Sciences Reform Act of
18	2002 (20 U.S.C. 9533(e)), as of the date of enact-
19	ment of this Act, by adding an educational research
20	and development center dedicated to addressing—
21	(A) curricular, instructional, and assess-
22	ment issues pertinent to the middle grades
23	(such as mathematics, science, technological flu-
24	ency, and the needs of English learners and

students with disabilities);

1	(B) comprehensive reforms for low-per-
2	forming middle grades; and
3	(C) other topics pertinent to improving the
4	academic achievement of middle grades stu-
5	dents.
6	(5) Provide grants to nonprofit organizations,
7	for-profit organizations, institutions of higher edu-
8	cation, and others to partner with State educational
9	agencies and local educational agencies to develop,
10	adapt, or replicate effective models for turning
11	around low-performing schools serving middle grades
12	students.
13	SEC. 203. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS; RESERVA-
13 14	SEC. 203. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS; RESERVA- TIONS.
14	TIONS.
14 15 16	TIONS.  (a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
14 15 16 17	TIONS.  (a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this title
14 15 16 17	tions.  (a) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this title \$50,000,000 for fiscal year 2020, which amount shall re-
14 15 16 17	tions.  (a) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this title \$50,000,000 for fiscal year 2020, which amount shall remain available for obligation through fiscal year 2024.
14 15 16 17 18	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this title \$50,000,000 for fiscal year 2020, which amount shall remain available for obligation through fiscal year 2024.  (b) Reservations.—From the total amount made
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this title \$50,000,000 for fiscal year 2020, which amount shall remain available for obligation through fiscal year 2024.  (b) Reservations.—From the total amount made available to carry out this title, the Secretary shall re-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this title \$50,000,000 for fiscal year 2020, which amount shall remain available for obligation through fiscal year 2024.  (b) Reservations.—From the total amount made available to carry out this title, the Secretary shall reserve—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this title \$50,000,000 for fiscal year 2020, which amount shall remain available for obligation through fiscal year 2024.  (b) Reservations.—From the total amount made available to carry out this title, the Secretary shall reserve—  (1) 2.5 percent for the studies described in sub-

1	(3) 5 percent for the database described in sec-
2	tion 202(e)(2);
3	(4) 42.5 percent for the activities described in
4	section 202(c)(3);
5	(5) 15 percent for the activities described in
6	section $202(c)(4)$ ; and
7	(6) 30 percent for the activities described in
8	section $202(c)(5)$ .

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